

Memorandum to Mr. Conrad
Re: Assassination of President Kennedy;
Request of The President's Commission

frames per second. Staff members of The Commission have specifically asked for this information and it will be furnished in writing to The Commission.

The Laboratory at this time has possession of Mrs. Muchmore's camera and also the camera of Orville O. Nix who also obtained home movie film of the shooting sequence. Both Mr. Nix and Mrs. Muchmore have requested the return of their cameras and we propose to send the cameras back to Dallas for return to the owners after Mr. Rankin has been advised that we are returning them.

RECOMMENDATIONS: 1. That Inspector Malley advise Mr. Rankin that we now have a 16 mm copy of the Marie Muchmore - UPI film which is available for showing, if The Commission desires.

OK.
d.

2. That Inspector Malley advise Mr. Rankin the Laboratory has completed its examination of the Muchmore and Nix cameras and in view of the request of the owners that they be returned we contemplate returning them within the next few days.

OK.
d.

3. Upon receipt of the additional 8 mm copy of the UPI film the Laboratory will review this film to determine whether it reveals anything not previously discernible in the 16 mm copy previously furnished by UPI.

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

REC 27

FBI

Date: 2/24/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, JACKSONVILLE (89-10) (Ruc)
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
11/22/63

Re Bureau airtel to New York and Jacksonville
2/20/64 and Jacksonville teletype to the Bureau, New
York, and Dallas, 2/21/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and
4 copies of a LHM suitable for dissemination re CHARLES
LEGGETT WATKINS.

Enclosed for the Dallas Office are 25 copies of
an insert re CHARLES LEGGETT WATKINS.

Enclosed for the New York Office is one copy
of insert re CHARLES LEGGETT WATKINS.

No further investigation contemplated in this
matter by the Jacksonville Division.

ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 5) (RM)
- 2 - Dallas (Enc. 25)
- 1 - New York (Enc. 1) (Info)
- 1 - Jacksonville

JRL:sl
(7)

REC 27 62-109060-2469

FEB 26 1964

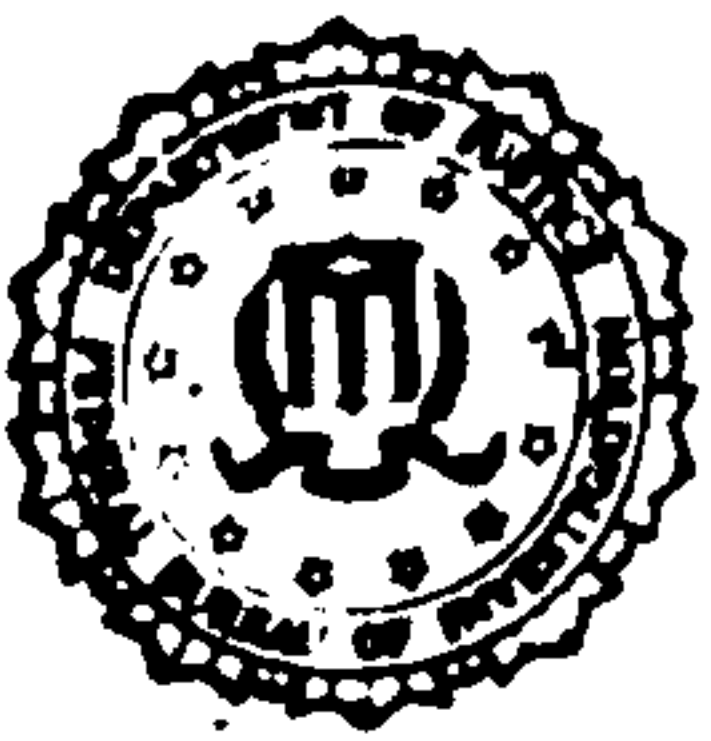
EX-108

SIX

Approved: 51 MAR 17 1964
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

75
encl
B
work
2-26-64
Let to Berlin
See 2/24/64
C. C. Wick



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Jacksonville, Florida
February 24, 1964

CHARLES LEGGETT WATKINS

On February 21, 1964, Mrs. Robert W. Watkins, 1025 South Shores Road, Jacksonville, Florida, advised her husband is a carrier with the United States Post Office. She advised that Charles Leggett Watkins is her son and that his date of birth is March 10, 1928. She said he was raised in Jacksonville, Florida, having attended Landon High School and Tech High School, Riverside Section, Jacksonville, where he took a typing and shorthand course. UY

She said he left the Jacksonville area in about 1950 and worked in Washington, D. C., at Woodard and Lothrop Department Store and with the Veterans Administration, Amputee Equipment Section for the next five years.

She said he then went to Los Angeles, California, where he worked for the Title and Trust Insurance Company, for several years and while there married Margaret (last name unknown). She said they have one son. She stated that during the 1950's her son studied music in New York City at a private studio and that he returned to Jacksonville and attempted to set-up a music school which was unsuccessful.

She stated that in 1962 Charles and his wife resided with her. She said she and Margaret did not get along and as a result they left Jacksonville for New York City in approximately August, 1962. She said he was unable to find work prior to leaving Jacksonville.

She stated she has not heard anything concerning them since the day they left and that she would appreciate being advised if his location is determined.

COPIED

44 JAN 8 1964

CHARLES LEGGETT WATKINS

identifiable
Mrs. Watkins advised the photograph of Charles Leggett Watkins, as being her son.

On February 21, 1964, records of the Duval County Sheriff's Office, Jacksonville, Florida, Police Department, and the Credit Bureau of Jacksonville, failed to develop any record identifiable with Charles Leggett Watkins.

CHARLES LEGGETT WATKINS

Mrs. Watkins advised the photograph of Charles Leggett Watkins as being her son.

On February 21, 1964, records of the Duval County Sheriff's Office, Jacksonville, Florida, Police Department, and the Credit Bureau of Jacksonville, failed to develop any record identifiable with Charles Leggett Watkins.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusion of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

*2-27-64
City PD to identify what
papers to contact
ident for this statement
contains*

ST

SAC, New Orleans (89-69)

February 19, 1964

Director, FBI (62-109060)

R. J. [Signature]

REGISTERED MAIL

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING**

Attached is ^{a portion of} the translation which you requested by ~~XXXX~~ airtel dated 2/14/64.

The contents thereof, where pertinent, must be reported under appropriate captions and afforded whatever investigative attention is necessary.

Disposition of the foreign language material submitted in this connection is set forth below:

62 109060

The foreign language material is being retained until completion of translation:

NOT RECORDED

FEB 21 1964

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

1 - Dallas (89-43) - Enclosure

1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attn. Mr. Branigan, sent direct with enclosure)

Enc. (2)

MAILED 3
FEB 19 1964
COMM-FBI

FEB 20 3 43 PM '64

ENCLOSURE

57 MAR 3 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

[Handwritten signature]

TRANSLATION FROM SPANISH

From "The Voice of Spain," Page 14, January 7, 1964.

The Dallas Police Killed Kennedy

Tippitt, the Keyman

Now, Everything Around Jack Rubinstein

By Jim O'Brien, from Washington

The exceptional correspondence which appears on this page is the result of a meticulous investigation in Dallas and in the atmosphere of the American capital by "Secolo XX" ("Twentieth Century") and "S. P." (sic). We say at the beginning that we have had our doubts about publishing the story or not, because the conclusions drawn are such that they can place a big black cloud over the great nation to which, like it or don't like it, the destinies of the Free World are entrusted. But this publication which from its first day of publication has always fought for freedom, human dignity and truth against degeneration and communist lies, cannot shun now from taking an equally decisive attitude and without prejudices before the criminal acts of a small group of irresponsible lunatics and it would be absurd to identify the great and generous American people with them.

