

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Original Data Sought

New Report on JFK U.S. Trick--Alcock

Release of a panel of medical experts' report on the autopsy of President John F. Kennedy by U.S. Attorney General Ramsey Clark means "we're getting the same old sleight of hand," Assistant District Attorney James L. Alcock said last night.

The office of District Attorney Jim Garrison will press for the original autopsy documents, including photographs and X-rays, at a court hearing in Washington, D. C., today, Alcock said.

The release of the medical report "obviously doesn't satisfy our subpoena," he added.

GARRISON WANTS the autopsy report as evidence in the trial of Clay L. Shaw. Shaw goes on trial Tuesday on charges of conspiring to kill Kennedy.

The report released in Washington last night affirmed the conclusion of the Warren Commission that Kennedy was shot twice from behind. Garrison maintains JFK was also struck by a bullet from the front.

Alcock said of the panel review, "It seems that they just don't have any confidence in the state" and physicians here who might testify as expert witnesses on the autopsy material.

THE ARCHIVIST OF the United States, Dr. James B. Rhoads, was to appear today before Judge W. Hal-

leck of the Court of General Session to show cause why the original autopsy report should not be made available to Garrison.

Garrison wants Rhoads to testify in the Shaw trial and bring along the records, now under his care.

The pictures were left with the archives by the Kennedy family in 1966 on condition they be shown only to federal investigators until 1971.

Rhoads yesterday filed an affidavit in court in which he declined to release the material. He said:

"TO VIOLATE THE confidential restrictions would completely destroy the public confidence in the federal government to honor its commitments to donors of papers, oral history transcripts and other historical material."

In releasing the panel's findings, Clark said U.S. Sen. Edward M. Kennedy, D-Mass., the late president's only surviving brother, and the president's widow, Mrs. Aristotle Onassis, were consulted before the autopsy material was made available to the panel of experts.

Burke Marshall, former as-

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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SECTION 1

STATES-ITEM

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Being Investigated

Medical Corps, the Kennedy was killed.

ONE OF ITS members, Dr. J. Thornton Boswell, wrote Clark a year ago that he and Humes felt that because of the controversy over the Warren Report "an impartial board of experts including pathologists and radiologists should examine the material available." Clark appointed the board a short time later.

The report said:

"One bullet struck the back of the decedent's head well above the occipital protuberance (base of the skull). Based upon the observation that he was leaning forward with his head turned obliquely to the left when this bullet struck, the photographs and X-rays indicate that it came from a site above and slightly to his right. This bullet fragmented after entering the cranium, one major piece of it passing forward and laterally to produce an explosive fracture of the right side of the skull as it emerged from the head.

"THE OTHER BULLET," the report continued, "struck the decedent's back at the right side of the base of the neck between the shoulder and spine and emerged from the front of his neck near the midline."

The Warren Commission said this bullet then probably struck Texas Gov. John Connally, who was riding in the front seat of the open-air limousine carrying Kennedy. Connally was seriously injured.

The report said that if this bullet had taken any path other than the one through the wound through Kennedy's neck it "would almost surely have been intercepted by bone, and X-ray film show no bony damage . . ."

attorney general who says the Kennedys in utter, said Sen. Kennedy's Onassis "both asked say that they will have agreement to make on the or its release."

A PANEL MET in secret ear to study the autopsy and draw up its re-

There had been no announcement of the existence of either the panel or report until Clark released it last night.

Clark did not say why the report was kept secret. The names of the panelists was not announced last spring. It says the panel met to review the autopsy materials last Feb. 26 and 27 in Washington.

Members of the panel were William H. Carnes, professor of forensic pathology at the University of Maryland; Russell H. Morgan, professor of radiology and surgical science at Johns Hopkins University, and Dr. R. Moritz, professor of pathology at Case Western Reserve University in Cleveland.

THEIR REPORT SAID, examination of the clothing and photographs and X-rays taken at the autopsy showed that President Kennedy was struck by two bullets, one from above and one from the side, and hit him, one of which traced the base of the neck on the right side without striking bone and the other of which entered the skull from the side and exploded its right

The photographs and X-rays discussed herein support the above-quoted portion of the original autopsy and the above-quoted medical conclusions of the Warren Commission Report."

The original autopsy was performed by a three-man team of naval surgeons headed by Dr. James J. Humes, then commander of the Navy