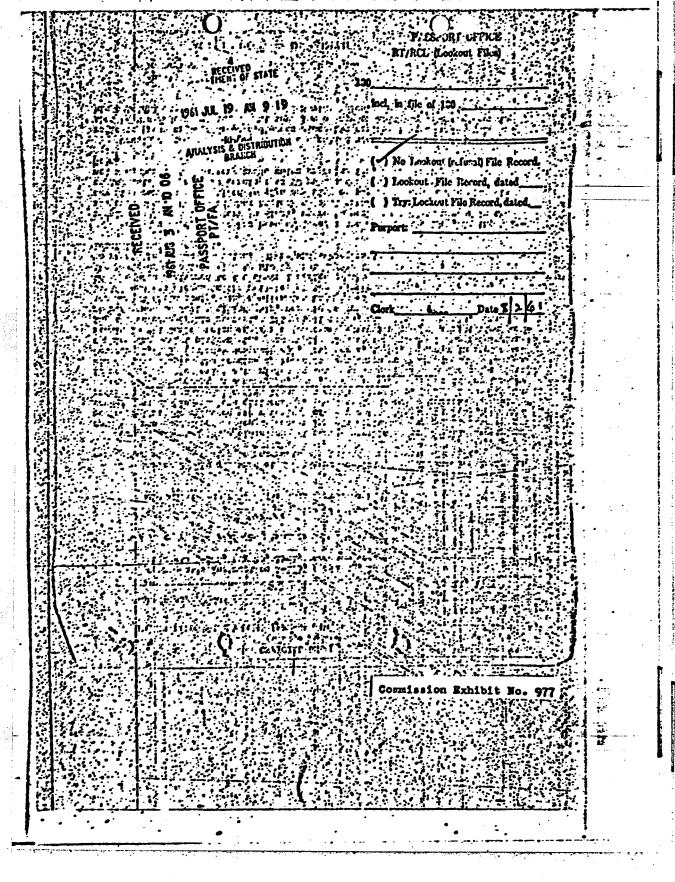
OFFICIAL USE ONLY fectity Charifedina) DESPATCI \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Anosidas of YOSCON THE DEPARTMENT Department's Instruction A-173, April 13, 1961; Enhany's D-806, Fay 26, 1961, same subjects EUL-5 5C5-2 INR-9 -= 1 **Z**TIO DDT. Dept CIA-10 • 2 the Only 7-19 CITIZENSHIP AND PASSPORTS: Los Barvey Onnald BUR HEET Les Enver COMAID appeared at the Embassy on July 8 on Mis own initia connection with his desire to return to the United States with his wife. Osvald executed the enclosed questionnaire pertaining to possible expetriating Osvald executed the enclosed quistionnairs pertaining to possible experiating acts and was questioned at length concerning his activities since entering the Soviet Union. No evidence was revealed "of any act on his part which might have caused loss of his American eitisenship. He exhibited Soviet internal "statelass" passport (vid na shitelatvo diya litza bez grandmanstva) No. 311179 issued by the Koscow city government on January Hi, 1900, which is prive facie evidence that be is regarded by the Soviet authorities as not possessing Soviet citizenship. Grand is that denoits the wording of the statement which be handed to the Echasav en as regarded by the Soviet authorities as not possessing Soviet citizenship. Ornald stated that despite the wording of the statement which he handed to the Echassy on October 31, 1959 (Enhassy despatch 23k, November 2, 1959), he never in fact actually applied for Soviet citizenship. His application at that time was for permission to remain in the Soviet Union and for a temporary extension of his tourist visa pende-ing the outcome of his request. This application, according to Durald contained. less" internal passports Osvald stated that he has been employed since January 13, 1960, in the Pale russian Radio and TV Fretory in Minsk, where he works as a motal worker in the research shop. He stated that he took no oath or affirmation or allegiance of any kind nor was he required to sign any kind of papers in connection with his any kind nor was as required to sign any kind of papers in connection with his exployment. He gave his earnings as 50 rubles per month. He stated that he is not a member of the factory trade union organization, never having been asked to Join. • :.. Osvald stated that he had pever been called upon to make any statements for radio or press or to address audiences since his arrival in the Soviet Union and that he has rade no statements at any time of any exploitable nature concerning his original docision to reside in the Soviet Union. 1 OFFICIAL DEL COLY DEPARTMENT OF ACTION COPY -4 Exhibit Yn. -100 · • Co. ission Exhibit No. • •



been interviewed briefly in his room at the Metropole Botel in France Bode Boscowe . third day after his arrival in the Soviet Union by a reporter from Andio Mescowe . The reportor represented Misself as seeking comments from Amorican tourists on their impressions of Moscow. Orvald stated that he made no more than a few ... spearance at the Embassy on October 31, 1959, to the effect that he would will-incly make available to the Soviet Daion such information as he had acquired as : a radar operator in the Karine Corps, Oswald stated that he was never in fact subjected to any questioning or briefing by the Soviet authoritics concerning ... his life or experiences prior to entering the Soviet Union, and never provided such information to any Soviet organ. He stated that he doubted in fact that he would have given such information if requested despite his statements made at the Enhange

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Osvald indicated some anciety as to whether, should be return to the United States, he would face possible lengthy imprisonment for his act of remaining in . the Soviet Union. Oswald was told informally that the Enbossy did not perceive, on the basis of information in its possession, on what grounds he might be sub-ject to conviction leading to punishment of such severity as he apparently had in mind. It was electly stated to him, however, that the Enbassy could give him no assurance as to whether spen his desired in roturn to the United States he might be liable to prosecution for offenses cornitted in violation of laws of the United States or of any of its States. Oswald said he understood this. Xe had simply felt that in his own interest he could not go back to the United States if it meant returning to a muther of years in prison, and had delayed approach-ing Soviet authorities concerning doparting from the Soviet Union until he whad . this end of the thing straightened out."

Ouvald was married on April 30, 1961, to Marina Kikolasvna FUSAEOVA, 8 dental technician. He is atterpting to arrange for his wife to join him in Moscow so that she can appear at the Enbassy for a visa interview in the mext day or two.

Gevald intends to institute an application for an exit visa irrediately upon his return to Minsk within the next few days. His American passport was returned to his for this purpose after having been accorded to be valid for direct return to the United States only. The possession of a foreign passport er similar travel document is typically a prerequisite to being permitted to file an application for a Soviet exit visa, and it was felt that there was little prospect that Oscald could accorplish anything with the Soviet efficials concarned unless he displayed his American passport. Oswald's present passport expires on September 10, 1561, and it is our intention not to renew it without the Department's prior approval of the enclosed reneval application, and then enly upon evidence of a present need for the reneval in connection with his. efforts to return to the United States. 

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