

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Lenihan
- 1 - Mr. Rogge
- 1 - Mr. Conrad

- 1 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Mr. Frazier
- 1 - Mr. Jepsen

August 3, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
 General Counsel
 The President's Commission
 200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to the requests of Miss Mary Rowcotsky, Commission employee, on July 21, 1964, and July 24, 1964, to representatives of this Bureau concerning reproductions of certain Commission exhibits. These exhibits were furnished to Special Agents of this Bureau on the same dates as the requests.

In accordance with these requests, there are enclosed herewith three photocopies each of Commission exhibits, consisting of Twiford Exhibit 1, Yarborough Exhibit A and Kramer Exhibits numbered 1 and 2. The Yarborough Exhibit A is returned herewith. Kramer Exhibits numbered 1 and 2 and Twiford Exhibit 1 are retained in this Bureau.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

19 AUG 4 1964

ST-104

BY COURIER SVC.
 37 AUG - 64
 COMM - FBI

ENCLOSURE

Enclosures (13)

62-109060

1 - Dallas (100-10461) - Enclosures (5)

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evers
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

NOTE FOR DALLAS: XEROX

Enclosed for Dallas are photocopies of each of the exhibits being sent to the Commission, together with a listing of same.

(See NOTE page 2)

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D - READING ROOM
 AUG 1 2 27 PM '64

REC-48 62 107160 3573

JUT

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

NOTE:

The request on 7/21/64 was made by Miss Rowcotsky of SA Robert E. Neill and the request on 7/24/64 was made of SA Cortlandt Cunningham. SA Neill and SA Cunningham obtained the exhibits from the Commission on the dates the requests were made.

The Yarborough Exhibit A, designated by an asterisk on the attached listing, did not originate from the Bureau and is therefore being returned to the Commission.

August 3, 1964

COMMISSION EXHIBIT

DESCRIPTION

Twiford Exhibit 1

Envelope addressed to New York Labor News Company from Oswald and back portion of "Spiral" notebook bearing Oswald's address

* Yarborough Exhibit A

Magazine article consisting of two pages re assassination and subsequent killing of Oswald

Kramer Exhibit 1

Photograph obtained from Mrs. Hyde (Minsk)

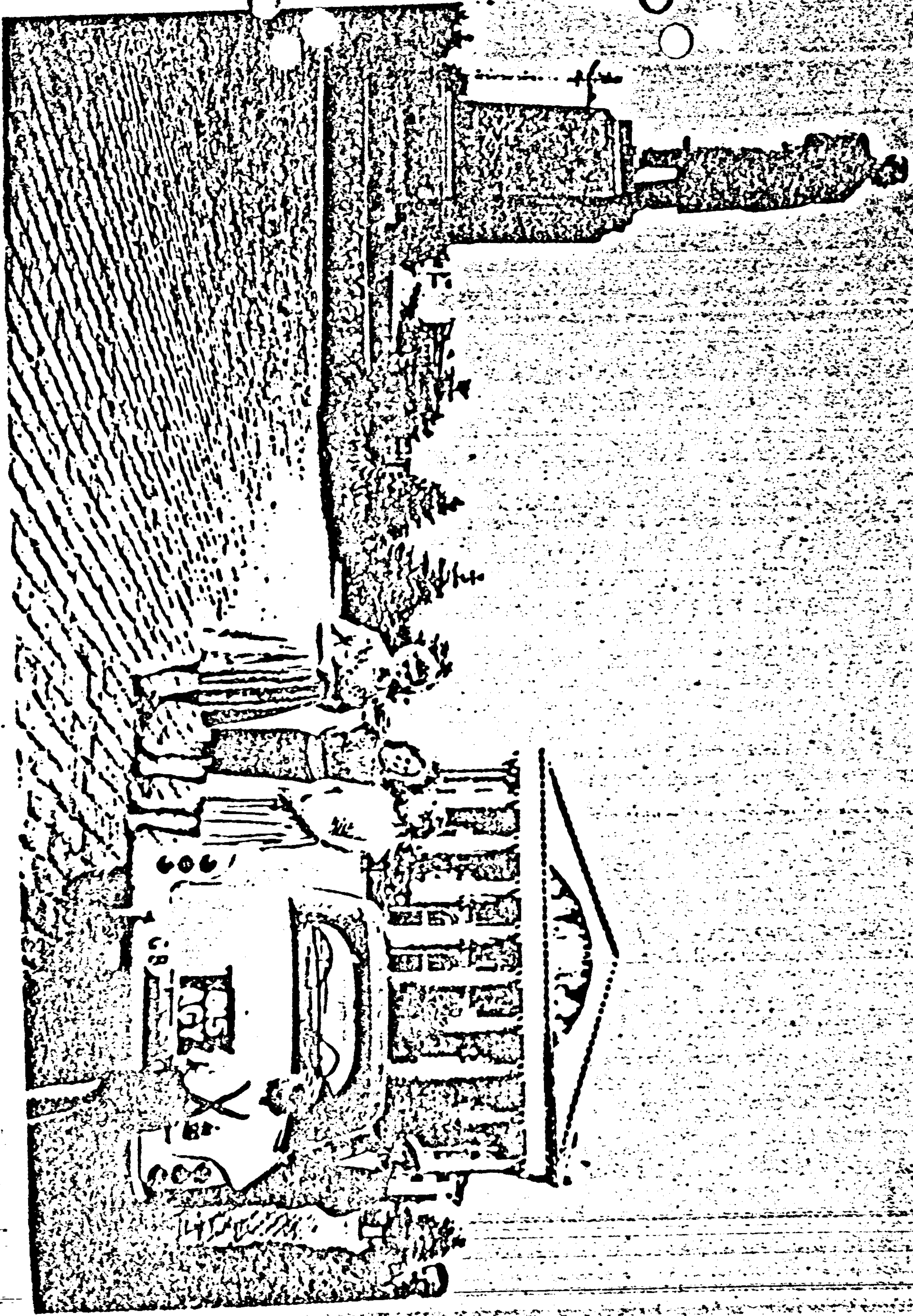
Kramer Exhibit 2

Photograph obtained from Mrs. Kramer (Minsk)

XEROX
AUG 3 1964

ENCLOSURE

62-107060

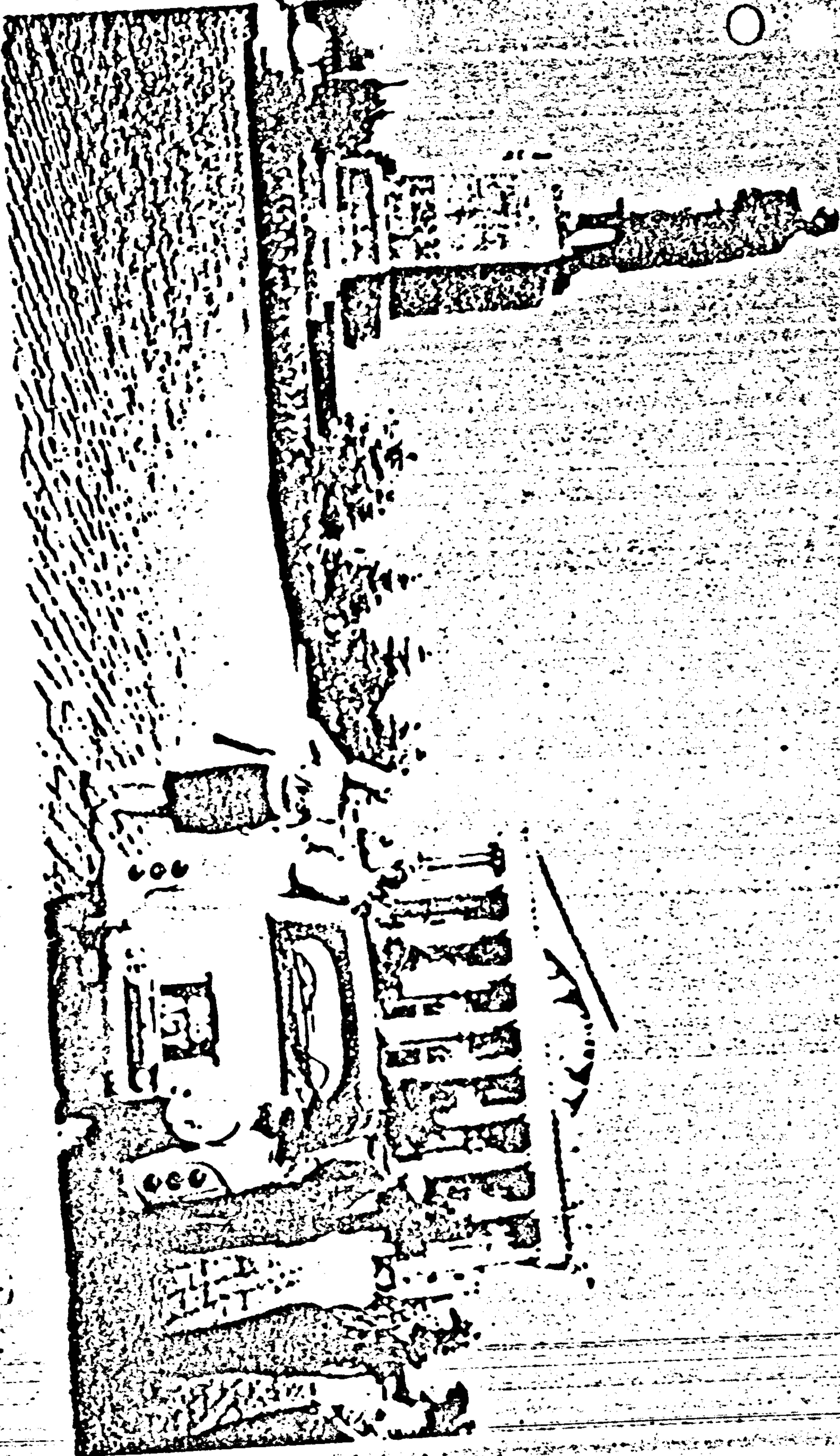


KRAUER

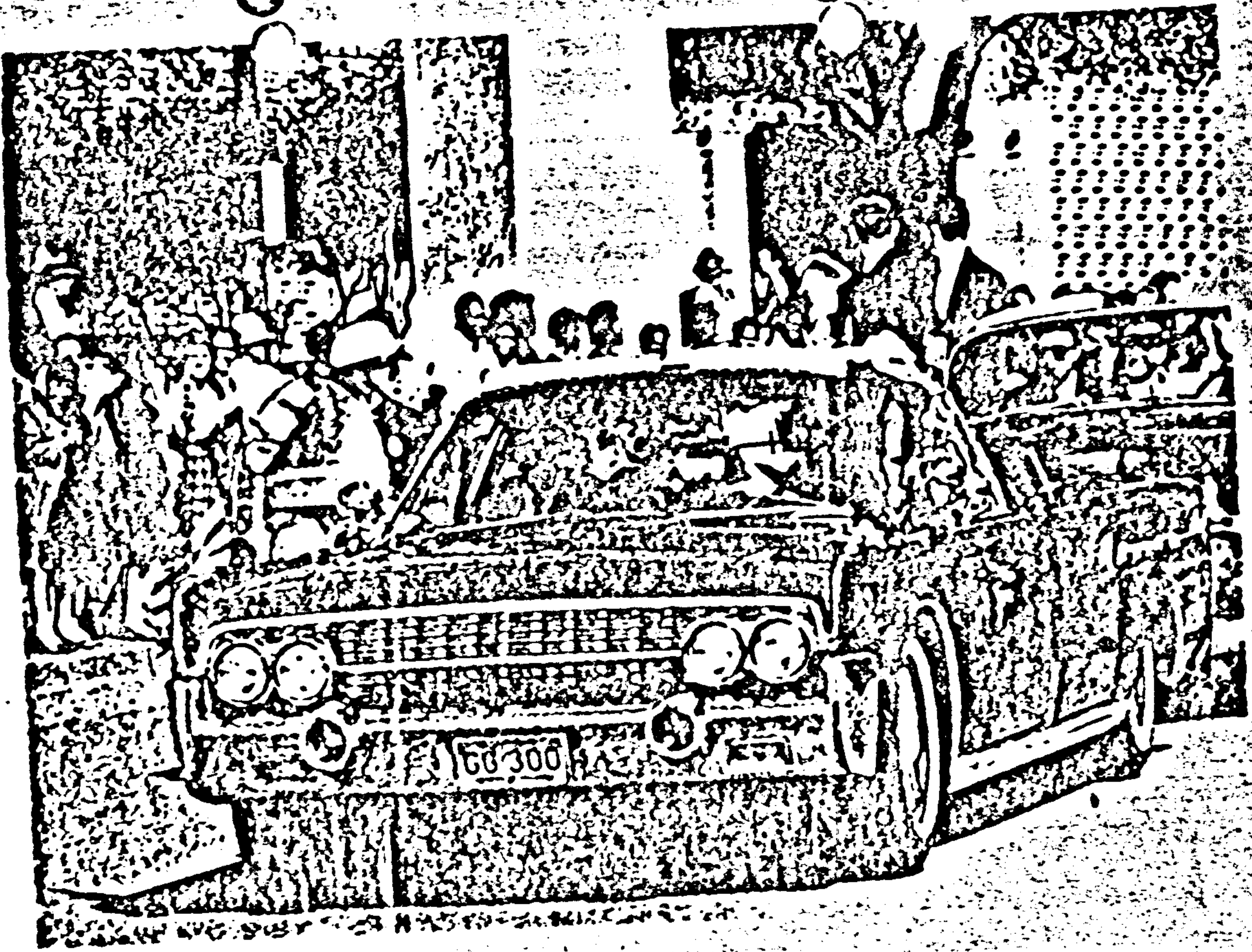
Exhibit #1

Commission No.

