

FBI BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JAN 3 1968

TELETYPE

*Shirley
Rafferty*

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

409PM URGENT 1-3-68 LMB

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060) AND SACRAMENTO (62-34)

FROM DALLAS (89-43) 1P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOV. TWENTYTWO,
NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, DALLAS, TEXAS, MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION
CONCERNING.

RE SACRAMENTO TEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS JAN. THREE, INSTANT.

DALLAS FILES CONTAIN NO INFORMATION CONCERNING [REDACTED]

END

GJM

FBI WASH DC

*See SC tel to Bureau
1-3-68
sent w/ notes.*

6031

REC-19

25 JAN 11 1968

*lit
Stu.*

JAN 11 1968
XEROX

JAN 1968

CC. MR. SULLIVAN

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

Memorandum

3

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 1/3/68

FROM : SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (94-1366) (RUC)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA
RESEARCH
(CORRESPONDENCE AND TOURS)

Reference Mr. Hoover's letter to the Office of Senator Robert Kennedy, December 27, 1967, copy to San Francisco, enclosing letter from [REDACTED] dated November 12, 1967.

San Francisco office indices disclose no information identifiable with captioned individual. Records of the Oakland Police Department disclose that [REDACTED] was born April 21, 1928, in Texas, residing at [REDACTED], Oakland, self-employed owner of an employment agency.

[REDACTED]

Records of the Greater East Bay Credit Bureau disclose that [REDACTED] of [REDACTED], Oakland, is married to [REDACTED], who was born [REDACTED]. He is self-employed and she is employed at [REDACTED] San Francisco Naval Shipyard.

[REDACTED] No additional inquiry is being made. Appropriate authorities have been notified of the alleged threats to the life of subject and wife, and San Francisco is taking no further action.

3 - Bureau
1 - SF
EWN:ec
(4)

REC-12
REC-34

ST-108

6032

JAN 5 1968

CORRESPONDENCE

87 JAN 5 1968

FBI

Date: 1/9/68

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, WFO (62-0)

St. W. [unclear]
[unclear]

MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

Attached for the Bureau are nine copies and for Baltimore one information copy of an LHM dated and captioned as above.

WFO indices are negative re subject.

WFO is not disseminating LHM to local offices of OSI and Secret Service in view of the potential administrative problems, UACB.

ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 9)
- 1 - Baltimore (Enc. 1)(Info)
- 1 - WFO

PNV/mee
(5)

REC-42
1st LHM to Dept + USAF
2nd to USSS
1-25-68

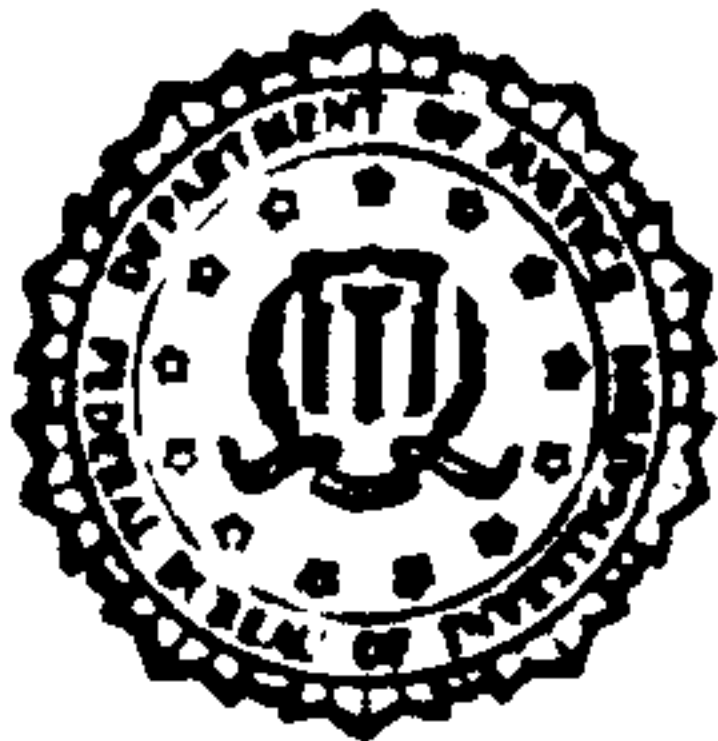
6033
JAN 16 1968

AIRTEL

*1 cc airtel with
from 5732
airtel to 3F2
central file
24 11/2/68
RMK/1/68*

[Signature]

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge



3 3
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C. 20535

January 9, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

[REDACTED]

On January 9, 1968, an individual who identified himself as [REDACTED] United States Air Force Special Police, Andrews Air Force Base, Maryland, telephonically contacted a Special Agent of the Washington Field Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation from the Colony Restaurant, Scranton, Pennsylvania, to advise that he knows the identity of deceased President John F. Kennedy's assassin; however, he would not divulge the name over the telephone. [REDACTED] stated he had been working on the "Kennedy case" for a long time and has served at times, at Andrews Air Force Base, in a unit charged with the protection of the United States President.

When asked if he had furnished the above information to his commanding officer, [REDACTED] stated he did not because he feared that officer may be involved in the Kennedy assassination; besides he, [REDACTED] had recently designed a successful modification to a rifle currently used by the United States Armed Forces, which this officer refused to accept.

[REDACTED] stated he was returning to Andrews Air Force Base from Pennsylvania on the evening of January 9, 1968. He refused to further discuss the matter or furnish any other information indicating he preferred to be contacted personally.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 15 1973

This document contains neither
recommendations nor conclusions of
the FBI. It is the property of
the FBI and is loaned to your agency;
it and its contents are not to be
distributed outside your agency.

- 1* -

ENCLOSURE

1/15/68

AIRTEL

1 - Mr. Raupach

101

To: SAC, Baltimore **REC-42**

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) — **6033**

**ASSASSINATION OF JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS,
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION**

Reference WFO airtel 1/9/68 captioned **[REDACTED]**
[REDACTED] Miscellaneous - Information Concerning."

Enclosed for Baltimore is a copy of referenced
airtel enclosing a self-explanatory LHM.

Baltimore is instructed to locate and interview
[REDACTED] at Andrews Air Force Base, Maryland,
relative to the information he has concerning the captioned
matter.

The results of your interview are to be incorporated
into a letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination by
the Bureau. Copies are to be furnished to the Dallas Office
for completion of its files.

Based on information furnished, **[REDACTED]** was not
identified in Bureau files. Handle expeditiously.

Enclosures (2)

- 1 - Dallas 89-43 (info.) (Encs 2)
- 1 - WFO (info.)

MAILED 22
JAN 15 1968
COMM-FBI

Mr. Tolson
 Mr. DeLoach
 Mr. Mohr
 Mr. Bishop
 Mr. Casper
 Mr. Callahan
 Mr. Conrad
 Mr. Felt
 Mr. Gale
 Mr. Rosen
 Mr. Sullivan
 Mr. Tavel
 Mr. Trotter
 Mr. Tele. Room
 Miss Holmes
 Miss Gandy

RECEIVED
(5)

SEE NOTE PAGE T.A.

55 JAN 30 1968

FS4

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature]

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

NOTE:

On 1/9/58 [REDACTED] United States Air Force, Special Police, Andrews Air Force Base, Maryland, telephoned the Washington Field Office from Pennsylvania advising he knows the identity of President Kennedy's assassin. He also indicated he had been working on the "Kennedy case" but had not furnished this information to his commanding officer as [REDACTED] feared this officer was involved. [REDACTED] indicated he preferred to be contacted personally regarding this matter and Baltimore is instructed to conduct the interview.

3
13
As more and more evidence
comes to light regarding the
Kennedy assassination we can
expect more and more negative
deaths as you endeavor to cover
up the tracks leading to your
front (or back) door. You the
supreme defender of justice.

DO-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

(1-8-68)

As more and more evidence comes to light regarding the Kennedy assassination we can expect more and more mysterious deaths as you endeavor to cover up the tracks leading to your front (or back) door. You the self righteous defender of justice.

