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Lee Enryey OSELLD appeared at the Embassy on July 8 on his can initiative in connection with his desire to return to the United States with his rife.

Oscald executed the enclosed questionnaire partaining to pessible expatricting acts and was questioned at length concerning his activities since enturing the Sordet Union. No evidence was revealed of any act on his part which hight have caused loss of his intrican citizenship. En emblished Soriet internal "stateless" passport (vid no shiteletto dim litta ber grachionater) No. 311179 issued by the Moscow city government on January II, 1800, Union is prime freis evidence that he is regarded by the Soriet authorities as not prosessing sorvicy citizenship. Combit stated that despite the wording of the statement which he handed to the Embersy on October 31, 1859 (Painsey despatch 25h, Normaber 2, 1859), he never in fact actually applied for Soriet citizenship. His application at that time was for permission to remain in the Soviet Union and for a temporary extension of his tourist visa pending the outcome of his request. This application, according to Counid, contained no reference to Soviet citizenship, nor did he subsequently wake any application for Soviet and was placed in the rail bor of the Notice of the Notice of the USER Suprement to have been delivered to the central office of the Noscow CTR and apparently was the basis of a notification to him by that office three days later of partission to remain in the Soviet Union. There was subsequently issued his present "state-less" internal passport.

Oscald stated that he has been employed since James; 13, 1960, in the Belorussian Radio and TV Factory in Rinal, where he works as a metal worker in the
research shop. Ee stated that he tack no cath or affirmation or allegiance of
any kind for was he required to sign any kind of papers in connection with his
employment. He gave his earnings as 90 rules per month. Ee stated that he is
not a rember of the factory trade union organization, never having been asked to
join.

Oswald stated that he had never been called upon to make any statements for radio or press or to endress audiences since his arrival in the Soviet Union and that he has made no statements at any time of any exploitable nature concerning his original decision to reside in the Soviet Union. He recalled that he had

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been interviewed briefly in his room at the Neiropole Hotel in Nescov on the third day after his arrival in the Soviet Union by a reporter from Padio Nescow. The reporter represented himself as seeking coments from American townists on their impressions of Nescow. Osmald stated that he made no more than a few routine coments of a visiting-townist nature, the whole lasting no more than two or three minutes and of no political significance. When queried about a statement which he had rade to the interviewing officer at the time of his first appearance at the Enhassy on October 31, 1959, to the effect that he would willingly make available to the Soviet Union such information as he had acquired as a radar operator in the Unrine Corps, Osmald stated that he was never in fact subjected to any questioning or briefing by the Soviet authorities concerning his life or experiences prior to entering the Soviet Union, and never provided such information to any Soviet organ. He stated that he doubted in fact that he would have given such information if requested despite his statements made at the Enhassy.

Oscald indicated come enciety as to whether, should be return to the United States, he would face possible lengthy imprisonment for his set of remining in the Soviet Union. Oscald was told informally that the Enhancy did not perceive, on the besis of information in its possession, on what prounds he might be subject to conviction lending to punishment of such severity as he apparently had in mind. It was clearly stated to him, however, that the Enhancy could give him no assumence as to whether upon his desired to return to the United States he might be liable to prosecution for offeness consisted in violation of lass of the United States or of any of its States. Could not so bed to understood this. He had stroky felt that in his can interest he could not so bed to the United States if it meant returning to a number of years in prison, and had delayed approaching Soviet authorities concerning departing from the Soviet Union until he whad this end of the thing straightened out."

Occald was married on April 30, 1951, to Exrina Eikolaevna FURLEGEA, a dental technicism. He is attempting to arrange for his wife to join him in Moscow so that she can appear at the Enthsoy for a visa interview in the next day or two.

Oswald intends to institute an application for an exit vian immdistely upon his return to Hinck within the next for days. His American transcrit is returned to him for this purpose after having been americal to be write for direct return to the United States cuit. The personalist of a fereign perspect or similar travel occurant is typically a prerequisite to being permitted to file an application for a Soviet exit visa and it was felt that there was little prospect that Osuald could accomplish anything with the Soviet collicials concerned unless he displayed his American prospect. Complete present prospect expires on Scattering 1961, and it is our intention not to roots it without the Department's prior approval of the enclosed renewal application, and then only upon evidence of a present next for the renewal in connection with his efforts to return to the United States.

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Trenty months of the realities of life in the Soviet Union have clearly had a maturing effect on Canald. He stated frankly that he had learned a hard lesson the hard way and that he had been completely relieved of his illusions about the Soviet Union at the same time that he acquired a new understanding and appreciation of the United States and the meaning of free-dow. Then of the arrogance and bravado which characterized him on his first visit to the Embassy appears to have left him. He stated that he is/clitatet with his mether and a brother in the United States. He stated that he had about 200 rubles and that he and his wife would have more for eventual costs of travaling to the United States.

Action Recressed: The Department's action is requested on the enclosed application for renewal of Corold's passport. If approved, it is requested that the Embassy be authorized to renew Corold's passport at its discretion.

For the Azbassadors

The HED --

Boris H. Missach Counselor for Folitical Affairs

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Questionnaire executed by Chald, July 10, 1951.
Application for Renemal of Reseport executed by Carald, July 10, 1951.

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