

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 1/20/76

DARRELL EDWARD MC MILLAN, Lot #16, Oak Ridge Mobile Homes Park, Route 3, Highway 82, telephone number 214-665-6560, was interviewed at the Gainesville State School, Gainesville, Texas, telephone 214-665-0701, where he is employed as a Youth Counselor. He was advised of the identities of SAs [redacted] and [redacted] as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). He was advised that an interview was desired concerning his having reportedly stopped a woman at Ardmore, Oklahoma the night before President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY was assassinated on November 22, 1963, and who was hysterical and told him that something bad was going to happen to the President in Dallas, Texas, the following day.

MC MILLAN advised he was employed as a patrolman by the Ardmore, Oklahoma Police Department from June, 1963 to October, 1967. Between 1:30 a.m. and 2:00 a.m., on November 22, 1963, he was in a patrol car parked on the Southeast corner of North Commerce Street and 12th Avenue Northwest in Ardmore, Oklahoma, when he observed an old vehicle occupied by a lone woman going up and down North Commerce Street. After about four observations of this vehicle, he stopped the woman while she was proceeding south on North Commerce Street in about the 1000 block. When he first approached her, she became hysterical and after calming her down, she said, "They are going to do something terrible to the President when he comes to Dallas today."

MC MILLAN spent about 15 minutes talking with this woman. He checked her for intoxication by having her get out of the car and walk a straight line which she was able to do. She told him she had been to a party in Texas and had left the party and was just driving around. MC MILLAN found a martini glass in the car. The car was an old model coupe, a Chrysler product, believed to be a 1939, 1940 or

Interviewed on 1/14/76 at Gainesville, Texas File # Dallas 89-43

by SA [redacted] SA [redacted] RPG:ls Date dictated 1/20/76

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1941 model but was in excellent condition. It was a dark color. It bore a Texas license. The lady was named MARY FRANCES ODOM. She had a current Texas Drivers License and was from a suburb of Dallas, Texas, believed to be Irving, or Hurst, Texas. MC MILLAN recorded this woman's name, drivers license number, car description and car license number and made an activity report that same night to the Ardmore Police Department. He also made a record of the same information on a legal size pad of paper for his own use which he has since lost. He did not arrest this woman, but let her proceed in her car. He described her as a white female about 35 years of age, 105-110 pounds, 5'3"-4", brunette, attractive and well built, well dressed and who appeared to be quite intelligent. He assumed she was married.

During the afternoon of November 22, 1963, after MC MILLAN learned of the assassination of President KENNEDY, he immediately proceeded to the Ardmore Police Department from his residence and obtained the information from his activity report and gave such information to two FBI Agents at the Ardmore Police Department. It is his recollection he put the information on a piece of paper and gave it to SAs SHIFFER and PITTS. He estimated this was between 4:00 and 5:00 p.m., on November 22, 1963. MC MILLAN states other individuals who either saw his report or knew of its contents and who may have witnessed him giving such information to the two FBI Agents were Chief of Police BUCK HOUCHENS (phonetic); Assistant Chief of Police JESS MC GINNIS; Patrolman FRANK LINDSAY and Patrolman WOODY EDEN.

MC MILLAN thought nothing more about this information until he read about the investigation being conducted into the assassination of President KENNEDY by District Attorney JAMES GARRISON in New Orleans, Louisiana, in what

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MC MILLAN believes was about 1964 or 1965. MC MILLAN recalls that he saw mention of the name "ODOM" in connection with GARRISON's investigation. MC MILLAN then called GARRISON's number one investigator, name not recalled but believed it was an Italian sounding name and gave him the information concerning MARY FRANCES ODOM as set forth above. GARRISON's investigator wanted a copy of MC MILLAN's police activity report made on this incident but MC MILLAN upon checking the Ardmore Police Department records was unable to locate any such report. MC MILLAN discussed the absence of his activity report with dispatcher BILL FREEMAN at the Ardmore Police Department, and called SA SHIFFER of the Ardmore Resident Agency of the FBI. MC MILLAN alleges that SA SHIFFER told him there was no copy of the report made by MC MILLAN in FBI files in Oklahoma, as it had been sent through proper channels. MC MILLAN stated he was never interviewed in person by JAMES GARRISON's investigator because shortly after his contact, by telephone, GARRISON's investigation ended as a failure. MC MILLAN again heard nothing further until about October, 1975, when some reporter from a Dallas newspaper, name of reporter and newspaper not recalled, called him and inquired about the incident, at which time MC MILLAN told this reporter the details of the MARY FRANCES ODOM incident as set forth above. MC MILLAN has no idea how this reporter learned of the incident or of MC MILLAN's whereabouts, but states this reporter suggested he should tell his Congressman about it. Thereafter, MC MILLAN contacted a representative of some Congressional Committee named TIM (last name unknown) in Washington, D.C.. MC MILLAN obtained TIM's telephone number through telephone information and told him about the MARY FRANCES ODOM incident.

About a month or so ago, BOB SIRKIN of Channel 8 News at Dallas, Texas, called MC MILLAN to arrange an interview with him concerning the MARY FRANCES ODOM incident.

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Before consenting to such interview, MC MILLAN telephoned TIM (last name unknown), supra, to determine if it was okay to give the interview and TIM told him to go ahead. SIRKIN came to Gainesville, Texas and interviewed MC MILLAN, during which time MC MILLAN related the information concerning the incident involving MARY FRANCES ODOM. This interview was taped for television and MC MILLAN states he told SIRKIN he was not particularly interested in having his photograph appear on television because of his employment with the youths at the Gainesville State School. He subsequently was told by SIRKIN that the information furnished by MC MILLAN could not be used because some of it could not be verified. MC MILLAN recalled that SIRKIN indicated he had located some woman named MARY FRANCES ODOM who he believes was from San Antonio, Texas.

When MC MILLAN was advised that SA GERALD E. PITTS of the Ardmore, Oklahoma Resident Agency of the FBI was not transferred to Oklahoma until 1965, MC MILLAN explained that there may have been some other Agent with SA SHIFFER when he gave SHIFFER the information on November 22, 1963. MC MILLAN explained that during the period he was employed at the Ardmore, Oklahoma Police Department, from June, 1963 to October, 1967, he was acquainted with SAs SHIFFER, PITTS and another Agent from the Lawton, Oklahoma Resident Agency, BOB (last name unknown). He explained it was possible SA PITTS was not present when he gave the information to SA SHIFFER.

When questioned as to why the Ardmore Police Department records do not reflect a copy of the activity report concerning MARY FRANCES ODOM, MC MILLAN stated, this is typical of the record keeping at the Ardmore Police Department. He also stated he had been dismissed from the Ardmore Police Department in 1967 by the then Chief of Police DOMINIC (last name unknown), because a bank robber, JAMES KENNETH JOHNSON, who MC MILLAN had arrested, had allegedly

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told DOMINIC that MC MILLAN was trying to get JOHNSON to obtain a photograph of DOMINIC [REDACTED] so such photograph could be used to get DOMINIC fired.

MC MILLAN then went to work as a Deputy Sheriff at Walters, Oklahoma, for about six months; then to Cyril, Oklahoma where he was hired as City Marshal. He stayed at Cyril, Oklahoma for approximately seven years until May, 1975, when he was dismissed [REDACTED] which MC MILLAN states were never proved. In May, 1975, MC MILLAN took a job with the Gainesville Water Department, Gainesville, Texas, where he worked until he started his present position at the Gainesville State School in October, 1975.

MC MILLAN states he has discussed the incident involving MARY FRANCES ODOM with many of his associates over the years. When asked to furnish names of individuals with whom he had discussed this incident, he mentioned his younger brother GERALD MC MILLAN, unknown address, Richardson, Texas, who is a potato broker in the Farmers Market area of Dallas; and PAUL RHODES, Mayor, Cyril, Oklahoma. MC MILLAN was most emphatic that if SA GERALD E. PITTS was not the Agent accompanying SHIFFER on the afternoon of November 22, 1963, when he furnished the information to SHIFFER, there was some other agent with him who, if located, could verify that he did actually give such information.

MC MILLAN also stated that he recalls contacting the Dallas Police Department at Dallas, Texas by telephone from his residence in the 500 block of West Stanley, Ardmore, Oklahoma, on the night of November 22, 1963, at which time he gave some unknown Dallas police officer the same information about MARY FRANCES ODOM as set forth above.