- MR. TOLSON
- MR. DELOACH
- MR. MOHR _____
- MR. BISHOP _____
- MR. CASPER _____
- MR. CALLAHAN _____
- MR. CONRAD _____
- MR. FELT _____
- MR. GALE
- MR. ROSEN
- MR. SULLIVAN _____
- MR. TAVEL _____
- MR. TROTTER _____
- MR. JONES _____
- TELE. ROOM _____
- MISS HOLMES _____
- MRS. METCALF _____
- MISS GANDY _____

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

Jo

REC-42

6034

JAN 16 1968

[Handwritten signature]
JAN 16 1968

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATION SECTION

JAN 9 1968

TELETYPE

REC-20

Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Bishop	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. Felt	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

FBI WASH DC

FBI NEW ORLS

616PM URGENT 1-9-68 KDC

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060) AND DALLAS (89-43)

FROM NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS, NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, MISCELLANEOUS
INFO CONCERNING, OO: DALLAS.

Re: 1938

THE NEW ORLEANS STATES-ITEM RED FLASH EDITION, JAN.
NINE INSTANT, STATED VERNON W. BUNDY, A WITNESS AGAINST
SHAW IN DA GARRISON'S PROBE WAS ARRESTED YESTERDAY ON
CHARGES OF ARMED ROBBERY AND THEFT.

BUNDY, A TWENTYNINE YEAR OLD NEGRO RESIDING FOUR ZERO
THREE NINE ATHIS COURT, ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, TESTIFIED
LAST YEAR AT A PRELIMINARY HEARING FOR SHAW THAT HE SAW
SHAW AND OSWALD TOGETHER ON THE LAKE PONTCHARTRAIN SEAWALL
DURING THE SUMMER OF SIXTYTHREE.

AT THE HEARING BUNDY, THE ARTICLE STATED, IDENTIFIED
PHOTOGRAPHS OF BOTH SHAW AND OSWALD AND SAID THAT HE SAW
SHAW PASS A ROLL OF BILLS TO THE MAN IDENTIFIED AS OSWALD.

BUNDY APPEARED TODAY BEFORE JUDGE FRANK SHEA IN
MAGISTRATE COURT AND WAS ORDERED HELD ON FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS
END PAGE ONE

Bo
Rh
MA

REC-20 6035

5/2/68

XEROX
JAN 1968

59 JAN 21 1968

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

PAGE TWO

BOND IN CONNECTION WITH THE ARMED ROBBERY CASE AND SEVEN HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS IN THEFT CASE. BUNDY SAID HE WOULD BE REPRESENTED BY ATTORNEY RUDOLPH BECKER, JR.

THE ARTICLE STATED BUNDY WAS ARRESTED ABOUT FOUR THIRTY PM YESTERDAY BY PATROLMEN CHARLES DIESEL AND DANIEL O'NEIL AT THE LAFITTE TAVERN, ONE NINE THREE FIVE ORLEANS ST. IN WHAT SGT. GEORGE SLICHO, WHO SUPERVISED THE INVESTIGATION, SAID WAS A "ROUTINE BAR CHECK".

BUNDY WAS BOOKED WITH ARMED ROBBERY OF HARRY ALEXANDER, SEVENTY YEAR OLD NEGRO, OF SEVEN TWO EIGHT NORTH PRIEUR, AT NINE PM, CHRISTMAS EVE IN WHICH THIRTY DOLLARS, A RADIO AND A TWENTYTWO CALIBER RIFLE WITH A TOTAL VALUE OF FORTYSEVEN DOLLARS WAS TAKEN.

BUNDY ALSO WAS BOOKED WITH THE THEFT OF TWENTYFIVE DOLLARS FROM THE PURSE OF ELAINE LEARY, NEGRO, THIRTYTWO, OF TWO TWO TWO SIX DUMAINE, AT HER RESIDENCE AT ONE AM, CHRISTMAS MORNING. IN THIS THEFT OFFICERS SAID BUNDY SNATCHED THE MONEY FROM THE PURSE AND RAN FROM THE HOUSE.
END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

THIS EDITION OF THE NEW ORLEANS STATES ITEM ALSO CARRIED AN ARTICLE STATING THAT A SUBPOENA TODAY WAS ISSUED BY CRIMINAL DISTRICT JUDGE MATTHEW S. BRANIFF FOR KERRY WENDELL THORNLEY, A MARINE CORPS ASSOCIATE OF OSWALD, FORMERLY OF NEW ORLEANS AND NOW OF TAMPA, FLA.

THE ARTICLE STATED THORNLEY WAS QUESTIONED EXTENSIVELY BY THE WARREN COMMISSION WHO DESCRIBED THORNLEY AS THE CLOSEST MARINE CORPS FRIEND OF OSWALD.

THORNLEY, THE ARTICLE STATED, LIVED AT ONE EIGHT TWO FOUR DAUPHINE ST. IN NEW ORLEANS IN SIXTYTHREE, AND THAT THE DA'S OFFICE WANTED TO QUESTION HIM ABOUT CONTACTS WITH OSWALD DURING THIS PERIOD.

THE SUBPOENA IS FOR AN APPEARANCE BEFORE THE ORLEANS PARISH GRAND JURY FEB. EIGHT AND NINE NEXT AND, ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE THE REQUEST FOR THE SUBPOENA SAYS THE WARREN COMMISSION QUESTIONED THORNLEY "FOR THIRTYTHREE PAGES" CONCERNING HIS MARINE CORPS LIFE WITH OSWALD BUT DID NOT QUESTION HIM ABOUT KNOWING OSWALD IN NEW ORLEANS IN SIXTYTHREE.

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

THE ARTICLE STATED THAT THE DA'S OFFICE CLAIMS TO HAVE ESTABLISHED THAT THORNLEY WAS SEEN IN OSWALD'S COMPANY IN THE FRENCH QUARTER AND ELSEWHERE BEFORE OSWALD'S DEPARTURE FROM THE CITY IN SEPT. SIXTYTHREE.

NO LHM BEING SUBMITTED.

END

LLD

FBI WASH DC

TU CLR

CC MR. ROSEN

CC MR. SULLIVAN

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 1/9/68

The attached reports the arrest of Vernon W. Bundy on the charges of armed robbery and theft. Bundy is one of the two star witnesses of New Orleans District Attorney Garrison in the indictment of Clay Shaw, pertaining to the assassination of President Kennedy. Kerry Wendell Thornley, mentioned in the attached, had contact with Oswald while in the United States Marine Corps, and went to great length before the Warren Commission to embellish on his personal acquaintance with Oswald.

Since this information has been obtained through news media, no dissemination is being made of same.

JFM:chs

Handwritten signatures and initials: JFM, chs, and other illegible marks.

FBI

Date: 1/9/68

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR FBI

FROM: SAC OKLAHOMA CITY (89-41) RUC

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS
OO DL

Enclosed for the Bureau are original and 3 copies of a
letterhead memorandum containing information furnished by Attorney
██████████ Tulsa, Oklahoma.

Enclosed for Dallas and New Orleans is one copy each of
the above letterhead memorandum.

In view of Bureau instructions, no further investigation
is being conducted by the Oklahoma City Division.

- 3-Bureau (Enc.4)
- 1-Dallas (Enc.1)
- 1-New Orleans (Enc.1)
- 1-Oklahoma City

JJF:pwm
(6)

REC-31
EX-109

6036
JAN 11 1968
J. R. L.
BKA

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

RE DAT + 12... [Handwritten notes]



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma
January 9, 1968

REC-31

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

[redacted], Attorney, Enterprise Building, Tulsa, Oklahoma, advised on January 8, 1968, he recently received information from a female client who he declined to identify which pertained to the Garrison investigation at New Orleans, Louisiana.

