

~~5846~~

Section 146

164

F B I

Date: 11/25/68

REC 27

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT.  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
DALLAS, TEXAS,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963.  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
(OO: DALLAS)

Enclosed for the Bureau are two (2) newspaper articles appearing in New Orleans newspapers concerning above-captioned matter.

Copies of these newspaper articles are enclosed for Dallas and Miami.

*Handwritten notes:*  
7-135  
H.A.S.  
R. Wilson  
K

EX-100

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 2)
- 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 2)
- 1 - Miami (Enc. 2)
- 1 - New Orleans

REC 27

62-109060-6616

ECW:srl  
(6)

25 DEC 2 1968

*Handwritten signature:* 376

54 DEC 11 1968

5 DEC 13 1968

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_

Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

M

Per \_\_\_\_\_

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# Announcer Appears In Kennedy Probe

B. APPROX 1921

A Tacoma, Wash., radio announcer went before the Orleans Parish Grand Jury shortly before 2 p. m. today in connection with District Attorney Jim Garrison's continuing probe of the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

Fred Lee Crisman, who Garrison claims was an "undercover agent of the industrial warfare complex," went before the jury at 1:54 this afternoon after waiting outside the jury room for almost three hours.

Crisman was originally scheduled to appear at 10:30 this morning, but the jury elected to investigate two murder cases first.

The 47-year-old newsman was accompanied by his attorney, Robert Griffin, also of Tacoma, but when Griffin tried to enter the jury room with his client, Assistant District Attorney James L. Alcock told him he would have to leave.

ALCOCK TOLD Griffin Louisiana law did not permit a person testifying before the jury to have an attorney present.

"I wonder what the constitutionality of that law is," Griffin said, following his ejection.

Before Crisman was ushered before the jury, Garrison

himself made an appearance with the jury, reportedly to confer with his three assistants handling the cases.

The DA remained closeted with the jury for about 10 minutes, then emerged and Crisman was taken into the room.

CRISMAN TOLD newsmen he had no idea why the DA had subpoenaed him and that he "had nothing" he could tell Garrison pertaining to the case.

Crisman said, however, that he did know an Omaha, Neb., evangelist, Thomas E. Beckham, who testified in the case earlier this year.

Garrison says Beckham was

an associate of the late David W. Ferrie, who the DA charges was one of the men who conspired to gun down Kennedy in Dallas five years ago tomorrow.

IN THE SUBPENA, the district attorney said Crisman, working as a gypsy minister, had made many trips to New Orleans and Dallas in connection with "undercover work for manufacturers of military hardware."

Garrison contends Kennedy was murdered by elements of the "industrial warfare complex working with individuals in the government."

Crisman, who says he appears on Tacoma radio station KAYE under the name of Jon Gold, said he did not know any of the figures in the case, including Lee Harvey Oswald, Kennedy's accused assassin, and retired businessman Clay L. Shaw, one of two men indicted by Garrison for conspiracy to murder the President.



States-Item photo  
FRED LEE CRISMAN

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

SECTION 1

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 11-21-68

Edition: FINAL

Author:

Editor: GEORGE W. HEALY

Title:

ASSASSINATION OF  
PRESIDENT JOHN F.  
KENNEDY, TEXAS 11-22-68

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

109060-1016

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# CRISMAN HEARD BY GRAND JURY

## JFK Death Knowledge Is Disclaimed Anew

The Orleans Parish Grand Jury Thursday excused a radio commentator from Tacoma, Wash., after hearing little more than one hour of testimony from him in connection with District Attorney Jim Garrison's Kennedy death probe.

Fred Lee Crisman, 47, and his attorney, Robert G. Griffin, also of Tacoma, said they plan to spend the rest of the week seeing New Orleans after he was released at 3 p.m.

Crisman expressed bafflement at being called before the jury. He said he knows none of the principals in the case.

However, he said he did know an Omaha, Neb., evangelist, Thomas E. Beckman, who testified in the probe earlier this year.

Garrison claimed that Crisman made many trips to New Orleans and Dallas in connection with "undercover work for manufacturers of military hardware." Garrison also said Crisman acted as a Gypsie minister.

### TELLS OF VISITS

Crisman said that he was last in New Orleans about two years ago for just several days. Before that his last visit occurred while stationed in Florida during World War II, he said.

Crisman said he was a fighter pilot in World War II and the Korean War.

A ruddy complexion, square jawed man of average height, Crisman said he won the Distinguished Flying Cross several times, the Purple Heart and other decorations.

He said he is not a minister of any kind, but added that he wrote guidelines for the Office of Equal Opportunity Head Start Program as it applies to Gypsies.

He said he took on the job at the request of a Gypsie whom he has known all his life.

### TAUGHT ENGLISH

Crisman said he was a high school English teacher in his native Tacoma before turning to radio and writing.

He has worked for the Boeing Co. in Seattle, also, he said.

Garrison contends that President John F. Kennedy was

killed by elements of the industrial warfare complex working with individuals in the government.

Before hearing Crisman, the jury indicted James Ali Dihiam, 40, 2128 Rousseau, on a charge of murdering Gabriel Guillot Jr., 21, 2212 Rousseau.

Guillot died in front of 830 Nashville after being shot in the back early Tuesday. Dihiam reportedly told police he

shot after seeing Guillot fleeing from the apartment of Dihiam's estranged wife, Miriam, 39, 816 Nashville.

Dihiam reportedly claimed he mistook Guillot for a prowler.

Another indictment was returned against James Coleman, 60, 2311 Magnolia. He is charged with murdering Elmer Oatis, 21, 2309 Magnolia, in the 2500 block of Magnolia Sunday.



FRED LEE CRISMAN (left), a Tacoma, Wash., radio commentator, and his attorney, Robert G. Griffin, also of Tacoma, arrive at the Criminal Courts Building Thursday to appear before the Orleans Parish Grand Jury. Crisman had been subpoenaed by District Attorney Jim Garrison, who is investigating the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 5

SECTION 1

THE TIMES-PICAYUNE

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 11-22-68

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

GEORGE W. HEALY

Title: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, TEXAS 11-22-68

or

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

62-117100-66/10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT  
**Memorandum**

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 11/25/68

FROM : SAC, NEW ORLEANS (62-0)(P)

SUBJECT: CHANGED  
SOLOMON (NIN) DUBLIN, aka  
Sol  
MISCELLANEOUS -  
INFORMATION CONCERNING

*Handwritten notes:*  
A. ...  
62-10...

Title is marked CHANGED to reflect alias Sol as developed through interview. Title previously carried as SOLOMON (NIN) DUBLIN.

Re New Orleans letter to Director dated 11/15/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are four copies of a self-explanatory LHM suitable for appropriate dissemination and enclosed for San Francisco is one copy of same.

For the information of the Bureau, DUBLIN came to the New Orleans Office on 11/21/68 and registered his initial complaint as set forth, but submission was delayed inasmuch as he telephonically contacted the New Orleans Office on 11/22/68 and 11/23/68, advising he had additional information he wanted made part of his original statement.

It is to be further noted that on 11/21/68 SA ALBERT S. WINDHAM, U. S. Secret Service, New Orleans, assigned to Mrs. LYNDON BAINES JOHNSON, wife of the President, came to the New Orleans Office seeking all available information relative to DUBLIN. He explained that DUBLIN had been interviewed by their Agents on at least one prior occasion regarding his passage of counterfeit one-dollar bills. SA WINDHAM advised that during their interview with him, he had made certain statements relative to his possible propensity toward violence. SA WINDHAM advised that DUBLIN had informed him that there were to be four assassinations of important political figures in the next four years. SA WINDHAM did not elaborate.

- 2 - Bureau (Encs 4) (RM)
  - 1 - San Francisco (Enc 1) (Info) (RM)
  - 2 - New Orleans
- LAS:jpb  
(5)

*Vertical stamp:*  
REC-5 CIVIL RIGHTS UNIT  
REC-2 1968  
Form 5-64  
REC-5 CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION



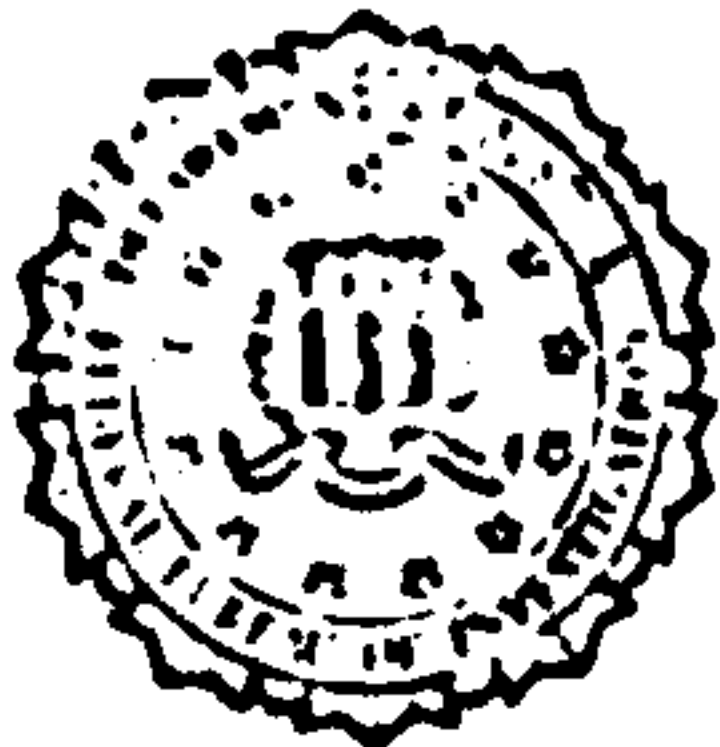
REC 58

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

DEC 12 1968

NO 62-0  
LAS:jpb

All available information will be disseminated locally to the U. S. Secret Service, New Orleans, and to the Kenner, La., PD inasmuch as during a subsequent interview with DUBLIN at the New Orleans Office, he advised that he intended to "assassinate" 20 or so Special Police Officers.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New Orleans, Louisiana

November 25, 1963

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

SOLOMON (NO MIDDLE NAME) DUBLIN

On November 21, 1963, Mr. Solomon (No Middle Name) Dublin appeared at the New Orleans Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and advised that he desired to make a Civil-Rights complaint.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ENCLOSURE

62-10906-a-66/1

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/68

1

SOLOMON (NO MIDDLE NAME) DUBLIN came to the New Orleans Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), advising that he wished to make the following statement:

[He related that he wished to make a Civil-Rights complaint and alleged that he had arrived in New Orleans on the morning of November 20, 1968. He stated that he registered at the Holiday Inn of America, 733 Airline Highway, and when registering used his Gulf credit card, number 600-221-945-6. He was registered in Room K and had occupied the room for approximately four hours when he heard a loud knocking on the door. He related that he went to the door and asked who was there and was advised that it was the Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Office. He stated that he opened the door and noted two uniformed police officers and one unknown white male. One of the policemen asked permission to come into the room and DUBLIN asked why and the officer stated that he just wanted to talk to him. DUBLIN asked the unknown white male who he was, and the man stated that he was ROY GULLOTTE, Innkeeper at the Holiday Inn, and that he had been advised by the Gulf Oil Company to have DUBLIN surrender his credit card.

