LA 89-75 JCA:mjg

County Jail revealed that prisoners not assigned to the same tenk cannot talk with each other except possibly at meal time.

Los Angeles files revealed no information identifiable with ALBERTO and records at the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Office and Los Angeles Police Department revealed no information indicating ALBERTO associated with well known persons in criminal activities. Los Angeles Police Department files revealed that ALBERTO has resided in the Los Angeles area for 25 years; was employed as a stone mason and served in the U. S. Navy, period not shown. Los Angeles County Sheriff's Office and Los Angeles Police Department files indicate arrest record for ALBERTO dating back to 1950 for assault, bookmaking, selling without a license and non-sufficient fund checks.

SHELDON S. ALBERT advised that he had become acquainted with RAYMOND FORREST TRELOAR while both were incarcerated at the Los Angeles County Jail, Los Angeles, California, in September, 1962. ALBERT stated that he felt sorry for TRELOAR because he had been convicted on a murder charge and was to be sent to "death row" at San Quentin Prison.

ALBERT said that during one of the many discussions he had with TRELOAR, he said to TRELOAR, "Sure, I'll get you out of jail if you kill Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY."

ALBERT said that he was a "big loud mouth" and had attempted to impress TRELOAR by telling TRELOAR he had connections with the underworld. ALBERT said that he had no underworld connections, and he denied that he had any plans or discussed with anyone in a serious manner, a plan to assassinate Attorney General KENNEDY. ALBERT stated that he did not know anyone who would want to kill Attorney General KENNEDY, or any other individual, and claimed that his conversations with TRELOAR had no basis in fact.

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ALBERT said that at the time he made the above statements he was mentally unstable after having been arrested for issuing insufficient fund checks. He stated he had never known MICKEY COHEN, heard only that BOBBY ADLER and HARRY RUBEN were operators at the Melody Bar in Los Angeles. He said he had never heard of JAKE WOOD from Arizona or NICK

. He knew CARLY RUBEN as being a brother of HARRY RUBEN.

ALBERT characterized TRELOAR as a dangerous man capable of killing. He claimed that during one of their numerous discussions TRELOAR told ALBERT, "I could kill Attorney General KENNEDY with a three hundred rifle".

ALBERT said he came to Los Angeles in 1941 and had been a bookmaker at times while residing in Los Angeles, but he had never worked as such in the East. He said that he always boasted of being friendly with people that he had never met and attributed this to his mental state at the time of his incarceration. When questioned concerning his present mental state, he said, "I am not sure, I think I have gotten better since I have come here, but I'm not sure".

The following investigation was conducted by SA JOHN C. O'NEILL:

Probation Officer KARL HOLTON, in his report dated May 25, 1962, stated that ALBERT was extremely mentally disturbed and in his report of August 24, 1962 stated that ALBERT was confused and dejected and that his wife, MARGIE MC CLUNG/ALBERT, felt that her husband was in need of psychiatric treatment and had the habit of lying. Since his incarceration, his wife has divorced him.

The records of the California Institution for Men, Chino, California, reflect that ALBERT was in custody of the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Office as of August 2, 1962 and he was received at California Institution

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for Men September 25, 1962. These records reflect that he was born March 7, 1931 at Chicago, Illinois; 5'8"; 165 pounds; married in 1955 at Las Vegas, Nevada; served in the U.S. Navy from January 8, 1951 to November 1, 1954 and was honorably discharged.

The San Francisco Office advised the Bureau and Los Angeles on January 7, 1964 that Associate Warden DALE FRADY, San Quentin Prison, California, advised on January 3, 1964, the photograph of ANTHONY ALBERT, CSP No. A 754301, was shown to inmate RAYMOND FORREST TRELOAR, CSP No. A 75553, and that TRELOAR had identified ALBERT as the inmate in the Los Angeles jail, whom he had previously referred to as ALBERTI.

Mr. FRADY advised TRELOAR had requested that he be recontacted by an FBI Agent and indicated to Mr. FRADY that he had some additional information which the FBI might be interested in.

Inmate TRELOAR was recontacted on January 3, 1964, at his specific request, at which time he advised ALBERT, in addition to the names set forth previously, is also for acquainted with VITO GENOVESE; a man named SCALISE (phonetic) from the Detroit and Pennsylvania area, and DOMINIC PALLINO (phonetic), aka Dino, known in and around Chicago and Detroit. TRELOAR indicated he believed that if there is any substance to the information previously received by him from ALBERT, it is possible that GENOVESE, SCALISE and PALLINO might be in on a possible attempt to kill ROBERT KENNEDY. He said ALBERT mentioned these names while they talked, and indicated these men would be able to take care of TRELOAR if TRELOAR accepted ALBERT's offer to kill ROBERT KENNEDY.

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CG 62-6115

RE ALLEGATION AGAINST OCCUPANTS OF APARTMENT 7, 10443 CROWN ROAD, FRANKLIN PARK, ILLINOIS FD-302 [Rev. 1-25-80]

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

	Date April 6, 1964
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THOMAS HARRIS, Allerton Hotalcago, Illinois, legal residence, Irkway, Wauwatosa, Wisconsin, contac	1900 Monomonee River cted the Chicago Office
the Federal Bureau of Investigation d advised he formerly resided at 10	on on December 4, 1963,
ent 6, Franklin Park, Illinois. He	stated that on the
ening of November 26, 1963, or the vember 27, 1963, he overheard the	early morning of couple in Apartment 7.
ich is next to his, having an argu	ment. The husband
emed distressed over their marriage butes of argument, stated "Maybe I	e and alter several ought to shoot the
esident and the cops will take care	e of me."
HARRIS stated he did not k	now the neme of the
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12/4/63 Chicago, SA LEO E. PEDROTTY/rms

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTATION

Date	April	30,	1964

Franklin Park-11.

Note: RONALD CERLVE, 10443 Crown Road, Apartment 7, advised she and her Rusband have lived at that address since November 1, 1963. She recalls during the late evening several days after the assassination of President KENNEDY, she and her husband engaged in an argument in which they probably became a little load. It was a heated argument and she can recall stuething being said similar to the statement he should shoot a President and then the cops would take care of him, however, she cannot recall the exact wording or context of the statement. She is save, however, the statement was made only in a moment of anger and did not contain any actual threat, being rather savething he said in an effort to obtain sympathy from her. He definately did not have anything to do with the assassination and he was in the Chicago area on November 22, 1963.

