

Date December 23, 1963

1 ^{K P} EVARISTO RODRIGUEZ, 1239 Chartres Street, was interviewed in the Spanish language.

RODRIGUEZ advised that in the early part of August, 1963; LEE HARVEY OSWALD and a Latin-appearing man who is unknown to RODRIGUEZ, came into the Habana Bar, 117 Decatur Street, where RODRIGUEZ works as a bartender, and OSWALD ordered a lemonade and the other man ordered a tequila. RODRIGUEZ stated that the Latin-appearing person was rather irritated by the fact he had to pay fifty cents for one drink of tequila and that this was the reason that he recalled OSWALD and the unknown man.

RODRIGUEZ said the man's clothing indicated that he was probably a Cuban, but his accent indicated to RODRIGUEZ that he was more than likely Mexican. RODRIGUEZ said he had never seen this man before this occasion nor has he seen him in the area of the Habana Bar since the day he was in the bar with OSWALD.

RODRIGUEZ furnished the following description of the unknown man as best he could remember:

Height	5'7 or 8"
Age	About 25-30
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Brown
Build	Husky
Scars & Marks	None
Characteristics	No outstanding characteristics noted
Dress	White jacket, dark trousers and wore vest

RODRIGUEZ said if he were able to see the man again, he would recognize him but he had no information as to where the man might have lived, worked, or in what circles he might have traveled.

Commissioner 12/21/63

On 12/20/63 at New Orleans, Louisiana File # NO 100-16601
by SA RICHARD E. LOGAN /lyc Date dictated 12/20/63

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

JLR: WJL: jh
7/22/64
(per long distance telephone
call on 7/21/64)

JUL 23 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U.S. Department of Justice
Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

On July 21, 1964 Mr. Evaristo Rodriguez gave testimony to Mr. Wesley J. Liebler of our staff to the effect that he had seen Lee Harvey Oswald in the Habana Bar in New Orleans sometime on or about August 9, 1963 in the company of another individual who, while described as Latin appearing, appears to have certain superficial physical similarities to the individual depicted in our Commission Exhibit 237, the photograph displayed to Mrs. Marguerite Oswald on November 23, 1963 by Agent Ocum of your Bureau.

Would you please forward a copy of that photograph to your New Orleans office so that it may be shown to Mr. Rodriguez for purposes of possible identification.

Your continued cooperation is appreciated.

Sincerely,

J. Leo Rankin
General Counsel

WJL
JLR
S. F. R.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New Orleans, Louisiana
July 31, 1964

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On July 30, 1964, EVARISTO GILBERTO RODRIGUEZ, 1239 Chartres Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, was interviewed at his residence at which time he was referred to his previous interview with Special Agents of the FBI on May 12, 1964. On May 12, 1964, RODRIGUEZ had related that, as best he could recall, it was in September, 1963, at approximately 3:30 a.m. or 4 a.m., day of the week not recalled, that two white males entered the Habana Bar and sat at a table opposite the corner of the bar. At that time RODRIGUEZ had stated that based on photographs he had seen of LEE HARVEY OSWALD after the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, he was able to state that one of these two men was in his opinion LEE HARVEY OSWALD. On May 12, 1964, RODRIGUEZ described the man who accompanied the person he believed to be OSWALD as approximately 32 years of age and a little taller and perhaps a little heavier than OSWALD. He added that this individual had a medium build and muscular biceps.

On July 30, 1964, RODRIGUEZ was shown photographs of six white males, including the photograph depicted in the President's Commission Exhibit Number 237. RODRIGUEZ was asked if any of the persons depicted in these photographs was identical with the person who had accompanied LEE HARVEY OSWALD to the Habana Bar as described by RODRIGUEZ on May 12, 1964. RODRIGUEZ viewed each one of the six photographs slowly and carefully and then stated that none of the men depicted in these photographs was identical with the person who had accompanied OSWALD to the Habana Bar on the occasion described by him on May 12, 1964. He said he did not recognize the persons depicted in these six photographs as persons he had ever seen before.

