united states d Bishop emorandum ir. DeLoach DATE: - Mr. DeLoach Tele. R Mr. Rosen Mr. Shroder Mr. Raupach SUBJECT: MIN THE SHADOW OF DALLAS: Mr. Bishop A PRIMER ON THE ASSASSINATION Mr. Sullivan OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY" PUBLISHED "RAMPARTS" MAGAZINE In the memorandum M. A. Jones to Mr. Bishop dated 11/6/67, (copy attached), it was indicated that Ramparts" Magazine as an inducement to obtain subscriptions, offered either a copy of the captioned book or one called "A Vietnam Primer." The captioned book was described as a newly-revised collection of exclusive articles on the assassination and its aftermath which were taken from the pages of "Ramparts." It was recommended that a copy be obtained for reference purposes and review. A copy has been obtained and reviewed. "It contains nothing new and is nothing more than a rehash of $\mathfrak G$ bld allegations made against the Warren Commission. editors of "Ramparts" refer to individuals, whomwe are well acquainted with, such as Edward J. Epstein, Mark Lane, Lèo Sauvage, Penn Jones, Jr., Harold Weisberg and others who have been severely critical of the Warren Commission and its findings REC = 62-109060 - 6198 Alt was indicated that the serious criticisms of the Warren Commission recently made by the previously listed authors, cannot be resolved unless evidence is released. The editors are referring to material retained in the National Archives. The editors also said responsibility for the mounting doubts, theories and their confusions; H must be placed first with the Warren Commission and with the President who has the power to invoke a new investiga tion and release the necessary evidence. Further, This warren Commission compromised the truth about the assassina tion and that the Warren Commission also has dong ging 6 1968 country an enormous disservice. CONTINUED

Memorandum Rosen to DeLoach RE: "IN THE SHADOW OF DALLAS

The editors indicated there seemed to be two conspiracies in connection with the assassination. One was to murder the President and the other was to cover up the blunders of various Federal and State Agencies which made the assassination possible, and to present the public with a panacea.

In this respect, the editors indicated the previously mentioned individuals were doing the job the Dallas police, the FBI and the Warren Commission should have done in the first place. This is typical of the approach "Ramparts" has taken, as well as William W. Turner, the former Agent and a self-centered, embittered individual, who has made subsequent scurrilous attacks upon the Director and the Bureau since his dismissal from the FBI. "Ramparts" revealed that Curner directed the field investigation for this report. We know that in recent weeks Turner has been closely associated with New Orleans District Attorney James C. Garrison, and information concerning Turner was previously furnished to the Department by communication dated 1/23/68.

The editors of "Ramparts" are pursuing the theory there were at least three assassins firing at President Kennedy and that he was caught in a crossfire. They feel there is persuasive evidence to this effect and, therefore, feel that a thorough re-investigation should be launched with full resources of the U. S. Government and private citizens at its disposal to discover the identity of the three or more assassins, and the identity of those who planned the crime and ordered its execution.

This is the same old line that has been followed by these critics, and they have not offered any concrete evidence to establish that a conspiracy was involved in the assassination. The Warren Commission based on testimony and evidence obtained concluded Lee Harvey Oswald was responsible for the assassination and no evidence was obtained which would indicate that a conspiracy was involved.

ACTION

It is recommended no further action be taken in connection with the captioned book, and that it be furnished to the Bureau library for permanent retention and reference purposes.

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