REC-117 62-109060-3175

May 28, 1964

Mr. Eli L. Chamberlain
19 Everett Avenue
Norwood, Massachusetts 02062

Dear Mr. Chamberlain:

Your letter of May 25th, with enclosure, has been received.

While I would like to be of assistance, the FBI is strictly an investigative agency of the Federal Government and neither makes evaluations nor draws conclusions as to the character or integrity of any organization, publication or individual. In view of the foregoing I trust you will understand why I cannot comment as you suggested. I hope you will not infer either that we do or do not have data in our files concerning the subject of your inquiry.

Enclosed is some material which I trust will be of interest.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 20
MAY 28 1964
COMM-FBI

Enclosures (4)
"Faith in God--Our Answer To Communism"
4-1-61 LEB Introduction
4-17-62 Internal Security Statement
Let's Fight Communism Sanely!

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles. Community Lecture Series is not identifiable in Bufiles. Dr. Revilo Pendleton Oliver is described as a University of Illinois Professor who is anti-Semitic and a right wing extremist. He has come to the attention of this Bureau in the past but has never been investigated. His enclosed publication is anti-communist in tenor.

JFC:mc (3)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

ELI L. CHAMBERLAIN
19 EVERETT AVENUE
NORWOOD, MASSACHUSETTS 02062

May 25, 1964

Dear Mr. Hoover:

If it is in order, I would appreciate your advise as to the authenticity of the statements and data contained in the enclosed pamphlet apparently written by Dr Revilo Oliver.

Yours truly,
Eli L. Chamberlain

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

REC-117

62-109060-3175

6-5

17 MAY 26 1964

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAY 26 1964
33

C28

TRUE COPY

Eli L. Chamberlain
19 Everett Avenue
Norwood, Massachusetts
02062
May 25, 1964

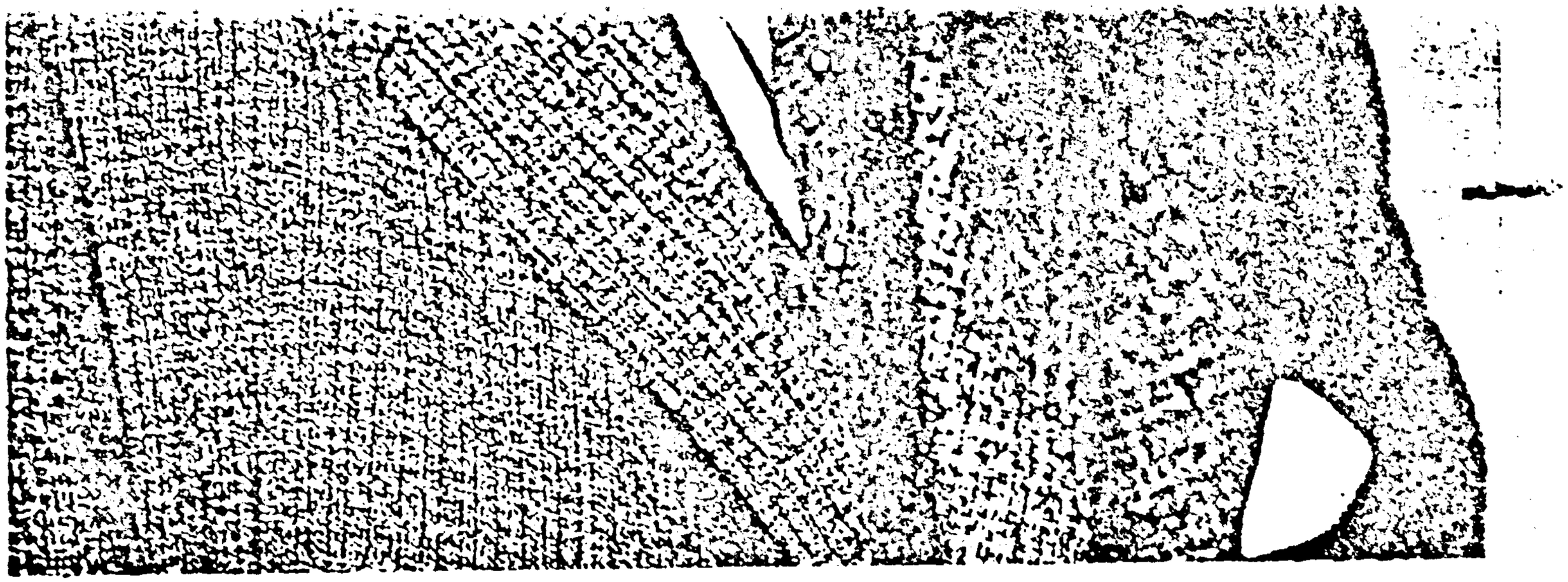
Dear Mr. Hoover:

If it is in order, I would appreciate your advise as to the authenticity of the statements and data contained in the enclosed pamphlet apparently written by Dr Revilo Oliver.

Yours truly,

Eli L. Chamberlain

REC- 27-64
mm
ack 5-27-64
DFC/mm



DR. REVILO PENDLETON OLIVER

Dr. Revilo Pendleton Oliver is Professor of the Classics at the University of Illinois, rbana, Illinois. He was born in Texas, went to high school in Illinois and Calif-nia, was an undergraduate in Pomona College (Claremont, California), and ob-ined the degree of Ph. D. at Illinois under the late great Professor William Abbott ldfather. For many years he has taught, almost entirely, graduate students in lassical Philology, and for a number of those years he also gave graduate courses i Spanish and Italian.

He has traveled widely. After World War II he was awarded a Guggenheim Post-ervice Fellowship. In 1953-54, he spent a year in Italy on a Fulbright Research ellowship exploring Renaissance manuscripts in the famous Italian libraries.

He is a scholar of international reputation. He has published scholarly articles in our languages in twelve learned periodicals of the United States and Europe. His rst book was an annotated translation from the Sanskrit, "Mrcchakatika" ("The ittle Clay Cart") published by the University of Illinois in 1938. He is a member f fourteen learned societies in the United States and Europe, and has been an of-cer in several of these.

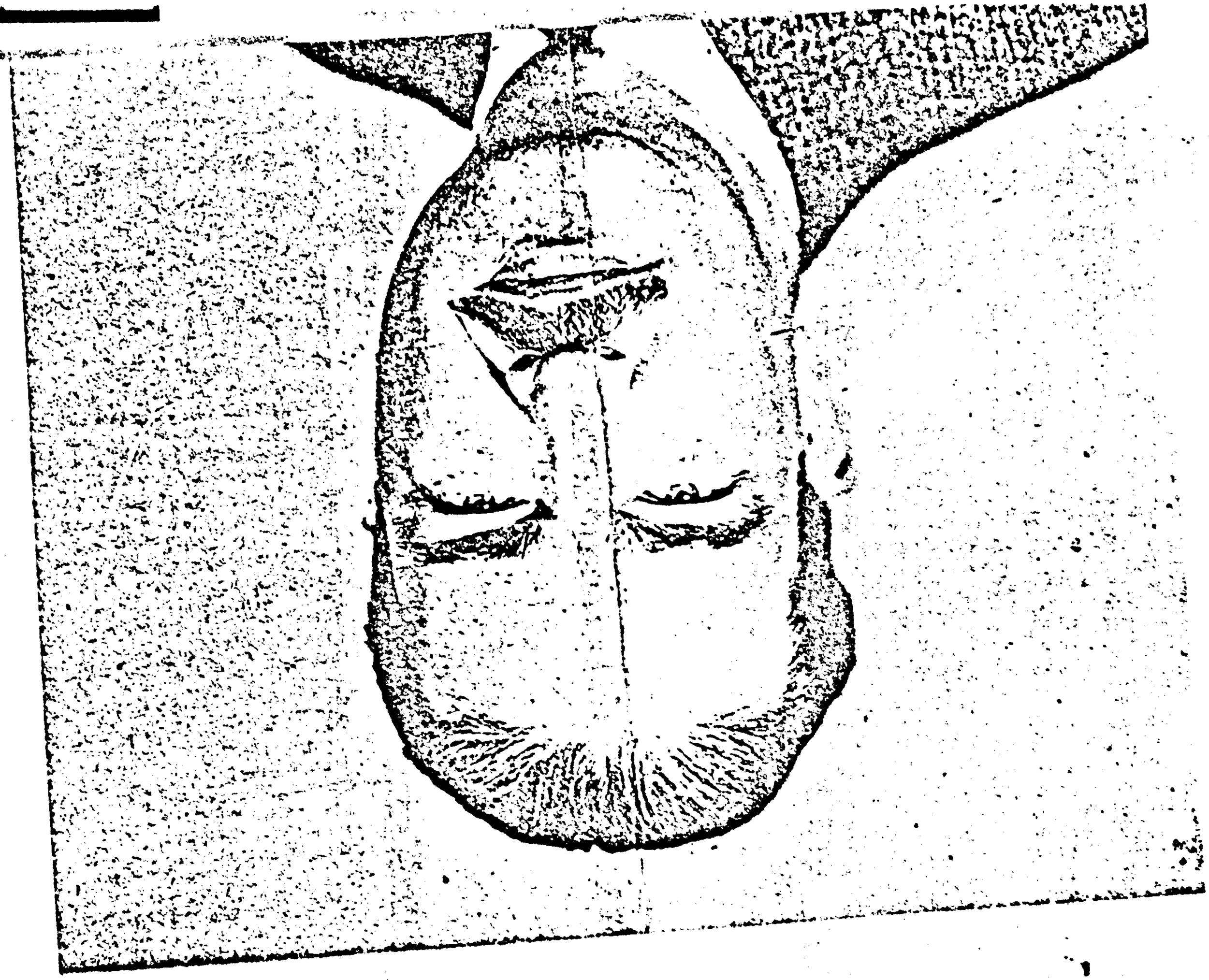
During World War II, he was Director of Research in a secret agency of the War epartment, and was cited for outstanding service to his country. In this position his attention was first called to the magnitude of Communist penetration in this country, and the information which he then acquired has enabled him to follow the progress of the Communist conquest of the world abroad and of the Communist con-spiracy at home. To expose this conspiracy he has written many book reviews and articles in periodicals such as American Opinion (in which he writes the monthly "Review of Reviews"), Modern Age, American Progress, Free Enterprise, Christian Economics, National Review and even Nation's Business in which, as long ago as 1934, he pointed out, in two articles, the dangers and folly of the socialistic agencies of the New Deal.

Professor Oliver is one of the very few college professors who are speaking publicly against Communism. He has made numerous appearances before patriotic groups, service clubs, forums, and on radio and television.

Professor Oliver's speeches and articles on Communism are his contribution as a loyal American to the preservation of his country. This is a burden voluntarily assumed as a private citizen, and has, of course, no connection with his professional work in teaching and scholarly research in the field of Classical Philology at the University of Illinois.

His most recent article is:

"MARXMANSHIP IN DALLAS"



COMMUNITY LECTURE SERIES
MT. ZION, ILLINOIS

Dear Sirs:

I want to read Dr. Oliver's article, "Marxmanship in Dallas", which has made national headlines recently. Please send the February, 1964, issue of the magazine, AMERICAN OPINION, containing the article - Part I.

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

.....

I enclose $1.00 in cash, check or money order.

(Enclose an additional $1.00 for the March issue containing Part II of the article.)

In addition, please send a copy of this bulletin to the following persons: (Enclose 10¢ for each address.)

AME..... NAME..... NAME.....

DDRESS..... 'ADDRESS..... ADDRESS.....

....

PUBLIC STATEMENT BY: Dale E. Scholz, M.D. Parkside Gardens Mount Zion, Illinois

'HE JOHN BIRCH SOCIETY AND THE COMMUNITY LECTURE SERIES

"I fully support the beliefs and the principles of the John Birch Society as set forth in the Congressional record*. Further, I am proud to be a member, and also, I consider it an honor to be a part of this fine organization.

"My reason for bringing this to your attention at this time is to make emphatically clear that the Community Lecture Series has not been a John Birch Society endeavor nymore than my membership in the Lions Club would indicate that the Lions Club program or programs were in any way connected with the John Birch Society.

"I would be the first to agree that you would not be able to get a finer group of people for sponsors than the John Birch Society. However, that has not been the case. I incerely hope that the many persons who are not members of the Society will see fit to continue with their help as well as their presence at the lectures".

* The beliefs and principles of the John Birch Society, Congressional Record, proceedings and debates of the 87th Congress, second session. Extension of remarks by the Hon. John H. Rousselot of California in the House of Representatives, Tuesday, June 12, 1962.

Since writing the above I have had many requests for information about the John Birch Society. If you would like to receive information on this subject, omplete the address space below. Send a stamped envelope (large size) addressed to yourself and enclose 25¢ (coin or stamps) to cover cost of educational material. Mail to Community Lecture Series, Mt. Zion, Illinois.

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

.....

eries of articles published from 2 March to 5 March 1964. Lieutenant Colonel Goleniewski, although, of course, he knew only a part of the Communist operation, was able to identify nineteen of his fellow officers in the Soviet Secret Police who now hold high positions in our State Department and in our Central Intelligence Agency. Golieniewski did not, of course, know what the Central Intelligence Agency does with the billions of dollars of your money that it is given each year, but he did know what happened to one little next egg of $1,200,000 which was sent to the C.I.A.'s office in Vienna, Austria. One-third was given directly to the Soviet Secret Police, one-third was given to the Communist Party in Italy, and one-third was sent back to the United States to finance the American Communist Party.

Do you wonder why you are losing your country?

Ladies and gentlemen, I have done, and I shall continue to do, my duty as an American citizen. The question is what you Americans will do for yourselves. I can only warn you that your time is running out. The question before you is whether you and your children will regret that they were born.

Revilo P. Oliver

ape from the back of that building. There is other evidence that has not yet een printed. I am informed by a very reliable source that evidence which has een given to the F.B.I. but which I have been asked not to disclose, proves an ssociation between Oswald, Rubenstein, and a mysterious and wealthy immirant who operates under an alias in a part of the nation that is far distant from allas. I am informed by another reliable source that absolutely incontrovertle evidence of close association between Oswald and Rubenstein OUTSIDE the nited States is now available, and will be disclosed at the proper time. Please ote that the two last items I have told you are part of what has been told me by ources which I believe to be entirely reliable, but which I cannot personally uarantee, because I obviously was not there myself. I have indicated to you andidly the necessary qualifications of those statements, and I ask you to remember this if some "Liberal" liepaper accuses me tomorrow of having made unsubstantiated allegations."

In the meantime, who is the Jack Rubenstein who executed Oswald before he ould talk? He is, of course, the Jack Rubenstein who operated night-clubs and, ccording to rumor less legitimate businesses in Dallas under the alias of Jack

uby. He is admittedly the Jack Rubenstein who has a record as a petty hoodlum n Chicago. He is admittedly the Jack Rubenstein who, like Oswald, must have ome close connection with Fidel Castro, since he paid a clandestine visit to lavana in December, 1962, and January, 1963, where he was the guest of one olomon Praskin, a long-time supporter and intimate of Castro who for many ears before the latter came to power operated a "novelty" shop and tourist-trap n the Prado in Havana across from the Seville Hotel, and who still holds forth n the same location as a cover for his other activities. That, by the way, was ot Rubenstein's first visit to the Communist base in Cuba; according to the allas Morning News, he is known to have visited Castro-land in 1959, about ine months after the Soviet annexed Cuba.

But, beyond all that, is the Jack Rubenstein in Dallas the Jack Rubenstein who as a known Communist agent thirty years ago? More specifically is he the ack Rubenstein who, as a young man, was on the Executive Board of the Young Communist League when that gang was most active in recruiting dolts and young riminals on college campuses throughout the country?

That is a point that it should be easy to determine. I do not pretend, ladies nd gentlemen, to be an expert on the detailed workings of the Communist onspiracy in the United States, and I certainly do not have the elaborate files hat the real experts whom I know have been accumulating for the past forty ears. But when I was asked for suggestions by a quasi-official source not long fter the murder, I was able to name, on the basis of my little acquaintance ith the records, two living witnesses who could make a personal identification. added that one of those witnesses was a notorious Communist-fronter, who ould certainly commit perjury if he thought that he could get away with it, ut that the other was a man of whom I had some personal knowledge and who, was sure, would tell the truth. So far as is publicly known, the witnesses hom I suggested have not been consulted. There is another obvious way of etting at the truth: if the Jack Rubenstein of the Young Communist League is ot the Jack Rubenstein in Dallas, he is either still active in Conspiratorial ircles in the United States or has fled to escape interrogation or is dead. In ny event, it should be possible either to locate him without much effort or to

was reported on the radio that a Secret Service man had been killed. Then nothing more was heard of that story. In Dallas it was rumored, however, that the body of a Secret Service man had been found in the Texas Book Depository hidden behind book cartons near the place where Oswald had hidden his rifle. It further reported that responsible persons had seen the body carried from the Depository, and that it was taken to the Parkland Hospital, where the Secret Service man was pronounced dead on arrival. That story did not appear in the press, and has been printed, so far as I know, only in a newsletter whose general accuracy I cannot definitely evaluate.