RODRIGUEZ was then asked if any of the persons depicted in these six photographs in any way bore any resemblance to the man who had allegedly accompanied LEE HARVEY OSWALD to the Habana

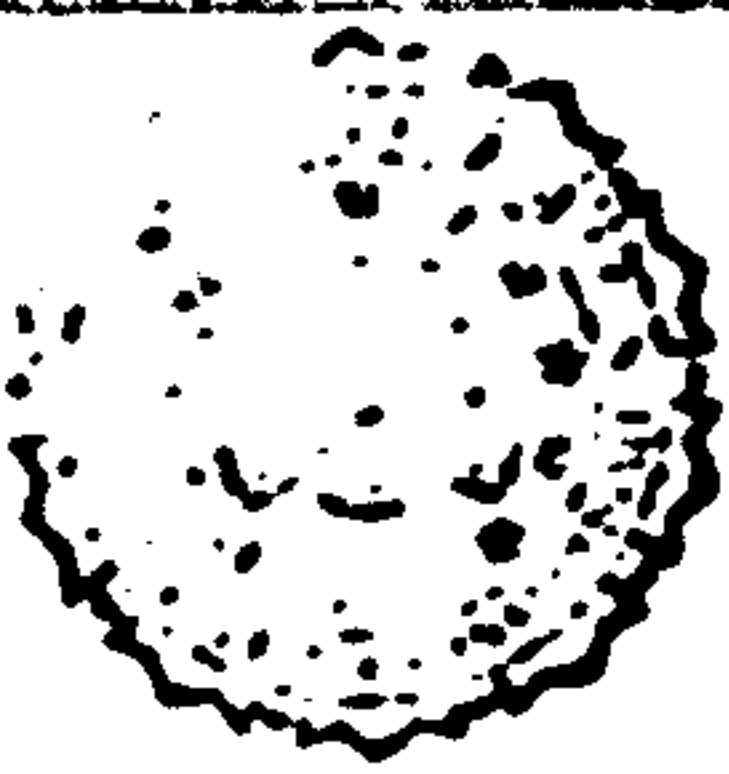
CD 1389

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Bar as described by RODRIGUEZ on May 12, 1964. He again reviewed all six of these photographs and remarked that the person depicted in one of the photographs (which is identical to President's Commission Exhibit Number 237), has shoulders which resemble those of the man whom RODRIGUEZ had seen with LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the Habana Bar as described by RODRIGUEZ on May 12, 1964. RODRIGUEZ stated, however, that the person depicted in that photograph (identical with President's Commission Exhibit Number 237) did not resemble the man RODRIGUEZ had seen with OSWALD in the Habana Bar in any other way except for the way his hair receded on the sides of his head.

RODRIGUEZ then reiterated that the person depicted in the photograph which is identical to the President's Commission Exhibit Number 237 was not identical with the man RODRIGUEZ had seen with LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the Habana Bar.

In response to inquiry, RODRIGUEZ explained that on the occasion when LEE HARVEY OSWALD was seen by RODRIGUEZ in the Habana Bar with another man, RODRIGUEZ did not clearly see the face of the man who had accompanied LEE HARVEY OSWALD to the Habana Bar. RODRIGUEZ added that he recalls the physical build of the man who accompanied OSWALD to the Habana Bar better than his face. However, RODRIGUEZ was positive that the man depicted in the photograph which is identical to the President's Commission Exhibit Number 237 was not identical to the man that RODRIGUEZ had observed with LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the Habana Bar as described by RODRIGUEZ to Special Agents of the FBI on May 12, 1964.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

August 12, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, N. E.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of July 23, 1964, requesting that this Bureau exhibit a copy of the photograph of the unidentified individual depicted in the President's Commission Exhibit Number 237 to Mr. Evaristo Gilberto Rodriguez for purposes of possible identification.

For your information, we contacted Mr. Rodriguez in this matter on July 30, 1964, and exhibited to him the photograph of the unidentified individual depicted in the President's Commission Exhibit Number 237 along with photographs of five other individuals who have no connection with the Lee Harvey Oswald investigation.

Enclosed are two copies of a memorandum dated July 31, 1964, at New Orleans, Louisiana, which sets forth results of our contact with Mr. Rodriguez in this matter.

This concludes our investigation in this particular inquiry.

Sincerely yours,

W. J. R. [Signature]

Enclosures (2)

FBI

Date: 9/19/67

PLAIN TEXT

(Type in plaintext or code)

AIRMAIL

(Priority)

Transmit the following in

AIRTEL

Via

Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY - DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63 MISCELLANEOUS - INFO CONCERNING OO: DALLAS

Fitzgerald
Wambold
Rafferty
Coffey
Walters

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are newspaper articles appearing in New Orleans newspapers concerning the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY.

