New Book Attacking Warren Report Says

Gunmen Joined in Assassination

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BY SYLVAN FOX A new attack on the findings of the Warren Commission purports to show that three gunmen participated in the assassination of President Kennedy and that Lee Harvey Oswald probably was not one of them.

The Warren Commission said In its report, Issued on Sept. 24, 1964, that Oswald was the assassin of the President and that he acted alone and unaided.

The new challenge to the commission's conclusions is contained in "Six Seconds in Dallas" by Josiah Thompson, which appears in excerpted form in the current issue of the Saturday Evening Post. It will be published in book form on Nov. 27 by Bernard Geis Associates.

In a brief statement explain-In a brief statement explaining the Saturday Evening Post's decision to publish a major excerpt from the book, William A. Emerson Jr., the magazine's editor, said "there is no excuse for closing" the Kennedy assassination case "short of solution, and I am convinced that we do not have a solution."

tion. With painstaking care and formidable logic," Mr. Emerson goes on "Thompson demolishes the Warren Report by building

a case for three assassins and at least four bullets."

Although the Warren Report has been subjected to dozens of attacks in the last three years, Mr. Emerson's statement is the strongest thus far by the editor of a major American magazine. Life and The Saturday Evening Post a year ago found the Warren Report's critics convincing enough to suggest an official reopening of the investigation of the President's murder.

But until Mr. Emerson's published statement, no major American magazine had sug-gested that the Warren Report had been "demolished."

The magazine also carries an editorial entitled "The Kennedy" Assassination: Something Rotten . . " in which the Post says that by publishing a major excerpt of Mr. Thompson's

book. "we declare once againg that we believe the Kennedy mystery had not been solved, that the case is not closed."

All 3 From One Point

In his book, Mr. Thompson, a 32-year-old philosophy teacher at Haverford College, argues that detailed analyses of still and motion pictures taken during the assassination, together with the testimony of certain witnesses, indicate that four shots were fired at the Kennede's car from three dif-

The Warren Commission found that three shots were fired and that all originated from the southeast corner of the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository.

According to Mr. Thompson s. "reconstruction" of the assassitration, one shot emanated from either the Dal-Tex Building or, the Dallas County Records Building at the east end of Dealey Plaza. That shot, Mr. Thompson asserts, struck Gov. John B. Connally Jr. of Texas, who was scated in front of Mr. Kennedy.

The Warren Commission found that Governor Connally had been hit by a bullet that had first passed through the President's upper back and came out through his throat.

Another bullet, Mr. Thompson says, originated from the depository and struck Mr. Kennedy in the back. Still another, also from the depository, struck him in the head, and a fourth shot-from behind a fence to the right and in front of the, President-also hit him in the head, Mr. Thompson says.

3 Locations Named

"Three assassins fired four shots from three different IREC-60 tions," Mr. Thompson writes "The first and third shots were" fired from the depository — most likely from the sixth floor, southeast corner window later identified by the Warren Com-mission as the sniper's nest. The second shot, wounding the Governor, was fired from the east side of Dealey Plaza — most likely from a building rouse, The fourth, and final shot was fired from a point near the corner of the stockade fence to the north of Elm Street

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"Although the first and third shots came from a small (con-ably 6.5-millimeter) weapon, the second and fourth shots exhibit patterns of damage consistent with much more powerful weapons."

According to the Warren Commission, all the shots came from Oswald's 6.5-millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano rifle, which was found less than an hour after the assassination on the sixth floor of the depository. The commission also said, on the basis of examinations conducted by ballistic experts, that the nearly whole bullet, two bullet fragments and three cartridge cases recovered after the assassination all came from Os-wald's rifle "to the exclusion of all others."

Mr. Thompson does not account in his work for the failure of any investigative agency to discover bullets originating from a gun other than . Oswald's.

Studied Amateur Films

In a telephone interview, he conceded that this was "a problem," but said he thought the solution might lie in the unidentifiable bullet fragments found in the Kennedy car and in the minute particles in metal

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body and in Governor Connally, other from the right from

close study of photographs and been struck in the head at movies taken by amateur phoforames 313 of the Zapruder film, but found that the head wound was caused by a single bullet was cau

of the head backward and to the left," suggesting another impact from a point in front and to the right of the President.

"What we see on the Zapdent illim are the effects of a ward," he says. "At Z313 we ward," he says. "At Z313 we witness the effect of a virtually witness the effect of a virtually down on the sixth floor of the simultaneous double impact on the President's head. One shot assassination. He assarts that

discovered in the President's was fired from the rear, the

The Warren Commission conin his "reconstruction" on a cluded that Mr. Kennedy had close study of photographs and been struck in the head at movies taken by amateur pho-frame 313 of the Zapruder film,

pictures, togther with about & Gamald's testimony whereabouts at the time of the shooting, suggest "that the question of Oswald's guilt must remain-nearly four years after the event—still unanswered."

Mr. Thompson, who was a candidate for a doctorate at Yale at the time of the as-sassination, became interested in the Warren Report and began collecting material on the assassination. He later became a special consultant on the assassination for Life magazine. He told United Press Inter-

He told United Press International that when word of his book had got around, he had been visited by agents of the rederal Bureau of investigation.

"They informed me," he said. "that anything I said might be held against me, so I decided not to say anything. They went away, and I still don't know what they wanted to question me about."



United Press Intern Dr. Josiah Thompson wrote new version of assassination of President Kennedy.