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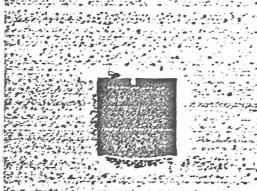
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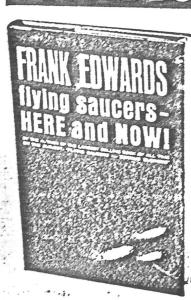
ENQUIRER

Whatever Happened to The Dead End Kids?

MAN WOUNDED IN ASSASSINATION OF JEK FINALLY TALKS

A few minutes after the shooting, while blood was still streaming from the wound in my face, I showed police the mark on a curb where a bullet or bullet fragment hit near me. (Continued in)

DOUBLE BOOK BONUS:





Rock 'n' Roll Causes Serious Hearing Loss

How You Can Beat the Blues

When Depression Sets In



VOUNDED HERE: James Tague, facing Book Depository, poses on narrow island where he was standing when he was struck in the cheek.

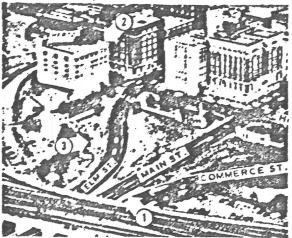
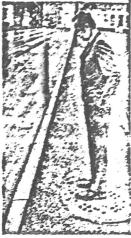


DIAGRAM OF DEALEY PLAZA in don intown Dallas, where Tague wortched the Presidential motorcode. No. 1: Spot where Tague was standing; No. 2: Texas School Book Depository; No. 3: The park.



new section of curb that reals domoged by bullet.

(Continued from page 1)

It might have indicated that all the shots were not fired by Lee Harvey Oswald from the window of the Texas School Book Depository.

But it was three months before the Secret Service got around to investigating the mark - and even then they went to the wrong piece of curb.

By the time the FBI subjected the mark to laboratory analysis, the wind and weather had done their worst to it.

And when FBI agents eventually talked to me they were more interested in my casual acquaintance with Oswald's killer, Jack Ruby, than the evidence I could give on the Kennedy shooting.

Then I found that my eyewitness impressions given to the Warren Commission were pushed and pulled around to make them conform to the one-assassin theory. I can't go for that theory.

From the caliber of police work I saw, the Warren Report settles nothing.

The investigation into President Kennedy's assassination must rank as the sloppiest piece of de-

tective work in modern history.

Let's start at the beginning, and then judge for yourself.

I was 27 years old, that fatal Priday in Dallas. I was an Indiana farm boy turned automobile salesman and I had nothing more serious

man, and I had nothing more serious on my mind that day than taking my girl out to lunch.

But I should mention one background But I should mention one background fact: As a youngster I liked hunting and gained a fair understanding of firearms; later in the Air Force, I qualified as an expert marksman. By mentioning this I am not setting myself up as an authority, just trying to make it plain that guns had been part of my life and I was not quite a stranger to them.

It was the sheared change that not the not

It was the sheerest chance that posted me where I was that day. I had not planned to watch the Presidential procession. My route to downtown Dallas, where my fiancee worked in a brokerage office, led me into the heavy traffic caused by the approaching motorcade. In fact the traffic jam was so bad that on Commerce St., where three



KILLED: John F. Kenne- . dy, President of the U.S.

WOUND ly, Gover

streets come together in the triple un-derpass, I was forced to a complete

I waited a few minutes, impatiently, for things to get started again. Then it became clear there was no hope of traffic moving until the President went past. So, like several other motorists caught in the same way, I gave in. I left my car, with its nose just out of the underpass, and got out so I could catch a glimpse of the President.

I had to walk only a few feet to have a full view of Dealey Plaza. Looming ahead was the Texas School Book Depository which overlooks the Elm St. intersection. The lead cars of the procession were already turning into the intersection. intersection.

To my left, paralleling the north side of Elm St., was a terraced park, sloping up steeply to conceal the ugliness of a railroad yard beyond. The park was pleasantly landscaped and dotted with colonnades, masonry walls and pillars. In the center was a large gazebo, an ornamental pavilion.

Not many spectators were near three except for other motorists tr



CHAOS: As spectators panic and fall to the ground, a motorcycle officer (arrow) and a patrolman head toward knoll in background.

Why He Finally Talked

Here, in his own words, is why James Tague finally decided to tell his story to The ENQUIRER.

"Soon after the Warren Commission report was released in September 1964, I had good reason to feel glad I had stayed clear of the whole mess. "Because many other witnesses were being subjected to crank calls and letters, and spiteful reprisals for having testified.