The story is widely known and believed in Dallas, but I have not been able to obtain conclusive confirmation. The nearest that I could come to that was to locate a very responsible citizen who says that he was told by a member of the staff at the Book Depository that that man had seen with his own eyes the body of a Secret Service agent as it was removed from the building. This man further reports, however, that two days later his informant came to him in a state of great perturbation, asked him to say nothing about the story, and said that if he were questioned, he would deny having said anything of the sort. The man was obviously frightened, and returned on three subsequent occasions to insist that his name be kept out of the affair.

Now obviously that story cannot be accepted as a fact from which one can reason to definite conclusions. At most, it suggests the imperative need for a legitimate inquiry into the facts surrounding the death of the President. We Americans have a right to know, and if we are fit to live as free men, we shall not accept Earl Warren's grinning statement to the press, made after the publication of my article, that he was going to see to it that people of our generation never learned all the facts.

We need to know, and we need to know NOW, because this is a matter that vitally affects our national security--vitally affects your chances and mine of being alive a few years from now. As I have indicated in my article, the only deduction that can reasonably be drawn from the known facts is that the Communist agent, Oswald, carried out the assassination, as Congressman Dies has said, on orders from his superiors in the Conspiracy, and that he must have had the cooperation of highly placed confederates. The frantic efforts to cover up the facts merely serve to confirm our deductions.

Ladies and gentlemen, the International Communist Conspiracy's assassination of Kennedy is but one of the thousands of data that the vermin are desperately trying to cover up until they can take the United States beyond the point of no return and gain, through the pending "Civil Rights" legislation and many similar forms of subversion such powers over you that resistance will be hopeless, when you at last see the dreadful truth.

Here is but one of a thousand recent events that I could mention. I pick this one because you may find it suggestive and because you will never have heard of it, unless you read one of the very few newspapers in the country that had the courage to print the story. Two years ago, Lieutenant Colonel Goleniewski of the Soviet Secret Police, an officer so important in that organization that he had his own airplane, defected and escaped to the West. Since that time, he has vainly sought an opportunity to tell his story to a Congressional committee, but was prevented by our Central Intelligence Agency from doing so. At last, thanks to Congressman Feighan of Ohio, he had an opportunity to tell informally part of what he knew, and this was reported in the New York Journal-American in a

y jail--which made the assassination possible. And that suggests to me the picion--not the certainty, mind you, but the suspicion--that the detour was anged for Oswald's convenience. What does it suggest to you?

At all events, Oswald must have had some assurance that the procession was ing to follow--or would be made to follow--that route, and he must have had it assurance at least thirty-eight days before the assassination--in other words, ng before Kennedy himself knew that he was going to be in Dallas at all.

The number of persons who could have given Oswald that assurance must be all. They must be persons in a very high position either in the White House possibly in Dallas.

Obviously, if it were ascertained who insisted that that odd route be followed, at person would have to provide some explanation. But the question has not en been asked. We are supposed not even to wonder about it. If we even te the known facts, we will be spat at and told that we American swine have right to think about such things.

Here is another detail: As we all know, after the assassination Oswald ft the Book Depository undetected, went home, changed clothes, and then rted out for an unknown destination. On the way, he was for some reason pped by a courageous and loyal policeman, Officer Tippit whom Oswald a moment of blind panic, shot to death. Officer Tippit, of whose background I have learned a great deal, was a young man not unlike most of the embers of police forces throughout the country--the men to whom you citizens ldom give a thought, although they, usually underpaid, are the men who will otect you, with their lives, if necessary, from the lawlessness and violence at the International Communist Conspiracy is constantly striving to incite, on cial or other pretexts. Officer Tippet is dead, so we shall never know precisely at instinct or surmise led him, while he was driving along in his automobile, stop the disguised Oswald, who happened to be passing on the sidewalk, for estioning. Whatever his reason, we know that he was right. In all this sorry siness, Officer Tippit is one real hero. He did give his life in the performce of his duty. And I ask you to remember him--with a prayer, if such be u inclination and faith.

Only a Dallas paper and the Councilor, so far as I know, published a map of e route along which Oswald was walking when he was stopped by Officer ppit. Oswald was walking the few blocks from the room that he had hired der an alias directly toward the apartment of Jakob Rubenstein, alias Ruby, o later killed him. And Rubenstein's apartment is the only reasonable obctive that lay along that path. That path would not have led Oswald to a bus ation, railroad terminal, car rental agency, airport limousine service, or any her objective that might reasonably be sought by a man intending to escape m town. If Oswald was not headed for Rubenstein's apartment, then he was erely strolling along the streets of Dallas to enjoy the afternoon breeze, if y. Does that seem likely to you?

There are many evidences of a close association between Oswald and Rubenein. Some of these appeared in the press in Dallas and possibly in a few newspers outside that city. A professional entertainer, Bill Crowe, who said that was a mnemonic expert whose business was to remember faces, stated positively that he had seen Oswald in Rubenstein's honky-tonk night club in Dallas ascertain what has become of him. The F.B.I. has probably done that, but, as you know, the Warren Commission to Conceal Communist Crimes has forbidden publication of the F.B.I.'s report. So we still have no positive information--and Warren undoubtedly is determined to see to it that we never get any.

All that we can do, therefore, at the present time is reason from the record, as does former Congressman Dies in his article in the March issue of American Opinion, to which I refer you for details. I think that you have a right to know, but I warn you that if you ask such inconvenient questions, you will be spat on by experts.

I am in touch with very responsible friends and observers in Dallas, and I am assured that the city is seething with rumors and indignation as the local Communist network and their stooges try frantically to cover up inconvenient facts. I am going to mention two reports, telling you the extent and nature of my information and specifically warning you that I have not been able to verify either story from independent sources for which I can vouch.

Here is a very curious sequence of events reported to me from Dallas and also mentioned, insubstantially the same terms, in a newspaper column by Bob Considine which, I understand, was published in some newspapers on 23 February, 1964.

As we all know, after Oswald murdered Officer Tippit, he ran through a parking lot and a back alley. The first indication of the route that he had taken reached the Dallas police from a garage and car lot about a block from the murder. A young mechanic in that garage named Warren Reynolds, twenty-eight years old, told his acquaintances that it was he who had seen the suspicious character dodging among the cars and that it was he who first put the Dallas police on Oswald's trail. Early in February, when young Reynolds was working alone in the garage late at night on a rush job, a gunman shot him through the head. The gunman was seen running away and a description of him was obtained. The police picked up a known Communist agitator who answered the description, but released him when a woman provided him with an alibi. The woman who provided the alibi was--note this--a strip-tease performer in Jack Rubenstein's honky-tonk night club. Some weeks later she again came to the notice of the police when she was drunk and disorderly and engaged in a public brawl. She was accordingly put in a cell for the night and was to be questioned the next morning when she had sobered up. The next morning she was found hanged in her cell. I have said "the next morning," because that is what my source in Dallas told me. Mr. Considine in his column implied that the girl spent several days in her cell before her death. I am not sure which is right.

Now here is a story that I did not mention in my article because I had not been able to obtain verification that I could regard as certain:

The methods of the Secret Service that protects the President are well known. The agents of that organization try to check every manhole in the streets and every window in every building along the route of a Presidential procession, and they try to make that check just before the procession passes. That, of course, is an enormous job, and the Secret Service can only do the best that it can with its available staff. The Secret Service surely would not have overlooked so obvi-

as refused an invitation to speak after me on a lecture series and to refute, if
e can, anything that I have said.

Now, ladies and gentlemen, if we come to my article in American Opinion, I
gain find myself in the embarrassing position of seeming to say, "I told you so!"
o let me remind you that there is nothing in the article for which I can take
ersonal credit: there are only facts, which anyone could have ascertained, and
leductions from those facts, which any reasonable person could have drawn.

In the first installment of my article, in the February issue of American Opinion,
drew two principal conclusions, which, of course, the vermin did their best to
onceal (with their venomous vomit.) I call your attention to the fact that both
f those conclusions, which I drew by deduction from the evidence when I wrote
luring Christmas, have already been confirmed, the one conclusively, the other
by evidence of a very high degree of probability.

The first dealt with the so-called Warren Commission. The Communist
arty, two days after the assassination, officially demanded the appoint-
ent of Earl Warren as the head of an "Extraordinary Commission"--and I am
uite sure that the Communist Party was well aware of the interesting detail
hat the words "Extraordinary Commission" are an exact English translation of
he title first given to the Soviet Secret Police when that gang of professional
ortures and murderers was organized in 1917 immediately after the capture of
ussia by the International Communist Conspiracy. Of course, that is just one
f the criminal's little jokes. Well, five days later, in response to the Commu-
ists' demands--unless, of course, the whole thing had been arranged long in
dvance--such a commission was appointed, headed by Earl Warren.

It required no penetration at all to see that the function of that unconstitutional
nd illegal commission would be to cover up the crime which the Communists
ad committed in Dallas. But when I wrote in December, I did not anticipate
hat the notorious Earl Warren would fully confirm my conclusions on 4 February,
hen he told the Associated Press and other newsmen that the testimony taken
y the Commission would not be made public "in your lifetime". The breath-
aking audacity of that announcement proves that Earl Warren feels for the Ameri-
an people the same contempt that his friend, Khrushchev, expressed when he,
ommenting on his tour of the United States at the invitation of President Eisen-
ower, said, when home in his own realm, "The Americans--you spit in their
aces and they think it's dew."

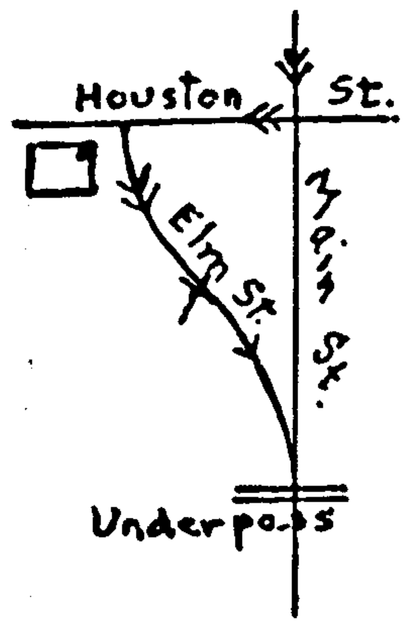
In that article, I considered various explanations of the assassination of Presi-
ent Kennedy by the Communist, Oswald, and after weighing the evidence, I
ame to the conclusion that the most probable explanation was that the assass-
nation had been carried out on orders from the headquarters of the International
ommunist Conspiracy as part of a carefully planned strategy of assault on the
merican people.

I wrote, of course, in December. I now quote from a syndicated newspaper
olumn, entitled "Washington Pipeline" by John Henshaw, and published in var-
ous newspapers on or about the third of March.

> WASHINGTON, D. C.--The reason behind Chief Justice Earl Warren's blunt statement--after hearing testimony by Mrs. Marina Oswald, widow of Lee Harvey Oswald--that important parts of his special commissions findings would not be revealed "in our lifetime," is that evidence indicates that the assassination of President Kennedy was engineered in Moscow and wittingly or unwittingly financed by U.S. government funds.

ference to many others.

But there is much more than that. Have you noticed the really amazing deflection of the route that the procession followed? I have used aerial photographs, but the situation is shown with sufficient clarity in the photograph published in the Dallas Times Herald on 23 November and perhaps in a few other newspapers.



Now observe closely. The pattern of streets approximates a 30-degree-60 degree triangle. Here is Main Street--in a big city, Dallas, it is, of course, no longer the main street, but it is an important thoroughfare--one of many that the procession could have followed. It is the street that runs on the right-hand side of this triangle. So far, so good. The obvious thing, surely, is for the procession to continue down Main Street and through the famous underpass that is at the bottom of our triangle, where it is to turn and go to the hall where Kennedy was to speak. And that, indeed, is the route shown on the map that was published in the Dallas Morning News on the morning of the President's arrival.

But there is another detail. Over here, at the left upper corner of our triangle, is the Texas Book Depository where Oswald is waiting with his rifle--and, according to some good evidence, a fellow assassin not yet identified. Had the procession continued down Main Street, the President would have been within rifle range, but for much of the distance he would have been masked by intervening structures, and for the intervals where he would not have been so protected, Oswald would have had to hit a target moving rapidly at right-angles to his line of fire. Every man here who has done any hunting, or has fired at distant moving targets, knows what that means. Not even the best marksman with the best telescopic sights can be sure of hitting such a target at long range.

So what happened? The procession, instead of continuing down Main Street, turned to the left on my diagram and went down Houston Street to the corner on which the Book Depository was located. Then it turned and went down Elm, the hypotenuse of the triangle, to get back to Main Street and its original route. The effect of this was to make the President move in a straight line that almost coincided with Oswald's line of ifre as he stood in the window of the Book Depository. As every hunter well knows, the easiest of all targets to hit is one that is moving away from you along a straight line at a constant speed. In this case, young Oswald scored a bull's eye.

Obviously, it was this peculiar detour around the triangle--one for which there is no apparent reason--unless, perchance, someone wanted Kennedy to see the

program called on the telephone various listeners and asked for their opinion on some questions of the day. During the week that ended March 1, there was a question about the John Birch Society, and the announcer telephoned some listener who was either a member or knew something about it. That man described honestly and fairly the purposes and methods of the John Birch Society, and the announcer permitted that statement to go out over the air. The next day his program was permanently cancelled and the announcer was taken off the air. Whether he will be able to obtain another job, I do not know.

You will now see why concerted puking throughout the country for which my most recent articles in American Opinion afforded a pretext did not in the least astonish me. It was predictable with almost mathematical accuracy, just as it is predictable that it will be renewed with equal fury in the near future, unless the International Communist Conspiracy decided that it would be simpler to murder me, preferably in a faked accident.

Of the techniques employed in this campaign, let me give you one small example. Our national press services have become a little cautious since the Associated Press lied about the conduct of General Walker at the time that Kennedy's goons were terrorizing the citizens of Oxford, Mississippi, and it now faces suits for criminal libel totalling, I understand, $23,000,000. So here is what United Press International reported concerning my article. I read from a despatch printed in the Louisville Courier-Journal on 12 February, but reproduced in newspapers throughout the country, including, no doubt, your local papers.

> "The Oliver article--" (notice they can't even write English)--"the Oliver article said Oswald...was arrested as a suspect in the shooting of former Maj. Gen. Edwin A. Walker, but was released 'through the personal intervention of Robert F. Kennedy.' The article offered no confirmation of Oswald's arrest in the Walker shooting."

Now here is what I really said on the first page of the first part of my article, "Marxmanship in Dallas":

> "...According to a story that has been neither confirmed nor denied officially at the time that I write, Oswald was arrested as a suspect, but was released through the personal intervention of Robert F. Kennedy, etc...." I even indicate the source for this story as published in THE COUNCILOR for Dec. 20, 1963, Shreveport, Louisiana.

Did you notice the clever distortion? We have some really ingenious rats scuttling about in the sewers of American journalism.

The report, which I quoted with all due notice to my readers that I had not been able to verify it, had not been denied at the time that I wrote, and as matter of fact, it has not yet been denied, except by vague implication. And that implication was put forth in the very despatch from United Press International from which I read a moment ago, which goes on to quote a "Justice Department spokesman"--unidentified in any way--as saying that "the authorities" --unspecified and unidentified, and hence anything from the police in Dallas or the police in New Orleans to the F.B.I. or some clerks in the Justice Department--"have found no evidence to substantiate the story."

You will notice that Mr. Henshaw speaks positively--there is no "it is said" or "it is rumored" in his column. He evidently feels confident that his sources of information told him accurately what went on in the hearings that Warren is so desperately trying to keep secret from the American people. And I think Mr. Henshaw is right, because I hear substantially the same thing from my own sources, which, I am sure, are quite different from his.

Let us turn now, ladies and gentlemen, to a few details concerning the assassination itself. I shall not repeat the basic facts--which no one has questioned--that are stated in the opening pages of the sixteen-page first part of my article in the February issue of American Opinion, which, after all, is in print and available to anyone who will take the trouble to read it. I shall therefore first call your attention to one corroborative detail, which I omitted from that article for sheer lack of space. It is, however, a very significant detail, and I believe that, if you will think about it for a moment, it will suffice to suggest why such desperate efforts are being made to prevent an inquiry by responsible and loyal Americans into the facts surrounding the assassination of the late Mr. Kennedy.

As we all know--for it is a matter of public record--the young Communist punk, Oswald, went to Dallas for the specific purpose of assassinating Kennedy. Forty-five days before the assassination, he tried to obtain a job in a printing establishment which overlooked the route that was followed by the presidential procession in Dallas on 22 November. Oswald failed to obtain a position in the printing establishment because the manager made inquiries about him and learned of his notorious Communist record. Accordingly, on 15 October, Oswald, through the intercession of some wealthy patrons who come from the vicinity of New York City, obtained his job in the next best site for the planned assassination of the president, the Texas Book Depository.

Now note the significance of that fact: forty-five days before the assassination, Oswald knew that Kennedy was going to visit Dallas. In other words, he knew that long before Kennedy himself did, if there is any truth whatsoever in the stories that were given to the press from the White House. Kennedy's itinerary, according to the official stories, was in doubt until shortly before the visit. There is an excellent newsletter called Counterattack published by former members of the F.B.I. It costs twenty-four dollars a year, but it is worth it, because you can obtain from it information that never appears in the press. In their issue of 20 December, these former members of the F.B.I. positively reported that only a few days before the assassination Kennedy's itinerary was still so uncertain that a very wealthy leftist in Dallas named Marcus urged that Dallas be omitted from the itinerary, but was overruled by the notorious Adlai Stevenson, who, as you will remember, had a few weeks before provoked an incident in Dallas to create the impression that Dallas was a "right-wing" city.