Lee Oswald did not kill President Kennedy. The crime was committed by police elements of Dallas and by some political circles which ferociously opposed the Kennedy Administration. The agent Tippitt, likewise regarded as a victim of Oswald, was, in reality, killed 45 minutes after the assassination because he had been sufficiently intimately connected with the plot: The truth about his death constitutes the key which, in its complexity, will make known all the truly incredible aspects of that tragedy. Jack Rubinstein, the "rigorously observing justice" of Lee Oswald, the "patriot" who allegedly avenged the President, is simply one of the people of the great conspiracy. These are the very bitter truths which freely circulate here in Washington and throughout the United States; truths which, above all, led to the establishment of the Special Inquiry Commission, appointed on November 29 by President Johnson under the chairmanship of Earl Warren, Chief Justice of the U. S. Supreme Court, and all Americans expect to hear officially the facts.

TRANSLATED BY:
FRIEDRICH NEUHAUSER:del
February 17, 1964

62-109060
ENCLOSURE

Above all, it is necessary to relate once more, although synthetically, the reconstruction of Kennedy's assassination as presented by the Dallas police. According to this thesis the author of the assassination was Lee Oswald who had allegedly carried it out alone because of political fanaticism. Oswald, according to the Dallas police, had been employed since past October by the Texas School Book Depository, knowing that in the following November President Kennedy would visit Dallas and pass under the windows of the building in which he was employed. The police always say that the assassination was carefully prepared: Oswald acquired an Italian rifle, model 91-38, and he had the smartness to have it sent to him from an arms dealer in Chicago and had a telescopic sight attached. He tested it and practiced for some time in the field and, on the day of the assassination, he placed himself in the window of his office.

The Dallas police maintains that Oswald fired three times on the presidential car. He left his station, descended to the ground floor and fled from the zone. Forty-five minutes after the crime; that is to say, at 13:15, Agent Tippitt who, already knowing the identity of Oswald, was patrolling in the city, met the author of the assassination at the corner between Peyton Street and Denver Street, about six kilometers from the scene of the assassination. Seeing himself discovered, Lee Oswald killed Tippitt. Subsequently, he panicked and fled into a moving picture house, where, about 14 o'clock, he was arrested, despite his violent resistance.

What is certain and documented in this entire reconstruction? Nothing. There is no evidence that Oswald had planned the crime; there is no evidence concerning the person who had fired the shots; there is, certainly, the certainty that the Italian rifle indicated as the weapon of the crime could not hit the mark three times with such a deadly precision, a moving target in the 15 seconds which the presidential car used in passing the zone "beaten" by the weapon. Finally, there is no proof that Oswald had intended to avoid capture in the interior of the Texas theater creating a tumult and intending to shoot at the policemen.

This absolute lack of evidence and testimonials in favor of the thesis sustained by the Dallas police contradicts a large, impressive, distressful series of interrogators who are concerned about the conduct of some policemen of the Texas city. I am giving you a brief outline.

1. Why does the police maintain that Oswald sought employment at the Texas School Book Depository in order to be able to shoot at Kennedy, when it is known that the route of the presidential car was only established 48 hours before the arrival of the President in Dallas?

2. How can it be explained that only a few seconds after the assassination Sheriff William Decker gave the order to all members of the police to surround the building which houses the Texas School Book Depository? Who had told him that the assassin had fired precisely from there?

At this point it is necessary to mention some elements in order to explain the structure and the functions of the American police forces. The following exist: the FBI, which is directly under the Government in Washington and has jurisdiction in all the states of the Union; a State Police for each of the 50 states of the Union; these police organizations are under their respective governors, and, finally, there exists in each county and in each big city a local police force. These police organizations are under the communal administrations.

From that moment on, the Dallas police began the chase of the man, of Oswald, who, continuously becoming more fearless, turns to the house of his "friend" Jack Rubinstein in order to place himself under his protection. Meanwhile, the mechanism of the conspiracy proceeds inexorably. Tippitt arrived at the scene and they killed him. Oswald, who saw himself pursued, because the radios throughout the city, he understood, announced that the police were looking for a man who fitted his description, fled into a moving picture house. A few minutes afterwards the police, which had been informed, rushed into the place. The agents were ready to shoot. But Lee Oswald, who realized certain "methods," raised his arms and cried, "I give up" in the presence of dozens of witnesses. The agents had to put their revolvers in the holsters.

But now the conspirators were in a terrible situation. They knew that when Oswald would appear before the "great judge" he could prove easily that he had nothing to do with the assassination. Therefore, it became necessary to do away with him long before that. However, an improvised death of Oswald in the prison of Dallas could cause too many suspicions. And thus the crime before the television cameras was organized. The hour of the transportation of the alleged assassin of Kennedy was officially announced from the local police headquarters to the county jail. Newspaper and television persons were invited to take part in the event. The elimination of Oswald had to take place before the eyes of all America so that no one could say that it had been the police of Dallas. The task of killing Oswald was given to an expert, Jack Rubinstein, who knew well that his friends would do absolutely everything afterwards in order to transform him into a "national hero."

On November 24, at 11:10, two policemen, who ostensibly guarded Lee Oswald, placed him before the mouth of Jack Rubinstein's revolver. With two well-aimed bullets the conspirators had the illusion of having "liquidated" forever "the Kennedy case." The chief of the Dallas police, in fact, hastened to express himself in these terms. On the contrary, those two shots, had opened the road to the most glamorous scandal in American history.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

12/11, 1964

- Director
 - Mr. Tolson, 5744
 - Mr. Belmont, 5736
 - Mr. Mohr, 5525
 - Mr. Callahan, 5515
 - Mr. Casper, 5234
 - Mr. Conrad, 7621
 - Mr. DeLoach, 563
 - Mr. Evans, 1742
 - Mr. Gale, 5256
 - Mr. Rosen, 5706
 - Mr. Sullivan, 807
 - Mr. Tavel, 7746
 - Mr. Trotter, 4130
 - Mr. Clayton, 5744
 - Mr. Cleveland, 12
 - Miss Gandy, 563
 - Miss Holmes, 56
 - Mr. Hyde, 5525
- Mr. Jones, 4264
 - Mr. Fulton
 - Mr. Gunn
 - Mr. Hanning
 - Mr. Healy
 - Mr. Heim
 - _____ bein
 - _____ skenbroeker
 - _____ tler
 - _____ rrell, 4718
 - _____ ilmfeldt
 - _____ apleton, 1734
 - _____ aunt, 320 OPO
 - _____ emper, 5632
 - _____ einbaugh, 5634
 - _____ ick, 5642
 - _____ Beals
 - _____ Goodin
 - _____ Johnson
 - _____ Lurz
 - Mrs. Rader
 - Miss Southers
 - See Me
 - Call Me
 - For Your Info.
 - For Approp. Action
 - Note & Return

Room _____

- Courier Service 1522
- Mail Room, 5531
- Reading Room 5533
- Records Branch
- Teletype, 5646
- Tour Room, 1734

Suggest I advise Jenkins.

J.D.H.

C.D.

C. D. DeLoach
Room 5640, Ext. 691

62-109060

ENCLOSURE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Belmont

DATE: February 24, 1964

FROM : A. Rosen

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

While discussing other matters with Mr. Howard Willens of the President's Commission on February 20, 1964, Mr. Willens advised the Commission had received from the State Department an FBI report captioned, "Funds transmitted to residents of Russia, Internal Security - Russia," this report having been prepared by SA John W. Fain dated May 12, 1960, Dallas, Texas. Mr. Willens advised this report contains the results of an interview with Marguerite Oswald, the mother of Lee Harvey Oswald, and relates that Mrs. Oswald had transmitted a check in the amount of \$25 to her son while he was in Russia. Mr. Willens stated that this report was not made available by the FBI; however, some of the information set forth in the May 12, 1960, report is set forth in a subsequent FBI report of SA Fain at Dallas dated July 3, 1961, under the caption, "Lee Harvey Oswald". (The two reports referred to above were reviewed by the Domestic Intelligence Division and Inspector Moore advised the July 3, 1961, report contains a summary of all pertinent information that was set forth in the May 12, 1960, report. This procedure was followed so that all pertinent information concerning Oswald would be set forth in the Case File relating to subject Oswald.)

