

ASSASSINATION

CONFIDENTIAL

SECTION

FBI

Date: 1/20/64

EX-103
ALLISON

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: Director, FBI (62-109060)
FROM: SAC, Philadelphia (157-916)
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,
DALLAS, TEXAS

ReBuairtel to Philadelphia, 1/17/64, with enclosures.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies of a letterhead memorandum in captioned matter. Dallas is being furnished two copies and one to Knoxville.

Major JOHN S. WYLLIE was interviewed by SA WILLIAM EDWARD DAVIS. Major WYLLIE has been contacted on other occasions in the past concerning other matters. His actions and attitudes have always been indicative of the utmost respect for the Bureau.

FROHBOSE

- 3 - Bureau (Encs. 8)
 - ② - 62-109060
 - 1 - 63-7705
- 2 - Dallas (89-48) (Encs. 2) (AM)
- 1 - Knoxville (Enc. 1)
- 1 - Philadelphia (157-916)

1 encl with copy

WED:ARM
(7)

REC-41 62-109060-2350

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12 JAN 22 1964

EX-103
1-29-64 FOR/SD

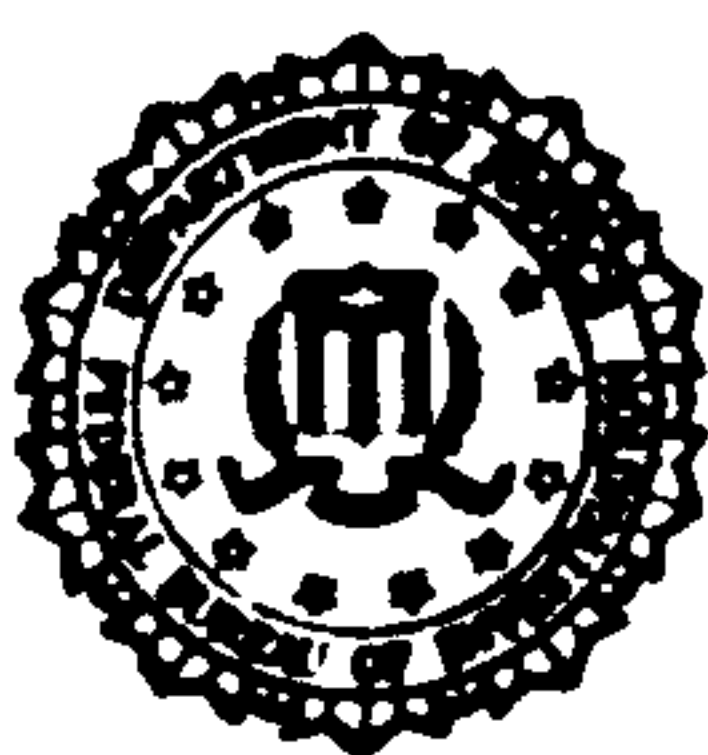
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[Signature]

Approved: FA7/BK Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 157-916

January 20, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,
DALLAS, TEXAS

*Texas - Pennsylvania
Texas*

*11/17/64
1134-55*

Major JOHN S. WYLLIE, ASN 0946715, is Senior Unit Advisor (SUA) of the U. S. Army Reserve Center, 12th and Bern Streets, Reading, Pa.; which is the meeting place of approximately 15 local Army Reserve Units. Major WYLLIE on January 20, 1964, advised that his home was originally in Cleveland, Tenn. His mother still lives there, and he visited her a couple of weeks before Christmas 1963. He has a young brother, GEORGE PATRICK WYLLIE, who resides at home. The major said he did not see his brother, "PAT", on his last trip home; however, this was just a few days after the assassination of President KENNEDY in Dallas and "naturally, everybody was talking about it". Major WYLLIE said that he had been stationed in the Canal Zone when during 1963 President KENNEDY made a trip there and WYLLIE had been part of the Army Security Guard at that time.

Major WYLLIE said he personally has no first hand information of any sort about the assassination of the President or any of the following events. He did say that the papers had been full of articles and some speculated as to the fact that OSWALD might have been trying to kill Governor CONNALLY, because CONNALLY had been Secretary of the Navy when OSWALD tried to get an honorable discharge. Major WYLLIE may have said to his mother that "no one knows for sure who OSWALD wanted to kill".

Major WYLLIE was stationed at Fort Hood, Texas, from September 1961 to September 1962 but related that he spent 99% of his time on the base and denied that he had related any information about gambling operations in that area to any of his

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**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,
DALLAS, TEXAS**

superiors or even learned of any such operations.

According to Major WYLLIE, "QUE" HOOPER was a "local character" in Cleveland, Tenn. HOOPER was rumored to be a gambler and bootlegger and was said to have killed at least one man personally and numerous others through his rotten bootleg whiskey. QUE HOOPER was murdered by his own son about seven or eight years ago.

Major WYLLIE stated that his brother PAT is about 27 or 28 years old. PAT does not and never did work and has more or less been "babied" by their mother. PAT has never been institutionalized and graduated from high school but is [redacted] in the major's opinion. He reads a good deal and on the last occasion when Major WYLLIE was home, PAT locked himself in his room and refused to come out whenever the major was around. PAT was also rejected from military service on some doctor's recommendation, but WYLLIE does not know any of the details on this. He could furnish no further information in this matter.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

January 29, 1964

REC-41 62-109060-2350

EX-103

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

This is in response to your letter dated January 15, 1964, requesting this Bureau interview G. P. Wyllie of Cleveland, Tennessee, and his brother, Major John B. Wyllie, regarding assertions made relating to the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

Enclosed for your assistance are two copies each of two communications incorporating the results of our investigation. One communication is dated January 20, 1964, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, relating to the interview of Major Wyllie and the second communication is dated January 24, 1964, at Knoxville, Tennessee, relating to the interview of G. P. Wyllie and related investigation.

This concludes our inquiries into this particular matter.

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 10
JAN 29 1964
COMM-FBI

Enclosures (4)

62-109060

1 - 62-109090

1 - 63-7705

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan

RDR:jgs

(10)

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SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

63-7705-
62-109090

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NOTE:

President's Commission referred to us letter from G. P. Wyllie making some rather nonspecific allegations concerning a possible connection between Jack Ruby and Lee Oswald. He also indicated "gamblers" had something to do with this. While his letter did not contain much logic, we had no alternative but to check this matter out in view of the request of the Commission. Results of investigation by Philadelphia and Knoxville substantiate that allegations are completely unfounded and that the letter writer is probably in need of psychiatric help.

As you will recall the Bureau has had prior unsatisfactory dealings with G. P. Wyllie who made some very insulting and critical statements relating to the Director and the FBI. One of the letters suggested the Director was related to former President Herbert Hoover. In another letter Wyllie made the statement that the Director had been head of the FBI 1½ years longer than the age of the Attorney General. Our current investigation merely establishes that what we knew before concerning the troublemaker continues to be accurate. It might be pointed out that during interview, our Agents noted that Wyllie appeared mentally disturbed and quite concerned. It is possible this may curtail further correspondence from him.