DUBLIN stated that he refused to let the manager come in although he gave the police permission to come in. He asked why they were demanding his credit card and what authority he had to take the credit card. Mr. DUBLIN related that the card was taken because he had "done too much traveling."

At this point, Mr. DUBLIN digressed from his statement and began talking about his various telephone calls to the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), Office of the President, and various military bases. When asked for specifics and if he desired to continue his original statement, DUBLIN got up and left the office, giving no explanation.

DUBLIN is described from observation and interview as follows:

On 11/21/68 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 62-0

by SA LEONARD A. STEINBACH:jpb 2

11/25/68

Date dictated \_\_\_\_\_

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



2  
NO 62-0  
LAS:jpb

Full Name	SOLOMON (NO MIDDLE NAME) DUBLIN
Familiar Name	Sol
Sex	Male
Race	White
Height	5 feet 9 inches
Weight	185 pounds
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Green
Build	Heavy
Complexion	Ruddy
Identifying Characteristics	Lower right leg from knee down amputated; DUBLIN wears artificial wooden leg.
Military Service	February 11, 1942-- March 9, 1943. Honorably discharged for reasons of physical disability.
Army Serial Number	0-1177779
Occupation	Antique dealer and antique consultant
Employment	Self-employed as co-owner of the Solanne Antique Company, 711 McAllister Street, telephone number WA 2-0742, San Francisco, California
Marital Status	Married to ANN DUBLIN and resides with her at Apartment 301, 2165 Larkin Street, San Francisco, California, telephone number PR 6-6561.

Date 11/25/68

1

Mr. SOLOMON (NO MIDDLE NAME) DUBLIN telephonically contacted the New Orleans Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) at 5:45 p.m., November 22, 1968, and advised that he had attempted to board National Airlines Flight Number 37 at the New Orleans International Airport to Los Angeles. He related that he had a ticket for passage to San Francisco but intended to pay the difference in fares after boarding the plane.

Mr. DUBLIN related that before he could board the plane, an unknown Special Officer of the Kenner Police Department assigned to the New Orleans International Airport, Badge Number 9, approached him and refused to let him board and advised him that he was under arrest for "kicking an aircraft." DUBLIN advised that he was not advised of his rights and was handcuffed, though he offered no resistance. He stated that he was taken to the Kenner Police Department where he was booked, although he did not know why, and soon released on bond although he could not recall how much.

Mr. DUBLIN stated that in his opinion he was a "victim" of the system. He explained that he sent a telegram to the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) in Washington advising them that he would have their appropriation "cut" unless they told the American public and the world of their connection in the KENNEDY assassination. He stated that he knew that President LYNDON JOHNSON had participated in the assassination, although passively, but that since he is the President of the United States, his part in the assassination should not be brought out into the open. He related that he knows that the above is true because he has read the "facts" in various popular magazines.

DUBLIN further related that he had discussed his "assassination theories" with various unknown "high-placed" Mexican-Government officials and with certain unknown members of the Dallas Police Department.

On 11/22/68 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 62-0

by SA LEONARD A. STEINBACH:jpb 4

11/25/68

Date dictated \_\_\_\_\_

2  
FO 62-0  
LAS:jpb

At this point, Mr. DUBLIN stated that he felt the FBI should investigate the "Special Police" in America since they are "usurping" police powers belonging to the regular police. He stated that he even considered "assassinating about 20 of them" himself.

At this point, DUBLIN advised that he was too tired to talk any more and would "be in touch."

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/681

Officer ENO ST. PIERRA, Desk Clerk, Kenner Police Department, Kenner, Louisiana, was telephonically contacted, and he advised that SOLOMON (NO MIDDLE NAME) DUELIN had been arrested by Kenner Police Officers assigned to the New Orleans International Airport, ROBERT GENELLI and THOMAS MC CROSSEN, on November 22, 1968, and charged with disturbing the peace and resisting arrest.

Officer PIERRA advised that the officers' arrest report reflects that they had received complaints from at least three airlines that DUELIN had been "hanging around" their ticket counters for at least five days, using abusive language, and "bothering" the airline customers by blocking their free passage to the ticket counters. Officer ST. PIERRA advised both of the officers are regular and not special policemen, employed full time by the City of Kenner. He related that DUELIN was released on bond the same day.

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On 11/23/68 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 62-0

by SA LEONARD A. STEINBACH:jpb 6

11/25/68

Date dictated \_\_\_\_\_

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/681

SALVADORE LENTINI, Chief of Police, Kenner Police Department, Kenner, Louisiana, telephonically contacted the New Orleans Office and advised that he wanted to let the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) know all the problems they were having with Mr. DUBLIN. He stated that members of his department had personally escorted Mr. DUBLIN to the New Orleans International Airport, purchased a ticket for him with his own money, and placed him on an airplane to California. He stated that on each occasion he would disembark the plane and continue his activities at the airport.

Chief LENTINI further advised that his files reflected that DUBLIN had been "hanging around the airport, blocking the passage of customers at various airline ticket counters, and, in general, making a nuisance of himself." He related that his office had received numerous complaints from the various airlines requesting that DUBLIN be removed from the airport terminal.

Chief LENTINI stated in referring to DUBLIN's arrest by them that this was based on a complaint of a Mr. CHARLES GEMELI, National Airlines ticket manager.

Chief LENTINI related that DUBLIN had come to the Kenner Police Department on numerous occasions after his arrest and release and began causing trouble with ENO ST. PIERRA, Desk Clerk at the Police Station, who is in metal braces due to a shooting incident which took place at the airport earlier in 1968. He related that ST. PIERRA had advised him that DUBLIN was purposely harassing him and trying to "egg" him into a fight. He stated that he has given ST. PIERRA and his other officers specific orders not to allow DUBLIN in the area of the Police Station or into the airport.

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on 11/23/68 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 62-0

by SA LEONARD A. STEINBACH:jpb 7

11/25/68

Date dictated \_\_\_\_\_

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 11/25/68

1

Mr. CHARLES GEMELI, Ticket Manager, National Airlines, New Orleans International Airport, telephone number 721-3543, telephonically contacted the New Orleans Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and advised that he had registered a complaint with the Kenner Police Department on November 21, 1968, against SOLOMON DUBLIN for which he was subsequently arrested. He stated that DUBLIN had been at the New Orleans Airport on numerous occasions during the last week and had been "generally making a nuisance of himself" by bothering the customers in the airport terminal. He stated that he had requested the Security Agents of the National Airlines to be sure to keep DUBLIN away from their ticket counter.

Mr. GEMELI related that he contacted Mrs. DUBLIN, who lives in San Francisco, California, on November 23, 1968, and she advised him that she had been divorced from her husband for at least one year. He advised she had told him that SOLOMON DUBLIN was "a mental case" who had been discharged from the military with a service-connected disability.

Mr. GEMELI advised that he personally contacted Doctor SHASKIN, Psychiatrist, Veterans Administration Hospital at San Francisco, California, who advised him that Mrs. DUBLIN had contacted him on several occasions after her former husband had left the hospital where he had been committed by his father. He related that Doctor SHASKIN advised him that he had been contacted by Mr. DUBLIN's father, telephone number Union 1-1360, who advised him that when SOLOMON DUBLIN was located he would make appropriate arrangements for him permanently committed to the Veterans Administration Hospital.

Mr. GEMELI stated that he contacted Mr. DUBLIN, SOLOMON DUBLIN's father, and Mr. DUBLIN told him that he would make appropriate arrangements to have his son picked up and committed to the Veterans Administration Hospital. Mr. GEMELI

On 11/23/68 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 62-0

by SA LEONARD A. STEINBACH:jpb 8 Date dictated 11/25/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

2  
NO G2-0  
LAS:jpb

advised that he was told by Mr. DUBLIN that his son has been in and out of the Veterans Administration Hospital in San Francisco and during his last commitment walked out and had not been seen, and no one knew his present whereabouts until contacted by GEMELI.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM : SAC, TAMPA (62-455)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
DALLAS, TEXAS  
(OO:DL)

DATE: 12/5/68

REC 45

Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Enclosed to Bureau are two copies each of two self-explanatory news clipping authored by TOM RAUM, Tampa Tribune, Tampa, Fla., under dateline of November 27 and 28, 1968, concerning captioned matter involving District Attorney JIM GARRISON, New Orleans, La., and writer HAROLD WEISBURG. One copy of these news clippings are being enclosed for New Orleans and Dallas for information purposes.