Mr. Willens advised that the Commission had received from the State Department an FBI report captioned, "Fair Play For Cuba, Internal Security - Cuba" prepared under date of October 25, 1963, by SA Warren C. DeBrueys at New Orleans. Willens states all pertinent information in this report relative to Oswald is set forth in a subsequent FBI report under the caption of "Lee Harvey Oswald."

Willens inquired whether there was any special reason the foregoing reports had not been made available to the Commission or whether the Bureau had summarized the information so that all of the data would be available under the case captioned, "Lee Harvey Oswald." Mr. Willens was advised that the Bureau would be very happy to make available the two reports he had referred to. He was told that all pertinent information had been included in reports under the caption, "Lee Harvey Oswald" and therefore there was no necessity for the Bureau to make the two reports mentioned available to the Commission as they did not contain any new information. He was also advised that based on a check of the Bureau files all

1 - 62-109090-5 MAR 5 1964
1 - Mr. Sullivan

157

Memorandum Rosen to Belmont
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

information available in the Bureau's files concerning Lee Harvey Oswald has been included in the various reports submitted to the Commission under the caption, "Lee Harvey Oswald, Internal Security - Russia."

Mr. Willens advised that in view of the clarification given, no further action was necessary.

ACTION

None. The above is submitted for information.

[Handwritten initials and scribbles]

[Extensive handwritten notes, including a large circular scribble and a signature]

Mr. W. C. Sullivan

2/24/64

Mr. F. J. Baumgardner

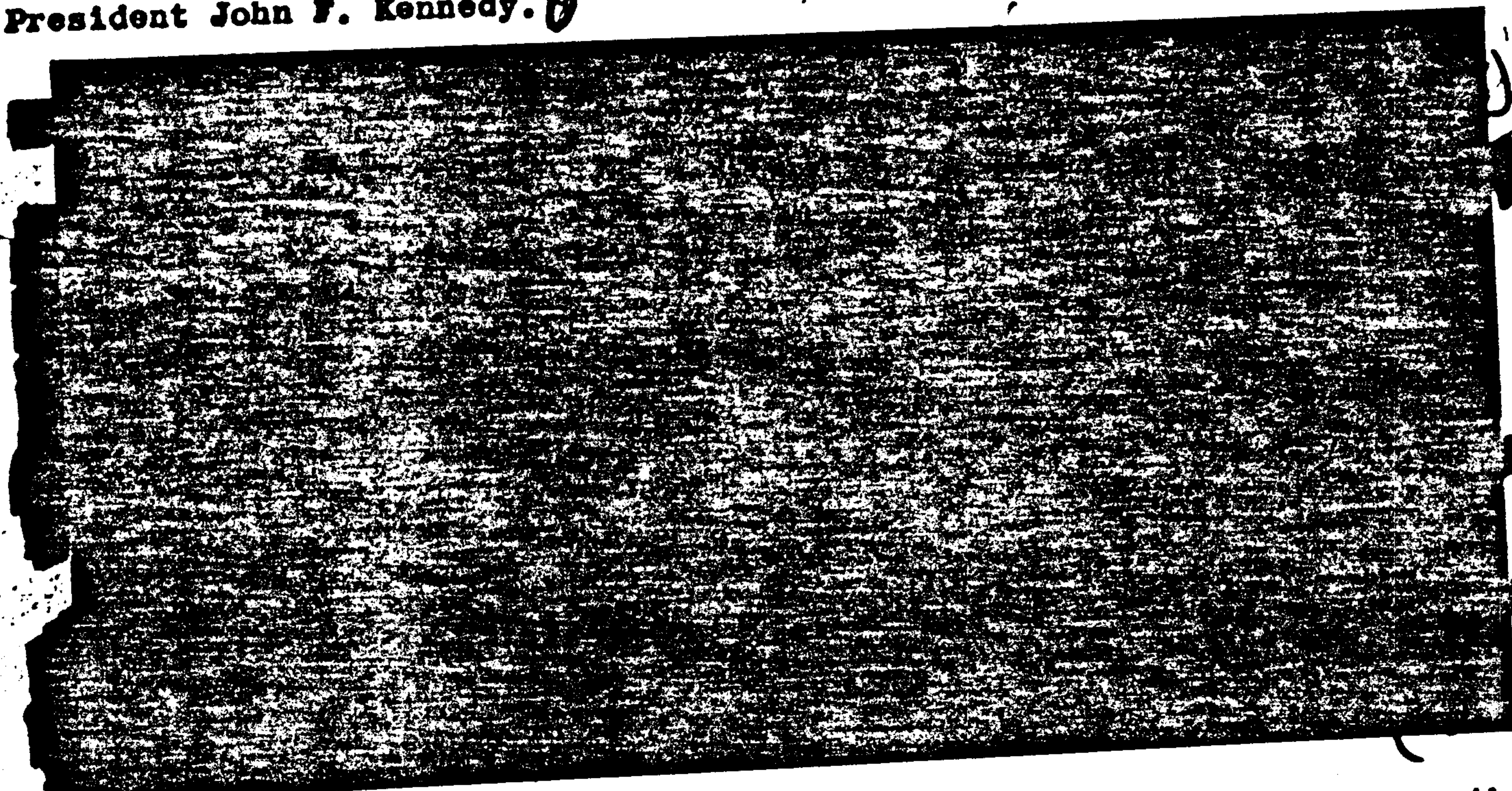
SECRET

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Baumgardner
- 1 - Mr. Reddy
- 1 - Mr. Gurley

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA
INTERNAL SECURITY - COMMUNIST

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY

This is a memorandum to inform you that the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA) has received an invitation to have a representative appear before the President's Commission investigating the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.



ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-3-77-1

COMMENT: It is indeed a sad commentary that the Commission has given the CP an opportunity and a platform from which Party representatives may expound communist propaganda.

ACTION: For information.

162 109060 -

NOT RECORDED
199 MAR 2 1964

100-3

62-109060

ENCLOSURE

SECRET

LTG:chs
(10)

CLASSIFIED BY 2040
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY II
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

57 MAR 4 1964 M

7/2/77 Hw

2/26/64

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (100-10461)

From: Director, FBI (105-82555)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA
OO: Dallas

Reurlets 1/29/64 and 2/14/64 and Laboratory reports 2/4/64 and 2/26/64 regarding the motion picture cameras of Orville Nix and Mrs. Marie Muchmore. You have advised that both of these individuals desire their cameras be returned after Laboratory examination is completed.

Examination of the cameras by the Laboratory has been completed; however, The President's Commission investigating the assassination is presently making a detailed study of the motion picture films of the assassination and the cameras used in making these films. This study has not been completed and the Commission is most anxious to retain these cameras until the study is completed. Attorneys for the Commission have expressed sincere appreciation for the co-operation thus far extended by Mr. Nix and Mrs. Muchmore and will be most appreciative if these cameras can be retained temporarily.

The above information is being furnished to you for your guidance in the event you receive an inquiry from either Mr. Nix or Mrs. Muchmore regarding the return of their camera, or you may wish to express to them the Commission's feelings so that they will have a better understanding of the need for retaining the cameras. For your confidential information, the Commission has advised they will subpoena the cameras if necessary. If you encounter any difficulty regarding the return of the cameras, you should advise the Bureau.

FEB 26 1964

2207

NOT RECORDED
199 MAR 3 1964

- _____ Tolson
- _____ Belmont
- _____ Mohr
- _____ DeLoach
- _____ Casper
- _____ Callahan
- _____ Conrad
- _____ Felt
- _____ Gale
- _____ Rosen
- _____ Sullivan
- _____ Tavel
- _____ Trotter
- _____ Tele. Room
- _____ Holmes
- _____ Gandy

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

SA Shaneyfelt was advised by Commission Attorney Norman Pedlich that they desired the cameras returned and would subpoena them if necessary.

