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make available to them information about his Marine Corps speciality when he became a Soviet citizen.

Commission Exhibit No.

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On June 5, 1962, a review of the files of the Passport Office of the U. S. Department of State (USDS), revealed that by a personal letter dated January 30, 1961, addressed to the Secretary of the Navy, subject advised he was preparing to return to the United States of America and wished to have rectified the "gross injustice" done to him by the U. S. Marine Corps (USMC) in giving to subject a "belated dishonorable discharge." Subject also stated in his letter he had received an honorable discharge after three years service on September 11, 1959. In his letter, subject asserted he was still a citizen and alleged he had gone to the Soviet Union to reside only for a "short time."

The files of the Passport Office further revealed that subject had been released under honorable conditions to inactive duty in the U.S. Marine Corps Reserve on September 11, 1959, with obligated reserve service until December 8, 1962. On August 17, 1960, subject was given an undesirable discharge from the U. S. Marine Corps Reserve by reason of unfitness.

This review of the files of the Passport Office also revealed a USDS memorandum dated May 4, 1962, stating that on the basis of evidence, subject had not expatriated himself under the pertinent laws of the United States.

A review of the files of the Passport Office of the USDS, Washington, D. C., on August 22, 1961, concerning subject revealed the following information:

By letter dated May 1961 to the American Embassy, Moscow, USSR, subject advised he had no intention of returning to the United States unless he were given a guarantee that he would not be prosecuted for any act pertaining "to this case." Subject also indicated he had married a Russian girl born in Leningrad, Russia, and wanted to bring her to the United States with him.

This review of the files of the Passport Office also revealed that on July 8, 1961, subject appeared at the American Embassy in Moscow at which time he stated he was employed in the Belo Russian Radio and Television Factory, Minsk, Russia, as a metal worker, in the research shop. Subject stited he took no oath of allegiance of any kind to the Soviet Union nor was he required to sign any paper in connection with his employment. He gave his earnings as 90 rubles a month. Subject also stated he was married on April 30, 1961, to MARIAN NIKOLAEVNA PUSAKOVA, a dental technician. Subject stated his intention to apply for an exit visa immediately upon his return to Minsk. He said he

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desired to bring his wife with him to the United States.

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This review of the files of the Passport Office also revealed that on July 10, 1961, subject executed an "Application for Renewal of Passport," at the American Embassy in Loscow. His residence at that time was USSR, Ulipsa Kalinina 4, Apartment 24, Minsk. This renewal application indicated that subject was issued U. S. Passport No. 1733242 on September 10, 1959, at Washington, D. C. Subject's renewal application was referred to the State Department for consideration and decision.

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This review of the files of the Passport Office also reflected that by memorandum dated August 18, 1961, the State Department had authorized the American Embassy in Moscow to renew subject's passport for direct travel to the United States.

A review of the files of the Passport Office on the USDS, Washington, D. C., on January 29, 1962, revealed the following information:

In a letter of July 15, 1961, to the American Embassy in Moscow, subject advised he was continuing his efforts to obtain an exit visa for his wife and for himself.

By letter dated "August 1961," to the American Embassy in Noscow, subject furnished a copy of his marriage certificate and a copy of his wife's birth certificate.

By letter dated August 8, 1961, to the American Embassy in Moscow, subject inquired if it would be permissible for him to travel through Poland by train after leaving Minsk. Subject pointed/Me could not afford to fly from Moscow to New York City. Ee added he believed he could catch a military flight to the United States from Berlin, Germany.

By letter dated October 4, 1961, to the American Embassy, in Moscow, subject asked the Embassy to assist him in obtaining exit visas from the Soviet authorities.

U. S. Department of State Operation's memorandum dated January 16, 1962, at the American Embassy in Moscow, pointed out that a letter dated January 5, 1962, was received from subject stating he expected to receive an exit visa within 45 days. This memorandum also pointed out that the American Embassy in Moscow had been formally notified by the Soviet Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the issuance of a foreign passport and an exit visa to subject's wife.

