

OM 89-20

JHT:mrh

1

Re: DR. JACK W. BLAINE CALVERT

The following investigation was conducted by SA  
JOHN H. TOAL:

On November 5, 1964, [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] Iowa State Dental Association, 520 Insurance Exchange  
Building, 505 - 5th Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa, advised that her  
files contain little information regarding Dr. JACK W. BLAINE  
CALVERT.

She advised the last Davenport, Iowa, business address  
for Dr. CALVERT in her files is 1324 Harrison Street. She said  
that in March, 1964, the Iowa State Dental Association received  
a letter from Dr. CALVERT in which he advised he could be reached  
at the following address: c/o JOE WITTEMORE, 11044 Swaffor Drive,  
Dallas, Texas. In the letter she stated that Dr. CALVERT requested  
that the Iowa Dental Association forward to him certain documents  
because he was planning to "come up to Dallas" and take the Texas  
Boards in June (1964) at Baylor University.

She advised that in the letter Dr. CALVERT stated he  
had rheumatoid arthritis, that he was not sure that he would  
ever fully be able to practice dentistry again and that he thought  
the weather "here" might help his condition.

[REDACTED] advised that she forwarded the requested  
documents, including a statement that he was a member in good  
standing of the Iowa State Dental Association, to Dr. CALVERT  
at the above-mentioned Dallas address.

She advised that the Blue Cross - Blue Shield Group  
Policy records contained in the Iowa State Dental Association  
office reflect the following address for Dr. CALVERT: 7237  
Maringo Drive, Dallas 27, Texas. She said the records do not  
disclose a date for the above address.

She advised the mailing records for the "Journal of  
the Iowa State Dental Association" reflect an address as of  
September 4, 1964, for Dr. CALVERT of 10663 Holman Avenue, Los  
Angeles, California.

DL 89-43

RE: LOUIS EAVES

AT 89-45  
DL 89-43  
CPR/rlw  
1

AT ATLANTA, GEORGIA:

On September 24, 1964, [redacted] *INVT.*  
[redacted] Columbus, Georgia, telephonically con- *Ky.*  
tacted the Atlanta Office of the FBI, and furnished the  
following information:

[redacted] stated he had information, which this  
office would be interested in, but would furnish such  
information only to a Negro Agent of the FBI. He further  
stated he did not want to be involved in any way, and  
stated he felt a person (meaning Agent) of his own race  
would not get him involved.

When inquiry was made as to nature of his  
information, he would only say it had to do with the Warren  
Commission Report on the death of President Kennedy.

AT COLUMBUS, GEORGIA:

The following investigation was conducted by  
SA CHARLES PAUL ROSE:

On September 29, 1964, October 2, 1964, and  
October 12, 1964, unsuccessful attempts were made to contact  
[redacted] at his residence, and his wife advised on October 2,  
1964, [redacted] was working out of the city, and would not  
return for several days.

On October 15, 1964, [redacted] advised that the  
reason he called the Atlanta Division was to report some  
information he obtained in 1960. He advised that prior  
to the presidential election in 1960, he was working as a  
bricklayer on a private home near Carrollton, Kentucky,  
and an electrician on the job stated that KLANESER could

AT 89-45  
DL 89-43  
CPR/rlw  
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not be elected because he was a member of the Masonic Lodge, and that if he was elected he would not live to get out of office. This individual advised he was a member of the Ku Klux Klan, and that the Klan would not accept KENNEDY. [redacted] advised that he did not think anything of the statement at that time, but since the assassination of the President, the matter has been bothering him.

[redacted] stated further he does not recall the individual's name, but he was doing the electrical work on a home being built for an older man who operated a cleaning plant in Carrollton, Kentucky, and the home was approximately one or one and one-half miles south of Carrollton on Route 42, on the south side of the highway. He stated that this was a brick home, and was constructed in 1960.

[redacted] described this individual as a white male, 45 - 50 years of age at that time, approximately 6'1", 190 pounds, and wore glasses. This man lived in the vicinity of Carrollton, but not in the town itself.

[redacted] stated he received the impression that this person lived in a surrounding town in the general area, and that the owner of the home should be able to supply the identity of the electrician. He recalls no further details, and believes that no one witnessed the conversation.

[redacted] Columbus, Georgia, advised on October 29, 1964, that he was unable to furnish any additional information which would assist the Louisville Division in locating the individual referred to above.