52518

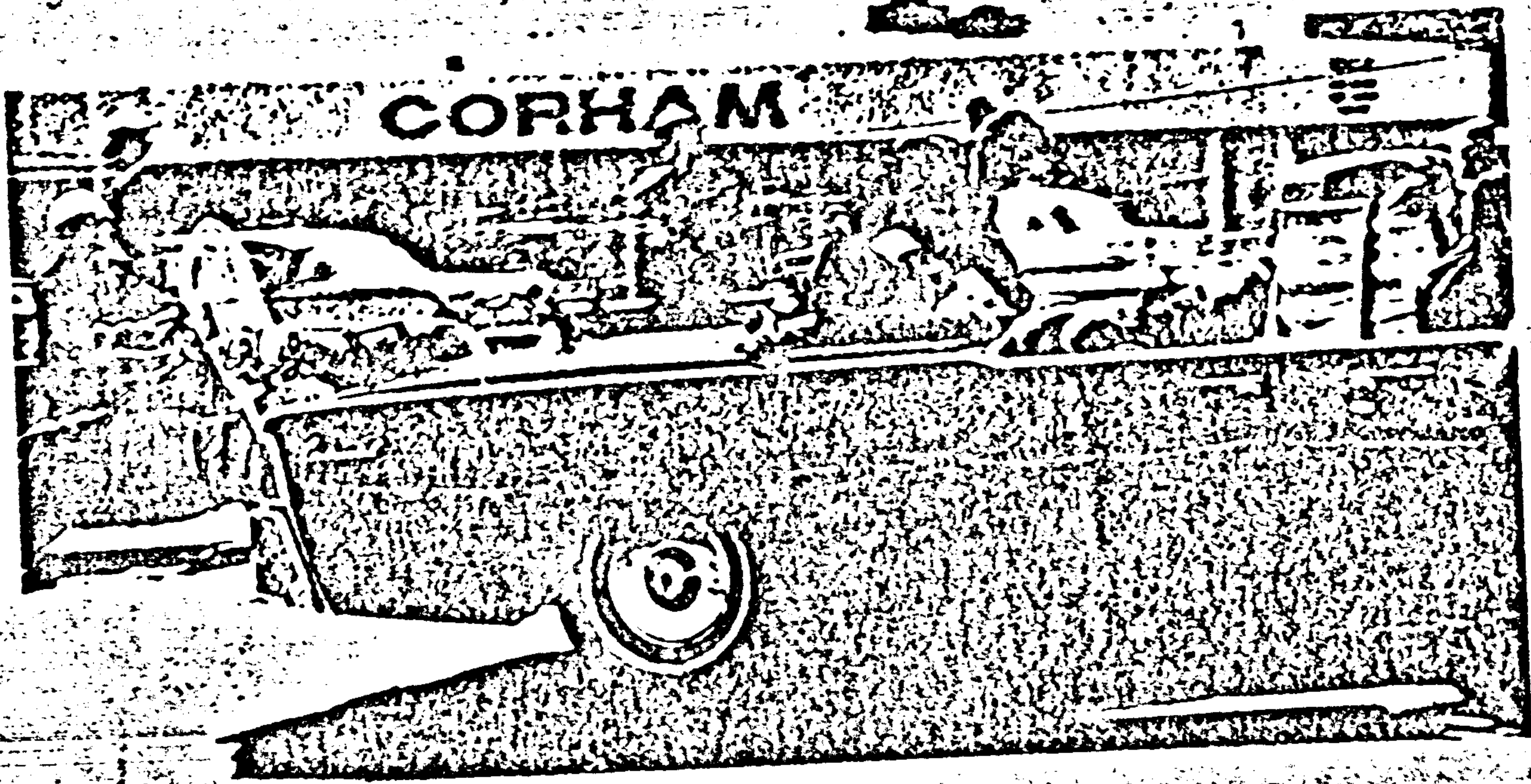


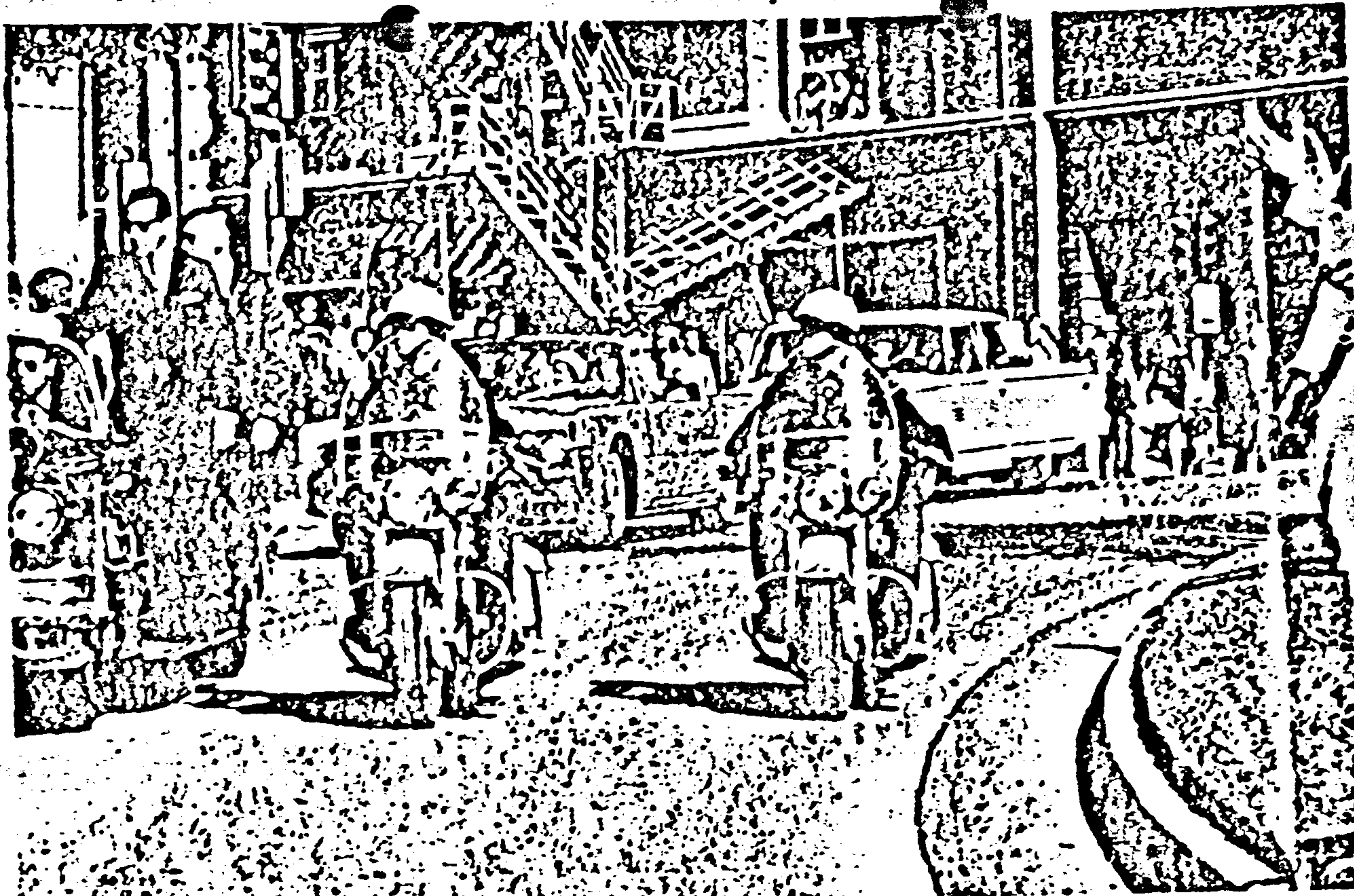
2-11



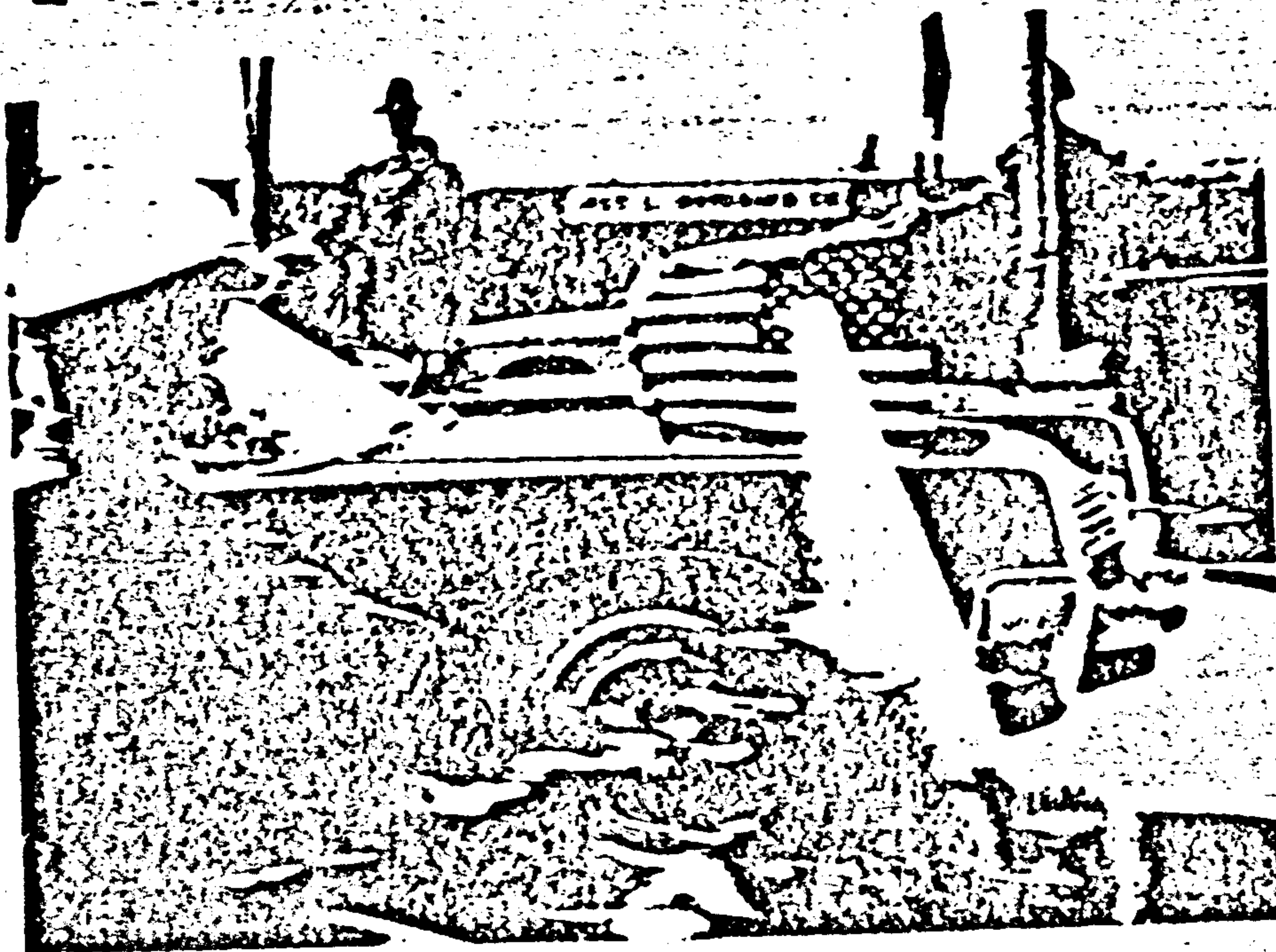
Victorian - Ellis A

One hundred yards more and they would have reached the





safety of an overpass. Then three shots rang out.