On 4/29/64 Franklin Park, Illinois File # CG 62-6115

by SA ROPERT F. PEVAHOUSE/cmb Date dictated 4/29/64

JPM:cj \$F 89-58

ALLEGATION REGARDING MONTGOMERY BRALLEY GROVES 791 MISQUALLY DRIVE, SUNNYVALE, CALIFORNIA

On November 22, 1963, Mr. CRAIG WORK of Old Littleton Road, Marvard, Massachusetts, advised he was formerly employed with a MONTGOMERY GROVES at the Lockheed Plant, Sunnyvale, California, which was engaged in missile production. This association took place approximately four years previous to 1963 and GROVES resided on Nisqually Drive, Sunnyvale, California.

According to Mr. WORK, GROVES made the statement that he would gladly shoot the President for a price. WORK stated he did not know if GROVES is currently in California, but when he learned of the assassination of President KENNEDY he immediately recalled this statement by GROVES.

On November 22, 1963, Mr. RICHARD H. NELSON, Eersonnel Department, Lockheed Missile Company, Sunnyvale, California, advised that HONTGOLERY BRALLLY GROVES, 191 Disqually Drive, Sunnyvale, California, was employed at that company on June 15, 1961 as an operations research analyst. GROVES was born August 18, 1928 at Wichita Falls, Texas. According to Mr. NELSON, GROVES is a former captain in the United States Army.

MELSON verified that GROVES had reported to work at the Lockheed Missile Company, Sunnyvale, California, on November 22, 1963 and was at the plant at Sunnyvale, California about 1:00 p.m. on that date.

ALIEGATION REGARDING CARL WILLIAM LINDSEY LAST KNOWN TO BE RESIDING BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

Special Agent in Charge WILLIAM G. SIMON of the Los Angeles Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation advised Special Agent in Charge CURTIS O. LYNUM of the San Francisco Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation

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on November 22, 1963 that he had received information reflecting that the Dallas Police Department had received a telephone call on that date from DORIS ROBERTS, who was telephoning from a bar in Turlock, Stanislaus County, California. ROBERTS reportedly resided at 201 Horth First Street, and the bar she was calling from was Scotty's Bar. According to Special Agent in Charge SIMON, DORIS ROBERTS appeared intoxicated when making this telephone call.

In continuing, SIMON advised that ROBERTS reportedly informed the Dallas Police Department that her son, CARL WILLIAM LINDSEY, whom she last heard from when he went to Birmingham, Alabama, at an undisclosed time, was capable of killing the President of the United States.

On November 22, 1963, Special Agent DANIEL P.
FITZGERALD checked the records of the Turlock, California
Police Department and was informed that DORA EVELYN ROBERTS,
201 North First Street, was known to the Turlock Police
Department as a drunk and a person of generally poor
character.

After a canvass of local bars, DORA EVELYN ROBERTS was located and interviewed on November 22, 1963 and advised as follows:

Her son, CARL WILLIAM LINDSEY, was born December 21, 1940 at Oakman, Alabama. He was last known to be living in Birringham, Alabama. DORA ROBERTS has not seen her son for ten years and he last contacted her by telephone about eighteen months ago.

ports of President KENNEDY's assassination by rifle shots, she recalled her son at one time had an Army rifle and she thought he may have loaned it to someone. She stated that she did not believe her son capable of shooting the President, but indicated that he might have loaned his rifle to someone else.

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At the time of the interview DORA ROBERTS appeared intoxicated and information developed during a canvass of local bars by Special Agent DANIEL FITZGERALD reflected that she had been in at least four or five bars in Turlock, California, on November 22, 1963.

GROUP OF LATEN AMERICANS
COUNCIL INN, 16TH AMD CAP STREETS
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

At approximately 7:45 p.m. on November 22, 1963, MINNIE N. FITZPATRICK, 190 Lexington, San Francisco, California, telephonically contacted the San Francisco Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and furnished the information set forth below to Night Clerk JAMES R. FREEMAN:

MINNIE FITZPATRICK advised that a group of Latin Americans was in the Council Inn, 16th and Cap Streets, San Francisco, California, speaking in Spanish about the assassination of President KENNEDY. MINNIE FITZPATRICK advised she understands Spanish and stated the group was speaking favorably of Cuban Premier FIDEL CASTRO and seemed very happy that President KENNEDY was dead. She heard one man in the group say, "Well, he finally got him." MINNIE FITZPATRICK stated she would attempt to get the names of some of those in the aforementioned group and would recontact the San Francisco Office of the Federal Eureau of Investigation if successful.

ORIS/DOMINGUES, the owner of the Council Inn, 16th and Cap Streets, San Francisco, California, was interviewed by Special Agent Harrison P. Fox on November 22, 1963 and furnished the information set forth below:

DOMINGUES stated that he had been tending har on the evening of Hovember 22, 1963 since 7:00 p.m. and during that evening had heard pr seen nothing in his

JPII:cj SF 89-58

establishment indicating any of the patrons had spoken against President KENNEDY or in favor of Cuban Premier FIDEL CASTRO. He added that he would not have allowed anyone to express sentiments reflecting happiness regarding the death of President KENNEDY.

Continuing, DOMINGUES advised that a number of Mexicans had patronized his establishment on the evening of November 22, 1963, and added that there were a few Caucasians and non-Latin Americans also present.

DOMINGUES recalled that the only unusual incident of the evening took place soon after he came on duty when a woman named FITZPATRICK, whom he described as a "local lush", who regularly frequents the bar, had quarreled with a patron of Mexican extraction over the fact that the latter was speaking Spanish instead of English when offering to buy her a drink.

ALLEGATION REGARDING BUDDY FORREST COUSATTE 6035 PARK AVENUE, RICHMOND, CALIFORNIA

On November 26, 1963, Ir. JOSEPH CARODGERS, Box 249, Lagunitas, California, advised Special Agent RALTH M. LINDSEY that he had received information from Hrs. RUTH KENNEDY, an employee of the Contra Costa County (California) Social Service Bureau, to the effect that she and her husband were recently in a Richmond, California automobile service station. The man who served them in this station made some kind of statement that the President of the United States would be assassinated by some group of which he was a member prior to the next election. Mr. RODGERS was unable to furnish any further details.