He stated that he had not reported this matter earlier because he placed little credence in it and was only reporting it for information value at the time he did report it.

LS 89-63

KFT/plh

1

The following investigation was conducted by SA KYLE F. TACKETT at Carrollton, Kentucky, on November 5, 1964.

[REDACTED] operators of the [REDACTED] Dry Cleaning shop advised as follows:

During 1960 they built their residence south of Carrollton, Kentucky, on U. S. Highway [REDACTED]. The house is about three-quarters of a mile from the city.

They hired a Negro to do the brick work who had several other Negro workmen helping him. They did not complete the job, as the mistake of paying them too soon was made. They did not complete the work and left town. They also did a very sloppy job.

They advised that the electrical work was done by LOUIS FAVES, who lives in that area and is presently employed by the State of Kentucky at Butler State Park near Carrollton, Kentucky. His work was satisfactory.

Chief of Police DELBERT HUDSON, Police Department, advised that he has known LOUIS FAVES all of his life. FAVES is a native of that area and an electrician by trade. He has no arrest record, is highly regarded, and there would be no reason to doubt his character, associates, or loyalty.

Sheriff JOHN TILLEY advised that he has known FAVES all of his life and that he has never been in any trouble. He recalled that FAVES was having some financial difficulty due to an extended illness in the past year. However, there would be no reason to question his character, associates or loyalty.

Date November 10, 1964B 12-24-1704

10-11-64

Mr. ~~LOUIS~~ EAVES, Route 2, Worthville, Kentucky,  
 advised as follows:

He is a native of Carroll County and has lived in that vicinity all of his life.

In 1960 he did the electrical work on the residence of [redacted] which was constructed on U. S. Highway a short distance south of Carrollton, Kentucky.

He recalled that the brick work was done over a two months period by a group of five or six Negroes who were not from that area. They did a very poor job on the house and left without finishing the job. He also recalled that they did considerable drinking on the job. He could not recall the names of any of them.

When advised of the allegation made against him, he stated emphatically that he never made any such statement and that he had voted for President KENNEDY and was an admirer of the late president. He could not recall having ever even discussed President KENNEDY with any of the bricklayers.

Mr. EAVES readily admitted that in the late 1920's, he joined the organization called the "Invisible Empire". However the Indiana persons who organized it subsequently left taking all of the money and the organization in that area folded up. He was of the opinion that he never mentioned this to any of the bricklayers.

He also said that he was not a member of the Masonic Order. He recalled that at the time of President KENNEDY'S assassination, he was ill in bed at his home.

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On 11/5/64 at Worthville, Kentucky File # LS 89-63

by SA KYLE P. TACKETT /plh Date dictated 11/6/64

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LS 89-63

The following description was obtained from observation and interrogation:

Race:	White
Sex:	Male
Date of birth:	December 24, 1903
Place of birth:	Carroll County, Kentucky
Height:	6 feet 1 inch
Weight:	215 pounds
Hair:	Brown, turning gray
Eyes:	Brown
Build:	Medium heavy
Complexion:	Medium
Occupation:	Maintenance and Electrical - Butler State Park, Carrollton, Kentucky.
Employed by:	State of Kentucky
Marital status:	Married
Residence:	Route 2, Worthville, Kentucky
Future residence:	Lock Road, Carrollton, Kentucky
Arrest record:	None admitted

DL 89-43

RE: 



CV 62-1848

GCT:ktk

(1)

On October 17, 1964, Detective Sergeant LEE PETERS, Cleveland Police Department, Cleveland, Ohio, telephonically advised SA WILLIAM M. COLBY that [redacted] had been arrested on a traffic violation and that he had a car full of literature and other items. [redacted] claimed to know who killed President KENNEDY and that the same person would kill President JOHNSON while he was in church tomorrow. PETERS said he did not know if [redacted] was a mental case but seemed to be very clever. A man came to the police department to try to obtain [redacted] release stating that [redacted] at one time worked under ALBERT EINSTEIN in Germany.

On October 17, 1964, Detective WYLIE FARRIER, Detective Division, Cleveland Police Department, advised ASAC JOHN J. CONEYS and SA GROVER C. TWINER that [redacted] had been picked up for crashing a red light. On inspecting [redacted] automobile, he found a Beckman Spectrophotometer, a typewriter and miscellaneous other items. During a brief conversation with [redacted] he indicated he knew who killed President KENNEDY and indicated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was not alone in the matter. [redacted] also indicated that the same individual would be in church tomorrow. They concluded that by this statement some harm may come to President JOHNSON and requested that Sergeant PETERS report it to the FBI and Secret Service.