It is also noted that Major Wyllie appears to be a substantial individual [REDACTED]

FBI

Date: 1/24/64

ENCLOSURE

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: Director, FBI (62-109060)
FROM: SAC, Knoxville (89-27) (RUC)
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

ReBuairtel to Philadelphia 1/17/64;
Knoxville airtel to Bureau 1/21/64;
Bureau teletype to Knoxville 1/23/64;
and Knoxville teletype to Bureau 1/23/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original
and four copies of a letterhead memo suitable for dissemina-
tion, setting forth results of investigation at Cleveland,
Tennessee.

There is enclosed for Dallas one copy of this
letterhead memo.

It was noted during the interview of [redacted]
[redacted] that he appeared mentally disturbed.

100 each returned to [redacted]

1 incl with copy yr

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 5)
 - 2 - Dallas (89-43)
 - 1 - Knoxville
- ENCLOSURE

REC-4162-109060-235
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EX-103

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Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge
RDR:jrs 1-29-64

Sent _____ Per _____

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Knoxville, Tennessee
January 24, 1964

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22,
1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

Mr. J. LEE RANKIN, General Counsel, President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, Washington, D.C., requested interview of [REDACTED] and Major JOHN S. WYLLIE to determine if there is any evidence to support the claims made by [REDACTED] in a letter to the President's Commission dated January 4, 1964.

In the above letter, [REDACTED] alleged that the Texas gamblers, who were being investigated by General EDWIN A. WALKER and Governor JOHN B. CONNALLY, knew that they could not openly and obviously murder Governor JOHN B. CONNALLY, as this would spell the doom of their enterprises. [REDACTED] further alleged, first, they tried to kill General WALKER in order to scare Governor CONNALLY and failed. Thereafter, they tried to kill Governor CONNALLY, when he was with President KENNEDY, and make it look like a mistake, but "the mistake happened in reverse". In the above-mentioned letter, [REDACTED] further alleged JACK RUBY was acquainted with a deceased Cleveland, Tennessee, gambler, "CUE" HOOPER, and they had met in Chicago. According to [REDACTED] Major JOHN S. WYLLIE "while on leave last month" said "OSWALD was after CONNALLY".

[REDACTED] a white male, aged 27, was interviewed at the home of his parents, [REDACTED] Cleveland, Tennessee, on January 21, 1964. [REDACTED] advised he was not employed, had had no gainful

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ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

employment and was engaged at the present time in completing his education along "scientific lines". He did not explain what was included in this education.

[redacted] advised he had no information that General EDWIN A. WALKER and Governor JOHN B. CONNALLY of Texas were investigating gamblers in Texas. He said he had reasoned this was so, because both men were shot at by snipers. It was his reasoning alone which told him gamblers had first attempted to kill General WALKER in order to frighten Governor CONNALLY. His reasoning also told him the sniper, who shot and killed President JOHN F. KENNEDY, had actually been trying to kill Governor CONNALLY.

[redacted] said he had heard from his sister-in-law, [redacted] that JAMES

PAUL "CUE" HOOPER had been acquainted with JACK RUBY. "CUE" HOOPER was a Cleveland, Tennessee, night club operator and gambler who had been killed by his son about three years ago. *deceased*

TEXAS

[redacted] claimed he had no knowledge of any connection between JACK RUBY and HARVEY LEE OSWALD. He had no information to furnish concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY, the shooting of Governor CONNALLY, or the killing of HARVEY LEE OSWALD. He did not give any reason for writing the above-mentioned letter.

Cleveland, TENN

[redacted] father of [redacted] said his son was very interested in "politics", but was not interested in anything else. [redacted] stated his son had been engaged for a considerable time in writing letters to Washington, D.C., but he did not know the identities of the addressees of these letters and he did not know the subject matter of any of these letters.

[redacted] Cleveland, Tennessee, sister-in-law of [redacted] advised she worked evenings as a waitress at the bar of the Cleveland, Tennessee, Country Club. On the Sunday

27

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

evening when the shooting of HARVEY LEE OSWALD appeared on television, LARRY HOOPER, whom she described as no relation of "CUE" HOOPER and who was then present at the bar of the Country Club, stated he understood "CUE" HOOPER had met JACK RUBY at Chicago or New York. [REDACTED] stated she had no other information and further stated she was sure LARRY HOOPER had no information of value in connection with HARVEY LEE OSWALD or JACK RUBY.

[REDACTED] further advised [REDACTED] her brother-in-law, was 27 years old, had never worked but "laid around home all the time". According to [REDACTED] he subscribed to numerous drawing courses and draws pictures at home all day. She also said her brother-in-law was the youngest child in his family and his mother seemed to prefer to have him at home all day with her.

Mr. LARRY HOOPER was interviewed at the residence of his grandfather at Hopewell, Tennessee, on January 23, 1964. He said he had no knowledge of any contact between JACK RUBY and "CUE" HOOPER. He stated he had heard his father, BRACKETT HOOPER, make a remark that "CUE" HOOPER had been in contact with JACK RUBY at Dallas, Texas, several years ago.

Mr. BRACKETT HOOPER, 207 Country Club Drive, Cleveland, Tennessee, was interviewed at the Chattanooga, Tennessee, Stockyards, on January 23, 1964. Mr. HOOPER said he had learned from BEN BURNS, whom he described as a Cleveland, Tennessee, drunk and frequently an inmate at Cleveland City Jail, that "CUE" HOOPER had frequented JACK RUBY'S night club at Dallas, Texas, several years ago. Mr. HOOPER said "CUE" HOOPER was at Dallas, Texas, six or seven years ago and BEN BURNS and HAZEL BRADLEY were there with him. Mr. BRACKETT HOOPER stated his father was a first cousin to "CUE" HOOPER'S father.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Mr. ~~BEN~~ BURNS, Cleveland, Tennessee, City Jail, said he had been at Dallas, Texas, with "CUE" HOOPER and HAZEL BRADLEY from January, 1956 to March, 1956 and "CUE" HOOPER and Mrs. BRADLEY had stayed at Dallas until April, 1956, at which time they returned to Cleveland. Mr. BURNS stated he and "CUE" HOOPER had frequently visited a small bar two or three blocks from the Dallas, Texas, Police Department. Mr. BURNS advised he had asked someone, whose name he never knew, the name of the bartender at this bar. Mr. BURNS said this person told him the bartender was JACK RUBY and that RUBY owned a large night club in Dallas.

Mr. BURNS further advised he had no other information concerning JACK RUBY. Mr. BURNS also stated he had made a remark at the Cleveland City Jail several days after HARVEY LEE OSWALD was shot by JACK RUBY to the effect that "CUE" HOOPER had known JACK RUBY at Dallas, although he knew this was not true.

Mr. BURNS also voluntarily related he had been arrested on numerous occasions in Cleveland, Tennessee, for drunkenness and he had no permanent home address.

Mrs. ~~HAZEL~~ BRADLEY, Circulation Department, Cleveland Daily Banner, Cleveland, Tennessee, on January 22, 1964, advised she and "CUE" HOOPER had gone to Dallas, Texas, in 1957 and were there for several months. She said while in Texas Mr. HOOPER had not engaged in any night club activities and had not engaged in any gambling activities. She stated they were there for the purpose of trying to introduce coupon books among the laundries at Dallas. Mrs. BRADLEY advised that the only person she specifically recalled having been in touch with in this activity was a Police Lieutenant who had an interest in the Blue Bonnet Cleaners at Dallas.