On November 26, 1963, Mrs. RUTH/KENNEDY, Room 220, Social Service Department, Contra Costa County Building, 100 37th Street, Richmond, California, tho resides at 737 Ventura Street, Richmond, California,

JPN:cj SF 89-58

furnished the information set forth below to Special Agent ROY L. ERICKSON:

Irs. KENNEDY advised that about three months previously, probably on a Saturday, while she was shopping with her husband, HENRY KENNEDY, they stopped at the automobile service station they normally patronize, which is a Union Oil station at San Pablo and Sierra, Richmond, California.

Wrs. KENNEDY related that she and her husband were listening to a rebroadcast on their car radio of some speech or message by President KENNEDY. The man who was servicing their car overheard the broadcast and asked her husband why he was listening to it. She advised that when her husband replied he had not heard the message before, the man said something to the effect, "We are getting rid of that man by assassination if we can't vote him out of office." He also added, according to Mrs. KENNEDY, something to the effect that he would be willing to use the gun himself.

Mrs. KENNEDY stated she was not sure of the wording the above-mentioned individual used. She did not know the man in question and paid little attention to his looks, but generally recalled that he was about thirty-four years of age, had dark hair, and was a member of the white race.

Cn November 26, 1963, Mr. HENRY KENNEDY was interviewed by Special Agent ROY L. ERICKSON at his place of employment, the Pan Pacific Screw and Bolt Company, llll 8th Street, Berkeley, California, and KENNEDY furnished the information set forth below:

About three months ago, on a Saturday morning between 10:00 a.m. and noon, he and his wife, while shopping, stopped at Al Cobral's Union Service Station, Richmond, California, to have their car serviced. They

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were served by a man whom Mr. KENNEDY did not recognize, although he normally patronizes the station. The man was called BUD, was thirty to thirty-five years of age, had a light build, black hair, dark complexion, and was a member of the white race.

While at the station on the above occasion, Mr. KENNEDY had his car radio turned to a station rebroadcasting a speech by President KENNEDY. The attendant in question heard the rebroadcast while servicing the car and made some statements which were very unfavorable with regard to President KENNEDY and, while Mr. KENNEDY did not recall the specific contents of the statements, one was to the effect that he, the attendant, who indicated he was from Texas, would gladly kill the President if he had the opportunity.

On November 26, 1963, Mr. AL/COBRAL, Ray_and Al's Service Station, 12453 San Pablo Avenue, Richmond, California, advised Special Agent ROY L. ERICKSON that the only employee of the service station he could think of who remotely fit the description of the man referred to by I'r. and Mrs. KENNEDY was BUDDY FORREST COUSATTE, 6035 Park Avenue, Richmond, California, an individual regularly exployed by the Pacific Coast Aggragates, El Cerrito, California, who occasionally worked on evenings and weekends at the service station approximately two to three months ago. Mr. COBRAL advised that COUSATTE was an outspoken opponent of the United States Government's efforts regarding integration and, while he, COBRAL, did not recall any specific statements made by COUSATTE on this point, he was always talking strongly against the stand of the Government on the integration question.

On November 27, 1963, BUDDY FURREST COUSATTE, 6035 Park Avenue, Richmond, California, was interviewed at his residence by Special Agents ROY L. ERICKSON and ROBERT G. BARTHOL and furnished the information set forth hereinafter:

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COUSATTE stated he was regularly employed as a truck driver by the Pacific Coast Aggragates, 3250 Pierce Street, El Cerrito, California, and, in addition, a few months previous to the time of this interview, had worked as an extra attendant on several occasions at Ray and Al's Service Station in Richmond, California.

COUSATTE denied ever making any statements that he would kill the President of the United States if he had the chance. He admitted he is violently opposed to the United States Government's program concerning civil rights and the integration of the Negro race. He noted that when the United States Government moved federal troops into the State of Mississippi, after the riots over the enrollment of JANES HEREDITH at the University of llississippi, he organized a group he called "The New Army of the Confederacy". COUSATTE stated there were about fifty people in this group after he got it organized and added they wanted to do what they could to fight against the federal civil rights program and integration. COUSATTE added that the group did not have any formal meetings, rules or programs, but got together during poker parties and similar gatherings to discuss the problems.

COUSATTE advised that in August, 1963 his wife,
ARMEL COUSATTE, left him to live with her parents at <u>801</u>
Trunc Avenue, Pittsburg, California. His two children,
ares four and five, remained with him. He indicated when
his wife left, he disbanded The New Army of the Confederacy
and he and several members joined the Birch Society. He
added he recently dropped out of the Birch Society because
he is concerned that his wife might use this to get his
children away from him.

Concerning statements about the assassination of President KENNEDY, COUSATTL stated he never made any statements about killing the President or about violence of any kind. He stated he knows he is a "marked man" because he has had three criminal convictions and the only weapon

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he has is a .22 caliber rifle he uses to hunt rabbits. He stated he was very opposed to the policies of President KEHNEDY and added that, although he would not kill him himself, he was not unhappy that the President was shot and killed. He refused to divulge the identity of any members of The New Army of the Confederacy under any condition and, when questioned in detail, he stated that the entire matter concerning The New Army of the Confederacy was a figment of his imagination and that it never existed.

COUSATTE finally advised that he would do nothing to incite rebellion, but added that if any one or more of the states of the Union were to secede he would get in his car and get to that state as fast as he could to join the armed forces of that state as a private or whatever rank they would give him and would fight with that state against the United States.

COUSATTE, who stated he was born June 23, 1933 at Peoria, Oklahoma, admitted serving three prison terms, namely fourteen months in 1953 in Missouri State Penitentiary on bad check charges, two years starting in 1955 in Lansing, Kansas for contributing to the delinquency of a minor, and eight months in 1960 in Albuquerque, New Mexico as a result of a conviction for theft from interstate shipment.

Mr. LES E. HURST, General Office Manager, Pacific Coast Acgregates, Inc., also known as Pacific Cement and Aggregates, Inc., 400 Alabama Street, San Francisco, California, advised Special Agent JOHN P. MC HUGH that BUDDY FORREST COUSATTE was, during November, 1963, employed by that firm as a truck driver in the East Bay area of San Francisco, California.