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On September 18, 1961, ROBERT LEE/OSVALD, the subject's brother at 7313 Davenport Street, Fort Worth, who is a sales 7.4... Worth, stated he had received a letter dated September 10, 1961, from subject who montioned that he was working in an "electrical shop" at Minsk, Russia. Mr. OSVALD advised that subject had hunting. Mr. OSVALD also advised that subject had hunting. Mr. OSVALD also advised that subject had at told his brother that she was a nurse. This girl prior to her marriage to subject resided with an uncle and aunt. Mr. OSVALD stated that from description of subject's wife furnished girl. According to Mr. OSVALD, subject's wife furnished subject's letter was not too optimistic as to his chances of getting indicated his belief that the Russians were "holding up" subject's has been to the United States. Mr. OSVALD also advised that subject's hat belief that the Russians were "holding up" subject's has been "oritical of the Russians were "holding up" subject's has been "oritical of the Russians would allow subject to has been "oritical of the Russians would allow subject to has been "oritical of the Russians would allow subject to has been criticisms.

Commission Exhibit No. 823

On October 13, 1961, Mrs. MARGUERITE C. OSWALD, 1808 Lagle Street, Apartment No. 3, Vernon, Texas, advised that about two months previously she had received from her son, the subject, a letter in which he advised that he and his wife had been to Moscow to contact the American Embassy in order to obtain renewal of his passport and obtain permission to return to the United States. In this letter subject indicated that the prospects were good for him to be allowed to return to the United States but he did not know whether his wife would be able to return with him. Subject indicated he would not return unless she were allowed to accompany him. Mrs. OSWALD advised she had not received a letter from subject for a period of about six weeks and had begun to think he might be on his way home even though he had not told her for sure he was going to return home mor had he furnished the date on which he might arrive. Mrs. OSWALD also stated she had received another letter about a week before October 13, 1961, from her son, the subject, who made no reference whatever to his trip to Noscow or to his returning home. In this letter subject stated he was"Okey" Mrs. OSVALD stated she had no information as to whether or not subject and his wife were going to be allowed to return to the United States. She had no idea when they might be permitted to leave the Soviet Union.

By letter dated October 19, 1961, L. A. MACK, Officer in Charge, Immigration and Naturalization Service (I&NS), 1100 Main Street, Dallas, Texas, advised that subject, of Apartment

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No. 4 Kalinin Street, Minsk, Russia (File No. Al2530645), had filed a petition for a non-quota immigrant visa in bohalf of his wife, MARINA N. P. OSWALD, a native and citizon of Russia, According to Mr. MACK, subject had listed his occupation as electrical technician and his former address as 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas.

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On February 28, 1962, HENRY KUPIEC, Foreign Adjudications Division, Passport Office, USDS, advised that subject, by a letter dated January 16, 1962, to the American Embassy in Moscow had advised he would not consider returning to the United States alone for any reason as it appeared to him that his passport would be confiscated upon his return. Subject also forwarded to the American Embassy an affidavit for support of his wife.

On March 27, 1962, Mrs. FRANCES VAN COTT, Office of Special Consular Services, USDS, advised that subject had filed an application for a repatriation loan at the American Embassy in Moscow on February 24, 1962. Subject indicated his desire to return to the United States with his alien wife and a one-month old child. Subject had \$200.00 of his own money. The USDS approved a loan about March 1, 1962, for subject in the amount of \$500 for minimum accommodations. Mrs. VAN COTT also advised that subject's wife, MARINA NIKOLAEVNA PRUSKOVA, was having difficulty obtaining an American visa.

On March 29, 1962, WILLIAM ABBOTT, Office of Security, USDS, advised his files reflected information to the effect that Staff Sergeant JOHN EDVARD PIC, AF 11313239, had on February 12 and 16, 1962, reported receipt of a letter from his half-brother, ROBERT L. OSWALD, 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas, concerning subject of this case. Sergeant PIC reported subject was expected to return to the United States in the Spring of 1962 and subject would be traveling with his Russian wife who had recently acquired a visa to enter the United States. Sergeant PIC stated he was unable to determine from ROBERT OSWALD's letter whether the purpose of subject's travel to the United States was to re-establish a permanent residence or to visit on a temporary basis. Sergeant PIC advised that he, PIC, is scheduled to return to the United States in July of 1962 but he does not know the location of his next assignment. Sergeant PIC also advised that subject might possibly visit him at his next duty station and that if this occurred, Sgt. PIC would notify his superiors at his station concerning the visit. Sergeant PIC also advised that his cousin, ... MARILYN MURRETT, U. S. citizen, formerly employed in Japan as a school teacher in 1959, has since departed Japan. Sergeant PIC did not know the current address of MURRETT, or whether she had been corresponding with the subject.