"Worse yet, the death toll of persons connected with the case rose steadily until it reached about two dozen.

"Reading about such things worried me.

"I wouldn't say that I deliberately hid out — but unconsciously that is just what I did.

"I kept an unlisted telephone. I always fived in apartment com-plexes, where people seldom know their neighbors, and where my name would not be on utility company records or real estate tax roles.

"And I kept moving about, never leaving a forwarding address. "Then one day in January, 1968. I was startled to learn how thoroughly I had covered my tracks. A national magazine had set out to locate me for an interview, but ran into a stone wall. They couldn't find a

"The magazine's ensuing article featured me as a mysterious 'third victim' — my whereabouts unknown to anyone since my appearance before the Warren Commission three and a half years before.

"The writer wondered aloud about my fate and, in view of the raging controversy over the Commission Report, why I chose silence."

"Silence? That made me laugh.

"So I decided then to make an effort to tell my story, and to give my impressions of what happened that dreadful day in Dallas.

"I chose The ENQUIRER for this exclusive account for good reason: Because The ENQUIRER already had demonstrated a willingness to take an impartial stand concerning the assassination — and had not meekly accepted the official cut-and-dried version.

I felt The ENQUIRER would truthfully present my full story to the

James Tague, struck on the right cheek by either a fragment of bullet or a chip of concrete kicked up by a ricochet, has avoided publicity since the assassination because he believed it would disrupt his personal life.

He believes that his injury and a bullet mark on the curb near where he was standing in Dealey Plaza were vital clues to where the shots were fired from. But his information was ignored by law enforcement agencies until months later then used by the Warren Commission to tie in with the theory that Lee Harvey Oswald was the lone assassin.

Tague is not satisfied with that theory. Now, for the first time, exclusively for ENQUIRER read-

ers, the 31-year-old car salesman tells his full story.



D: John Connal-

WOUNDED: James Tague,

of Texas. On outomobile salesmon.

But many were watching from the tion was so caught up that I was facting the gazebo. My attention was so caught up that I was only a and in front of the Depository.

But many were watching from the tion was so caught up that I was only a land in front of the Depository.

But many were watching from the tion was so caught up that I was only a land in front of the Depository.

But many were watching from the tion was so caught up that I was only a land to the tion was so caught up that I was faction.

d stood on a narrow concrete island are Commerce and Main Sts. run side

The Hertz Rent-a-Car clock on top of Depository building read just 12.28 in I noted absently, as I tried to pick the President's open-top car 200 feet by I wondered if my girl friend had be to lunch without me.

One of the limousines made the sharp is into Elm St., and fluttering hands in the curb identified it as the Preside car. But my eyes never had a more to seek out Kennedy.

There was a laud report, a sharp sudcrackle of sound that seemed to bor in the air.

cractic of sound that seemed to per in the air.

I gunshot, I thought; but not neces-try from a rifle. It passed fleetingly but in my mind that perhaps there some disturbance in the crowd and nger-beaver officer had fired a warnstot in the

the air.
sound didn't seem exactly for that. There had to be explanation. My gaze swept

blast, louder and even more distinct, as if from closer sange

Then a third report followed quick-ly, not waiting — as the second one had — until the previous one died away.

By now there was a great flurry of sovement. It seemed most frenzied in the center of the park. People were run-ning in all directions, some up the slope, some down. Some fell flat and hugged the ground.

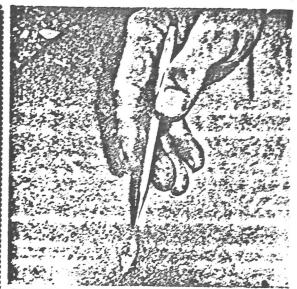
Somehow at the moment, sound didn't register with me. I know that people were moaning, swearing, crying out, but to me it was like an old-time silent movie. Faces were contorted in shock, fear and bewilderment, mouths were mov-ing, but I didn't hear what they were

This seems like a surange choice as shelter. It would give me protection from the center of the park — but not from the Book Depository!

Yet it was my instinctive line of re-



ECTATORS HUG GROUND as motorcycle cops speed toward triple un-poss moments after sniper's bullet killed Kennedy. Park is at left.



BULLET HOLE: A pencil points to gosh in south curb of Main Street, made by bullet fired during JFK's assassination. Photo was taken the next day by Tom Dillard of the Dallas Morning News.

trest. I think there is some meaning in this.

I cowered there for a few seconds. In that time my sense of hearing before a few seconds. In the time my sense of hearing before a few reaning against it.

Restleasly I moved a step or two One foot struck the metallic cover of a sew month.