Eugene Bradley, recently arrested in California on an indictment growing out of Garrison investigation, visited [redacted] client in Tulsa, Oklahoma, two days before the assassination of President Kennedy. She spent the two days with Bradley and on one occasion they went to Bradley's hotel room to check his luggage after he complained of thefts therefrom. As he checked his suitcase, the client noticed some guns and numerous papers; thereafter, Bradley spent the night with the client at her residence and left Tulsa the next day. The client noted her contacts with Bradley in a diary which she now has turned over to [redacted] for safe keeping. After the assassination, the client received a letter from Bradley in which he stated Romney and Nixon were out to take over the country. He also stated in the letter, "I know Oswald did not assassinate Kennedy alone." The client retained and recently turned over this letter to [redacted]. She has instructed [redacted] not to release the above mentioned diary or letter to anyone.

Shortly after his recent arrest, Bradley contacted [redacted] client and asked her to sign an affidavit that Bradley was in Tulsa with her at the time of the assassination. She declined to do so because her diary shows Bradley's visit to Tulsa preceded the assassination.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of any FBI. It is the property of the FBI, and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

7-11
3/15/68

██████████ said he did not intend to furnish any information to Garrison nor did he intend to contact him. He said he was dubious of the entire Garrison investigation and felt the FBI was the only agency having proper jurisdiction to make an investigation of the assassination of the President. For this reason, he felt an obligation to furnish the information to the FBI.

██████████ declined to furnish copies of the materials in his possession. He said he would make his client available for interview by Agents of the Bureau; however, he insisted her identity would not be revealed to the Agents.

The Tulsa Tribune of January 9, 1968, carried an article concerning this matter in which Roehm West is quoted in the same vein as set out above.

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 1/12/68

News media have reported that Edgar Eugene Bradley, Hollywood, California, has been arrested by California authorities per the request of New Orleans District Attorney James C. Garrison. Garrison has indicated Bradley is involved in the assassination of President Kennedy. News media report Bradley currently works for Dr. Carl McIntire, a New Jersey minister who has a reputation as being extremely anticommunist.

Bradley's name never came up in our investigation of the assassination nor does it appear in the Index of the Warren Commission Report.

Attached memorandum from Oklahoma City reports allegation that Bradley was in contact with a woman in Tulsa, Oklahoma, two days before the assassination.

This information is being furnished to the Department.

REL: as

Rel

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten mark]

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATION SECTION

JAN 10 1968

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Bishop	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. Felt	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

FBI WASH DC

FBI NEW ORLS

837PM URGENT 1/10/68 PLP

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060) AND DALLAS (89-43)

FROM NEW ORLEANS (89-69) 2P

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS, NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, MISCELLANEOUS -
INFO CONCERNING. OO: DALLAS.

THE NEW ORLEANS STATES ITEM, FINAL EDITION, JAN. TEN,
INSTANT, REPORTS THAT KERRY THORNLEY, REPORTEDLY A MARINE
CORPS COMPANION OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD, STATED THAT HE HAS
NOT SEEN OSWALD SINCE HIS DISCHARGE FROM MARINE CORPS,
JULY, FIFTYNINE.

ARTICLE CONTINUED THORNLEY IN TELEPHONE CONVERSATION
FROM SOUTH TAMPA, FLA. INDICATED HE DECLINED TO COOPERATE
WITH DA GARRISON'S PROBE OF THE PRESIDENTIAL SLAYING 12 JAN 16 1968
BECAUSE HE "LACKS CONFIDENCE" IN THE DA.

THORNLEY WAS SURPOENAED TO APPEAR BEFORE ORLEANS PARISH
GRAND JURY FEB. EIGHT AND NINE NEXT BUT WILL FIGHT EXTRADITION.

SPOKESMAN FOR DA SAID TODAY THAT "WE HAVE AT LEAST
SIX WITNESSES WHO SAW THORNLEY AND OSWALD TOGETHER IN NEW

END PAGE ONE

XEROX

JAN 1968

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

REC-21 6037

5/1/68

R/S...
Tavel

ORLEANS DURING SUMMER OF SIXTYTHREE. THE ARTICLE TENDS
THAT THORNLEY WAS ASSOCIATING WITH OSWALD IN NEW ORLEANS,
SIXTYTHREE, WHEN THORNLEY WAS A WAITER IN THE FRENCH QUARTER.
THORNLEY DENIES THIS. ARTICLE CONTINUES THAT GARRISON'S
REQUEST FOR THORNLEY IS BASED UPON WARREN COMMISSION INTERVIEW
OF HIM "FOR THIRTYTHREE PAGES", CONCERNING MARINE
CORPS LIFE WITH OSWALD.

GARRISON SAID THAT HIS INFORMATION INDICATES THAT
THORNLEY WAS ONE OF OSWALD'S "MORE CONSISTENT COMPANIONS"
PRIOR TO OSWALD'S DEPARTURE FROM NEW ORLEANS, SEPT.
SIXTYTHREE. BECAUSE OF "THE FREQUENCY" OF THESE CONTACTS
GARRISON FEELS THORNLEY CAN PROVIDE SPECIFIC INFORMATION
ABOUT OSWALD'S ASSOCIATES.

ARTICLE CONTINUES THAT GARRISON'S SUBPOENA ASKS THAT
THORNLEY BE GRANTED IMMUNITY FROM ARREST DURING HIS STAY
IN NEW ORLEANS AND AUTHORIZATION TO COVER HIS EXPENSES.
THORNLEY TOLD NEWSMEN " THAT OSWALD AT THAT TIME WAS THE
TARGET CONSTANTLY FOR HIS RELIGIOUS AND POLITICAL BELIEFS."
THERE IS NO ELABORATION FOR THIS REMARK. THORNLEY CONTINUED
"EVERYBODY IN THE OUTFIT PUT HIM DOWN AS A COMMUNIST AND AN
ATHEIST".

THORNLEY, WHO CALLS HIMSELF A FREE LANCE WRITER SAID
HE WROTE AN UNPUBLISHED BOOK BEFORE THE ASSASSINATION TITLED
"IDLE WARRIORS" IN WHICH OSWALD IS MENTIONED AS ONE OF THE
NUMBER OF DISENCHANTED MILITARY MEN WHO HAD FLED THE
UNITED STATES.

NO LHM FOLLOWS.

END

GJM

FBI WASH DC

MR. SULLIVAN

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 1/10/68

Kerry Wendell Thornley had contact with Oswald while in the U. S. Marine Corps, and went to great length before the Warren Commission to embellish on his personal acquaintance with Oswald.

The attached states that Thornley has been subpoenaed by New Orleans District Attorney Garrison to testify in a hearing concerning the assassination of President Kennedy. Thornley has indicated a desire not to cooperate with Garrison as he lacks confidence in Garrison.

Since this information has been obtained through news media, no dissemination is being made of same.

JFM:chs

WJW/m

F B I

REC-35

Date: 1/11/68

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, TAMPA (62-455)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11/22/63
(OO:DL)

[Handwritten signature]

ReTPairtel to the Bureau, 1/10/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau is the original and one copy each of articles appearing in the 1/10/68 issue of the "Tampa Times" and the 1/11/68 issue of the "Tampa Tribune". These articles concern the subpoena issued by District Attorney GARRISON of New Orleans to KERRY WENDELL THORNLEY, now a resident of Tampa.

No inquiry is being made by Tampa in this matter,
UACB.

ENCLOSURE

REC-35 6038

- 3 - Bureau (Encls. 4) ENCLOSURE
 - 1 - Dallas (Encls. 2) (89-43) (Info)
 - 1 - New Orleans (Encls. 2) (89-69) (Info)
 - 1 - Tampa
- LEB:cj
(6)

16 JAN 15 1968

[Handwritten signature]
SIX

Approved: *[Signature]*
Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

62 JAN 23 1968

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Writer Blames 'Witch' in Probe

A free lance magazine writer from Tampa who served in the Marine Corps with Lee Harvey Oswald believes a New Orleans woman who practices witchcraft caused him to be subpoenaed by District Attorney James Garrison.

"It came from Barbara Reed who believes she saw me with Oswald in the Bourbon House in New Orleans," Kerry W. Thornley said following Garrison's action.

The New Orleans prosecutor charged in New Orleans that Thornley "failed to tell the whole truth" when he testified before the Warren Commission.