HURST stated that on Movember 22, 1963 COUSATTE was at work all day.

MP 62-3114
RHW: BBO
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ALLEGATION THAT JEWS IN WINNIPEG, CANADA, WERE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PRESIDENT'S ASSASSINATION

BASIS

On December 15, 1963, an individual residing in Winnipeg, Canada, who requested her identity not be divulged, and who has furnished insufficient information in the past to determine her reliability, by letter informed ROBERT KENNEDY, Attorney General of the United States, that "if you want to find the assassin of President KENNEDY, I help you." She also stated "The President was not killed by one man. And there are many behind it."

RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

The following investigation was conducted by SA MERLE E. NELSON at Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada:

On February 7, 1964, the above individual who requested that her identity not be divulged was contacted at her residence in Winnipeg, Canada, at which time she readily acknowledged having written a letter to the Attorney General of the United States in which she claimed she could assist in determining the assassin of President KENNFDY. She also stated she had written a letter to the Russian Consul in Ottawa, Canada, on December 21, 1963. She made available a copy of this letter in which she claimed to have been poisoned by a Jewess and that the Jews had killed President KENNEDY.

In connection with her offer to be of assistance in determining the assassin of Fresident KENNEDY she stated "the Jews are responsible for the President's assassination. I think the order for the assassination of the President came from the Jews in Winnipeg." She was unable to furnish the names of any of the individuals she claimed to be responsible for the assassination, stating she meant to include all of the Jews in Winnipeg because they control the money and it was their desire that the death of President KENNEDY occur in order to create hatred for Russia. She declined to further elaborate on this

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statement and would furnish no further information relative to her allegation that the Jews were responsible for the President's assassination.

On February 7, 1964, Mr. NORMAN McG STEWART, Inspector of Detectives, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada, Police Department, advised that the files of his department contain the following information regarding the above individual who has requested that her identity not be revealed:

On December 3, 1956, she was charged with entering a residence in Winnipeg and removing therefrom items of silverware and wearing apparel which allegedly had been purchased by her husband for another woman who resided at that address.

In June, 1963, she made a complaint to police in which she accused her landlord of stealing a check. She also informed the police that she had lost sleep worrying about the check because she believed everyone in Winnipeg considered her to be a criminal. She also accused her landlady of spying on her and stated that when she went to the store wearing slippers everyone pointed at her and called her a prostitute.

The police report regarding her complaint in June, 1963, concluded that she was without doubt a mental case. The police records further showed that the Department of Welfare, Winnipeg, Canada, had reported that she had been examined by a doctor at the Winnipeg Clinic in September, 1962. The doctor reported that she was psychotic and suffering from chronic paranoic schizophrenia. The doctor reported that she imagined people were causing her harm and that she suffered from other paranoic delusions. He stated this condition persisted for many years and he predicted that it may become worse.

BA 89-30 JSR:kss 1

Re: Allegation that President KFMNEDY Knew Details of Coming Assassination Two Weeks Prior to Same

as IFVIXIOSTROW, 4329 Park Heights Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland, and who insisted at the outset that he was not a "nut," telephoned the Baltimore Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to advise that a week or two prior to the assassination of President KENVEDY he had a passenger in his taxicab who told the whole story as it actually happened. OSTROW claimed that he had picked this woman rassenver up in his C.I. Veterans Taxicab between 7:30 a.m. and 8:00 a.m. in front of the Belvedere Hotel and transported her to Friendshir Airport outside Baltimore City. While en route, the woman talked about being at a party at the White House where plans were tade for the assassination of President KENNEDY. This woman allegedly had the full details which happened just as she Tsaid it would with President KENNEDY riding in an open car and being shot. OfTROW stated that he thought the woman was a "nut" and had completely for otten the matter, not even remembering it when President KENNEDY was actually assassinated in Texas. On January 10, 1964, his driving to the airport again was the only thing which made him remember this story.

OSTROW stated that he could be located through his residence at 4329 Park Heights Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland; through his sister, Mrs. JEANACOONIN, 907 Painted Post Poad, Pikesville, Maryland; or through the G. I. Veterans Taxicab Association, 2317 Greenmount Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland.

Spring Grove State Hospital for mental patients, Catonsville, Maryland, advised Special Agent J. STAMLEY ROTZ that hospital records did not reflect INVIN OSTROW had been a patient at the hospital, but did show that ALEXANDER (OSTROW, whose content is Mrs. JEAN COOMER, 907 Painted Post Road, Pikesville, Maryland, has been a patient at the hospital almost continuously since October, 1947. ALEXAMDER OSTROW is currently confined to Crownsville State Hospital for mental patients. His condition is diagnosed as schizophrenic reaction, chronic, undifferentiated type.

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BA 89-30 JSR:kss 2

Trs. JEAN COONIN, 907 Painted Post Road, Pikesville, Maryland, advised Special Agent RCTZ on January 10, 1964, that she is the sister of IRVIN and ALEXANDER OSTRON. She stated that ALEXA'IDEP has had mental treatment but IPVIN has not. that IPVIV OSTROW dreams things and then believes that they have actually happened. He is constantly giving wild stories based on such dreams which his family have learned to ignore. With respect to his having had a passenger in his taxicab who had talked of the coming assassination of President KUNVEDY a week or two before it actually happened, Mrs. COONIN stated that she felt sure this had not actually happened but had merely been something IRVIN OSTRO? had dreamed. She stated that he had never told anybody else in the family about such an incident and she felt sure that he would have mentioned it at the time President KENNEDY was actually assassinated if any such passenger had existed. She Tagain stated that her family paid no attention to IRVIN OSTROW's wild stories and she wished that nobody else would either.