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MC MILLAN is a white male, born May 31, 1925, at Wilson, Oklahoma. He is 6'2½" tall, weighs 227 pounds, has black hair and brown eyes. He is married to BETTY JOYCE MC MILLAN.

34-53

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

The files of the Dallas Office of the FBI reflect that in 1967, during the investigation of Clay Shaw by District Attorney James Garrison in New Orleans, Louisiana, it was revealed that a notebook seized from Shaw's effects referred to name, "Lee Odom, P.O. Box 19106, Dallas, Tex." Thereafter, the Dallas Times Herald, Dallas, Texas, of May 17, 1967, carried an interview of Lee Odom by Staff writer Jim Lehrer. This article did not reflect the residence of Lee Odom but indicated his residence was in an apartment complex in a suburban city of Dallas County, Texas from the summer of 1966 until October or November, 1966. The post office box was located in the Medical Center postal station at Knight and Maple Streets, Dallas, Texas, in the name of a barbecue company Odom was operating. This article indicated Odom had been in New Orleans in November, 1966, to promote a bullfight and was in contact with Clay Shaw about a suitable location for such bullfight, at which time Odom gave Shaw his business card. Odom indicated he had no contact with Shaw thereafter. It also reflected that post office box 19106 did not come into existence until mid 1965.

Dallas files also reflect that in 1967 Odom was living with his wife and two children, no names reflected, at the Sands Apartments located at O'Connor and 6th Street, Irving, Texas, and had P.O. Box 174, Irving, Texas. He was not interviewed by the FBI concerning his relationship with Clay Shaw nor concerning the assassination investigation.

On January 15, 1976, a check with the Texas Crime Information Center on the name Mary Frances Odom revealed a Mary Frances Odom, 211 West French Place, San Antonio, Texas, 78212, currently has Texas Drivers License number 2425827 which expires April 8, 1979. She is described as a white female, born April 8, 1917, 5'7", 125 pounds, brown hair, brown eyes, clear complexion.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Assoc. Dir.	_____
Dep. AD Adm.	_____
Dep. AD Inv.	_____
Asst. Dir.:	
Adm.	_____
Comp. Syst.	_____
Ext. Affairs	_____
Files & Com.	_____
Gen. Inv.	_____
Ident.	_____
Inspection	_____
Intell.	_____
Laboratory	_____
Legal Coun.	_____
Plan. & Eval.	_____
Spec. Inv.	_____
Training	_____
Telephone Rm.	_____
Director Sec'y	_____

TO : Mr. Moore *Mr*

DATE: 2-3-76

FROM : J. H. Campbell *JH*

SUBJECT: BOOK REGARDING ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY BEING WRITTEN FOR "READER'S DIGEST" BY EDWARD JAY EPSTEIN

*4:30 EST 8:30
11:45 11:45*

BACKGROUND:

By memorandum dated January 20, 1976, I advised that Kenneth O. Gilmore, Managing Editor of the "Reader's Digest," had telephoned to advise that the "Reader's Digest" had contracted with author Edward Jay Epstein to write a book concerning the November, 1963, assassination of President John F. Kennedy. Gilmore advised that Epstein would be coming to Washington and that the "Readers Digest" would appreciate the Bureau's (1) seeing him while he was in the city, (2) furnishing him copies of previously issued statements or press releases regarding the assassination, and (3) giving consideration to requests Epstein might make for other data.

VISIT BY EPSTEIN TO FBIHQ:

Epstein arrived at FBIHQ on January 27, 1976, at which time he met with you and also discussed his plans to write the book about the assassination with SA [redacted] of the Research Section and SA [redacted] of the General Investigative Division. Miss Pam Butler, a research assistant at the "Reader's Digest" who has been assigned to assist Epstein, accompanied him.

EX-115

REC-69

During his visit, it was obvious that both Epstein and Miss Butler have read a number of books, articles, and other publications concerning the assassination. They are familiar with the many theories, as well as the rumors and the conjecture, that continue to surround the assassination; and

- 1 - Mr. Moore
- 1 - Mr. Gallagher
- 1 - Mr. Mintz
- 1 - Mr. Wannall
- 1 - [redacted]

FEB 24 1976

SEE ADDENDUM, LEGAL COUNSEL DIVISION, PAGE 3.

CONTINUED OVER

See memo to Director & Office of Public Information dated 2/1/76

GWG:slr (9)



Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

J. H. Campbell to Mr. Moore memorandum
RE: BOOK REGARDING ASSASSINATION
OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Epstein intends to "take issue with" a number of these--probably in the Appendix to his book. In this connection, he was given a copy of Deputy Associate Director Adams' October 21, 1975, statement before the House Subcommittee on Civil and Constitutional Rights--which statement deals with (1) the note that Lee Harvey Oswald left at the Dallas Field Office in November, 1963, (2) the question of whether Jack Ruby was a paid FBI informant, and (3) the teletype warning of a possible assassination attempt that a former clerical employee of the New Orleans Office, William S. Walter, claims was sent from FBIHQ in November, 1963.

Epstein said that his book will be devoted primarily to Lee Harvey Oswald and will attempt to trace all phases of his life and his whereabouts from birth to death. He hopes to interview Oswald's widow, Marina, and he also is soliciting cooperation of CIA and the State Department in an effort to separate truth from fiction with regard to Oswald's activities in Russia and Mexico.

Epstein has asked questions regarding the late former SAC Guy Banister, the identities of other Americans who defected to Russia at approximately the same time as Oswald, employments of Oswald in the United States and possible fingerprint and/or name check requests the FBI may have received in connection with these jobs, as well as other questions.

To the extent possible, proposed answers to Epstein's questions will be compiled and submitted for approval.

Epstein advised that his address is 430 East 86th Street, New York, New York 10028, and his telephone number is 212-288-6861.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information. We will continue to follow this matter closely.

Memo Mr. Campbell to Mr. Moore, 2/3/76
Re: BOOK REGARDING ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT KENNEDY BEING WRITTEN
FOR "READER'S DIGEST" BY EDWARD JAY EPSTEIN

ADDENDUM, LEGAL COUNSEL DIVISION, JCF:mtm, 2/9/76:

Mr. Feeney has advised that no problems are raised concerning the FOIA in cooperating with Mr. Epstein, but raises the question as to whether Departmental clearance is required. Upon checking with Deputy Assistant Director Homer Boynton, External Affairs Division, it was determined that we would not usually obtain Departmental clearance for such a cooperative effort. However, it is the opinion of the Legal Counsel Division, that since we are responding to inquiries from the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence on this specific matter, it would be appropriate merely to advise the Department at we are cooperating with Mr. Epstein in the preparation of a book regarding the assassination of former President Kennedy.

Done. See memo to
Director of Office of Public
Information, with copy to
Assistant Attorney General of
Criminal Division dated 2/9/76.
GWS

FBI

Date: 2/4/76

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRTEL

Via _____

(Precedence)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, SAN DIEGO (62-1529) (RUC)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

REC-69 LHM

Enclosed for the Bureau are two copies of an LHM concerning telephonic contact by an individual identifying himself as [redacted] concerning captioned matter.

One copy being furnished to Butte for information.

In view of that fact that [redacted] was incoherent and rambled while providing information contained in the LHM, San Diego does not contemplate conducting any further investigation regarding this matter or contact [redacted] UACB.

- 2 Bureau (Enc. 2)
- 1 Butte (Enc. 1)
- 1 San Diego

ENCLOSURE

EX-115

REC-69

62-109060-7486

JAB:kek
(4)

23 FEB 6 1976

MA

1005 (bcs) generally
1 AB
1 Navy
1 Air Force
2/11/76
Wright

Approved: _____

[Signature]

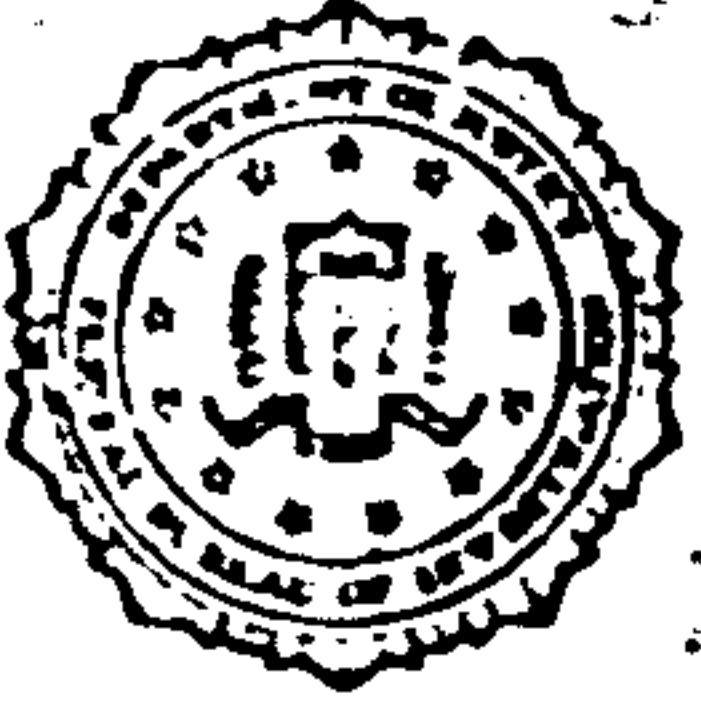
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

5/1 M...