ACCORDING to Garrison, Thornley told the commission investigating the assassination of President Kennedy he never saw Oswald after they left the Marine Corps.

The district attorney claims, however, the two were "closely associated" in New Orleans during September of 1963.

THORNLEY said they were both in New Orleans at that time and visited the same bar, but "I may have passed him and not recognized him and as far as I know he never saw me."

The 29-year-old writer said he was called to testify before the Warren Commission because he had once written a novel about an American defecting to Russia and it was based on Oswald.

The book never was published.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 4-A
TAMPA TIMES
TAMPA, FLORIDA

Date: 1/10/68

Edition: CITY

Author:

Editor: C. W. JOHNSON

Title:

Character:

or

Classification: 62

Submitting Office: TAMPA

Being Investigated

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 16 1973

ENCLOSURE

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Subpoenaed Tampan Says He Won't Aid Garrison

Tampa free lance writer Kerry Wendell Thornley, 29, yesterday said he will not, in any way, cooperate with New Orleans Dist. Atty. James Garrison's probe of the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

Thornley, 726 51st St. S., was subpoenaed by Garrison Tuesday to appear before the Orleans Parish Grand Jury Feb. 8-9 to testify on the writer's alleged association with accused assassin Lee Harvey Oswald in New Orleans in 1963.

Thornley was in the U. S. Marine Corps with Oswald in El Toro, Calif., for three months in 1959. He said he

never saw Oswald after June 1959.

Thornley has employed an attorney, Max P. Gabreski, Oil City, Pa., to represent him in the case. Gabreski is a long-time friend of the writer's in-laws. Thornley and his wife, Cara, moved here last October.

"I'm not required, under any circumstances, to honor that subpoena," said Thornley. "Since I would no more assist Garrison than I would have assisted U. S. Sen. Joseph McCarthy (late Wisconsin Republican) if I'd been involved in those days, I will not respect the subpoena."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 2-C
TAMPA TRIBUNE
TAMPA, FLORIDA

Date: 1/11/68

Edition: CITY

Author:

Editor: JAMES A. CLONDINEN

Title:

Character:

or

Classification: 62

Submitting Office: TAMPA

Being Investigated

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 17 1973

ENCLOSURE

F B I

Date: 1/10/68

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, WFO (89-75) (RUC)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, Dallas, Texas,
MISCELLANEOUS-INFORMATION CONCERNING
(OO:DL)

[Handwritten signature]

REC-12

Enclosed for Bureau are 4 copies and for Dallas one copy of LHM dated and captioned as above.

Information set forth in LHM was contained in copies of memorandum received by WFO on 1/8/68, from [redacted] U. S. Navy retired, NIS, who also forwarded copy of letter and envelope shown as attachments in LHM.

Since copies were also furnished to HARRY W. GEEGLEIN, Special Agent in charge, Washington Field Office by [redacted], no local dissemination being made by WFO to Secret Service.

[Handwritten mark]

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 4)
- 1 - Dallas (Enc. 1) (Info) (AM)
- 2 - WFO
- (1 - 105-37111)

1 cc of LHM + Enc to USSS + Dept 1-15-68 RUC: [unclear]

LB:pjv
(6)

C. C. Bishop

[Handwritten notes]

6039
[Handwritten signature]

REC-12

AIRTEL

JAN 16 1968

Approved: [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C. 20535

January 10, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

On December 6, 1967, [REDACTED],
United States Navy, National Security Agency, Fort George
G. Meade, Maryland, was interviewed at his request on that
date by Special Agents Bruce H. Norwell and John A. Olmstead
of the Naval Investigative Service and furnished the following
information:

He advised on December 5, 1967, he received an
anonymous letter at his residence, [REDACTED], Fort
Meade, Maryland, which contained information regarding the
assassination of President John F. Kennedy. [REDACTED] advised he
believed letter was misdirected to his attention inasmuch as
it had been addressed to a [REDACTED] Bethesda Naval
Hospital, Bethesda, Maryland, and had been forwarded to his
address.

[REDACTED] advised he was a patient at Bethesda Naval Hos-
pital from mid July and in August, 1967, but he had met no one
who would have written such a letter. He added he was aware
that there had been a [REDACTED] United States,
Navy who was attached to the Medical School at Bethesda, Mary-
land.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 16 1973

Attachments 2

1039
EPOC 2025

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FIRZGERALD KENNEDY**

[REDACTED] available the letter and envelope he received. The letter is a four page handwritten letter beginning "Dear [REDACTED]" and signed "One who feels your suffering."

Copies of the aforementioned envelope and letter were furnished the Washington Field Office, Federal Bureau of Investigation and United States Secret Service by [REDACTED] United States Navy Reserve by letter dated December 28, 1967.

[REDACTED] in his letter of transmittal stated the letter received by [REDACTED] was probably intended for [REDACTED] Medical Corps, United States Navy who took part in the autopsy of President Kennedy and who has since retired and resides at 1336 Lochmoor, Grosse Point Woods, Michigan, 48236.

Copies of the aforementioned letter and envelope are attached hereto.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Any for sure whether ^{repression}
about the President in ^{death} ^{will}
since this or not. It may be
a combination of this, but many
possible things, or possible
world war III.

I do not know how anyone
involved in this delicate business
could possibly think they would
get away with such an outrage.
No matter how bad this is
and no matter who is
implicated, there should have
been a trial. The trial should
have been paid for by donations
from business concerns, organizations
and the citizens of this country.
If they so desired. Or the
Government should have picked
this attorney. Everyone else
should have been removed,
so that justice is finally done. I
think it still should be handled
this way.

I believe Foster directed
Lindsay's reassignment.
Lindsay met with my former
boss, and certain OTH
activities seem to confirm
this. Lindsay had nothing
to do with this. He was
not a double agent. He

now realize the things that
and even himself. Some of
his activities were planned out
in advance, to make the
impression on those who
are not up to the
standard. One President was
regretted and was of
President in making
hundreds of millions
of people that are
the C. I. How would
the people, the
must have been the
immediate needs of the
Chief of the C. I. He
must have been delighting
in the C. I. He
did not get out
the people.

you, I would say anyone
who is not a member of
the party, they are
in a way, the fact,
of the party, the
you have, the
and work in the
and work to go down

4.
Dear Sir,

I know you are watching
me read out over this.
I know you wanted to
watch your minutes and when
you appeared on TV, I
was more sensitive to
your feelings than
the average and I feel
your anguish. I know
your days and nights
are a living hell and
I may not help you.

For this that is
dear Sir, the most
the complete death.

Yours truly,

I am who feel
your suffering.

WASHINGTON
NOV 30 1967
71



~~Bethesda Naval Hospital
Bethesda, Maryland
7430 Manassas Loop
Ft. Meade, Md
20705~~

F B I

Date: 1/4/68

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL - REGISTERED
(Priority)

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

TO: Director, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, Sacramento (62-34) (C)

**SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
11/22/63
DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING**

Re Bureau airtel to Sacramento, dated 12/29/67, and Sacramento airtel to Bureau, dated 12/22/67.

Enclosed for Bureau are seven copies of LHM dated and captioned as above.

Enclosed for Los Angeles is one copy of LHM, dated and captioned as above.

Enclosed for Dallas and El Paso is one copy each of LHM's dated 12/22/67 and 1/4/68, and one copy of reBulet.

UACB, no further action is being taken by Sacramento.

Information copies furnished to Los Angeles, Dallas, and El Paso in event additional investigation desired in those Divisions by the Bureau.