Now there are only two logical explanations of the fact that the Communist agent chose Dallas for the assassination: either (1) he had, forty-five days in advance, secret information from some source in or close to the White House that Kennedy really would visit Dallas, or (2) he had assurance from such a source that if he succeeded in establishing himself in Dallas, the President would be persuaded to visit that city. Surely those are the only explanations, unless you wish to stretch the long arm of coincidence to the breaking point.

But there is much more than that. Oswald not only knew that Kennedy would visit Dallas: he knew the precise route that Kennedy would follow through the

duty of every American to defend his nation and his liberty to the utmost of his ability, and that duty cannot be evaded by a plea that he is too busy to perform it or that he would prefer to do something else.

Every informed American knows that, as J. Edgar Hoover has repeatedly warned us, "WE ARE AT WAR with the Communists, and the sooner each red-blooded American realizes that, the better." That war is not the less real because it is conducted against us by stealthy subversion, systematic deceit, and covert treason. I firmly believe that no American has a right to sit idly by and watch the gradual capture of our nation by the incredibly cunning and bestial enemies of mankind. You--and I mean you, each American in this audience, and I am sure that the majority of this audience is American--cannot shirk that duty because you think loyalty to your country may be bad for your business or because you don't want to be spat on by our enemies and their contemptible little hirelings. Or if you do shirk, you will, unless you drug yourself, be haunted by the ghosts of all the young Americans who are now rotting in their graves in Europe and Asia, and who gave their lives gladly because they thought that they were dying for their country.

It was with such consideration in mind that I finally decided to speak, and I did so with a full awareness of the risks that I was taking. In my first public speech on the subject of the Communist Conspiracy, given in October, 1957, before a district meeting of the Daughters of the American Revolution, I pointed out, for the record, that I well knew that I was making myself a target for the spitting-squads that try to terrorize every American who attempts to expose effectively the International Conspiracy's gradual conquest of the United States.

There was no merit in making such a prediction. It was simply stating a fact known to everyone who has observed Communist methods. That fact was, I think, stated as clearly as possible by the editors of National Review in their issue for 19 April 1958:

> "It is an established law of our epoch that any individual who begins to get public attention for ideas that run firmly and specifically counter to Soviet policy objectives will become the target for a massive campaign of defamation that will go on until he is politically--and often physically--silent, such campaigns originating in the secret chambers of the Communist apparatus, are commonly triggered by the words of an open or concealed Communist agent. They are carried on for the most part, however, not by the Communists themselves but by the massive exertions of the slavish Liberal left.
>
> In our own nation as in all nations the honor roll of victims is long and varied: Charles Lindbergh, Pat McCarran, Jan Valtin, Robert Vogeler, William C. Bullitt, Joseph McCarthy, Louis Budenz, Arthur Coleman, George Stratemeyer, Whittaker Chambers, Martin Dies, Douglas MacArthur, William Jenner and a hundred and one others."

Of course, subsequent to the publication of that editorial, National Review encountered a series of financial crises and now finds it expedient to laugh at the "conspiratorial theory" which its Board of Editors unanimously held in 1958. If that sudden about-face suggests to you anything concerning the hidden mechanisms of subtle control of even supposedly conservative opinion in the United States, you are free to draw your own conclusions.

As I pointed out in 1957, I was then too obscure to be attacked at once, and aside from some sporadic harrassment, no major attack was made on me until the spring of 1959.

made five years ago, but at the time, since the Conspiracy needed to keep Americans quiet until the needed bases had been built in Cuba, our domestic enemies set their puke-machines in motion, though not quite on the national scale recently employed. But even so, I was spattered with a good deal of their spittle. And there was quite a campaign to induce the University of Illinois to get rid of that nasty professor who was so mentally diseased that he thought that sweet Fidel Castro, the "George Washington of Cuba," was a Communist! And they went on puking and spitting, and the local accomplices of the late Oswald in the Communist-operated organizations called "Fair Play for Cuba" did their best to lie to the American people, until sweet Fidel himself went on the radio and told everyone that he had been a Bolshevik since adolescence. That, of course, shut the vermin up, and the puke-campaign subsided into minor forms of sporadic harrassment.

I knew, of course, that the puke-machines would be started again as soon as the Conspiracy deemed it expedient. That they would operate on a much larger scale was a certainty after 5 December 1960, when the Kremlin issued orders to the depraved beasts that are its open and secret agents in the United States. These orders assigned to them as their most important task the destruction or intimidation of all Americans willing to defend their country from internal subversion. For statement and analysis of those orders, see the authoritative pamphlet entitled "The New Drive Against the Anti-Communist Program", published by the Senate Subcommittee on Internal Security, and containing the text of a hearing held by that Subcommittee on 11 July, 1961. This is available from the Government Printing Office in Washington for 25¢ although I hear that political pressures will soon be used to prevent further distribution of it.

If you will read that pamphlet carefully, you will understand that whenever you hear someone screeching about "right-wing extremists," or "Birchers" or "radical right fascists," or "racists," unless he is a mere parrot repeating sounds he does not understand, you are listening either to one of your domestic enemies or to a hireling who will do anything for a fast buck or to one of those self-styled "intellectuals" whose empty heads make such perfect echo-chambers for Bolshevik propaganda.

The principal target of the barrage of purulent pus that is spewed on all anti-Communists is the John Birch Society, which has sent our hidden enemies into a frenzy because its members, the finest Americans in our country, have simply refused to be intimidated by either public screeching against them as a body or by the clandestine attempts to ruin them as individuals through unspeakably vicious and vile attempts to undermine their businesses or their professional standing. Many members of the Council and other members of the Society who have spoken publicly have suffered losses far greater than anything thus far inflicted on me, but no one of them, I am proud to say, has even wavered in his duty as an American. That, of course, is why we promise our members, many of whom are vulnerable to the stealthy reprisals of the vast Conspiracy, that their names will not be disclosed unless they themselves wish it. And, as you know, the vermin use that elementary precaution as a pretext for calling us a "secret society."

I could give you a thousand instances of the vicious terrorism now going on in the United States, though concealed, so far as possible, from the public. Let me give you but one instance. I have here in my hand a letter from the president of one of the oldest and most respected manufacturing corporations in the state of Arkansas. He says that a local radio station had a program of the kind that is usual in many parts of the country. The man who was in charge of the

THE AFTERMATH OF THE ASSASSINATION

I have been asked, ladies and gentlemen, to comment briefly on my statement that the current attack on me did not in the least astonish me and was by no means the first of its kind, although more intense than those that preceded it. It is always embarrassing to talk about oneself, and I certainly should not do so, if what I have to say could be regarded as a claim to having had any unusual powers of perception or analysis. On the contrary, my point is that I have done nothing that could not have been done by any reasonably intelligent person who took the trouble to ascertain the facts and to think logically about them.

When I left Washington in 1945, I knew positively, from the thousands of bits of evidence that had come before me in the course of my secret work there, that the agents of the International Communist Conspiracy had penetrated almost every agency of the federal government and exercised a partial or complete control over many or even most of them. I made, however, a very serious miscalculation, which I will candidly confess to you; I assumed that the terrible facts would inevitably come to light in a few years; that the American people would inevitably discover how they had been manipulated with systematic lies and deceit to serve their most deadly enemies; that a wave of indignation, such as had never been seen before, would sweep the country and that trans-Atlantic steamers would be crowded with vermin fleeing the wrath of an aroused and angry nation. I therefore returned confidently to the philological studies that are the chief pleasure of my life, and which I was determined never again to interrupt.

When that great American patriot, Senator Joseph McCarthy, began his investigation of treason in the federal government, including the armed forces, I said to myself, "This is it--this is the beginning of the disclosure that I expected, and it comes at about the time at which I expected it." So I relaxed even more, and gave myself entirely to the studies and research in which, believe me, I find the deepest personal satisfaction.

I was not astonished when our domestic vermin began their frenzied campaign of character-assassination in an effort to halt Senator McCarthy's investigators, although I was a little astonished to find that their control of press and radio was much greater than I had estimated. I felt confident that Senator McCarthy had been right in 1952, when, after his famous speech in Wheeling, West Virginia, he conversed with a close friend of mine, who was then a member of one of our most important intelligence agencies. My friend warned the Senator that an all-out attack on him was impending and that he would eventually be ruined, but Senator McCarthy merely shook his head and said, "No, the American people will never let me down."

I was in Europe during the climactic year of the attack on Senator McCarthy but I was confident that that vicious campaign would fail and serve only to ex-

As we all know, in January, 1959, the island of Cuba was captured, largely through the use of American resources, by the International Communist Conspiracy whose branch manager in Cuba was a disgusting creature named Fidel Castro. Now at that time, everyone who took the trouble to inform himself knew that Castro was a Communist agent. The evidence that was then available was so great that it takes me fifty minutes to summarize it in the speech that I have given in many cities as part of the "Our Council Speaks" program of the John Birch Society. I accordingly began in February, 1959 to tell Americans the obvious truth. I quote from the speech which I gave in March, 1959, before a convention of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Chicago:

> "Although Castro thinks it worthwhile to say now that he is not himself a member of the Communist Party, he and his principal assistant, including his brother, have long been notorious Communists, and no reasonable person, even slightly acquainted with Latin-American affairs could ever have doubted that the Castro revolt was a Communist operation intended primarily to secure bases for the many Russian submarines which are constantly patrolling our Atlantic Coast, and to permit the establishment of rocket bases within one hundred miles of American soil.

I then pointed out that the methods by which the nest of traitors in our State Department installed Castro in power in Cuba duplicated in all essentials the methods by which the same nest of traitors had handed China over to the Soviet a few years before. And since we had seen the same pattern repeated over and over again in every defeat that the American people have suffered at the hands of the Washington-Moscow Axis, developments in Cuba could be predicted with absolute certainty. In the case of Cuba, as in that of China, Americans were having squirted in their faces the same old hogwash about the "pooah," the "need for social reform," and "agrarian reformers." And so I said four years ago:

> "If the American people can be hypnotized by this concerted campaign in the press and over the radio, the situation in Cuba should be properly "stabilized" in about two years. Then you will witness another act in the farce. You will recall that when the Communists were firmly established in China, our "experts" blandly told us: "Oops! We said they was agrarian reformers, but we was mistaken. They's Communists after all. Ha-ha-ha!
>
> "Now as soon as the Russians have built their submarine bases and set up the equipment to launch ballistic missiles from Cuba, our State De-

Dale School, N. D., who, with others, sponsored the Lecture Series, congratulates Mr. Cleon Skousen, on his speech, "Law and Order".

Community Lecture Series

LECTURE NO. 5

Speaker of the Month **Julia Brown**

FBI Undercover Agent

Lecture Subject:

"MY EXPERIENCE AS A MEMBER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY"

A report by a House Committee on Un-American Activities tells very effectively how fully Mrs. Brown availed herself of the opportunity to expose the enemies of the United States, who are undermining, subverting, infiltrating from within. Mrs. Brown emerged from her experience as an FBI undercover operative with a message for the present and for the future, and for both races. Her story is packed with her intense sense of urgency of the hour and her concern that Americans appreciate their great heritage and defend and improve it with their lives.

For Tickets Call: Mt. Zion 2581 or 4616

Or Write Community Lecture Series, Mt. Zion, Ill.

AT DECATUR YMCA TUES., FEB. 18, 8 P.M.

This Lecture Series Is The Midwest's Greatest Public Forum

Community Lecture Series

LECTURE NO. 6

DR. REVILO P. OLIVER, Speaker of the Month

Professor of Classics,
University of Illinois

Lecture Subject:

"MARXMANSHIP IN DALLAS"

Implications of the Assassination of Pres. Kennedy to the American People

Dr. Oliver, a member of the Council of the John Birch Society, and long identified with conservative philosophy, recently wrote an article offering three explanations of the assassination of President Kennedy in a magazine called American Opinion. During World War II, he was director of research in a secret agency of the War Department, when he first noticed the magnitude of Communist penetration in this country. He has published articles in four languages in 12 periodicals in the United States and Europe.

In an attempt to expose the Communist conspiracies against the United States, he has written book reviews and articles for such magazines as "Modern Age," "American Progress," "Free Enterprise," "Christian Economics," "National Review," and "American Opinion."

Admission: $1.50

Reserved Seats: $2.50

For Reserved Seats: Call Mt. Zion 2581 or 4616
or Write Community Lecture Series, Mt. Zion, Illinois

AT HOTEL ORLANDO, DECATUR, WED., MAR. 18, 8 P.M.

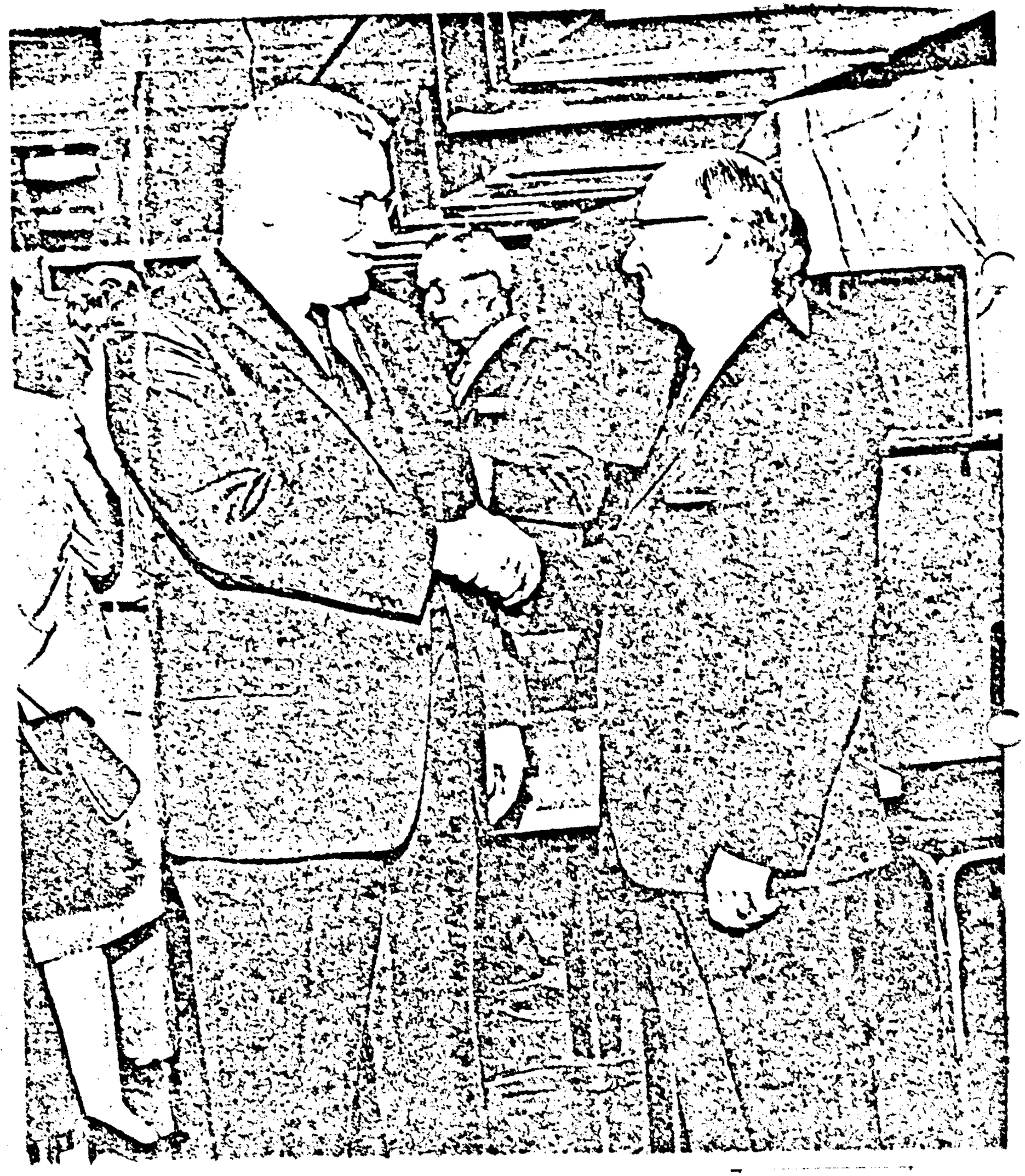
This Lecture Series Is The Midwest's Greatest Public Forum

NITY

RE

S

IEW



...Community Lecture Series (excepting the possibility of the appearance of Robert Kennedy) greets first Series lecturer, John Martino.

Dr. Ramon Barrera, M.D., center, who now practices medicine in Olney, Ill., appeared with supporting comments about conditions in Cuba and a story about his own flight to the U.S.

Community Lecture Series

The Midwest's Greatest Public Forum

Speaker Of The Month

Rev. Uriah Fields

Speaks On Civil Rights

At Decatur Y.M.C.A.