The car entered on the west side of the street at 2:30 p.m. The President's motorcade was moving south on the street. Then, without warning, the car turned right and fired three shots. The car then turned left and headed toward the White House. The President's motorcade was moving south on the street. The car then turned left and headed toward the White House. The President's motorcade was moving south on the street. The car then turned left and headed toward the White House.

The President's motorcade was moving south on the street. The car then turned left and headed toward the White House. The President's motorcade was moving south on the street. The car then turned left and headed toward the White House. The President's motorcade was moving south on the street. The car then turned left and headed toward the White House.

Street. Vogel remembers he had a difficult time convincing Chouli that if he broke the prison shop window it would get off on parole.

The chain of his home and school life led him to New York in 1952. The Chouli moved to a shabby tenement district in the Bronx, N.Y., where in 15 months he attended three different schools. Then, the family moved over more to New Orleans, where Lee finished the last half of his ninth grade. The next year he entered 10th grade and dropped out after one month. In 1956 the family moved back to Fort Worth, and he started 11th grade again.

It was not so good. After 21 days he quit school and joined the U.S. Marine. But whatever he was searching for he did not find. He worked his way from truck painter to private first class through the ranks. Later claims to have been a sergeant. Two years later he was court-martialed for using "peppering" words in front of a noncommissioned officer. He had already been court-martialed once for carrying an unregistered gun, and he had to boot parole.

In the Marine he performed on the left range, typically was better at the start than at the end. Chouli began to qualify as a "sharpshooter," with a score of 212 points out of a possible 240. Two years later he received a less impressive 194.

Threatened by life in the Marine, Chouli claimed a hardship in the family and formally applied for his release from the Corps in September of 1959. The Marine granted it. "It was like getting out of prison," he said later.

Chouli's hardship claim stemmed from the fact that his mother was then in the hospital and paralysed. When her hospitalization insurance ran out, she said a brother-in-law, she had to let her furniture to pay the bill and then, after six months, he had to leave her youngest son to help. Chouli was of 17 in 1959, the Red Cross helped for Chouli get a release from active duty.

Yet it was perhaps characteristic of Lee that after he got out of the Marine, he did not return to Texas to help pay his mother's bill. Instead he left for Rome. "She's called old," he said later. "I couldn't expect her to understand. It wasn't quite like me to go without telling her, but it's better that way." On October 14 of that year, he wrote the Supreme Soviet, the highest parliamentary body in the U.S.S.R., and asked for Russian citizenship. Sixteen days later, he gave a press interview in the Black Mountains in Moscow to explain what he was doing in Rome.

"For two years now I have been waiting to do this one thing," he said. "To become an American citizen and become a citizen of the Soviet Union." The boy who had never been able to express himself adequately now spoke freely of admiration and exploitation. "My mother," he said, "has been a worker all her life. She is a good example of what happens to workers in the United States. At the age of 16, after watching the way workers are treated in New York, and Virginia in the South, I was looking for a key to my oppression. Then I discovered Marxist literature."

"I am a Marxist," Chouli told Alvin Minsky, an American reporter in Moscow. "I became interested about the age of 15. An old lady handed me a pamphlet

about using the Rosenberg. I still remember that."

He told reporters he then went on to read Karl Marx's Das Kapital. "It was," he said, "what I'd been looking for. It was like a very religious man opening the Bible for the first time."

After his interview with the press in Moscow, Chouli seemed to fade from public view. The American embassy in Moscow delayed formal acceptance of his renunciation of U.S. citizenship to give him time to think it over. Then, for some reason, Rome declined to consider Soviet citizenship on him, although he was told he could stay as a resident alien. He moved to Munich and found a job.

More disillusionment

But Chouli's new religion of Marxism failed to satisfy him. Sixteen months after entering the Soviet Union he initiated efforts to return home, only to find that the Soviets refused to expedite an exit visa. Two months later, Chouli complained his problem by marrying a Russian girl named Marina Nuchidina, a pharmacist in Munich. Then he discovered that the Marine Corps, because of his attempt to renounce his U.S. citizenship, had issued him an "undesirable" discharge, and his application given. On January 10, 1962, he wrote an angry letter to John Connally in Fort Worth, not realizing at the time that Connally had resigned his post as Secretary of the Navy weeks before to run for the governorship of Texas. In his letter Chouli promised that he would "employ all means to right the gross mistake committed by a former Red [sic] U.S. citizen and ex-mercenary." He had gone to live in Rome, he wrote, "much in the same way as L. Heintzgen resided in Paris."

Two weeks after that he wrote a letter to a daughter. The couple named the baby Lisa Lee.

On May 24, 1962, the State Department renewed Chouli's U.S. passport, continued his citizenship and let him \$415.71 to purchase passage home. The Chouli left Rotterdam on June 6.

It was a warm, bright afternoon, June 11, 1962, when the Holland-America Line steamship Marulda lowered its gangplank in Hoboken, N.J., and Lee Chouli set foot on American soil again. But the country had never heard of Chouli then and Americans had their minds on other things. In Texas a man named Billie Sid Lee was testifying before a grand jury. In New York the movie *Little* was opening to mixed reviews. In Washington the President of the United States was lunching with President Richard L. Chouli of Panama.

It seems hard to believe that Lee Chouli had any idea at the time that his fate and President Kennedy's were to collide 17 months later on a street in Dallas. More likely Chouli felt only that he was coming home again, after still another failure to find his niche in life, to try once more to make a new start.

Moving his family to Dallas, Chouli worked at various jobs—starting, as usual, better than he ended. But somehow he managed to repay the State Department loan. In January of this year he was hired as a tracer with the Dallas advertising typographic firm of Jagers, Childs and Smith.

In May, 1963, Lee Chouli lost his job. His explanation to associates was "they

didn't have enough work." But there was another reason. Said Bob Sand, president of the firm, "He was supposed to learn how to make photographic proofs, but he wasn't competent. He was discharged." Then Sand added in a non-committal refrain, "He was a quiet person. He didn't have much to say to anybody. I guess he was a bit strange in that way."

The quiet man, the orderly person, the strange fellow—there were words some people used to describe Lee Chouli to the end. But beginning in May of this year more people began to see a glint of steel beneath the calm and self-control. Lee Chouli took his wife and child to New Orleans, where they rented an apartment at 4711 Magazine Street.

"He had a military manner, walked very erect, looked straight ahead and never paid any attention to anyone," said his landlord, James James Turner. And he had ordered a gun—an Italian 6.5 rifle, later listed with a license upon which he paid of his apartment owner house \$12.70. The rifle was sent to a Dallas post-office box, addressed to "A. Hubert."

Another person who knew him in New Orleans, Mrs. Thera Laves, a next-door neighbor, remembered. "He wouldn't associate with anybody, never had any friends. No one ever came there to visit. He would never return a greeting, so people stopped greeting him. His wife was just the opposite. We seemed very friendly—except when he was around. He didn't seem to want her to mix with anyone."

For two months in New Orleans Chouli held a job as a maintenance worker in a coffee-roasting plant. Then again he was discharged. "He wasn't doing the job," his boss said. "He was bright, quiet, but not a tough to lead."

The place where Chouli was not difficult to find in New Orleans, according to singer Louise F. Kane, was the city's French Quarter. "He used to hang out in the Bourbon House," she recalled. "And sometimes he'd go to the bar at Pat O'Brien, where I work. When the crowd was heavy, he'd push in where the room patrons are and sit the down without buying a drink. I had a run-in with him a couple of months ago. I have a gig in my routine, something about Yarrow that

Baron. The guy's a tough. Well, this particular time, after the show I went over to the Bourbon House and the old came up to me and said, 'What are you doing that line for?' What are you kidding me? I have been the way he looked that I was dealing with a character so I got up and left."

But Chouli was not just another French Quarter character. On June 24 he applied for a passport—for one, he said, in the late fall—to travel to the Soviet Union, England, France, Germany, Holland, Ireland, Italy and Poland as a "photo reporter." Despite his previous record of foreign travel he was—surprisingly—issued the passport the next day. Six weeks later he provided another glimpse of a new and different Chouli. He made a 50 attempt to pass as a double agent.

Carlin Brungner, a heavily armed CIA Cuban exile, recalls. "I met him and on August 15th he came to our office to ask in what way he could help us fight Castro. He wanted information about the activities of the Student Executive. He said he was an ex-Marine with experience in guerrilla warfare and gave me a Marine gunbelt with his name on it."

Brungner gave Chouli nothing. He had thought that Chouli was a useful agent who had been sent from the CIA or the FBI to infiltrate the exile organization and gather intelligence information about their anti-Castro activities.

Four days later a friend ran into Brungner's office to say that an American citizen was distributing pro-Castro literature in the city. "I was shocked," he said. "It was Chouli. He had run up the road and into the city and another that read *How to Live in Cuba*. He tried to shake hands with me but I refused and called him a traitor. We had a small fight, because we got all his propaganda and we threw it up in the air."

During the fight, Chouli displayed a steel nerve. "He was trying to hit me so he put his arm down and said, 'Oh, Carlin, if you want to hit me, hit me.' But I thought if I hit him, he would appear as the victim, so I didn't."

The first skirmish and the resulting publicity attracted the attention of new-

(Continued on page 24)



Newsies after the shooting police swarm into the building from which the prison had come.

In the police station: a shocking drama

... from the page 210 ...

... the ...

... the ...

... the ...

... the ...



... the ...



... the ...

When he said a ...

That afternoon ...

of a man called ...

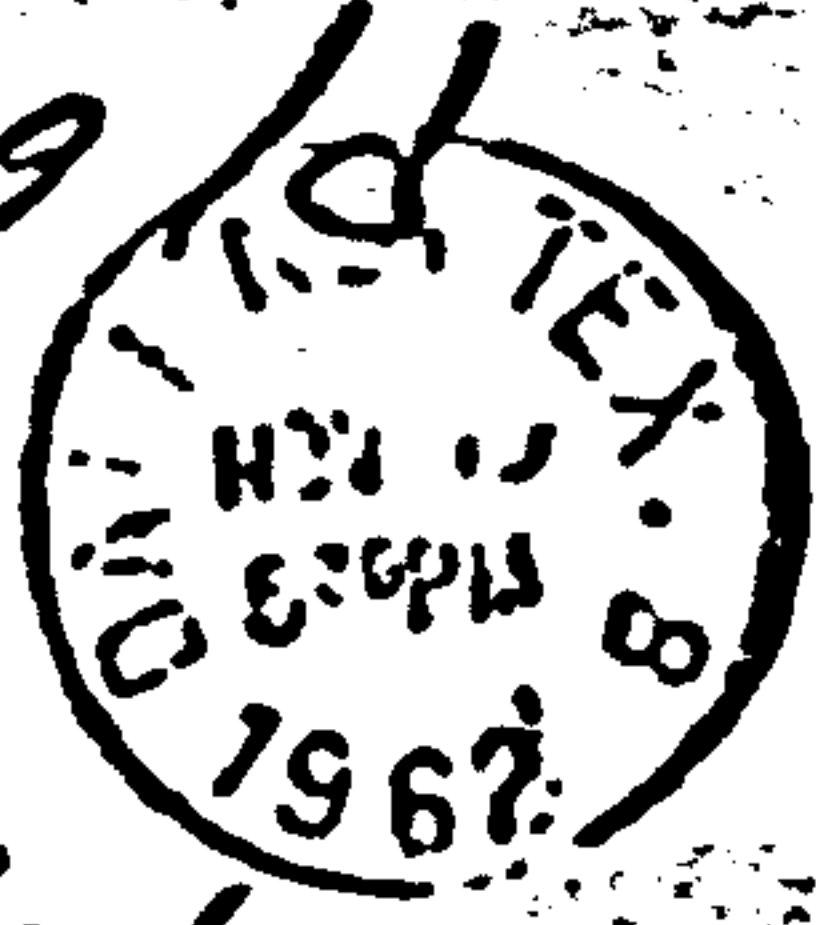
... the ...



