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Writing about his dispute with the Kennedy family, he says: "No one has the right to distort the past. No fact, however disagrecable, may be expunged from the record."

This, he says, is why he fought the suit filed by Mrs.

fought the suit filed by Mrs. Kennedy to prevent the publi-cation of "The Death of a Pres-ident" by Harper & Row and its serialization by Look. However, even before that, Mr. Manchester says, he was involved with two other books that disturbed. Mrs. Kennedy. One was "Kennedy" by Theo-dere C. Sorensen, the other "A. Thousand Days" by Arthur M. Schlesinger Jr. Both men had been advisers to President Ken-nedy and both were writing nedy and both were writing about his Administration.

Mr. Manchester says he tried to persuade Mr. Sorensen not to change his manuscript simply to please the Kennedys, but that "Ted took the easy way, giving way on point after point and weakening what would have been a great volume."

Says Schlesinger Ballad

Mr. Schlesinger, he says, hid-not give way, which an-noyed Mrs. Kennedy. Mr. Man-chester says that he subsequentenester says mat he subsequent-ly wrote to Mrs. Kennedy, with-out mentioning Mr. Schlesinger's name, and told her that it was unwise to tamper with history. unwise to tamper with history. He says that Mrs. Kennedy "understood me clearly" and that she wrote to him and said she knew he had been "a com-fort to Arthur." Mr. Manchester is certain, he says, that he helped "A Thousand Days" to-ward publication.

Mr. Manchester had been anthorized by the Kennedys on Etatch 20, 1964, to write an ac-count of the assassination of

count of the assassmation of president Kennedy. For the next, 26 months, he says, he worked long and hard, and often in 61 Martyn his ref OG7n the offices of the Warten Dominis-sion, where he had access to the documents the commission used in its investigation of the used in its investigation of the assassiniation.

Later is says, Chief Justi-Earl Warren "rather canni asked h to read a first dra... of the commission's report and to say, as a friend of the Ken-nedy's, that its findings were acceptable to the family. Mr. Manchester says he felt this would be improve. would be improper.

Saw Two Adventages

* Furthermore, he says, he was not equipped to judge the re-port then. His own investigation was only beginning, and he wanted to explore the full sweep of the assassination, not simply the crime.

While he was intimidated by the thought that he might be competing with the commission, he says, he felt that he had two advantages over it.

The first was that he would

"The first was that he would be working alone. "The single eve sees," he writes, "what the rows of cycs miss." Of the second, he says: "As I knew then, and as the prestigious names of Earl Warren's panel did ittle except glitter; the long hours were put in by junior staff men... I believe I had more investiga-tive experience than any of them."

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Mr. Manchester says he had promised Mr. Warren that he wouldn't visit Texas until after the President had accepted the commission's report. When he finally got to Dallas, where President Krnnedy died, he rays, his connection with the Kennedys was of little help.

" Says He Got Little Help

In fact, he writes, Mrs. Kennedy failed to help him throughout the inquiry, "I can think of only three doors that she actually opened for me," he says, "none of them significant," * None of them significant." * Nonetheless, Mr. Manchester says, he established a social rapport with both the Senator and Mrs. Kennedy, "After nine months and some genite teas-ing" from Mrs. Kennedy, he writes, he began to call her Jackle.

Sachie. Mr. Manchester says that he lived in a "state of continuous shock" for two years as he sought to recreate the death of President Kennedy. He speaks of enduring blow after blow, and he writes that "grief is hardest to bear when it cannot be shared."

Mr. Manchester says that during his research he became during his research he became' a "reservoir of intimate confi-dences" that he was unable to fell anyone except the Ken-nedys, but that their staffs, particularly Mrs. Kennedy's, discouraged him from seeing them. He says he was forced to deal with intermediaries and that this "Byzantine labyrinth" led to Mrs. Kennedy's suit. 'This withdrawat by the Ken-

' This withdrawal by the Kennedys, their failure to under-stand what he was doing, Mr. Manchester says, arose from the grief that left them unable to iew the assassination rationany.

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He cites a telegram the Cf. ator sent to the book's editor at Harper & Row asking him to cancel publication and to tell Mr. Manchester about it.

"And indeed," Mr. Manchester rays, "it is this sheer insanity that explains the Kennedy behavior throughout the contro-versy."

Nonethcless, Mr. Manchester Indicates that he feels no hit-ternicis toward the Konnedys.

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