Tuesday, Nov. 12 8 P.M.

For Tickets Call Mt. Zion 2581 or 4646

Community Lecture Se...

LECTURE NO. 3

Speaker of the month is

FELIPA MONTERRO

Lecturer, Author, Writer

HER LECTURE IS ENTITLED

"CHRISTIAN MISSIONS IN THE CONGO AND ANGOLA"

American born. This 28 year old author of the boo... "War And Peace In Flaming Africa", has lived ... Africa for 10 years.

AT DECATUR YMCA TUES., DEC. 10, 8 P.M

This Lecture Series Is The Midwest's Greatest Public Forum

19(

COM

LE

C

S

IN

to Russia.

JAKOB SCHIFF

The pressure on Wilson [illegible] came from several sources, but the most important seems to have been a banker named Jakob Schiff, who had been the financial manager of Wilson's presidential campaign, and whose banking house, Kuhn, Loeb & Co., had more than a year earlier deposited in Swedish banks $50,000,000 in the name of Trotsky and another degenerate whose true name and early career has never been satisfactorily ascertained but who is known to history as Nikolai Lenin.

ALGER HISS

In 1918 Felix Frankfurter was publicly denounced by former President Theodore Roosevelt as an associate of Lenin and Trotsky. He accordingly retired from the American government to a professorship in Harvard University, where he settled down to train two generations of traitors and slip them into positions of responsibility in Washington or into law schools throughout the nation. Alger was but one of the hundreds whom Frankfurter prepared for their important tasks.

which, by the way, the Communist conspiracy, through its control of the distributing agencies, has succeeded in barring from the nation's newsstands.

Remember that the tentacles of the conspiracy reach into your home town, where its puppets are promoting fluoridation, "mental health," and innumerable other plans to accustom us to gradually increasing slavery and intimidation. On these issues also you have in your resolutions given Americans a program for action.

SPEAK OUT

Take that program and act by it in all matters, national or local. Make your voice heard. Each one of you belongs to a club or a social circle. Speak out; tell Americans of their danger. I ask you for courage and resolution; you have displayed them as an organization; now display them as individuals in the community to which you belong.

This may, I know, entail some sacrifice. But our ancestors risked their lives and their honor to create this nation. Is it too much to ask us to risk our lives, if necessary, to recapture it from our enemies?

DOCUMENTATION

The foregoing is an exact reproduction of the text of the speech given in Chicago on 12 March 1959, with only a few omissions, shown by marks of suspension, (...), which were necessary to fit the text to the available space.

The most recent and concise survey of the triumphs of treason in Washington and of subversion throughout our nation is the excellent book by John A. Stormer, entitled NONE DARE CALL IT TREASON, published in February, 1964, available from Community Lecture Series - Mt. Zion, Illinois at 75¢ per copy (10 copies for $7.00, 100 copies for $50.00). This 254-page book is thoroughly documented, with exact references to the sources of all statements made in it. I heartily recommend it to all Americans, and urge them to distribute it to their uninformed friends. To save space, I cite this book as a general reference for the whole of my speech. Further documentation on events that preceded the second World War or took place during it may be found in the 100-books listed and briefly reviewed in the January, 1959, issue of American Opinion.

On specific points in the foregoing speech on which the reader may desire further references, write Community Lecture Series, Mt. Zion, Illinois. Send a self-addressed envelope (business size) and enclose 15 cents in coin or stamps. In addition, you will receive a summary of the disclosures concerning the situation in Panama made by Dr. Oliver during the question period following his speech in Decatur.

Why, they're capitalists. When we stand them up against a wall, we will shoot them in the belly: they die longer that way."

THE RELIGION OF MURDER

That was how I first came to suspect the real orientation of Communist minds, but only after years of observation, and with help from the illuminating analysis by Denis de Rougemont, did I realize that the young man was exception only in the readiness with which he let slip the mask. The true Communist, whatever disguise he may wear when he moves among you, is, in the literal and exact meaning of the English word, a thug, that is, a man who has made a religion of murder.

He is driven by an overwhelming lust to destroy and uproot, to annihilate civilization, to kill--and even more than that, to make decent men and women suffer, to degrade them to the level of animals. And he will work constantly, tirelessly, with infinite cunning for his ideal: The day when he will drag you from your home, kick in your teeth, crack your ribs, and throw you into a slave-labor camp where you will drag out the rest of your life in a degradation that you have never imagined even in nightmares. That is what he yearns for. Economic and social theories are merely a disguise to befuddle suckers.

NEW YORK CITY--CONSPIRACY HEADQUARTERS

In 1872, when the headquarters of the international Communist conspiracy were openly and officially transferred to New York City, there were only a few hundred people in the United States who were inspired by this bloodlust. But they went to work, patiently, doggedly, and with vicious cunning, to extend their tentacles over the entire nation. They went underground. By 1876 practically all of the members, including, of course, the new recruits, had been instructed to conceal their membership and deny that they were Communists; to penetrate existing American organizations, and to help one another attain positions of influence and power in those organizations; to work for the Communist goal under the guise of "social reform" and "democracy." This is, of course, the basic strategy that has been followed ever since.

FELIX FRANKFURTER

By 1907 the Communists were strong enough to organize a wing of the party that operated openly under the leadership of a criminal named William Z. Foster. One of Foster's closest associates and advisers, in 1907 or soon thereafter, was Felix Frankfurter, an immigrant who had wormed his way into the post of secretary to the Secretary of War in the cabinet of President Howard Taft.

By 1910 the first big Communist cell was planted in an American university--Harvard, of course. So far as I have been able to learn, the famous cells in Teachers College of Columbia University were not organized until somewhat later.

LEIB BRONSTEIN, ALIAS LEON TROTSKY

By 1917 the Communist conspiracy in the United States was strong enough [illegible]

I have mentioned these dates primarily to remind you of the great progress that the Communist conspiracy made before 1919, when they decided to set up an official political party headed again by William Z. Foster. This official party, the segment of the conspiracy that is openly displayed, has never been large. It probably has never had over 90,000 card-carrying members at any one time. It has served on the one hand as a recruiting and testing agency to enlist talented conspirators who, after they had proven their worth and ability, could quietly be transferred to one or another division of the underground, and it has served on the other hand as a shield to mask and facilitate the work of the part of the apparatus that consists of conspirators who pose as "liberal intellectuals," and who urge the American people to save themselves from Communism by reforming their legal and economic system along Communist lines at home, and by taxing themselves to finance Communist governments abroad.

TAXATION AS A WEAPON

Now these foreign events, although, of course, designed to weaken further our military position, are, in the Communist plans, strictly subordinate to the great program of internal subversion. This also has its center in Washington. Let me call your attention to one detail that you may not have noticed. We have all read about the president's so-called "economy" budget, and the loud yammering in Congress for increased expenditures, which is, of course, primarily a means of making foolish Americans think they have gained something if merely the crippling burden of that "economy" budget is dumped on their backs. Taxation has always been one of the primary instruments of the Communist conspiracy. You may remember the famous remark that is attributed to Harry Hopkins, I know not how accurately: "We have to bleed the American pigs dry before we butcher them." (...)

I have said enough, I think, to suggest how desperate our situation is. Our ancestors were never confronted by a danger so terrible and so immediate.

SENATOR JOSEPH McCARTHY

But I permit myself to see some hope. As the huge sale of the Overstreet book shows, the American people, who watched in a narcotic apathy, induced by the press and the radio, while the Communist conspiracy struck down the late Senator Joseph McCarthy, are at last becoming faintly aware of their danger. Some people everywhere have been made uneasy by such outrageous exhibitions of Communist confidence as the use of paratroopers in Little Rock to overawe Americans who thought that they had constitutional rights. Protest is at last being heard against taxes that are imposed ostensibly for "welfare" and "progress", but in reality merely to bleed dry what Hopkins called "the American pigs". Farmers are rejecting the bribes offered them by the commissars, and resenting governmental terrorism. And what is even more important, on the local level in many a community people are becoming aware of the real purposes behind such things as regional planning, fluoridation, "mental health," "counseling programs" in the schools, and the many other local activities that serve the Communist purpose of persuading the boobs to fasten on themselves their own chains.

Batista revolt was a Communist operation intended primarily to secure bases for the many Russian submarines which are constantly cruising along our Atlantic Coast, and to permit the establishment of rocket bases within one hundred miles of American soil.

During the progress of his takeover in Cuba, Castro received supplies from Russian submarines, and, of course, vast quantities from the United States. The shipments from Florida were technically smuggled to him, but oddly enough our government was never able to intercept them.

But even with this help Castro would have failed but for the energetic intervention of our State Department. The technique used is a standard procedure and should be quite familiar to all of us by now.

GENERAL GEORGE MARSHALL

You will recall that when General George Marshall was sent to China to arrange for the Communist occupation of that country, he was able to accomplish his mission by simply cutting off from General Chiang Kai-Shek the supplies of ammunition that he needed for his soldiers' rifles, which were all, of course, of American manufacture. $150,000,000 worth of ammunition on ships that were about to land was simply dumped in the ocean and, naturally, no further shipments were made. Thus Chiang Kai-Shek's men could not use even their rifles, to say nothing of machine guns and artillery, and he had to retreat before the Communist invaders, who had been equipped with the huge Japanese stores of weapons and munitions that we had turned over to them in Manchuria.

Following this established pattern, our State Department cut off all supplies of ammunition to the small army of Colonel Batista in Cuba, which was equipped with weapons purchased in the United States. Even ammunition that Batista had bought and already paid for was confiscated on the docks. It seems quite clear that Batista's men did not desert; they simply had nothing to shoot.

OWEN LATTIMORE

You will also remember that while the great betrayal in China was under way under the direction of such eminent figures as General Marshall and Professor Owen Lattimore, the controlled press in this country was filled with propaganda to the effect that Chiang Kai-Shek was a scoundrel, and that the Communists in China were just innocent "agrarian reformers."

The same technique is, of course, now being used. The press is once again filled with manufactured reports of the past iniquities of Batista, and with glowing accounts of Fidel Castro as an "agrarian reformer" and the "George Washington of Cuba."

If the American people can be hypnotized by this concerted campaign in the press and over the radio, the situation in Cuba should be properly "stabilized" in about two years. Then you will witness another act in the farce. You will recall that when the Communists were firmly established in China, our "experts" blandly told us: "Oops! We said they was agrarian reformers, but we was mistaken. They's Communists after all. Ha-ha-ha!"

*mongrels: racial hybrids - an important political datum; see documentation.

shiftiness enabled him to see that the Communists who make the decisions had only contempt for their inferiors who really believed the Marxist propaganda. As Thorin neatly puts it: "Intellects that failed to see through the falsities of Communism were so arrested that they were of only limited use in the totalitarian state."

COMMUNISM AS A CONSPIRACY

It is quite incorrect, therefore, to say of a Communist, unless you mean that he is a fool, that he believes in Communism. Communism is not a theory in which men may believe; it is a conspiracy in which men participate. So far as Communism has an intellectual basis, that basis may be found in the doctrine not of Karl Marx, but of John Dewey. The Communist is the perfect Pragmatist, he is a Nihilist; he believes that there is no such thing as truth. He repudiates and hates all the traditions and culture of the Past; there is no truth, there is no value in the world but the satisfaction of his own whims and appetites, whatever they may be. Intellectually speaking, he is a beast--perhaps the lowest and most dangerous of all beasts.

SOCIAL TRUTH

Perhaps the neatest illustration of the intellectual processes of a Communist and the jargon that he loves to use will be found in comments made to me by a university president some time ago. I had happened to mention the old ideal of scholarship and learning disinterested pursuit of truth. I thought that he would at least pay lip service to this ideal, but he interrupted me imperiously.

"There is no truth but social truth," he said.

"And what," I asked, "is social truth?"

He replied quite simply: "It is what it is expedient for a society to tell its members."

"And who," I asked, "determines what story it is expedient to tell the suckers?"

He smiled. "WE do."

Now I cannot be certain that the man in question was a member of the Communist underground, but the reasoning that he employed is that of the Communist mind. There is no truth; there is only expediency. Truth, in other words, is lies.

But intellectual nihilism, the repudiation of all concepts of truth, justice, humanity, is not sufficient to explain the terrible energy of the Communist conspiracy. That energy is emotional: it is a lust, a craving, a passion. I had my first glimpse of this passion early in my days in Washington.

TRUTH IS LIES

I met a young man who had just come into the army. He looked like an amiable college boy, and, as a matter of fact, he had been graduated from law school only two or three years before. He had been working for the Labor Relations Board, and he enthusiastically described to me the way in which he and his colleagues would raid small American corporations that were inclined to be recalcitrant, seize their books and cart them off, ostensibly for the purpose of photographing them, but actually to force the company, paralyzed by the loss of its records, to submit. I was a little shocked, and I asked, "Lieutenant, didn't it seem to you that you were violating the constitutional rights of American business men?" He was a young man, and he answered promptly, "Rights?

GENERAL FRANCO

When the Hungarians suffered, and died, and begged in vain for help, only one nation in Europe dared to offer them even a modicum of assistance. That was Spain, a nation headed by General Francisco Franco, whom the Communist-dominated press in the United States so regularly vilifies. Spain agreed to send the Hungarians the weapons they most desperately needed, anti-tank guns. Spain arranged to transport the guns in her own planes, and arranged with Germany to permit these planes, on their return trip, to land to refuel, since the Spanish planes could not carry enough gasoline for a round trip. Now our Central Intelligence Agency, which seems never to be able to discover anything to the advantage of the United States, quickly found out about the Spanish plan to help the Hungarians.

The C. I. A. transmitted the information to our State Department, which immediately went into action and brought very strong pressure to bear on the German government to cancel the permission that had been given for the Spanish planes to refuel on their return journey. Thus was Washington able to save the Russians considerable inconvenience during their massacre of the Hungarians.

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

The Central Intelligence Agency is an organization so secret that even our senators are not allowed to know anything of its operations. But, as was recently disclosed in National Review, the head of any section of this agency has full power to employ even persons whose Communist records are in the files of the F. B. I. The agency has undoubtedly undergone progressive change in the past nine years. It was in June, 1949, you will remember, that Admiral Hillenkoetter, who was then head of the agency, received an inquiry from Senator McCarran concerning one hundred new appointees to the United Nations staff. Admiral Hillenkoetter replied that according to a preliminary check of his records, 29 of these appointees were officers in the Communist Party and that 32 others were known members of the Russian espionage system. Admiral Hillenkoetter was immediately transferred to a desolate outpost in the Pacific. This was, of course, but one of the many incidents by which our army and navy officers have been shown that they dare not do anything that would displease our Communist conspirators.

BATISTA

I trust that you have not overlooked the latest triumph of what may fairly be called the Washington-Moscow Axis. The Batista government in Cuba was not, to be sure, a perfect government, but it probably was about as good a government as one could ever reasonably expect to find in an island largely populated by mongrels.* Batista, however, had committed the one sin that is unforgivable in the eyes of the people who call themselves our "liberal intellectuals": he was an enemy of Communism. Not only was he a reliable ally of the United States, but he had even gone so far as to sever diplomatic relations with Russia, an act which greatly embarrassed our State Department. It was clear, therefore, that he must be eliminated. Accordingly the revolt led by Fidel Castro was organized. You will recall that some of the preparations for it were quite openly made in Florida.

EISENHOWER

As soon as the Russians have built their submarine bases and set up the launching fields for ballistic missiles in Cuba, our State Department will no doubt again tell us: "Oops! We were mistaken. But now that launching sites for atomic missiles have been set up within one hundred miles of the United States, war is unthinkable, ain't it?"

By the way, you will probably witness in the next few months the destruction of our only remaining ally in the Caribbean--our only certain ally south of Canada, the Dominican Republic. That was, to my mind, clearly forecast by the Galindez affair three years ago, but it has now been made quite certain by recent official proclamation, issued over the name of President Eisenhower, to the effect that we look with great disapproval upon "dictators" such as General Trujillo.

LOUIS BUDENZ

The Communist underground is our real danger, and no one can accurately measure its total strength. Its members all vociferously deny that they are Communists, and they are so organized that when everything is working properly no one conspirator can positively identify more than five of his accomplices. Louis Budenz recounts with wry humor that when he had worked himself far enough up in the Communist Party to become managing editor of the Daily Worker and a member of the official party's national executive council, he began to fancy himself a person of some importance, until one of his superiors remarked dryly, "Son, all that you have seen is just the periscope of the submarine."

On 3 March 1958 Congressman Francis E. Walter published a report that "the Kremlin has succeeded in enlisting, at a conservative estimate, more than a million Americans... There are at this moment the equivalent of some twenty combat divisions of enemy troops on American soil... troops that are loyal only to the Soviets." In other words, you are now living in a country that has been partly occupied. Unless the American people now make a desperate effort to save themselves, they will, within four years, I think, find themselves in the position of the Hungarians when they made their frantic effort to regain their freedom three years ago.

In Washington it was--and is--easy to meet Communists; in fact, what is difficult is to avoid meeting them. I tried to take advantage of the opportunity to observe the vermin socially. And I have been observing them ever since.

COMMUNISM NOT AN IDEOLOGICAL STRUGGLE

There are two basic facts that one must bear in mind when one tries to understand Communists.