INVII OSTROW was located by Special Agent ROTZ on . January 17, 1964, through the G. I. Veterans Taxicab Association, 2317 Creenmount Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland. At that time he repeated that he had picked up a woman passenger on the street in front of the Delvedere Hotel, Baltimore, 'daryland, between 7:30 a.m. and 8:00 a.m. He described the wonan as being about 35 years of age, white, 5' 5" tall, having gray hair, wearing a red coat and slacks, color unknown. She did not carry any luggage. OSTRO' stated that on the way to the Friendship International Airport, which is located between Baltimore and Washington, D. C., he suggested to the woman that he drive her on over to Washington, D. C. She allesedly told him that BOB KEWNEDY was sending a plane to Friendship Airport to pick her up and take her to Washington, D. C. OSTROW stated that the woman claimed she had been at a party at the White House in Washington, D. C. the night before and present at the party were President and Mrs. JOHN F. KENNEDY, D. Attorney General POBERT KENNEDY, Premier KHPUSHCHEV and other high Covernment officials whose names CSTPOW could not recall. The woman allegedly told OSTROW that all of the foregoing individuals discussed the coming assassination of President KENNEDY and had the exact details as to how it would transpire. President KENNEDY allegedly knew that on his next trip he would be riding in an open

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BA 39-30 JSD:kss

car, he would be shot from behind and his poor wife would grab him and hold him after he was shot. Mrs. KENNEDY also knew that this was to be her part in the procedure. OSTROW stated that he understood that KHPUSHCHEV was also to be shot at the same time, but realized that this part of the story had not actually happened.

IPVIN OSTROW was asked specifically who he did not report this incident at the time it allegedly occurred and he replied that he did not want anybody to think he is a "nut." He stated that he had not told anybody, not even his sister, about the noman passenger. He had no idea how her identity could be determined except that he had heard her tell an officer at the airport that "BOBBY KENNEDY was sending a plane for her."

the woman and that the actual assassination of President KENNEDY with the fulfillment of specific details mentioned by her did not remind him at all about the woman's story. He stated that he did not think about it at all until the morning of January 10, 1964, when he had two men as passengers from Baltimore to Friendship Airport. His driving to the airport was the only thing which made him think of the woman passenger he had had prior to the assassination.

In January 17, 1964, Cartain CARL C. KUMANIEC, Chief, Friendship Airport Police, advised Special Agent ROTZ that he had no information concerning any passenger such as the woman described by IRVIN OSTROW. He stated, however, that there are many people who turn up at Friendship Airport who appear to be mentally unbulanced and who claim they are personal friends or are maiting to meet persons of national prominence. He stated that he would cause the records of his department to be checked concerning the incident such as that described and would also canvass the officers of his department.

On January 20, 1964, Captain KUN/NIEC advised Special Agent FOTZ that he had been unable to locate any record or officer with any information identifiable with the passenger described by OSUROU. He advised that one additional officer, RONALD CLAYTON, would not be available until January 22, 1964.

BA 89-30 JSP:kss

11/1

On January 22, 1964, Officer PON/LP/CLAYTON, Friendship International Airport Police, advised Special Agent ROTZ that he did not have any information which would coincide with that furnished by I''I' OSTPOW. He stated that he was employed during the pertinent period on the 4:00 p.m. to 12:00 midnight shift and did recall that on or about November 8, 1963, a woman, possibly 40 to 45 years of age, who was intoxicated at the time had made the statement that BOB KENNEDY was sending for her. She appeared to be merely a "name dropper" and did not mention a plane or any other pertinent information. He could not recall whether she was wearing a red coat or slacks, but was certain that this incident would have had to have occurred after he, himself, had reported for duty on the evening shift and could not have been in the morning. Officer CLAVION stated that no taxi driver had been observed by him near the woman whom he had seen and that he did not know IRVIN OSIDU.

MN 89-35
FPG:mn
1.

RE ALLEGED TELEPHONE CALL FROM JOSE SAN ANTONIO CABARGA TO DR. EMILIO NUNEZ PORTUONDO

On November 25, 1963, ERNEST ARAGON, United States Secret Service Agent, Miami, Florida, advised SA GEORGE E. DAVIS that the United States Secret Service was in possession of information indicating that a long-distance telephone call had been placed on November 24, 1963, by JOSE SAN ANTONIO CABARGA, Mexico; this conversation was in the Spanish language and that the gist of it was "plan of CASTRO carried forth. BOBBY not know from where."

ARAGON also asserted that he understood that several telephone calls had also been made from DR. EMILIO NUNEZ PORTUONDO's residence in Miami, to a residence in Ft. Lauderdale, Florida, which was the residence of NUNEZ' son-in-law, RAFAEL/GARCIA/NAVARRO. The files of the FBI Office, Miami, Florida, Indicated that information had previously been received to the effect that DR. EMILIO NUNEZ PORTUONDO was the former Cuban Delegate to the United Nations during the BATISTA Regime and that his son-in-law, RAFAEL GARCIA NAVARRO, as well as NUNEZ himself were formerly active in the anti-CASTRO Movement, approximately 1961, when they apparently abandoned most of their former activities.

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Cicte -4/3/64

Dr. EMILIO NUNEZ PORTUONDO, 1611 S. W. 14th Terrace, Miami, furnished the following information:

The person who called him from Mexico City, Mexico on November 24, 1963, is JOSE ANTONIO CABARGA, Apartado Postal 3000. CABARGA is the former President of the Maritime Retirement Funds, Cuba. He is allegedly Jose Supplication anti-CASTRO, and well informed on CASTRO and Communist activities. NUNEZ did not recall that CABARGA said, Anti-CABARGA said, Wholey is next," or that "Atomic bombs will soon rain."

MUNEZ PORTUONDO stated he had mo concrete data of any kind whatsoever indicating a connection or direction of LEE HARVEY OSWALD by any group foreign or domestic. He pointed out, however, that FIDEL CASIRO is a Paranoic; that the United States has not prosecuted ROBERT/TABER, a founder of the "Fair Play for Cuba Committe" nor any of the students or naturalized Americans of Cuban descent, who have violated U. S. Travel Control Laws.

NUNEZ PORTUONDO also stated that no punitive sction has been taken against CASTRO and his regime, and that CASTRO has been allowed to reach a point where he feels that he is really important, and can reach into the United States and physically attack its leaders. He declared that CASTRO is now far more dangerous than KHRUCHEV of Russia.

NUNEZ PORTUONDO stated that he no longer enjoys a good liaison or much popularity in important anti-CASTRO groups. NUNEZ PORTUONDO said that CABARGA is in frequent contact with the United States Embassy in Mexico City; that CABARGA is an able investigator; and if the assassination of Fresident KENNEDY was planned in Mexico, CABARGA would be the man who could develop details.

On 11/25/63 - of Miami, Florida	File # MM_89-35
by SA EDWIN L. SWEET:mn	Date dictated 4/2/64

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MM 89-35

2.