Then there was a second starting to roar, the staccato of the secort motorcycles, and finally the overriding banknee wall of a siren.

I stepped back into the open just as the speeding Secret Service car plunged into the last, louder and even more distunct, as if from closer.

Then there was a second for the Dollos Morning News.

Then the toked up completely. He draw to the open for a few seconds. In the street, the time the secort motorcycles, and finally the overriding banknee wall of a siren.

I stepped back into the open just as the speeding Secret Service car plunged into the function of the Dollos Morning News.

Then he choked up completely. He and his body began shaking convulsively. The plainclothes deputy looked at me. His face was the color of ashes.

He said: "You've got blood on your check. Where were you standing?"

I took him across Main St. and pointed out the

pass and disappeared. Everything was still a tumult. People were flitting around purposefully or aimlessly. Some, I'm sure, thought there was still danger of being mow-

ed down by guns. I walked up the grassy area which separates the streets, still unsure just

what was going on. I called out to the first man I passed. The way his facial muscles were twitching made clear he twiching made clear he was fighting a losing bat-tle with panic. He didn't answer me, because he was just shrilling out the same question — "What's same question — going on?" — one else. - to some-

But all the motion must have infected me with activity. I found I was retreating, moving to the underpass abutment searest to my parked car.

This seems like a strange choice of shaller I would give a search to didn't state the motorcycle fell shaller. I would give a search to didn't state the motorcycle fell shaller. I would give a search to didn't state the motorcycle fell shaller. over. He didn't straighten it, but went running up the slope, straighten M, Dut wen running up the slope, drawing his gun as he ran. He disappeared in-to the railroad yard. In the grassy plot be-tween Elm and Main, as attacklithet denuty was

St. and pointed out the spot. Together we looked around, and then the officer came upon a small broken place in the south curb of Main St., a slight indentation where something had struck force

full He said: "That's it. A bullet hit there, a fragment ricocheting up and striking you."

The place was on the round part of the curb, fresh and not marked by the film of dirt over the nearby areas. And it was bone-dry, too, in spite of the thundershowers ear-

the thundershowers ear-lier that day.

The deputy tried to cir-cle the place with a ball-point pen, but the pen wouldn't mark.

He said: "We'll ra-member this location by the manbole cover."

I'm not passing any

the manbole cover."
I'm not passing any judgment on this deputy. He was a man trying to do his job, at a moment when lots of others were when jots or others were too panic-stricken to know what they were doing at all.

But I do want to go

In the grassy plot between Elm and Main, a plainclothes deputy was minutely scanning the ground. Plainly he was looking for shells, or for turts of grass kicked up by a mistire.

Only then did it dawn on me that the sting in my cheek had been caused by gumire.

I started to tell him about my experience. Just then the uniformed cogame back down the slope.

There was a man standing in the street, crying. He was a big fellow dresstant of its present of the street, crying. He was a big fellow dresstant on the number of the was and in rough work clothes and he was man standing in the grassy area. between Elm and Main and starting to looking at the governments again, from his point of view; in his thers. Here is his testimony to Westey warren Commission. I'll just hit the highspots as it is printed in "Hearings before the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy."

WALTHERS: "I ... went over on this pressy area. between Elm and Main and starting to looking at the grass." Only then did it dawn on me that the sting in my cheek had been caused by gumire.

I started to tell him about my experience. Just then the uniformed coptame back down the slope.

There was a man standing in the street, crying. He was a big fellow dressed in rough work clothes and he was abbing so hard he could hardly talk.

"I saw it!" he whimpered to all of such a was a who were near. "I was right there

"I saw it!" he whimpered to all of such a was a who were near. "I was right there

"I continued on next page)



LEE HARVEY OSWALD He killed President Kennedy



(Costinued from preceding page)
this turt here and it would give an indication if some had really been.
If they were really shots and not just blanks or something, and a man, and I couldn't tell you his name if my life depended on it — be had a car parked right here in Main Bt. Iane headed east, just under this undermass.

asked me, he said, 'Are you looking to see where some bullets may have

Struck"
"And I said, "Yes."

"He says. I was standing over by the bank here, right where my car the baria here, right where my car is parked when those shots happened, and he said, 'I don't know where they came from or if they were shots, but something struck me on the face.'
"..., and so I had him show me

the face."

", and so I had him show me right where he was standing and I started to search in that immediate area and found a place on the curb there in the Main St. lane there close is the underpass where a projectile had struck that curb." LIEBELER: "Would you remember

LIEBELER: "Would you remember that man's name if I told you or if I reminded you of it?"
WALTHERS: "I'm sorry — I don't know if I would remember it or sot."
LIEBELER: "There is a man by the same of Jim Tague, T.-a-g--e, who works as an automobile sales-man."