She further stated she had never met JACK RUBY and had never heard HOOPER mention him by name. She said

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

if HOOPER had any contact with RUBY she was unaware of it. The only prior recollection she had of JACK RUBY was that she seemed to recall his name had been mentioned in connection with publicity about a strip-teaser, CANDY BARR. She advised that she had no information or knowledge concerning the shooting of President KENNEDY at Dallas in November, 1963.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DIRECTOR, FBI

1/29/64

SAC, SAN ANTONIO (100-9778) (RUC)

WALTER DAVID LOWENFELS
SM - C
(BUFILE 100-1110)
(OO: NEWARK)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63
DALLAS, TEXAS
(DALLAS FILE 89-43)
(OO: DALLAS)

Re Newark letter to the Bureau dated 1/15/64, which letter requested the San Antonio Division to check indices on JOHN W. STANFORD and to furnish any available characterization of STANFORD based on possible subversive information in San Antonio files.

The files of the San Antonio office contain voluminous information concerning JOHN STANFORD. He is a Security Index subject of this office and a Key Figure. STANFORD is well known to the Bureau as the Executive Secretary of the CP of Texas, as well as a member of the National Committee of the CP - USA.

For the assistance of the Newark office, the following characterization of STANFORD is being submitted:

On 9/24/63 [redacted] advised that JOHN STANFORD continues as the main CP leader in San Antonio. He has been a CP member and leader in San Antonio from at least July, 1957, to the present time. He continues his efforts to strengthen the CP in this area. STANFORD has been a San Antonio representative on the State Committee of the CP of Texas from at least July, 1957. He has been Executive Secretary of the CP of Texas from at least

- 3-Bureau (RM)
- 2-Dallas (RM)
- 2-Newark (100-22690) (RM)
- 1-San Antonio

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February, 1958. In January, 1962, the State Committee and its offices were technically abolished. However, it was agreed the committee and its officers would continue to function and STANFORD has continued to do so to the present time.

[REDACTED] on [1/7/60] advised that on that date JAMES E. JACKSON, Secretary of Negro and Southern Affairs, CP - USA, identified JOHN STANFORD as a member of the National Committee of the CP - USA, and District Organizer in Texas.

2-4-64

Airtel

**To: SACs, New Orleans
Dallas (89-43)**

From: Director, FBI (62-10960)

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
11-22-63, DALLAS, TEXAS**

The Department has received information that [redacted] a Negro in Jackson, Mississippi, who wishes his identity to be protected, has stated that Walter Hunter, a Negro, 554 Eminence Road, stated that a few days prior to 11-22-63 there was a conversation at the Standard Photo Company, East Capitol Street, Jackson, Mississippi, in which a white man named Frons (phonetic) made the statement that a tragedy would occur in Texas during the visit of the President. Hunter has specifically requested that he not be interviewed at the Standard Photo Company where he is employed.

New Orleans handle within three days of the receipt of this communication. Advise the Bureau of the results and furnish Dallas 25 copies of FD-302.

WLM:cac
(7) *cac*

NOTE: Information furnished by Bob Owen, CRD, 2-3-64.

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62-10960-2352

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EX-102

FEB 5 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
February 2, 1964

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, 11/22/63,
DALLAS, TEXAS

Conrad

✓ On January 15, 1964, Mr. J. LEE BANKIN, General Counsel,
President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY
at Washington, D. C. made available a letter from MARSHALL W.
HALONE, 5053 Marlborough Drive, San Diego 16, California, which
was dated December 10, 1963, and contained the following in-
formation:

✓ "At a nice respectable dinner party only two nights
before the President's visit to our city, a bright young couple
with a fine education, with a promising professional future, said
that they hated the President of the United States - and that they
would not care one bit if somebody did take a potshot at him."

✓ "Dated Dallas, November 25, the above is an excerpt
from John Herber's 'Special' to the New York Times. It appeared
in the Western edition of that paper on November 26th. The
Reverend William H. Dickinson, Jr. is being quoted.

"If nothing had happened to the President at Dallas
this remark could have passed for idle though vicious chatter.
Since the implied wish of the young couple came true the country
is entitled to know if these persons were merely prophetic or
if they had foreknowledge of the murder attempt.

"Reverend Dickinson should identify this couple and
they should be questioned under oath. In the days after Lincoln's
assassination anyone who had made such a remark would have been
arrested."

✓ Mr. BANKIN requested that Reverend WILLIAM H. DICKINSON,
JR. be interviewed to determine the identity of a couple who are
reported to have said they hated President KENNEDY and would not
care if an assassination attempt were executed.

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On January 21, 1964, Mrs. WILLIAM H. DICKINSON, JR., advised that she resides at 3932 Purdue in Dallas, Texas, telephone EMerson 1-0549. She said her husband, Reverend WILLIAM H. DICKINSON, JR., is the pastor of the Highland Park Methodist Church in Dallas, Texas, and he was out of the city and not expected to return until late on the night of January 27, 1964.

It was explained to Mrs. DICKINSON the nature of the contact and she advised that her husband did not attend a dinner party two nights before the President's visit to Dallas at which it was alleged a young couple stated that they "hated the President of the United States and would not care one bit if someone took a potshot at him." She said her husband received this information from another individual whom he did not identify to her. She advised her husband would contact the Dallas Office of the FBI upon his return to Dallas.

On January 28, 1964, Reverend WILLIAM H. DICKINSON, JR., 3932 Purdue, telephonically contacted the Dallas Office of the FBI and advised that he would be unable to arrange an interview prior to January 29, 1964.

On January 29, 1964, Reverend DICKINSON advised that he is the pastor of the Highland Park Methodist Church at Abbott and Bishop in Dallas, Texas. He said he resided at 3932 Purdue in Dallas and has telephone EMerson 1-0549.

He stated that Mrs. HOWARD GRIMES, 6960 Santa Maria Drive, Dallas, Texas, telephone Taylor 6-5970, had remarked to him on November 23, 1963, the following remark, which he used as a part of a sermon, which he delivered at the Highland Park Methodist Church shortly after the President was assassinated.

He produced a copy of the sermon and marked the following section:

"You will be, as I was, shocked to know that at a respectable dinner party two nights before the President's visit to our city, a bright young couple of fine education, members of a church and possessing a promising professional future, said to their friends that they hated the President of the United States and that they wouldn't care one bit if somebody did take a 'pot shot' at him. You will be chagrined and deeply troubled to know that less than a month ago an honored and respected doctor in Dallas, a member of a church, could not carry on an intelligent

"telephone conversation with one of his patients without making abusive and damaging remarks about the United States Ambassador to the United Nations who was, at that time, a visitor in Dallas."

He said that since that time he had determined the quotation to be inaccurate as to the time the statement was made. The statement was not made two or three days prior to November 22, 1963, but was made sometime prior to August 15, 1963, and he said Mrs. GRIMES advised him she had obtained the information from Mrs. TAYLOR ROBINSON of 3409 Dartmouth, in Dallas, Texas.