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A review conducted on June 5, 1962, of the files of the Special Consular Services, USDS, revealed that by a telegram dated March 7, 1962, the USDS had authorized the American Embassy in Moscow to furnish a repatriation loan to subject to cover the cost of his passage to Now York only.

On May 4, 1962, R. McC. TOMPXINS, Brigadior General, U. S. Marine Corps, advised that subject wrote the following letter dated March 22, 1962:

"LEE H. OSMALD Kalinina St. 4-27 Minsk U.S.S.R. Warch 22, 1962

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"R. MCC. TOMPKINS Brigadier Gen., U.S.M.C. Ass. Direct. of Personnel

"Dear Sirs:

"In reply to your notification of the granting of an Undiresable discharge and your conveying of the process at which at was arrived.

"I would like to point out in direct opposition to your information that I have never taken steps to renounce my U. S. citizenship. Also that the United States State Department has no charges or complaints against me what/so ever.

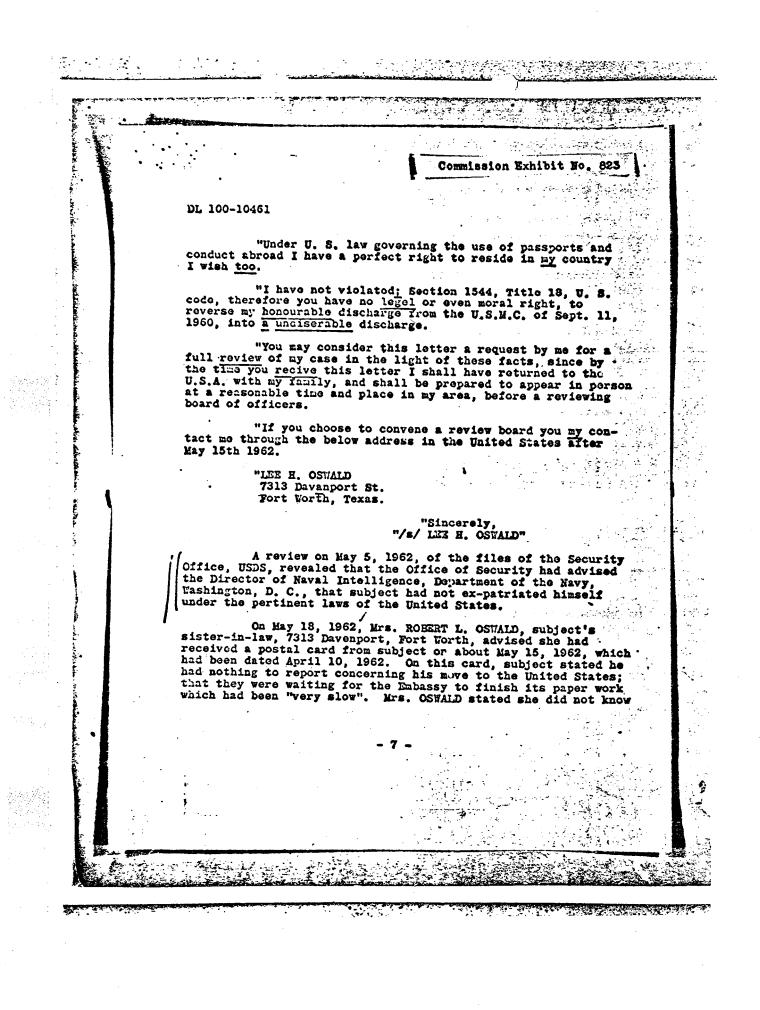
"I refer you to the United States Embassy, Moscow, or the U. S. department of State_ Washington_ D. C., for the verification of This fact.

"Also, I was aware of the finding of the board of officers of 8 August 1960. I was notified by my mother, in December 1962.

"Ky request to the Secretary of the Navy, his referrel to you and your letter to me, did not say anything about a Review, which is what I was trying to arrange.

"You mention 'reliable information' as the basis for the Undiscrable discharge. I have no douth it was newspapers speculation which foreward your 'reliable information'.

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when subject and his family would arrive in Fort Worth. She stated that subject had first set the date for his arrival as stated that subject had first set the date for his arrival as Lay, 1962, but that he had changed it to June, 1962. Lrs. OSWALD advised that her husband had written to subject and invited him to come to Fort Worth. Subject replied to this invitation that he did not know where they would be going. Hrs. OSWALD stated that she got the impression from subject's letters and cards that subject desired to return permanently to the United States. Mrs. OSWALD promised to advise the local FBI office immediately upon subject's arrival at Fort Worth.