[Handwritten signature: Malley]

79 MAR 4 1964 TELETYPE UNIT

DIA 22 MAR 2 1964

1 - Mr. Masca
1 - Mr. Wagoner

SAC, Dallas

February 26, 1964

Director, FBI

JUAN FRANCISCO QUINTANA MAYA
IS - CUBA
Bufile 105-96777
Miami file 105-3648

RAUL CASTRO BAILE
IS - CUBA
Bufile 105-96824
Miami file 105-3653

ReDLairtel and LHM 2-3-64 concerning assassination
of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, Dallas file 89-43.

ReLHM shows Juan Quintana Maya, Georgina Santiago,
Raul Castro Baile, and Rosalia Santiago received mail at 806 East
Monica Drive, Garland, Texas.

Enclosed for Dallas are single copies of three reports
concerning Juan Francisco Quintana Maya and four reports concerning
Raul Castro Baile.

Dallas should initiate investigation to determine if
subjects are identical with persons receiving mail at East Monica
address. Develop background and ascertain if engaged in activities
which could be considered inimical to the interests of the United
States.

Referenced memorandum shows Juan Quintana to have received
mail from Partido Revolucionario Cubano (PRC) (Autentico) Delegacion
General en el Exilio of New York and Miami which is an anti-Castro
organization. In view of his receipt of communications from an
anti-Castro organization as well as data set forth in enclosed
reports, you should be alert for anti-Castro activities as well
as pro-Castro activities and logical sources familiar with both
anti and pro-Castro activities should be contacted.

Miami obtain identifying and background data re Alberto
Quintana Maya from Immigration and Naturalization Service. Contact
logical sources and informants in an effort to determine if subjects
are members of or actively support the PRC. Furnish Bureau and
Dallas characterization of Zigzag Libre if pertinent.

Enclosures

58 MAY 6 1964

2 - Miami

JRW:kao (9)

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

162-109060
NOT RECORDED
199 FEB 28 1964

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

MAILED 11
FEB 25 1964

MAIL ROOM

Letter to SAC, Dallas
RE: JUAN FRANCISCO QUINTANA MAYA
105-96777

RAUL CASTRO BAILE
105-96824

For information of Dallas, copy of reLHM and single copies of enclosed reports have been furnished United States Secret Service, Washington, D. C. Bureau desires, however, that communications be submitted for dissemination under individual case captions which should include basis for investigation and results of current inquiries. Submit recommendations as to whether further investigation or interviews are warranted.

NOTE:

Individuals who appear to be identical with subjects were observed driving an automobile in Garland, Texas, bearing a sticker on the bumper of the car reading "Kill the Kennedy Klan." They were also observed attempting to scrape the sign off the bumper subsequent to the assassination of President Kennedy.

FBI

Date: 2/22/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)
FROM: SAC, BOSTON (89-43)
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

ReBuairtel 2/20/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 10 copies of a letterhead memorandum setting forth results of interview with Rev. JOHN TAYLOR HOLMAN of Port Clyde, Maine.

In addition, 25 inserts reflecting results of investigation are being submitted to Dallas.

Information contained in the letterhead memorandum and inserts was secured by SA JOHN J. MC GILLICUDDY.

3-Bureau (62-109060) (Encs. 10)
1-Dallas (Encs. 25)
1-Boston (89-43)

JJM:mac
(5)

ENCLOSURE

2 copies filed with vpl

2
FEB 27 1964

C. G. Wick

See memo 0-14 w
1/21/64

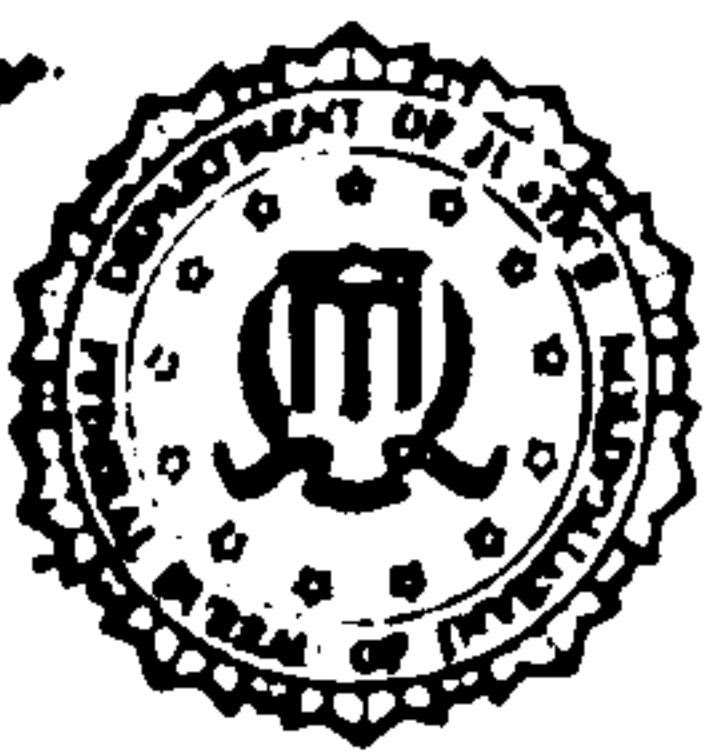
REC-11
FEB-112

62-109060-2470

FEB 24 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060-2470

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

470 Atlantic Avenue
Boston, Massachusetts

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

February 22, 1964

REV. JOHN TAYLOR HOLMAN
PORT CLYDE, MAINE

Mr. J. Lee Rankin, General Counsel, President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, Washington, D. C., by letter dated February 18, 1964 to Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director, FBI, Washington, D. C. advised that early in the Commission's investigation, Reverend John Taylor Holman of Port Clyde, Maine, corresponded with the Commission and made a claim that he was in possession of information vital to the Commission's inquiry. The Commission requested Rev. Holman to submit the information by mail; however, on January 31, 1964, Rev. Holman wrote the Commission and indicated he had documentary evidence to substantiate his assertions and listed the names of twelve individuals in the Port Clyde, Maine, area who could corroborate his statements. He further advised that the evidence was in his attorney's possession and that he was going to publish it in a newspaper. He concluded by stating that these people, meaning his references, knew the truth in this matter and were shocked beyond measure that such a thing could happen in the United States of America.

In his letter of February 18, 1964, Mr. Rankin suggested that the most expeditious way of bringing the correspondence with Reverend Holman to a conclusion and at the same time determining the validity of his assertions, was by interview by an FBI representative.

On February 21, 1964, Reverend John Taylor Holman, Port Clyde, Maine, advised that he could explain the "why" or reason for President Kennedy's assassination but not the how. He explained the "why" by saying, "I turned President Kennedy over to God because of his failure to be just and fair". He said he did not want or wish for President Kennedy's death but that God punished the President because he did not take action

COPIES DESTROYED

44 DEC 27 1972

REV. JOHN TAYLOR HOLMAN
PORT CLYDE, MAINE

in righting the wrong done to him, Rev. Holman, by the United States Government.

Rev. Holman said his trouble began in 1960 when he filed his 1959 income tax forms with the Internal Revenue Service at Augusta, Maine, wherein he claimed as a deduction the sum of \$611.28 under "Loss in Ministry". This claim was disallowed by the Internal Revenue Service as officials of that organization indicated that Reverend Holman gave up the ministry some years ago and that his name was dropped from the rolls of the Maine Conference of the Advent Christian Church.

Reverend Holman stated he is a duly ordained minister and is so listed in The Advent Christian Manual which is published by the Advent Christian General Conference of America. It is this documentary evidence which he has in his possession and a copy of which he sent to the late President Kennedy to show that the Government was not only lying but also defaming his character. This matter, according to Rev. Holman, was ignored by President Kennedy and he had no alternative but to turn the President over to God when "I conversed with Him".