2-Bureau (Encls. 4) **ENCLOSURE**  
1-New Orleans (Encl. 2) (Info.) (89-69)  
1-Dallas (Encl. 2) (Info.) (89-43)  
OTB:db 1-Tampa  
(5)

*2 - Bureau  
5 - Dallas  
1 - New Orleans*

REC 45

115

DEC 6 1968



369  
DEC 19 1968

U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



In JFK case

# Photo 'touch-up' charge

By TOM RAUM  
Times Staff Writer

Did New Orleans Dist. Atty. Jim Garrison commission a set of deliberately "touched-up" photographs of Tampan Kerry Thornley to show an alleged likeness to accused presidential assassin Lee Harvey Oswald?

The possibility was confirmed to The Times today by Thornley's attorney, Arnold Levine. An aide to Garrison has disclaimed any such order.

The Times learned of the existence of a letter which was reportedly mailed to a freelance artist in California bearing the letterhead of Garrison's office. The letter contained a purported request to "touch-up" photographs "to make Thornley look as much as possible like Oswald."

THORNLEY, onetime buddy of Oswald, is being prosecuted by Garrison on a charge of lying about his connection with the alleged assassin in New Orleans during the months prior to the John F. Kennedy assassination in 1963.

Attorney Levine said he has reason to believe Garrison wanted to use the touched-up photographs to support a theory that Thornley posed as Oswald on several occasions when Oswald was away from New Orleans — apparently on clandestine missions.

The Times has also come into the possession of copies of

photos which Levine said were re-touched by the California artist, as well as another letter apparently from one of Garrison's assistants denying that the district attorney had any intention of using a "touched-up" photograph of Kerry Thornley in his trial.

The 29-year-old Tampa freelance writer, who served in the same Marine Corps outfit with Lee Harvey Oswald, is presently awaiting trial on the perjury charge. Specifically, he is charged with lying before a New Orleans grand jury last winter.

LEVINE TERMED the request to touch-up Thornley's photograph "just another example of the sham" of Garrison's investigation, and the charges which have been lodged against the Tampan.

The letter asking for the "re-touch" job bears the date of March 12, and the name of Harold Weisburg, a New Orleans writer whom Levine said has a "well-known" connection with Garrison.

Written on what appears to be official stationery, the letter, addressed to Fred Newcomb, of Sherman Oaks, Calif., says:

"Enclosed are four sets of pictures of Kerry Thornley printed backwards but otherwise entirely untouched. My purpose was to emphasize the resemblance to Oswald and his receding hairline, which when his hair is combed the opposite of his normal fashion is quite emphatic.

"WHAT I WOULD like you

(Indicate page, newspaper, city)

B. APPROX

PAGE 1  
THE TAMPA  
Tampa

Date: 11-27-63

Edition:

Author: Tom Raum

Editor: James A.

Title:

Character

or

Classification

Submitting Office

Being Investigated



## Look-alikes?

"Backwards" photo of Thornley (top), and "touched-up" (second). Thornley as he really looks (third), and Oswald (bottom).

63-119-40-6618  
ENCLOSURE

to do with one of each pair is pretend you were a make-up man doing the minimum necessary to make Thornley look as much as possible like Oswald as for example by pruning off or brushing back the forelock, trimming the eyebrows, shadowing the chin, etc.

"I would like you to keep one pair for your use out there, send one pair to me and the other two to Jim Garrison . . ."

The letter indicates that it was typed by a secretary with the initials "bb."

A second letter, dated May 21, and also bearing the "bb" initials purports to be from executive assistant Dist. Atty. Jim Alcock to artist Newcomb, and reads:

"I HAVE just received the documents you sent concerning Harold Weisburg's request for you to do some photographic touching-up on pictures of Kerry Thornley. So that the record may be set straight, Mr. Weisburg, who is not a member of our staff, made the request without our authority or consent.

"Further, this office has absolutely no intention of using any 'touched-up' photograph of Kerry Thornley in his trial . . ."

Neither Garrison nor Alcock could be reached by The Times today for comment, but a receptionist in the district attorney's office confirmed that there is a typist in the office typing pool with the initials "bb." She declined to give her name.

**THE RECEPTIONIST** also said that while Weisburg "isn't a member of the staff," he was well known in the office. Weisburg, author of "Whitewash," is presently in Frederick, Md., the DA's office said.

Garrison alleges that Oswald, David Ferrie, Clay Shaw and Jack Ruby, working on the fringe of the CIA, hatched the assassination plot while they were in New Orleans in 1963.

Thornley, who has published a book on his acquaintance with Oswald, denies he met with Oswald in New Orleans.

No trial date has been set in Thornley's case.



**DISTRICT ATTORNEY,**

PARISH OF ORLEANS  
STATE OF LOUISIANA  
2700 TULANE AVENUE  
NEW ORLEANS 70119

JIM GARRISON  
DISTRICT ATTORNEY

March 12, 1968

Mr. Fred Newcomb  
4640 Noble Avenue  
Sherman Oaks, California

Dear Fred:

Enclosed are four sets of pictures of Kerry Thornley P backwards but otherwise entirely untouched. My purpose to emphasize the resemblance to Oswald and his receding hairline, which when his hair is combed the opposite of normal fashion is quite emphatic.

What I would like you to do with one of each pair is if you were a make-up man doing the minimum necessary to make Thornley look as much as possible like Oswald as for example by pruning off or brushing back the forelock, trimming eyebrows, shadowing the chin, etc. I would like you to send one pair for your use out there, send one pair to me the other two to Jim Garrison, District Attorney, 2700 Avenue, New Orleans, La. 70119.

Best to Marilyn and everyone else and many many thanks

Sincerely,

HAROLD WEISBURG

HW:bb  
Enclosure

"That would cover ramps adequately," Curry said.

Curry also pointed out to council that a section of the law, which stipulated that "all operators must accept and respond to emergency calls, be amended to include the word "transmit."

Council heard one funeral home representative complain of his ambulance being unable to pass inspection tests because its emergency light did not have a clear plastic cover, but one of glass instead.

**CHRISTIAN  
SCIENCE  
SERVICES**

You are cordially invited to attend these Churches of CHRIST, SCIENTIST

**THANKSGIVING DAY  
SERVICES!**

**FIRST CHURCH**

Grand Central and Cedar Ave.

11:00 A.M.

Thanksgiving Day

**SECOND CHURCH**

1310 W. Linebaugh Ave.

11:00 A.M.

Thanksgiving Day

**THIRD CHURCH**

3616 Bay-to-Bay Blvd.

10:00 A.M.

Thanksgiving Day

• No Evening Service for Thanksgiving Day

**The letter**

Both letters appear to be on official "DA" stationery. Letter on left asks for "touch-up" job, one on right disclaims Garrison

**3**

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# Weisburg admits 'touch-up' letter; denies connection

By TOM RAUM  
Times Staff Writer

Writer Harold Weisburg has confirmed he originated a request last March 12 asking a California artist to "touch-up" photos of Tampan Kerry Thornley to make them look like Lee Harvey Oswald. But the writer denies that New Orleans Dist. Atty. Jim Garrison had anything to do with the project.

In a story yesterday, The Times disclosed that a letter bearing Weisburg's name and what appeared to be the official letterhead of Garrison's office was sent to California artist Fred Newcomb asking for the retouching job.

THORNLEY'S lawyer, Arnold Levine, said he believed the touch-up was to be used by Garrison to support a theory that the Tampan posed as Oswald on several occasions when Oswald was away from New Orleans.

Weisburg, who has published four books on the Kennedy assassination, including "Whitewash" and "Oswald in New Orleans," told The Times from his home in Frederick, Md., that Garrison did not ask him to write the letter, or tell him to send photos of Thornley to the artist to be retouched.

Then why was the request

on the District Attorney's letterhead? "I dictated it to one of (Garrison's) typists. I never saw it again and I didn't know she had used the letterhead."

WEISBURG SAID he dictated the letter "because of my illegible handwriting. If you saw my handwriting you'd know why I had to dictate the letter."

"At no time have I represented having any connection with Garrison," said the writer.

Weisburg did not explain why he was allowed the services of Garrison's typing pool.

"I have often been accused of being responsible for Garrison's interest in Thornley," Weisburg told The Times. "This is absolutely incorrect. Garrison's interest in Thornley was inevitable."

THORNLEY, 29, who presently resides in Tampa at 726 S. 51st St., was in the same Marine Corps unit with Oswald in 1959. The Tampan is awaiting trial on charges of perjury resulting from a Garrison prompted New Orleans grand jury investigation of the Kennedy assassination.

Garrison contends Thornley lied about an alleged association with Oswald in New Orleans during the months prior to the 1963 assassination.

Weisburg admittedly sent four sets of Thornley's picture to artist Newcomb and requested "What I would like you to do with one of each pair is pretend you were a make-up man doing the minimum necessary to make Thornley look as much as possible like Oswald..."

AFTER BEING read over the phone the entire letter, which was reproduced in yesterday's Times, Weisburg confirmed he was the author.

Weisburg charged that the letter and the partially retouched photos were leaked to The Times as "part of the propaganda campaign being waged against myself and Mr. Garrison."

"Your paper is being used as a dupe," he said.

Weisburg commented he personally "agrees with what Garrison says about the assassination in theory" but disagrees with him on "a number of details."

BRIEFLY, GARRISON holds that Oswald, David Ferrie, Clay Shaw and Jack Ruby, working on the fringe of the CIA, gave birth to the assassination plot while they were in New Orleans in 1963.

It was during this time that Garrison alleges Thornley met with his old Marine corps acquaintance.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1-B  
THE TAMPA TRIBUNE  
Tampa, Florida

Date: 11-28-68

Edition:

Author: Tom Raam

Editor: James A. Clendinen

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: Tampa

Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

6618

~~Weichburg~~ said he has been to New Orleans "half a dozen times to conduct my own investigation. I never lived in New Orleans, however, and I never spent more than two weeks there at one time."