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Diego, California

February 4, 1976

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

At 6:30 p.m. and again at 8 p.m. on the evening of February 2, 1976, an individual identifying himself as [REDACTED] telephonically contacted the San Diego Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and stated that he had some important information about the murders of President John F. Kennedy and Robert Kennedy. This individual advised that his speech teacher, [REDACTED] from [REDACTED] in [REDACTED] Idaho, told the entire speech class that he shot President John F. Kennedy and was involved in the killing of Robert Kennedy. The caller stated that [REDACTED] is an extortionist and a drug dealer and that he gave [REDACTED] LSD when [REDACTED] was only three years old. Additionally, [REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED] also admitted this information to a Lieutenant First Name Unknown (FNU) [REDACTED], Weapons Officer, Naval Sub-Training Center, Pearl Harbor, and to Senior Chief [REDACTED] at that same location. [REDACTED] advised that [REDACTED] is now in the U.S. Air Force and might be in the [REDACTED] s.

[REDACTED] stated that he is a seaman assigned to the Second Division on board the USS Kitty Hawk and that his date of birth is [REDACTED], and his Social Security Account Number is [REDACTED].

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

62-109662-7297

ENCLOSURE



ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

During both phone calls to the San Diego Office of the FBI, [REDACTED] seemed incoherent at times, rambled as he was relating the above facts and contradicted himself when he repeated the whole story the second time.

Files of the San Diego Office of the FBI contain no identical reference to [REDACTED] or [REDACTED].

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

- Assoc. Dir. _____
- Dep. AD Adm. _____
- Dep. AD Inv. _____
- Asst. Dir.:
- Admin. _____
- Comp. Syst. _____
- Ext. Affairs _____
- Files & Com. _____
- Gen. Inv. 11/16
- Ident. _____
- Inspection 11/16
- Intell. 11/16
- Laboratory _____
- Legal Coun. _____
- Plan. & Eval. _____
- Spec. Inv. _____
- Training _____
- Telephone Rm. _____
- Director Sec'y _____

TO : Mr. Moore

DATE: 2-5-76

FROM : J. H. Campbell

SUBJECT: Dennis O. Roy -
Suite 225
1101 Dove Street
Newport Beach, California 92660

REC-69
11/16

BACKGROUND:

On 1-30-76, Roy telephonically contacted the Director's Office, FBI Headquarters, and was referred to a representative of the External Affairs Division, Interview Room, at which time he furnished the following information:

He stated that he is an attorney and has a client, Fred Newcomb, Van Nuys, California, who has done considerable research on the assassination of President Kennedy. Newcomb recently obtained a photograph from the FBI, which was taken by (FNU) Powell, an Army Intelligence Officer, showing a building from which Lee Harvey Oswald allegedly fired the shot that killed President Kennedy. Roy stated that they have studied this photograph and observed a window on the 6th floor which appears to have a gun barrel protruding from it. and also a couple of windows away on the same floor there appears to be the face of an individual. Roy stated that if their observations are correct and two individuals were in the building at the time of the shooting, this would be significant when compared to the "Dillard" photograph. Roy could not further identify the "Dillard" photograph but stated a comparison of the two would show movement.

Roy desired this information be brought to the attention of the appropriate FBI officials so they can go back to the original negative and study the photograph in question. Roy furnished his business telephone as (714) 752-0125 and his home telephone as (714) 962-6776.

INFORMATION IN BUFILES:

EX 104

REG-69

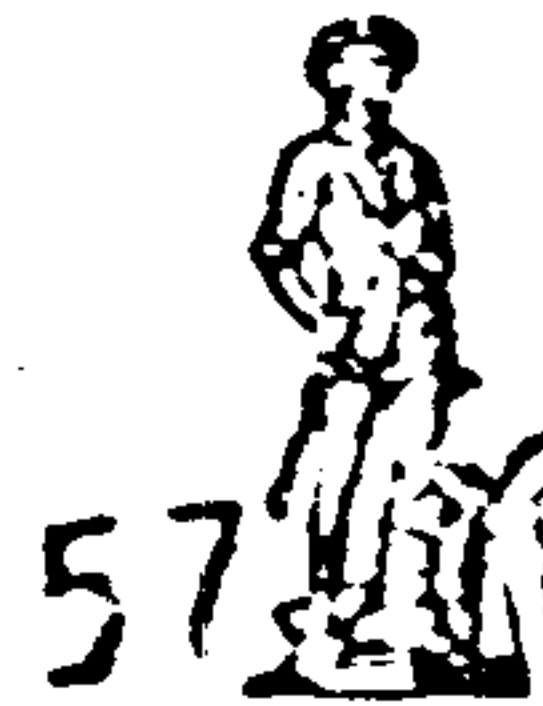
7499

Fred T. Newcomb is a self-employed Advertising Art

- 1 - Mr. Gallagher
- 1 - Mr. Wannall
- 1 - Mr. Malmfeldt

WEW:acr (6)

FOIA
11/16



Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Campbell to Moore Memo
Dennis O. Roy

Director. Since 1967, he has made a study of the assassination of President John F. Kennedy and has written and lectured on this subject. Newcomb has corresponded with FBI Headquarters on several occasions requesting information on the assassination which was furnished to him. Newcomb was advised by letter dated 7-17-75, Bufile 62-109060-7224, that the individuals appearing in the windows of the Texas School Book Depository, in the photograph taken by SA James W. Powell, Army Intelligence Corps, were fully identified.

RECOMMENDATION:

That this memorandum be referred to the General Investigative Division for whatever action they deem necessary inasmuch as Roy indicated that he would be recontacting the FBI and was possibly having someone on the "outside" look at this photograph.

*W. G. Wilson
Newcomb
Dillard
Powell
James W. Powell
SA James W. Powell
to Warren
W. G. Wilson*

[Handwritten initials and signatures]

FBI

Date: 2/9/76

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: *TP* DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: *TP* SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

11/22/63

DALLAS, TEXAS

MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

OO: DALLAS

Mrs. Roger Dean / Craig

2/14 Maverick, Dallas Texas

Enclosed are five copies of an LHM reflecting information furnished by Mr. and Mrs. [redacted] on 2/4/76, to ASAC GLEN D. ROSENQUIST. Mrs. [redacted] identified herself as the widow of former Deputy Sheriff ROGER DEAN CRAIG, who became somewhat controversial during the assassination investigation.

JCP

*TEXAS
FEB 11 1976*

*TEXAS
DALLAS*

REC-53
ENCLOSURE

62-109060-7500

② - Bureau (Enc. 5)

2 - Dallas

RPG/pc

(4)

EX 104

FEB 11 1976

*12/13/76
2/11/76
m/gf*

OX

Approved: 70 MAR 10 1976 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dallas, Texas

February 9, 1976

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

On February 4, 1976, Mr. [REDACTED]
Attorney at Law, Main Bank Building, Dallas, Texas,
Telephone Number [REDACTED] appeared at the Dallas FBI
Office accompanied by [REDACTED], Dallas, Texas,
and his wife, [REDACTED]. The Hahns reside at [REDACTED]
Dallas, Texas, Telephone [REDACTED]. The [REDACTED] desired to
ascertain if the FBI was surveilling them or otherwise inves-
tigating [REDACTED].

[REDACTED] identified herself as the widow of Roger
Dean Craig, a former Deputy Sheriff of Dallas County, Dallas,
Texas, at the time of the assassination of President Kennedy.
She advised that her former husband had allegedly committed
suicide, but before doing so he had written a book regarding
his part in the investigation of the assassination which had never
been published and that she has the manuscript of this book in
her custody. She remarked that this manuscript did not portray
the FBI in a favorable light. She indicated she had no inten-
tions at this time of having the manuscript published. She
remarked that Craig had apparently testified before the Warren
Commission and also in the Clay Shaw trial in New Orleans,
Louisiana.

