

Mr. Conrad
Mr. Griffith
Mr. Galt

Mr. Conrad
12/16/63
Mr. Griffith

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Re Memorandum dated 12/5/63 to Mr. Sullivan from Mr. Branigan advising a letter had been intercepted by Secret Service. This letter was addressed to Lee Harvey Oswald, "Mail Office," Dallas, Texas, postmarked L'Habana, Cuba, November 29. The letter is dated L'Habana, November 10, 1963. The letter and envelope were received in the Laboratory 12/5/63 with Dallas letter 12/5/63. This letter, written in Spanish, contains the typewritten signature "Pedro Charles" and the handwritten signature "Pedro." It is conspiratorial in content and implies a prior conspiracy between the writer and Lee Harvey Oswald to assassinate the President.

A second letter was received in the Laboratory on 12/9/63, along with a group of letters for translation, from the Office of the Attorney General. This second letter was addressed to the Attorney General in Washington, D. C., was dated at Havana 11/27/63, and postmarked on the reverse side 11/28/63, 9:30 A.M. This letter was written in Spanish, bore the handwritten signature "Marie del Rosario Molina," accused Lee Harvey Oswald as the man who assassinated the President, denounces Pedro Charles as an agent of Fidel Castro, and alleges payment of \$7000 to Oswald to assassinate the President.

It was concluded that both letters and envelopes were prepared on the same typewriter. This typewriter is equipped with Remington Number 10 large size type, first used on standard correspondence machines in October 1955. This typewriting was not identified in the Anonymous Letter file or in the National Security File.

105-22511

Enclosures (2)

- 1 - Mr. Tolson
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Turner, 542 RB)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad (Mr. Linton, 551 RB)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Schutt, 5122)
- 1 - Mr. Trotter (Mr. Linton, 5122 RB)
- 1 - Bufile 62-105060

*Sign on letter limited
not copy. Name read
Till if by same person*

cc: SA
(1)

Memorandum from W.D. Griffith to Mr. Leland
Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
105-22523

It was concluded that both of the envelopes came from the same source. These envelopes have a yellowish tinge indicating they are from an old batch. It was noted that the postmark on the reverse sides of both envelopes is the same and that the "9:30 A.M." portion of the postmark is upside down on both envelopes. Furthermore, both envelopes have an illegible postmark on the faces of the envelopes, of which only the "1963" is legible. Furthermore, the same kind of three-cent stamp was found on both envelopes.

The second letter was typed on a sheet of bond paper which is .0041 inches thick, whereas the first letter is on a thin manifold paper which is .0020 inches thick. Both sheets of paper are similar in length and width. It was concluded that both envelopes had been previously opened and revealed.

It was found that the same type pen and ink was used to sign both letters.

No indented handwriting or microdots were found on the letters and envelopes.

No latent prints of value were found on the envelopes and letters.

The paper comprising the letters and envelopes did not contain any watermarks or other significant characteristics which would indicate the source of the paper.

Photographs of both envelopes and letters and copies of the translations from the Spanish are attached. The original evidence is temporarily retained in the laboratory.

A Laboratory report will be promptly forwarded to the Dallas Office.

ACTION: The above information has been discussed telephonically with Domestic Intelligence Division and is set forth for inclusion in any over-all evaluation of these letters.