Minutes after the shooting ...

When the ...

From ... *L.H. Osuna*
Box 2915
Dallas
Texas



NATIONAL
CENTER
NOV 11 1963



NOV 11 1963

Sent 25¢ for pamphlets

Labor lay issue air 9-11-63

NEW YORK LABOR NEWS COMPANY
61 CLIFF STREET

NEW YORK 38, N.Y.

P.O. Box 76



28
9688

Lee Oswald
Dallas (P.O. Box 2915)
Fair Play for Cuba

7/2/64
E.T.

Twiford Exhibit No. 1

- 1 - Mr. Belmont Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Jevons Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Rosen Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Frazier Enc.
- 1 - Mr. Malley Enc.
- 1 - Office, 7133
- 1 - Mr. Conrad Enc.

August 4, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
 General Counsel
 The President's Commission
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Operation of President
John F. Kennedy

In accordance with the oral request of Mr. Howard Willens of your staff, there is attached a list of minor editorial changes to be incorporated in the draft testimony transcript of Special Agent Paul M. Stombaugh, dated April 3, 1964, as shown to a Bureau representative on July 29, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

19 AUG 5 1964

NOTE: Incorporation of these changes in the transcript was discussed with Mr. Willens on 7-31-64, at which time he advised he would take the matter up with Mr. Rankin. Subsequently, he advised Mr. Rankin approved and requested a letter from the Bureau. The purpose of these changes is to correct certain inaccuracies in reporting as well as to clarify certain statements occasioned by the witness referring to exhibits before the Commission and to supply details for those reading the transcript and not having the benefit of the atmosphere and conditions of the actual testimony.

XEROX
 AUG 5 1964

BY COURIER SVC.
 39 AUG - 4
 COMM - FBI

Enclosure

ENCLOSURE

REC'D-READING ROOM
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REC 1162-107060 3524

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70 AUG 7 1964
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[Handwritten signatures and initials]

August 4, 1964

Page 4888

Change next to last line to read: "...sufficient individual characteristics to be of value for comparison and identification purposes."

Add the following sentence: "It is for this reason that we use gloves of this material."

Page 4889

Third statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. This paragraph should be broken into two sentences, first sentence ending with "...small number of fibers."

Second sentence beginning "Upon examining these fibers...."

Page 4896

Second statement of Mr. Stombaugh's should read: "I would pay no significance at all as far as the sole identifying characteristic...."

The last sentence of this statement should read: "The twist we use is for identification purposes only, supplementing other identifying characteristics."

Page 4898

Fourth statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. Following the first sentence, insert

16 5 1964 XEROX 7
as sentence number two: "Under the circumstances, I considered the exact number of no particular significance."

Page 4900

Second statement of Mr. Stombaugh's should read as follows: "When you

get into mathematical probabilities it is something I stay away from, since

In general there are too many unknown factors." 62-10100-3514

ENCLOSURE

Page 4902

Last statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. First part of sentence should read as follows: "I was; however, it is not uncommon for fingerprint processing to be given priority consideration...."

Fifth word in next to last line should be "stored."

Page 4904

Fourth statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. The word "followed" should be "folded."

Page 4909

Fifth line from top, last sentence should read: "They could conceivably have been put on 10 years ago and then the gun put aside...."

Third paragraph should read: "Mr. Stombaugh. No, I am not trying to do that. I am trying to avoid a specific time element, since there are other factors which may enter. I couldn't...."

Page 4912

First line should read as follows: "I happened to think of the shirt and I made a known sample of the shirt fibers."

Page 4914

Fifth statement of Mr. Stombaugh's should read as follows: "These are the gray-black cotton fibers and the color didn't come out well on these in this instance because of time and color process limitations."

Page 4915

First statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. The following phrase should be

added to the second sentence: "... come up with under the time and color process limitations."

Page 4917

First full statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. Add as last sentence: "However,

I do know that there are time and technical limitations on the accuracy of color reproductions."

Page 4922

First line should read: "... everyone who has said that and has been brought

to our attention we have been able to prove them wrong, insofar as application to our fiber problems is concerned."

First full statement of Mr. Stombaugh's. First sentence should read: "Yes,

their mathematics is wrong because of unknown factors which exist in our problems."

1-Mr. Conrad
1-Mr. Sullivan
1-Mr. Belmont
1-Mr. Rosen
1-Mr. Malley

August 4, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

*Assassination of President
John F. Kennedy*

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.
Washington, D. C.

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI
AUG 4 2 07 PM '64

Dear Mr. Rankin:

With reference to your note of July 24, 1964, attaching copies of Commission Exhibits 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 194, 204 and 234, I am advised that after thorough study of these copies our Laboratory is unable to suggest any manner of treatment which would make this material more nearly legible. The material not consumed during the testing is returned herewith.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC
39 AUG-4
COMM-FBI

Enclosures (7)

JRM:mpd/ding

(7) NOTE Mr. Rankin called and subsequently made available a number of Xerox copies of material which he desired the Bureau try and reproduce so that it would be more legible. These Xerox copies had been prepared by members of the Commission Staff and were not satisfactory. The material was made available to the Laboratory and the Laboratory was unable to reproduce this material in a more legible manner. Mr. Rankin advised that all of the material sent over was duplicate material and could be destroyed, if necessary.

REC-11

62-107060-3575

18 AUG 5 1964

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70 AUG 7 1964
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GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION
ROUTING SLIP

TO	CO	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	R10
NAME AND/OR SYMBOL						BUILDING, ROOM, ETC.					
1. Mr. James R. Malley						Room 5706					
2.											
3.											
4.											
5.											

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> ALLOTMENT SYMBOL | <input type="checkbox"/> HANDLE DIRECT | <input type="checkbox"/> READ AND DESTROY |
| <input type="checkbox"/> APPROVAL | <input type="checkbox"/> IMMEDIATE ACTION | <input type="checkbox"/> RECOMMENDATION |
| <input type="checkbox"/> AS REQUESTED | <input type="checkbox"/> INITIALS | <input type="checkbox"/> SEE ME |
| <input type="checkbox"/> CONCURRENCE | <input type="checkbox"/> NECESSARY ACTION | <input type="checkbox"/> SIGNATURE |
| <input type="checkbox"/> CORRECTION | <input type="checkbox"/> NOTE AND RETURN | <input type="checkbox"/> YOUR COMMENT |
| <input type="checkbox"/> FILING | <input type="checkbox"/> PER OUR CONVERSATION | <input type="checkbox"/> YOUR INFORMATION |
| <input type="checkbox"/> FULL REPORT | <input type="checkbox"/> PER TELEPHONE CONVERSATION | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <input type="checkbox"/> ANSWER OR ACKNOWLEDGE ON OR BEFORE _____ | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> PREPARE REPLY FOR THE SIGNATURE OF _____ | | |

REMARKS

Per our conversation this afternoon. Attached copies of are/Commission Exhibits 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 194, 204 and 234 which were furnished by Mrs. Marguerite Oswald. We would appreciate your opinion as to whether or not these documents can be treated in any manner as to make them legible.

FROM	CO	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	R10
NAME AND/OR SYMBOL						BUILDING, ROOM, ETC.					
J. Lee Rankin General Counsel						The President's Comm. on the Assassination.					
						TELEPHONE		DATE			
						ENCLOSURE		7/24/64 . 1			

8-3-64

CODE

If regular radio contact missed, send by urgent plain text teletype at once.

RADIOGRAM

URGENT

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (O. H. Bartlett)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

TO SAC, SAN DIEGO (62-1529)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060) - 3576

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,

NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING.

RESDAIRTEL AUGUST ONE, LAST, CONCERNING INFORMATION FROM PCI THAT UNIDENTIFIED MALE BRAGGED HE WAS IN POSSESSION OF STOLEN DEATH CERTIFICATE OF LATE PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND THAT HE INTENDS TO REALIZE PROFIT BY MAKING COPIES AND SELLING THEM.

SAN DIEGO IMMEDIATELY DEVELOPE FULL DETAILS FROM PCI, ENDEAVOR TO IDENTIFY UNIDENTIFIED MALE AND IF FEASIBLE WITHOUT COMPROMISING PCI, INTERVIEW HIM CONCERNING ALLEGATION AND FURNISH RESULTS TO BUREAU AND DALLAS IN LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM WITHOUT PROPERTY STAMP FOR POSSIBLE DISSEMINATION. INSURE PCI APPROPRIATELY CHARACTERIZED AS TO RELIABILITY. MAIL COPY TO DALLAS.

VIA RADIOGRAM

AUG 3 1964

6:36 PM OS

1 - Dallas (89-43)
RDR:las (8)

NOTE: From information available to the Bureau, President's death certificate was prepared at Parkland Memorial Hospital, Dallas. Copy or the original could come in the possession of anyone is not known. The U. S. Secret Service reportedly obtained all pertinent personal data relating to the President which included the death certificate. When the results are obtained, consideration will be given to disseminating this information to the President's Commission and U. S. Secret Service.

- Folsom _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Malone _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holloman _____
- Gandy _____

70 AUG 10 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

F B I

Date: 8/1/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)
FROM: SAC, SAN DIEGO (62-1529)(RUC)

Billings

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS;
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

[redacted] San Diego, California, on 7/31/64,
advised of an unidentified male, whom [redacted] believes [redacted] can
subsequently identify, of bragging that he was in possession
of the stolen death certificate of the late President JOHN
F. KENNEDY and that he intends to realize profit by making
copies of such death certificate and selling same. Informant
so convinced that such statement unfounded that [redacted] did not
identify this person, but later believed [redacted] should call it
to the attention of this office. No further investigation
being conducted by this office unless specifically requested
by Bureau.

- 3 - Bureau
- 2 - San Diego (1 - 62-1529)

[redacted]

HES:agv
(5)

*File in SD re DL
8-3-64
10/1/64*

REC 30

62-109060-3576

3 AUG 3 1964

EX-108

L

[Signature]

Approved: [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

8/1/64

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

TO : SAC, DALLAS (89-43)
FROM : SAC, BUTTE (62-1965) (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Re Salt Lake City airtel, 7/17/64.

Inquiry made of Sheriff GEORGE STEPHENS, Fergus County SO, Lewistown, Montana, re location of MARTHA MADDOX, Grass Range, Montana. Sheriff STEPHENS stated there is a MADDOX family ranching some distance out in the country south of Grass Range, but he did not know of a MARTHA MADDOX. He stated he would attempt to locate information concerning her.

Sheriff STEPHENS advised that the MADDOX family have been away on a short vacation, place unknown, but are expected to be back shortly after the first of August, and he will advise of their return.

LEADS

BUTTE DIVISION

AT GRASS RANGE, MONTANA

Will interview MARTHA MADDOX upon her return, as requested in airtel.

2 - Dallas (All)
1 - Bureau (62-103380) (AM)
2 - Butte
DEF/IMG
(5)

62-199060

NOT RECORDED

6 AUG 3 1964

66 AUG 6 1964

FBI

Date: 8/5/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ REGULAR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)
FROM: SAC, BALTIMORE (89-30)
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re: ALLEGATION

Re Baltimore airtel to Bureau and Dallas, dated July 31, 1964. *NR*

Enclosed for the Bureau is one copy of corrected insert which was inadvertently not enclosed for Bureau when 25 copies of it were forwarded to Dallas by referenced airtel.