NUNEZ PORTUONDO stated that CABARGA has only expressed opinions and that he has no concrete data to indicate OSWALD was directed or controlled by any group, foreign or domestic in this assassination of President KENNEDY.

To avoid any misunderstanding, although NUNEZ PORTUONDO speaks in the English language well, the entire interview was conducted in the Spanish language.

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MM 89-35
FPG:mn
1.

RE ALLEGED TELEPHONE CALL FROM JOSE
SAN ANTONIO CABARGA TO DR. EMILIO NUNEZ
PORTUONDO

On November 25, 1963, the Dallas Office advised that it had received information to the effect that information concerning the telephone call from JOSE SAN ANTONIO CABARGA to Dr. EMILIO NUNEZ PORTUONDO came from an investigator named FRANCISCO AGUILAR SANTOALIA, a"high type" individual associated with the investigative Section of the Banco de Mexico, Mexico City. The Dallas Office also furnished the following Spanish version of the telephone conversation:

"El plan de CASTRO se esta llevando a cabo sigue BOBBY pronto comensara a llover bombas atomicas y no sabran de donde vienen."

Date	4/3/64
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EMILIO NUNEZ PORTUONDO was recontacted. The interview was conducted in the Spanish language to eliminate any possibility of misunderstanding. The exact text of the alleged telephone conversation, which he had with JOSE ANTONIO CABARGA was made known to NUMEZ.

NUNEZ specifically denied the exact text and reiterated that JOSE ANTONIO CABARGA was only expressing his opinion.

NUNEZ PORTUONDO stated that as nearly as he could recall, CABARGA did state "This is the plan of CASTRO and China. Acts of violence will continue in Venezuela, Peru and the Americas". NUNEZ was questioned specifically as to whether CABARGA mentioned that ROBERT KENNEDY, any other member of the KENNEDY family, or U. S. Government Official was mentioned. NUNEZ PORTUONDO denied that any mention was made of any such person or official.

Onetmiami, Florida	* • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_ File #
by — SA EDWIN L. SWEET: IIII		Date dictated4/2/64

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DL 89-43

MARIO ALVARDO RE:

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EDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date	April	7.	1964
Data		• •	*****

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At 12:40 p.m., November 29, 1963, a woman who identified herself as VANICE STROM telephonically contacted the Chicago Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to advise that MARIO ALVARDO is involved in prostitution and narcotics activities. She stated that ALVARDO may be involved with the "syndicate" because of his activities in the prostitution and narcotics field, and she stated she had a "feeling" he may have something to do with JACK RUBENSTEIN because of the fact that he had close dealings with Jewish people.

STROM advised that at one time, ALVARDO claimed he had spoken to President KENNEDY when President KENNEDY was last in Chicago.

According to STROM, ALVARDO has been employed as a restaurant worker or bartender and resides in room 307 at the Leland Hotel.

307 at the Leland Hotel. A find the STROM refused to furnish her address or phone number.

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On	11/29/63	Chicago,	Illinois	File # CG	82-6115	
by .	IC RONALD W.	DIBBERN/rms		Date dictated _	4/3/64	

CG 62-6115 DWS:plb

RE: MARIO ALVARDO

Miss DONNA OLSON, Manager, Leland Hotel, 1207
West Leland, Chicago, Illinois, advised SA DENNIS W. SHANAHAN
on April 30, 1964, that no one named MARIO ALVARDO has resided
in this botel for the past five years. She stated that the
occupant of Room 307 is an elderly gentleman who has been a
permanent guest for the past fifteen years.

Eupervisor CHARLES VOLL, Federal Narcotics Bureau, Chicago, Illinois, advised on April 30, 1964, that his office has no record of anyone named MARIO ALVARDO nor any -- record of a VANICE STROM.

The Illinois Bell Telephone Directories for Chicago and environs contain no listing for either MARIO ALVARDO or VANICE STROM.

The records of the Chicago Police Department as of April 30, 1964, contain no record identifiable with either MARIO ALVARDO or VANICE STROM.

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"Portlemd Oregon
Sunday March 7 1964

"May I say hellow

"Here is worlds newes also world Primar Whiteh could have saved Kennedy The people of this world dont have how to use world lower Thay are . I apprenced with wo ld power I have by the state years experinced with it telle the truth (1) egible) real truth in works power The Federal Government shuld know about power and all the F.P.1.E.S. shuld know how to use this power It would save billions of lives and theair wood not be no more presidents shot This shuld be wort knowing to the world and the people President John F. Kennedy still talkes He is real in his most trothful words. I understand him clearly. will talke for all the years to com bodey may be dead but he can still Lalk I can contact him all the time My clothes were in bad shape covered with bind difrent times. World power was turned on to me and President John F. Kennedy talkes to me about difrent thinges PD 89-21 DL 89-43 WSE nwt

and I rote some poems down that he talkes
to me I had to beg fore them to turn of
the power on me or I could have knowen
all the detailes about the shuting of the
President John F. Kennedy World Power
sen Kennedy shot and world power could
give som kind of an imige of person that
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protuer of the person that treated Mister
Kennedy Range this about All fore
this time Ill close Respectfuly sincerly

"I rote this to help President John F.

Kennedy Re wantes all the FRIES to know

he can talke yet fore more detailes pleas

write to me. if anything comes up Ill

let you know

11.11.41.15/11/

Portland, Oregon, was found to be the home of WILLIAM A.

PRISHOFF, retired vice-president of the Patrick Lumber Company,
long-time reputable lumber concern in Portland.

Mr. BEUSHOFF advised on March 16 and March 19, 1964, that CARL ANDERSON had been employed by him as a gardener, off and on, for the past six or seven years. He added that he could never be sure when ANDERSON was going to show up at his home for work and that he had never known where ANDERSON resides or how to get in touch with him.

Mr. BRISHOFF believed that ANDERSON moves about frequently among the cheaper hotels in Portland and when he gets ready to work appears at the home of Mr. BRUSHOFF or some other resident of this same neighborhood.

Mr. BRUSHOFF remarked at the outset that he felt he should point out that ANDERSON obviously is confused and disturbed mentally, a fact that he, Mr. BRUSHOFF, has recognized throughout the period that ANDERSON has worked in the vicinity. He recalled that ANDERSON had been

PD 89-21 DL 89-43 WSB/nwt

considerably shaken by the assassination of President KENNEDY and had come to him at the time visibly upset. Mr. BRUSHOFF added that through his association with ANDERSON, and knowledge of the man, he is certain that ANDERSON possesses no pertinent information concerning the events surrounding the assassination.