CV 62-1848  
GCT:ktk  
(1)

The following investigation was conducted by SA DANIEL F. SMITH at Lima, Ohio, on May 9 and 10, 1951, concerning [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Lima State Hospital for the Criminally Insane, Lima, Ohio, advised [REDACTED] was admitted to this hospital for observation from June 25, 1940 to July 29, 1940, as a result of a Franklin County, Ohio, indictment for assault with intent to kill. [REDACTED] was diagnosed as a Maniac Depressive Psychotic and was incarcerated in this hospital from August 8, 1940 to June 11, 1942, at which time he was classified as restored to reason and released.

The hospital records contain no information indicating [REDACTED] was a sexual pervert, but did say that he was the argumentative, highly nervous, uncooperative type patient, who got along with neither the doctors or the other inmates.

(1)

Date October 21, 1964

[REDACTED]  
Toronto 3, Canada, was interviewed at the Central Police Station, Cleveland Police Department, in the presence of Special Agent RONALD SZEGO, U. S. Secret Service. [REDACTED] was considerably upset, having been arrested for traffic violation.

HELENE | CHED

[REDACTED] displayed an antagonism towards Mr. J. EDGAR HOOVER, Director of the FBI, because he felt that Mr. HOOVER had been responsible for him not obtaining a "Q" clearance at the place he was working in the early 1950's.

[REDACTED] was of the opinion that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was not the only one involved in the assassination of President KENNEDY. He indicated that the other person involved would be "in church tomorrow". He was asked if this meant that he would be in the same church as President JOHNSON to which he answered that he did not think that President JOHNSON would be killed as no two presidents have been assassinated in succession. He stated that he thought President JOHNSON was a good President and well liked by most of the people of the United States.

[REDACTED] could not furnish the name of the individual to whom he had referred as being "in church tomorrow". [REDACTED] recited the names of prominent individuals with whom he had corresponded, studied and worked with, including ALBERT EINSTEIN, a prominent scientist. He said that he had written to Mr. HOOVER concerning the matter of his "Q" clearance but had not received an answer satisfactory to him.

[REDACTED] is described as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of Birth	March 3, 1911
Place of Birth	Berlin, Germany
Height	5'10"
Weight	190 pounds
Build	Medium
Complexion	Medium
Eyes	Blue (blind in left eye)
Occupation	Claims to be physicist - Chemistry

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On 10/17/64 at Cleveland, Ohio File # Cleveland 62-1848  
 by SA GROVER C. TWINER and  
Secret Service Agent RONALD SZEGO/mln:drw Date dictated 10/19/64

CV 62-1848

(2)

Residence



Marital Status  
Scars and Marks

Married  
Fourth finger, right hand,  
missing

Peculiarities

Bombastic

Canadian Driver's

License R5242-32601-10303

Date 10-19-64OHIO

~~\_\_\_\_\_~~  
Toronto, Canada, was interviewed in the waiting room of the Cleveland Detective Bureau, at which time she advised that she and her husband had been staying over the week-end at the home of her husband's friend ~~\_\_\_\_\_~~

She said that she was having difficulty with her speech because of a recent automobile accident as a result of which her speech was very much impaired. She said that she is a graduate of the University of Cincinnati where she majored in journalism.

She described her husband as a very smart man, but impractical in many ways. She said that he has commented on the assassination of President Kennedy that it was his belief that Oswald was not the assassin; however, he has never specified anyone whom he believed responsible or any group. Her husband has never mentioned a possible assassination attempt on President Johnson, in fact, he has expressed great admiration for Johnson.

She added that her husband has been undergoing psychiatric treatment at a sanitarium near Columbus, Ohio.

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On 10-17-64 at Cleveland, Ohio File # 62-1848  
by ASAC JOHN J. CONEYS/cmh Date dictated 10-19-64

(1)

Date October 21, 1964

[redacted] advised ASAC JOHN J. CONEYS, RONALD SZEGO, U.S. Secret Service, and SA GROVER C. TWINER that he has known [redacted] since the late 1930's when he attended Ohio State University. At that time, [redacted] was working as a Laboratory Assistant in the Chemistry Department.