WALTHERS "I remember he had a gray automobile — I remember that wery well"

LIEBELER "I think it must have been Mr. Tague because . . . he told me his car was parked right there at No 9 and . . he walked up there and talked to a deputy sheriff and he looked at the curb."

WALTHERS. "Yes, this was pure ignorance on my part is not getting his name — I don't know — but I didn't."

At this point Liebeler told Walthers:
"I think it is pretty clear it was Mr.

Tague."
To go on with the story the way to happened I had followed the depisty back to where the uniformed policeman was standing, and repeated my information The cop promptly re-layed it to his office on his two-way

He told me: "Headquarters wants a full report from you" I replied that I would attend to it. To give the picture from the offi-I replied that I would attend to it. To give the picture from the officer's point of view. I can quote right here from his testimony, as given haril 9, 1964, to David W. Belin, assistant counsel of the President's Commission it starts on page 226 of Volume VI of the Commission hearings. The officer's name is Clyde A. Haygood He described running up to the ratigard and back, and talking to some people. Then:

BELIN: "You talked to any other witnesses there?"

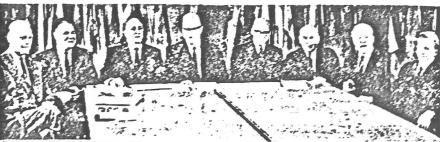
witnesses there?"
HAYGOOD: "Yes. There was an other one came up who was located, at the time he stated, on the south side of Elm St. back toward the triple underpass. Back, well, it would be morth of the underpass there, and said he had gotten hit by a piece of con-

he had gotten hit by a piece of con-crete or something.

"And he did have a slight cut on his right cheek, upper portion of his cheek just to the right of his nose." Later in the interrogation Belin in-quired about a radio transmission to the officer from headquarters asking:

"Elaw many do you have there?"

the officer from headquarters asking:
"How many do you have there?"
Haygood quoted his response to
headquarters as: "One guy possibly
hit by a ricochet off the concrete and
another seen the President slump."
BELIN: "How many different people did you talk to? One that was
possibly hit by a ricochet?"
HAYGOOD: "Piece of concrete."
BELIN: "Was he the one that saw
the President slump?"
HAYGOOD: "Me."



WARREN COMMISSION took 81/2 months to remove bullet-chipped curb and preserve it as evidence. By then, Tague says, time and erasion had changed scar in concrete.

While I'm on the subject of Warren it his the pavement in the left or Commission witnesses, let us run through a few others here who back up what I have told.

There is A.J. Millican, reported on page 495 of Volume XIX, who related A man standing on the south side of Elm Street, was either hit in the foot, or the ankle and fell down."

He was talking about me; he had seen me stumble as I hurried to take COVET.

There is also Mrs. Donald Baker There is also Mrs. Donald Baker, who saw the bullet strike. Her testimony, given to Liebeler, is in Volume VII, starting on page \$07.

LIEBELER: "You say you saw something hit the street after you heard the first shot; is that right?". MRS BAKER: "Yes."

LIEBELER: ", , what did it look like when you saw it?"

MRS. BAKER: "Well, as I said. I thought it was a firecracker. It looked that like you could see the enarks.

thought it was a firecracker. It looked just like you could see the sparks from it..."

Then, in Volume XIX, is the statement of Royce Glenn Bketton. I'll quote a line from it:

"I beard a woman sa, (ed. note: say) 'Oh no' or something and grab a man inside the car. I then heard another shot and saw the bullet bit the payement. The concrete was knocked to the south away from the car.

middle lane

minder iame.

In describing where they were, and
the point of view from which they
saw what they saw, these witnesses
all corroborate my testimony.

Traffic was beginning to move on Commerce St. when I left the scene my car parked all and I could see my car parked all alone beneath the underpass. I started toward it.

A cluster of motorcycle officers, es corts in the recent motorcade, thun dered up from the underpass, travel-ing the wrong way on Elm St.

People were crying. By now they all knew the President had been shot. And somehow they seemed to know — long before it was announced — that he was dead. Nobody was ashamed of the tears.

Feeling numb, I got into my car. Somewhere behind me a motorist was Somewhere behind me a motorist was bonking his hora in irritation. I paid no attention, but took my time driving into the center of the city. When I got downtown I parked and headed into the brokerage office where my fiances worked as a receptionist. The office was a madhouse. When news of the shooting went out the next.

The office was a madhouse. When news of the shooting went out the market fell like a stone, causing the exchanges to shut down. Now everyone who had a share of stock was calling his broker, demanding to know what

مباد

was going to happen next.