On March 19, 1964, a letter, apparently from the same CAPL ANDERSON, was received at the Fortland Office of the FBI. It was postmarked March 18, 1964, at Portland and bore only the return address "from Carl." As in the letter received at the Dallas Office, certain words throughout were illegible. There also were no periods at the ends of sentences. The letter appeared to be approximately as follows:

"Portland, Oregon

"Dear Sir

"May T say Hellow, I hop I havent sed any thing Rong To all The People They Guer Pass away with old age or sicknis or of sum kind Fleas let things (c fore a while I was Gist Trying To Bring World Powers in Expect it can be Don By gust sit ing Tight for a while. I were gust Trying to help Kennedy I can not Go against His Power He is the most Intelegent person This world Has Ever had He can Still Talk He was Gust Trying to contact His Samley He Trenslayed mesages Threw world Power 1t Takes Real Idignified Intelegent President To Do that kind of worke it Be folish fore them To go against the President Kennedy Power and Try To Take me To Texas. Thay can find out more By Seting Tite fore while give Time fore Things To Prove out mor 1t isent Eazey on Perso To get of world Power

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Pf 89-21 DI 89-43 WSB/nwt

stop Person from Talken Thates what hoped To night. So I Thoigt lo Beter write Pleas forward This letter To Texas Pleas let Mis Kennedy nerves Rest No won is going To Du her no Harm or any wone Else I Thank you

"Respectfuly Sincerly

"/s/ Carl Anderson"

On March 20, 1964, Mrs. RUSSELL GOULD, 3138 N.W. Verde Vista Terrace, Portland, Oregon, advised that ANDERSON also works occasionally for her as a gardener, showing up apparently only when he needs money to go on."

She likewise did not know how to locate ANDERSON. She provided information similar to that supplied by BRUSHOFF as to ANDERSOM's confused mental state.

Inquiries at the Portland Retail Credit Association, the Portland Police Department, and the Multnomah County Sheriff's Office, Portland, and a review of Portland City and Telephone directories, disclosed a large number of persons by the name of CARL ANDERSON, but no information identifiable with the CARL ANDERSON in this matter could be located.

On March 26, 1964, ANDERSON contacted the Portland FPI Office by telephone and he was interviewed immediately thereafter.

Date	March	26,	1964
Date			- J UT

Mr. CARL ANDERSON said that he currently is residing at a small hotel, but he was uncertain as to the location. He believed it was located on S.W. Third Avenue in Portland and thought possibly it was known as the New Haven. He also thought that it was close to another hotel known as the Lotus. He said that he has no regular employment but occasionally works as a gardener.

ANDERSON recalled that at the time of the assassination of Fresident KENNEDY, he was at Sheridan, Oregon, a small community not far from Portland, where he was visiting a nephew, GORDON ALLEY, who is employed as a logger at Sheridan, and his sister, Mrs. EDNA ALLEY, who resides on Grand Street in Sheridan. He said that he had spent most of his life in Oregon and has not been out of the state for many years. He volunteered the fact that he had suffered a severe head injury in an accident years ago. He could not fix the date of the accident but said it was about the time of the death of President FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

ANDERSON said that he had other relatives in addition to the above nephew and sister, but he had difficulty in providing their names and addresses.

ANDERSON desired to discuss little else other than what he refers to as "world power." He stated he feels he can prevent future shoctings of Presidents, and other deaths through this "world power." Through this power he can foresee events before they happen. He does not have this power all of the time, but when it comes upon him, it grabs him by the top of the head and spins him around. It also wakes his internal organs roll at the same time. However, after this "world power" has taken hold of him, he can hear voices in the sky talking to him and he, in turn, can talk back to the voices. In this way he can still talk, if necessary to President KENNEDY.

ANDERSON continued that in addition to human beings, every object in existence - the rocks, grass, leaves - all have "life power" and they thus can use

On	3/26/64 Portland, Oregon	PD 89-21
by	SA WILLIAM S. BROWN and SA JULIUS A. BERNARD/nwt	File # PD 89-21 DL 89-43 Date dictated
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P 89-21

the world power described above. He pointed to a parking meter and said this meter, for instance, has life power.

ANDERSON readily admitted writing two letters, one to the Dallas Office of the FBI and one to the Portland Office and said that he also had written one to Mrs. KENNEDY.

He had difficulty recalling her first name, but throught it was JACQUELLINE.

During the interview, ANDERSON rambled considerably, sometimes speaking somewhat incoherently and had difficulty in retaining one train of thought.

"world power" which enables him to envision events before they occur and he was concerned over how he could use this power to warn individuals of tragic events before they happen.

PP 89-21 PD 89-43 WSB/nwt

It should be noted that the New Haven Hotel is located at 920 S.W. 3rd Avenue in Portland, Oregon.

WFO 89-75
HRH/jgm;ds

Re: MRS. MAZIE ANDERSON

5.0

Mrs. MAZIE ANDERSON, 1337 Fort Stevens Drive, Northwest, Apartment T-7, Washington, D. C., advised on November 26, 1963, She had received a telephone call on Sunday, Monday or Tuesday of the previous week from an unidentified white female who explained "Mother, help me, help me, help me, I've been shot." Mrs. ANDERSON said this telephone call had been received at her home at approximately 11:30 p.m.

Mrs. ANDERSON informed she asked the unknown woman calling who had shot her and the reply was "JOE LEWIS." Mrs. Mrs. Mrs. ANDERSON said she immediately hung up the telephone and contacted the telephone company operator and related the above story to her. She said the telephone operator suggested Mrs. ANDERSON call her daughter, who resides in Charleston, South Carolina, to determine if her daughter had actually made the above-described telephone call.

Mrs. ANDERSON advised she did telephonically contact her daughter and learned her daughter had not made this call. Mrs. ANDERSON stated she was furnishing this information in the event a JOE LEWIS might be involved with LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY.

Mrs. ANDERSON advised that on an occasion in 1948 she had made final preparations to leave Washington, D. C., to travel to Charleston, South Carolina, to visit her daughter. She said "something" told her not to go. She said she did not make this trip and later learned the airliner on which she had planned to travel had crashed en route to Charleston.