He said that Mrs. ROBINSON told Mrs. GRIMES that she, Mrs. ROBINSON, and her husband, attended a dinner with two other couples, Mr. and Mrs. FRANK CALDWELL, 2735 Beverly Drive, Dallas, and another couple whose identity was not known to Mrs. GRIMES, and a remark was made concerning taking a potshot at the President during the course of that dinner. Mrs. ROBINSON told Mrs. GRIMES the dinner was held in early August, 1963, and according to Mrs. GRIMES, Mrs. ROBINSON did not believe that the third couple present at the dinner heard the remark about the President.

Reverend DICKINSON said he had never known LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY, or of any association between them. He said that he had never attended either of JACK RUBY's night clubs, namely the Vegas Club or the Carousel Club in Dallas.

Reverend DICKINSON also advised that he deeply regretted the fact that he had not documented the information which he used in his sermon so that the date of the meeting mentioned therein was accurate.

On January 29, 1964, Mr. FRANK WALTER CALDWELL, 3725 Beverly Drive, Dallas, Texas, advised that his business address is Room 119 Meadows Building, Dallas, Texas. He said that he attended a private dinner at the Porte O Call restaurant in Dallas, Texas, with his wife, as a guest of Mr. and Mrs. LOU ALLISON, of 4573 Belford, Dallas, and another couple, Mr. and Mrs. TAYLOR ROBINSON, of 3409 Dartmouth, Dallas, were also present.

He said the three men were formerly from Corsicana, Texas, and this dinner was held on August 8, 1963. He stated that during the evening the couples had a few drinks and the talk drifted

toward politics and particularly concerned for the most part, a discussion of the integration questions and problems and a remark could have been made to the effect that "We would not care if someone took a potshot at the President."

He said the remark was just "chatter" and no vicious action was intended although it could have been implied, had a person overheard only the remark and not the full context of the discussion. He said that Mrs. ROBINSON was active in the discussion with him and was the target of most of his remarks and he was just "kidding" her to feel out her political beliefs and there was no enmity toward the Democratic form of Government nor the people present, implied by his questions and discussions. He said that he doubted whether or not the ALLISONS could have overheard his remark about the President since it was a rather private remark between he and Mrs. ROBINSON and the others were engaged in discussing other things.

He said he was certainly distressed, as was everyone else in America, to learn of the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY and that he would have certainly had no part in uttering such a statement with any degree of seriousness whatsoever.

He said he has never been to the Vegas Club or the Carousel Club.

On January 29, 1964, Mrs. MARSHA MCKAMEY CALDWELL, 2735 Beverly Drive, Dallas, advised she attended a private dinner at the Ports O Call restaurant in Dallas, Texas, with her husband on August 9, 1963. She said there were two other couples there, Mr. and Mrs. TAYLOR ROBINSON, and the host couple, Mr. and Mrs. LOD ALLISON, all of Dallas. She said that all of the men in this group were originally from Corsicana, Texas, and the couples did not make a practice of meeting frequently, but did on occasion, get together to sort of re-live old times.

She said she recalled there was a discussion between her husband and Mrs. ROBINSON with regard to the integration question and problems; however, she did not note any angry remarks on the part of either of them and she definitely did not hear any remark about any "taking a potshot at President KENNEDY."

Mrs. CALDWELL said she had never known LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY, and had never known of any association between them and she had never attended the Vegas or Carousel Clubs in Dallas, which were formerly operated by JACK RUBY. She did state that she did not believe Mr. and Mrs. LOD ALLISON engaged in discussion with Mrs. ROBINSON and Mr. CALDWELL.

Mr. TAYLOR ROBINSON advised on January 29, 1964, that he resides at 3409 Dartmouth in Dallas, and is employed in the Commercial Sales Division of Titcher Goettinger Company, which is located at 1592 Slocum in Dallas, Texas. He said he recalled that he and his wife attended a party, "The Corsicans Party", at the Ports O Call restaurant in early August, 1963, where Mr. and Mrs. LOD C. ALLISON were the host couple and Mr. and Mrs. FRANK CALDWELL were guests along with him and his wife. He said subsequent to the assassination of President KENNEDY he recalls seeing an article in a Dallas newspaper, a remark that was attributed to three young couples in which it was stated to the effect that "they did not care if someone took a potshot at the President." He said he wondered if some other couple had made a similar expression other than the group with whom he attended a dinner on August 9, 1963, but he did not call the FBI with regard to the remark on August 9, 1963, because there was no vicious intent implied by the person who made it.

He said that during the course of the dinner in early August, 1963, his wife and Mr. CALDWELL engaged in a rather lengthy discussion about integration and toward the end of the discussion, Mr. CALDWELL made some remark, exact context of which he was unable to recall, but it was to the effect "Do you suppose you could get someone to kill the President?" He said it was not made in a vicious, indictive manner and no additional discussion resulted.

He stated he felt Mr. CALDWELL was simply expressing a displeasure with the current Democratic administration and not particularly at President KENNEDY. He said there was no unpleasantness at the party, although Mr. CALDWELL had taken an opposite side from Mrs. ROBINSON during a part of the evening. He said he believed Mr. CALDWELL and Mrs. CALDWELL were persons who are loyal and patriotic, and they were just as distressed as everyone else in the nation when they learned of the assassination of President KENNEDY and that he was sure Mr. CALDWELL regretted having made such an expression.

He said that he had discussed "this" with ~~Harvard~~ DICKINSON but did not name any names or dates.

Mr. ROBINSON said he has never known LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY, or any association between them and has never been to the Vegas or Carousel Clubs in Dallas, Texas.

Mrs. CLAUDIA ROBINSON advised on January 30, 1964, she resides at 3409 Dartmouth in Dallas. She advised she recalls attending a dinner at the Ports O Call Restaurant with her husband and two other couples in early August, 1963. She said the three men in the party were all originally from Corsicana, Texas, and the couples as such had no particular common interest either cultural, social or political, but the boys had grown up in Corsicana, before moving to Dallas, marrying and establishing homes. She said that Mr. LOD ALLISON and wife were hosts for the party and Mr. and Mrs. FRANK CALDWELL were the other couple who were present and Mr. ALLISON told of progress that was being made in the integration problem which he had observed as a result of some accounting work he had done for one of the colleges in Dallas and Mr. CALDWELL took some exception to Mr. ALLISON's expressions but all were friendly. She said there was no extreme controversy brought about by the discussion and at one time Mr. CALDWELL remarked to her he wondered what it would take to get someone to take a potshot at the President. She said this was not stated in a vicious manner, it was made without rancor and no further remarks were made along those lines at that time. She said the remark as far as she was concerned, fell flat, and the conversation turned to other topics. She said she doubted Mr. and Mrs. ALLISON overheard that particular remark inasmuch as Mr. CALDWELL had directed it to her attention.

She said she believed Mr. and Mrs. CALDWELL and the other couples were respectable, well educated, loyal, patriotic citizens of good social standing in Dallas. She said Mr. CALDWELL is engaged in the insurance business and has offices in the Meadows Building in Dallas.