First, all the talk about an "ideological struggle" is mostly nonsense. No Communist, except gullible college boys and other children, really believes in the doctrine of socialism. Marx's absurd theories are merely a propaganda device, a means to an end. The intellectual processes of the Communist have been well explained by Czeslaw Milosz in his [illegible]

ıal Illinois State Convention.

u have doubtless seen the recent and cleverly advertised book entitled t We Must Know About Communism by Harry and Bonaro Overstreet. It is ange book. I cannot take time to analyze it or to discuss the possible mo- for the authors' silence about the most important parts of the vast web of ersion that extends from the humblest primary school to the highest court ur land. But I shall limit myself to matters that the Overstreets ignore or e. And I can give only the most perfunctory summary of a few selected cts of the terror that is upon us.

ERAL INTELLECTUALS

irst encountered Communists and their allies, the "liberal intellectuals," I was a lad in college, and I then formed the impression of them that so people of my generation still carry in their minds. The pro-Communists ıg my fellows were so childish and so ignorant! Many of them, to be sure, glib enough in parroting the phrases and arguments they had heard or read, they obviously belonged to the group that worked hard only to avoid hard lectual work. They talked, and they seemed to believe, Marxism, a and absurd superstition that can be taken seriously by no one who has any ledge of human history and Occidental culture.

re were also a few members of the faculty who were obviously pro-Com- st--remember that this was years and years ago, and the college in which an undergraduate was not so progressive as others even at that time--a members of the faculty, I say, but they were all teaching the "science" ducation" or some similar bunk that was obviously a fraud on the public ı insult to the intelligence of an educated man. My friends and I thought ommies, young or old, very funny.

DISCIPLINED ASSASSINS--THE KREMLIN KNOWS

had all heard, of course, of what had happened and was happening in , but we did not know then what everyone knows now, that the Bolshevik ery in Russia had been organized in the United States, financed from the l States, and carried out by a gang of 1700 disciplined assassins, most of came from New York City. And in any case Russia was a distant and ous country, and nothing could be more ludicrous than a suggestion that ıad happened there could conceivably happen here.

ent the war mostly in Washington, in the most secret department of the and my first shock virtually coincided with the beginning of my work One of our basic maxims was then: "Remember that everything that is in the White House is known in the Kremlin." That was a shock at the although now, of course, everyone who has read at all about Commun- ows that Roosevelt's assistant, Lauchlin Currie, a counterpart of the more ly infamous Sherman Adams, was a Communist agent and that he, with ıed corps of at least thirty traitors, presided over all the activities of the House.

RY HOPKINS

s not until later that Harry Hopkins, the man who dispatched to Moscow e plans for the atomic bomb together with the materials necessary to acture it, moved into the White House to supervise the work of treason.

ıat time Washington was full of Communists, both domestic and foreign, ıey had already obtained that complete control of most of the govern- bureaus that they have held ever since and progressively increased. It

persons approved by the Communist party could hold offices of any responsi- bility. That is, of course, mere commonplace now, and, in informed circles, was mere commonplace then.

CONGRESSMAN DIES

We all know, for example that Congressman Dies of Texas happened to obtain photographs of a part of the Communist records which showed that 2,500 members of just three governmental departments--State, Justice, and Interior--were card-carrying members of the Communist Party. He took those records to President Roosevelt, who, in one of those fits of almost insane temper to which he was so frequently subject, screamed out, "Many of my best friends are Communists!" and ordered the Congressman from the room.

It is not so generally known that a presidential order commanded the Naval Intelligence service immediately to cease all inquiry into the activities of Communists, whether domestic or alien, and to destroy all records concerning Communist traitors and spies.

BASIC FORMULA FOR SUCCESS

Washington was in 1942 what it is today--a city in which, as one bureaucrat complacently assured me, "you've got to be a Communist to get anywhere." It was even a city in which it was dangerous to be an American. I was there during the obscene farce--in many ways a tragic farce--called the "Sedition Trial." Everyone in Washington knew that the one purpose of this trial was to intimidate Americans. Read about it sometime. Thirty men and women from all over the country, most of whom had never even heard of one another and who had in common only outspoken criticism of Communism, were hauled to Washington in hand-cuffs and leg irons, imprisoned in cells kept dark so that they could not read, and subjected to the most fantastic trial for conspiracy ever conducted outside Russia or an admittedly satellite state.

FELIX FRANKFURTER

The presiding judge, Eicher, who had, I understand, been appointed on the demand of Felix Frankfurter, was one of the new breed of Federal judges, that is to say, viciously corrupt, and he finally died while under impeachment for malfeasance in office.

The Assistant Attorney General of the U.S. who prosecuted the case was another protege of Felix Frankfurter, and he was rewarded for his efforts when in 1950 he went to Russia as the personal guest of Stalin.

The Hungarian revolt provides one of the hundreds of bits of evidence that show the close cooperation between the Kremlin and the bureaucracy that captured Washington under Franklin Roosevelt and has been expanding and strengthening itself ever since.

RADIO FREE EUROPE

When the Hungarian people spontaneously rose in revolt, they were, as several refugees have assured me, cozened and confused by lying broadcasts from the radio station that is so sardonically called Radio Free Europe. This station, which, as Fulton Lewis has recently shown, is staffed largely by Communist agents, is supported by secret grants from C.I.A., our Central Intelligence Agency. It is also supported by funds collected every year from the American people. That is just a bit of Communist humor. They delight in tricking Americans into contributing money to ostensibly charitable enterprises for their own destruction.

Community
Lecture
Series
Bulletin

MARCH 1964

OLIVER ON MARXMANSHIP

FIVE YEARS AGO

MARCH 1959

Exactly five years ago this month Dr. Oliver spoke on MARXMANSHIP before the Daughters of the American Revolution Annual Illinois State Convention. The MARXMANSHIP title of his speech was "All America Must Know."

LET EVERY AMERICAN KNOW: The comments about the WARREN COMMISSION

LET EVERYONE IN THE UNITED STATES RECEIVE:

This Lecture Series Bulletin telling where to obtain the February and March issues of AMERICAN OPINION containing the complete text of the article, "Marxmanship In Dallas" by Dr. Revilo Oliver.

Complete any, all or additional address spaces above. Use gummed labels if you prefer. Type, print or write clearly. Cover cost of each address with ten cents. For example, send $1.00 with 10 addresses, $5.00 with 50 addresses, $50.00 with 500 addresses, etc. Then mail this sheet to Community Lecture Series, Mount Zion, Illinois. Each person, whose name appears above, will be mailed this Lecture Series Bulletin within 24 hours. Use typewriter when possible; use only black ink when writing

LET ALL AMERICA KNOW

about THE THREE GREAT COMMENTARIES OF THIS DECADE on MARXMANSHIP by Dr. Revilo Oliver

ZERO IN ON THE MARXMANSHIP BULL'S EYE — Complete this page within 24 to 48 hours

LET ALL AMERICA KNOW: The comments about MARXMAN OSWALD

ON **MARXMANSHIP** BY

Dr. REVILO OLIVER

I Marxmanship Five Years Ago

Complete text with topical headings of speech, "All America Must Know", given at National Convention of the Daughters of the American Revolution March, 1959.

II Marxmanship In Dallas

Full text appears in American Opinion in two parts. Part 1 contained in the February issue and part 2 in the March issue, 1964.

III The Aftermath Of The Assassination

Full text of speech given at Hotel Orlando Ballroom on Wednesday evening, March 18, 1964.

SPECIAL EDITION COMMUNITY LECTURE SERIES BULLETIN

THE THREE GREAT COMMENTARIES OF THIS

Mr. & Mrs. W. H. Lovelace
14 South St.
Meadville, Miss.

BULK RATE
U. S. Postage
PAID
Mt. Zion, Illinois
Permit No. 5

May 24, 1964.

Mr. Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I wonder if your Bureau saw the enclosed clipping that appeared in The Washington Daily News on Nov. 20, 1963, which was prior to the assasination of President Kennedy, written by John Troan.

I intended to mail this in December, but each time I thought about it I wondered whether or not you would be interested, and yet just couldn't throw it away. But when I saw it again today, decided to mail it.

When I read the item November 20th, I wasn't impressed. But when I read the item Dec. 3, I wondered if the man who paid for the advertisement in the Dallas Paper, - Bernard Weissman,- was the same name that was mentioned in the item in the News on Nov. 20th.

I checked my old papers and saw that the name mentioned in the item Nov. 20th, was Dr. Jerome B. Weisner.

Since I couldn't seem to throw it away each time I saw it, I decided to mail it even at this late date, for your information, just in case you had not seen it.

62-109060-3176

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

Very truly,

Dorothy Cherry
1526 - 17th St., N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Do not file. Return to [illegible]

56 JUN 4 1954

CORRESPONDENCE

By JIM G[illegible]UCAS
Scripps-How[illegible]taff Writer

The Sovi[illegible]onsular file on Lee Harvey Oswald, presumed slayer of President Kennedy, sheds no light on the assassination, it was learned today.

Soviet Ambassador Anatoly F. Dobrynin turned over the file to Secretary of State Dean Rusk Saturday. It was sent to the FBI where it

But it has been learned authoritatively that the whole portfolio contains no new information. Mainly, it consists of Oswald's application for a Soviet visa when he went to Russia after his discharge from the Marine Corps in 1959, his work permit, residence papers and copies of his marriage license. It also contains his application for permission to return to the United States in 1962, an Soviet documents permitting him to leave the country.

The Russians apparently intended to demonstrate their willingness to help solve the slaying. They were not required to turn the papers over, and this Government had not requested them.

As a key to Oswald's possible motives, one source said, "They aren't worth a hill of beans."

The FBI still is investigating the Kennedy assassination and the subsequent murder of Oswald in the Dallas police station by a night club operator, Jack Ruby. It had hoped to complete its work last week, but there have been delays.

The FBI conclusions will go first to Attorney General Robert Kennedy, and then to President Johnson. Mr. Johnson is expected to forward the report as well as the Soviet file to a seven-man commission headed by Chief Justice Earl Warren.

Apparently still unanswered are two highly relevant questions—where Oswald got the money to finance a trip to Mexico City in late September and early October, and the whereabouts of a man identifying himself as Bernard Weissman who paid for a hate advertisement in a morning newspaper on the day Mr. Kennedy arrived in Dallas.

It has been learned that Oswald was in debt, and had not paid any rent on his $8-a-week room in Dallas. But investigators found $150 in cash in the room after Oswald was arrested.

Authorities said Oswald spent little, and seldom paid his bills. They said he also drew unemployment compensation during his long periods without work and saved much of that. However, still unanswered was how he could finance his many travels.

The Weather Today

Digest of U. S. Weather Bureau Forecast for the Period Ending at 7 a. m., Dec. 4:

LOCAL — Cloudy cold today with light snow; high in low 40s. Mostly cloudy tonight; low about 30. Tomorrow: cloudy, cold with occasional light snow. Yesterdays high 44, overnight low, 84.

TIROS VII (Weather Satellite) — 9:01 a. m. today. Tiros will not take pictures over Washington tomorrow.

NATIONAL—Light rain—and possibly some snow—over the Middle Atlantic seaboard. Snow in New England and the northern states. Light snow in Ohio Valley and Appalachians. Cold in the Gulf and Southwestern states.

Freezing in the central plains, Rockies, and Pacific Northwest.

Lowest temperatures:

Atlanta	28	Jacksonville	40
Boston	25	Kansas City	25
Brownsville	42	Los Angeles	50
Buffalo	25	Miami	58
Chicago	27	Milwaukee	20
Cincinnati	26	New Orleans	38
Cleveland	25	New York	29
Denver	22	Philadelphia	29
Detroit	20	St. Louis	24
Duluth	5	San Francisco	49
Ft. Worth	37	Seattle	27
G. Falls, Mont.	28	Washington	28

Curious Visit Grave

FT. WORTH, Dec. 3 (UPI) — Thousands of morbidly curious persons have filed past the grave of Lee Oswald, President Kennedy's suspected assassin in the last eight days, police reported today.

They said two wilting pots of flowers have been left by unidentified persons. Many people have been denied permission to take dirt or flowers from the grave.

Weather | CPEATER

TION

Pat[illegible] Could Have Crossed R[illegible]by's

Why Did Oswald Stay at the 'Y'?

By SETH KANTOR
Scripps-Howard Staff Writer

DALLAS, Dec. 3—Events in the life of Lee Harvey Oswald two months ago today may be the key to the murder of President Kennedy.

On Oct. 3 Oswald, the President's presumed assassin, checked into the downtown Dallas YMCA, which was frequented by Jack Ruby—the man who eventually was to be Oswald's executioner.

Oswald spent two nights at the YMCA. Then he checked out.

Two months ago today, Texas Gov. John B. Connally was in Washington, conferring with President Kennedy. Was it the same day that a plot against them was being hatched in Dallas?

MYSTERY TRIP

Oswald had just returned from a hasty, mysterious trip to Mexico. The President's trip to Texas, including Dallas, already had been announced.

The route of the presidential motorcade thru Dallas was not yet announced, but dignitaries could be expected to be driven past the Texas School Book Depository building on the western edge of downtown Dallas in any downtown procession.

Any veteran Dallasite knows that. Oswald himself did not know Dallas customs intimately.

Did he meet with one or more persons Oct. 3 and 4 to plan where he would be when the President came to town?

Eleven days later, Oct. 15, Oswald was hired by R. S. Truly, manager of the Texas School Book Depository.

COINCIDENCE?

If the paths of Oswald and Ruby did cross in the YMCA was the encounter a coincidence or was it intentional?

Investigators are marching thru fields of question marks left over from Oct. 3 and 4.

The YMCA is 13 stories high. Federal probers are checking out every guest registered there during those two days. Did any of them ever happen to be in the same place at the same time as Oswald in New York or New Orleans or elsewhere over the past three years?

One thing already is known about Oswald's two-day stay at the YMCA. He set the stage for mail to be delivered to him there and continued to get letters, mailed in his name, to the YMCA for several weeks. Other mail came to him at other addresses.

JOBLESS

Oswald was jobless on Oct. 14 when he rented an $8-a-week bedroom in the rooming house at 1026 North Beckley, about a mile from the apartment into which Ruby had recently moved.

The next day Oswald approached Mr. Truly and got his job.

Oswald lived friendlessly in the rooming house as "O. H. Lee." Was this meant to give him a chance to escape, after the Nov. 22 assassination, under an alias and from an address unknown to police?

He was heading in a straight line, with a gun in his pocket, toward the street on which Ruby lived, when Dallas Police Officer J. D. Tippit challenged him and was slain by Oswald, according to witnesses. This changed the direction of Oswald's escape attempt.

Nothing New on Oswald

Soviet File Is No Help

12-3-63

Research Policy Under Fire 11-27-63

'Devil's Advocate' Denounces Kennedy's Science Policies

By JOHN TROAN
Scripps-Howard Science Writer

President Kennedy's science chief today ignored charges that "a small group" of underlings with "little proven competence" have seized control of "a major fraction of Government research policy."

The charges were made by Dr. Philip H. Abelson, self-styled "Devil's Advocate" and editor of one of the nation's most respected science journals, in a talk last night in Houston.

Dr. Abelson contended the Federal Government's "present mechanisms for policy-making with respect to science and technology are badly in need of overhaul.

"Too much power is concentrated in a few overworked people, most of whom are of limited competence," he said.

He argued that such a situation, compounded by Government secrecy, "must inevitably lead to corruption either of the intellect or of the purse."

Dr. Jerome B. Wiesner, an electronics engineer, is the President's chief science adviser. He is to return to the Massachusetts Institute of Technology about Feb. 1 and be succeeded by Dr. Donald F. Hornig, Princeton University chemist.

Dr. Wiesner declined comment. But associates said he resented what he regards as an unjustified attack on his staff.

Dr. Abelson, first U. S. scientist to split the atom, now is head of geophysics at the Carnegie Institution of Washington and edits Science, official journal of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

Dr. Abelson likened Dr. Wiesner to a "czar of science" who, since his appointment by President Kennedy almost three years ago, "has accumulated and exercised more visible and invisible power than any scientist in the peacetime history of the country."

Dr. Abelson said there's no way to judge how good a job Dr. Wiesner has done because most of his activity has been cloaked in secrecy. But he indicated he didn't think Dr. Wiesner had done too well.

Dr. Abelson's main attack, however, was directed at the 16 "professional aides" who staff the Office of Science and Technology, a White House agency created last year. As its director, Dr. Wiesner draws $22,500 a year—his only paid job.

He complained that the staff men "are not a distinguished group" tho they are supposed to be "highly trained specialists." Besides, he said, they have been "throwing their weight around" at other Federal agencies involved in research — "distressing" the agency heads and undermining employe morale.

Dr. Abelson contended these underlings have taken control of "a major fraction of Government research policy" because Dr. Wiesner—"one of the most conscientious, hard-working men in Washington"—has been trying to handle more problems than any human can.

Dr. Abelson said Dr. Wiesner is not only the President's personal science adviser and director of the Office of Science and Technology but chairman of the 18-man President's Science Advisory Committee, chairman of the Federal Council on Science and Technology, "de facto director" of the Budget Bureau in charge of research-and-development money, and "Personnel Procurement Officer for Scientific Posts" within the U. S. Government.