- 3-Bureau (Enc. 7)(AM-RM)
- 1-Dallas (Enc. 3)(Info)(AM-RM)
- 1-El Paso (Enc. 3)(Info)(AM-RM)
- 1-Los Angeles (Enc. 1)(Info)(AM-RM)
- 1-Sacramento
- DHM/lma
- (7)

cc LHM to USSS
 + DEPT (RMO - EX-104)
 2/1/68 6 PM

Bishop

E. G. Bishop

REC-21

7

1-15-68

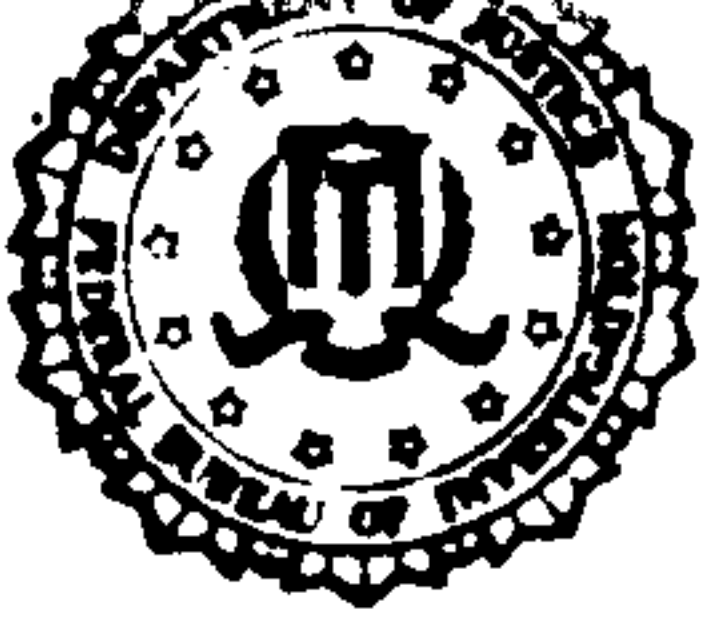
KML:dc

6040

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

14 JAN 16 1968



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

San Francisco, California
January 4, 1966

ASST. DIR. OF INVEST. AT
SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE
JAN 17 1966
1119 1119

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] on [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED],
California, was interviewed at her place of employment, the
[REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED], California,
where she has worked for Morris Industries, Inc., as
clerk since October 3, 1966. [REDACTED] will be 40 years
of age on January 1, 1966.

[REDACTED] furnished information as follows:

COPIES DESTROYED
21 JAN 16 1973

Date 1/4/68

[REDACTED] Clerk, Morris Industries, Inc.,
was interviewed at her place of employment, the Riverbank
Army Ammunition Plant, furnishing the following signed
statement:

"January 3, 1968
Riverbank, California

"I, [REDACTED], furnish the following
voluntary statement to Donald H. Rice, who has
identified himself to me as a Special Agent with
the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

"In 1963, I worked part of the year in the Library
of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute
of Technology, located in Pasadena, California. I was
employed in a clerical capacity. Prior to this
employment, I worked for the California Institute
of Technology in the general library of that insti-
tution located on California Boulevard. This
library is not directly connected with the Jet
Propulsion Laboratory. At this library I worked
with Elliot or Elliott, Eliot H. Lacy, the Head
Cataloger at the library. Mr. Lacy, through an
interest in music, corresponded with Mr. Mc Callum
or Mc Calum, first name not now recalled.

"In the absence of Mr. Lacy, Mr. Mc Callum came
to Los Angeles and I met him, on behalf of Mr. Lacy,
at the main train station located in Los Angeles. I
took Mr. Mc Callum to the Huntington Hotel, which I
believe is located in San Marino, California; I
believe he had reservations there. As a courtesy,

2

on 1/3-4/68 at Riverbank, California File # SC 62-34

by SA DONALD H. RICE/lma Date dictated 1/4/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency;
it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

"Mr. Mc Callum took me to dinner at one of the nicer cafeterias located on Colorado Boulevard.

"Mr. Mc Callum was employed in Dallas, Texas, by some chemical firm, name unknown, in a capacity unknown to me. His interest in same included development of some type of persuasion instrument and although I am not certain of this, it is possible that he even obtained some state connection with his work in this area.

"Through Mr. Lacy, prior to the above meeting, I had learned that Mr. Mc Callum had at one time, been shot at, in connection with a possible, or actual, return of land from the United States to Mexico. This land was returned, or was to have been returned, to Mexico during the Kennedy administration or as a result of agreement between the United States and Mexico made during the Kennedy administration. I can recall that Mr. Lacy received a letter from Mr. Mc Callum about this which possibly included a newspaper clipping.

"Mr. Mc Callum appeared to be in his mid-fifties and there was a considerable gap in our ages. As a consequence, our conversation at dinner was very polite and formal. I cannot now recall how our conversation turned to politics. It is possible that I made a statement to the effect that it was my understanding from Mr. Lacy that Mr. Mc Callum was interested in politics. Regardless of how the conversation started, at one point in the conversation Mr. Mc Callum, in a rather cryptic way, referred to the Kennedy dynasty; in this connection he did mention the brothers of the president. He referred to this dynasty with obvious distaste. Thereafter he used the expression 'one way' indicating there was only 'one way' to get rid of the Kennedy dynasty. I cannot recall if he then used the word 'assassinate' or some other word referring to the

idea of killing the President. Regardless of the word he used, he did definitely indicate that the only way to stop the Synsasy was to assure the death of the President in some manner followed by the death of his brothers.

"I cannot recall any other specifics relative to the above conversation. I can recall no more exact terminology than I have related above. The conversation in this particular area was of very short duration. No other person or persons known to me were present during the above conversation. As I recall, the conversation actually took place in the lobby of the Huntington Hotel, rather than at the cafeteria, prior to going to the cafeteria. I believe it occurred on a Sunday in either August or September, 1963, just prior to the death of the President.

"After the above meeting, I did not see Mr. Mc Callum again. I do not believe I have seen Mr. Lacy since the above meeting with Mr. Mc Callum. I know I have not discussed the above meeting with Mr. Lacy and he would know nothing about it.

"I have discussed the above generally with several persons since the death of President Kennedy. I have never indicated to anyone that I overheard a telephone conversation between Mr. Mc Callum and Mr. Lacy, or between any two individuals, that Mr. Mc Callum, or anyone was 'in' of the situation and was going to call on 'take care of it.' Mr. Mc Callum, in his conversation with me, did not make any statement to indicate he was going to permit an attempt to eliminate the President or any members of the President's family.

"In his conversation with me, Mr. Mc Callum did not appear, in any manner, to attempt to conceal anything from me. It is possible that he did in fact indicate

"to me the exact nature of his job with the chemical firm by which he was employed.

"In addition, and in recollection, I gathered that when Mr. Mc Callum was shot at, it was not a personal matter; rather, he was connected with some political group, or groups, and I do not know the nature of this affiliation. I have no knowledge of the name or names of this or these groups.

"In referring to the 'dynasty' I had the feeling, or now have the feeling, that Mr. Mc Callum believed the 'dynasty' was not yet in effect, but that unless something was done it would become a reality.

"In connection with the elimination of the 'dynasty'; although Mr. Mc Callum did not indicate that he personally was going to take the action that would eliminate the 'dynasty', he did definitely indicate that some type of specific group action would be necessary to accomplish this.

"Because of the age differential between us, the lack of prior contact and common interests, the feeling that the conversation between Mr. Mc Callum and myself had nothing whatsoever to do with the ultimate death of the President. It appears to me that the timing of the conversation, occurring a few weeks prior to the death of the President, possibly adds weight to the conversation which it does not deserve.

"I have talked to several people about the above conversation, and may have written to some of them about it. My conversations probably have been to let me make up my own mind as to whether I should contact

"Federal authorities in the remote event the conversation was, in any way, connected with the death of the President. I have considered bringing this matter to the attention of the Federal Government, particularly in view of the current, conflicting statements about the manner of death of the President appearing in the public press.

"I have read the above nine-page statement. It is true and correct.

[Redacted]
January 3, 1968

"Witness: Donald H. Moe
Special Agent, FBI
Riverbank, Calif.
January 3, 1968"

[Redacted] described Mr. [Redacted] as a white male adult, in his mid-thirties, with gray hair and a thin build. She could state only that he was between five feet six inches and six feet in height, and could make no estimate of his weight.