It was apparently on one of these visits that the "touch-up" letter was written.

An aide to Garrison has denied the district attorney had intentions "of using any 'touched-up' photograph of Kerry Thornley in his trial."

Thornley, who has published a book on Oswald, denies official will represent South seeing the accused assassin anytime after 1959.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DEC 9 1968

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Bishop	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. Felt	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

FBI WASH DC

FBI NEW ORLS

4:38PM URGENT 12/9/68 JDM 2PAGES

TO DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060) & DALLAS (89-43)  
FROM NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
DALLAS, TEXAS, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE.  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING, (OO: DALLAS).

NEW ORLEANS STATES - ITEM, RED FLASH EDITION, INSTANT  
DATE, REPORTED THAT THE U. S. SUPREME COURT TODAY CLEARED  
THE WAY FOR THE HISTORIC TRIAL OF CLAY L. SHAW BY REFUSING TO  
HEAR HIS PLEA THAT HE IS BEING UNJUSTLY PROSECUTED ON CHARGES  
OF CONSPIRING TO KILL PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY. THE ARTICLE  
REPORTED THAT THE SUPREME COURT GAVE NO REASON FOR REFUSING  
TO BLOCK SHAW'S TRIAL OR GRANT HIM A HEARING.

THE ARTICLE REPORTED THAT ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY  
JAMES L. ALCOCK SAID A TRIAL DATE "WILL BE SET AS SOON AS EC 12 1968  
POSSIBLE." "THE TRIAL WILL NOT BE THIS MONTH BECUASE WE  
DON'T HAVE A JURY." ALCOCK SAID. "THE EARLIEST DATE FOR THE  
TRIAL WOULD BE SOMETIME IN JANUARY."

END PAGE ONE.

*Supervisor*  
*Rosen*  
*Alger*  
*K*

REC 75 62-109060-6619

719  
61 DEC 19 1968

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

NO 89-69

PAGE TWO

THE ARTICLE STATED THAT EDWARD WEGMANN, AN ATTORNEY FOR SHAW, SAID HE WOULD HAVE NO COMMENT UNTIL HE CAN STUDY THE HIGH COURT'S RULING.

<sup>INSTEAD</sup>  
NO LHM BEING SUBMITTED.

END.

CKG

FBI WASH DC

T

CC. MR. SULLIVAN

*Kelley Mason*

## Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 12/9/68

Attached relates to the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy and states that the U. S. Supreme Court cleared the way for trial of Clay L. Shaw by refusing to hear his plea of being unjustly prosecuted. Shaw has been charged by New Orleans District Attorney Garrison with conspiracy to kill the late President Kennedy.

Since attached obtained from news media, no dissemination being recommended.

JFM:chs

*W. A. B.**W. J. M.**D.*



TRUE COPY

Ball State University

I am writing a term paper for college on the assassination of President Kennedy. I would appreciate any information you might have on any of the following questions:

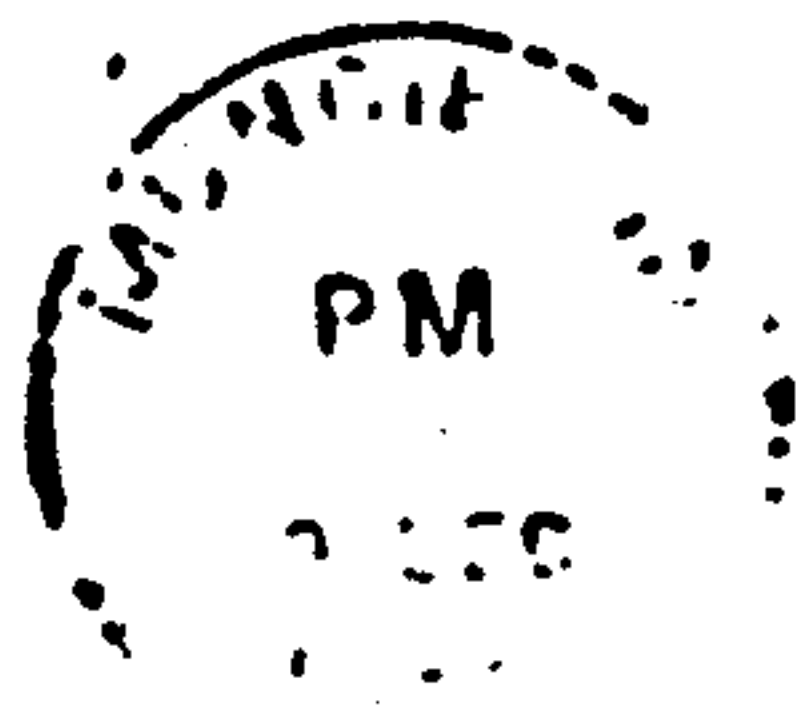
- 1) Was Oswald a paid informer of the FBI.
- 2) If not, why did Alonzo Hudkins or Allan Sweatt seem to think so and why did Henry Wade have reason to believe this.
- 3) Have the informant numbers B-172 & 179 been looked into to see if Oswald was one of them.
- 4) Was there a second Oswald. What evidence do you have to suggest that there might have been.

Any information along these lines that you can send me would be most helpful. Thank You.

Sincerely yours

Jerry Ray Johnson

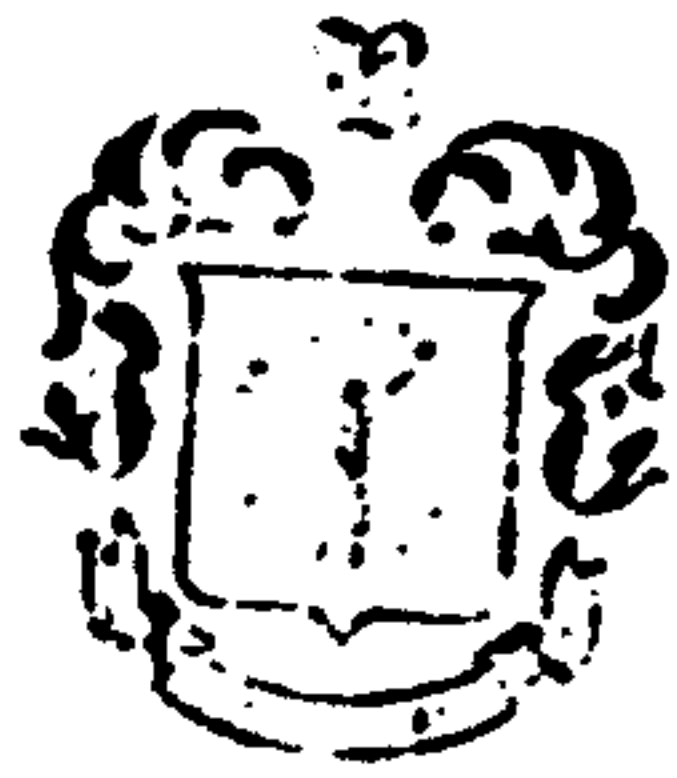
Jerry Ray Johnson  
Clevenger Hall  
Box C44  
Muncie, Indian  
47306



REC-15

6620

Washington D.C.



BALL STATE UNIVERSITY

I am writing a term paper for college on the assassination of President Kennedy. I would appreciate any information you might have on any of the following questions:

- 1) Was Oswald a paid informant of the FBI
  - 2) If not, why did Alonzo Hudkins or Glenn Sweatt seem to think so and why did Henry Wade have reason to believe this.
  - 3) Have the informant numbers S-172 & 179 been looked into to see if Oswald was one of them.
  - 4) Was there a record of Oswald. What evidence do you have to suggest that there might have been.
- Any information along these lines that you can send me would be most helpful. Thank you

Sincerely yours  
 Jerry Ray Johnson  
 Jerry Ray Johnson  
 Stenger Hall  
 Box 244  
 Muncie, Indiana  
 47306

12-12-63  
 12-12-63  
 12-12-63

12-12-63

57  
REC-15  
EX-113

62-9110-6620

December 13, 1968

Mr. Jerry Ray Johnson  
Clevenger Hall  
Box C44  
Muncie, Indiana 47306

Dear Mr. Johnson:

Your letter was received on December 11th. *JOHN F. KENNEDY*

In response to your inquiries, the FBI, at the direction of President Johnson, conducted a prompt, intensive, objective and thorough investigation of the assassination of President Kennedy. The results of this investigation were accurately reported to the Warren Commission, and not one shred of evidence has been developed to link any other person in a conspiracy with Lee Harvey Oswald to assassinate President Kennedy. All available evidence and facts point to one conclusion--that Oswald acted alone in his crime. The results of our inquiry into this matter were subsequently made available to the National Archives by the Warren Commission. The FBI has no authority to independently release any information contained in these reports; however, I can assure you that Lee Harvey Oswald was never an employee of the FBI nor did he have any affiliation whatsoever with this Bureau.

