A MISTAKE BY RAY AIDED IN CAPTURE

Was Ahead of Pursuers but i Doubled Back on Trail

By FRED P. GRAHAM Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, June 11 -James Earl Ray had succeeded in leaving a cold trail for pursuing agents but was caught last week in London largely because he doubled back on his trail.

Sources here disclosed today that American officials did not learn until about June 1 that the man sought in the assassination of the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. had fled to Canada on April 8, and from there on May 6 to London.

Agents immediately began a search of airline records in London, and about two days later they learned that Ray, using the alias Ramon George Sneyd, had flown from London to Lisbon on May 7. The focus of the search

shifted to Lisbon, and checks were being made there on June 8 when Ray was apprehended in London when he appeared at Heathrow Airport to catch a flight to Brussels.

Unknown to the Federal Bureau of Investigation and Scot-'land Yard, Ray left Lisbon on May 17 — well ahead of his pursuers — and had doubled back to London, where he fell into the hands of the investigators following his trial.

Announcement Corrected.

This belief on the part of the F.B.I. that Ray was in Lisbon led to the agency's mistaken announcement last Saturday that he had been picked up at the London Airport when he disembarked from a Lisbon flight, on

his way to Brussels. Spokesmen for the agency corrected this today. They confirmed reports from London that Ray returned there on May 17.

Government Government sources insist that the recent disclosures of Ray's international travels and passport manipulations do not. prove that others were helping the former small-time holdup man, who had a long record of bungled crimes.

"Maybo he wasn't smarr at ati-maybe he was just lucky to get as far as he did," an official said today. "It wasn't

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so smart of him to double back to London when he was three weeks ahead of the chase."

Computer Found Prints

The official also pointed out that the man believed to have killed Dr. King in Memphis April 4 left a rifle and other evidence behind him, and also abandoned his white Mus'ang lautomobile in Atlanta. The F.B.I. has declined to list all of the evidence that has been found, but there have been hints that it is voluminous.

An F.B.I. spokesman did confirm today they a computer had been used to identify Eric Starvo Galt 25 Ray. Galt was the alias Ray had been using,

at the time of Dr.King's murder. been able to identify three When the agency announced prints found among Galt's fied Galt as Ray, the announce-ment said that this had been done by means of "a systematic and exhaustive search" of in relation to the other prints, latent fingerprints uncovered left by the hand. With this information the in the Dr. King case against the With this information, the

technician of the agency had amined.

on April 19 that it had identi- possessions as coming from the

fingerprints of more than 53,-computer singled out about agency did not give details of this fingerprint check. Today a spokesman explained that most of the second had are and race the computer that most of the search had age and race, the computer been done by the agency's was able to narrow the choice computer, which contains in down further to about 1700 its memory cells the finger-prints. When F.B.I. agents beprints of 25,000 of the 53,000 gan checking these by hand, fugitives. they found Ray's prints from

This was possible because a among the first 100 they ex-

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