My girl friend, answering telephones frantically, glanced up from her switchboard at me and gasped in dis-

My face was bloody, my suit crum-pled and littered with debris. When I had a chance to look at myself in a mirror later, I understood her horrar. I had the feeling of being terribly disorganized. I felt I should be doing something useful, and I wasn't. I phoned my father in Indiana and told

him the news.

Then I walked to police headquar-ters and asked the way to the Homi-cide Bureau.

In this office there was a peculiar

kind of excitement.

Something had gone wrong. Some-thing besides the big, overwhelming ting besides the big, overwhelming thing, the assassination. Something else, and more recent. Detectives were moving around jerkily, speaking so each other in sharp monosyllables. I had trouble getting anyone to understand why I was there.

By the time I was there 10 minutes, I stored forether forevered.

I pieced together from words and hints that a patrolman had been murdered in a sleazy residential area.

No one said outright that this new killing was linked to the assassination, but I had a feeling these investigators

but I had a recing these investigators thought it was.

Finally I was shown into an office marked CAPTAIN.

An officer sat behind a desk, scribbling notes in pencil as I talked. He asked if the bullet which hit me came from the School Book Depository building

ing.
I told him I wasn't sure about this

I told him I wasn't sure about this.
I had been facing more toward the park, I said. It appeared possible to me it had come from that direction. The officer listened and made his notes, but he didn't have many questions. His mind seemed only half on what he was doing: he kept glancing over my shoulder as if he expected someone or something. someone or something.

someone or something.

I volunteered that the break in the curbing might throw some light on the direction of the shot. Its shape suggested that the bullet had been fired from a point north of Elm St. That could take in the Depository; but the angle of impact could indicate a firing point to the left of the Depository. And that would open up a whole new area for questions.

that would open up a whole new area for questions.

I added: "That's about as definite as I can be, but I guess your crime laboratory could find out for sure."

Behind me there was a sudden stampede of footfalls.

A gang of officers, uniformed and plainciothes, were bringing in a prisoner.

oner.

My interviewer sprang to his feet, muttering: "That's the guy that shot the patrolman!"

Flashbulbs were popping, newsmen

were yelling questions.

The prisoner was a young fellow.

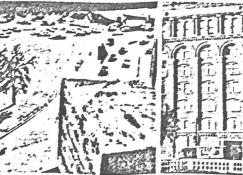
The boxed as if he'd been having a rough time. It seemed plain to me that somebody had laid one into the side of his face. His hair was mussed, his clothes rumpled.

Through the plate stock mindow are

Through the plate glass window sep-arsting me from the main room. I saw him sit down. The officer who a... (Continued on next page)



PARK GAZEBO: Toque poses before pa which he facing when wounded in the cheek



SNIPER'S VIEW: Carton in Book Depository window was gun rest for rifleman firing toward spot (orrow) where President Kennedy was hit.

Exist SHQUIRER

Photo of right shows window skincled that the assassing used with add.

**Confined from preceding page' had interviewed me headed in that direction, brushing by me. He flung back a few words to me over his shoulder, by way of farewell: "We'll be in touch."

I started to leave. It was difficult getting out through the door, because dozens of newsmen were pressed

I remember I heard someone say:
"That guy they arrested is named Oswald. Lee Harvey Oswald."

There is no reference to this little homicide bureau interview of mine in the Warren Commission testimony.

The story of what happened to me Dealey Plaza is taken care of in ro or three paragraphs in the official Report of the President's Commission, on page 116 of the Doubleday edition: Some evidence suggests that a third

both evidence suggests that a unrusthot may have entirely missed and hit the turf or street by the triple underpass. Royce G. Skelton, who watched the motorcade from the railroad and the statistical that affects the property of the state o derpass novice of the motorcade from the railroad and the motorcade from the railroad bridge, testified that after two shots the car came on down close to the bullet which hit the President's head, tion, hanging onto each shred of news shot that the left front of the President's head, that was released. Two days after the dependent's car on the cement. Skelton hitting some other object in the area. Two days after the Dallas News carried a picture showing the mark on the curb.

Mad been taken by the newspaper's

four shots, either the third or the fourth of which hit in the vicini. ty of the underpass Dallas Patrolman J.W Poster, who was also on the triple under-pass, testified that a shot hit the turl near a manhole cover in the vicinity of the un-derpass Examination of this area, however, disclosed no indication that a bullet struck at the locations indicated either Skelton or

oster.
"At a different lo-

Ruby's sister, ron his Vegos Club. cation in Dealey Plaza, the evidence indicated that a bullet fragment did hit the street | ed the Presidential limousine and its that a bullet fragment did hit the street.