Reverend Holman indicated that President Kennedy's death was the third such matter "I have turned over to God". He explained that when his garage burned down and the insurance adjustor would not make a fair adjustment, "I turned him over to God". He then wrote the adjustor a letter complaining of his mistreatment. According to Reverend Holman, on the day the adjustor received this letter, he dropped dead.

Mr. John Richardson, the publisher of the local newspaper in Rockland, Maine, published a story about Reverend Holman which was, according to Holman, erroneous and untrue. Reverend Holman gave the publisher a thirty-day ultimatum in which to print a retraction and spoke to God and told Him that if the retraction was not printed in the allotted time, "I am turning John Richardson over to You". At the end of thirty days, "Mr. Richardson, who had not printed a retraction, dropped dead".

REV. JOHN TAYLOR HOLMAN
PORT CLYDE, MAINE

Reverend Holman stated that he has written to President Johnson concerning his difficulty with the Internal Revenue Service "but as yet, I haven't turned him over to God".

The following individuals were contacted on February 21, 1964:

Mr. Robert Gregory, J. F. Gregory Sons, Inc., Rockland, Maine, listed as a reference by Reverend Holman, described Holman as "a nut", who is considered to be "a character" in the Rockland, Maine area.

Mr. Francis Hedrich, 102 Gay Street, Rockland, Maine, who is Vice-President of the First National Bank of Portland in Rockland, Maine, and listed as a reference by Reverend Holman, described him as "an erratic, with a wild imagination". He said Holman is an honest individual but "different", meaning he likes to be a non-conformist.

Mr. Joseph Robinson, Rockland, Maine, former President of the First National Bank of Portland in Rockland, Maine, advised he has known Reverend Holman for over fifteen years and "I would take anything he says with a grain of salt". He stated that Holman is strong-willed, highly opinionated and has "an over-active imagination".

Chief of Police Maurice Benner, Police Department, Rockland, Maine, advised that Reverend Holman is "an unusual type of individual". He explained that Holman likes to take the opposite view of things and seems to be "at war with authority". He said Holman's son came up in the roll call from the Local Draft Board but Holman did everything he could to keep his son from being drafted. At the time, his son was a member of the Rockland Police Department and became so aggravated with his father's tactics that he voluntarily enlisted in the Armed Forces.

A description of Reverend John Taylor Holman as obtained from interview and observation is as follows:

**REV. JOHN TAYLOR HOLMAN
PORT CLYDE, MAINE**

Name	Reverend John Taylor Holman
Race	White
Age	67
Date of Birth	October 26, 1828
Place of Birth	Arlington, Massachusetts
Height	5' 8"
Weight	190 pounds
Build	Stocky
Hair	White
Eyes	Blue
Wife	Arlean C. Holman
Residence	Port Clyde, Maine

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

REC-11

62-109060-7470

February 26, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

EX-112

*Assassination of President
John F. Kennedy*

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter dated February 18, 1964, relating to Reverend John Taylor Holman of Port Clyde, Maine.

Enclosed are two copies of a communication prepared by our Boston, Massachusetts, Office dated February 22, 1964, containing the results of our investigation, including an interview with Reverend Holman.

In view of the reference to President Lyndon B. Johnson on page three, copies of this communication have been furnished to the United States Secret Service.

This concludes our inquiry into this particular matter.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (2)

62-109090 (President's Commission)

1 - 62-109060 (Assassination of President Kennedy)

RDR:mit, lt (10)

(SEE NOTE ON PAGE 2.)

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI
FEB 26 2 52 PM '64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060-7470

BY COURIER SVC.
14 FEB 26
COMM-FBI

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

FEB 27 1964

MAR 3 1964

NOTE:

This item previously on Director's "Special List". The President's Commission forwarded a letter from Reverend Holman. Holman reportedly communicated with Commission in past indicating he had important information but Commission asked him to mail it. Holman in current letter apparently was upset over Commission's lack of interest and reiterated he has "vital" information possibly relating to President's assassination. Interview of Holman by Boston Office discloses Holman is possibly

[REDACTED] Submission of letterhead memorandum to Commission ends our inquiry. Holman furnished no information of value. His "vital" information related to income tax difficulties with the Government wherein he claimed he had proof the Government had not treated him fair.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson	
Belmont	
Mohr	
Casper	
Callahan	
DeLoach	
Evans	
Malley	
Rosen	
Sullivan	
Tavel	
Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Holmes	
Gandy	

TO : MR. CALLAHAN

DATE: February 6, 1964

FROM : L. J. Gauthier *[Signature]*

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY
AND THE KILLING OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD
VISUAL AIDS

Reference is made to an illustrated book entitled "Four Days" compiled by the United Press International (UPI) and the American Heritage magazine recently distributed by the Washington Daily News which photographically records the assassination of President Kennedy.

There appears on pages 16, 17, 20 and 21 five color pictures of the approximate area on the Parkway where the third shot occurred. The first three color pictures, according to the editor, are "stills" taken from an 8 mm. color film while the last two color pictures are from frames taken from another film sequence. The FBI Laboratory has matched the last two pictures with two frames appearing in the Orville Nix movie; however, the first three pictures are not identifiable with movie films presently in the possession of the Bureau.

Prior to the publication of "Four Days," the Bureau had no knowledge that UPI had color shots depicting the area where the third shot occurred. Inspector James Malley discussed this matter with Mr. Howard P. Willens, Administrative Assistant to Mr. Rankin, on 2-5-64 inquiring whether the Commission had knowledge of the existence of a UPI film of the assassination. It was pointed out to Willens that color pictures of shot three as printed in the book "Four Days" indicates that other pictures taken from Mrs. Kennedy's side of the Presidential car exist. Mr. Willens stated he did not know the answer and would check and let Malley know later. He was advised that if the Commission desired, the Bureau would contact UPI officials and develop this matter further.

Although the UPI movie "stills" appearing in the book will but serve to confirm the approximation of shot three, already approximately fixed by the Commission from a visual examining of the Zapruder and Nix movies, the fact remains that the very existence of another picture sequence makes it desirable that more information concerning the UPI pictures be eventually determined. It is important to know the identity of the camera operator, where he was standing and how much of the "shooting" was photographed. The approximate position from where the UPI pictures were taken places the camera operator in a most advantageous spot with relation to also photographing shots one and two if he did in fact photograph these shots.

LJG:jlk (6)

- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)

REC-52

2-11-64

FEB 27 1964

OVER,....

Memorandum for Mr. Callahan
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY
AND THE KILLING OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD
VISUAL AIDS

RECOMMENDATION:

In the event the Bureau does not hear from the Commission by 2-7-64, Mr. Malley will advise Mr. Willens that the Bureau is contacting UPI officials and that the Commission will be advised with regard to information relating to UPI pictures made of the assassination.

OK.
JPM
A
JW
V. H. C.
JPA

Rankin desires FBI obtain film and make whatever examination desirable, and results furnished to Commission.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

REC-52

Mohr	✓
Casper	✓
Callahan	✓
Conrad	✓
DeLoach	✓
Felt	✓
Gale	✓
Rosen	✓
Sullivan	✓
Tavel	✓
Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Holmes	✓
Gandy	✓

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: February 11, 1964

FROM : C. D. DeLoach

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY
AND THE KILLING OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD
VISUAL AIDS

Reference is made to the memorandum from Mr. Gauthier to Mr. Callahan dated 2-6-64 in connection with the effort to identify the three photographs appearing on pages 16, 17 and 20 of the United Press International (UPI) book in captioned matter entitled "Four Days."

At 4:55 p. m., 2-10-64, Wick, at my instructions, discussed the origin of the photographs with Julius Frandsen, head of the UPI Office here. Mr. Frandsen said he did not personally have knowledge of their origin but would contact his New York Headquarters.