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Commission Exhibit No.

On June 4, 1962, Mrs. FRANCES VAN COTT, Office of Special Consular Services, USDS, advised that by a telegram dated May 31, 1962, the U. S. Embassy in Loscow had informed the Department of 1902, the U.S. Empassy in Loscov had informed the Department of State that subject, his wife and child planned to depart Moscow, Russin, on June 1, 1962, for Rotterdam, Holland, where they would board "Marsdam" on June 4, 1962. The SS "Marsdam" was scheduled to arrive in New York, New York, June 6, 1962. The Department of State had notified subject's mother by letter relative to this schedule.

In the "Fort Worth Star Telegram," evening edition, a daily newspaper, Fort Worth, Texas, on June 8, 1952, there a daily newspaper, Fort Worth, Texas, on June 8, 1952, there a daily howspaper, fort worth, texas, on only of the paper, and a photograph of subject and a headline, "Ex-Marine Reported on Way Back from Russia." This article stated that subject, a former U. S. Larine, who denounced his American citizenship to become a Russian, was reported June 8, 1962, to be en route home. This article went on to state that subject be en route home. This article went on to state that subject had turned in his American passport October 31, 1959, at the Embassy in Koscow, saying he would "never return to the United States for any reason." This article further quoted subject as having later told American newspaper men that leaving the United States "was like getting out of prison." This article also contained the following information: It quoted subject's sister-in law, Mrs. R. L. OSWALD, 7313 Davenport, as saying her husband had received frequent letters from his brother indicating he was anxious to return to this country. She said she and members of the anxious to return to this country. She said she and members of the family had not learned that subject was en route home. This articl stated that subject's mother, Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, could not be reached for comment.

This article also stated that subject's appearance at the American Embassy in Moscow came as a shock to his mother and brother; that he had left Fort Worth following his discharge from the Marines, telling his family he was going to New Orleans in search of a job.

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In the "Fort Worth Press," a daily newspaper, Fort Worth, Toxas, issue of June 8, 1962, carried a front-page story to the effect that subject, a former Fort Worth Marine, who once wowed he would "never return to the United States for any reason,"

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This article stated further that United Press International had reported on June 8, 1962, that subject, along with his Russian wife and child had left the Soviet Union within the past ten days and was en route to the United States.

This article further stated that subject's brother, R. L. OSWALD, 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, told the press that he subject regularly. R. L. OSWALD, have been hearing from had wanted to come back for sometime but that he had not heard that subject had left Russia.

This article further stated that subject had arrived in Koscow in November, 1959, two months after his release from active duty in the Marine Corps; that subject had been refused Soviet citizenship at the time but that he was allowed to live in Russia as a "resident alien." Subject was reported to have been a student while in the Soviet Union, possibly at Minsk.

This article went on to say that subject was never granted Soviet citizenship and that he is believed to have retained his American citizenship. This article stated that several days after subject arrived in Moscow in 1959, his mother called him long distance and at that time subject refused to talk to her. She did not hear from him again until a letter came January 6, 1960. According to this article, when subject first went to Russia he told newsmen he was a worker and wanted to live in a workers country

This article further quoted that subject said "I would not want to live in the United States and be either a worker exploited by capitalists or a capitalist exploiting workers or become unemployed." This article also quoted subject as having said "I could not be happy living under capitalism."

This article went on to quote subject as saying/his own personal experiences in civil and military life had shown him the correctness of communist theories.

This article also quoted subject as having said he began studying communism when his family was living in New Orleans, Louisiana; that he had discovered a book in the library titled "Das Kapital," by KARL MARX. This article also quoted subject as having stated that he had joined the Marine corps at age 17 because

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he felt he could not get a job and because he wanted to relieve the financial burden of the family. This article also quoted subject as having Buid that when he left America it was like "getting out of prison." This article concluded by saying that when subject had visited his family shortly after his release from the Karine Corps he had talked optimistically about the future and that some of his plans had included going to college, writing a book or joining CANTRO's Cuban Army.