She also advised the statement concerning the remark about the "potshot" was repeated by her at a luncheon at the Mart Building in Dallas, which was to have been held in honor of President KENNEDY and she repeated this remark probably out of

shock when she heard the news about the assassination of the President and it was overheard by Mrs. HOWARD GRIMES and she did not know whether or not Mrs. GRIMES might have told anyone else about it. She had recently heard that Reverend WILLIAM H. DICKINSON, JR. had heard about it through Mrs. GRIMES. She said it was extremely bad that it was repeated or even made known and she felt sure that Mr. CALDWELL had no animosity toward President KENNEDY personally.

She said she did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD or JACK RUBY, or of any association between them and she had never been in the Vegas or Carousel Clubs when they were operated by JACK RUBY at Dallas, Texas.

Mr. LOD C. ALLISON advised on January 31, 1964, that he and his wife were hosts for a party at Ports O Call at Dallas on August 9, 1964, and two other couples were present, the FRANK CALDWELLS and the TAYLOR ROBINSONS. He said that he and Mr. CALDWELL and Mr. ROBINSON were all raised in Corsicana, Texas, had known one another all their lives and they decided in early August they would get together with their wives for dinner at Ports O Call and he recalled that on that particular evening all of them went and had a few drinks and became involved in a discussion of integration and its problems and progress. He said Mr. CALDWELL and Mrs. ROBINSON appeared to be taking definite sides on the issue, but at no time did he ever hear any remarks about anyone wanting to kill the President or take a "potshot" at him. He said that he held the ROBINSONS and the CALDWELLS in high regard and had no reason to doubt their loyalty, patriotism, character or associates.

He said that he had known JACK RUBY personally since 1956, when JACK RUBY came to him in 1956 and engaged him as a tax consultant. He said that he had done no further business with him since that time and had seen him on occasion and would recognize him but had never had any other dealings with him. He said he had never known LEE HARVEY OSWALD or any association between JACK RUBY and OSWALD and the only time he had ever been in RUBY's business was when he went to the Vegas Club to obtain business records and to audit accounts in connection with his tax research matter.

On January 31, 1964, Mrs. JENNY LEA ALLISON, stated that she and her husband were hosts for a dinner party at the Ports O Call restaurant in Dallas, Texas, on August 9, 1963, for Mr. and Mrs. TAYLOR ROBINSON and Mr. and Mrs. FRANK CALDWELL.

She said the men had been raised in Corsicana, Texas, and they arranged the party so that they might reminisce over old times. She said she did not go around with the wives of the two couples socially, and although she saw them infrequently, she had no reason to doubt their loyalty, patriotism or character.

She said there was a discussion of the integration problem during the dinner and some talk of politics and she noted that Mr. CALDWELL and Mrs. ROBINSON seemed to be on opposite sides of the questions that were discussed.

Mrs. ALLISON said she never heard anyone make a remark about assassinating or killing the President or taking a "potshot" at him.

She said that she knew JACK RUBY as a result of his coming to the office of her husband to consult with him on tax matters, but she had never been to the Vegas or Carousel Clubs in Dallas. She advised she did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and knew of no association between him and JACK RUBY.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Rogge
- 1 - Mr. J. W. Hines
- 1 - Mr. R. E. Lenihan

February 4, 1964

REC-23

62-109060 2353

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
 General Counsel
 The President's Commission
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

This is in response to your letter dated January 15, 1964, requesting this Bureau interview the Reverend William H. Dickinson, Jr., concerning an alleged statement reportedly made in his presence prior to the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

Enclosed for your assistance are two copies of a communication prepared by our Dallas Office dated February 2, 1964, incorporating the interview of Reverend Dickinson as well as the results of our investigation. Since a copy of your original request was furnished to the Honorable James J. Rowley, Chief, United States Secret Service, I have also sent a copy of the enclosed communication to him.

This concludes our inquiry into this particular matter.

Sincerely yours,
 J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 11
 FEB 4 1964
 COMM-FBI

Enclosures (2)

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Geale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

EB 2

62-109090

62-109060

44-24016

RDR:alt

(11)

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

(SEE NOTE ON PAGE 2.)

REC'D-READING ROOM
 FEB 4 2 12 PM '64

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REC'D - FBI

Handwritten signatures and initials

Red

NOTE:

This matter previously on Director's "Special List" and has been receiving close attention at the Bureau. Marshall W. Malone, San Diego, California, directed a letter to the President's Commission dated 12-10-63 in which he quoted part of an article appearing in the western edition of the "New York Times," datelined Dallas, Texas, 11-25-63. In the article the writer quotes the Reverend H. Dickinson, Jr. as having stated "a bright young" couple had made a statement two days prior to President Kennedy's visit to Dallas that "they hated the President of the United States and that they would not care one bit if someone did take a pot shot at him." Mr. Rankin requested interview of the Reverend Dickinson for the purpose of identifying the couple responsible for this statement and thereafter conduct appropriate investigation.

Dallas by airtel 2-1-64 enclosed an eight-page letterhead memorandum incorporating the results of investigation in this matter. It would appear the statement referred to above was taken out of context when made by Mr. Frank Caldwell during a dinner in Dallas on 8-9-63. Only two other couples were present at this time, during which a discussion relating to racial matters was gone into.

The wife of another member of the dinner party has acknowledged she probably perpetuated this rumor by repeating it shortly after the President's assassination, which in turn was picked up by still another party and hence used by the Reverend Dickinson in a sermon without further documentation. All parties involved have acknowledged regret over this unfortunate statement. It does not appear the statement as quoted in the newspaper was ever actually said.

It is interesting to note that one of the individuals interviewed knew Jack Ruby in 1956 in connection with the individual's business as a tax consultant. There appears to be no further connection between this individual and Jack Ruby.

2/4/64

AIRTEL

To: SAC, Dallas (89-43)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT

JOHN F. KENNEDY

11/22/63

DALLAS, TEXAS

Leighton

Reference is made to various communications relating to the inquiry of Reverend V. Montgomery.

For your future information and guidance, the Bureau is handling this investigation under three separate phases.

The first phase can be described as the Lee Harvey Oswald phase which relates primarily to background on Oswald prior to and subsequent to the assassination of President Kennedy. This investigation has been carried under the caption, "Lee Harvey Oswald, aka., IS - R - CUBA," Bureau file 105-82555, Dallas file 100-10461, and is being primarily supervised by the Domestic Intelligence Division.

The second phase of this investigation is captioned as above in the respective file numbers shown. This phase primarily deals with allegations, evidence, etc., relating principally to the assassination of the President. You are well aware of the third phase which deals with Jack L. Ruby. Both of these phases are supervised by the General Investigative Division.

Your failure to reply to Bureau communications in the same caption and file as the Bureau request results in undue confusion, primarily the routing of communications.

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holloman
- Gandy

1 - Bufile 105-82555
 1 - Bufile 44-24016
 1 - Mr. R. S. Lennihan, Room 609 RB
 1 - Mr. J. W. Eynes, Room 2264

RDR:vhm
(8)

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

REC-38

62-109060-2354
 SEE NOTE PAGE TWO.