[Redacted] was contacted at her residence at the Riverbank Army Ammunition Plant, Riverbank, California, on January 4, 1968, and advised that the name of the individual she referred to as MC CALLUM is [Redacted] by [Redacted] MC CALLUM, and that his residence is [Redacted] at [Redacted] Tenn. She produced a copy of a letterhead memorandum dated August 27, 1956, to Mr. MC CALLUM, which she stated was written by former co-worker, ELLIOTT LACY. The letterhead memorandum is related to the meeting between [Redacted] and Mr. MC CALLUM, as follows:

"I have made arrangements to have a friend of mine from Caltech (JPL Laboratories), [Redacted] meet you at the Union Station. [Redacted] will wait for you at the information desk at the center of the Union Station building...

[REDACTED] will take you to your accommodations in Pasadena. I have provided her with sufficient funds to take you to lunch and dinner, and later to the theater if you so wish.

"As soon as I return from northern California, I shall phone you at your lodging to arrange our first visit..."

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 27, 1963
WALLS, TEXAS

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

1/15/68

Airtel

1 - Mr. Raupach

To: SAC, El Paso **REC-21**

From: Director, FBI (62-109060) — **6040**

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 23, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

ReSCairtel 1/4/68 with enclosed letterhead memorandum.

Referenced letterhead memorandum contains information furnished by [redacted] who identified [redacted] last known residence furnished as El Paso.

El Paso conduct appropriate investigation to identify and locate [redacted] and thereafter interview him concerning this matter. If [redacted] no longer resides in El Paso, determine his present location so that an appropriate interview can be conducted.

Los Angeles locate and interview [redacted] for any information he may possess and to determine whether he is aware of [redacted] present location, and thereafter notify appropriate field offices setting forth sufficient background information to conduct the interview.

Los Angeles and El Paso handle expeditiously, and submit results of interviews in a letterhead memorandum suitable for dissemination.

- 1 - Dallas (Info)
- 2 - Los Angeles

KMR:dcs (7) *dc*

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO....

MAILED 22
JAN 15 1968
COMM-FBI

- Tolson _____
- DeLoach _____
- Mohr _____
- Bishop _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- Felt _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____

65 FEB 2 1968

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

NOTE:

[REDACTED] was interviewed as a result of a comment she made to a co-worker that while formerly employed by the California Institute of Technology, Library Department, she allegedly overheard her employer in a telephone conversation make statements to the effect that he was "sick of the situation" and that he was going to Dallas "to take care of it." This conversation was alleged to have taken place three days prior to the assassination.

[REDACTED] was interviewed, and she identified the individual to whom her former employer was speaking. She related the nature of the conversation and indicated she felt [REDACTED] comments had nothing to do with the death of President Kennedy. However, to fully resolve this matter, [REDACTED] should be located and interviewed.

F B I

Date: 1/12/68

REC-32

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: *NRK*
RIB SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63
MISCELLANEOUS - INFO CONCERNING
OO: DALLAS

Br...

R...

...

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are newspaper articles appearing in New Orleans newspapers concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY.

One copy each of these newspaper articles are enclosed for Dallas and Miami.

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

- ③ - Bureau (Encl. 9)
- 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Encl. 9)
- 1 - Miami (Encl. 9)
- 1 - New Orleans

ECW:jab
(6)

REC-32

6041

JAN 16 1968

C. C. - Echop

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

66 JAN 13 1968

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Ex-Marine Corps Buddy of Oswald Is Subpenaed

Don't Voluntarily Go, Says Tampa Man

The district attorney's office Tuesday issued a subpoena for a Marine Corps buddy of Lee Harvey Oswald, apparently to ask questions it feels the Warren Commission should have asked.

Criminal District Court Judge Matthew S. Braniff issued the subpoena for Kerry Wendell Thornley, S. Tampa, Fla., after it was presented by Assistant District Attorney Richard V. Burnes.

The subpoena says commission attorneys questioned Thornley for 33 pages about his knowledge of Oswald in the Marine Corps in 1959, but did not question him about what the DA's office termed Thornley's "association" with Oswald in New Orleans in 1963.

Thornley, contacted at his home in Tampa, told The Associated Press he does not plan to honor the subpoena unless he is formally extradited. He said he knew Oswald about three months, when both were stationed in El Toro, Calif., with Marine Air Patrol Squadron No. 9.

"The frequency of Mr. Thornley's contacts with Oswald in New Orleans also indicates that he might be in possession of specific information concerning other associations which this office has found Oswald to have had during his period in New Orleans," Burnes said in one part of the subpoena.

BONDS ARE SET

Meanwhile Thursday bonds were set in Criminal District Court for Vernon W. Bundy on charges of armed robbery and theft.

Bundy, a 29-year-old Negro whose address was listed as 4039 Athis ct., was one of the state's major witnesses in a hearing in which three judges ruled that Clay L. Shaw should be held over for trial on a charge of conspiring to kill President John F. Kennedy.

Shaw later was indicted by the Orleans Parish Grand Jury on this charge.

Bundy testified that he saw Shaw and Oswald together at the racetrack during the summer of 1963.

Judge Frank J. Shea, commissioning magistrate for Tuesday, set bond at \$50,000 in the robbery case, and \$750 in the theft case. Bundy said he will be represented by attorney Rudolph Becker III.

ARRESTED MONDAY

Bundy was arrested about 4:30 p. m. Monday and booked with the armed robbery of Harry Alexander, a 70-year-old Negro of 728 N. Prieur, on Christmas Eve. He also was booked with theft of \$25 from Elaine Leary, Negro, 32, at her residence at 2226 Dumaine Christmas morning.

Thornley, who lived in New Orleans at 1824 Dauphine during 1963, would appear on Feb. 8 and 9 if the subpoena is honored.

The subpoena claims Thornley was seen in Oswald's company in the French Quarter and elsewhere before Oswald's final departure in September, 1963.

The subpoena assures Thornley immunity from arrest for offenses occurring before his return to Louisiana. A check for \$148.60 was ordered drawn to cover travel and living expenses.

Thornley was working as a waiter in New Orleans at the time of the assassination. In an interview on Nov. 27, 1963, he described Oswald as "sort of a poor soul."

Thornley said he served with Oswald in Marine Air Control Squadron No. 9 at El Toro Marine Air Base, Santa Ana, Calif., in the early months of 1959.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

SECTION 1

TIMES PICA YUNE

NEW ORLEANS, LA

Date: 1-10-68

Edition:

Author:

Editor: GEORGE W. HEALY

Title: ASSASSINATION

PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, T

11-22-63

Character: AFO

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA

Being Investigated

Bare Garrison's Long Illness

PSYCHIATRIC PATIENT MORE THAN 4 YEARS

Ruled 'Totally Unfit' by Army

BY RUSSELL FREERBURG
Chicago Tribune Press Service
1967 by The Chicago Tribune
Washington, Dec. 28 — Military medical records show that

District Atty. James C. Garrison in New Orleans was under the care of a psychiatrist during the 4½ years from the fall of 1950 to the spring of 1955.

Detailed medical histories on Garrison kept in the Pentagon and at the army records center in St. Louis show that he was discharged from the army once as totally unfit for military duty, then later allowed to reenter the national guard.

Found Unfit for Duty

On Feb. 28, 1967, Garrison resigned from the guard, giving as the reason "incompatible occupation." He asked to be transferred to the army reserve.

The records disclose that the controversial Garrison, who disputes the findings of the Warren commission on the

death of President John F. Kennedy, was found by an army physical evaluation board in October, 1951, to be totally unfit for military duty. During his investigation, Garrison has made sensational charges against President Johnson, J. Edgar Hoover, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation; Atty Gen. Ramsey Clark; and others.

Got Therapy as Civilian

A report to the evaluation board from an army medical board at Brooke Army hospital, San Antonio, said:

"This patient [Garrison] has a severe and disabling psychoneurosis of long duration. It has interfered with his social and professional adjustment to a marked degree. He is considered totally disabled from the standpoint of military duty and moderately incapacitated in civilian adaptability. His illness existed long before his call to active duty July 24, 1951, and is the type that will require long term psychotherapeutic approach, which is not feasible in a military hospital."