At 3:00 p. m. and at 5:15 p. m. today Mr. Frandsen called Wick and advised as follows, after checking with his New York Headquarters. The photographs in the UPI book "Four Days" on pages 16, 17 and 20 are still shots taken from an 8 mm. color movie film supplied to UPI by Marie Muchmore, 2980 Randy Lane, Dallas, Texas, the original of which is now in a bank vault in New York City where it was placed by UPI. The photos in the UPI book on page 21 are stills from the movie film of Orville Nix, 2527 Denley Drive, Dallas, Texas.

Mr. Frandsen said that Burt Reinhardt, UPI News Film, 448 West 56th Street, New York City (private telephone Circle 6-1853) is the UPI man with whom he discussed this matter. Reinhardt says that UPI photo experts did considerable experimenting with the original 8 mm. Muchmore color film (pages 16, 17 and 20 of the UPI book) with a view to getting more out of it. In other words, they slowed down the film, they enlarged certain frames, etc, and prepared what Reinhardt calls a "special finished film product" which in his view is far more revealing than is the original film.

Mr. Frandsen said that Reinhardt will make available the original copies of same, stills in either color or black and white as well as this "special finished product" to an Agent of the FBI if he is contacted. Wick told Mr. Frandsen that we would have a man get in touch with Reinhardt.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Jones

Rew:saj (5)
6 MAR 2 1964

Handwritten notes:
P.C. to Reinhardt
RDR/ha
A. G. Stewart
RDR

REC-52

CONTINUED NEXT PAGE

Handwritten initials: KAR

Handwritten notes:
12-10060-2020
115-2032-434 p 31

Vertical handwritten note on right margin:
... photos ...

DeLoach to Mohr 2-11-64
Re: Assassination of President Kennedy

RECOMMENDATION:

That this memorandum be forwarded to the General Investigative Division so that Miss Muchmore may be contacted for any information she may have concerning her exact position when taking the film and also so that a knowledgeable Agent of the New York Office may contact Mr. Reinhardt pursuant to the arrangements made by Wick with Mr. Frandsen that this be done.

Handwritten initials and signature:
D-11
JN
JPM

Handwritten notes:
2-14-64 HSCC. Attached NYO
will be...
film from... HIND...
... RIS/PC

February 26, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.
Washington, D. C.

*Assassination of
President John F.
Kennedy*

REC'D-READING ROOM
FEB 26 2 52 PM '64
B I

Dear Mr. Rankin:

At the request of representatives of the Commission, the FBI Laboratory has examined the camera used by Mrs. Marie Muchmore in filming a portion of the assassination. This camera is an eight millimeter Keystone movie camera, serial number 20648.

TEXAS

The camera was examined to determine the film speed and was checked at ten second intervals throughout the full running time of a fully wound camera. It was found that the film speed of the camera, when fully wound, runs at an average of 19.05 frames per second for the first ten seconds, 18.8 frames per second for the second ten seconds, 17.6 frames per second for the third ten seconds and 16.2 frames per second for the last five seconds before running down. Eliminating the last five seconds when the camera is almost run down, the average running speed of the camera was found to be approximately 18.5 frames per second.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

[Handwritten signature]

- 1 - Mr. Belmont (sent direct)
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley) (sent direct)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Mr. Lenihan) (sent direct)

NOTE: Memo from Mr. Griffith to Mr. Conrad dated 2/18/64 specified that the results of the examination of the camera would be made available to The President's Commission, when the examination is completed.

BY COURIER SVC.
14 FEB 26
COMM-FBI

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

LLS:am (8)

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

22 FEB 27 1964

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

64 MAR 2 1964

**PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY**
200 Maryland Ave. NE.
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20002

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BOGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. McCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

J. LEE RANKIN

Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FEB 18 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20530

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Early in our investigation Reverend John Taylor Holman, of Port Clyde, Maine, corresponded with the Commission and made a claim that he was in possession of information vital to our inquiry. In answer to his first letter we asked him to submit the information by mail. However, on January 31, 1964, he wrote a letter which is enclosed and in which he again asserts his claim.

The Commission now feels that the most expeditious way of bringing the correspondence with Reverend Holman to a conclusion and at the same time determining the validity of his assertions is by Bureau interview. If you agree, we would appreciate your Bureau handling the matter and advising of developments.

Thank you for your continued cooperation in the work of this Commission.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

FEB 19 1964

2-27-64
ENCLOSURE
original copy
XEROX
FEB 27 1964

REC-24
EX-103
2474
11 FEB 19 1964

Port Clyde, Maine
January 31, 1964

Mr. J. Lee Rankin
200 Maryland Ave, N. E.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir,

Your letter of January 28th is at hand. I see you question whether I have vital information.

If you question whether I have the documented evidence kindly contact:

Mr. Verrill, President of First National Bank of Portland,
Rockland, Maine

Mr. Francis Hedrich, Vice President of First National
Bank of Portland, Rockland, Maine.

Mr. Montgomery, Head of Rockland Loan and Building
Association.

Mr. Joseph Emery, Former Vice President, First National
Bank of Rockland, Limerock St., Rockland, Me.

Mr. Robert Gregory, J. F. Gregory Sons Co, Main St.,
Rockland, Maine.

Mr. C. Leroy Barker, Superintendent of Schools, Thomaston,
Maine.

Mr. Charles Bicknell, Real Estate, Main St., Rockland, Maine.

2 PEROX

FEB 27 1964

J

62-10000-17
ENCLOSURE

Mr. Thomas Chisholm, Chisholm's Shoe Store, Rockland,
Maine.

Postmaster Glover, Rockland, Maine.

Mr. John Mazzeo, Mazzeo's Super Market, Outer Rankin
St., Rockland, Maine.

Mr. Sydney H. Davis, Port Clyde, Maine.

Mrs. Bicknell, Chairman, School Board, St. George, Maine.

This evidence will shake this nation to it's very foundations.

This evidence is in safe keeping. I will have to wait for
my attorney to release it to me. I have duplicates at home but I
am not letting any of it out of my hands until I see if I have a
duplication of everything.

I am publishing it in a newspaper as I have already con-
tracted with the paper for space to print it and they have sold me the
space.

Very truly yours,

Rev. John Taylor Holman

P.S. These people know the truth in this case and are shocked beyond
measure that such a thing could happen in the United States of America.

J. T. H.

COPY:jad

January 31, 1911

200 Ave 7 E

Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir, - your letter of January 25th is at hand.
Do you question whether I have verbal information.

If you question whether I have the documented evidence kindly contact:

Mr. Verne President of First National Bank of Portland

Rockland, Maine

Mr. Francis Hedrick, Vice President of First National Bank of Portland, Rockland, Maine

Mr. Montgomery, Head of Rockland Loan and

Building Association

Mr. Joseph Emery, Former Vice-President, First National Bank of Rockland, Limerock St., Rockland, Me

Mr. Robert Gregory, J. F. Gregory Sons Co. Main St. Rockland, Maine

Mr. C. Leroy Barker, Superintendent of Schools, Thomaston, Maine.

Mr. Charles Bicknell, Real Estate, Main St, Rockland, Maine

Rockland, Maine

Postmaster Isaac, Rockland, Maine

Mr. John Mazzeo, Mazzeo's Super Market, Outing
Bankin St., Rockland, Maine.

Mr. Sydney H. Davis, Port Clyde, Maine

Mrs. Dicknell, Chairman School Board St.
George, Maine.

This evidence will shake this nation to
it's very foundations.

"This evidence is in safe keeping. I will have to
wait for my attorney to release it to me. I
have duplicates at home but I am not letting
any of it out of my hands until I see if I
have a duplication of everything.

I am publishing it in a newspaper as I
have already contracted with the paper for
space to print it and they have sold me
the space.

Very truly yours,

Rev. John Taylor Holman

P.S. These people know the truth in this case
and are shocked beyond measure that such a thing
could happen in the United States of America & A.