Dr. Abelson insisted the job of presidential science adviser "is a big one which merits full-time effort" and thus should be divorced from the Office of Science and Technology. However, President Kennedy has announced Dr. Hornig will hold both jobs.

TRANSLATION FROM GERMAN

Typewritten envelope addressed to the Attorney General, postmarked illegibly.

The return address reads:

Friedrich Rudolf Buske
Ihlienworth N. Elbe
Germany

Friedrich Rudolf Buske
Farmer, Ihlienworth
Birkenhain Chicken Farm

2179 Ihlienworth,
May 6, 1964

To Mr. Robert F. Kennedy
Attorney General
of the United States of America
Washington, D. C., U. S. A.

Assassination of President Kennedy

Dear Sir:

On April 8, 1964, I took the liberty to write to the Office of the Attorney General of the United States of America. Fate must have willed it so that this information of interest to you and your next of kin did not get to your hands.

Only recently, that is on March 19, 1964, I was given an opportunity to inform the Office for the Protection of the Constitution (of West Germany) as to certain measures presumably taken by the countries of the Eastern Bloc - in this specific case, the German Democratic Republic - to stage a concerted action.

REC-117 62-109060-3177

I urged your Department to make inquiries through proper channels. It is by no means a matter of presumption on my part to state here and now that if I had been heard in September or October of last year your brother, the highly

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TRANSLATED BY:
RAFFAELE A. VACCARI:amm
May 27, 1964

(Translation and original material sent to Department, 6/ /64, by Form 0-6, pursuant to their request)

BUFILE 62-109060

MAILED 50
JUN 2 1964
COMM-FBI

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

JUN 1 1964

your copy of translation to Mr. Rosen, 5/28/64 BMS

esteemed President, would not have fallen a victim to such a horrible murder.

I have already communicated this information to our Federal Chancelor in Germany.

Personally, I am very anxious to prevent further evil as long as it can be done within the range of my knowledge.

Sincerely yours,

(signed) Friedrich Rudolf Buske

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

REC-35

TO : Director, FBI (62-109060)

DATE: 5-27-64

FROM : Legat, Paris (62-148) (P.)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Paris letter 5-13-64.

This case is being maintained in a pending status in order to obtain and furnish to the Bureau a copy of "OSWALD, L'IMPOSSIBLE ASSASSIN" by JOACHIM JOESTEN, which was reportedly scheduled to be published in Paris in mid-May 1964.

Inquiry at a local book shop on 5-25-64 revealed that the book has not appeared as yet. An employee of the book store telephonically contacted the publisher in order to ascertain a projected date of publication and was advised that it is not at all certain that the book will be published. According to an unidentified individual in the publisher's office, the editorial committee of the publisher still has JOESTEN's text under consideration and there reportedly is a good chance that a decision will be reached to abandon the publication.

We will continue to follow this and keep the Bureau advised.

3 - Bureau (1 - Liaison Section)
1 - Paris
REP:HD
(4)

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-427255

EX-103

62-109060-3178

REC-35

JUN 2 1964

JUN 8 1964

79 JUN 5-1964

FBI

Date: 5/19/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING
OO: DL

Rerep SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, Dallas, 5/15/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are ten copies and for New Orleans and San Antonio one copy each of an amended page number 249 to rerep.

The Bureau, New Orleans and San Antonio are requested to make the following additional corrections to rerep:

Page 676, paragraph 1, line 4, "Grand Prair Road" should be "Grand Prairie Road."

Page 779, the first name of Agent KUYKENDALL on this FD-302 should be EDWIN instead of EDWARD.

Dallas copies have been corrected.

3 - BUREAU (ENCS.-10)
1 - NEW ORLEANS (89-69) (ENC.-1)
1 - SAN ANTONIO (89-67) (ENC.-1)
2 - DALLAS
RPG:eah
(7)

62-109060
NOT RECORDED
17 MAY 21 1964

4 copies sent
1 cir. R/L Mrs. Dunn, 7122. 6 copies retain-
1.D. 5/21/64. Courted
pgs inserted. EMR/leb

ENCLOSURE
ATTACHED + FILED 6/1/64 MY
SER. 309 C.C. Vick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

4 JUN 25 1964

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) DATE: 5/19/64

FROM : LEGAT, MEXICO CITY (105-3702) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA

ENCLOSURES:

Enclosed herewith to the Bureau are the following:

1. One Xerox copy of a "Secret" letterhead memorandum captioned "Assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, Dallas, Texas, November 22, 1963." The foregoing memorandum consists of eleven pages of text and two pages captioned "Exhibits."

2. One Xerox copy of a "Secret" letterhead memorandum captioned "JACK L. RUBY, aka Jack Leon Ruby, Jack Rubenstein; Murder of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, November 24, 1963." The foregoing letterhead memorandum consists of seventeen pages.

3. Two Xerox copies of an "Unclassified" Legal Attache memorandum to the Ambassador dated December 3, 1963, and entitled "Assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, November 22, 1963, at Dallas, Texas."

ORIGINAL FILED IN

REFERENCES:

Bureau cable #87 dated 5/13/64; Bureau cable #68 dated 4/30/64.

62-109060-
NOT RECORDED
198 JUN 29 1964

5 Bureau (Encs. - 4)
(1 - Liaison Section)
(2 - Dallas, 100-10461)
1 - Mexico City
RLL:eim
(6)

6-26
MAY 22 1964

52 JUN 30 1964
5 ENCLOSURE

Left per SOV/E SECTION

MC 105-3702

Mexico City airtel dated 5/7/64.

Letter to Director dated 4/24/64 from the President's Commission General Counsel J. LEE RANKIN.

Mexico City letterhead memorandum and cover letter dated 5/7/64.

BACKGROUND DATA:

In accordance with Bureau instructions, the enclosed material is being forwarded to the Bureau as portions of the "dossier" to which the President's Commission General Counsel's letter makes reference and which is presumed to be in the possession of Assistant Secretary of State and former Ambassador to Mexico THOMAS MANN.

With respect to item #3, it is pointed out that the memorandum to the Ambassador was based on initial contact at the Embassy by LUIS FERNANDEZ GONZALEZ; however, full and complete data concerning this individual and allegations by him was submitted to the Bureau with my letterhead memorandum and cover letter dated 5/7/64.

L E A D:

MEXICO CITY

At Mexico, D. F.

Will continue to handle all investigation relating to this case and which may develop in connection therewith, reporting the results thereof promptly.

FBI

Date: 5/21/64

Transmit the following in PLAIN TEXT
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING
OO: DL

Rerep SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, Dallas, 5/15/64.

The name of the Agent appearing on FD-302's on pages 763, 764, 766, and 767, "IANSING P. LOGAN" should be "ARTHUR E. CARTER."

Bureau, San Antonio, and New Orleans requested to make appropriate changes to their copies of rerep. Dallas copies have been corrected.

(3) - BUREAU
1 - SAN ANTONIO (89-67)
1 - NEW ORLEANS (89-69)
2 - DALLAS
RPG:eah
(7)

Being held
Bu-ms 730
1000 each hereof
Agencies, Dignitaries
Foreign Representatives
Press Connected
6/15/64 RPG/bh

C C- Wicki

62-109060
NOT RECORDED
17 MAY 22 1964

64 JUN 25 1964 m1

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent In Charge

FBI

Date: 5/28/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Bureau airtel to Phoenix, 5/26/64, enclosing a copy of an anonymous letter received at the Bureau on May 18, 1964, concerning an unidentified individual driving a 1954 or 1955 Packard four-door sedan, bearing Arizona License EZY 958.

Enclosed are 10 copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting the contents of the anonymous letter.

This letterhead memorandum was prepared inasmuch as two copies of same are being furnished U. S. Secret Service, and the information contained in the anonymous letter has been summarized and furnished by letter to Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY, Dallas Police Department, and Sheriff WILLIAM E. BILL DECKER.

The contents of the letter, together with the Laboratory examinations, will be set forth in the next report submitted in captioned matter.

62-109060-3179

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)
1 - Phoenix
1 - Albuquerque
1 - San Diego
3 - Dallas (2 - 89-43) (1 - 62-3372)
RPG/ds
(9)

REC-35
EX-103

17 JUN 2 1964

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

79 JUN 5 1964

UNREC COPY AND COPY OF ENCL FILED IN 62

DL 89-43

PHOENIX, ALBUQUERQUE AND SAN DIEGO are requested to furnish Dallas with 25 copies of inserts or FD-302's reflecting any investigation conducted in connection with instant matter.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Dallas, Texas
May 28, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

On May 18, 1964, the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Washington, D. C., received the following quoted anonymous letter in an envelope on which the postmark was illegible:

"Federal Bureau of Investigation

"Washington, D. C.

"Gentlemen:

"A while back I overheard the most unusual conversation in a restaurant near the Mexican Border. It has bothered me ever since, so am going to give it to you as best as can be remembered.

"These two men were sitting in a booth next to myself, and they were talking Spanish. As so many bi-lingual-people seem to take for granted that as you are a blue-eyed gringo you can't understand the language, and they talk as if you did not exist. Now I do not believe that the one man who was doing the talking of which I speak, was a Mexican--he may have been part Mexican_ tho, as he did speak with an accent to the cashier in English. Would say he is about 5'6" tall, rather small, tho with a little paunch, and would weigh about 145 to 150 lb. Brown eyes, grey curley hair, or wavey, a dark complexion, small hands for a man. He was the driver of a 1954 or 1955 Packard, 4 door sedan, Arizona license number EZY 958. Oh yes, a rather long, grey mustache. About 50 to 55 yrs. old.

COPIES DESTROYED

44 JAN 3 1973

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

"From the conversation would gather that he resides in either Tucson, or some place not very far from the Mexican border below Tijuana or Mexicali, and also must have many friends in San Diego.

"Now for the conversation. They were talking politics and the Kennedy assination came up. This man stated that he and a companion were on the outskirts of Dallas when they heard the news on the car radio. The companion wanted to go on into Dallas and see what was going on, but this man said he told him no that he didn't dare, as he knew that 'they had finally done it', and he didn't want to take a chance of seeing anyone who might connect him with the affair. He said that he knew months before that Kennedy 'had to die', that there was no other way for 'it' to be handled, and he knew that 'they' (whoever the heck they may be) was on the verge of taking action in Dallas, as it would be an ideal place.

"If he knows who 'they' may be, then I think you should know also. He was so damnebly smug about the whole thing when he was talking. He also stated that during WWII he had top security clearance, so now he goes most places and when he shows his identification, then he isn't questioned. He stated that he keeps Mexican citizenship so that he can go back and forth without question. (This sounds slightly crazy to me, as I don't know anything about such, but didn't know that you could maintain Mexican citizenship and American at the same time.) Perhaps he was born American, and took out Mexican citizenship.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

"To top this off, he asks the other man who he thinks will be the next on the list. He stated that there were many of course, whom 'they' would like to eliminate, but Earl Warren was given top priority. Ye Gads! What a character! Even if he is just a 'nut' of some sort, such talk isn't exactly calming dinner conversation.

"I haven't the faintest idea if Earl Warren has plans of visiting San Diego, or if he had residence there at one time, but would gather that he may have from the conversation. Whoever 'they' are, must have ideas that somewhere in California would be a likely place to set up something for Mr. Warren which would be as unhealthy as what Mr. Kennedy experienced.

"Now you must have hundreds of clues to run down on the Kennedy assination, and I wouldn't want to be a pest, or a nut, but that conversation has bothered me, and you can take it as you see fit. If the man is just a blabber-mouth, then he may know nothing. If he is just egotistical enough to 'have to talk to someone about how much he knows' in order to impress someone, then he just may know something. You are the judge of that.

"Anyhow it's off my mind now, and I would like to forget it, although as you know better than anyone, these things must keep cropping up. The intricate network of politics, different groups, communistic and otherwise, must keep you people tareing your hair to protect people in public office.

"Sincerely,

"A Citizen"

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY
200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BOGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. McCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

JUN 1 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Enclosed is a copy of a telegram received by the Attorney General and referred to this Commission. It would be appreciated if the Bureau would interview the sender of the telegram, Mr. Frank C. Akers, 4740 Richard, Ft. Worth, Texas, regarding any information he has pertaining to this Commission's assignment.

Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

EX-103

REC-35 62-109060-3180

10 JUN 2 1964

ENCLOSURE

JUN 3 1964

TELEGRAM
SPECIAL

FBI
TELEGRAPH SECTION
1964 MAY 22 PM 5:51

WUA046 AA101 KB095

DD151 D FWB191 PD FORT WORTH TEX 22 1240P CST

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

WASHDC

I WISH TO TESTIFY BEFORE THE WARREN COMMISSION

FRANK C AKERS 4740 RICHARD FT WORTH TEXAS.

544P EDT MAY 22 64

RECEIVED
MAY 23 1964
Director, Division of
Public Information

FBI
JUN 3 1964

62-109060-3150

6-2-64

CODE

RADIOGRAM URGENT

EX-103

TO SAC DALLAS (89-43) REC-35

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060) — 3180

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

NOVEMBER TWO TWO, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS DASH INFORMATION CONCERNING

COMMISSION BY LETTER JUNE ONE LAST FURNISHED BUREAU TELEGRAM DATED MAY TWENTYTWO LAST FORWARDED BY DEPARTMENT TO COMMISSION FROM FRANK C. AKERS FOUR SEVEN FOUR ZERO RICHARD, FORT WORTH, TEXAS, STATING QUOTE I WISH TO TESTIFY BEFORE WARREN COMMISSION UNQUOTE.

COMMISSION DESIRES AKERS BE INTERVIEWED FOR ANY INFORMATION CONCERNING ASSASSINATION.

HANDLE PROMPTLY. FURNISH RESULTS IN LHM SUITABLE FOR DISSEMINATION TO COMMISSION.

RDR/mapp COPIES DESTROYED
(6)

74 JAN 3 1973

62-109060
1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)
1 - Mr. R.E. Lenihan
1 - Mr. R.E. Wick
1 - Mr. C.A. Evans

If regular radio contact missed, send by urgent, plain text, teletype at once.

NOTE: This matter will be closely followed and when results of interview obtained, Commission will be furnished copies. No information identifiable with Akers could be located in Bureau files.

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

79 JUN 5-1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☑

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
JUN 2 1964
TELETYPE

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109090

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY
200 Maryland Ave., N. E.
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20002

EARL WARREN, *Chairman*
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BOGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. McCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN,
General Counsel

MAY 18 1964

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover
Director, Federal Bureau
of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

An article by Richard K. Doan in the May 7, 1964 edition of the New York Herald Tribune reported that NBC plans to do a "White Paper" on the assassination late this year or early next year. The article went on to say that the Executive Producer of the "White Paper," Irving Gitlin, "was reluctant to discuss whether any heretofore unseen film of the Dallas tragedy had been uncovered. .'A major film search has been made,' he said, 'but I'd rather not discuss that at this point.'"

Could you please determine whether NBC has discovered any new film relating to the assassination.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

EX-103

REC-35

ENCLOSURE 3181
62-109060 - 3181

10 MAY 19 1964

30 MAY 19 1964

JUN 3 1964

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: May 22, 1964

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT
NBC FILM

The attached letter from Mr. Rankin to the Director dated May 18, 1964, requests that the National Broadcasting Company (NBC) be contacted to determine whether these officials have any "new film relating to the assassination."

ACTION TAKEN:

We contacted Mr. Robert Wogan, Vice President, Programs, Radio Network Division of the National Broadcasting Company, Inc., in New York City. Mr. Wogan advised Wick this morning that NBC does not have any new film relating to the assassination nor has it discovered any. Wick reminded Mr. Wogan that the May 7, 1964, issue of the "New York Herald Tribune" in an article written by Richard K. Doan stated that NBC planned a "white paper" on the assassination. Further that Irving Gitlin, the executive producer, was quoted as saying he "was reluctant to discuss whether any heretofore unseen film of the Dallas tragedy had been uncovered."

Mr. Wogan said he had personally talked to Mr. Gitlin who assured him that neither he nor NBC has any such film. Mr. Gitlin told Mr. Wogan that the TV writer who prepared the statement for Gitlin took considerable "literary license" and "he elaborated" considerably to dramatize the forthcoming production. Mr. Wogan said actually what Gitlin is talking about is some film of interviews conducted by NBC in Dallas with persons a considerable time after the assassination.

Mr. Wogan said he himself and NBC people are quite aware of the photographs which magazines, newspapers, wire services and television people obtained relating to the assassination. He said he can assure us that neither NBC nor any other media with which he is familiar has discovered any film not known to the FBI.

RECOMMENDATION:

This memorandum be referred to the General Investigative Division so that Mr. Rankin can be advised.

Enclosure

~~1 - Mr. Tolson~~
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Jones

REW:dgs (7)

JUN 3 1964

XEROX

EX-103

62-109090-3181

REC-35

15 JUN 2 1964

REC-35

62-109060-3181

EX-103

May 26, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Rogge

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated May 18, 1964, relating to plans of the National Broadcasting Company to produce a "White Paper" on the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

On May 22, 1964, Mr. Robert Wogan, Vice President, Programs, Radio Network Division, of the National Broadcasting Company, New York City, advised the National Broadcasting Company does not have any new film relating to the assassination nor has it discovered any.