This document contains neither recommendations
nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property
of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and
its contents are not to be distributed outside
your agency.

ENCLOSURE

62-109060-15



ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

The [redacted] made available handwritten reports regarding incidents which have recently occurred. Such handwritten reports are summarized as follows:

Mrs. [redacted] notes reflect that on Monday, January 26, 1976, at 9:00 p.m., she was followed home from the Hope Lutheran Church by an automobile with two occupants. On Thursday, January 29, 1976, at 2:00 p.m., she went to a K-Mart discount department store in Dallas with a neighbor and was followed by a man unknown to either of them, who stayed within two feet and closer to them for about 30 minutes. Mrs. [redacted] and her neighbor split up in the store, and the man followed Mrs. [redacted] to the record department, while an unknown woman followed the neighbor to the toy department. As Mrs. [redacted] was about to confront the man following her, he disappeared. She described this man as 40-45 years of age, 5'10" tall, slender build, dark complexion, possibly of another nationality, with a large pointed nose. He was wearing a white jacket and dark slacks. The woman following the neighbor was in her 20's, approximately 5'3" tall, dark hair in pageboy style, slender with nice appearance.

Mrs. [redacted] continued that on Thursday, January 29, 1976, at 8:00 p.m., a woman called her on the telephone asking for "Mrs. [redacted]". When she insisted that the woman calling give her name, she replied that it was "Mrs. Gertz" with "Air Temp." This woman indicated she was selling air and heating equipment. Mrs. [redacted] considered this call unusual because her telephone number had been changed to an unlisted number on Tuesday, January 27, 1976. She stated that her husband called the company for whom this woman supposedly worked, but there was no one employed there by the name of Mrs. Gertz.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

She continued that on Saturday, January 21, 1976, (apparently January 31, 1976), while at the Llove Recreation Center at Dallas, a gray-haired man was in front of her at the roller skating rink and had been several other places where she was on that day. He had two women with him and took a photograph of Mrs. [redacted] from about three feet in front of her. Mrs. Hahn claims she made two photographs of this man, but the only one which developed was one which did not show his face.

On Tuesday, February 3, 1976, Mrs. [redacted] claims she was cut off two times on the telephone just as she answered it. She claimed her attorney, [redacted] called her new home telephone number on a Friday, no date indicated, and a male voice intercepted the call saying, "This is not a working number."

Mr. [redacted] notes reflect that on Monday, January 26, 1976, he requested the Bell Telephone Company to change the telephone number at their residence and to continue it on an unlisted basis due to an obscene telephone call on Sunday, January 25, 1976. This number was changed on Tuesday, January 27, 1976, and the line was immediately cleared of static and popping noises. He requested the telephone company to check the line for a possible wiretap and was to be called at his office on Thursday by Mrs. Beach of the telephone company. He states he also requested that the old telephone number have a recording to the effect, "This number is no longer in service." Mr. [redacted] states that someone, apparently from the telephone company, called his 12-year old stepdaughter on Wednesday, January 28, 1976, and told her the telephone was not tapped. On Thursday, January 29, 1976, Mrs. Beach of the telephone company did not call him as she had said she would and on that evening the call from "Mrs. Gertz" was received. He states he

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

called the telephone number of the company Mrs. Gertz represented and received no answer. He also learned that the telephone company changed the old telephone number recording back to "At the customer's request, the number is unlisted."

On Friday, January 30, 1976, Mr. [redacted] called Mrs. Beach at the telephone company, at which time she apologized to him for not having called him personally.

Mr. [redacted] and Mr. and Mrs. [redacted] were advised that the FBI was not surveilling them nor conducting any investigation concerning them whatsoever.

The report of SA Robert P. Gemberling dated November 30, 1963, at Dallas, Texas, in captioned matter reflects interviews with Roger Craig on November 22, 1963 (page 69), and November 25, 1963, (pages 71 and 72). In the first interview, Craig, who was employed as a Deputy Sheriff of Dallas County, Texas, stated shortly after the assassination, he saw an individual run down the grassy area from the direction of the Texas School Book Depository; that this individual whistled and a white Rambler station wagon driven by a Negro male pulled over to the curb, picked up the individual and headed toward the Dallas-Fort Worth Turnpike. Craig stated that later that day he was given the opportunity to observe Lee Harvey Oswald at the Dallas Police Department, and he was positive Oswald was identical to the individual he observed getting into the station wagon.

When reinterviewed on November 25, 1963, Craig again reiterated the above information but described the driver of the station wagon as a white male, stating that

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

since he had previously been interviewed, he had decided the driver was a white male.

The testimony of Craig before the Warren Commission to the foregoing information is set forth in Volume VI, Pages 260-273, of the Warren Commission report.

The "Dallas Times Herald" newspaper on November 2, 1967, carried an article captioned "Garrison Probe Figure Claims Shot." This article stated that Roger Craig, former Dallas County Deputy Sheriff, who resigned from the Dallas County Sheriff's Office in July, 1967, to become a private investigator, had stated someone shot at him on November 1, 1967, in a parking lot in East Dallas. The article continued that Craig said he believed his going to New Orleans the previous week for interrogation by District Attorney James Garrison was probably connected with the attempt on his life. This article also stated that Craig had indicated he was "tailed" while in New Orleans on October 25 and 26, 1967, and was still being "tailed" in Dallas.

An article in the New Orleans Times Picayune on February 14, 1969, indicated Craig testified as a prosecution witness in the Clay Shaw trial at New Orleans, again reiterating the information about observing a man believed to be Oswald getting into a station wagon shortly after the assassination.

A newspaper article in the Dallas Morning News on May 16, 1975, reflects that Craig had apparently committed suicide at his father's home on May 15, 1975, while his father was in the back yard working on a lawn mower. It

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

was indicated that Craig left a note saying he was sorry for what he had to do, but he could not stand the pain. According to Craig's father, Craig had been taking pain killing medication for injuries from a car wreck two years before and for a gunshot wound in the shoulder which he had received at Waxahachie, Texas, about six months before. The article stated that Craig had reported to Waxahachie police that a stranger appeared at the door of a house where Craig was waiting for a woman friend and shot Craig with a shotgun when Craig answered the knock on the door.

FBI

Date: 2/20/76

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via

AIRTEL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, NEWARK (62-3060)(RUC)

REG-69

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS. MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING (OO: DALLAS)

Re: Dallas airtel to Bureau dated 2/10/76.

A review of Newark indices and pertinent files regarding [redacted] reflects the following information:

On 10/6/67, [redacted], Garwood, NJ, telephone [redacted] wrote a letter to the NJSP, Trenton, NJ, in which she gave a long and disjointed disertation on crime and vice, ADOLPH HITLER, The Underworld, New Jersey Bell Telephone Company, the Armed Forces and an array of other subject matters.

A copy of this letter was furnished to the Newark FBI inasmuch as the letter was sent out as a report for all law enforcement and was signed FBI Chief.

Newark investigated this matter and determined from the Chief of Police, Garwood, NJ, that [redacted] is a "nut", who continually writes letters and calls various law enforcement agencies. The Garwood PD has received numerous complaints about [redacted] from her neighbors whom she constantly annoys. [redacted]s husband refuses to have

2 Bureau
2-Dallas
1-Newark
RLW/rmr
(5)

5 FEB 24 1976

Approved: [Signature] Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

NK 62-3060

her committed for mental treatment and there is nothing the police can do since she is non violent.

[REDACTED] has been interviewed in the past and has greeted the agents with the words "I'm the Chief and you know it". She said that former President JOHN F. KENNEDY had made her "Chief" and that Mr. HOOVER had agreed that she should be "Chief". She reported that she was made "Chief" for the purpose of investigating a "master spy ring" which is responsible for the "wiretapping fraud" against the Bell Telephone Company. She said she is to remain "Chief" until the case is brought to a successful conclusion. During the interview she spoke incoherently and made very little sense. Although with difficulty she was admonished and told never again to refer to herself as being associated with the FBI in any manner. As the agents departed she said "It is always good to see my men".

In addition to the above letter, [REDACTED] has either telephoned or written to the Charleston, West Virginia, Resident Agency, the Honolulu Office, the Miami Office, and the Boston Office identifying herself as Chief of the FBI and discussing various topics. All conversations and communications were incoherent and were apparently written by a mentally disturbed person.