Enclosed for Dallas and Miami are one copy each of these newspaper articles.

4 ENCL.

- (3) - Bureau (Encl. 4)
- 1 - Miami (Encl. 4)
- 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Encl. 4)
- 1 - New Orleans

BCW:jab (8)

REC-23

62-109060-5755

C. C. - Bishop

SI-108

1 SEP 22 1967

Approved:

69 SEP 23 1967

Agent in Charge

Sent

M

Per

SHAW ATTORNEY MUM ON PLANS

Won't Air Intentions on Change of Venue

An attorney for Clay L. Shaw refused to say whether or not he intends to file a motion for change of venue for Shaw's conspiracy trial after a Criminal District Court judge refused to throw out Shaw's indictment Monday.

Judge Edward A. Haggerty Jr. denied two separate motions to quash Shaw's conspiracy indictment and gave the defense until Tuesday to file additional pleadings.

Shaw, a 54-year-old retired New Orleans businessman, was indicted earlier this year for criminal conspiracy in the death of President John F. Kennedy. He is the only man to face this charge.

After the judge announced his decision defense attorney F. Irvin Dymond would not comment on the possibility of a move for a change of venue, which would move the trial from New Orleans.

Dymond made no commitments as to what pleadings he may file, but did say:

"We want a trial at the earliest moment, but there are certain mechanics to be worked out prior to the trial, such as obtaining out-of-town witnesses.

"As far as the preparation goes, we are ready, but, as I say, there are some mechanics."

Judge Haggerty said setting of a trial date is legally in his hands as trial judge inasmuch as the state has moved for a speedy trial.

"I am going to set a date for this trial as soon as all the pleadings are filed and have been dispensed with," he said.

In another development in District Attorney Jim Garrison's Kennedy death probe a grand jury subpoena was issued for William Dalzell, 528 Dauphine, ordering him to appear at 2 p. m. Thursday.

Garrison's office questioned Dalzell in June. He has been described as a petroleum adviser to the Ethiopian government.

He was an incorporator of an anti-Castro organization in New Orleans early in 1961. The group, known as the Friends of Democratic Cuba, was later merged into other anti Castro groups.

New Orleans, La.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1

SECTION 1

TIMES PICAYUNE

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 9/19/67

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TX.

Character: 11-22-63 AFO

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

61-14-111-5753

ENCLOSURE

Shaw Indictment Upheld by Judge

Criminal District Judge Edward A. Haggerty Jr. today refused to throw out the conspiracy indictment against Clay L. Shaw and indicated that he hopes to try Shaw "next month."

Shaw is charged with criminal conspiracy in the slaying of President John F. Kennedy.

The judge acted today on two separate motions to quash the indictment against Shaw, a 54-year-old retired New Orleans businessman, the only person charged so far by District Attorney Jim Garrison with direct participation in the alleged Kennedy plot.

AFTER RULING, Judge Haggerty said the trial will be set next month "if it is legally possible."

He gave chief defense counsel F. Irvin Dymond until next Tuesday to file final pleadings in the case, and said he would set a trial date as soon as the final pleadings are disposed of.

Dymond, after the hearing, refused to comment on whether the defense will file a motion for a change of venue: that is to move the trial from New Orleans.

ASKED WHAT motions the defense still plans to file, Dymond refused to commit himself.

"We want a trial at the earliest moment," Dymond said, "but there are certain mechanics to be worked out prior to the trial, such as obtaining out-of-town witnesses."

As far as the preparation

goes, we are ready, but, as I say, there are some mechanics," he added.

JUDGE HAGGERTY gave no reason for denying the motions to quash. He denied them orally, with no written opinion.

Dymond objected to the ruling, reserving a bill of exceptions for a possible appeal.

Judge Haggerty then noted that the indictment was filed March 22, and remarked that the case is nearly six months old.

"AS OF THIS moment, there are no more pleadings in the case. I'd like to find out if the defense plans additional pleadings," the judge said.

Dymond said he did have more pleadings to file.

"I can't conceive what other pleadings you could file. You have already filed pleadings from A to Z," said Judge Haggerty.

THE JUDGE said he would give the defense a week to file its pleadings, and extended this to a week and a day at Dymond's request.