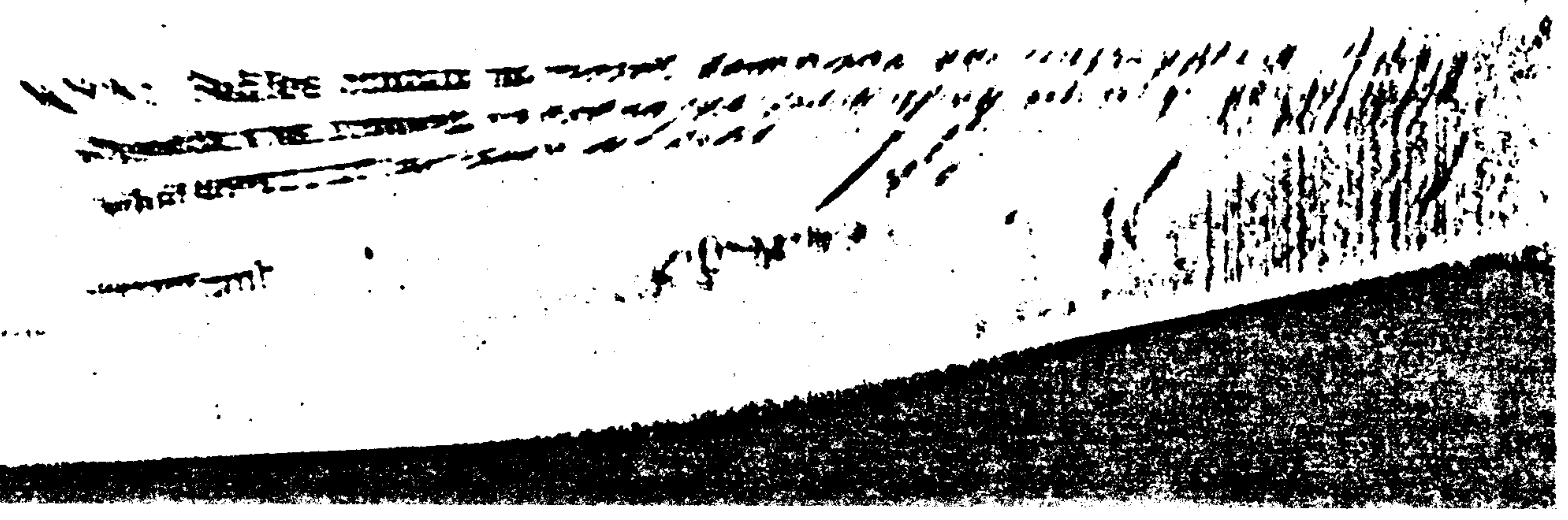
Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover  
John Edgar Hoover  
Director

*J* *PH*

MAILED 20  
DEC 13 1968  
COMM-FBI

*Leop* *3*



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATION SECTION

DEC 11 1968

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

FBI NEW ORLS

8:17PM URGENT 12/10/68 JDM 3 PAGES

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060) & DALLAS (89-43)

FROM NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Bishop	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. Felt	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
DALLAS, TEXAS, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE.  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING. 00: DALLAS

NEW ORLEANS STATES-ITEM, FINAL EDITION, DECEMBER ELEVEN  
INSTANT, REPORTED THAT DISTRICT ATTORNEY JIM GARRISON TODAY  
SET THE LONG-DELAYED CONSPIRACY TRIAL OF CLAY L. SHAW FOR  
JANUARY TWENTYONE NEXT SAYING "THE MOMENT OF TRUTH IS AT  
HAND." ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, GARRISON AGAIN LASHED OUT AT  
WHAT HE CALLED OBSTRUCTION TO HIS INVESTIGATION INTO THE  
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY AND PREDICTED  
THAT THERE WOULD BE MORE ATTEMPTS TO DELAY THE TRIAL.  
ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, GARRISON SAID, "THE ONLY WAY THEY  
CAN STOP ME IS TO KILL ME."

THE ARTICLE STATED THAT CRIMINAL DISTRICT JUDGE EDWARD A.  
HAGGERTY ACTING IN CONJUNCTION WITH GARRISON'S CHOICE OF A  
TRIAL DATE SAID HE HAS ORDERED THE NAMES OF TWO HUNDRED FIFTY  
POTENTIAL JURORS FOR THE TRIAL.

END PAGE ONE

57 DEC 20 1968

REC 15  
62-109060-6621  
DEC 13 1968  
5-  
Rosen  
Sullivan

NO 89-69

PAGE TWO

THE ARTICLE REPORTED THAT GARRISON SAID TODAY HE WOULD OPPOSE EVERY ATTEMPT TO FURTHER DELAY THE TRIAL. THE ARTICLE REPORTED THAT GARRISON ALSO SAID THE NEW ADMINISTRATION OF RICHARD M. NIXON OFFERS "NEW HOPE". GARRISON POINTED OUT THAT NIXON WILL TAKE OFFICE JANUARY TWENTY AND THAT HE WAS REQUESTING THAT THE CLAY SHAW TRIAL BE SET FOR JANUARY TWENTYONE.

GARRISON ALSO REPORTEDLY TOLD REPORTERS HE WAS HOPEFUL THAT THE NEW GOVERNMENT IN WASHINGTON WOULD REALIZE THAT IT CANNOT INTERFERE WITH JUSTICE IN A STATE COURT. HE SAID THAT THE GOVERNMENT DID NOT WANT THE CASE TO GO TO TRIAL, "THEY DON'T WANT THE PEOPLE IN AMERICA TO KNOW THAT THE WARREN COMMISSION REPORT IS A COMPLETE FRAUD."

ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, WHEN ASKED IF HE WAS STILL CONFIDENT ABOUT THE OUTCOME OF THE CASE, GARRISON SAID HE DID NOT WANT TO SKIRT THE QUESTION BUT ALSO DID NOT WANT TO BE UNFAIR TO SHAW. HE FINALLY ANSWERED BY SAYING, "I AM JUST AS CONFIDENT AS I EVER WAS ABOUT THE CASE."

END PAGE TWO

NO 89-69

PAGE THREE

THE ARTICLE REPORTED THAT GARRISON SAID THERE HAD BEEN TWO ATTEMPTS AT OBSTRUCTION ON TWO FRONTS. ONE WAS ON THE LEGAL LEVEL "ALL THE WAY UP TO THE SUPREME COURT." THE OTHER OBSTRUCTION WAS "BEHIND THE SCENES." GARRISON DESCRIBED THIS AS CHARACTER ASSASSINATION AND AN INTERNAL REVENUE INVESTIGATION. ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, GARRISON SAID HE HAD BEEN OFFERED A FEDERAL JUDGESHIP IF HE WOULD DROP THE SHAW CASE.

<sup>2/2/70</sup>  
NO LHM BEING SUBMITTED.

END.

GMA

FBI WASH DC

TUCLR

P

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 12/11/68

Attached pertains to the pending trial of Clay L. Shaw who has been charged by New Orleans District Attorney Garrison with conspiracy in assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy.

Since this information obtained from news media, no further dissemination being recommended.

JFM:chs

*WIS/MA*

*wab*

F B I

Date: 12/13/68

*Handwritten initials*

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)  
FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)  
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
DALLAS, TEXAS,  
NOVEMBER 22, 1963  
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING  
(OO: DALLAS)

*Handwritten notes:*  
READ  
P...  
(in Boxley)

Enclosed for the Bureau are three newspaper articles appearing in New Orleans newspapers concerning above-captioned matter.

Copies of these newspaper articles are enclosed for Dallas and Miami.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 3) ENCL.
- 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 3)
- 1 - Miami (Enc. 3)
- 1 - New Orleans

ECW:srl  
(6)

EX-113  
62-109060-6622

NOT RECORDED  
2 DEC 16 1968

*Handwritten notes:*  
5- [unclear]

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M. Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

61 JAN 6 1969



(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# Shaw Trial Set to Open Jan. 21

The long-delayed trial of Clay L. Shaw, accused of conspiring to kill President John F. Kennedy, has been scheduled to start Jan. 21.

Dist. Atty. Jim Garrison, who has conducted his own probe into the assassination of Kennedy in Dallas, Tex., in 1963, announced the date at a press conference in his office this morning.

The way was cleared for the historic trial by the U.S. Supreme Court Monday. The court refused to hear Shaw's plea that he is being unjustly prosecuted on charges of conspiring to kill the president.

Criminal District Court Judge Edward A. Haggerty said today he has ordered the names of 250 potential jurors in January in anticipation of the trial.

The district attorney con-

tends Shaw took part in a New Orleans-based conspiracy to kill the president.

Shaw, a retired New Orleans businessman and former director of the International Trade Mart, has maintained his innocence.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

SECTION 1

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 12-11-68

Edition: RED FLASH

Author:

Editor:

Title: GEORGE W. HEALY  
ASSASSINATION OF  
JOHN F. KENNEDY, PRE  
SIDENT, TEXAS 11-22-  
or 89-

Classification:

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# Shaw Trial Jan. 21

Dist. Atty. Jim Garrison today set the long-delayed conspiracy trial of Clay L. Shaw for Jan. 21, saying, "The moment of truth is at hand."

Garrison again lashed out at what he called obstruction to his investigation into the assassination of President John F. Kennedy and predicted that there would be more attempts to delay the trial.

The big center of the internationally famous investigation, maintained, "the only way they can stop me is to kill me."

## CRIMINAL DISTRICT Court

Judge Edward A. Haggerty, acting in conjunction with Garrison's choice of a trial date, said this morning he has ordered the names of 250 potential jurors for the trial.

The stage was set for today's press conference announcement by a Monday decision of the U.S. Supreme Court, which refused to hear Shaw's plea that he is being unjustly prosecuted on charges of conspiring to kill the President.

Garrison has conducted his own nationwide probe into the 1963 assassination of Kennedy in Dallas.

Shaw, a retired New Orleans businessman and former director of the International Trade Mart, was arrested March 1, 1967, and charged with conspiracy under the state statutes.

Garrison contends that Shaw took part in a New Orleans-based conspiracy to kill the

President. He was indicted by a grand jury, pleaded innocent and has consistently denied any connection with the crime.

In a preliminary hearing for Shaw, state witness Perry Raymond Russo testified he overheard Shaw plotting the President's death here in September, 1963, with someone he identified as Lee Harvey Oswald and others.

The Warren Commission Report found that Oswald acted alone to assassinate Kennedy in Dealey Plaza, Dallas.

Garrison said today he would oppose every attempt to further delay the trial.