From the review of the above items it appears that [REDACTED] is a person with a serious mental problem, who has been admonished in the past for identifying herself as FBI Chief with little results.

Transit checked by Fessville - PLABTEXT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

Priority **IMMEDIATE**

W.P.
Director, FBI
SAC, Dallas

FEB 24 1976

Date: 2/24/76

TELETYPE Time Transmitted:

Subject: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY

Initials:

- Assoc. Dir.
- Dep. A.D.-Adm.
- Dep. A.D.-Inv.
- Asst. Dir.:
- Adm. Serv.
- Comp. Serv.
- Ext. Affairs
- Files & Com.
- Gen. Inv.
- Ident.
- Inspection
- Intell.
- Laboratory
- Plan. & Eval.
- Spec. Inv.
- Training
- Legal Coun.
- Telephone Rm.
- Director Sec'y

- Fingerprint Photo
- Fingerprint Record
- Map
- Newspaper clippings
- Photographs
- Artist's Conception
- Other Exhibit

Field handling instructions:

Furnish immediately to SA WILLIAM CREGAR, Rm. 4063

Approved: *W.P.*

REC-100

42-109060

7502

FEB 27 1976

cc 4063 JEH
JM

ENCLOSURE

Records
filed in
6-116395
JM

6-Headline

5-JM

Jerry Seay, DC Super, advised
1/23/63 memo of SA Eldon Rudel
not located in DC 89-43 file.

84 MAR 9 1976

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

Memorandum

Assoc. Dir.
 Exp. AD-6
 Dep. AD-1
 Asst. Dir.:

- Admin.
- Comp. Syst.
- Ext. Affairs
- Files & Com.
- Gen. Inv.
- Ident.
- Insp.
- Intell.
- Lab.
- Legal Coun.
- Plan. & Eval.
- Spec. Inv.
- Training
- Telephone Rm.
- Director Sec'y

TO : Mr. Moore

DATE: 2-27-76

FROM : J. H. Campbell

SUBJECT: BOOK REGARDING ASSASSINATION
 OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY
 BEING WRITTEN FOR "READER'S DIGEST"
 BY EDWARD JAY EPSTEIN

BACKGROUND:

By memorandum dated February 3, 1976, I advised you that Edward Jay Epstein had visited the Bureau to discuss his plans to write a book about the assassination of President Kennedy and that Epstein stated his book would be devoted primarily to Lee Harvey Oswald. My memorandum of February 3rd pointed out that Epstein had asked questions concerning former SAC Guy Banister, civilian employments Oswald had held which might have required "clearances," and the identities of other Americans who defected to the Soviet Union about the same time (1959-62) as Oswald.

ACTION TAKEN:

In response to Epstein's requests, he has been advised that former SAC Banister entered on duty in November, 1934, and retired in December, 1954 -- at which time he was SAC at Chicago. Epstein has been told that Banister was Assistant Superintendent of Police in New Orleans from 1955 to 1957 and that he subsequently operated Guy Banister Associates, Inc., in New Orleans until he died in June, 1964. Epstein plans to visit New Orleans, and it has been pointed out to him that the morgues of New Orleans-area newspapers should contain a large number of clippings regarding Banister's activities in that city from 1955 to 1964.

With regard to Epstein's request for the identities of other defectors to the Soviet Union, he was told that extensive publicity has been given to the defection to Russia and subsequent return to America of Robert Edward Webster of Ohio, Nicholas Petrulli of New York, and Libero Riccardelli of Massachusetts -- in the 1959-62 period.

- 1 - Mr. Moore
- 1 - Mr. Gallagher
- 1 - Mr. Wannall
- 1 - W. E. Nettles

GWG:slr (8)

59 MAR 16 1976

CONTINUED OVER

ORIGINAL FILED IN

5 MAR 1976

↓ ↓ ↓

Campbell to Moore memo
RE: BOOK REGARDING ASSASSINATION
OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

In response to his inquiry concerning civilian employments which Oswald held, it was pointed out to Epstein that Oswald did not hold any type of position which would have resulted in his being the subject of an applicant-type investigation of the FBI -- nor did it appear that another Federal agency would have conducted an applicant-type investigation of him. Whereas Epstein thought a "clearance" might have been required for the job which Oswald held for a period in 1962-63 at a company in Dallas (Jaggars-Chiles-Stovall) which had contracts with the Army, testimony on page 191 of Volume X of the Warren Commission Report shows that the department in which Oswald was employed had no contact or connection with the Army contract work -- and this testimony has been brought to Epstein's attention.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information and record purposes. As Epstein's work on this book continues, more inquiries and requests for assistance undoubtedly will be received from him.

~~10/1~~
~~12/1~~

per

M/R

Jan

TELETYPE

Transmitted by Facsimile - PLAINTEXT BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION COMMUNICATIONS SECTION Priority ROUTINE

To: DIRECTOR FBI Date: 3/3/76
From: SAC, ~~WASH DC~~ TELETYPE Time Transmitted:
Subject: OKLAHOMA CITY Initials:
ASSASSINATION OF PRES. JOHN F. KENNEDY.

Assoc. Dir.	_____
Dep.-A.D.-Adm.	_____
Dep.-A.D.-Inv.	_____
Asst. Dir.:	
Admin.	_____
Comp. Syst.	_____
Ext. Affairs	_____
Files & Com.	_____
Gen. Inv.	_____
Ident.	_____
Inspection	_____
Intell.	_____
Laboratory	_____
Phot. & Eval.	_____
Spec. Inv.	_____
Training	_____
Legal Coun.	_____
Telephone Rm.	_____
Director Sec'y	_____

- Fingerprint Photo
- Fingerprint Record
- Map
- Newspaper clipping
- Photograph & Eval.
- Artists Conception
- Other

Special handling instructions:

ATTN: SUP. WILLIAM E. NETTLES JR. DIV. 6

RWM

Approved: _____

HA

REC-1062-109060-7503

5 MAR 5 1976

ENCLOSURE

File
6-644 62-109060

56 MAR 10 1976

NOV 28 11-28-63 5-50 AM P CST DAO

DIRECTOR, SACS DALLAS, HOUSTON, AND OKLAHOMA CITY

ON SAC, NEW ORLEANS 89-69 TP

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, ELEVEN
TWENTYSIX, DALLAS, TEXAS.

RE NEW ORLEANS TELETYPE TO BUREAU AND DALLAS ELEVEN TWENTYSIX
LAST AND HOUSTON TELETYPE TO DALLAS AND NEW ORLEANS, ELEVEN
TWENTYSIX LAST.

RE DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE.

DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE, REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN IMPLICATED
IN ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY, INTERVIEWED ELEVEN
TWENTYSIX LAST AND CLAIMS LEFT NEW ORLEANS, LA., APPROXIMATELY
NINE PM ELEVEN TWENTYTWO LAST, ACCOMPANIED BY MELVIN
BEY AND ALVIN BEAUBOET, DRIVING FERRIE/S LIGHT BLUE
TYONE COMET FOUR-DOOR STATION WAGON. DROVE TO HOUSTON,

PAGE ONE

Handwritten: Called Geo. Roth 9:20 11/28/63
Handwritten: [Signature]

Handwritten: O'Clair

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
NOV 28 1963
FBI - OKLAHOMA CITY
Handwritten: James

Handwritten: 1123

ENCLOSURE

62709060-7503
89-41-52

①

GE TWO

WAS, ARRIVING AT BETWEEN FOUR THIRTY AND FIVE THIRTY AM,
EVEN TWENTYTHREE LAST, WHERE CHECKED INTO ROOM NINETEEN,
AMOTEL, SOUTH MAIN STREET, HOUSTON. FERRIE CLAIMS MADE
LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE CALLS FROM HOTEL ATTEMPTING TO REACH
ATTORNEY C. WRAY GILL, NEW ORLEANS, LA., AND THAT
SAUBOEF MAY HAVE MADE LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE CALL TO HIS
HOME FROM HOTEL. ON FOLLOWING DATE, CONTACTED CHUCK TOLLAND,
HOME FROM HOTEL. ON FOLLOWING DATE, CONTACTED CHUCK ROLLAND,
INTERLAND SKATING RINK, TWENTYFOUR HUNDRED NORFOLK, RE
COST OF EQUIPPING AND OPERATING ICE SKATING RINK. FERRIE
CLAIMS CHECKED OUT OF ALAMOTEL LATER SAME DATE AND PROCEEDED
TO BELLAIRE SKATING RINK. ATTEMPTING TO LOCATE OWNER, WHO
WAS NOT AVAILABLE. FERRIE CLAIMS HE AND COMPANIONS LEFT
AT NINE OR SHORTLY AFTER NINE PM AND DROVE TO GALVESTON,
TEX., ARRIVING AT TEN THIRTY OR ELEVEN THIRTY PM, WHERE

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

CHECKED INTO ROOM ONE ONE SEVEN, DRIFTWOOD HOTEL, THREE ONE TWO EIGHT SEAWALL BOULEVARD. CHECKED OUT OF DRIFTWOOD ON FOLLOWING MORNING, DROVE TO PORT ARTHUR, TEX., WHERE STOPPED AT GULF SERVICE STATION ON LEFT HAND SIDE OF HIGHWAY IN PORT ARTHUR, AND PURCHASED A NEW SET OF SPARK PLUGS FOR COMET STATION WAGON. WHILE IN GULF STATION, OBSERVED TELEVISION PROGRAM SHOWING SHOOTING OF LEE OSWALD IN BASEMENT OF DALLAS CITY JAIL. FERRIE CLAIMS THEY LEFT PORT ARTHUR, DROVE TO ORANGE, TEX., AND RETURNED TO STATE OF LA.