Judge Haggerty said that inasmuch as the state has moved for a speedy trial, the setting of a trial date is legally in his hands as trial judge.

"I am going to set a date for this trial as soon as all the pleadings are filed and have been dispensed with," he said.

ASSISTANT DA James L.

Alcock said the state would like to reserve the right to answer any pleadings the defense might file, and added that he did not know how much time to ask for since he did not know the nature of the defense's pleadings.

The judge asked the defense attorneys if they cared to divulge the nature of their pleadings. The defense declined.

The defense had based one of its motions to quash on its claim that some members of the grand jury which indicted Shaw were connected with persons contributing funds to Garrison's probe.

THE DEFENSE also charged that the list from which the grand jury that indicted Shaw was drawn came from a pool of less than 750 names, in violation of state law.

The state has denied the charges.

On another front of Garrison's probe today, the DA's office issued a subpoena for William Dalzell, 528 Dauphine, to appear before the Orleans Parish Grand Jury at 2 p. m. Thursday.

Dalzell, who was questioned by Garrison in June, has been described as a petroleum adviser to the Ethiopian government. Dalzell was an incorporator in early 1961 of an anti-Castro organization here, the Friends of Democratic Cuba.

The organization later was merged into other anti-Castro groups.

(Name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1A

SECTION 1

STATES ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 9/18/67

Edition: FINAL

Author:

Editor:

Title: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEX.

11-22-63

Character: AFO

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

67-10361

5755

Judge Refuses to Throw Out Shaw

Case

Criminal District Judge Edward A. Haggerty Jr. today refused to throw out the conspiracy indictment against Clay L. Shaw and indicated that he hopes to try Shaw "early next month."

Shaw is charged with criminal conspiracy in the slaying of President John F. Kennedy.

The judge acted today on two separate motions to quash the indictment against Shaw, a 54-year-old retired New Orleans businessman, the only person charged so far by District Attorney Jim Garrison with direct participation in the alleged Kennedy plot.

AFTER RULING, Judge Haggerty said the trial will be set next month "if it is legally possible."

He gave chief defense counsel F. Irvin Dymond until next Tuesday to file final pleadings in the case, and said he would set a trial date as soon as the final pleadings are disposed of.

Dymond, after the hearing, refused to comment on whether the defense will file a motion for a change of venue that is to move the trial from New Orleans.

ASKED WHAT motions the defense still plans to file, Dymond refused to commit himself.

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Dymond objected to the ruling, reserving a bill of exceptions for a possible appeal.

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THE JUDGE said he would give the defense a week to file its pleadings, and extended this to a week and a day at Dymond's request.

Judge Haggerty said that inasmuch as the state has moved for a speedy trial, the setting of a trial date is legally in his hands as trial judge.

"I am going to set a date for this trial as soon as all the pleadings are filed and have been dispensed with," he said.

ASSISTANT DA James L. Alcock said the state would

like to reserve the right to answer any pleadings the defense might file, and added that he did not know how much time to ask for since

he did not know the nature of the defense's pleadings.

The judge asked the defense attorneys if they cared to divulge the nature of their pleadings. The defense declined.

The defense had based one of its motions to quash on its claim that some members of the grand jury which indicted Shaw were connected with persons contributing funds to Garrison's probe.

THE DEFENSE also charged that the list from which the grand jury that indicted Shaw was drawn came from a pool of less than 750 names, in violation of state law.

The state has denied the charges.

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Dalzell, who was questioned by Garrison in June, has been described as a petroleum adviser to the Ethiopian government. Dalzell was an incorporator in early 1961 of an anti-Castro organization here, the Friends of Democratic Cuba.

The organization later was merged into other anti-Castro groups.

Working with Dalzell in the group were the late Guy Banister, a former FBI agent and one-time assistant superintendent of New Orleans police and frequently mentioned in connection with the Garrison investigation; Grady C. Durham, a former New Orleans attorney; and William Klein, also a New Orleans attorney.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1A

SECTION 1

STATES ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 9/18/67

Edition: RED FLASH

Author:

Editor:

Title: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEX

Character: 11-22-63 AFO

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

5755

Ruling Due On Quash Bid by Shaw

Clay L. Shaw, accused by DA Jim Garrison of conspiring to murder President John F. Kennedy, was due to learn today whether he must stand trial on the charge.