2-20-64

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

Dem/wei
B. Benjamin

Airtel

To: SAC, Boston (Enclosures 2)

From: *EX-103* Director, FBI *REC-24* (62-109060) - *2414*

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS**

Enclosed for Boston and Dallas is a copy of a letter received from the President's Commission dated 2-18-64, as well as a copy of a letter from Reverend John Taylor Holman of Port Clyde, Maine. These communications are self explanatory.

For your information, Bureau files disclose that Reverend Holman has communicated with the Director on three occasions, the earliest being 2-12-38, and the most recent being 3-2-61. On two occasions, Holman referred matters to the FBI not within the Bureau's jurisdiction. His letters were so acknowledged. His most recent letter protested our acknowledgement that a matter was not within our investigative jurisdiction. This letter was again acknowledged reiterating our position. No other information of pertinence could be located.

Boston is instructed to immediately locate and interview Reverend Holman in line with the request of the President's Commission. Any additional investigation necessary to resolve this matter must be immediately handled by teletype.

Results of investigation must be furnished the Bureau in letterhead memorandum form suitable for immediate dissemination without further editing or correction. In addition to the letterhead memorandum, Boston is instructed to incorporate the results of investigation in insert form and submit 25 copies to Dallas. Your letterhead memorandum and inserts should contain appropriate excerpts from the Commission's request and Reverend Holman's letter so that it is readily understandable to any reviewing official.

No delays in handling this matter will be tolerated.

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

1 - Dallas (89-43) (Enclosures 2)

- 1 - Mr. R. E. Denihan
- 1 - 62-109090 (The President's Commission)
- 1 - 94-1572

RDR:cjr

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

MAILED 30
 FEB 20 1964
 COMM-FBI

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO.

62-109090-72
 UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 94-4-72

64 MAR 2 1964

NOTE:

This matter on Director's "special list."

See A. Rosen to Mr. Belmont memo, same caption, same date,
RDR:cjr.

President's Commission forwarded to us a letter from Reverend Holman. Holman reportedly communicated with Commission in past indicating he had important information, but Commission asked him to mail it. Holman in current letter is apparently upset over Commission's lack of enthusiasm and reiterates he has "vital" information possibly relating to the assassination of President Kennedy.

In view of Commission's request, Boston has been instructed to handle this immediately and furnish results in form suitable for dissemination. This is being closely followed at the Bureau.

SEP 28 2 12 PM '64

RECEIVED
REC'D

REC-24

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)
ATT : INSPECTOR JAMES R. MALLEY

DATE: 2/14/64

JRM
FROM

SAC, NEW YORK (89-75)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, Dallas,
Texas, November 22, 1963
AFO

[Handwritten signature]

Re Bureau telephone call of Inspector MALLEY to New York Office, 2/13/64.

Being forwarded under separate cover is one roll 16 mm film showing the assassination of President KENNEDY which was furnished to this office by Mr. BERT REINHARDT of UPI, NYC.

Mr. REINHARDT advised that the original 8 mm film which this was transposed from is in a bank vault at the present time and cannot be released.

Mr. REINHARDT has requested that the 16 mm film be returned to him as soon as its use has been completed by the Commission.

*NEW YORK check
7:10 2-17-64
3:34 PM
S. J. [unclear]
2-18-64
JRM*

- 4 - Bureau
 - (1 - ATT: INSPECTOR JAMES R. MALLEY)
 - (1 - With Package)
- 1 - New York

EWO:ahd
(5)

REC-24

[Handwritten signature]
SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
2475
RECORDED
INDEXED

FEB 17 1964

MAR 2 1964

EX-11

cc: [unclear]

[Handwritten signature]

F B I

Date: 2/3/64

REC-441

ENCLOSURE INDEX INC

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via 45 AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) P

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING
(OO DL)

"KILL THE KENNEDY KLAN"

There are enclosed for the Bureau ten copies and, Miami one copy, respectively, of a letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination.

One copy of this airtel, together with one copy of a letterhead memorandum, is being furnished the Miami Office because of the Cuban aspect involved.

The source of the information reflected in the enclosed letterhead memorandum is [REDACTED] Garland, Texas, who made the information available to SA ROBERT C. LISH.

No local dissemination of this letterhead memorandum is being made at Dallas.

- 1 cc each
- (3 Bureau (Encs. 10)
- 1 Miami (Enc. 1) (Info) (105-8342)
- 2 Dallas
- RCL:LAC
- (6) C. C. Wick

ENCLOSURE

14 FEB 7 1964

2476

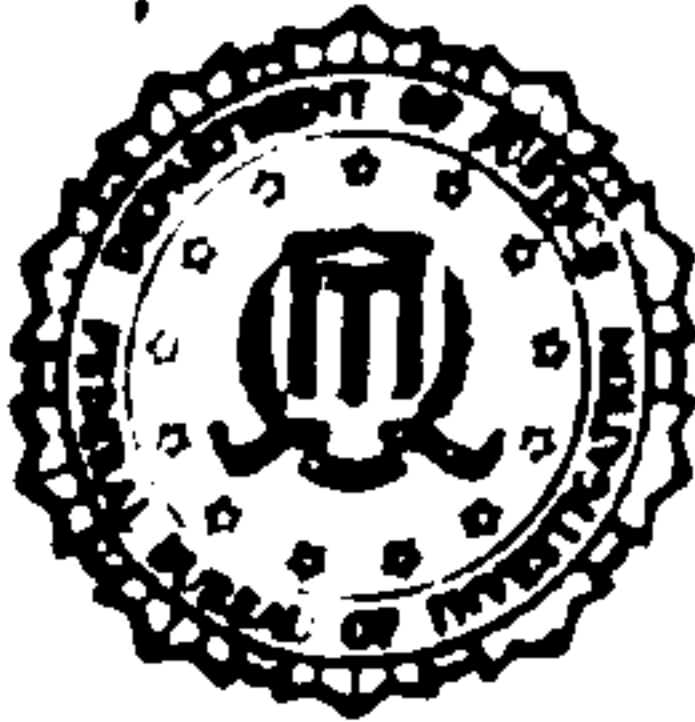
FEB 26 1964

The further the dissemination report...
Place 1 cc airtel + LHM - 105-96777 (Miami) & 105-96824 (Baird)

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-96777-114
105-96824-

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

70 4 MAD Special Agent in Charge
0 6 7 yk 10 1964 27



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas

February 3, 1964

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

"KILL THE KENNEDY KLAN"

AT GARLAND, TEXAS:

On January 28, 1964, a source, whose identity cannot be revealed but who is considered reliable, advised there had been observed on an automobile driven by persons who resided at 806 East Monica, Garland, Texas, and whose names are set out below as [REDACTED] to that place, a sticker on the bumper of the automobile reading: "Kill The KENNEDY Klan."

The source advised that immediately after the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, the Cubans driving this automobile attempted to scrape this sign off the bumper.

The source, who is in a position to observe [REDACTED] 806 East Monica, Garland, Texas, advised the following [REDACTED] observed [REDACTED] there:

[REDACTED]

Sra. Rosalia Santiago
806 E. Monica Dr.
Garland, Texas

Sr. J. Quintana
806 E. Monica
Garland, Texas

COPIES DESTROYED

4 4 DEC 27 1964

... contains neither recommendations nor
... It is the property of the
... to your agency. It and its
... not to be distributed outside your
agency.