Mr. Wogan stated he had personally spoken with Mr. Irving Gitlin concerning the article which appeared in the May 7, 1964, issue of the "New York Herald Tribune" wherein Mr. Gitlin had been quoted as saying he "was reluctant to discuss whether any heretofore unseen film of the Dallas tragedy had been uncovered..." and he had been assured by Mr. Gitlin that the writer who prepared this statement took considerable "literary license" in order to dramatize the forthcoming production.

1 - C. D. DeLoach
1 - R. E. Wick
1 - W. C. Sullivan
1 - R. E. Lenihan
1 - M. A. Jones
RDR:las
(12)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

BY COURIER SVC
12 MAY 26
COMM-FBI

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN FBI HEADQUARTERS ROOM
MAY 27 1964 1 02 PM
62-109060-3181

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

Mr. Wogan stated Mr. Gitlin was talking about some film of interviews conducted by the National Broadcasting Company with persons in Dallas a considerable time after the assassination. Mr. Wogan assured us that neither the National Broadcasting Company nor any other media with which he is familar has discovered any film not known to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

The above is furnished for your information.

Sincerely yours,

NOTE:

For details see DeLoach to Mr. Mohr memo captioned "Assassination of the President, NBC Film" dated 5-22-64, REW:dgs. Commission by letter 5-18-64 attached an article by Richard K. Doan appearing in the above newspaper implying that some film to be used in the NBC "White Paper" on the assassination, possibly had not been seen before. The Commission requested we determine from NBC whether it had discovered any new film. The above letter satisfies the Commission's request and no further action need be taken.

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Malley

May 28, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of May 26, 1964, which transmits certain Commission Exhibits to this Bureau for reproduction.

Receipt is acknowledged of Exhibits numbered 477, 478, 480 through 517, 519, 520, 702 through 704, 709 and 711 through 745.

It is noted that of the aforementioned Exhibits, those numbered 712, 713 and 714 have been previously photographed and were delivered to the Commission by courier on May 6, 1964. Accordingly, these Exhibits are being returned herewith.

With respect to your inquiry as to whether we have received Commission Exhibits numbered 701, 705, and 710, our records show that Exhibit number 701 has been received, photographed and returned to the Commission also on May 6, 1964. Further, our records show no receipt of Exhibits numbered 705 and 710.

EX-103 REC-35 62-109060 — — —

BY COURIER SVC.

Your request for reproduction of these Exhibits, excepting those noted herein, will be handled promptly and you will be advised by a separate letter of transmittal when this work is completed.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

62-109060
7 JUN 5 1964
REN:bsm (10)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Note on next page.

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060

MAY 13 11 44 AM 1964 FBI

3182

Note:

These Exhibits consist of a group of photographs and diagrams supplied to the Commission by the Dallas Police Department which show various aspects of the Texas School Book Depository Building.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. Conrad

FROM : Mr. Jevons

DATE: May 28, 1964

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS; 11/22/63

Reference memorandum dated February 26, 1964, from W. D. Griffith concerning a continuing project wherein the Bureau has undertaken to furnish the Commission with photographs of all Commission exhibits.

On May 26, 1964, the Bureau received by mail from the Commission, the exhibits which are described in the attached list with the request that three photographs be furnished of each exhibit.

It is noted that most of these exhibits are photographs, however, those documentary exhibits which are not photographs will be nonphotographically reproduced as has been done in the past.

This work will be handled by an Agent Examiner from the Document Section of the Laboratory.

ACTION: Exhibits will be photographed or otherwise reproduced and three copies will be supplied to the Commission as requested. Those items originally supplied to the Commission by the Bureau will be kept in Bureau custody. Items not originating from the Bureau (designated by the *) will be returned along with the photographs.

Enclosure
62-109060

1 - Mr. Belmont - Enclosure
1 - Mr. Rosen - Enclosure
1 - Mr. Sullivan - Enclosure
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Callahan (Attention - C. Q. Smith) - Enclosure

REC-34 62-109060 — 3183

JUN 3 1964

REN:bmm
(12)

ENCLOSURE

XEROX
JUN
1964

JUN 5 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

SIX

5/27/64

ITEM NO.	COMMISSION'S EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
	*477	Photograph of Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*478	Photograph of street scene, Dallas, Texas
	*480	Photograph of fifth and sixth floors, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*481	Photograph of fifth and sixth floors, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*482	Photograph of fifth and sixth floors, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	483	Diagram of sixth floor, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*484	Photograph of sixth floor, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*485	Photograph of interior of Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*486	Photograph of interior of Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	487	Diagram of fifth floor, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*488	Photograph of interior of Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*489	Photograph of interior of Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*490	Photograph of interior of Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*491	Photograph of interior of Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*492	Photograph of interior of Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*493	Affidavit by Harold Norman
	*494	Photograph of interior of Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*495	Photograph of main entrance of Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
D18	496	Employment application, signed by Oswald
	497	Diagram second floor, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	498	Interior photograph, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building

XEROX JUN 1964

ENCLOSURE
62 109-60 3113

ITEM NO.	COMMISSION'S EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
	*499	Photograph of room containing Coca Cola vending machine, refrigerator, tables and chairs, not otherwise identifiedfrom Dallas Police Department
	*500	Photograph captioned "24. Employees' Lunch Room"
	*501	Photograph captioned "25. North Wall of Lunch Room
	*502	Photograph captioned "26. Northwest Corner of Lunch Room
	*503	Interior photograph, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*504	Interior photograph, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*505	Photograph captioned "21. Stairs Between Second and Third Floors"
	*506	Photograph captioned "36. Position of Clip Board When Discovered (Circled)"
	507	Diagram of seventh floor, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*508	Interior photograph, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*509	Interior photograph, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*510	Photograph showing position of three empty cartridges, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*511	Photograph captioned "31. Window Area, Southeast Corner, Showing Two Cartridge Cases"
	*512	Photograph captioned "32. Window Area, Southeast Corner, Showing Three Cartridge cases"
	*513	Interior photograph, Texas Schcolbook Depository Building
	*514	Photograph showing position of rifle when found in Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*515	Photograph showing position of rifle when found in Texas Schoolbook Depository Building

ITEM NO.	COMMISSION'S EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
	*516	Photograph showing stairway from sixth floor, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*517	Photograph captioned "35. Position of Rifle When Discovered"
	*519	Dallas, Texas, Police Department photograph of interior of Texas Theater
	*520	Dallas Police Department photograph of Oswald and two other officers
	*702	Street diagram showing vicinity of Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*703	Street diagram showing Industrial Boulevard
	*704	Aerial photograph of assassination scene
	*709	Letter signed by Lieutenant Jack Revill in which Revill quotes Special Agent James Hosty as stating that the FBI was aware of Oswald's capability of committing the assassination
	*711	Affidavit signed by V. J. Brian, Detective, Dallas Police Department, re above
	*712	Photograph of man holding rifle, not otherwise identified
	*713	Photograph showing outside wooden stair steps, not otherwise identified
	*714	Photograph of Oswald holding rifle
	*715	Dallas Police Department photograph of window through which shots were fired
	*716	Photograph showing location of empty cartridge cases in Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*717	Manila envelope labeled "Two of Three Spent Hulls Under Window on Sixth Floor Where Gun Apparently Fired"
	*718	Interior photograph of Texas Schoolbook Depository Building

ITEM NO.	COMMISSION'S EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
	*719	Interior photograph of Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*720	Photograph of latent print found on Oswald's rifle
	*721	Photograph of latent print found on Oswald's rifle
	*722	Photograph taken from window where shots fired
	*723	Interior photograph, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*724	Photograph from window from where shots fired
	*725	Photograph showing window from where shots fired
	*726	Interior photograph, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*727	Interior photograph, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*728	Interior photograph, Texas Schoolbook Depository Building
	*729	Photograph showing palm print on cardboard box
	*730	Photograph supplied by Dallas Police Department, not otherwise identified
	*731	Photograph supplied by Dallas Police Department captioned "Wrapping Bench, 411 Elm"
	*732	Photograph supplied by Dallas Police Department captioned "Wrapping Bench, 411 Elm"
	*733	Photograph showing position of boxes in front of window from where gun fired
	*734	Photograph showing position of boxes near window from where gun fired
	*735	Reproduction of Oswald's right palm print
	*736	Reproduction of Oswald's left palm print
	*737	Photograph of Oswald's rifle
	*738	Photograph of paper bag, snub-nose revolver, blanket, empty cartridge cases, etc.
	*739	Photograph showing building front, 411 Elm Street

ITEM NO.	COMMISSION'S EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION
	*740	Photograph of 411 Elm Street
	*741	Photograph captioned "Lunch Room, 411 Elm Street, Second Floor"
	*742	Photograph captioned "Taken at Stairway Showing Door to Hall and Lunch Room, 411 Elm Street"
	*743	Photograph showing stairway from third floor and exit to first floor, 411 Elm Street
	*744	Photograph of Officer M. N. McDonald
	*745	Photograph of Don Ray Ables, Jail Clark

FBI

Date: 5/25/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO DIRECTOR FBI (62-109060)
Attention: Inspector JAMES R. MALLEY

FROM SAC DALLAS (100-10461)

SUBJECT ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

On 5/23 and 24/64 certain technical data requested by the President's Commission in their letter dated 5/7/64 was obtained by representatives from Seat of Government.

On 5/25/64 SA LYNDAL A. SHANEYFELT personally took the movie camera of ABRAHAM ZAPRUDER, described as a Bell and Howell Model 414 PD 8 mm Zoomatic, Serial No. AS13486, and the case for such camera for return to the FBI Laboratory which camera is to be returned to the Bell and Howell Company at Chicago, Illinois, when it has served its purposes.

On 5/25/64 SA SHANEYFELT personally delivered to the Dallas FBI Office for safekeeping the camera of MARIE MUCHMORE, described as a Keystone 8 mm Zoom camera, Serial No. 20648, and the camera of ORVILLE NIX, described as a Keystone Auto Zoom Model K-810 8 mm movie camera with leather carrying case, Keystone No. 702.

It is suggested the Bureau may desire to ascertain from the President's Commission if the MUCHMORE and NIX cameras may now be returned to their owners. It is pointed out that NIX has previously indicated he must have his camera on or before 6/5/64 or it will be necessary for him to rent a similar camera which rental it is understood by NIX will be paid by the President's Commission.

62-109060-3184

(3) - Bureau
2 - Dallas
RPG:vm
(5)

cc - Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Rogge

REC-32 62-109090-3184

June 2, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to the conversation had with you on June 1, 1964, by Mr. James R. Malley concerning the retention of the cameras of Orville Nix and Marie Muchmore, as well as the Bell and Howell camera owned by Abraham Zapruder and subsequently turned over to the Bell and Howell Company in Chicago, Illinois.

In accordance with this conversation, inasmuch as the President's Commission has no further need for these cameras, arrangements are being made for these cameras to be returned to their owners as soon as possible.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC.
49 JUN 2
COMM-FBI

JRM:mpd (9)

1 - Mr. Conrad
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt

Note: See teletype to Dallas 6/1/64 re Assassination of Pres. Kennedy (JRM:mpd (9)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

79 JUN 3 1964

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAY 28 1964

TELETYPE

CODE MESSAGE

12&5M

FBI NEW YORK

10-17PM EDT URGENT 5-28-64 MFR

TO DIRECTOR, FBI /62-109060/ ND DALLAS /89-43/ //13//

FROM NEW YORK /89-75/ 1P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS DASH INFORMATION CONCERNING.

REFERENCE NEW YORK TELETYPE TO DIRECTOR AND DALLAS, MAY TWENTYSEVEN NINETEEN SIXTYFOUR. REFERENCE "FOUR DAYS THAT SHOCKED THE WORLD", THE RECORDING OF COLPIX RECORDS, NEW YORK, NEW YORK. FIRST WORLD LINE TWELVE, REFERENCED TELETYPE SHOULD READ PROCESSED NOT POSSESSED.

END

REC-32 62-109060-3185

NHH FBI WASH DC

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

79 JUN 5-1964

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAY 23 1964
TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI WASH DC 0724

FBI DALLAS

741 PM CST URGENT 5-23-64 FLL

TO DIRECTOR \62-109060\ NEW YORK \89-75\ LOS ANGELES \105-15823\

FROM DALLAS \100-10461\ 4P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS
INFORMATION CONCERNING.

REBUAIRTEL TO DALLAS AND NEW YORK, MAY TWENTYFIVE, SIXTYFOUR\ NEW YORK TELETYPE TO BUREAU AND DALLAS, MAY TWENTYEIGHT, SIXTYFOUR.

FOR INFO LOS ANGELEL, PRESIDENT\S COMMISSION ADVISED COLPIX RECORDS, DIVISION OF COLUMBIA PICTURES, HAS PRODUCED IN ASSOCIATION WITH UPI RECORD ENTITLED "FOUR DAYS THAT SHOCKED THE WORLD." PORTION OF THIS RECORD DEALS WITH PURPORTED ON-THE-SPOT BROADCAST FROM MOBILE UNIT OF THE ASSASSINATION. COMMISSION ADVISED UPON HEARING ORIGINAL RECORD IT IS POSSIBLE TIMING OF GUNSHOTS MAY BE DETECTABLE. COMMISSION REQUESTED THIS BUREAU OBTAIN ORIGINAL TAPE RECORDING AT ASSASSINATION SCENE\ IDENTITY AND ADDRESS

ENDPAGE ONE

REC-32 62-109060 — 3186
D JUN 3 1964
—RELAYED TO

9 JUN 5-1964

PAGE TWO

OF ANNOUNCER AND WHERE ANNOUNCER STANDING AT TIME BROADCAST MADE.

COLPIX RECORDS, NEW YORK, ADVISED TAPE USED IN CUTTING RECORD OBTAINED FROM UPI, AUDIO NEWS, NEW YORK, AND THAT FOLLOWING RADIO STATIONS CONTRIBUTED TO MAKING RECORD\ KBOX, KLIF, WFAA, ALL DALLAS\ WIL, ST. LOUIS, AND WNAC, BOSTON. COLPIX STATES PORTION OF RECORD COVERING ASSASSINATION CONTRIBUTED BY DALLAS STATIONS, WHO SHOULD HAVE ORIGINAL TAPES. UPI, NEW YORK, ADVISED BY REFERENCED COMMUNICATION THEY DID NOT HAVE THE ORIGINAL TAPES.

KLIF, DALLAS, ADVISED THEIR CONTRIBUTION TO TAPE MADE FROM MOBILE UNIT RECORDING AT LOVE FIELD, DALLAS, ON ARRIVAL PRESIDENTIAL PLANE. WFAA, DALLAS, ADVISED THEIR CONTRIBUTION TO TAPE OBTAINED FROM MOBILE UNIT RECORDINGS AT TRADE MART AND AT LOVE FIELD AND THAT NO UNIT WAS WITHIN ONE-HALF MILE OF ASSASSINATION POINT AT THAT TIME.

END PAGE TWO

RICHARD B. MOORE, NEWS DIRECTOR, KBOX, ADVISED FORMER NEWS DIRECTOR BILL HAMPTON HANDLED RECORDING OF KBOX CONTRIBUTION TO RECORD, AS WELL AS CONTACT WITH UPI. HAMPTON NO LONGER EMPLOYED KBOX AND LAST KNOWN ADDRESS BELIEVED TO BE TWO TWO ONE OR TWO ONE ONE WEST LAUREL STREET, COMPTON, CALIF. MOORE STATES FOLLOWING TELEPHONIC CONTACT WITH JOHN BOX, JR., PRESIDENT, BALBAN RADIO STATIONS, INC., ST. LOUIS, OWNER OF KBOX, THAT ORIGINAL TAPE RECORDING SUBMITTED TO UPI AND STILL IN THEIR POSSESSION. MOORE ADVISED FURTHER KBOX HAD TWO MOBILE UNITS IN SERVICE AT TIME OF ASSASSINATION\ ONE OPERATED BY RON JENKINS, STATIONED AT TRADE MART, INTENDED DESTINATION OF KENNEDY MOTORCADE\ SECOND MOBILE UNIT OPERATED BY SAM PATE, KBOX NEWSMAN. SAM PATE PREVIOUSLY INTERVIEWED MARCH TEN, SIXTYFOUR, DALLAS, REPORTED PAGE THIRTYONE, REPORT OF SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, DALLAS, APRIL FIFTEEN, SIXTYFOUR, CAPTIONED "LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, IS - R - CUBA." PATE ADVISED

THAT AT TIME OF ASSASSINATION HE WAS STATIONED IN MOBILE NEWS UNIT AT TRADE MART EXIT OF THE NORTHBOUND STEMMONS FREEWAY, DALLAS, AND THAT HE HEARD OF THE SHOOTING OVER POLICE RADIO. PATE ADVISED AT THAT TIME HE WISHED TO MAKE IT KNOWN MAJORITY OF PORTION ON THIS TAPE WAS NOT AUTHENTIC, BUT WAS A TAPE HE WAS ASKED TO MAKE SEVERAL DAYS FOLLOWING HIS DISMISSAL ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTHREE, SIXTYTHREE, FROM KBOX RADIO STATION.