FERRIE ALSO ADMITTED OWNING A STINSON ONE FIFTY SINGLE ENGINE BLUE AND WHITE FOUR PASSENGER MONOPLANE, REGISTRATION NUMBER EIGHT TWO NINE THREE K, SINCE NINETEEN FORTYEIGHT.

FERRIE STATES THIS AIRCRAFT HAS NOT BEEN AIRWORTHY SINCE THE LICENSE EXPIRED IN FOUR SIXTYTWO. STATES THIS CAN BE

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

VERIFIED THROUGH THE FAA, DEPARTMENT OF AIRWORTHINESS
CERTIFICATION, OKLAHOMA CITY.

HOUSTON REQUESTED TO VERIFY PRESENCE OF FERRIE AND
COMPANIONS ALAMOTEL, HOUSTON CONTACT CHUCK ROLLAND,
WATERLAND SKATING RINK, TWENTYFOUR HUNDRED NORFOLK, AND
VERIFY ANY LONG DISTANCE CALLS MADE FROM THE ALAMOTEL.

WILL VERIFY THE PRESENCE OF FERRIE AND COMPANIONS AT
BRITWOOD MOTEL, THREE ONE TWO EIGHT SEAWALL BOULEVARD,
BALVESTON, TEX., AND WILL CHECK ANY LONG DISTANCE CALLS
MADE FROM THAT MOTEL.

AT PORT ARTHUR, TEXAS, WILL ENDEAVOR TO LOCATE THE
GULF SERVICE STATION WHERE FERRIE ALLEGEDLY PURCHASED NEW
SET OF SPARK PLUGS FOR COMET STATION WAGON.

OKLAHOMA CITY, THROUGH DEPARTMENT OF AIRWORTHINESS
CERTIFICATION, FAA, WILL ENDEAVOR TO VERIFY THAT THE STINSON

END PAGE FOUR

PAGE FIVE

SINGLE ENGINE MONOPLANE, REGISTRATION NUMBER EIGHT TWO NINE THREE X, OWNED BY FERRIE, HAS NOT BEEN AIRWORTHY SINCE THE LICENSE EXPIRED IN APRIL SIXTY TWO.

FERRIE DESCRIBED AS WHITE MALE, BORN MARCH TWENTY EIGHT, EIGHTEEN, CLEVELAND, OHIO, FIVE FEET ELEVEN INCHES, ONE HUNDRED NINETY POUNDS, BROWN EYES, HAIR BALD, WEARS BROWN TOUPEE WITH REDDISH TINT, COMPLEXION MEDIUM, SCAR OUTER RIGHT WRIST RECTANGULAR IN SHAPE.

END AND ACK PLS

OC 405

6-01 AM OK OC FBI PSR

HO 6-02 AM CST OK FBI HO JDG

DL AND WA A HAVE BEEN ADVISED

TU DISC O

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 62-109060

SERIAL NO. 7504

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 34

SECTION NO.

185

CIA

REFERRAL

W. HENSON MOORE
6TH DISTRICT, LOUISIANA

WASHINGTON OFFICE
427 CANNON HOUSE OFFICE BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20518
(202) 225-3901

DISTRICT OFFICES
SUITE 236 FEDERAL BUILDING
750 FLORIDA
BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA 70801
(504) 344-7679

U.S. POST OFFICE BUILDING
HAMMOND, LOUISIANA 70401
(504) 345-4929

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

Washington, D.C. 20515

February 25, 1976

ASSOCIATED
CIVIL RIGHTS (RANGE)
TOBACCO & ALCOHOL COMMITTEE
ORLEANS AND FOREIGN SUBCOMMITTEE
INTERSTATE AND FOREIGN COMMERCE
COMMUNICATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE
OVERSIGHT AND INVESTIGATION SUBCOMMITTEE
JOINT COMMITTEE ON THE LIBRARY
COMMITTEE ON COMMITTEES
TASK FORCE ON REFORM

5/3

Honorable Clarence M. Kelley,
Director
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington, D.C. 20535

Assassination of President John F. Kennedy

Dear Mr. Kelley:

F. Kennedy

I would like to request certain information from your office. Specifically, I am interested in the results of the neutron activation analysis done by the FBI in 1964 on the bullet and bullet fragments taken from the bodies of President Kennedy and Governor Connally. I would be most grateful if you could provide me with a copy of that analysis or a summary of it.

AC FEB 27 1976

I appreciate your time and kind attention and look forward to hearing from you shortly.

With kindest personal regards, I am

Sincerely,

W. Henson Moore
Member of Congress

WTM/jw

EX 103

REC-2 7-117161-7505

FEB 27 1976

*John Kelley
3/3/76
JMK*

*rec'd by JMK 4 pm 3/1
to Steve post 9 am 3/6*

1-Office, 3266
1-Mr. Kilty

EX 103

March 3, 1976

REC-62-109160-7505
Honorable W. Henson Moore
House of Representatives
Washington, D. C. 20515

Dear Congressman Moore:

Reference is made to your letter of February 25, 1976, wherein you requested the results of the neutron activation analysis conducted on bullets and bullet fragments in the President John F. Kennedy assassination case.

Enclosed are two pages of an evidence listing so that you may identify the specimens, a three page compilation of neutron activation results and fifty-four pages of data which give rise to the results listed in the compilation.

I hope this material will be of assistance to you.

Sincerely yours,

C. M. Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley
Director

Enclosures (59)

MAILED 7
MAR 3 1976
FBI

- Assoc. Dir. _____
- Dep. AD Adm. _____
- Dep. AD Inv. _____
- Ext. Div. _____
- Adm. _____
- Comp. Syst. _____
- Ext. Affairs _____
- Files & Com. _____
- Gen. Inv. _____
- Ident. _____
- Inspection _____
- Intell. _____
- Laboratory _____
- Plan. & Eval. _____
- Spec. Inv. _____
- Training _____
- Legal Coun. _____
- Telephone Rm. _____
- Director Sec'y _____

JWK: fdb (4) *

11/15/76
MAR 3 3 33 511310
RECEIVED

Handwritten signature

56 APR 22 1976

TELETYPE UNIT

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 62-109060

SERIAL NO. 7506

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 3

SECTION NO.

185

CIA

REFERRAL

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM : SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67) (RUC)

DATE: 2/27/76

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11/22/63
DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS
INFORMATION CONCERNING

00: Dallas

Re Bureau airtel to San Antonio, 2/4/76.

Enclosed for the Bureau are four (4) copies
of self-explanatory LHM.

Enclosed for Dallas and Oklahoma City is
one (1) copy each of supra LHM.