He said the new administration of Richard M. Nixon offers "new hope." The DA pointed out that Nixon will take office Jan. 20 and said, "We are requesting that the Clay Shaw trial be set for Jan. 21."

GARRISON TOLD reporters he was hopeful that the new government in Washington would realize that it cannot interfere with justice in a state court.

He said the federal government did not want the case to go to trial, "They don't want the people in America to know that the Warren Commission Report is a complete fraud."

It was then that Garrison said the only way he could be stopped would be through death.

"We are going to trial with the Clay Shaw case," he said. "The moment of truth is at hand."

Asked if he still was confident about the outcome of the case, Garrison said he did not want to skirt the ques-

tion but he also did not want to be unfair to Shaw.

FINALLY, HE answered the question by saying, "I am just as confident as I ever was about the case."

Garrison said there had been attempts at obstruction on two fronts:

One, he said, was on the legal level, "all the way up to the Supreme Court."

The other obstruction, he said, was "behind the scenes." Garrison described this as character assassination and an internal revenue investigation. The DA said he had been offered a federal judgeship if he would drop the Shaw case.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

SECTION 1

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 12-11-68

Edition: FINAL

Author:

Editor:

Title: GEORGE W. HEALY

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, TEXAS

or 11-22-63

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

11 amen

12-119000-6022-  
ENCLOSURE

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# TRIAL OF SHAW SET FOR JAN. 21

## 'Moment of Truth' Has Arrived—Garrison

By CLARENCE DOUCET

Asserting that the long-awaited "moment of truth" has arrived, District Attorney Jim Garrison announced Wednesday that the trial of Clay L. Shaw on the charge that he participated in a conspiracy to assassinate President John F. Kennedy will begin on Tuesday, Jan. 21.

Garrison speculated that the trial may last five weeks.

He made the announcement at a press conference in his office and citing "obstructions" to the trial, he characterized the upcoming jury case as "a test of whether we really have justice in America."

Meanwhile, Criminal District Court Judge Edward A. Haggerty, who will preside over the trial, said he has ordered the names of 250 potential jurors in January in anticipation of the historic case.

### HEARING REFUSED

The way for Shaw's trial was cleared on Monday when the United States Supreme Court refused to hear Shaw's plea that he is being unjustly prosecuted on the conspiracy charge.

Referring to the plea to the U.S. Supreme Court, Garrison said it must mark "the first attempt to appeal a case before the trial" was held.

Shaw was arrested on March 1, 1967, about a week after it was disclosed publicly that Garrison was conducting his own investigation of the death of President Kennedy.

Shaw, retired managing direc-

tor of the International Trade Mart, has maintained his innocence and has attempted to block the trial through legal maneuvers on the local, state and federal level.

Garrison cited the legal pleadings by Shaw as "obstructions" on the legal level, and asserted there have been "even more serious" obstructions "behind the scenes."

### TRIAL TO PROCEED

He claimed that he has been contacted to learn if he would be interested in a federal judgeship for dropping the case and he replied: "The Clay Shaw trial is going to go ahead as scheduled and we will oppose every attempt" to block it.

He said other behind-the-scenes activities have included character assassination by claims that he was connected with organized crime, that he was insane, and that he was not competent to hold office. He also cited "an intense investigation" by the intelligence division of the Internal Revenue Service and the "warning that there might be criminal prosecution; for what I would have no idea."

Garrison claimed the federal government did not want the case to go to trial because it "does not want the people to learn that the Warren Commission was a complete fraud."

### VOICES CONFIDENCE

He said he expects "more diversionary attempts, more character assassination and more obstructions—escalated to God knows what level" in the future, and added that he is "just as confident as I ever was about the state's case" in the Shaw trial.

Garrison also commented on William Boxley, an investigator he fired on Monday because, Garrison said, he was an operative of the Central Intelligence Agency.

"He was not only a CIA agent," said the DA. "but he was one on a very high level." Asked what proof his office developed, Garrison said it concerned material that Boxley had put in written form.

Boxley, contacted in Austin, Tex., told The Times-Picayune on Wednesday that he has not been involved with the CIA or

any federal agency since 1952.

He said he believed Garrison "has been genuinely misled" about his CIA involvement, adding: "I am sure he believes as strongly in this (his alleged CIA involvement) as he once believed in me." Boxley said he would cooperate completely with Garrison's office in returning to it material he still has in his possession.

Boxley said the only written material he ever provided Garrison's office was a description of how various intelligence agencies operate.

Boxley said he was "really sad" over his firing by Garrison, but added that he believed no one could convince Garrison that he was not an agent of the CIA.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

SECTION 1

THE TIMES-PICAYUNE

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 12-12-68

Edition:

Author:

Editor: GEORGE W. HEAL

Title: ASSASSINATION OF

PRESIDENT JOHN F.

KENNEDY, TEXAS

Character: 11-22-63

or

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA

Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

131  
62-119-100-1520

FBI

Date: 12/12/68

~~REC-64~~  
*[Handwritten initials]*

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority)

**TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)**  
**FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)**  
**SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS, NOVEMBER 22, 1963 MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING (OO: DALLAS)**

*[Handwritten initials]*

Enclosed for the Bureau are three newspaper articles appearing in New Orleans newspapers, concerning above-captioned matter.

Copies of these newspaper articles are enclosed for Dallas and Miami.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 3)
- 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 3)
- 1 - Miami (Enc. 3)
- 1 - New Orleans

**ENCLOSURE**

REC-64 62-109060-6123

NOT RECORDED  
18 DEC 14 1968

EX-113

ECW:srl  
(6)

315

56 JAN 2 1969

51 DEC 30 1968

56 DEC 26 1968

*[Handwritten signature]*  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_

*[Handwritten signatures and initials]*

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# Ruling Clears Way For Trial of Shaw High Court Refuses to Hear Plea

The U.S. Supreme court today cleared the way for the historic trial of Clay L. Shaw by refusing to hear his plea that he is being unjustly prosecuted on charges of conspiring to kill President John F. Kennedy.

THE RULING represented a major victory for District Attorney Jim Garrison, who contends that Shaw took part in a New Orleans-based conspiracy to kill the President.

Assistant DA James L. Alcock said a trial date "will be set as soon as possible." Garrison was not immediately available for comment.

"The trial definitely will not be this month because we don't have a jury," Alcock

said. "The earliest date for the trial would be sometime in January."

Alcock said the ruling did not surprise him. "The only thing that surprised me was that it took the Supreme Court this long to make a decision."

Edward Wegmann, a Shaw attorney, said he would have no comment until he can study the high court's ruling.

Shaw, a retired New Orleans businessman, had appealed to the federal courts for sanctuary, claiming he was the victim of "a concerted pattern of persecution" by Garrison and his staff.

ONLY RARELY do federal courts act to block state court prosecutions. The Supreme Court gave no reason for refusing to block Shaw's trial or grant him a hearing.

Shaw, 55, also sought to make the report of the Warren Commission binding on all courts. The commission concluded that Lee Harvey Oswald acted alone in killing the President.

The commission was headed by Chief Justice Earl Warren, who took no part in the decision handed down by the high court today.

Shaw was arrested March 1, 1967, and charged under the state conspiracy statute. He subsequently was indicted by the grand jury. He pleaded not guilty and has consistently denied any connection with the crime.

In a preliminary hearing for Shaw, state witness Perry Raymond Russo testified he overheard Shaw plotting the President's death here in September, 1963, with Oswald and others.

A LONG SERIES of legal delays have kept the case from coming to trial since then; an unsuccessful bid was made by Shaw's attorneys to have the trial moved outside New Orleans.

Criminal District Judge Edward A. Haggerty Jr., who will try the case, rejected after a hearing the defense's contention that undue publicity on the case would keep Shaw from getting a fair trial here.

After exhausting their remedies in state court, Shaw's attorneys sought a federal court injunction prohibiting Garrison from further prosecution of the case.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

SECTION 1

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 12-9-68

Edition: RED FLASH

Author:

Editor: GEORGE W. HEALY

Title: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, TEXAS

or 11-22-63

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

100-9000-6623

**FEDERAL DISTRICT Judge Frederick J. R. Heebe issued a preliminary injunction until the case could be heard by a three-judge panel.**

This past July 23, the panel, composed of Circuit Judge Robert A. Ainsworth and District Judges Heebe and James A. Comiskey, rejected Shaw's plea. The Supreme Court today upheld this decision.

President Kennedy was shot to death in Dallas on Nov. 22, 1963. The Warren Commission, appointed by President Lyndon B. Johnson, held extensive hearings and issued its lengthy report in 1964.

Many writers criticized the report on grounds that it slighted many areas of possible investigation and that the investigators operated under a preconceived notion that no conspiracy existed.

**IN NOVEMBER, 1966, Garrison began the first investigation by a legally constituted authority since the Warren Commission disbanded. His investigation was made public against his will in February, 1967, in an exclusive story by the States-Item.**

Subsequently, Shaw was arrested and charged. Also charged with conspiracy was Edgar Eugene Bradley of Hollywood, Calif. Garrison so far has been unsuccessful in getting Bradley extradited for prosecution.



**CLAY L. SHAW**

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# Rule Clears Way for Shaw Trial

The U.S. Supreme court today cleared the way for the historic trial of Clay L. Shaw by refusing to hear his plea that he is being unjustly prosecuted on charges of conspiring to kill President John F. Kennedy.

THE RULING represented a major victory for District Attorney Jim Garrison, who contends that Shaw took part in a New Orleans-based conspiracy to kill the President.

Assistant DA James L. Alcock said a trial date "will be set as soon as possible." Garrison was not immediately available for comment.

"The trial definitely will not be this month because we don't have a jury," Alcock said. "The earliest date for the trial would be sometime in January."

Alcock said the ruling did not surprise him. "The only thing that surprised me was that it took the Supreme Court this long to make a decision."