Handwritten notes in left margin:
F.C.C. of United States and District of Columbia
Attached in corrected insert
LHM in case 3553, 7/11/64 *NR*

REC-21

62-109060 3577

NOT RECORDED

21 AUG 6 1964

EX 103

- 3 - Bureau (Enclosure 1)
 - 1 - Dallas (Info) (AIR MAIL) (89-43)
 - 1 - Baltimore
- JSR:bag
(5)

ENCLOSURE

79 AUG 18 1964 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

C.C. Wick

BA 89-30

JFR:mgl

1

Re: [REDACTED]

ALLEGATION

On July 8, 1964, [REDACTED], Administrative Assistant, Executive Department, State of Texas, Austin, Texas, made available to the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation eight pages of typed material which was reportedly prepared by Mrs. [REDACTED], Randolph Hills, Rockville, Maryland.

[REDACTED] made available copies of this material to Mr. KENNETH J. WIESMAN, United States Secret Service Agent at Austin, Texas.

On the following pages appear the exact contents of this material.

35/11
ENCLOSURE

B. 7-30
J. 1-1-31
2

[REDACTED]
Randolph Hillis
Rockville, Maryland

"June 24, 1964

"The Honorable Governor John Connolly
Executive Mansion
Austin, Texas

"Dear Governor Connolly:

"I sincerely am not just an emotional grandmother of fifty-three years, I have been listening to a radio program from New York this evening. It comes over WNBC, 630 on dial begins at 7:45 P.M. Monday thru Friday and runs thru 12:00 midnight. It is the Brad Crandall program people call in to him and they talk about any and everything, but it is usually centered on the states of the South.

"My fear for the people of the South and all America is not unfounded. One man called in on this program tonight and even suggested getting a crowd together and going down to Mississippi and this would be the spark that would set off the revolution that John Kennedy, Johnson, the Roman Catholics (hierarchy), the pope, and the Communists have planned since 1960.

"Kennedy and Johnson have been disarming our country, bankrupting, giving our tax money to Roman Catholic-Communists countries to build up their war arms, using our tax money by the millions to set-up so-called Peace Corps that are nothing more than gangsters and murders trained on honest American money and sent out all over the world to murder and start the wars and now they have come up with the obnoxious Poverty Bill to set-up Hitler Youth Camps and train our innocent youth as hardened killers and prostitutes.

"They carried out a well planned scheme and slandered Dallas, Texas to begin with about six months ago. John Kennedy is no more dead than I am. I haven't read that any one admitted seeing the corps.

"America is furious that Congress turns over our money to set up art centers and memorials to that obnoxious devil traitor. Now Johnson has come up with a bill for more millions of our money

F: 89-30

JER:mgl

3

to remake Pennsylvania Avenue, and it will be a second Rome, Italy. This same thing was tried when Abraham Lincoln was President and he refused to let the Roman Catholic devil in Rome plan and set up his noxious FALSE IDOLS.

"Johnson is either deliberately or being forced, at least he is rushing us into an American Police state and overthrow of our government. It has to be accomplished this Summer for they know this is their only opportunity and I sincerely believe that they are inciting a revolution in Mississippi to take our minds off of New York and Canada, and then move in from the North.

"Just a few days ago they had stirred up murders, bombings, thefts, rapes, etc. in Quebec and went so far as to say they might disolve relations with Canada and merge with the United States. It isn't a coincidence that Quebec is approximately 100% Roman Catholic their plan to merge would easily fit in and fortify our Nothern Shores as an aid and encirclement to benefit the Roman Catholic plans from New York, Europe, South America, Mexico, Panama, etc. and the rope could be squeezed around our necks before we know what has happened. They are centering the trouble on the South for a reason.

"If you will refer to the second election of Mr. Lincoln of 1864 you will find that this today is a duplication and the third try to overthrow our government. I don't think for a moment either that suddenly we have been having almost daily all Roman Catholic Heads of Foreign Governments making a path to our White House within the last month. We are dealing with professional gangsters and they could be checking on their joint plans for the invasion of America.

"Our only hope is for the Southern and Border Congressmen to take immediate action and place that whole nest of Nazis around the President under armed guard and if the President Johnson is willingly joined with them, include him and then appoint a President until November.

"If they don't the American Legion that have risked their lives should walk in and over throw the whole outfit or we are being forced into a revolution by the Roman Catholics and we are standing by and permitting it to happen.

BA 89-30

3:31:mgl

4

"We know the Roman Catholic hierarchy are murders, they have murdered three of our Presidents and tried to murder two others, what are our officials waiting for? I am hoping you Southern Governors and our Southern Congressmen will ignore any further foolishness and take action, you folks are our only hope. Your forefathers and mine gave their blood and lives for America, not Roman Catholics.

"All America is ready to explode, one lady said over the New York program tonight that 1,000,000 people were to march on Washington the 4th of July against the Civil Rights Bill, another called in that every Senator and Congressmen voting for the Bill would be defeated in November.

"The Northern Left Wing Congressmen have gone too far in aiding Johnson and the Catholics in destroying our Constitution and destroying our Freedoms, the people have had it. I wanted you Southern Governors and Southern Congressmen to know what I had heard for I believe the only thing that will stop the revolution will be an American Legion armed guard around the White House and Nazis running our government.

"Very Sincerely,

[REDACTED]

"(Mrs.)

[REDACTED]

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl

5

[REDACTED]
Randolph Hills
Rockville, Maryland

"June 23, 1964

"The Honorable Ralph W. Yarborough
110 Maryland Avenue
Washington 2, D.C.

"Dear Senator Yarborough:

"I am not from the state of Texas, but from the state of West Virginia and our state agrees wholeheartedly with The Honorable Governor, John Connolly and the people of the state of Texas that are fighting to retain FREEDOM IN TEXAS AND ALL OTHER FORTY-NINE STATES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

"I am also a Protestant as you are, and a descendant of Thomas Rogers, one of the one hundred and two PILGRIMS THAT LANDED ON PLYMOUTH ROCK, DECEMBER 30, 1620. Also a granddaughter of Percy "Doc" Rogers that along with his fellow Soldiers were forced to eat Opposum that had been dead so long it had begun to turn green, that ended with the giving their blood and laying down their lives on the Battlefield during the Civil War, 1861-1865 that you and I might live, and live in FREEDOM IN OUR BELOVED AMERICA.

"I am also a registered Democrat as you are, but our first LOYALTY AND ALLEGIANCE MUST FIRST BE PLEDGED TO OUR CREATOR, ALMIGHTY GOD AND SECOND TO AMERICA BEFORE EITHER POLITICAL PARTY, FOR IF WE DIDN'T HAVE ALMIGHTY GOD AND AMERICA WE WOULDN'T HAVE EITHER A DEMOCRATIC OR REPUBLICAN POLITICIAN IN A CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

"Senator Yarborough since the very day that Roman Catholic, John Kennedy entered our BLOOD PURCHASED, WHITE HOUSE, THE PROTESTANTS OF AMERICA HAVE BEEN HARASSED AND PERSECUTED SEVERELY AND SERIOUSLY, AND THIS PERSECUTION AND HARASSMENT HAS CONTINUED, AS SEVERELY SINCE LYNDON B. JOHNSON BECAME PRESIDENT.

"Our Protestant forefathers purchased America with their blood and lives, and our Protestant husbands, fathers, brothers and sons have been slaughtered BY THE MILLIONS, AND STILL ARE, ON THE BATTLEFIELDS OF AMERICA AND HEATHEN FOREIGN JUNGLES that you and I and all other Americans might breathe the air of FREEDOM, DID THESE AMERICAN SOLDIERS LAY DOWN THEIR LIVES IN VAIN?

PA 89-30

JSR:mgl

6

"The latest persecution has been inflicted upon 20th Century Reformation Hour, by Reverend Carl McIntire of Collingswood, New Jersey. Rev. McIntire is a reputable and God-fearing Minister of Protestant Faith, heard over 607 radio stations daily paid for exclusively by DONATIONS AND FREE WILL GIFTS OF MILLIONS OF FREEDOM LOVING AMERICANS ALL OVER OUR NATION. Reverend McIntire is Editor and Publisher of the CHRISTIAN BEACON, A PROTESTANT WEEKLY PUBLICATION. The Christian Beacon has been mailed out to its subscribers weekly as SECOND CLASS MAIL for the past twenty-five years without one single difficulty. Rev. McIntire was suddenly notified last week without any warning from Post Office Department, Washington, D.C. that effective immediately, his weekly Christian Beacon would no longer be mailed as SECOND CLASS BUT REDUCED TO THIRD CLASS MAIL.

"The 'Big Brother' in the Post Office Department didn't revoke the Second Class Right, but without warning or excuse reduced this Religious mail to Third Class as would never be thought would happen in America, but only under the BUTCHER OF BUDAPEST, NIKITI KRUSCHEV IN COMMUNIST RUSSIA OR THE BEAST DICTATOR, THE POPE IN ROME, ITALY.

"The second recent persecution The Independent Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions of Greenville, South Carolina of which Rev. McIntire is vice-President has been refused Income Tax Deductions from Internal Revenue in Washington, D.C.

"I must add it has been learned that the Roman Catholics mail out their weekly magazine from the same Post Office in New Jersey as the Christian Beacon as Second Class Mail and they weren't touched by the Postal Department, and allowed to continue with the Second Class.

"Rev. McIntire and his wife are also former residents of the state of Texas and he has the largest listening audience of Voters all over America and we are 'FED UP' and have no intentions of taking this lying down.

"Senator Yarborough, we know you have the influence to REVERSE AND PUT A STOP TO THIS PERSECUTION OF OUR PROTESTANT RELIGIOUS FREEDOM IN OUR VERY OWN COUNTRY. WE ARE CALLING UPON YOU TO PLEASE EXERT YOUR INFLUENCE AND TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION IN OUR FAVOR.

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl

7

"President Johnson is well aware that allowing persecutions of Protestants such as I have explained to you is seriously risking his chances of being elected in November, but worse than that, he is (if the action isn't reversed immediately and absolutely) pulling you down to his level and placing your chances of re-election at the mercy of the people in Texas. Please take a firm stand and refuse to be intimidated by the gangsters, your constituents will reward you and you will also receive praise from all Americans.

"Please do not use your valuable time in replying, for I do not expect it. The gentlemen receiving copies of this letter will be on the alert if and when the action is reversed, and if it isn't action will have to come from them. I have belief in you that we will get results or I wouldn't haven't taken the time to seek your help. Thank you

"Very sincerely,

 /s/

"COPIES TO:

"(Mrs.) 

"The Honorable Dwight D. Eisenhower

"The Honorable Governor
John Connolly

"The Honorable Barry M. Goldwater

"The Honorable Governor
George C. Wallace

"The Honorable Bruce Alger

"The Honorable Frank M. Clark"

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl

8

"Rochester, N.Y., Feb. 11, 1937

"We... of the Holy Roman Catholic Church, expect all loyal children of the church to assist the President with all our strength to see that individuals comprising the U.S. Supreme Court shall obey the President's injunctions. And, if necessary, we shall change, mend, or blot out the present Constitution so that the President may enforce his, or rather our humanitarian program and all phases of human rights as laid down by our saintly popes and the Holy Mother Church.

"We elected our worthy President by the greatest majority ever recorded in history. We are going to have our laws made and enforced according to the Holy See, and the Popes and the canon law of the Papal Throne. Our entire social structure must be built on that basis. Our educational laws must be so construed that atheism, the red peril of all blathering isms-PROTESTANTISM, COMMUNISM, SOCIALISM and all other of their ilk and stamp, be driven from this fair land.

"The cross was planted on our shores by staunch Roman Catholics. This land belongs to us by every right. Long enough have we compromised on every important question. Now we demand what is really ours, and we are going to have it. We will support our President in every way to obtain it peacefully, honestly, if we may. If necessary, we are ready to fight and die for it.

"We want as Cabinet Members children of the Holy Mother Church holding important positions in the entire structure of our government.

"We control America, and we do not propose to stop until America, or Americans, are genuinely Roman Catholic and remain so. God help us."

"SIGNED--Father Patrick Henry O'Brien

"The above letter was written to Rev. A. DiDomenica, former Catholic of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, originally printed in L'Aurora, published by the Italian Baptist Association of America."