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On June 22, 1962, ALISTAR McDONALD, Assistant Manager, Cabin-Tourist Department, Holland-America Line, 29 Broadway, New York, New York, advised that the records of Holland-America Line reflect that subject, his wife and child arrived in the United States on June 13, 1962, aboard the SS Maasdam at Hoboken, New Jersey. Subject, his wife and child travoled tourist class and were destined to 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas.

On June 22, 1962, the records of Immigration and Naturalization Service (IANE), 20 West Broadway, New York, New York, revealed that subject, his wife and child, IANS file No. Al2003725, arrived in the United States aboard the SS Maasdam on June 13, 1962. This file reflected that subject had U. S. Passport No. 1733242, that his daughter, JUNE, born February 15, 1952, at Kinsk, UCER, had the same passport and that subject's wife, MARINA NIKOLAEVIA OCUALD, had Ressian Passport KY 37790. Subject was admitted as a U. S. citizen with a renewed U. S. Passport. MARINA NIKOLAEVIA OSUALD was admitted with an M-1 Lumigrant Visa as the spouse of a U. S. citizen. This M-1 Immigrant Visa was issued at Noscew on May 24, 1962.

On June 22, 1962, FREDERICX J. VIEDERSHEIM, Inspector, IANS, advised he had interviewed subject upon the latter's arrival in the United States and that subject had said that he was employed as a mechanic in Russia; that he had threatened to renounce his U. S. citizenship but never carried through with the threat, never woted in Russia and held no position in the Russian Government.

On June 26, 1962, Mrs. ROBERT L. OSTALD, sister-in-law to subject, 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, stated the subject, his wife and child had arrived in Fort Worth on June 14, 1962, and that they were currently residing at 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth. Mrs. OSTALD stated she had not notified the local FBI office of subject's arrival in Fort Worth for the reason that the family had been harrassed by newspaper reporters and that for that reason subject did not desire to leave his residence.

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. 4 ......  $\sim 2$ - · · · 1995 - A.S. #\*\* 5 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION \*PD-JAL (Rev. 1-21-60) . : ... •• Commission Exhibit No. 823 3 7/6/62 Date \_\_\_ 100 LDE MARVEY OSUALD currently resides at 7313 Devenport, Fort North, Toxas, with his wife, MARENA and daughter JUNE LDE OSWALD, OSWALD is unemployed bat is socking work at Fort Worth. OSUMED and his family arrived in Fort Forth on June 14, 1032. He stated they loft Holland June 4, 1032, by the S3 Hausdan, and arrived in New York City June 13, 1032, and flew to Love Field, Dallas, Texas, where they arrived on June 14, 1962. CSUALD stated that he borrowed approximately \$405.00 from the American Embassy with which to make the trip to the United States. OSWALD declined to answer the question as to why he made the trip to Russin in the first place. In a show of temper he stated he did not care to "relive the past." 47 Side in a sur-During most of the interview, OSWALD exhibited an impatient and arrogant attitude. OSWALD finally stated that Soviet officials had asked him upon his arrival why he had come to Fussia. OSWALD stated that he told them, "I came because I wanted to." OSWALD added that he went to Fussia to "see the 5 country." ۰. OSWALD advised that newspaper reports which have appeared in the public press from time to time are highly emaggerated and in the public picks that the novepaper reports had pictured him intrue. He stated that the novepaper reports had pictured him as out of sympathy with the United States and had had bin look attractive to the Eussians. OLEAD stated that by reason of such rowspaper reports he had received beiter treatment by the Soviets than he otherwise would have received. OSUALD stated that upon his arrival in Russia in October, 1959, he was sout inmediately to Minsk, Bucsia, where Lo was given a job as a metal vorker in a television factory. He stated that he spont his time reading blueprints and translating blueprint instructions into the finished product. He advised that he canned eighty rubles per month which was the equivalent of about \$72.00 per month in American money. He advised that he was pormitted to reside at Minsk as a "resident alien." OSWALD stated that he was able to speak the Bussian language upon his arrival. He explained that while he was in File #\_100-10461 6/25/62 at Fort Forth, Texas TO'L CARTER and JOHN F. PATE /jegDate dictated \_\_\_\_7/2/62 8 9 B - 21 -This document contains activer recommondations nor conclusions of the PBI. It is the property of the PBI and is located to your agency; it and its contains are not to be distributed suinide your agency. **b**w \_ Ŀ - - 1 g · · · · The second second đ. 1 Υ. A HANN 17. 