22 FEB 15 1964

Handwritten signature

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 44-24016-105-82555

FEB 4-1964
COMM-FBI

Airtel to SAC, Dallas
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
11/22/63
DALLAS, TEXAS

k
The particular situation in question is the above-referenced communications wherein the Bureau initiated inquiries and used the assassination title, but Dallas replied in the Lee Harvey Oswald caption. Continued failure to reply in the same caption and file number might possibly result in an embarrassing delay attributable to the Bureau. In the future when receiving a particular inquiry from the Bureau in a specified title, your reply should be in like form.

NOTE: Above believed necessary to clarify apparent misunderstanding on the part of Dallas. All inquiries by Dallas have been handled promptly and no embarrassment has resulted; however, above reference matter was occasioned by request from the President's Commission and to preclude any possible embarrassment in the future it is felt the above should be sent.

SAC, Dallas (89-43)

February 5, 1964

Director, FBI (62-109060)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

The Bureau is in receipt of an anonymous undated handprinted communication postmarked at Baltimore, Maryland, 11:30 A.M., 1-21-64. This letter was directed to the Tatler Publishing Company, 647 National Press Building, Washington, D. C. This firm is in the process of publishing and selling a 44-page gallery of photographs of the late President Kennedy, which apparently prompted the anonymous communication. The letter reads as follows:

"Please note

"This man was a phony and an hypocrite and a liar - his demise should have been scheduled long ago - thank-god-we have people with courage like Oswald

"Stop trying to sell junk
A decent red blooded American would not buy such junk.

"Thank You"

The above is being furnished for information and possible future references. Receiving offices will be furnished separately results of check of above letter through Anonymous Letter File.

- 1 - Baltimore
- 1 - Washington Field
- 1 - R. E. Lenihan
- 1 - Laboratory (Document Section) - Enc.
- 1 - Mr. W. J. Goodwin

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

RDR:mlt)net
(8)

EX-115

(SEE NOTES ON PAGE 2.)

REC-40

62-109060-2355

FEB 15 1964

FEB 6 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

NOTE FOR LABORATORY:

Please check attached handprinted anonymous letter through Anonymous Letter File and furnish results to Dallas, Baltimore and Washington Field Office.

NOTE:

Anonymous communication sent to W. J. Goodwin of the Special Investigative Division by Mr. Robert Ramey, Publisher of the Tatler Publishing Company, and was received by Mr. Goodwin on 1-31-64. No further action appears warranted and none is recommended.

Washington, D.C.

A Need For Facts

There are quite a few facts regarding the President's assassination that are not being fully investigated. There is an implication the probe is not sincere in all respects.

Oswald's father-in-law is a Colonel in the Russian intelligence service; Oswald lived as a member of the Colonel's family for three years. According to Oswald's widow, his income for the last fourteen months was about \$3,500. Where did this money come from? He was in Mexico in late September and early October. Who financed that trip?

Central Intelligence has found Oswald was accompanied to Mexico by two women and another man, the latter proceeding on to Cuba. Who were the women and the man?

Now, regarding Jack Ruby. His father was a Russian; Ruby himself made a trip to Cuba in 1959, ostensibly to sell Jeeps to the Cuban government. Was Oswald killed because they were afraid he might talk?

Who recommended Chief Justice Warren to head the investigation, superseding the F.B.I.? Such probes are clearly the realm of the F.B.I.

Why did Warren make the statement shortly after the assassination that it was the work of extreme rightists? He seems hardly the man to make this investigation. Why did Warren rent offices in Washington, hire attorneys as legal advisers, and then state it probably will be a year before the investigation is completed?

Why not take Warren out of the investigation, turn it back to the F.B.I. where it properly belongs? Since when, anyway, is it proper to take the Chief Justice away from his duties to carry on a purely police-type investigation? Particularly when later on those tried or convicted may wind up on appeal before Warren's court?

Why did the State Department notify all of our foreign representatives, within an hour after the killing, that no other country was involved, that it was an act of extremists in our own country? How did the Department know so shortly after the killing just who was involved?

These questions and many more need to be answered before I will consider it an honest investigation. If the answer is not

found to them, we will know that it is a Communist whitewash.
1331 S. Harvard

C. C. Duckworth

Tulsa, Oklahoma

62-109060 2356
ENCLOSURE

1523 S. Delaware Place
Tulsa, Oklahoma
January 27, 1934

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Enclosed is a letter to the editor of our local newspaper, The Tulsa World. It is typical of many such articles and speeches that are circulated in this area.

Where can one obtain some answers to the questions and charges that this letter presents?

We would like to refute many of these charges but have been unable to obtain the necessary facts. Any information that you might send to us would be sincerely appreciated.

Respectfully yours,

Frank M. J. Glenn

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Glenn

REC-53

62-109060-2356

EX-103

CORRESPONDENCE

ENCLOSURE

H

REC-53
EX-103

62-109060-2356

February 4, 1964

md
Mrs. J. G. Glenn
1523 South Delaware Place
Tulsa, Oklahoma

Dear Mrs. Glenn:

The letter of January 27th, with enclosure, from you and your husband has been received.

Although I would like to be of service, the FBI has not released any information concerning its investigation of the assassination of President Kennedy and related matters. In accordance with instructions of President Johnson, the facts developed are forwarded to the Presidential Commission. Any public dissemination of this information will be the responsibility of the Commission. I regret we are unable to help you but trust you will understand.

John E.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

MAILED 11
FEB 4 1964
COMM-FBI

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI
FEB 4 4 02 PM '64

NOTE: Correspondent and C. C. Duckworth cannot be identified in Bufiles.

JH:jf (3)

- Tele. Room _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

9 FEB 6 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Special Agent
DAW
um
HA
BA
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FBI
FEB 7 1 51 PM '64

FBI

Date: 2/3/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIR TEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT, JOHN
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, November 22, 1963,
Dallas, Texas
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Denver airtel to Bureau, 1/30/64, enclosing
a letterhead memorandum containing results of interview
with MIKE MILTON VINICH, Casper, Wyoming, and enclosing
for Dallas 25 copies of an FD-302 together with one copy
of the letterhead memorandum.

In view of the submission of a letterhead
memorandum by Denver and the fact that the information
contained in the 302 reflects the same information and
contains no information concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD, or
individuals connected with OSWALD, such 302 will not be
included in any report submitted by Dallas, UACB.

- 3 - Bureau
- 1 - Denver (89-41) (Info)
- 2 - Dallas

RPG:em
(6)

62-109060-2357

REC-53

6 FEB 5 1964

EX-103

[Handwritten initials]

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

79 FEB 6 1964

February 4, 1964

By Courier Service

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.
Washington, D. C.

*Assassination of
President John F.
Kennedy*

Dear Mr. Rankin:

At the request of members of your staff, the FBI Laboratory has made a study of the film speed of the camera used by Mr. Orville O. Nix in filming an eight millimeter motion picture of the President's assassination.