The report said that psychotherapy for Garrison was first begun in October, 1950, by a psychiatrist on the staff of Louisiana State university medical school in New Orleans. At that time Garrison was a civilian.

The term psychoneurosis used in the medical report on Garrison has come to refer to those types of symptom-complexes or syndromes in which the disturbances of behavior do not affect a person with enough severity to terminate completely his chances of making some kind of social adjustment. Psychoneuroses as a group, based on emotional conflicts, are to be distinguished from psychoses. The psychoses are usually

intense disorders of the mind that lead to commitment to mental hospitals.

Charges Against 2 Men

Garrison since last February has claimed that he has solved the Kennedy assassination as done by a group of persons, some rejects from the Warren commission, working as part of a plot with Lee Harvey Oswald. The Warren commission concluded that Oswald acted alone.

In addition, Garrison has arrested Clay Shaw, a retired New Orleans business man, who he claims is the mysterious "Clay Bertrand" of the assassination probe. Earlier this week he issued a warrant for the arrest of Edgar Eugene Bradley, 49, a field representative for the Rev. Carl McIntire, an east coast evangelist. Both Shaw and Bradley deny any connection with the case.

Garrison served five years in the army in World War II. In July, 1951, after a short stint with the FBI, he volunteered for active duty for the Korean war. He states in his medical record that he became aware that he "just couldn't make it" after the first day's routine and he reported for sick call.

Rated a Hypochondriac

He was confined to quarters for two weeks, then hospitalized at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. He was transferred to Brooke Army hospital on Sept. 16, 1951. He was given a medical discharge for physical disability in October.

A physical evaluation board at Brooke recommended 10 per cent permanent disability. It said the cause of the incapacity was "chronic anxiety reaction manifested by hypochondriasis;

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

CHICAGO TRIBUNE

CHICAGO, ILL.

Date: 12-29-67

Edition:

Author:

Editor: W.D. MAXWELL

Title: ASSASSINATION

PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, T

11-22-63

Character:

AFO

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: W.O., LA

Being Investigated

chronic exhaustion syndrome . . . and psychogenic allergic manifestations."

Psychogenic means having a mental or emotional origin. In connection with the allergies, the medical board said that Garrison then had "a rather bizarre allergic response to lint, especially wool lint." It said that he could not wear undershirts or rough cloth. It said that if he did he choked up, had air hunger, and sometimes hives.

The medical board detailed Garrison's exhaustion syndrome. It said it started while he was in law school after the war. It said that even after he started to work for a law firm he could work only half a day. As late as 1962, just before he was elected district attorney, he still was known around the Orleans parish courthouse in his ~~former~~ district attorney days as a man who liked to come to work at 11 and leave at 7.

Called Shy, Introverted

Altho Garrison has the image of an aggressive man in his assassination investigation, the army report described him as a shy, introverted individual.

Garrison's national guard records in the national guard bureau in the Pentagon disclose that he was under the care of a Dr. Robert Matthews after his 1951 discharge. Dr. Matthews then was a neuro-psychiatrist on the L. S. U. staff. The records said that the treatment continued until Garrison applied for reentry into the national guard in April, 1955.

On a form 89 in his national guard records, Garrison, in his own handwriting, stated that the "psychiatric matter" had been cleared up. Under a question asking whether he had ever been under the care of a physician, Garrison listed Dr. Matthews. The records contain a letter from Dr. Matthews.

No Disability Pay Sought

Dr. Matthews left L. S. U. shortly after Garrison re-entered the guard. He was a medical official for the state of Pennsylvania from 1956 to

1959. He then became head of the psychiatry department at Jefferson Medical college, Philadelphia, and was killed in an automobile accident on July 21, 1961.

Garrison's army records do not show that he applied for any disability pay.

National guard records show that Garrison was relieved from active duty on Oct. 31, 1951, and was discharged from both the national guard and the army, effective Jan. 9, 1952. Garrison had first entered the national guard in 1939. He applied for re-entry in 1955 when he was an assistant district attorney.

On April 19, 1955, based on a physical examination in New Orleans and details of his therapy, the surgeon general of the army ruled he was again physically qualified for the national guard.

Gets Discharge Waiver

On April 22, 1955, Garrison was given a waiver ~~to re-enter~~ ~~the~~ ~~army~~ ~~on~~ ~~separation~~ ~~from~~ ~~the~~ ~~army~~. The waiver was signed by the army surgeon of the national guard and was based on the findings of the army surgeon general.

National guard officials in the Pentagon explained that Garrison had to have his case reviewed by the army surgeon general because of his illness. Garrison took his re-entry physical in New Orleans. It was given by the medical detachment of the 935th field artillery battalion. Garrison re-entered the guard as a captain with the 935th field artillery in New Orleans. He became a major on July 14, 1959, and a lieutenant colonel on May 11, 1964.

On Feb. 13, 1967, shortly before he resigned from the guard, Garrison asked for a transfer to the judge advocate general's corps in Washington. Upon his resignation he asked to be placed in the army reserve with a mobilization position in the advocate general's office.

The army ~~reserve refused~~ ~~to~~ ~~comment~~ ~~on~~ ~~the~~ ~~request~~.



Jim Garrison

DA Subpenas Oswald Pal

A Marine Corps associate of Lee Harvey Oswald was subpoenaed today by District Attorney Jim Garrison in his probe of the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

Criminal District Judge Matthew S. Braniff issued the subpoena for Kerry Wendell Thornley, Thornley immunity from arrest for any past offenses during his stay to answer it.

THORNLEY WAS questioned extensively by the Warren Commission in its investigation of the assassination. The commission described him as the closest Marine Corps friend of the accused assassin.

Thornley lived here in 1963 at 1824 Dauphin. The DA's office said it wanted to question him about what it called contacts with Oswald during this period.

The subpoena is for an appearance before the Orleans Parish Grand Jury Feb. 8 and 9.

THE REQUEST for the subpoena says the Warren Commission questioned Thornley "for 33 pages" concerning his Marine Corps life with Oswald, but did not question him about knowing Oswald in New Orleans in 1963.

The DA's office claims to have established that Thornley was seen in Oswald's company in the French Quarter and elsewhere before Oswald's final departure from the city in September, 1963.

The office said the "frequency" of Oswald's contacts with Thornley here indicate the latter might be in possession of specific information about other associations Oswald had in this period.

THE SUBPENA grants Thornley immunity from arrest for any past offenses during his stay to answer it. A request that the subpoena be served will be presented to a judge in Hillsboro County, Fla. (Tampa).

A check for \$148 was ordered drawn from the fines and fees fund by Judge Braniff to pay for Thornley's trip.

AT THE TIME of the assassination, Thornley was working as a waiter in New Orleans. Interviewed by the States-Item on Nov. 27, 1963, he described Oswald as "sort of a 'poor soul.'"

Thornley said he served with Oswald in Marine Air Control Squadron No. 9 at El Toro Marine Air Base, Santa Ana, Calif., in the early months of 1959.

He was so impressed with Oswald he wrote a book based on his life called "The Idle Warriors." The book apparently was never published.

THORNLEY DESCRIBED the Marine Oswald as "kind of the outfit janitor, because he had lost his security clearance for being in the brig. He had a reputation in the outfit of being a real loser."

He supported the Warren Commission's thesis, disputed by Garrison, that Oswald was a Communist. He said, "I

think Oswald became a Communist before he became a Marine . . ."

Thornley said a mutual interest in books and "bull sessions" drew him to Oswald.

"HE WAS VERY well read and I read a lot. We'd get together in the afternoon, he and I and six or seven others. We discussed politics and religion and such.

"He said he thought communism was the best religion.

"But there was always this satirical, half-mocking attitude he took. You couldn't tell whether he was really serious or not."

ASKED IF HE thought Oswald the assassin type, Thornley said:

"Well, he was very resentful of the military; he was very much the man who would 'play' the part of the assassin.