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS**

[REDACTED]

Mr. Juan Quintana Maya
806 E. Monica Drive
Garland, Texas

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Sr. Raul Castro
806 E. Monica Dr.
Garland, Texas

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Mr. Juan Quintana
1413 Inwood Blvd.
Garland, Texas

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Sra. Rosalia Santiago
806 E. Monica.
Garland, Texas 15040

[REDACTED]

Angel Rodriguez
Guan(abacoa)
Juan Vicente

[REDACTED]

Mr. Alberto Quintana
Maya
c/o Juan Francisco
Quintana Maya
1413 Inwood Blvd.
Garland, Texas

[REDACTED]

Sra. Georgina Santiago
806 E. Monica Dr.
Garland, Texas

[REDACTED]

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Sr. Juan Fco
Quintana Santiago
806 E. Monica Dr.
Garland, Texas
75040

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Mr. Juan Quintana
Maya
806 E. Monica Dr.
Garland, Texas

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Raul Castro Baile
806 E. Monica Drive
Garland, Texas

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Sra. Rosalia S.
de-Castro
806 E. Monica Dr.
75040 Garland,
Texas

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Sra. Rosalia
Santiago
806 E. Monica Dr.
Garland, Texas

[REDACTED]

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63

[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
Rosalia P. de Castro
y hora [REDACTED]
806 E. Monica Dr.
75040 Garland, Texas

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]
Mr. Juan Quintana
Maya
806 E. Monica Dr.
Garland, Texas

[REDACTED]
Mr. Raul Castro

[REDACTED]
Raul Casto

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]
Sra. Rosalia de
Castro
806 East Monica
Drive
Garland, Texas 75040

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]
Juan Quintana
806 E. Monica

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]
Sra. Rozalia
Santiago
806 E. Monica Drive
Garland, Texas

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JAMES FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Mrs. Raul Castro
806 E. Monica Dr.
Garland, Texas

[REDACTED]

EX 10A

REC-3-3-109060-2477

February 24, 1964

AIRMAIL

Mr. Raj Pal Singh
Pancham Singh Dindotiya House
Grain Mandi
District and Post - Morena
Madhya-Pradesh, India

[Handwritten signature]
REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI
FEB 24 4 00 PM '64

Dear Mr. Singh:

Your letter of February 6th has been received.

Pursuant to the instructions of President Johnson, our report concerning the assassination of President Kennedy and the murder of Lee Harvey Oswald has been forwarded to the Presidential Commission. We have not made the report public inasmuch as this Commission has been charged with the responsibility to study all available information and make a finding in these matters; however, I can assure you that every possible ramification of this case has been carefully considered.

Any public dissemination of our report will rest with the Commission.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

MAILED 5
FEB 24 1964
COMM-FBI

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit - Enclosure

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

J:rls
(4)

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

[Handwritten signatures and stamps]
FEB 22 15 22 64
DO NOT WRITE
H:W

Morena(India)

62-64
2-6-64

Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington,
U. S. A.

Dear Sir,

Subject:- Evidence regarding murder weapon in
Mr. President Kennedy murder case.

The main points of evidence produced by the police in regard to murder weapon by which President Kennedy is alleged shot by Mr. Oswald has been published by our esteemed weekly BLITZ Newsmagazine dated 26th January and 1st February, 1964.

There appears to be a serious flaw on the part of the prosecution as much as it concerns with the evidence on murder weapon.

The same is given as hereunder:-

- (1) The material and starting point of evidence to be produced by the police was to produce eyewitness to the effect that when the Rifle whether Mauser or Italian Carbine was seized from the Text Book Building, the grooves showed carbon throughout the length of the barrel and the same were not found shining so as to prove ~~ammunition~~ in question was that which was recently used in firing. If the Rifle itself by which President is said to have been shot was found unused the question of evidence of palmprints on the rifle or paraffin Test of hands etc. of the accused to show the particles of carbon on hands does not arise. Secondly, there should be evidence to prove that ~~just~~ immediately after the Rifle was seized the Rifle gave smell of fresh carbon from the burnt

EX-10 REC-3 62-109060-2477

(3) If the grooves of the Rifle are found shining at the present stage before the Court, has the police also seized cleaning material of the Rifle viz Cleaning-Rod or Pull-through etc. and produced evidence that the barrel of the Rifle was cleaned by the accused after firing.

I feel, if the above evidence has not been produced, the case against Mr. Oswald miserably fails.

I would like to point out that I am not so much interested in the failure of the prosecution to produce evidence but as a citizen of India have great respect and sympathy to the friend of our nation, late Mr. John Fitzgerald Kennedy, the President and wish for justifiable action against the correct accused.

You are, therefore, requested to kindly look into the matter. Further, I should be grateful for a line of action.

Yours faithfully,

Raj Pal Singh
6.2.64
(Raj Pal Singh)

Pancham Singh Dindotiya House,
Grain Mandi,
District and Post- M O R E N A,
Madhya-Pradesh,
I N D I A.

FBI

REC-51
ENCLOSURE

Date: 2/18/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, WFO (89-75) (RUC)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63
(OO:DL)

Enclosed for the Bureau are two copies and for Dallas twenty-five copies each of two FD 302s reflecting interviews conducted WFO. One copy each is furnished Detroit.

WFO files reflect JESUS TORRES MENDOZA, Wa., was the subject of a SM - C case in 1952 in which Detroit was office of origin, Detroit File 100-15911, WFO file 100-26102. WFO has recently received allegation in an unsubject case concerning MENDOZA having knowledge of Mexican revolutionary actions in Mexico. This allegation is being investigated under WFO file 100-26102. Detroit will be requested by separate communication to furnish WFO pertinent reports concerning MENDOZA for use in WFO file 100-26102.

Detroit is requested at this time to furnish Dallas (25 copies) pertinent background information concerning MENDOZA for use by Dallas in the captioned case and for his presence in Detroit.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 4)
- 2 - Dallas (Enc. 50) (89-43)
- 2 - Detroit (Enc. 2)
- 2 - WFO
(1-100-26102)

JVD:skw
(9)

AIRTEL

4 ENCLOSURES

REC-4
62-109060-2478
NAT. INT. SEC.
LITTLE

FEB 19 1964

Wick _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

MAR 11 1964

UNRECORDED AND COPY OF THIS FILED IN 100-

Vertical handwritten notes on the left margin, including "Listed in Reporter and Liaison" and "Not requested as requested."

Handwritten initials and numbers, possibly "2478" and "LITTLE".

Handwritten initials and signatures at the bottom right.

WFO 89-75

Summary of information re MENDOZA furnished SA
HENRY COHEN of U. S. Secret Service, Washington, D. C.,
by phone this date.

Appropriate communication to follow.

Date 2/15/64

DHARLENE MOORE, 4218 Wheeler Road, S. E., Apartment 203, Washington, D. C., who was born October 10, 1949, is a seventh grade student at Hart Junior High School, and the daughter of Mrs. VERA BARNES of the same address, furnished the following information:

On Tuesday, February 11, 1964, about 3:30 p.m., while returning home from the office of Dr. E. CLARENCE RICE, Connecticut and Rhode Island Avenues, N. W., DHARLENE was riding a "Congress Heights" bus. In the area of 8th and Virginia Avenue, S. E., a man got on the bus and started talking to her. This man said his name was MENDOZA and handed DHARLENE a card which states: "MEMBER OF LATIN AMERICAN LABOR COUNCIL OF AMERICA." Written in pencil on the card is "Mendoza" and the telephone number of "EX 3-3719."

After handing DHARLENE the card, the man told her to "Get book on Parliamentary Law; get fifty girls and call me." He repeated this statement several times but did not further explain what he wanted DHARLENE to do. The man also said he did not like the Washington buses and had been in Detroit before coming to Washington and liked the buses there better. The man also remarked that he also came from Cuba and remarked, "I was in Dallas a few days before the President was killed and knew he would be killed." On leaving the bus, the man said good-by and pointed to a restaurant near the Highs store across from the main gate to St. Elizabeths Hospital on Nichols Avenue, S. E., and said that he worked there. He left the bus at this point.

DHARLENE described MENDOZA as follows:

Age:	30 years
Sex:	Male
Height:	5' 7"
Weight:	140 pounds or less
Hair:	Black
Eyes:	Very dark

FEB 23 1964

On 2/13/64 at Washington, D. C. File # WFO 89-75
 by SA JOHN V. DeNEALE:eaf Date dictated 2/14/64