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl

9

"COPIED FROM: My Deliverance from the Heresies of Rome,
by HARRY HAMPEL

"NOTE: I am a registered Democrat, but I am happy that my GOD AND JESUS CHRIST AND AMERICA TAKE PRECEDENCE FAR BEYOND, OUT IN THE FRONT OF POLITICAL AFFILIATIONS. THE EXPOSURES ABOVE SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES, 'OUR PRESIDENT' SPOKEN OF IS NONE OTHER THAN FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT AND HE IS THE ONE AND FIRST OF THIRTY-TWO AMERICAN PRESIDENTS TO COMMIT TREASON AGAINST GOD, JESUS CHRIST AND AMERICA, TREASON WAS CONTINUED IN 1964, THIRTY-FIFTH PRESIDENT, JOHN F. KENNEDY AND OUR THIRTY-SIXTH PRESIDENT, LYNDON BAYNES JOHNSON."

BA 89-30
JSR:mgl
10

"COMMUNIST RULES FOR REVOLUTION
(Captured in Dusseldorf May 1919
by the Allied Forces)

- "A. Corrupt the young, get them away from religion. Get them interested in sex. Make them superficial, destroy their ruggedness.
- "B. Get control of all means of publicity and thereby:
- "1. Get people's minds off their government by focusing their attention on athletics, sexy books and plays and other trivialities.
 - "2. Divide the people into hostile groups by constantly harping on controversial matters of no importance.
 - "3. Destroy the people's faith in their natural leaders by holding the latter up to contempt, ridicule and obloquy.
 - "4. Always preach true democracy, but seize power as fast and as ruthlessly as possible.
 - "5. By encouraging government extravagance, destroy its credit, produce fear of inflation with rising prices and general discontent.
 - "6. Foment unnecessary strikes in vital industries, encourage civil disorders and foster a lenient and soft attitude on the part of government toward such disorders.
 - "7. By spacious argument cause the breakdown of the old moral virtues, honesty, sobriety, continence, faith in the pledged word, ruggedness.
- "C. Cause the registration of all firearms on some pretext, with a view to confiscating them and leaving the population helpless.

BA 89-30
JSR:mgl/df1
11

"NOTE: The above 'Rules for Revolution' were secured by the State Attorney's Office from a known member of the Communist Party, who acknowledged it to be still a party of the Communist program for overthrowing the Government."

"George A. Brautigam

"State Attorney
State of Florida"

BA 89-30
JSR:mgl
12

"The following has been copied from 'MY DELIVERANCE FROM THE HERESIES OF ROME' by Harry Hampel, former Roman Catholic, Chapter XV, page 97.

"It was the Pope Pius XII and the strong Italian vote that put Mussolini in final control of Italy, and from the very beginning the pope demanded and received many favors from him. One of Mussolini's first acts was to rescue the financial standing of the Vatican by saving from bankruptcy the Banco di Roma in which most of the Vatican's funds were invested. When the Lateran Pact was signed, Mussolini paid the Pope 750,000,000 liras in cash and one billion liras in Fascist State bonds.

"Since the war very little has been said of the Catholic Church's attitude toward the Nazi regime of Germany. It is interesting to note that when Hitler seized power in January, 1938, the Vatican was the first sovereign power to enter into formal negotiations with it. Six months later, on July 20, 1938, Cardinal Pacelli (Now Pope Pius XII) put his signature along side that of Frans von Papen to the Vatican's Concordat with Hitler's Third Reich.

"It is interesting to note that the German Bishop's meeting at Fulda in August of 1938, a pastoral letter was issued which read,

"There is no need to speak at length of the task which our people and our country are called upon to undertake. May our Fuehrer with help of God, succeed in this extraordinarily difficult work."

"No further elaboration is necessary to see that it was not until Hitler's Third Reich and Mussolini's Fascist party had both secured the blessings of the pope that they began their long bloody march against Europe and Africa."

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl

13

"The following has been copied from OUTLINE OF HISTORY by H.G. Wells, Vol. II, page 927, par. 3.

"The battle which was to come ranks with Marathon and Salamis among those which changed history and saved civilization. Had Britain not resisted, or had it been conquered, it is not difficult to estimate what would have followed. The Nazi plan is now fairly clear and it is clear too how nearly it succeeded. The defeat of Britain was to be followed by the conquer of Russia; as it was, the Soviet forces came to the very edge of disaster in 1941 and 1942 and it is hardly likely they would have survived the attack of a Germany which had defeated Britain, had no need to defend its rear and all the seas wide open to supply its armies. The defeat of Russia was to be followed by a triple attack on the credulous and half-armed UNITED STATES from Japan on the West, from all NAZI EUROPE on the East, and from Latin America allies already being prepared in the South. This vast, but impracticable programme was thwarted by British resistance."

"NOTE:

The Kennedy-Johnson Foreign Aid Program is nothing more than to make sure that Hitler's plans for OVERTHROW OF THE UNITED STATES OF 1941 ARE COMPLETED IN 1964 PUT INTO ACTION, BY: no-win policy, (send our American Soldiers into Foreign Jungles with obsolete Airplanes and Arms as

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl

14

'Sitting Ducks' to be SLAUGHTERED IN COLD BLOOD BY ROMAN CATHOLIC COMMUNISTS) disarm America by deceit and fraud by stealing from us and giving to the Communists, bankrupt America by giving our tax hard earned money to all Foreign Countries to build arms to kill us with, increase the number of enemy countries by BOLDLY AND AGGRESSIVELY FORCING OUR SOLDIERS TO OVERTHROW ASIA AND AFRICA AND SLAUGHTER IN COLD BLOOD THEIR LOYAL CITIZENS THAT RESIST AND STAND-UP AND FIGHT FOR THEIR COUNTRIES., PLACE OUR YOUTH INTO CAMAFLAGED (PEACE) HITLER GANGSTER YOUTH CAMPS TO CAUSE REVOLUTION, MURDERS, BOMBINGS, RAPES, THEFTS, AGAINST LOYAL AMERICAN CITIZENS, AND OVERTHROW OUR GOVERNMENT IN AMERICA."

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl

15

On July 15, 1964, Lieutenant L. M. WHALEN, Montgomery County, Maryland Police Department, Wheaton Station, advised that Wheaton Station covers the Rockville, Maryland area. He said that Mrs. [REDACTED] is unknown to his department. He further advised that records of his department contain no information identifiable with [REDACTED]

On July 15, 1964, [REDACTED] Clerk, D.C. Credit Bureau, Washington, D.C., advised records that Bureau reflected [REDACTED] of [REDACTED] Rockville, Maryland, has been known to the D.C. Credit Bureau since July, 1961. Mrs. [REDACTED] is married to [REDACTED] and they have been at the [REDACTED] address since [REDACTED]. They are buying their home there. The [REDACTED] formerly lived at [REDACTED], Washington, D.C. Mrs. [REDACTED] is a white female, approximately 50 years of age.

[REDACTED] said these records indicate that [REDACTED] is employed as a [REDACTED] by the [REDACTED] Kenilworth, Maryland, and that Mrs. [REDACTED] is employed as a payroll clerk by the National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland.

On July 15, 1964, [REDACTED] Rockville, Maryland, advised that she has been a neighbor of Mrs. [REDACTED] since April, 1957, when the [REDACTED] moved into the house at [REDACTED]. She said Mrs. [REDACTED] is employed in the Payroll Department at the National Institutes of Health, Bethesda, Maryland, and is married to [REDACTED] who is employed as a [REDACTED] in Kenilworth, Maryland. She stated the [REDACTED] have one child, a daughter, married to [REDACTED]. The [REDACTED] have three children and live in Cumberland, Maryland, where Mr. [REDACTED] is connected with the [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] said that Mrs. [REDACTED] has been ill for the past several months; however, the exact nature of her illness is unknown to [REDACTED]. She said that Mrs. [REDACTED] has told her that she is attempting to obtain medical retirement because of this illness. [REDACTED] said that she has heard Mrs. [REDACTED] name the physician who is attending her; however, [REDACTED] could not recall this name.

On July 16, 1964, [REDACTED] Staff Accountant, Accounting and Auditing Section, National Institutes of Health (NIH), Bethesda, Maryland, advised that he is the immediate supervisor of Mrs. [REDACTED] of [REDACTED]

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl

16

Rockville, Maryland. [redacted] said that according to his records, Mrs. [redacted] has been employed at NIH as a payroll clerk since January, 1957. He said that he is aware she had prior government service; however, the time served and exact nature of her former employment is not reflected in records immediately available to him.

[redacted] stated that during the past two years, Mrs. [redacted] has been on extended sick leave and leave without pay, after she used all of her accrued sick leave. He said that she has been on leave without pay since April, 1964, and will shortly be retired because of medical disability. He stated he has not had an opportunity to review medical records pertaining to the exact nature of Mrs. [redacted] medical disability and that he probably will not be permitted to review these records. However, he is aware that her disability appears to be a definite emotional problem. He commented that about two years ago he began to notice that she appeared to be displeased with many things that occurred in her particular area of work and constantly complained to him and other of her superiors, indicating that she believed she was being discriminated against because of her religious convictions. He said he is also aware that Mrs. [redacted] has written many letters to various political figures throughout the United States charging that a religious order is attempting to undermine the Government of the United States in an effort to eventually take over the control of the United States Government.

[redacted] said that he has seen Mrs. [redacted] read a number of books, which, from casual perusal by him, indicate the authors of these books are castigating a particular religious sect.

[redacted] said that he does not know the identity of the physician who has been caring for Mrs. [redacted]. He said she did not utilize the services of a government physician but insisted on seeing her private physician. [redacted] said he could add nothing to the above except the personal observation that Mrs. [redacted] who was at one time a valued and reliable employee in his section, now appears to be an extremely emotionally upset woman.

[redacted] furnished the following brief physical description of Mrs. [redacted]

BA 89-30

JSR:mgl

17

Name: [REDACTED]
Date of Birth: [REDACTED]
Race: White
Sex: Female
Height: 5'1"
Weight: 135 pounds
Hair: Red
Eyes: Blue
Marital Status: Married
Husband: [REDACTED]
Children: One married daughter

Each of the following individuals advised there is no record of treatment of [REDACTED] for mental condition at her respective institutions:

[REDACTED] Librarian
Spring Grove State Hospital,
Catonsville, Maryland

[REDACTED]
Statistical Division
Springfield State Hospital
Sykesville, Maryland

August 6, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - C. A. Evans
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
(O. H. Bartlett)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
 General Counsel
 The President's Commission
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed are two copies each of the following four communications concerning Lewis Edward Berry, Jr., of Houston, Texas:

Houston, Texas, June 22, 1964,
captioned "Lewis Edward Berry, Jr.
Miscellaneous Information Concerning"

Dallas, Texas, July 17, 1964,
captioned "Assassination of President
John Fitzgerald Kennedy, 11/22/63,
Dallas, Texas"

Houston, Texas, July 21, 1964,
captioned "Lewis Edward Berry, Jr.
Miscellaneous Information Concerning"

Houston, Texas, July 30, 1964,
captioned "Assassination of President
John Fitzgerald Kennedy
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas"

REC'D-READING ROOM
AUG 6 12 01 PM '64

BY COURIER SVC.
 42 AUG - 6
 COMM-FBI

For your information, copies of the above communications have been furnished to the U. S. Department of Justice and U. S. Secret Service Headquarters in Washington, D. C., as they contain information of possible interest to them. No further action is being taken in this matter.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

- olson _____
- elmont _____
- Mohr _____
- W.C. Sullivan _____
- DeLoach _____
- Malley _____
- Rosen _____
- Tavel _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

RDR:las (11) R I

62-109060
1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

9 AUG 10 1964 (8)
MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

COPY FILED IN

NOTE:

On 6-20-64, Mrs. Berry, who admitted treatment at a mental hospital for a short period of time, furnished some rather wild allegations concerning her husband organizing a group for possible overthrow of the Government, association with ultraconservatives and rightists and other radical allegations. Mrs. Berry also indicated her husband knew of one individual who possibly had information concerning the assassination. She also indicated her husband was very anti-Robert Kennedy. Our investigation has established that Mr. Berry is ultraconservative and is going around with an odd bunch at the University of Houston. He denies any knowledge of any movements to overthrow constituted authority. His friend who allegedly had knowledge of the assassination, William M. Rudersdorf, has no such knowledge and is by his own admissions an agitator making statements calculated to stimulate controversy. In view of the allegations, U. S. Secret Service and the Department have been furnished copies of the above-referred-to communications. No further action appears necessary and this concludes our inquiries.