The Nix camera was found to have an average normal running speed of 18.5 frames per second (fps). This examination was made by checking the film speed at ten second intervals throughout the full running time of a fully wound camera. Several checks were made on a full roll of film and it was found that the film speed of the camera when fully wound runs at an average speed of 18.5 fps for the first ten seconds. It gradually increases to an average of 18.6 fps for the next ten seconds before gradually decreasing to an 18.425 fps average for the next ten seconds. The final five seconds run at an average speed of 15.75 fps. This results in an over-all average of 17.825 fps; however, the normal average running film speed, exclusive of the last five seconds, is 18.5 fps. Since the pertinent portions of Mr. Nix's assassination film were exposed prior to the last five seconds of running time, the 18.5 fps average film speed is the most realistic figure to use in relation to the assassination portion of his film.

REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI
FEB 4 10 44 AM '64
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82 FEB - 4
COMM-FBI

Sincerely yours,

D. Edgar Hoover

- Tele. Room
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

11 00 AM '64
NOTE: See memorandum REC-530, Griffith to Mr. Conrad 2/3/64.
DIRECTION

62 109060-2358
22 FEB 4 1964

9 FEB 6 1964
MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

DECODED COPY

- Tolson
- DeLoach
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

AIRGRAM CABLEGRAM RADIO TELETYPE

DEFERRED 2-4-64
 TO DIRECTOR AND DALLAS
 FROM ALBUQUERQUE 041715

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
 DALLAS, TEXAS, AFO OO: DALLAS.

RE BALTIMORE AIRTEL TO BUREAU JANUARY 23 LAST CONCERNING
 ALLEGATIONS OF THOMAS EDWARD TENNANT. N.M.

INVESTIGATION LAS CRUCES, NEW MEXICO REVEALS GEORGE
AND FLOY MC NALLEY UNDOUBTEDLY IDENTICAL TO WILLIAM HOWARD
FISHER AND FEMALE FRIEND FLOY (LAST NAME UNKNOWN). FISHER
 HAD A FRIEND RICHARD A. MC GUIGAN WHO BELIEVED IDENTICAL
 TO "RICARDO" (LNU) REFERRED TO BY TENNANT. N.M.

BOTH FISHER AND MC GUIGAN HAVE BEEN IN CUSTODY SINCE
 OCTOBER 9 LAST AND PRESENTLY CONFINED TO NEW MEXICO STATE
 PEN AT SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO WHERE IMMEDIATE ATTEMPTS WILL
 BE MADE TO INTERVIEW THEM.

RECEIVED: 2:06 PM NCC

cc: Mr. Sullivan

[Handwritten signature]

EX-101

REC-34 62-109060-2359

22 FEB 6 1964

79 FEB 7 1964

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 1/31/64

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63
REQUEST BY INVESTIGATING COMMISSION

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

On 1/27 and 28/64 SA Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt met with attorneys at the Commission investigating the President's assassination at which the amateur film of one Mr. Zapruder was reviewed. Attorneys for the Commission requested a further study of the speed of the film in the camera used in making the film to determine the variation in film speed between a camera with the spring drive fully wound and the speed of the film as the spring runs down. This was approved as a result of a memorandum from W. D. Griffith to Mr. Conrad dated 1/28/64 which set out the Commission's request for further examination of the assassination films and cameras.

This study has been made by checking the film speed of the Zapruder camera at ten second intervals throughout the full running time of a fully wound camera. Several checks were made on a full roll of film and it was found that the film speed of the camera when fully wound runs at an average speed of from 18.0 to 18.1 frames per second (fps) for the first ten seconds. It gradually increases to 18.3 to 18.5 fps for the next 20 seconds, then gradually decreases slightly to 18.1 fps for ten seconds before the final 20 seconds that run at an average speed of 17.6 to 17.9 frames per second. Mr. Zapruder has stated that the camera was fully wound when he started filming the President's motorcade. Since all of Zapruder's assassination film was exposed well within the first half of time the camera will run on one winding, the run-down film speed should not be considered in the calculations. Therefore, the above figures result in our previous average frames per second speed for the assassination film of 18 1/3 or 18.3 frames per second.

RECOMMENDATION: That the attached letter be sent to Mr. J. Lee Rankin furnishing him with the results of the examination requested by the Commission.

FEB 6 1964

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Callahan (Mr. Gauthier)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan

REC 55

22 FEB 6 1964

58 FEB 10 1964

Enclosure

sent 2-3-64

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

62-104060-2360

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 1/24/64

FROM : W. D. Griffith

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63
REQUEST BY INVESTIGATING COMMISSION

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Conrad _____
- Callahan _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

White
Griffith

P. J. ...
D. ...

Yesterday afternoon Inspector J. R. Malley relayed to the Laboratory an inquiry from Mr. Howard P. Willens from the Commission investigating the President's assassination concerning the Laboratory's examination of one of the movie films showing the shooting sequence. Mr. Willens had stated that he and some of the attorneys working for the Commission will be viewing the "Zapruder" film Monday and would like to ask some questions of a technical nature concerning the manner in which the film was made originally and concerning our findings as a result of the Laboratory examination. I returned Mr. Willens's call promptly yesterday afternoon and arranged to make a Laboratory expert available Monday morning as requested. Mr. Willens was most appreciative.

W. D. Griffith

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109060-2364

The Zapruder film is the 8 mm home movie color film shot by Abraham Zapruder showing the whole sequence of events up to and including the shooting of the President. Inspector Gauthier's memorandum of 1/23/64 advises that arrangements will be made to show the Zapruder film and another movie of the same nature to the Commission on 1/27/64. When I talked with Mr. Willens yesterday he at first stated he would like to talk to the expert who originally examined this film and who prepared the Laboratory report concerning it. (This was SA Frederick E. Webb and his Laboratory report is dated 12/20/63.) I told him that the expert, SA Webb, is in St. Joseph, Missouri, handling testimony at a trial out there and is not expected to return until sometime next week but if the Commission desired, I would certainly explore the possibility of having him released by the court to handle the Commission's inquiry. Mr. Willens stated this was not necessary since their operations are "substantially more flexible than that of the courts" and they would prefer to wait until SA Webb returned.

I suggested to him we have other experts who possibly could handle any general technical inquiry and I wanted him to know we would be able to make an alternate expert available if he so desired. He stated actually this might solve the problem since at this time the questions they have in mind are rather general.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
 - 1 - Mr. Mohr
 - 1 - Mr. Rosen (Mr. Malley) REC 58
 - 1 - Mr. Callahan (Mr. Gauthier)
- W.D.G.:mb (8) 27

62-109060-2364

[Handwritten signatures]

22 FEB 6 1964

62-109060-2364

Memorandum to Mr. Conrad
Re: Assassination of President John F. Kennedy
Dallas, Texas, 11/22/63
Request by Investigating Commission

I then arranged with Mr. Willens for SA Lyndal L. Shaneyfelt to be present in Room 401, VFW Building, 200 Maryland Avenue, at 9:30 a. m., Monday, 1/27/64. Mr. Willens indicated that this would afford the attorneys who will be viewing the Zapruder film later Monday morning an opportunity to consult with the Laboratory expert prior to viewing the film.

RECOMMENDATION: None. For information.

OK. JWC
A
BDR
V. K. W. C.