NEW YORK, AT NEW YORK, RECONTACT UPI, AUDIO NEWS, TWO TWO ZERO EAST FORTYSECOND STREET, TO OBTAIN ORIGINAL KBOX TAPE.

LOS ANGELES, AT COMPTON, CALIFORNIA, INTERVIEW BILL HAMPTON REGARDING RECORDING OF KBOX TAPE CONTRIBUTION, AS WELL AS DEALINGS WITH UPI CONCERNING THIS TAPE. FURTHER, INTERVIEW REGARDING DISPOSITION BY HAMPTON OF ORIGINAL TAPE.

BY REFERENCED COMMUNICATION, BUREAU REQUESTED ALL OFFICES TO SET OUT ANY LEADS BY TELETYPE, INSTRUCTING APPROPRIATE LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM BE SUBMITTED TO BUREAU AND INSTERTS TO DALLAS FOR INCORPORATION IN SUBSEQUENT REPORT.

EON LOS ANGELES ADVISED SEPARATELY.

EDN

WA FOR RELATY

NHH FBI WASH DC RELAY

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAY 29 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI LOS ANG.

1146 AM PDT URGENT 5-29-64 JHM

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060) DALLAS (100-10461)

FROM LOS ANGELES (105-15823)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS. MISCELLANEOUS

INFORMATION CONCERNING.

RE DALLAS TEL TO DIRECTOR, NEW YORK AND LOS ANGELES MAY TWENTYEIGHT LAST.

BILL HAMPTON, FORMER NEWS DIRECTOR KBOX PRESENTLY EMPLOYED RADIO STATION WMEG, CAPE KENNEDY, FLORIDA AND RESIDES FOUR FOUR NINE WILSON AVENUE, SATTELITE BEACH, FLORIDA. TAMPA ADVISED SEPARATELY.

END

WA. JRL

FBI WASH DC

DL SO

CC--MR. SULLIVAN

FBI DALLAS

TU DISC

REC-32 62-109060-3187

79 JUN 5-1964

Initial Form

1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Lenihan, Room 645 RB
1 - Mr. Rogge, Room 5730
1 - Mr. Latona, Room 6137 IB

FBI LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas (89-43)

Date: May 25, 1964

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover, Director

FBI File No. 62-109060
Lab. No. D-450280 AX

Examination requested by: Bureau

Reference: None

Examination requested: Document - Fingerprint

Remarks:

Q580 was not identified in the National Security File. A photograph will be added to this file.

Q580 has been designated as Exhibit D-215. Four photographs of D-215 are transmitted to your office herewith to be handled in accordance with existing instructions concerning "D" number exhibits.

REC-4 62-109060-3188

Enclosures (6) (Four photographs of D-215, Lab report - 2 copies)
1 - Phoenix Enclosure (Lab report)
1 - San Diego Enclosure (Lab report)

XEROX
JUN 3 1964
ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

JCC:kw (12)

66 JUN 11 1964

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Deach
Tele
Room
Holmes
Gandy

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

MAIL ROOM ☑ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Rogge 5730

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060

REPORT
of the

FBI LABORATORY

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: FBI, Dallas

Re: ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

Date: May 25, 1964
FBI File No. 62-109060
Lab. No. D-450280 AX

Specimens received 4/20/64

Q580 Envelope (postmark illegible), bearing typewritten address "Mr. J. Edgar Hoover Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.," and accompanying two-page typewritten letter headed "Federal Bureau pf Investigation Washington, D. C." beginning "Gentlemen: A while back I overheard..." and ending "...people in public office. Sincerely, A Citizen"

Result of examination:

The typewriting on Q580 was not identified in the Anonymous Letter File. A photograph of this exhibit will be added to this file.

The typewriting on Q580 matches most closely the Laboratory standard for a Corona pica style of type, spaced ten letters per inch.

The envelope and paper comprising Q580 does not contain any watermarks, indented writings, or other significant features which would indicate the source of the paper.

The postmark on the envelope in Q580 appears to be "ALBUQUERQUE TR 8 MAY 15 1964 R P O," although the "ALBUQUERQUE" portion of the postmark is quite faint.

You will be separately advised on the latent fingerprint examination of Q580.

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
DeLoach
Evans
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

JCC:kw (12)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau pf Investigation
Washington, D. C.

D-215
FBI
LABORATORY

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:

A while back I overheard the most unusual conversation in a restaurant near the Mexican Border. It has bothered me ever since, so am going to give it to you as best as can be remembered.

These two men were sitting in a booth next to myself, and they were talking Spanish. As so many bi-lingual people seem to take for granted that as you are a blue-eyed gringo you can't understand the language, and they talk as if you did not exist. Now I do not believe that the one man who was doing the talking of which I speak, was a Mexican--he may have been part Mexican tho, as he did speak with an accent to the cashier in English. Would say he is about 5' 6" tall, rather small, tho with a litile paunch, and would weigh about 145 to 150 lb. Brown eyes, grey curley hair, or wavey, a dark complexion, small hands for a man. He was the driver of a 1954 or 1955 packard, 4 door sedan, Arizona license number EZY 958. Oh yes, a rather long, grey mustache. About 50 to 55 yrs. old.

From the conversation would gather that he resides in either Tucson, or some place not very far from the Mexican border below Tijuana or Mexicali, and also must have many friends in San Diego.

Now for the conversation. They were talking politics and the Kennedy assination came up. This man stated that he and a companion were on the outskirts of Dallas when they heard the news on the car radio. The companion wanted to go on into Dallas and see what was going on, but this man said he told him no that he didn't dare, as he knew that "they had finally done it" and he didn't want to take a chance of seeing anyone who might connect him with the affair. He said that he knew months before that Kennedy "had to die" that there was no other way for "it" to be handled, and he knew that "they" (whoever the heck they may be) was on the verge of taking action in Dallas, as it would be an ideal place.

If he knows who "they" may be, then I think you should know also. He was so damnebly smug about the whole thing when he was talking. He also stated that during WWII he had top security clearance, so now he goes most places and when he shows his identification, then he isn't questioned. He stated that he keeps Mexican citizenship so that he can go back and forth without question. (This sounds slightly crazy to me, as I don't know anything about such, but didn't know that you could maintain Mexican citizenship and American at the same time.) Perhaps he was born American, and took out Mexican citizenship.

To top this off, he asks the other man who he thinks will be the next on the list. He stated that there were many of course, whom "they" would like to eliminate, but Earl Warren was given

top priority. Ye Gads! what a character! Even if he is just a "nut" of some sort, such talk isn't exactly calming dinner conversation.

I haven't the faintest idea if Earl Warren has plans of visiting San Diego, or if he had residence there at one time, but would gather that he may have from the conversation. Whoever "they" are, must have ideas that somewhere in California would be a likely place to set up something for Mr. Warren which would be as unhealthy as what Mr. Kennedy experienced.

Now you must have hundreds of clues to run down on the Kennedy assination, and I wouldn't want to be a pest, or a nut, but that conversation has bothered me, and you can take it as you see fit. If the man is just a blabber-mouth, then he may know nothing. If he is just egotistical enough to "have to talk to someone about how much he knows" in order to impress someone, then xhx he just may know something. You are the judge of that.

Anyhow it's off my mind now, and I would like to forget it, although as you know better than anyone, these things must keep cropping up. The intricate network of politics, different groups, communistic and otherwise, must keep you people tareing your hair to protect people in public office.

Sincerely,

A Citizen

FD-36 (Rev. 11-2-60)

318 C5

FBI

Date: 5/27/64

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL (Priority)

Assassination of President John F. Kennedy

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (6-now) (P)

SUBJECT: J. M. McALLEN (?)
Letter postmarked 4/22/64,
at New York, New York, addressed
to Governor John Connally
POSSIBLE EXTORTION

PHOTOGRAPHED JUN 6 1964

OO - NEW YORK

There is transmitted herewith the original and copy of undated letter partially illegible addressed to Governor JOHN CONNALLY, State Capitol, Austin, Texas, postmarked April 22, 1964, at New York, New York, to the Bureau. Two copies are enclosed for the New York Office.

The above described letter was furnished to the San Antonio Office by Mr. LARRY TEMPLE, Administrative Assistant, Executive Department, State of Texas, Austin, Texas.

It is to be noted that subject whose name is not legible indicates that he "wrote J. E. Hoover....." apparently in October 1963.

San Antonio indices are negative.

162-109060-
NOT RECORDED
199 JUN 5 1964

ENCLOSURE

The Bureau is requested to conduct appropriate examination through the anonymous letters file and furnish any pertinent information from Bureau files identifiable with subject to New York and San Antonio. No eliminations fingerprints are being submitted inasmuch as San Antonio does not know the identity or how many individuals have handled this correspondence

2 - Bureau (Enc. 2)
2 - New York (Info)
1 - Dallas (Info)
2 - San Antonio

62-1095-3

ORIGINAL FILED IN

FOR LAB. ANALYSIS REPORT

(8)

Approved: _____ Sent _____ Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

56 JUN 16 1964

SA 9-new

The New York Office should conduct appropriate investigation to identify subject and present to USA.

It would appear that captioned matter fits the category of instructions set forth in Dallas airtel to Bureau dated 3/27/64, New York file 89-75 in the case captioned "ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/64, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING, Bufile: 62-109060, ET AL." New York should also consider that instant case may fit category of instructions in case captioned "TROPUS Bufile 62-109119." New York should review Bureau instructions maintained in Bureau teletype to all SACS dated 12/10/63, and additional Bureau instructions in this matter.

Information of this airtel being furnished Dallas so that they may be aware of instant case.

TRUE COPY

THE PLAZA
FIFTH AVENUE AT FIFTY-NINTH STREET
NEW YORK

"Dear John:

Disregard any letters following see Gonzolez, the congressman s wife Her sister went to school with you! about my formula H=MC2
the light Beam sound machine of which I have the Patent! Forced Lee Oswald to shoot you and Pres. Kennedy! they have another marine on the machine to kill you! I wrote J. E. Hoover Oct. 1963 Robert Kennedy that Lee oswald was in Dallas and would be forced to shoot you both! ask Robert Kennedy why he condoned his own brother s death! over the last 13 years Hoover condoned 80 murders why not find out? My machine is in apt 2A 406 west 46 St NYC with the Russian spies, the Bell mecheinics of (illegible) L. J. Davis (illegible) D. Schuele Edgar and Josephine Baggreaire of the mafia H. Rigdon Supt of 406 is boss of murder

Sincerely

(signed) L. M. McAllen

P S I own a cooperation apt at 406 west 46 St. NY.C seldom go there! Your testimony before the warren commission was stupid! For there over 50 before your murder, and still are get."

62-109061

ENCLOSURE

Mr. Belmont

A. Rosen

May 26, 1964

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Raupach

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISC. - INFO CONCERNING

PURPOSE

To recommend the attached letter to the President's Commission enclosing a letter written by Normand P. Michaud and a letterhead memorandum revealing background information be forwarded to the President's Commission. Further that Michaud's recent letter not be acknowledged or that he be contacted. Michaud is a psychopathic liar who was incarcerated in the Medical Center for Federal Prisoners, Springfield, Missouri, as a result of a threat against President Johnson. Secret Service is fully aware of the situation and Michaud's recent letter has been furnished to them.

BACKGROUND

A letter dated April 23, 1964, written by Normand P. Michaud was addressed to the Attorney General and was furnished to the Bureau through the Bureau of Prisons. He said in his opinion he has certain information "plus evidence" with which he might be able to "enlighten the investigation on the assassination of John Konnedy before the Earl Warren Commission, only." He alleged there is a plot to assassinate President L. B. Johnson in the near future. He claimed he was placed in the U. S. Medical Center as a result of a well-planned frame-up in connection with his conviction on a threat against President L. B. Johnson. He considered all this a plan to discredit him and "salt me away." He asked the Attorney General to act for the protection of the President and for a reply to his letter as to the Attorney General's actions.

Bureau files disclose we have had considerable dealings with Michaud who has been [redacted] He has previously mentioned other individuals in connection with an assassination plot. His mental illness has

Enclosure:
62-109060
1 - C. D. DeLoach
1 - O. H. Bartlett
KMR:las (9)

62-109060-
NOT RECORDED
153 JUL 22 1964

JUL 23 1964

Memorandum to Mr. Belmont
RE: ASSASSINATION PRESIDENT KENNEDY

been diagnosed as suffering from [redacted] and further described as a [redacted] In the past Michaud has been charged with [redacted] but was not prosecuted as the complainant declined to testify. He also filed a [redacted] charge against the Kane County, Utah, Assessor. This charge was false and a complaint of perjury was filed against him; however, he pleaded insanity.

In January, 1964, a background inquiry was conducted in connection with the threat against President Lyndon B. Johnson. A letterhead memorandum was prepared, which was furnished to Secret Service. In addition the current letter has been furnished to O. H. Bartlett, Liaison Section, which has been delivered to Secret Service.

OBSERVATION

In view of the fact Michaud has made allegations he has information for the "Earl Warren Commission, only," the Commission should be furnished his recent letter and background, in case he writes to the Commission directly.

RECOMMENDATIONS

If approved, the attached letter with enclosures be forwarded to the Commission.

That Michaud's letter not be acknowledged or that he be contacted by Bureau representatives unless specifically requested by the Commission.

May 28, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Raupach

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Enclosed are two copies of a letter written by Normand P. Michaud forwarded to this Bureau by the Bureau of Prisons. Mr. Michaud stated "I might be able to enlighten the investigation of John Kennedy before the Earl Warren Commission, only." Also enclosed for your information, are two copies of a memorandum dated January 31, 1964, Phoenix, Arizona. This memorandum reveals pertinent information regarding Mr. Michaud's background and the threat against President Johnson. The United States Secret Service is fully aware of this matter and Mr. Michaud's recent communication has been furnished to them.

In view of his background, Mr. Michaud will not be interviewed regarding his recent letter unless specifically requested by you.

Sincerely yours,

62-109060
1 - C. D. DeLoach
1 - O. H. Bartlett
KMR:las (10)

Enclosures (4)

NOTE: See memo Rosen to Belmont dated 5-26-64, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, 11-22-63, Dallas, Texas, Misc. - Info Concerning" KMR:las, contains background information re Michaud and his mental instability and threat against President Johnson.

70 JUL 23 1964

DUPLICATE YELLOW

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAY 28 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI NEW YORK

12-36 AM DEFERRED 5-28-64 JAA

TO DIRECTOR /62-109060/ -1- AND DALLAS

FROM NEW YORK /89-75/ 2 PGS

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER TWENTY SECOND, SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS., MISC INFO CONCERNING.

REBUAIRTEL TO DALLAS AND NEW YORK MAY TWENTY FIFTH SIXTY FOUR.

RE "FOUR DAYS THAT SHOCKED THE WORLD", A RECORDING BY COLPIX RECORDS, NEW YORK, NEW YORK.

ON MAY TWENTY SEVEN SIXTY FOUR, MR. IRWIN ROBINSON, COMPANY ATTORNEY, COLPIX RECORDS, SEVEN ELEVEN FIFTH AVE., NY, ADVISED THAT THE TAPE USED IN CUTTING INSTANT RECORD WAS OBTAINED FROM UPI, AUDIO NEWS, TWO TWENTY EAST FORTY SECOND ST., AND HE BELIEVED THAT THEY WOULD HAVE THE ORIGINAL TAPE IN QUESTION.

THAT SAME DATE MR. SCOTT PETERS, UPI, UUDIO NEWS, ADVISED THAT HE POSSESSED THIS TAPE, BUT DID NOT HAVE THE ORIGINAL OR COPIES.

MR. ROBINSON, OF COLPIX RECORDS, RECONTACTED ON SAME DATE AND ADVISED THAT CHECK OF RECORDS REFLECTED THAT FOLLOWING RADIO STATIONS CONTRIBUTED TO MAKING INSTANT RECORD..

62-109060-3189

END PAGE ONE

REC-48

10 JUN 2 1964

JUN 5 1964

KBOX, KLIF, WFAA, ALL OF DALLAS, TEXAS., WIL, ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI AND WNAC, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.

MR. ROBINSON STATED THAT THE PART OF THE RECORD WHICH COVERS THE ASSASSINATION WAS CONTRIBUTED BY THE STATIONS AT DALLAS, TEXAS, UND THAT THEY SHOULD HAVE THE ORIGINAL TAPES.

MR. ROBINSON ADVISED THAT THE RECORD IN QUESTION COVERS THE PERIOD FROM THE ARRIVAL OF THE PRESIDENT AT DALLAS, TEXAS, TO HIS FUNERAL IN WASHINGTON, DC. HE ALSO ADVISED THAT BEST TO HIS KNOWLEDGE THE ONLY SHOTS AUDIBLE ON THIS RECORD ARE THOSE THAT WERE FIRED BY RUBY WHEN HE KILLED OSWALD.

DALLAS, AT DALLAS, TEXAS, WILL CONTACT RADIO STATIONS KBOX, KLIF, AND WFAA AND COVER LEADS SET OUT FOR NEW YORK IN REAIRTEL AND ITS ENCLOSURES. LHM FOR BUREAU FOLLOWS AND INSERTS FOR DALLAS FOLLOW.

END

WA LLD

FBI WASH D C

CC-MR. SULLIVAN