Edward Wegmann, a Shaw attorney, said he would have no comment until he can study the high court's ruling.

Shaw, a retired New Orleans businessman, had appealed to the federal courts for sanctuary, claiming he was the victim of "a concerted pattern of persecution" by Garrison and his staff.

ONLY RARELY do federal courts act to block state court prosecutions. The Supreme Court gave no reason for refusing to block Shaw's trial or grant him a hearing.

Shaw, 55, also sought to make the report of the War-

ren Commission binding on all courts. The commission concluded that Lee Harvey Oswald acted alone in killing the President.

The commission was headed by Chief Justice Earl Warren, who took no part in the decision handed down by the high court today.

Shaw was arrested March 1, 1967, and charged under the state conspiracy statute. He subsequently was indicted by the grand jury. He pleaded not guilty and has consistently denied any connection with the crime.

In a preliminary hearing for Shaw, state witness Perry Raymond Russo testified he overheard Shaw plotting the President's death here in September, 1963, with Oswald and others.

A LONG SERIES of legal delays have kept the case from coming to trial since then; an unsuccessful bid was made by Shaw's attorneys to have the trial moved outside New Orleans.

Criminal District Judge Edward A. Haggerty Jr., who will try the case, rejected after a hearing the defense's contention that undue publicity on the case would keep Shaw from getting a fair trial here.

After exhausting their remedies in state court, Shaw's attorneys sought a federal court injunction prohibiting Garrison from further prosecution of the case.

FEDERAL DISTRICT Judge Frederick J. R. Heebe issued a preliminary injunction until the case could be heard by a three-judge panel.

This past July 23, the panel, composed of Circuit Judge Robert A. Ainsworth and District Judges Heebe and James A. Comiskey, rejected Shaw's plea. The Supreme Court today upheld this decision.

President Kennedy was shot to death in Dallas on Nov. 22, 1963. The Warren Commission, appointed by President Lyndon B. Johnson, held extensive hearings and issued

its lengthy report in 1964.

Many writers criticized the report on grounds that it slighted many areas of possible investigation and that the investigators operated under a preconceived notion that no conspiracy existed.

IN NOVEMBER, 1966, Garrison began the first investigation by a legally constituted authority since the Warren Commission disbanded. His investigation was made public against his will in February, 1967, in an exclusive story by the States-Item.

Subsequently, Shaw was arrested and charged. Also charged with conspiracy was Edgar Eugene Bradley of Hollywood, Calif. Garrison so far has been unsuccessful in get-

ting Bradley extradited for prosecution.

In an unrelated development, Garrison today announced the firing of an aide who he said turned out to be "an operative of the Central Intelligence Agency."

Fired was William Boxley, who had been active in the Kennedy probe.

Garrison said Boxley served for years in Washington in the CIA's "Department of Covert Activity."

In the statement, Garrison repeated previous assertions that Kennedy was killed by the "warfare complex" because he sought to end the cold war.

He said his investigation will succeed despite federal efforts to torpedo it.



(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

SECTION 1

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 12-9-68

Edition: FINAL

Author:

Editor: GEORGE W. HEALY

Title: ASSASSINATION OF JOHN F. KENNEDY, TEXAS

Character: 11-22-63

or

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

9060-1623

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# GARRISON WINS ROUND IN COURT

## Supreme Tribunal Affirms July Decision

By EDGAR A. POE

(Times-Picayune Staff Correspondent)

WASHINGTON — District Attorney Jim Garrison, who has described the Warren Report on the assassination of President John F. Kennedy as a "fraud on the American people," Monday won a legal round before the U.S. Supreme Court to try Clay L. Shaw for conspiracy to murder the President.

By its action, the Supreme Court affirmed a July 23 decision by a three-judge U.S. District Court in New Orleans, denying Shaw an injunction to stop the prosecution. Shaw, in his 173-page statement of appeal to the nation's highest court, had charged, among other things, that Garrison and associates were conducting a "fraudulent and useless probe."

Shaw, former managing director of the International Trade Mart, is free under a \$10,000 bail following grand jury indictment in the Criminal District Court of Orleans Parish on March 22, 1967. Shaw, 55, is charged by Garrison with having conspired with New Orleans-born Lee Harvey Oswald, among others, to kill President Kennedy.

Shaw denies the charges. He appealed to the Supreme Court for relief, in an effort to avoid trial and long, drawn-out criminal court proceedings that could continue for years before the courts.

### VALIDITY IS ISSUE

Shaw, in his appeal to the Supreme Court, had asked the tribunal to declare the Warren Report to be valid, accurate and binding. Therefore, he maintained that the lengthy study report should be binding upon the courts of this country.

Chief Justice Earl Warren, at the request of President Johnson, headed the study commit-

tee which had used the various investigative resources of the United States Government in conducting the inquiry.

Shaw, who was charged with conspiring with David W. Ferrie, along with Oswald and others, had urged the Supreme Court to hold unconstitutional Louisiana's conspiracy law. He described the state statute as being vague and indefinite, and that "on its face, violates the first and 14th amendment guarantees."

He charged that Garrison "seeks to convince the public that President Kennedy was killed as a result of a conspiracy, and not by a lone assassin, as reported in the Warren Report."

By means of his repeated public attacks on the Warren Report, Shaw's appeal stated, "he seeks to convince the public of the existence of a conspiracy in the death of the President, thus prejudicing, conditioning and influencing the minds of the public as to the guilt of Clay Shaw and thus obviating the necessity of having to prove the existence of a conspiracy during the trial of said case on its merits."

### RULING UNANIMOUS

Circuit Judge Robert A. Ainsworth Jr. and District Judges Frederick J. R. Heebe and James A. Comiskey, in ruling strictly on the legal issues, unanimously held that there was no federal jurisdiction involved as the result of the state court indictment. Nevertheless, they held that Shaw was entitled to appeal to the Supreme Court on this issue.

Under this order, the three-judge district tribunal enjoined Garrison and the Criminal District Court of Orleans Parish from further prosecution of the case until the Supreme Court disposed of Shaw's appeal for an injunction to throw the case out of court.

District Attorney Garrison, in his short reply to Shaw's application for an injunction, maintained that it was not true that Shaw was being singled out for prosecution as part of a publicly campaign to discredit the Warren Report.

The Warren Commission, in its inquiry, concluded that Oswald, acting alone, assassinated the late President Kennedy in Dallas on Nov. 22, 1963. Oswald was subsequently murdered by Jack Ruby, now deceased.

### January Is Earliest Date for Shaw Trial

Shaw's trial date "will be set as soon as possible," Assistant D. A. James L. Alcock said Monday.

"The trial will definitely not be this month," he said, "because we don't have a jury. The earliest date for the trial would be sometime in January."

Garrison was unavailable for comment.

Alcock said he was not surprised at the Supreme Court's decision. "The only thing that surprised me," he said, "was that it took the Supreme Court this long to make a decision."

### CIA Activity Alleged in D.A. Staff Removal

The office of Orleans Parish District Attorney Jim Garrison Monday announced the removal of a member of the staff investigating the assassination of President John F. Kennedy because of alleged involvement with the CIA.

"William Boxley was fired after evidence recently developed by the District Attorney's staff indicated current activity by him as an operative of the Central Intelligence Agency," the office said.

Boxley's initial service with the CIA was in Washington, D. C., where he served for years as an active agent for "what was then termed the Department of Covert Activity," according to the office.

The office said federal intelligence efforts to interfere with the investigation into President Kennedy's assassination "have been occurring since the beginning of the inquiry."

The D.A.'s office said President Kennedy "was assassinated because he was ending the Cold War."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

SECTION 1

THE TIMES-PICAYUNE

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 12-10-68

Edition:

Author:

Editor: GEORGE W. HEALY

Title: ASSASSINATION OF

PRESIDENT JOHN F.

KENNEDY, TEXAS

Character: 11-22-63

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

62-11000-1623  
ENCLOSURE



"He (Kennerly) also made it clear he was going to 'break the CIA up into 10,000 pieces,' " the office added.

"All the power in Washington" will not stop the investigation into Kennedy's death in every case where individuals involved in the alleged conspiracy conducted actions in New Orleans, the office said.

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO  
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 62-109060

SERIAL NO. 6624

PAGE NO. ENTIRE DOCUMENT

NO. OF PAGES 10

SECTION NO.

164

CIA

REFERRAL

12/23/68

Airtel

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Bishop
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. W. A. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. R. E. Lenihan

To: SACs, Dallas (89-43)  
 Jackson. (Enclosures - 8)  
 Los Angeles (Enclosures - 8)  
 New Orleans (89-69)

From: Director, FBI (62-109060)

PERSONAL ATTENTION

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT  
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
 NOVEMBER 22, 1963,  
 DALLAS, TEXAS

Revised Copy Sent Wm S. Walter  
 by letter 10/2/75  
 per FOIA Request

Enclosed for the Los Angeles and Jackson Offices are the following enclosures:

LHM dated 2/2/68 at Jacksonville, Florida; LHM dated 2/5/68 at New Orleans; LHM dated 2/6/68 at Washington, D. C.; LHM dated 2/6/68 at Washington, D. C.; letter to the Attorney General dated 3/20/68; a signed statement of William S. Walter dated 3/20/68 at Nashville, Tennessee; letter to the Attorney General dated 4/4/68, and an LHM dated 5/16/68 at Memphis, Tennessee.

Each office will note that the enclosures deal with an allegation made by William S. Walter, former Security Patrol Clerk of the New Orleans Office, wherein Walter alleges that some time during his tour of duty (midnight to 8 a.m.) on 11/17/63 he received a teletype from FBI Headquarters containing information to the effect that there might be an assassination attempt on President John F. Kennedy in Texas.