8-6-64

1 - Mr. Rogge

Airtel

To: SAC, Louisville

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING**

Re SAairtel 5-26-64, concerning an anonymous letter received by Governor Connally which was postmarked 4-22-64, at Sheperdsville, Kentucky.

Louisville furnish date and identity of communication which furnished Dallas the results of investigation requested in reairtel.

1 - San Antonio (89-67)

1 - Dallas (89-43)

RDR:las (6)

NOTE: *See*

Louisville was requested by San Antonio to conduct appropriate investigation to identify the author of the anonymous communication. The above is being sent in line with our continuing practice of following leads in the assassination investigation.

MAILED SQ
AUG - 6 1964
COMM-FBI

REC-12

60
X-108

109060-3579

10 AUG 6 1964

RTS

11 20 21 24

AUG 10 1964 TELETYPE UNIT

FBI

REC-42

Date: 8/3/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM SAC, CINCINNATI (62-2758) (RUC)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION
CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel, 7/28/64; and Cincinnati airtel,
7/24/64.

Enclosed for the Dallas Office are 25 copies of
an insert, and for the Atlanta Office one copy, showing
receipt of letters at the Cincinnati Office from Mrs. CLINTON
HUDSON of Decatur, Georgia.

Information contained in the insert was furnished
to Bureau, Dallas, and Atlanta by Cincinnati airtel 7/24/64.
Bureau instructed enclosed insert be prepared.

- 3 - Bureau
- 1 - Atlanta (Enc. 1) (Info.)
- 2 - Dallas (Enc. 25) (89-43)
- 1 - Cincinnati
- TPS/mal
- (7)

REC-42 62 107161-3580

21 AUG 5 1964

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

9 AUG 10 1964

in file with 62-109060

[Handwritten signature]

8-4-64

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - J. N. Sizoo
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (J. W. Hines)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Airtel

ST-10A

To: SAC, Dallas (89-43)

REC-40

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) - 3581

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
 11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS
 MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

Enclosed for Dallas are three copies of a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission dated 8-3-64.

The investigation requested should be expeditiously conducted and the results furnished in an appropriate letter-head memorandum for dissemination. Your attention is specifically directed to the last sentence of paragraph 2 on page 1, wherein the Commission requests it be furnished as soon as possible copies of the photographs used in connection with this request. This matter should be handled immediately.

- Enclosures (3)
- 1 - Dallas (44-1639)
 - 1 - Dallas (100-10461)

- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)
 - 1 - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald) 1 - 44-24016 (Jack L. Ruby)
- RDR:las (14)

NOTE: Commission by letter makes reference to the testimony of Mark Lane before the President's Commission, in which he alleged there was a meeting at Jack Ruby's Carousel Club on 11-14-63, in Dallas between Bernard Weissman, Officer J. D. Tippit and Jack Ruby. Lane is the New York attorney who has engaged in [redacted] and is closely associated with communist dominated organizations. He has been endeavoring to prove that Oswald is innocent. Weissman is the individual who placed the controversial page ad in a Dallas newspaper prior to President Kennedy's visit. Tippit, of course, was shot and killed by Oswald. We have investigated this allegation in the past and proven that no such meeting took place. However, based on the specific request in the above Commission letter, it

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO

MAILED 30
 AUG 4 1964
 COMM-FBI

- Tolson
- DeLoach
- Mohr
- Bishop
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

4 AUG 12 1964 TELETYPE UNIT

62-109090-12555-5416

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[Handwritten signatures and initials: RDR, las, etc.]

appears the Commission is endeavoring to check out every possible facet of this matter to preclude possible criticism in the future.

The Commission request requires the obtaining of photographs of Weissman and Tippit and displaying same to various individuals associated with the Carousel Club to insure that neither were seen in the club at any time. When the results of this inquiry are completed, the Commission will be advised.

**PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY**

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BOGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE R.

AUG 3

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	✓
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover: *lc*

Mary Lane has testified before the Commission about an allegation that on November 14, 1963, there was a two-hour meeting at the Carousel Club between Bernard Weissman, Officer J.D. Tippit, and Jack Ruby. In connection with this allegation the Commission would be grateful if you would perform the following additional investigation:

1. Obtain photographs of Bernard Weissman and J.D. Tippit and show them to George Senator, Andrew Armstrong, Larry Craford, Karen Bennet Carlin, Nancy Powell and William D. Crowe in order to determine whether any of these persons observed Weissman or Tippit at the Carousel Club at any time, and whether any of these persons observed a meeting such as that described by Lane. The photographs may be obtained in any way you find most feasible; however, please have Weissman identify and sign the photograph which you obtain of him and have Mrs. Tippit identify and sign the photograph you obtain of her late husband. We would also appreciate receiving copies of these photographs as soon as you obtain them, whether or not you have yet shown them to the group of witnesses listed above.

2. Reinterview Bernard Weissman to determine as precisely as possible his whereabouts on November 14, 1963, particularly in the evening hours. Determine who, if anyone is able to provide corroboration.

3. Reinterview Mrs. J.D. Tippit to determine whether or not she is aware of any contact between her late husband and Bernard Weissman.

*Rose
H...*

EX-100

30 AUG 4 1964

21

62-107060

62-107060 3581

3 AUG 6 1964

*antel to SAC PL
RDR: jcw
8-4-64*

ST-104

REC-40

ALL

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4. Ruby claims that he did not know the Officer J.D. Tippit, who was killed on November 22, but that he does know another member of the Dallas Police Department by the name Tippit. Interview Officer G.M. Tippit, member of the Special Services Bureau of the Dallas Police Department, to determine the extent of his relationship, if any, with Jack Ruby.

Sincerely,



J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS,
11/22/63

- 1 - Mr. Conrad - Enclosure
 - 1 - Mr. Jevons - Enclosure
 - 2 - Mr. Griffith - Enclosure
- DATE: 8/5/64
- 1 - Mr. Neill - Enclosure
 - 1 - Mr. Frazier - Enclosure
 - 1 - Office, Room 7133 - Enc.

Tolson	✓
Belmont	✓
Mohr	
Casper	
Callahan	
Conrad	
DeLoach	
Evans	
Gale	
Rosen	
Sullivan	
Tavel	
Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Holmes	
Gandy	

Rel

Reference memorandum dated 2/26/64, from W. D. Griffith to Mr. Conrad concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau has undertaken to furnish the President's Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On 8/3/64, Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, Commission employee, telephoned Section Chief Roy H. Jevons, Physics and Chemistry Section of the Laboratory, and requested that a Bureau representative pick up those exhibits listed on the attached enclosure. It was further requested that three copies of each exhibit be made and that all copies and the original exhibits be returned to the Commission.

As a matter of record, custody was taken of instant exhibits by SA Robert E. Neill on 8/3/64.

This work will be handled by an Agent examiner of the FBI Laboratory's Document Section.

ACTION:

Exhibits will be photographed or otherwise reproduced as requested. The originals of these exhibits plus the copies of each will be returned to the Commission.

62-109060

- 1 - Mr. Belmont - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Rosen - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Malley - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Callahan (Attention: C. Q. Smith) - Enclosure

R.H.J.
BP

REC-42

3582

REN:bsm (13)

3 AUG 7 1964

ENCLOSURE

ST-104

70 AUG 13 1964

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8/5/64

COMMISSION EXHIBIT NO.

DESCRIPTION

Pappas #1	Two 8" by 10" photographs of scenes showing the killing of Oswald by Ruby
Baker #1	One 8" by 10" photograph of a Dallas street scene
Hudson #1	One 8" by 10" color photograph of Presidential Motorcade in Dallas
Lewis #1	One 8" by 10" mug shot of Oswald
Holmes #1A	Blank application form for Post Office Box (POD Form 1093)
Holmes #2A	Copy of Post Office box application for Ruby
Holmes #3A	Notice to Change Forwarding Order for Oswald
General Walker #1, #2, #3, and #4	Four 8" by 10" photographs showing various scenes of General Walker's residence
Tague #1	One 8" by 10" photograph purporting to depict a point on South curve on Main Street from which bullet or fragment thereof ricocheted
Willis #1	Eight color slides of Presidential Motorcade and one page of explanatory text
Pena #1	Four reproductions showing various pages of the passport application of Orest Pena
Lawrence #1	Five small sheets of notes re placement of police officers by Dallas Police Department

AUG 7 1964

ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Jevons

DATE: 8/6/64

- 1 - Mr. Neill
- 1 - Mr. Frazier
- 2 - Mr. Griffith
- 1 - Office, Room 7133

Tolson	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Belmont	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mohr	<input type="checkbox"/>
Casper	<input type="checkbox"/>
Callahan	<input type="checkbox"/>
Conrad	<input type="checkbox"/>
DeLoach	<input type="checkbox"/>
Felt	<input type="checkbox"/>
Gale	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Rosen	<input type="checkbox"/>
Sullivan	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tavel	<input type="checkbox"/>
Trotter	<input type="checkbox"/>
Tele. Room	<input type="checkbox"/>
Holmes	<input type="checkbox"/>
Gandy	<input type="checkbox"/>

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS,
11/22/63

Reference memorandum dated 2/26/64, from W. D. Griffith to Mr. Conrad concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau has undertaken to furnish the President's Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On 8/4/64, Miss Mary A. Rowcotsky, Commission employee, telephoned SA Robert E. Neill, Physics and Chemistry Section, FBI Laboratory, and requested that Ruth Paine exhibits numbered 272 and 273 be photographed and that three copies of each be furnished to the Commission.

These exhibits are already in the possession of the Bureau; therefore, no pick up was necessary.

This work will be handled by an Agent examiner of the FBI Laboratory's Document Section.

ACTION:

Exhibits will be photographed as requested and three copies of each will be furnished to the Commission.

62-109060

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Callahan (Attention: C. W. Smith)

SI-104

REC-12

3583

AUG 7 1964

REN:bsm (13)

Note: Ruth Paine exhibit number 272 is a piece of wrapping paper and Ruth Paine exhibit number 273 is a piece of paper tape. Both exhibits were obtained from Ruth Paine residence.

84 AUG 12 1964

AUG 7 1964

RECORDED

SI-104
Callahan
Smith

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

August 7, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (P. F. Enlow)
(R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - I. W. Conrad (J. C. Cadigan)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
 General Counsel
 The President's Commission
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letters dated May 26, 1964, and June 26, 1964, concerning the receipt of an anonymous letter on May 18, 1964, implying a threat against the Chief Justice of the United States.

Enclosed are two photographic copies of the anonymous letter and the envelope in which it was received designated as FBI Exhibit D215. Also enclosed are two copies of a communication from our Springfield Office dated July 16, 1964, concerning the interview of Mr. Major George Canfield.

The original anonymous letter and envelope are being retained for possible future use and the enclosed are being furnished for the completion of your files.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

62-109060

- 1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)
- 1 - 65-8742 (Arthur Imhoff)

RDR:las
(12)

Enclosures (4)

EX 109

REC-39

3584

19 AUG 7 1964

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REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

AUG 11 10 33 AM '64

44 AUG - 7
COMM - FBI

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thos

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

AUG 13 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

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NOTE:

Details concerning this matter appear in Rosen to Belmont memo, 5-25-64, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, 11-22-63, Dallas, Texas, Miscellaneous - Information Concerning," RDR:las. Briefly, an anonymous letter alleges the writer overheard a conversation in the Spanish language indicating knowledge of the assassination and implying a threat against the Chief Justice. The person making these statements drove a car bearing Arizona license EYZ 958, which was determined to belong to one Arthur G. Imhoff. Imhoff was interviewed on 6-17-64, and denied having any knowledge of the assassination or acquaintance with any of the central figures. He indicated an interest in extrasensory perception "seers" and "mystics." He acknowledged that he might have talked about predictions of the President's death made by others, but denies making any statements which could be construed as a threat. The Chief Justice and the President's Commission were immediately advised of the receipt of the anonymous letter and were advised we were investigating. By letter 6-26-64, the Commission was furnished full details concerning the above. The information now being furnished was subsequently developed and may be of interest to the Commission and will also complete its files. No further action need be taken.