James T. Tague, who got out of his car to watch the motorcade from a position between Commerce and Main Sts., near the triple underpass, was hit on the cheek by an object during the shooting Within a few minutes. Tague reported this to Deputy Sheriff Eddy R. Walthers, who was examining the area to see if any bullets had struck the furf. Walthers immediately started to search where Tague had started to search where Tague had been standing and located a place on the south curb of Main St. where it appeared a bullet had hit the cement.

"According to Tague. There was a mark quite physically that was a bullet, and it was very fresh."

In Tague's opinion, it was the second short that caused the mark size.

ond shot that caused the mark, since he thinks he heard the third shot after he was hit in the face. This incident he was hil in the face. This incident appears to have been recorded in the contemporaneous report of Dallas Patrolman L.L. Hill, who radioed in around 12:40 p.m.: "I have one guy that was possibly hit by a ricochet from the bullet off the concrete."

"Scientific examination of the mark on the south curb of Main St. by FBI experts disclosed metal smears which were spectrographically determined to be essentially lead with a trace of an amount." The mark of the other hand be essentially lead with a trace of antimony. The mark on the curb could have originated from the lead core of a bullet but the absence of copper precluded 'the possibility that the mark on the curbing section was made by an unmutilated military full metallacketed bullet such as the bullet from Governor Connally's stretcher.'

"The Commission rendered over which

Governor Connaily's stretcher."

The Commission pondered over which shot missed, but seems of the firm opinion that there were only three shots altogether.

It says: "Even if it were caused by halled fragment the most week."

shots anogener.
It says: "Even if it were caused by
a bullet fragment, the mark on the
south curb of Main St. cannot be identified conclusively with any of the
three shots fired. Under the circumstances it might have come from the



DEATH SHOT by Jock Ruby in Dallos police headquarters seemed to

I not observe any or the shots striking the President, Tague's testimony that the second shot, rather than the third, caused the scratch on his cheek, does not assist in limiting the possibililimiting the possibili-

However, if was for mally recognized that one bullet went wild: one bullet went wild:
'Two bullets probably
caused all the wounds
suffered by President
Kennedy and Governor
Connally Since the preponderance of the evidence indicated that three shots were fired the Com-

occupants

When I left the police station that day I tried to slip back into my normal routine. But it seemed impossible. I was selling cars. Nobody seemed interested in buying, and to tell the truth I didn't feel much like selling.

It had been taken by the newspape chief photographer, Tom Dillard, November 23.

I was sure the police would be in ouch with me.

But the feeling of bewilderment saw everywhere was increased when later that day nightclub owner Jack Ruby killed Oswald in the basement

numy filled Oswald in the basement of police headquarters.
Officers never contacted me.
I figured the reason for this must be that they had somehow managed to prove conclusively that all the shots came from the Depository and all were fired by Oswald.
Then in mid December 2.

fired by Oswald.

Then in mid-December I saw some newspaper account summing up the whole story as it then appeared. It didn't satisfy me, it all appeared to pat, with the loose ends nearly tucked out of sight. It convinced me that no official notice had been taken of my warn nard — which slight as it was

mmediately contacted the PBI. The agents who questioned me tot seem terribly interested in

story; they were going routine, that's all.

This strengthened my that as far as the investi that as far as the investigators was the arrest of Oswald and then I death had wrapped the whole this up. I felt they did not see any pot in looking further. They were sati-fied there was nothing more to les-for.

One of the agents asked please

What else do you know?"
I shrugged. I said: "Well, I think"
"ve given you the high points."
Then abruptly he asked if I know

Then abruptly he asked if I new
Jack Ruby.
Later on, I wondered if this was
a stock question, trotted out in every
interview, because there was absolutely no reason for the interview to
take this tack. Or possibly they simply figured that a bachelor my age
might frequent Ruby's clubs.
At any rate, I admitted I knew him.
His interest suddenly whetted, the
agent asked: "What was the nature
of your association?"

His interest suddenly whether, use agent asked: "What was the nature of your association?"

I told him it was nothing of any consequence. Twice in my life, I had visited Ruby's downtown strip joint, the

Carousel. Each time the stocky proprietor gave me the glad hand and scurried away. Once he pressed a ticket into my hand which entitled the bearer is free admittance to his suburban cabaret, the Vegas Club, operated by his sister, Eva Grant.

On a few occasions I had seen him and chatted briefly with him set the

On a few occasions I had seen min and chatted briefly with him at the Vegas. These encounters were on his part, strictly routine public relations things for a nightchub proprietar.