Bureau has ascertained that Thomas J. Bevans, now a Special Agent assigned to the Los Angeles Office, was a Security Patrol Clerk in the New Orleans Office in November, 1963. Bevans, according to payroll records, worked the 4:15 p.m. 11/16/63 to 12:15 a.m. 11/17/63 security patrol shift in the New Orleans Office and later worked the 8:15 a.m. to 4:15 p.m. 11/17/63

REL:as  
 (15)

SEE NOTE PAGE THREE

XEROX  
 JAN 7 1969

MAILED 4  
 DEC 25 1968  
 COMM-FBI

RECORDED IN  
 RECORDS UNIT

61 JAN 9 1968 TELETYPE UNIT

*Walter*  
*Waltz*  
*rel*

Airtel to SACs, Dallas  
Jackson  
Los Angeles  
New Orleans

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
62-109060

security patrol shift in the New Orleans Office. In other words, Bevans preceded and succeeded Walter who worked the 12:15 a.m. to 8:15 a.m., 11/17/63 security patrol shift in the New Orleans Office.

Bureau payroll records also reveal that Thomas Cecil McCurley, a former Security Patrol Clerk of the New Orleans Office in November, 1963, worked the 12:15 a.m. to 8:15 a.m. security patrol shift on 11/16/63 and the 4:15 p.m., 11/17/63 to 12:15 a.m., 11/18/63 security patrol shift. Walter worked the 12:15 a.m. to 8:15 a.m. shift on 11/18/63, thus relieving McCurley.

McCurley resigned from the Bureau 1/14/66, planning to attend school on a full-time basis. His forwarding address at the time of his resignation was Route 1, Box 61, Gloster, Mississippi. In November, 1967, McCurley reportedly resided at 705 Lindsey Drive, Jackson, Mississippi.

The personnel file of William S. Walter disclosed that he considered McCurley as one of his closest friends and had served as best man at McCurley's wedding in New Orleans on 7/16/66. Walter was on sick-leave status on the day of the wedding and, as a result, was censured for demonstrating atrocious judgment concerning his personal activities while on a sick-leave status.

The Los Angeles Office should immediately interview Special Agent Thomas J. Bevans and ascertain whether he possesses any knowledge of a Bureau communication to New Orleans on 11/17/63 or any other date reporting a threat to President Kennedy in connection with his trip to Texas in November, 1963. The Jackson Office should immediately locate and interview McCurley concerning the same matter.

If either Bevans or McCurley indicates during interview that there was such a communication as alleged by Walter, the matter should be pursued intensively and full details should be obtained and a signed statement taken.

Airtel to SACs, Dallas  
Jackson  
Los Angeles  
New Orleans

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY  
62-109060

Interviews of Bevans and McCurley, respectively, should be handled personally by you or your Assistant Special Agent in Charge, assisted by another experienced Bureau Agent. Results of your interview of Bevans and McCurley respectively, should be immediately forwarded to the Bureau in an LHM suitable for dissemination to the Department of Justice.

NOTE:

William S. Walter, former Security Patrol Clerk in New Orleans Office resigned in September, 1966, while on probation. On Johnny Carson show 2/1/68 New Orleans District Attorney Garrison alleged Walter possessed information there was FBI communication sent to New Orleans 11/17/63 report a threat against President Kennedy during latter's forthcoming trip to Texas. We have interviewed Walter on several occasions and he has furnished conflicting information. It appears he is being pressured by Garrison and Mark Lane to furnish false information. Full details have been disseminated to Department and Department has requested by letter 12/17/68 we identify the Security Patrol Clerk immediately before and immediately after Walter's shift of midnight to 8 a.m. on 11/17/63. Department requested our views regarding having the appropriate two Security Patrol Clerks interviewed. By separate communication we are furnishing Department identities of Bevans and McCurley and informing Department we are interviewing both men in this matter.

TRUE COPY

Sallis, Miss.  
Dec. 14, 1968

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir,

I am a tenth grade student at Kosciuska High School. My World History class is doing research work on the assanation of the late President John F. Kennedy and Communism. We would appreciate any imformation you could send us. We would especially appreciate any pictures concerning the assasation of the late president.

Yours truly,

/s/ Rita Burrell

REC-19

62-11146-1

626

DEC 20 1968

T.C.  
12-17-68  
J.W.

ack/amt  
12-17-68  
JDC/atk

8/10

Sallis, Miss  
Dec. 14, 1968

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.  
Dear Sir,

I am a tenth grade student  
at Kosciusko High School. My  
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appreciate any pictures con-  
cerning the assassination  
of the late president.

Yours truly,  
Rita Burrell

AFTER FIVE DAYS RETURN TO  
Rita BURRELL  
Route 2 Box 41  
Sallis, Mississippi  
ZIP CODE 39160

~~WALTERS/ABER~~

17C  
10-17-68  
LHW

1-6/mml  
10-18-68  
JWC LHW

December 18, 1968

REC-19 62-109020-6626

Miss Rita Burrell  
Route 2, Box 41  
Sallis, Mississippi 39160

Dear Miss Burrell:

Your letter of December 14th has been received.

JOHN F. KENNEDY

At the request of the President, the FBI conducted investigation regarding the assassination of President Kennedy and furnished the results to appropriate authorities. Since this Bureau has no authority to independently release any information concerning these matters, I am unable to be of help in connection with your request.

I am enclosing some material on communism which I hope you will find of interest. You may also want to read my books, "Masters of Deceit" and "A Study of Communism." These were written to help readers gain an insight into the true nature of communist activities both in this country and abroad. They may be available at your school or local library.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 5  
DEC 18 1968  
COMM-FBI

6/11/68

Enclosures (2)  
Director's Testimony 2/23/68 re Communist, Racial and Hate Groups  
Director's Statement on Communism 3/27/67

NOTE: Bufiles contain no record of correspondent.

JDS:ekw (3)

6 1968 215

edm

Handwritten signature

TEOLA

Handwritten initials

- Tolson \_\_\_\_\_
- DeLoach \_\_\_\_\_
- Mohr \_\_\_\_\_
- Bishop \_\_\_\_\_
- Casper \_\_\_\_\_
- Callahan \_\_\_\_\_
- Conrad \_\_\_\_\_
- Felt \_\_\_\_\_
- Gale \_\_\_\_\_
- Rosen \_\_\_\_\_
- Sullivan \_\_\_\_\_
- Tavel \_\_\_\_\_
- Trotter \_\_\_\_\_
- Tele. Room \_\_\_\_\_
- Holmes \_\_\_\_\_
- Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

MAIL ROOM  TELETYPE UNIT



FBI

Date: 12/17/68

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED  
(Priority)

~~SECRET~~

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI [REDACTED]  
FROM : SAC, NEW YORK [REDACTED] (P)  
SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

ESP-R

ReNY airtel, 12/2/68.

Enclosed herewith for the Chicago Office are 14 copies of various communications relating to the investigation of [REDACTED]. Also enclosed for Chicago is 1 photograph of [REDACTED] and one photograph of "Sammy" [REDACTED] for possible use during interrogation of [REDACTED].

For the information of the Chicago Office, [REDACTED] currently employed as American Express Co. representative, Moscow, USSR, is visiting US on home leave. It was ascertained, this date, that [REDACTED] departed from the NYC area on 12/11/68, en route Chicago, Ill. [REDACTED] American Express Co. Representative, NYC, advised that [REDACTED] can be reached at the following address:

[REDACTED ADDRESS]

[REDACTED] can be reached through the above address until 1/7/69, when he is scheduled to depart from Chicago with connecting flights at NY direct to Moscow, USSR.

- 3 - BUREAU (RM)
- 2 - CHICAGO (Encls. 16) (RM)
- 1 - NY [REDACTED]
- 1 - NY [REDACTED]

62-117000-  
NOT RECORDED  
DEC 31 1968

JAE:rvs

Classified by 3662  
Exempt from GDS, Category 2, 3  
Date of Declassification Indefinite

NY [REDACTED]  
5/15/77 JTW/dwf  
ORIG. [REDACTED]

Approved: 59 JAN 5 1969  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_ Per \_\_\_\_\_  
SECRET

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
COMMUNICATION SECTION  
DEC 20 1968

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

FBI WASH DC

TELETYPE

FBI NEW ORLS

6:14PM URGENT 12/20/68 LLA

TO: DIRECTOR 62-109060 & DALLAS 89-43

FROM: NEW ORLEANS 89-69

*Rosen*

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,  
DALLAS, TEXAS, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE,  
MISCELLANEOUS-INFORMATION CONCERNING. (OO: DALLAS).

THE FINAL EDITION OF THE NEW ORLEANS STATED-ITEM THIS DATE REPORTED THAT AN ATTORNEY FOR CLAY L. SHAW SAID TODAY THE DEFENSE IS "READY TO GO " AND WILL SEEK NO FURTHER DELAY IN THE JANUARY TWENTY ONE TRIAL OF SHAW.

*W*

DA GARRISON SAID EARLIER, ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, THAT THE STATE WILL BE READY JANUARY TWENTY ONE, THE DATE SET BY THE DA WHEN A U. S. SUPREME COURT RULING CLEARED THE WAY FOR THE LONG-DELAYED TRIAL.

*ur*

F. IRVIN DYMOND, ALONG WITH EDWARD AND WILLIAM WEGMANN, WILL HANDLE SHAW'S DEFENSE.

*REC-59 62-109060-6627*

DYMOND, ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, TODAY TOLD THE STATES ITEM THAT HE DOES HAVE FURTHER PLEADINGS TO FILE IN THE CASE BEFORE CRIMINAL DISTRICT JUDGE EDWARD A. HAGGERTY, JR. BUT "THEY WILL HAVE NO EFFECT ON THE TRIAL DATE." DYMOND REFUSED TO REVEAL THE NATURE OF THE PLEADINGS HE WILL FILE.

*S. J. [Signature]*

END OF PAGE ONE

56 JAN 7 1969