Handwritten notes:
100
1/2
1/3

REC-113

62-109060-7507

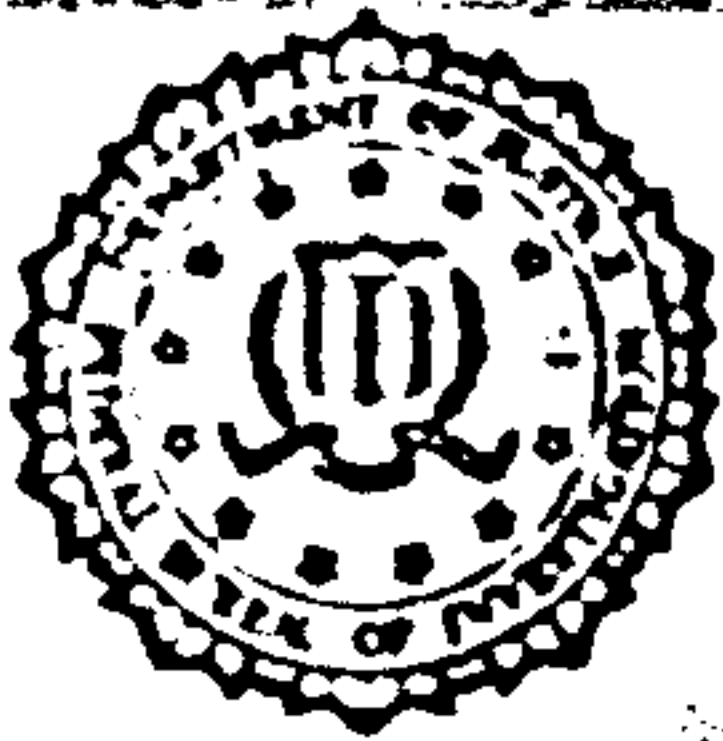
Handwritten notes:
17
100 (sic)
1/28
4/20/76
Hect 76
Walt

- (2) - Bureau (Enc. 4)
 - 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 1) (Info.)
 - 1 - Oklahoma City (89-41) (Enc. 1) (Info.)
 - 1 - San Antonio
- JWK/jkh
(5)

MAR 3 1976

Handwritten signature: SPINER





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

433 Federal Building
San Antonio, Texas 78296

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

February 27, 1976

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION
CONCERNING

On February 10, 1976, [REDACTED] [REDACTED] Thunderbird Apartments, 211 W. French Place, San Antonio, Texas, advised that Mary Frances Odom was formerly the manager at instant apartments, however, had recently moved to the Cherbourg Square Apartments, 7834 Broadway, San Antonio, Texas, where she was now employed as the resident manager.

On February 24, 1976, Mary Frances Odom, resident manager, Cherbourg Square Apartments, #103, 7834 Broadway, San Antonio, Texas, was interviewed by Special Agents [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] of the San Antonio Division of the FBI.

Mrs. Odom advised that from 1951 to 1965 she resided with her husband, Otto Harry Odom, in Junction, Texas. During this period her husband was employed by the Boone Publishing Company of Lubbock, Texas, as a sales representative and she resided at their residence as a housewife.

Mrs. Odom advised that her husband was born November 24, 1912 or 1913 at Weiss, Louisiana, Social Security Account Number (SSAN) [REDACTED], and that he died on April 21, 1973.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

() 107060-7507

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Mrs. Odom does not recall specifically what she was doing prior to the day of President John F. Kennedy's assassination in Dallas, Texas on November 22, 1963, however, stated that she knows that she was at her residence in Junction, Texas, during this period. In conversations that she has had with her son, James Harry Odom, 730 Pine Hill Lane, Grand Prairie, Texas, telephone 214-263-6660, he advised her that on the day of President Kennedy's assassination that he telephonically contacted her at her residence in Junction, Texas, however, she does not recall this conversation. Mrs. Odom stated that to her knowledge she has never driven through Ardmore, Oklahoma, although she may have done so while traveling with her husband. She added that if she had done so it left very little impression on her as she could not describe it.

She stated that she does not know a Darrell Edward Mc Millan, nor has she ever owned or driven a 1939, 1940 or 1941 dark-colored Chrysler vehicle and stated that she definitely was not in Ardmore, Oklahoma on November 22, 1963 and further that she had not attended any party in Texas on November 21, 1963. She added that she has never resided in a suburb in Dallas, Texas.

Mrs. Odom related that on an unrecalled date in the recent past she was telephonically contacted by an individual who identified himself as being employed by a television station in Dallas, Texas (name not recalled) who desired to interview her concerning the assassination of President Kennedy. She advised this individual she had no knowledge of the assassination of President Kennedy and was extremely concerned as to why this individual would contact her. She stated that this individual concluded the conversation by advising that he must have the wrong woman and she has not been recontacted by this individual.

The following physical description was obtained through observation and interview:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

11123 OT TO 11123 110001

Name: Mary Frances ~~Odom~~
Nee: Mary Frances Thurmond
Date of Birth: [REDACTED]
Place of Birth: Pearsall, Texas
Social Security No.: [REDACTED]
Race: White
Sex: Female
Hair: Black
Eyes: Brown
Height: 5' 7"
Weight: 135
Scars: None
Prior Arrest Record: None
Residence: 7834 Broadway, Apt. 103,
San Antonio, Texas
Employment: Resident manager, Cherbourg
Square Apartments, 7834
Broadway, San Antonio
Telephone: 512-828-7388
Drivers License: Texas Operators license
number [REDACTED] expiring
April, 1979
Remarks: Mrs. Odom was advised that
under the provisions of the
Privacy Act of 1974 concerning
Social Security Account numbers,
her disclosure of her SSAN was
not mandatory and that it could
be utilized by the FBI to
conduct records checks. She
was further advised that her
failure to furnish her SSAN
would not deny her of any
right, benefit or privilege.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

11/29/63

- Asst. Dir. _____
- Adm. Serv. _____
- Ident. _____
- Admin. _____
- Comp. Syst. _____
- Ext. Affairs _____
- Files & Com. _____
- Gen. Inv. _____
- Intell. _____
- Inspection _____
- Intell. _____
- Laboratory _____
- Plan. & Eval. _____
- Spec. Inv. _____
- Training _____
- Legal Coun. _____
- Telephone Rm _____
- Director Sec'y _____

AIRTEL

FEB 27 1970

AIRMAIL

TELETYPE

TO SAC DALLAS

FROM SAC OKLAHOMA CITY (89-51)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY, NOVEMBER
22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS
AFO

Re New Orleans teletype to Bureau, Dallas, Houston and
Oklahoma City dated 11/28/63 and Oklahoma City teletype to Dallas
dated 11/29/63.

Enclosed herewith for the Dallas Division are twenty-five
copies of an FD-302 reflecting results of review of FAA records,
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, pertaining to an aircraft, registration
number 829SK, which is registered to DAVE W. FERRIE, Kenner,
Louisiana. Referenced New Orleans teletype indicated that FERRIE
reportedly had been implicated in the assassination of President
KENNEDY. Two copies of this FD-302 are enclosed for the New
Orleans Division.

EX-112

REC-3 62-109060-756

- 2 - Dallas (Enc. 25)
- 2 - New Orleans (89-69) (Enc. 2)
- 2 - Oklahoma City

OJF/pla
(6)

File
6-11-62-109060

Robb

ENCLOSURE

57 APR 13 1970

Date 11/29/63

LOIS WESTON, Aircraft Registration Branch, Federal Aviation Agency (FAA), Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, reviewed her files under registration number 8293K and advised this registration number is issued to a Stinson 150 aircraft with serial number 108-1293. This aircraft was registered to DAVE W. FERRIE, 1302 Clay Street, Kenner, Louisiana, on May 8, 1947. The latest registration records in file list FERRIE as the registered owner. His last address recorded in the file is 704 Airline Park Boulevard, Kenner, Louisiana.

WESTON advised that an application for airworthiness certificate dated April 7, 1961, is contained in the file and this certificate, according to regulations, would be valid as long as the aircraft is operated in accordance with operating regulations. There was no particular expiration date listed on this certificate and there is no information available in FAA files which would indicate that this aircraft is no longer airworthy. WESTON added, however, that in the event FERRIE had not complied with FAA regulations his aircraft would not be airworthy but it is not necessary that this information be recorded in the FAA files.

Dave W. Ferrie
704 Airline Park Boulevard
Kenner, Louisiana

On 11/29/63 at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma File # OC 89-41

by SA O. JOE FAIRES/plm Date dictated 11/29/63

62-109060-750X

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 62-109060

SERIAL NO. 7509

PAGE NO. _____

NO. OF PAGES 14

SECTION NO.

185

CIA

REFERRAL

Immigration and Naturalization Service
Attention: Mrs. Ann Wigington

March 26, 1976

Director, FBI

**FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT (FOIA) REQUEST FOR THE RECORDS
OF THE ROBERT F. KENNEDY ASSASSINATION**

We have several FOIA requests for the records concerning the assassination of Robert F. Kennedy. A search of our files has revealed copies of some of your agency's documents incorporated into our investigative reports. Enclosed is a copy of a portion of two documents from our files with copies of your documents attached.