[redacted] described [redacted] as being very brilliant in the scientific field, but lacks discretion in that he makes rash statements without realizing their consequences. He also stated that [redacted] was sent to the Lima State Hospital for the criminally insane by the court in Columbus, Ohio, in the early 1940's. This was an outgrowth of an incident which involved a woman that turned out to be a "street walker". Also at the present time, [redacted] is undergoing psychiatric treatment at the Harding Sanitarium in Columbus, Ohio. [redacted] and his wife came to his, [redacted] home on their return trip to Toronto, Canada. He usually stops by his home whenever he is in the area.

[redacted] stated that [redacted] father, who was a wealthy man, died recently leaving considerable money to [redacted] who is now spending as if it were "going out of style."

He stated that [redacted] is mad at Mr. J. EDGAR HOOVER because he, [redacted] was denied security clearance for a place that he was working and felt that Mr. HOOVER was the cause of his not getting it. [redacted] said he testified before an Atomic Energy Commission hearing in Chicago on [redacted] behalf some years ago.

[redacted] according to [redacted] will write, telephone or otherwise communicate with prominent individuals, including some of the world's top scientists without giving it a second thought. He further described him as erratic and irresponsible, but harmless. He said he is forever getting into a jam by breaking traffic laws. He also stated that [redacted] carries a Beckman Spectrophotometer around in his car and will set it up and run tests for anyone who would ask for such. He knows that [redacted] has a

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On 10/17/64 at Cleveland, Ohio File # Cleveland 62-1848

by ASAS JOHN J. CONEYS, SA GROVER C. TWINER  
and Secret Service Agent RONALD SZEGO/mlr Date dictated 10/19/64  
 :dim

CV 62-1848

(2)

number of patents and a number of patents pending in various processes that he has developed. He does not believe that  would harm President JOHNSON as he speaks very highly of him and appears to have a great deal of respect for him.

DL 89-43

RE: WILLIAM ROBERT HANLY



BU 62-1827  
DL 89-43  
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WILLIAM ROBERT HANLY

The following investigation was conducted by SA  
ROBERT G. AULENBACHER at Rochester, N.Y. WILLIAM ROBERT HANLY

By letter dated July 10, 1964, Mr. WILLIAM R. HANLY,  
1255 Ridgeway Avenue, Rochester 15, N.Y., communicated with  
the Honorable JOHN B. CONNALLY, Governor, Austin, Texas.  
The letter is on the stationary of an organization described  
as "The Mothers and Childrens Protective Society, 1255  
Ridgeway Avenue, Rochester 15, N.Y." The letter is quoted  
as follows:

"This is one of those things you'll never  
believe. At least you wouldn't if I didn't have  
the evidence to prove it.

"I was present in the Senate Committee room  
in May 1930 when your father made a strong demand  
to treat the syphilitic war veterans before they  
became a menace through disease and violence to  
the people. I also have some letters around  
that he wrote to me at that time expressing  
himself very strongly.

"I'm sure he had no idea that his own son  
and the President would be shot by a syphilitic  
ex service man suffering from cerebro-spinal  
syphilis and that he in turn would be killed  
by another cerebro-spinal syphilitic from the  
Armed Forces.

"A LITTLE MEDICAL TREATMENT FOR OSWALD IN  
TIME MIGHT HAVE SAVED THE PRESIDENT AND YOU FROM  
BEING SHOT.

"I haven't had that part reprinted, but I  
have the book around somewhere, in which your  
father said there is no telling how many people  
or who among them will become victims of  
these veterans while they are kept waiting to  
enter the Insane Asylum. HE NEVER DREAMED THAT  
HIS OWN SON WOULD BECOME A VICTIM.

;jrz

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DL 89-43

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"Every one will deny that Oswald and Ruby had syphilis, but I have it from a reliable source. The Armed Forces M. D.s won't want it to be known that their treatment was neglected.

"If you are in position where you dare to tell the nation the truth, I'll send you more information.

"OF COURSE MR. GOLDWATER IS NOT GOING TO LIKE YOU --- FOR THE WHOLE TRUTH WILL DEGLAMORIZE THE MILITARISTS AND MAKE THEM RUN FOR POLITICAL OFFICES ON THEIR MERITS --- INSTEAD OF THEIR UNIFORMS. WE, IN OUR ARMED FORCES HAD THE HIGHEST VENEREAL DISEASE RATE IN THE WORLD -- ELEVEN TIMES THE GERMAN RATE AND TWICE AS HIGH AS THE RUSSIANS, WHO WERE OUR NEAREST COMPETITORS FOR THE 'HONOR.'