"But, I'm still not sure he committed the assassination. He never showed any tendency toward violence. He was more of a talker than anything else."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 1-9-68

Edition: FINAL

Author:

Editor: GEORGE W. HEAL

Title: ASSASSINATION

PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, T

11-22-63

Character: AFO

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA

Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

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Pal 'Never Saw Oswald After 1959'

Kerry Thornley, Marine Corps companion of Lee Harvey Oswald, said today he never saw the accused presidential assassin again after July, 1959, when he was mustered out of the service.

Thornley, in a telephone conversation from South Tampa, Fla., said he declined to cooperate in District Attorney Jim Garrison's probe of the slaying of President John F. Kennedy because he "lacks confidence" in the DA.

Garrison has subpoenaed Thornley to appear before the Orleans Parish Grand Jury Feb. 8 and 9, but Thornley says he will fight extradition.

A spokesman for the district attorney's office, told of Thornley's statement that he never saw Oswald in New Orleans, said

"We have at least six witnesses who saw Thornley and Oswald together in New Orleans during the summer of 1963."

The DA contends that Thornley was associated with Oswald in New Orleans during the summer of 1963 when Thornley was working as a waiter in the French Quarter and Oswald was living on Magazine st. Thornley today denied this.

GARRISON'S subpoena for Thornley was the fifth issued with his probe of the Kennedy assassination.

Garrison's request for the subpoena of Thornley said Thornley was questioned by the Warren Commission "for 33 pages" concerning his Marine Corps life with Oswald.

Garrison said Thornley told an interviewer from the commission that he never saw Oswald after their duty with the Marines.

However, Garrison said he had information that Thornley was one of Oswald's "more consistent companions" in

New Orleans prior to Oswald's departure from New Orleans in late September, 1963.

Garrison added that "the frequency" of Oswald's contacts with Thornley here indicated the latter might have specific information about other associations Oswald had in 1963.

GARRISON'S subpoena asks that Thornley be granted immunity from arrest for any past offenses during his stay in New Orleans, and also asks authorization to pay Thornley \$148 to cover his expenses in coming to New Orleans.

Thornley told newsmen that he knew Oswald about three months when both were stationed at El Toro, Calif., with Marine Air Patrol Squadron No. 9.

But, he said, the friendship ended when they had a short argument one day over a parade starting time.

Thornley said Oswald at that time was the target constantly of his political and religious beliefs.

"Everybody in the outfit put him down as a Communist and an atheist," Thornley said of Oswald.

THORNLEY, 29, who calls himself a freelance writer, said he wrote an unpublished book prior to the assassination of President Kennedy titled "Idle Warriors," in which he mentioned Oswald as one of a number of disenchanted military men who had fled the U. S.

He said Oswald might have been considered his best buddy, "but I don't think Oswald had any close friends in the service."

Thornley said he worked as a waiter while living in New Orleans in 1963. In an interview here Nov. 27, 1963, Thornley described Oswald as "sort of a poor soul."

Meantime, 29-year-old Negro, Vernon W. Bundy, one of the state's major witnesses in the hearing in which three judges ruled that retired businessman Clay Shaw should be held over for trial on a charge of conspiring to kill President

Kennedy, yesterday was charged with armed robbery and theft.

JUDGE FRANK J. Shea, committing magistrate, set Bundy's bond at \$50.00 in the robbery case, and \$750 in the theft case.

Bundy was booked for the armed robbery of Harry Alexander, a 70-year-old Negro of 728 N. Prieur, on Christmas Eve.

He also was booked with theft of \$25 from Elaine Leary, Negro, 32, at her residence at 2226 Dumaine on Christmas morning.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 4-A

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 2-10-68

Edition: RED FLASH

Author:

Editor: GEORGE W. HEALY

Title: ASSASSINATION OF

PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TX

Character: 11-22-63

AFO

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

CLIP

Thornley To Fight N.O. Return

A former Marine who District Attorney Jim Garrison says was a "consistent companion of Lee Harvey Oswald during the latter's stay in New Orleans" said today he will fight extradition to New Orleans to appear before the Orleans Parish Grand Jury in February.

Kerry Wendell Thornley, of Tampa, Fla., subpoenaed yesterday by Garrison to appear Feb. 8-9, told newsmen at Tampa that he was contacted by Garrison a couple of months ago and would have come here then "but on my own terms."

Thornley said he had been requested that he appear here under a different name.

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Garrison said Thornley told an interviewer from the commission that he never saw Oswald after their duty with the Marines.

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728 N. Prieur, on Christmas Eve.

He also was booked with theft of \$25 from Elaine Leary, Negro, 32, at her residence at 2226 Dumaine on Christmas morning.

work related to The Rivergate would be "several million dollars." The expressway would continue at ground level the 250 feet to Bienville and likewise pass the Jackson Square between the existing concrete levee wall and the railroad tracks, which would be moved riverward. A coffer dam structure would be extended toward the water.

Traffic would move downtown by proceeding under Canal st., Stevenson said, and thereafter would pass through an "open cut"—a roadway with retaining walls but no roof.

Uptown, traffic would pass under Poydras — after which an open-cut section would start — until ground level is reached just upstream from Lafayette.

Stevenson said 18 to 24 months would be a reasonable estimate for completion of a project of this nature.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA

Date: 1-10-68

Edition: RED FLASH

Author:

Editor: GEORGE W. HEALY

Title: ASSASSINATION

PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TX

11-22-63

Character: AFO

Classification: 87..

Submitting Office: N.O., LA

Being Investigated

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DA Plot Probe Figure Due to Get Subpena

The Los Angeles County district attorney's office was expected to serve a subpoena today on Lawrence J. Howard Jr., who is wanted here as a material witness in District Attorney Jim Garrison's Kennedy assassination probe.

The subpoena was issued by Garrison's office Dec. 29, along with subpoenas for Loran E. Hall of Kernville, Calif., and Thomas Beckham of Omaha, Neb.

AT THE TIME, however, Howard was not at his residence, 2706 Pine ave., in El Monte, Calif. near Los Angeles.

Howard, who had returned to El Monte, said today he returned home yesterday from "an extended vacation in the wilds of New Mexico." He said he was unable to return earlier because he was in "inaccessible territory near Durango."

The subpoena for Howard says information has been given the DA that Howard was in association with the late David William Ferrie during visits to New Orleans in 1963. Garrison claims that Ferrie, who died here last February, was part of a conspiracy to murder President John F. Kennedy.

THE DOCUMENT also says that the DA has information that Howard was engaged in CIA-sponsored guerrilla training in Florida for raids on Cuba, that he was active in the "Free Cuba" movements in Florida, Louisiana and Texas.

It says Howard arrived in Dallas, checked into the YMCA in October, 1963, and stayed in Dallas until the time of the Kennedy slaying, and that he was in contact with the late Jack Ruby "and other individuals believed to

have been involved in the assassination."

Ruby, a Dallas nightclub owner, fatally shot Lee Harvey Oswald, the man identified by the Warren Commission of the lone assassin.

THE DOCUMENT stipulates that Howard will have immunity from prosecution if he answers the summons to testify here.

Howard, who described himself as an unemployed typesetter-welder, said today that he spoke by telephone with the DA's office in Los Angeles and that he understands the subpoena is to be served sometime today. This was confirmed by the DA's office.

He said he does not plan to avoid being served.

HOWARD SAID that he was working in Los Angeles Nov. 22, 1963, the date of the assassination, and that he has never registered at the Dallas YMCA.

"There is no information at all that I can give that would in any way uncover anything. I gave a statement to the FBI and as far as they were concerned, I was cleared," Howard said.

He would not discuss why he was questioned by the FBI, but said, "I have no knowledge of any conspiracy concerning the assassination of President Kennedy. I think they're interested in me because at one time I helped train guerrilla forces for a proposed invasion of Cuba."



JAMES HICKS

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 1-11-68

Edition: RED FLASH

Author:

Editor: GEORGE W. HEAL

Title: ASSASSINATION

PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, T.

11-22-63

Character: AFO

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA

Being Investigated

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