He had simply impressed me as a money-hungry huckster with a vola-tile disposition. The most sinister thing I had observed about him was that he seemed to anger easily.

But Jack Ruby was the one subject I could talk about that seemed to in terest the agents. They wanted to drain it dry.

So I went on: "Well, this can't have any bearing on the investigation, but one of Ruby's strippers used to make frequent calls on my former room-mate, an entertainer named Jody Daniel."

The agent came back: "It might!"

The agent came back: "It might!" and urged me to tell him the details. There was not much to add.
Daniel, a guitar-playing ringer for Elvis Presley and a television bit player, had lots of girls after him. This one, an exotic dancer known prefessionally as Tammi True, I had not not personally she was feetured extended.

ressionally as Tammi True. I had not met personally. She was featured at the Carouse!

The agents happily scribbled down all this trivia and thanked me for getting in touch with them.

At this point I tried to put the whole thing out of my mind and buckle down to my business of selling cars.

But every now and then I stopped by Dealey Plaza to see if the section of the curb with the teardrop-shaped indentation had been taken away yet. I knew it was evidence, valuable evi-I knew it was evidence, valuable evidence, and I remembered much less momentous crimes in which evidence

dence, and I remembered much less momentous crimes in which evidence of this sort had been taken up for preservation or thorough analysis and even display in court.

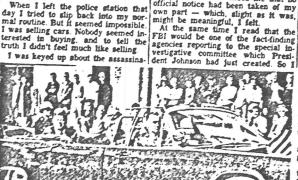
I couldn't understand why it was still there, subject to time add all sorts of weather which day by day changed its appearance and dulled its possible usefulness.

I kept remembering how naturally interest had focused, the day of the assassination, on the park area and the railroad yard beyond it.

One day I tramped all around this area, examining the gazebo, a masonry wall and a wooden fence at one end They were all places which could provide concealment for a sniper, it seemed to me.

provide conceaument so seemed to me.

At the same time I was impelled to do this, I felt foolish doing it. It (Continued on next. page)



RIDE: President John F. Kennedy rides with Texas Governor Connally Icenter, in front of JFK1, and Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy thidden behind Connally), in open car moments before he was shot



DEATH OF PRESIDENT: President Kennedy slumps into the arms of his immediately after a slammed into his

こうできる こうちょうちょう

(Continued from preceding page) bardly seemed possible anything of significance could be left unfound at the access so long after.

Jack Ruby was tried, convicted and sentenced to death. The trial pro-duced no bombshells, nothing sug-gesting he was part of an assassina-tion conspiracy.

gesting he was part of an assassina-tion conspiracy.

By July, 1964 numerous witnesses had testified before the Warren Commission Just by chance. I read a newspaper article that talked about a "mystery victim" whose name was not given, and said the Commission would apparently wind up its work without being able to hear from him. Some acquaintance of mine had tipped off the Associated Press about my experience, but without revealing my identity.

identity.

A Warren Commission investigator contacted AP, wanting to know my name The wire service referred him to its source, who in turn told the "mystery victim's" name — James T. Tague.

As a result, I was directed to give Lestimony before an attorney for the Commission on July 23. The attorney was Wesley J. Liebeler, a talented inferrogator with a charming and per-suasive manner.

I know, too, that he was everbur-

ed with work

But I can't help feeling that the tenor of my testumony might have been different except for what I think was the faulty system employed by the Commission



UNDERPASS: Toque stands and of triple underpass where he abandoned his car.

& Cake .. Indon



HEADQUARTERS CONFUSION after arrest of Oswald caused Dallas police to sidetrack Tague when he tried to report his story to them.

color my thinking and lead me gently into conforming with the accepted

For instance:

was the faulty system employed by the Commission

What I mean is, this taking of testimony was not like a trial, where opposing lawyers make sure everything that may have a bearing on the matter is brought out.

Actually. I was just giving a statement to one man, Liebeler. And while I have no right to say what was in Liebeler's mind, it seemed to me that my experience was being tugged into shape to fit the already-accepted facts.

Somehow I felt constrained about putting forward anything that might disagree, making more work and more trouble. Never mind about the notion that it might lead to shedding more light on what happened.

My testimony before Liebeler is published on pages 552 to 556 of Volume VII of the Warren Commission hearings

The published record flustrates what I am talking about. I think it leads the published record flustrates what I am talking about. I think it leads the published record flustrates what I am talking about. I think it leads the published of the published record flustrates what I am talking about. I think it leads the published record flustrates what I am talking about. I think it leads to where the shots came from was much the result of the ac-

pression of where the shots came from was much the result of the ac-uvity near No. 7?"