FBI

Date: 2/1/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM : SAC, ATLANTA (94-545) (C)
SUBJECT: MRS. MYRTLE LYONS
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
RESEARCH (CORRESPONDENCE AND TOURS)

Re Bureau airtel to Atlanta, 1/29/64.

Mrs. MYRTLE LYONS was interviewed on 1/31/64 and could furnish no information in addition to her letter; she was advised of the Bureau's jurisdiction. In connection with page 1 of her letter which she referred to what happened in Dallas on the 22nd and 24th of November, she stated that she was not sure from newspaper accounts whether or not OSWALD was actually the assassin of President KENNEDY. She stated that although she did not know her husband's whereabouts on that date, she hoped he was not involved. She stated that she has no reason to think he was involved in that or any other criminal activity. At this point, She became very emotional and throughout the interview she displayed evidences of emotional instability.

Since the Agent who interviewed her orally acknowledged her letter to the Bureau, Atlanta recommends no further contact with her and she will not be further interviewed UACB.

3 - Bureau
1 - Atlanta

CSH:jcl
(4)

C. C. WICK

1/24/64 - dist.
FEB 6 1964 9-6-64

No further div P interest
STP
3-3-64 REC 55
EX-112
62-109060-2362
5
5 FEB 3 1964

CORRECTION OFFICE

Approved: [Signature] Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

February 4, 1964

Airtel

To: SACs, Atlanta
New Orleans

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) *REC 55* *2362*

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

ReBuairtel 1-29-64 and ATairtel 2-1-64 captioned "Mrs. Myrtle Lyons, Atlanta, Georgia, Research (Correspondence and Tours)," which relates to an implied connection between Mrs. Lyons' husband and the assassination of President Kennedy.

While it is quite apparent Mrs. Lyons may be in need of psychiatric help and displayed evidences of emotional instability, her allegations relating to the possible implication of her husband in the assassination of President Kennedy must be appropriately resolved.

Atlanta is instructed to incorporate the results of Mrs. Lyons' interview in appropriate insert form suitable for dissemination, including her letter to the Bureau dated 1-26-64. Appropriate leads to locate her husband should be set out for New Orleans.

New Orleans instructed to submit pertinent investigation in suitable insert form. Furnish the Bureau the results of inquiries and 25 copies of inserts should be furnished to Dallas.

1 - Dallas (89-43)

~~1 - 94 (Mrs. Myrtle Lyons)~~

1 - Correspondence Unit

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

~~RECEIVED~~
~~COPIES DESTROYED~~

44 DEC 27 1972

53 FEB 19 1964

MAILED 10
FEB - 4 1964
COMM-FBI

(SEE NOTE ON PAGE 2.)

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

NOTE:

By letter dated 1-26-64, Mrs. Lyons wrote to the Director and implied that her husband may have been involved in the assassination of President Kennedy. It is apparent she is having marital difficulties, but nevertheless states he planned to buy a rifle with a sight prior to the assassination. Atlanta by airtel dated 2-1-64 reports the interview of Mrs. Lyons in which she states in essence that she was not sure whether Oswald was actually the assassin of President Kennedy and she did not know the whereabouts of her husband on 11-22-63.

While it is quite apparent this is nebulous and more than likely inaccurate information from a mentally disturbed individual, it is felt because of the seriousness of this matter we must run it out to a logical conclusion.

TRUE COPY

Jan. 26. 1964

Dear Mr. Hoover

First please excuse this paper as this is all I have on hand.

I hardly know how to start this letter. But it concerns what happened in Dallas on the 22 and 24 Nov. Perhaps there isn't anything to it but as some strange things has happened between my Husband and I and we both moved here from Baton Rouge Louisiana. I came here first Nov 3-1962 he came here sometimes in June. We separated on Sept. 6. I in the mean time get two letters from a woman in Huston Texas. Witch I'm using to file for my divorce. Plus he had a Map to Huston that I tore up. But before we seperated he ask me to Inquire about the price of a gun with a 30-30 sight.

Also when my husband arrived in town he had this 54 Bel Air Chev. No papers are anything to show it was his. I mailed 2 payments on it 25.00 different times and in the first payment he had me to write a note saying he was sorry things had happened like they had but next time he'd send more. Now I mailed these to a man named Patin at the North Street Bar and Package Store. in Baton Rouge La.

On several occassion after we had seperated I tried several times to have the police check on him. But I'm sure you're aware of the laws and the Police are restricked to a certain limit. As you know how these things plus the fact when my husband arrived here in Atlanta his first remarks to me was he left Baton Rouge as he did'nt want to be involved as someone was about to be killed I did'nt think much about it at the time as he ran around with a rough bunch of people in Night Clubs and they had a club formed and called it the Turtle Club.

Perhaps Mr. Hoover you'll disregard this but I sure would appreciate this if you would have someone contact me as I'm sure you know its hard to trust just anyone to talk about something as serious as this. But my main concern is about my husband for I don't want any harm done to him.

Thank you
Sincerely

Mrs. Myrtle Lyons

REC 55 62-109260-2363
22 FEB 5 1964

XEROX
FEB 6 1964

My address at work

**5628 Memorial Dr.
Stone Mountain, Ga**

Phone 443-6457

My address at Home

83 Hunter St.

Apt. 220

Capital Homes

Atlanta, Ga.

Mystic Tyoid

Law.

P. S.

**When my husband first arrived in town he went to work at
Roebuck Welding. Then later went to All South Utilities Co in College Park,
Ga. When we seperated he moved to
1422 Athens Ave or
St. S. W. Atlanta, Ga.**

When my husband
first arrived in town
he went to work at
Rebeck's Welding. I had
later went to All
South Utilities Co
College Park, Ga.
When we separated
he moved to
1422 Athens Ave. N.W.
St. A.W. Atlanta, Ga.

My address at work
57 5628 Memorial Dr
Stone Mountain, Ga
Phone 443. 6457

My address at home
83 Hunter St
Apt. 220
Capital Homes
Atlanta, Ga

He ran around with
a bunch of people
in West Club and they
had a Club named and
called it the Turtle
Club.

Perhaps Mr. Hoover you'll
disregard this but I
sure would appreciate
this if you would have
someone contact me as
I'm sure you know its
hard to trust anyone to
talk about something as
serious as this. But my
main concern is about
my husband and I
don't want to see him
hurt to him.

Thank you
Sincerely
Mrs. Myrtle Dyer

them. To a man named
Patton at the North Street
Saw and Package Store
in Baton Rouge La.

On several occasions
after we had separated
I tried several times
to pass the Police Check
on him. But I'm sure
you'll understand this
as you're aware of
the laws on our the
Police are restricted to
a certain limits as you
know how these things are
plus the fact when my
husband's arrival here
as Atlanta his first
remarks to me was
he left Baton Rouge as
he didn't want to be
impaled as someone
was about to be killed
I didn't think much

He had a Map of
Tucson that I tore up.
But when we recently
he ask me to sign
about the price of a
gun with a 20 30
rifle.

Also when my husband
arrived in town he
had this 54 Cal and
Cher. No papers are
anything to show it
was his. I would
mailed 2 payments on
at 25.00 2 different
times and in the
first payment he
had me to write a
note saying he was
passing things had happen
ed like they had but
next time he had