It is requested these documents be returned, advising whether or not they may be disclosed, and citing exemptions for any material denied disclosure.

Enclosures (2)

- 1 - The Deputy Attorney General
Attention: Susan M. Hauser

bc
bcs:cggcgg(6)

MAILED 6
MAR 26 1976
FBI

EX-110

REC-91

62-107000-7510

5 MAR 29 1976

- Assoc. Dir. _____
- Dep. AD Adm. _____
- Dep. AD Inv. _____
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FBI

Date: 3/3/76

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, LAS VEGAS (55-1) (RUC)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT.
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
 NOVEMBER 22, 1963
 DALLAS, TEXAS
 OO: Dallas

B

Enclosed for the Bureau are three copies of a newspaper article appearing in the "Las Vegas Sun" newspaper authored by HANK GREENSPUN, the newspaper's publisher. This article concerns the possibility that FIDEL CASTRO is responsible for the killing of former President KENNEDY and his brother, former Senator ROBERT KENNEDY.

The article is being submitted for the information of the Bureau. It is pointed out that in the past, other articles appearing in the "Las Vegas Sun" newspaper have been lacking in factual detail.

REC-516 2-10-10-10 7510

EX-110

MAR 2 1976

1-1
 2-Bureau (Enc. 3)
 1-Las Vegas
 CKA/skh
 (3)

McCO
AAA
JD
BN
7-112
NWA

Approved: *[Signature]*
 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Fidel Castro

Ordered

Jack

Kennedy's

Death

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

pg 1 - Las Vegas Sun

3-1-76

Title

Character

or

Classification

Submitting Office

Being Investigated

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 1 1976	
FBI - LAS VEGAS	

7511

By HANK GREENSPUN

SUN Publisher

(C) Las Vegas SUN 1978

Strong evidence exists leading inexorably to the conclusion that Cuban Communist dictator Fidel Castro was the prime mover in the killing of President John F. Kennedy and very probably the assassination of his brother, Robert.

Some of the evidence here revealed for the first time is circumstantial, but when fortified with additional information now documented, it supplies the motive for the death of the nation's 35th chief executive, providing the important missing link to the otherwise senseless killing of a man who had captured the imagination of the entire world with his style and his grin.

The most emotional event of this generation was the quick succession of rifle shots from a sixth story window of the Texas School Book Depository building in Dallas, Tex., on Nov. 22, 1963.

The official version of the event was that three shots were fired, and the first and third snuffed out the life of the dashing young President — the "Prince of America's Camelot."

America had a love affair with the handsome, grinning Jack, and his assassination left a nation torn with grief and sorrow — in which much of the world joined — demanding to know why this shining star of the political firmament was struck down in the full flower of life.

Many theories, some sinister, some ridiculous and some quite plausible, were advanced as to motives and the cause of death.

The country had been told by law enforcement investigators that an improbable young man by the name of Lee Harvey Oswald had pulled the trigger which sent a bullet crashing through the brain of the first U.S. President to be born in the 20th Century.

Momentarily, it seemed certain that the truth behind the killing would surely be developed through Oswald. Following capture, however, Oswald himself, before he had an opportunity to reveal anything, was slain in the Dallas Municipal Building by a seamy nightclub operator named Jack Ruby.

Public indignation cried out for the truth, and the demand was quickly answered by the new President Lyndon Baines Johnson with the appointment of a blue ribbon panel headed by Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court, Earl Warren. Among the members was Gerald Ford, a congressman at the time and presently the President of the United States.

For many weeks, this illustrious panel, interrogated witnesses, sifted through all available evidence and finally rendered a 296,000-word report which in effect said that President Kennedy was killed by Oswald, acting alone, with no plausi-

The American public accepted this report with varying degrees of reservation. Even though the investigating panel was above reproach and appeared thorough, it was impossible to accept all the findings at face value, with no skepticism.

This reporter also had doubts as to the conclusions of the Warren Report and like many others in the newspaper business, steadfastly sought to determine if Oswald acted alone or was part of a gigantic conspiracy.

The many books on the subject with their manifold theories were not nearly as impressive as information which came to my attention in early 1967. From unimpeachable sources of unquestioned knowledge and integrity, I learned the Central Intelligence Agency had conceived a plot to assassinate Fidel Castro, whom it regarded as a danger to our nation's security. Castro, a dedicated Communist, was now heading Cuba, which was once a friendly nation only 90 miles from our shores.

The killing of Castro was viewed as an urgent need, coming in the aftermath of the national humiliation attending the debacle of the Bay of Pigs invasion financed by the CIA with the approval of the White House.

A further motivation for the killing of the bearded Cuban leader was the desire of President Kennedy to counteract the catastrophically adverse implication of his political career occasioned by the slaughter of freedom-loving Cubans assisted by U.S. advisors in the swamp waters of the Bay of Pigs.

So great was the President's concern that his brother, Robert Kennedy, the attorney general, actually departed his offices at the Department of Justice and physically located his headquarters at the CIA in order to personally direct the counter measures he deemed necessary to offset the harmful blow to the Kennedy political fortunes — a blow that was spelled "Bay of Pigs." A significant part of Robert Kennedy's strategy revolved about the plan to kill Castro.

Investigation revealed it was a coldly-calculated plot to be carried out through the enlistment of underworld figures who had been active in Havana gambling operations prior to Castro's overthrow of the Batista government and who still had contacts in Havana.

The CIA arranged the enlistment of these organized crime figures and financed their operations. The hired killers first set about reviving contacts in Havana that were close to the Castro regime; secured firearms and poison, supplied by the CIA; and then zeroed-in on liquidating Castro by a bullet or poison.

Investigation shows that five separate and distinct assassination attempts were made on the Cuban leader's life—three by gunfire and two by poison.

All five failed and in the course of the last attempt, made in 1967, Castro agents captured the CIA assassin and tortured him into revealing to Castro personally, the entire plot to kill him.

Intelligence relayed to me in 1967 was to the effect that Castro was enraged and stated in substance that the business of killing heads of state could and would work both ways.

Because of the high-placed source of the information I was sworn to strict secrecy unless I could develop independent intelligence, other than the "plants" within the Castro inner circle.

It wasn't easy in coming but there is now credible evidence of Castro's purpose to respond to the attempts on his life by ordering the assassination of President Kennedy.

Shortly following the tortured confession of the CIA agent, Castro met with officials from South and Latin American states at which meeting he loudly revealed in its entirety the CIA efforts to assassinate him.

He baldly told the assembly "the Kennedys have sought to kill me; I shall mete out the same justice to them!"

Information which I have developed proves that shortly after this meeting, a Brazilian representative sent a confidential report to Washington recounting Castro's threat — and more, this report, which was never revealed to the Warren Commission, still rests in Washington.

What is most significant is that Castro's threat was to the "Kennedys" and not to the President alone. This becomes even more meaningful in light of the subsequent assassinations of both Jack and Robert Kennedy, logical motivation for which has been wholly lacking in both instances.

Evidence in my possession, coupled with documents in the hands of congressional intelligence agency oversight committees, provides a clearly marked trail leading to logical conclusions as to why the Kennedy brothers were killed. That path leads straight to the door of a vengeful Castro.

It is information that was withheld from the Warren Commission, which made its report without knowledge of Castro's threat and which therefore exhausted every other theory, without coming up with a motive that could be sensibly defended, on why the President was killed.

My investigation has definitely established that Chief Justice Earl Warren, while still sitting on the Supreme Court, was advised by a person of unquestioned integrity and patriotism, that there had been five assassination attempts upon the life of Fidel Castro, instigated and implemented by the CIA. And that the last unsuccessful attempt occurred in the time frame not long before the Dallas killing of John Kennedy. He also heard, that Castro, upon learning of the "Kennedy attempt to kill him," as he viewed it, vowed to respond in kind.

The aging Chief Justice was stunned by this information, well knowing that it undermined the integrity of the Warren Commission Report, his reputation as chairman, and that of every other member of that Commission.

I can now reveal that the Chief Justice immediately summoned James J. Rowley, head of the U.S. Secret Service to his office in the Supreme Court Building.

He informed Rowley of everything he had learned and demanded that even though the commission had concluded its work, the truth must be told to the American people.

What then developed is an almost unbelievable story of bureaucratic self preservation.

The head of the Secret Service, the agency charged with protecting the life of the President, determined that "jurisdiction" in the matter rested in the Federal Bureau of Investigation. He thereupon communicated to J. Edgar Hoover everything that the chief justice had told him and concluded his communique with the information that his agency would take no further action.