I answered: "Not when I heard the

shots."

But he went on immediately to other er details, and even tried to suggest that I couldn't place the sound because it was echoing around.

According to the record, he said:

According to the record, he said:
According to the record, he said:
There was In fact a considerable echo in that area?"
I answered: "There was no echo where I stood. I was asked this question before and there was no echo."
He never opened the subject of whether the shots sounded different from each other. And I finished my acceptance with him fust trying to keep up with his fast-paced questions of a routine, non-controversial nature.
I should add, also, something that the printed volume of testimony does not make clear — that a preliminary feature was a brief rehearsal of the highlights, with Liebeler suggesting the answers, like a warm-up to set the mood before a television performance.
On Aug. 5, 1964, the Commission

ance.

On Aug. \$, 1964, the Commission finally got around to removing the section of curbing — eight and a half months after the assassin's bullet bounced off it.

The PBI's microscopic studies of

shows clearly that Liebeler tried to the break in the curbing might h me of something if only they had been conducted before freezes, rain, heat and the erosion of time had changed the character of the vital

where these shots came from when you heard them ringing out?"

TAGUE: "Yes; I thought they were coming from the left."

LIEBELER: "Immediately to your left, or toward the back? Of course, now we have other evidence that would indicate that the shots did come from the Texas School Book Depository, but less that the shots were fired in the first place."

And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that, there's a place "And again, just a little while after that the shots the property of the pro



STRIPPER Tommi with Toque's friend interested FRI more than his eye-witness story.

concrete near a sewer manhole cover. The Secret Service solemnly concluded there was nothing to the report, the concrete was undamaged.

But the agents had looked in the wrong spot! A photograph of the sewer manhole cover looked at by the Secret Service is shown in the Warren Commission report — and it is not the sewer cover near which I stood

of the sewer cover near which i stood The FBI eventually also got around to taking some photo studies when he Warren Commission requested the foremation about the picture the one-sniper theory. the Warren Commission requested further information about the picture of the mark taken by Dallas News photographer Tom Dillard on November

23. Dillard had mentioned the photograph while talking to a member of the local U.S. attorney's staff in June, and shortly afterwards was asked to supply a copy of it for the Warran Commission.

So it was late July and early Aug. ust 1964, before the BBI looked for the mark — a long, long time after the shooting!

the shooting!

One of the FBI photos shows the bullet-creased curb, another shows the temperature sign stop the Depository indicating 95 degrees - Texas in the summer.

I have only talked about the aspects of the case I was directly involved with, here.

But in the course of putting these notes together I had to do some read-ing in the Warren Report, and I

notes together I had to do some reading in the Warren Report, and I
couldn't help browsing.
What strikes me is that the gaps,
holes, muddle-headenless and preconceived notions I ran into in my ewn
little phase of the case seem to be
showered all over the entire investigation of the shooting.
Several witnesses said they saw shots
hit near the vicinity where I stood.
Yet for months the Commission was
unwilling to question its first theory

unwilling to question its first theory that all the shots fired by the assassin had hit within the Presidential

Many witnesses, including police and a Secret Service agent, believed some-one was firing from the area of the gazebo. Their statements have been

one was firing from the area of the gazebo. Their statements have been published but ignored.

On page \$72 of Volume VII of the Warren Commission hearings, Abraham Zapruder, who filmed the tragedy with a movie camera while standing on an abutment near the gazebo, told Liebeler. Liebeler:

"... I also thought (the shooting) came from back of me."

He repeated this several times, but in the end Liebeler appeared to help him toward the notion that police run-ning in that direction helped to form his memory of the sound coming fro

Another item: I keep remembering a station wagon in the railward back-ed up against a fence adjacent to the

so up against a rence suprem up park.

Several speciators saw it after the shooting, and wondered at the large number of overlauping footorints on the muddy ground by the tailgate—

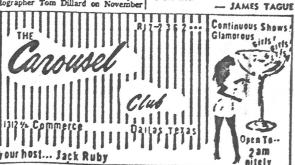
If company had waited there a long. as if someone had waited there a long

when officers went to see who owned it. perhaps to search the car, it was gone.
Were other obvious clues ignored un-

til too late? This is an important ques-tion, one I often wonder about. A reading of the Warren Report suggests that other things were brushed off and that conflicts in the testimony were resolved in favor of the precon-ceived picture of events already held

by the investigators and those in charge of hearing evidence.

The other wounded survivor of the



NIGHTCLUS CARD handed out at Jack Ruby's Carousel cafe, where Tague admitted he had met Ruby briefly a few times.