Mr. Herbert J. Miller, Jr.
Assistant Attorney General

August 7, 1964

Director, FBI

- 1 - C. A. Evans
- 1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
- 1 - C. D. DeLoach

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

REC'D-READING ROOM
 B I
 AUG 7 9 37 AM '64

Enclosed is one copy of the report of Special Agent Robert P. Gemberling at Dallas dated July 16, 1964, captioned as above. The report contains the results of investigation conducted by this Bureau relative to allegations against persons other than Lee Harvey Oswald, and is being furnished as it contains information of possible interest to you.

For your information, copies of this report have been furnished to the President's Commission investigating the assassination of the late President John Fitzgerald Kennedy and one copy has been furnished to the U. S. Secret Service.

Enclosure

1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RDR:las (12) *jos*

NOTE: We have received numerous complaints relating to individuals other than Lee Harvey Oswald. The complaints generally relate to remarks and threats allegedly made by individuals concerning their feelings about President Kennedy, other officials and the policies of the administration. The complaints are initiated by cranks, mental cases and patriotic citizens. This will be the fifth such report disseminated to the President's Commission. A copy will be disseminated to the U. S. Secret Service separately. The enclosed report has been reviewed by Mr. Belmont, Malley and appropriate Bureau supervisor.

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

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REC-39
COMM-FBI

107-60-3585
11/11/64

58 AUG 13 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

OK
MR

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM : LEGAT, BONN (62-36) (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

DATE: 7/31/64

ReBulet to Mr. HERBERT J. MILLER, Jr., Assistant Attorney General dated June 4, 1964, and Bonnairtel July 7, 1964.

Enclosed are 25 copies of an insert pertaining to the investigation concerning ALBERT HEINRICH HILLER.

100 of each returned as - [unclear]

*This information
will not be given to
in [unclear] for
to [unclear] and
Dept. FBI*

FORWARDED
L



- 5 - Bureau (Enc 25)
- 1 - Liaison
- 2 - Dallas 89-43
- 1 - Bonn
- GAV:eds
- (6)

ENCLOSURE

REC-39

62-109060-3586

NOT RECORDED

6 AUG 5 1964

*2 Xerox copies
made for Bu
and [unclear]
S/64 RDLK*

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

REC 2

RECEIVED

CONSTITUTION
NO ACTION

*1cc [unclear]
25 [unclear]
[unclear]*

56 AUG 13 1964

BONN 62-36
DALLAS 89-43

The following is a translation from the German of a letter, which was in a double envelope and was postmarked at Tuebingen, Germany, 12:00 Noon May 25, 1964, and was sent to Mr. ROBERT KENNEDY, Attorney General of the United States of America:

"Alfred Hiller
Schlotterbechstr.
7032 Boeblingen
West Germany

"Boeblingen
May 23, 1964

"To Mr. Robert Kennedy
Attorney General of the U.S.A.

"Dear Mr. Kennedy:

"According to the wish of your brother John Fitzgerald Kennedy, I wish to give you the true background details of the crime, now that a half year has gone by since the Dallas assassination. I had several telephonic conversations with your brother. The last one took place in August of last year. In the beginning, Mr. Johnson who is now President, used to join in the conversations also.

"At the time, your brother John F. requested me to contact you when this date would roll around. Nobody knows of the secret and confidential relation between your brother and myself.

"Therefore, I ask you to place yourself in contact with me right away, or at least on the occasion of your visit to Berlin next month.

"I believe that I owe it to you, to your sister-in-law Jacqueline Kennedy, to the other members of the Kennedy family, to the American people and to the whole world to clarify the confused issues of the horrible Dallas assassination. u

"It has cost me a great deal of effort not to write this letter to you before. As I mentioned previously, your brother, John F. Kennedy, had asked me to wait until now.

"I want to let you know confidentially that I had foreseen the assassination of your brother. I also know quite accurately the precise circumstances of the Dallas assassination.

"Therefore, I shall be looking forward to hearing from you in the near future.

"Of course, the precise details must be of very great interest to you.

"With kind regards, I remain

"Sincerely yours,

(signed) "Alfred Hiller"

The Bundeskriminalamt (BKA - West German Federal Criminal Police), Wiesbaden, Germany, arranged for an inquiry regarding ALFRED HILLER and an inquiry regarding the matter outlined in his letter. The BKA furnished the results of this inquiry in the form of a report dated June 25, 1964, at Stuttgart, Germany, prepared by the Criminal Police Office of the State Police Directorate for North Wuerttemberg, which was approved and forwarded by Chief Criminal Commissioner ZGSTEMAIER. U

The report stated that inquiries had been made at the towns of Boeblingen, Altdorf, Rottenburg am Neckar and Tuebingen, German Federal Republic. It was found that there was no record with the police regarding HILLER in Altdorf or Tuebingen. He was known to the police in Boeblingen and Rottenburg. While employed in Boeblingen HILLER had written incoherent letters to various citizens in the Village of Altdorf.

The records of the Division of State Police at Rottenburg revealed that on April 8, 1964, at about 11:50 AM, HILLER had partially undressed himself on the Neckar River bridge in Rottenburg; had thrown pieces of his clothing in the river and had also thrown a number of phonograph records in the river and distributed others to children. The records stated that HILLER had religious hallucinations and that he was receiving medical treatment in Tuebingen from Dr. OSTERMANN who immediately committed him to the Tuebingen University Hospital following the occurrence. *u*

The report states that HILLER was questioned on June 23, 1964, at his home in Altdorf, Germany, and the following information regarding his background and the circumstances of his writing the letter to Attorney General ROBERT KENNEDY was obtained. *u w. gll*

HILLER's full name is ~~ALFRED HEINRICH HILLER~~. He was born April 13, 1942, at Altdorf, County of Boeblingen in the State of Baden-Wuerttemberg, Germany. His current address is #14 Buehl Strasse in Altdorf. He is an electric installer by occupation and is single. His parents are CHRISTIAN and ANNA HILLER who are farmers having the same address as HILLER. In the portion of the report containing descriptive data which reads "if unemployed, since when" it is stated "ill since April 7, 1964." In the portion of the same form which deals with current status of health it is stated "since 1963 under doctor's care for nerve condition." *u*

In discussing his past with the interviewing officer, HILLER furnished the following information: *u*

HILLER has been under medical treatment since the age of 12 and suffers from an overly sensitive nervous system. He had suicidal thoughts as early as the age of 13 and claims that since the age of 4 has been dreaming in series of things which later occur and says he thus dreamed in advance about the death of President KENNEDY about a year and a half ago. He attended primary school in Altdorf from 1948-1954 and a higher secondary school in Boeblingen from 1954-1957. He said that he was the best student in his class but began to neglect his work and could no longer be promoted in 1957. He, therefore, left school and became an apprentice electrician. He says *u*

his record in the trade school in 1960 was good but he received only an average grade in his examination. He began to work as an apprentice with a firm in Boeblingen in 1957, and last was employed with the Hartmann Elektro-Installation.

HILLER stated that his nervous condition was originally discovered by a professor of the Tuebingen Children's Hospital who recommended that he be sent to a boarding school. He attributes his deteriorating performance in school to the strain of puberty. In spite of his difficulties his medical treatment ended in 1955 with a diagnosis of an overly sensitive nervous system. He speaks, however, of suffering feelings of depression, loss of interest and weakness of will in secondary school. These symptoms continued from 1957-1960. He said that he "was not there" during these periods which first occurred at two-week intervals and later at four-week intervals. During these times he was weary of life and felt all problems to be insurmountable and had suicidal thoughts. He says that suicide runs in his family as an aunt on his father's side committed suicide in 1956.

HILLER stated that he "approached God" because he needed help in handling his condition. About four years ago he said his relationship to God changed inasmuch as he would not merely pray alone but rather would also receive an answer from God in the form of dreams. Since about four years ago he occasionally dreamed in series of things which later occurred. Among other things he claims to have dreamed in advance of about one and one half years of the death of President KENNEDY seeing the murder and all the circumstances, places and persons. He also mentioned two other occasions of predictions of other events. He claims to have been visited by the Chief of the French Secret Police who asked for his help in solving the case of the kidnapping of ERIC PEUGEOT.

HILLER said that his actions on the bridge over the Neckar River came about after he "was told" to go to Rottenburg, the Seat of a Diocese, where his "super-human situation" would be brought to an end. He was picked-up after his performance on the bridge and taken to his doctor, Dr. OSTERMANN, who committed him to a sanitarium in Tuebingen. He said the doctor had wished to commit him previously but he would not consent. He had been in the care of Dr. OSTERMANN since February, 1963. He stayed in the sanitarium from April 8, 1964, until June 5, 1964, and feels that he would have been released earlier if he had not told his story regarding the murder of President KENNEDY. u

HILLER was taken to his father's home upon release from the sanitarium and said that he planned to resume work at the Elektro-Buehler on June 29, 1964. He added that he has had no dreams since his release from the sanitarium.

With particular reference to the letter written to the Attorney General and his prediction of the assassination of President KENNEDY, the report sets out the following account by HILLER:

"I was informed in all details about the threatening murder of Kennedy through a dream series which occurred about one and half years ago.

"Immediately after the dream I wrote to the American military mission or to the Headquarters of the American forces in Germany, and stated that I had a highly political matter to report. Later I wrote again, as I received no answer in the meantime to my first letter.

"After my second letter I was telephoned directly from the White House by President Kennedy. I was then, as agreed, in the Hotel 'zur Sonne' in Altdorf. At first, people from the staff of the President attempted to speak with me, but I did not leave them alone until I was able to speak to the President himself. He himself, and his staff also, spoke in German.

"The conversation was recorded on tape, and I must have insulted the President, since he left the room, while his wife remained until the end.

"I told him when and where he would be murdered.

"Some two months later he called me again in the 'Sonne' and wanted to know more details. He also told me that he felt that he was able to achieve more than his successor and to bring the Western World into a position of leadership. About April, 1963, the President called me again in the 'Sonne' and told me that he had arranged everything concerning his succession. Johnson was also present and was badly shaken. In his inner turmoil, he left the room before I was through with the conversation. u

"As Kennedy told me in the last conversation, he himself had determined the people who were to murder him. He also told me that the people were envious among themselves and that each fought to be able to commit the murder. u

"It was most likely for this reason that it later came to the murder of the murderer, whose action was begrudged him. u

"I had originally predicted, and had also made it a condition in conversations with the President, that I would not make known the truth about the murder to the public until half a year after the deed. I also suggested the founding of a memorial library. u

"However, Kennedy did not agree that the announcement of the truth about the murder should wait so long; rather, he demanded that his family be told about it in time. Therefore, some 14 days after the deed, I informed Robert Kennedy, who then informed the widow of the President. Jacqueline Kennedy then sent me a telegram which stated that she thanked me very much and was of the opinion that what I had reported was the best solution of the case. Unfortunately I no longer have the telegram." u

The document setting forth the information obtained from HILLER on June 23, 1964, was signed by him and witnessed by Criminal Police Commissioners SCHABER and VOEHRINGER. The report continues with a portion signed by Commissioner SCHABER stating that Dr. OSTERMANN could not be reached for questioning but that Dr. von KALCKREUTH, who had charge of HILLER in the sanitarium from April 8 to June 5, 1964, had stated that HILLER suffered from schizophrenia and that his visions and series dreams are symptoms of that illness. The statement by SCHABER concludes with the following comments: u

"As the inquiry shows, we are concerned in the case of Hiller with a mentally ill person. He suffers from Schizophrenia. u

"His accounts and written reports about his meeting with the Chief of the French Secret Police, and his knowledge about the grounds for the murder of President Kennedy, are symptoms of this illness. u

"Hiller has released the doctors who treated him, in a written statement, from their duty to keep his communications secret. u

"The examination of Hiller was conducted so thoroughly in order to demonstrate what his mental state actually is. u