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the U.S. Marino Corps in California he had studied and wastered the Russian language by solf instruction.

OCTAND Conied that he has ever been a newbor of the Communist Farty in the United States. Is denied that he want to Russin because of his lack of sympathy for the institutions of Statem or because of an admiration for the Russin and statement of the had read books by MARL MARKING a resident of New Orleans, Louisiana, but he stated that we was morely interested in the economic theories.

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OSUALD declined to explain what he meant when he wrote his mother while on route to Russia that his "values" and these of his mother and brother were different.

OSUMID stated he does not know where his birth cortificate is and he denied that he took same to Russia with him.

OSLAND denied that he had remounced his United States citizenship and stated that he did not seek Soviet citizenship while in Russia. CSLAID stated that he was never approached by the Soviet officials in an attempt to pull information from him concorning his experiences while a number of the U.S. Harine Corps. COMMED also stated that he was not recruited at any time while in Russia by the Soviet Intelligence. He stated that he node no deal with the Soviets in order to obtain permission to return to the United States. He stated that the Soviets made it very difficult for him to obtain permission for his wife to leave Russia, and that the process of obtaining permission for her to leave was a long, difficult course requiring much paper work. To stated that no attempt was made by the Soviets at any time gave the Soviets any information which would be used in a detrimental very gainst the United States. He stated that the Soviets never sought any such information from him. OSTALD denied that he at any time while in Russia had offered to reveal to the Soviets any time while in Russia had offered to reveal to the Soviets any time while in Russia her offered to reveal to the Soviets any time while in Russia her offered to reveal to the Soviets

OCWALD stated that his wife's passport, a Russian passport, No. KY37750, requires that the give notice to the Soviet Embassy in the United States as to her address while in the United States. OSWALD stated that the passport also requires her to make reports as to her whereabouts periodically. OSWALD stated that he plans to contact the Soviet Embassy in Washington, D. C., within a few days for the purpose of notifying the Soviet Embassy of his wife's current address.

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1 S. 1. L. VIXAN 12.5 ..... ÷. . . • : i t. , Commission Exhibit No. 823 ..... DL 100-10401 • ţ, ŝ OBMALD stated that in the event he is contacted by Soviet Intolligence under suspicious circumstances or other- % Į. ţ, viso, he will promptly comunicate with the FDI. Is stated that he holds no brief for the Russians or the Eucaica system. E. OCWALD stated that his wife, MARINA, spoaks no the second state of 1 He advised that she resided with an uncle and an sunt at Minsk, Russia. He advised that she has a half-brother and two half-cisters in Leningrad, Russia; however, OSWALD declined to fur-nish the names of any of his wife's relatives, stating that he foared that some harm might come to them in the event he revealed their names. CSWALD advised that his daughter, JUNE LEE OSWALD, was born February 15, 1962, at Kinsk, Russia. Section 200 OSWAID furnished the following description of his wife: ÷ EARINA NICHILYENA OSWALD Namo Eace Thite Sox Femals 20 074 ÷ July 17, 1941, at Armangles (city near the White Sea) Birth Date 51 5" Eeight Veight 105 1bs. Eluo Lyes Lair Prova JUNE LEE OSWALD, ago four months Children t The following description of OSWALD was obtained through observation and interrogation: LEE HARVEY OSVALD Kane Thite Race Sex Lale 22 Age October 18, 1939, at New Orleans, Birth Data Louisiana 5' 11" Height . 150 lbs. Weight ţ 1 3 4 245×È Sec. 12. 

. --Salat Land -42 g. : · . Ľ 823 Commission Exhibit No.  $\mathbf{a}$ and sime to DL 100-10431 25 Z Eyes Lair Father Groy 🧠 Groy Erown RODERT EDWARD OSTAID, (native of New Orleans, Louislans), docenned August, 1933 HARGAMET CLAVIER OSTALD, nos Clavier (native of New Orleans, Louisiann), currently resides at Vernon, Toxas ROPERT LEE OSTALD, 7313 Daven-port, Fort Worth, Toxas JOHN EDWARD PIC, U. S. Air Force, Japan 25 Lothor Erother 230 Eali-brother an sin An opp \* 32 4 1 100 ¥... A ٦. and a start of the ÷ Sec. Sec. . The second by the second نيني: ريني j, ċ. Ę. 33 Ę. <u>.</u> 

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