Mrs. ANDERSON recalled that on another occasion she did not take her regular bus because of a premonition and her regular bus had been involved in an accident resulting in the injury of seventeen persons. On another occasion she said she was awakened from a deep sleep by the voice of her deceased sister (seven years), telling her to turn on the light. She remarked she had turned on the light before she

WFO 89-75

realized her sister was deceased. According to Mrs. ANDERSON one of her daughters was involved in an auto accident the following day and was killed.

Mrs. ANDERSON began her conversation with Special Agent (SA) CHARLES L. WOOD by stating she wanted to talk personally to an Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and give some background information regarding herself before making her statement concerning the recent telephone call so she would not appear "silly."

Re: "ANGELE"

SA. 69-67

French.

The following letter and translation was received Mr. LARRY TEMPLE, Administrative Assistant, Governor's Co. State of Texas, Capitol Building, Austin, Texas, by A SUORGE W. H. CARLSON on March 20, 1964. The following a translation of the letter which was written in French:

"February 12, 1963

"Your Excellency,

"Is Hitler really dead and buried?

"Yes, I know, you were told he is, although it has not been proved. But I. 'Truth', am talling you that that manater is not dead. Even of he were buried, his spiral remains very much alive. Particularly in South America and in England.

"But I, spirit of God, will indeed obliterate his spirit, because of all the abominations of which it is guilty.

"The honest and courageous blood of John Kennedy cries for vengeance as 'the whole world will testify.' Therefore you are now warned, be watchful and merciless for attacks can take place within the very near future.

"The Truth of God

"Angele"

Attached is the letter and envelope written in

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2. 12.63

Monsieur 6 Grenverneur.

11:11/2 est-il vrainent mort et enserché.

Millerte " je vous dis ce monster n'ai fas mont, s'il était ensevelé, son capiet reste bien vivant; en Amérique du lud en fasticulies et en Angle.

l'el paragnoi vous roiei averte, los regulant

l'el paragnoi vous roiei averte de l'el prochime.

La Verité de Vici

Monsieur le Journaine
John Connably

Loxidas

4000

Monique.

57

Under date of April 16, 1964, the FBI Laboratory advised as follows concerning a document examination requested by the San Antonio Office on April 8, 1964:

Specimen available in Bureau

Description of the postmarked "DALLAS, TEX. FEB 11 1964"
bearing handwritten address "Monsieur le
Gouverneur JOHN CONNALLY..." and accompanying
one-page handwritten letter in the French
language dated 2/12/63, beginning "Hitler
est - il vraiment..." and signed "Angele"

Result of examination:

The handwriting on Q570 was not identified in the Anonymous Letter File. A photograph of this hand-writing will be added to this file.

4M211.

RE: Anonymous Caller Who Dropped A Piece of Paper in the Mail Blot of Secret Service Office, San Antonio, Texas

DL 89-43 SA 89-67

On April 3, 1964, the San Antonio FBI Office received an anonymous telephone call from a man who said that he had just dropped a piece of paper into the mail slot of the entrance to the United States Secret Service Office located in the Post Office Building, San Antonio, Texas. He said that this paper contained information concerning the death of President KENNEDY and that he thought "the Bureau would be interested in it."

1

Dete __April 3. 1964

ROBERT E. LOCKWOOD, United States Secret Service Agent, U. S. Post Office Building, San Antonio, Texas, advised that upon entering the Secret Service Office on the morning of April 3, 1964, he noticed a paper napkin lying on the floor just inside the entrance of the Secret Service Office. He exhibited this napkin to SA KEMMY, and it was observed to have been written on; various writings and figures were on this napkin. Copies were made of the writing on the napkin which are attached hereto.

LOCKWOOD stated that he did not know the identity of the person who placed this napkin in the Secret Service Office.

On 4/3/64 of San Antonio, Texas File # SA 89-67

SA JOHN M. KEMMY/dnb 61

Date dictated 4/3/64

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the preperty of the FBI and is leaned to your agency.

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RE: ANONYMOUS LETTER TO THE
CHICAGO OFFICE OF THE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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CG 62-6115 DWS/rms

On November 29, 1963, the Chicago Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation received a typewritten letter postmarked November 27, 1963, at Oak Park, Illinois, which is set forth as follows:

"Reflective thoughts as to the possibilities surrounding our beloved President's death.

-- "l. Hoffs had publicized his spending of 8 million this year to elect pro-teamster politicians, and, that he intended to spend greater than this amount next year to defeat Kennedy.

- "2. Actually it was Robert Kennedy whom Hoffa and the underworld would most likely wish to destroy. Had they openly assasinated Robert Kennedy this would directly point the finger to them. Had they done so, John F. Kennedy would have appointed another courageous Attorney General to expose, pursue and overcome the mobster rule. By taking the life of the President himself, reasoning would follow that it would break the heart of the Attorney General and, in time, with a new Cabinet appointed, Robert Kennedy would very likely be out of the picture.
 - "3. In procuring a marksman with a Communistic record who would then be employed in the strategic building, allowed access, given direction and the timing to do their planned job, public speculation and opinion would be diverted to the decision that the murder was the work of a madman and/or a Communist.
 - "4. The entertainer at the Jack Ruby Burlesque Club emphatically on TV stated that he had seen Lee Oswald in the audience of the Jack Ruby Club two weeks before the murder. He stated that he never forgot a face...it is a

2

CS 62-6115 DWS/rrs

part of his concentration act...and in seeing Oswald's picture in the news he was certain that he had been in the sudience of the Club and stood up to ask a question of the MC entertainer on a given evening.

"5. Why was Oswald at the Club? Why was Ruby at the Police Station and allowed to be there? One of Ruby's acquaintances scoffed at the idea of Ruby's feeling of great loss or concern over the murder of the President, except to the extent that his Night Club might lose money. Ruby had to destroy Oswald before he would 'break' and disclose the others known to him who were involved. This too, was more than likely planned in the great role that Ruby was to play. The underworld would then set him up in a lucrative, expanded Night Club, he would emerge a hero to the public, who would in time flock to his Club.

"This may all sound fantastic but no more fantastic than the accomplished murder of our President. It had to be the work of more than 1 man.

"A grieving citizen"