"For the sake of the mothers and children, I hope to hear from you."

Attached to the above letter were thirteen (13) enclosures consisting of copies of letters regulations of the Veterans Administration, excerpts from what appears to be Congressional Hearings and pamphlets. None of the enclosures make any reference directly or indirectly to the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY nor to the individual or individuals responsible therefore. The enclosures refer exclusively to the possible causes, the results, and the prevalence of venereal diseases among former members of the United States Armed Forces. They also refer to various regulations of the Veterans Administration relative to its policy of treating and curing, and caring for members of the Armed Forces who have contracted a venereal disease. Typewritten notations on the margins and sometimes in the body of the enclosures are highly critical of the Veterans Administration and of the American Legion which is referred to as "American Leagh'n."

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On October 12, 1964, it was determined through physical observation that the residence of 1255 Ridgeway Avenue, Rochester 15, N.Y., was deserted.

On October 16, 1964, it was determined that WILLIAM HANLY, formerly of 1255 Ridgeway Avenue, Rochester, N.Y., had moved to 470 Augustine Street, also Rochester, N.Y. He was telephonically contacted on October 16, 1964, at which time arrangements were made with Mr. HANLY to interview him at his new residence in connection with his letter quoted above.

On the morning of October 19, 1964, Mr. WILLIAM HANLY, above, telephonically contacted the Rochester Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and advised that he did not desire to be interviewed at 2:00 PM that afternoon in accordance with arrangements previously agreed upon because he had since consulted with his attorney, whom he did not identify, who advised him that he should not be contacted or interviewed. This information by HANLY was telephonically furnished to SA EUGENE A. HEVERON.

A review of the files of the Buffalo Office disclosed the following information relative to WILLIAM HANLY:

A civil complaint was filed on behalf of WILLIAM ROBERT HANLY in the United States District Court for the Western District of New York on April 11, 1949, alleging permanent and total disability from on or about September 15, 1922. This complaint was filed under the War Risk Insurance Act. This matter was heard before the United States District Court Judge HAROLD P. BURKE in the Western District of New York at Rochester, N.Y., during the July 1950 term of court. Upon completion of this trial Judge BURKE ruled as follows:

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BU 62-1827

DL 89-43

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HANLY did not become permanently and totally disabled on or prior to August 9, 1925, the date of expiration of the insurance protection. He was substantially and gainfully employed periodically since that time. The plaintiff is not entitled to recover under the insurance policy and the complaint should be dismissed on its merits.

During the course of the investigation the following information was obtained:

WILLIAM HANLY first enlisted in the United States Navy on April 4, 1907, and was honorably discharged April 3, 1911. He re-enlisted May 5, 1911, and was dishonorably discharged by reason of a general court-martial on August 14, 1915. He re-enlisted on April 17, 1917, and was honorably discharged March 14, 1919. He was protected under the insurance policy until August 9, 1925. On April 6, 1931, he filed a claim with the Veterans Administration alleging that he had been permanently and totally disabled since March 17, 1919. The Veterans Administration denied the claim on March 17, 1949. At the time of his enlistment in 1917, no disability was noted and when discharged in 1919, no disability was noted except a [REDACTED]. HANLY alleged in numerous letters to the Veterans Administration and the Monroe County American Legion permanent and total disability as a result of contracting syphilis through an experiment conducted by a Doctor ROBERT A. BACHMAN, United States Navy, while in the Navy and while in the line of duty. HANLY was arrested October 30, 1946, at Rochester, New York on a charge of libel in that he denounced former United States Senator JAMES MEAD as having contracted syphilis. After a brief observation at the Rochester State Hospital, he was released and the libel charge was dismissed.

Some neighbors described HANLY as not being well and having a peculiar personality with an extreme dislike for the American Legion. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] This doctor stated he would not describe HANLY as a well man, nor does he consider him generally employable. He does consider him employable to a limited degree and believes him capable of handling a job of a routine nature, but would not consider him capable of handling a job requiring exactness or initiative.

DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

RE: MOHAMED LAKHMIRI

1

DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

*LIST*

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agent JOHN V. KNUDSON:

AT SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS:

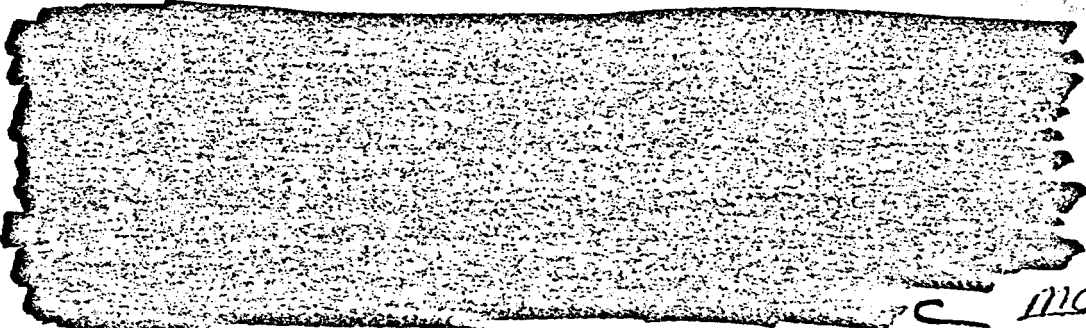
*1111220*

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

DL 89-43  
SA 89-67



MOROCCO  
TLRS

On October 17, 1964, [redacted] Special Agent, Office of Special Investigations, Lackland Air Force Base, advised that records at Lackland Air Force Base reflect that MCHAMED LAKHMIRI is an aviation cadet with the Moroccan Air Force, Number 4070. MOR, on Special Orders 152 at Lackland Air Force Base, dated August 31, 1964, to train for fifteen weeks in language training and fifty-five weeks in flight training. Mr. CUNNINGHAM furnished the following description which was obtained from the records at Lackland Air Force Base:

<u>Date of birth:</u>	1939, no day or month shown
<u>Place of birth:</u>	Not indicated
<u>Height:</u>	5 ft. 8 in.
<u>Weight:</u>	154 pounds
<u>Hair:</u>	Brown
<u>Eyes:</u>	Brown.

Medical records at Lackland Air force Base, Texas, according to [redacted] reflected on September 29, 1964, LAKHMIRI went to Wilford Hall Hospital, complaining of poor sleeping habits, pain in his throat, and difficulty in breathing. A note on these records indicates the patient himself said he would like to stay in the hospital a few days "because I don't sleep very well."

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DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

[redacted] advised that on October 12, 1964, Special orders MC 745 were issued by the Secretary of the Air Force and stated that LAKHMIRI was invited to depart on October 18, 1964, from Lackland Air Force Base to New York City, reporting not later than 7:15 p.m., October 18, 1964, to the John F. Kennedy International Airport for departure to his homeland, Rabat, Morocco, departing at 9:15 p.m., October 18, 1964, aboard Pan American Airlines, Flight 152.

On October 17, 1964, at 7:33 p.m., Mr. LUIS M. BENAVIDES, Agent in Charge, U. S. Secret Service, San Antonio, was furnished the above information.

On October 17, 1964, at 4:10 p.m., Mr. ERWIN MEURIN, Immigration and Naturalization Service, San Antonio, Texas, was furnished the above information.

Subsequently, on October 17, 1964, [redacted] (supra) advised LAKHMIRI was admitted this date at Wilford Hall Hospital and is presently in the Psychiatric Ward and is being examined. He is under Air force Guard. Mr. CUNNINGHAM advised that LAKHMIRI had become violent and was given a sedative.

[redacted] related that hospital authorities are now trying to make arrangements to have him evacuated by air to the east coast and then to his home in Morocco. It is not known when these arrangements will be completed and when the examination will be finished. [redacted] stated that LAKHMIRI was in no condition to be interviewed at this time.



DL 89-43  
SA 89-67

The following investigation was conducted by  
Special Agents JOHN M. KEMMY and JOHN V. KNUDSON;

AT SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS:

On October 30, 1964, MOHAMED LAKHMIRI was interviewed, and he advised that he knew nothing about the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY and that he had no comments to make on that matter.

LAKHMIRI advised that at times he becomes very depressed and does not remember or recall anything he says or does during these periods of depression.

On October 30, 1964, [REDACTED] Hospital, Lackland Air Force Base, Texas, advised that although LAKHMIRI is not psychotic, he is mentally unbalanced.

On November 2, 1964, [REDACTED], Special Agent, Office of Special Investigations, Lackland Air Force Base, Texas, advised that MOHAMED LAKHMIRI was air-evacuated out of Lackland Air Force Base, Texas, at 1:00 p.m., October 31, 1964, destined for Rabat, Morocco.