Shaw, retired managing director of the International Trade Mart, and his attorneys have pending two motions, both aimed at throwing out the indictment against him.

CRIMINAL DISTRICT Court Judge Edward A. Haggerty Jr. said he would rule on both motions today.

Judge Haggerty promised his decision today after a pre-trial hearing last week on an initial motion and a supplemental motion to quash the charge.

During the hearing, defense attorney F. Irvin Dymond hit at the previous Orleans Parish Grand Jury, whose foreman was Albert V. LaBiche, and the way it was selected. The defense charged that members of the grand jury which indicted Shaw were not impartial as some were connected with persons contributing funds to Garrison's assassination probe.

~~THE DEFENSE~~ also charged that the list from which the grand jury that indicted Shaw was drawn came from a pool of less than 750 names, in violation of state law.

The state has denied the charges.

There have been reports that Shaw's attorneys will ask for a change of venue if the quash motions fail. This would further delay setting a trial date, since a hearing would have to be held on a change of venue motion.

If the motions to quash fail and Shaw's attorneys do not move to change the place of the trial from New Orleans, he could come to trial by early next month.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 1A

SECTION 1

STATES ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 9/18/67

Edition: RED COMET

Author:

Editor:

Title: ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN F.
KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEX.

Character: 11-22-63

or AFO

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

62-10-963-5755

F B I

Date: 9/19/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)
ATTENTION: GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43) (P)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT ..
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY ..
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING
OO: DALLAS

G. C. Hoover

Re Dallas teletype to Bureau, et al, 9/16/67;
San Francisco teletype to Bureau, et al, 9/17/67, and
Bureau airtel to Dallas, et al, 9/18/67.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of an
LHM suitable for dissemination to the Department of Justice
and U. S. Secret Service Headquarters. Three copies of the
LHM have been furnished the New Orleans Office, one of which
should be disseminated to U. S. Secret Service, New Orleans.
Three copies of the LHM are furnished San Francisco, one of
which should be furnished to the U. S. Secret Service, San
Francisco. Two copies of the LHM have been furnished U. S.
Secret Service, Dallas.

The information contained in the LHM was obtained
by SA WILL HAYDEN GRIFFIN.

1 cc sent to SAC's 9/20/67 - 6/15/67 - 6/15/67
2 cc LHM US 22 25 27 28 29

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 10) ENCL: REC-59
 - 2 - New Orleans (Enc. 3) (89-69)
 - 2 - San Francisco (Enc. 3) (89-58)
 - 2 - Dallas
- RPG:tlo
(9)

62-109060-5756

22 SEP 21 1967

Jackson
5- [Signature]

A. C. Bishop

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

62 SEP 29 1967



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
September 19, 1967

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

At 5:57 p.m., Central Daylight Time, on September 15, 1967, [redacted] Delta Airlines, Love Field, Dallas, Texas, telephonically advised the Dallas FBI Office that information had been received from the Atlanta, Georgia, Delta Reservations Office that an anonymous call had been received on that date, and the caller stated there was a bomb on Flight 827 of Delta Airlines. [redacted] said that Flight 827 was on the ground at Love Field, Dallas, Texas, at the time of his call, and that it was scheduled to depart for San Francisco at 6:15 p.m., September 15, 1967.

While conducting investigation concerning this matter, [redacted] Delta Airlines, Love Field, Dallas, Texas, advised a Special Agent of the FBI that a [redacted] Carmel, California, telephone 024-9103, had arrived at Dallas Love Field aboard Delta Flight 509 from New Orleans and was about to board Flight 827, Delta Airlines at Dallas. [redacted] and [redacted] and the latter two being Special Agents of the Office of Special Investigations, District 10, San Antonio, Texas, all advised they had heard [redacted] remark that she had done research on the Kennedy assassination and had been in conference with District Attorney James Garrison at New Orleans for the previous three days. [redacted] made these remarks while waiting to board Flight 827 after it had been announced that the flight would be delayed because of the bomb threat call. She indicated that she was the one who caused all the trouble indicating that the bomb threat on the plane was the result of her having been in contact with District Attorney Garrison and was about to board the plane.

[redacted] was not interviewed by Special Agents of the FBI concerning the bomb threat or concerning captioned matter.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 12 1973

6. 1 1 1 5756
L. J. JRE

FBI

Date: 9/20/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

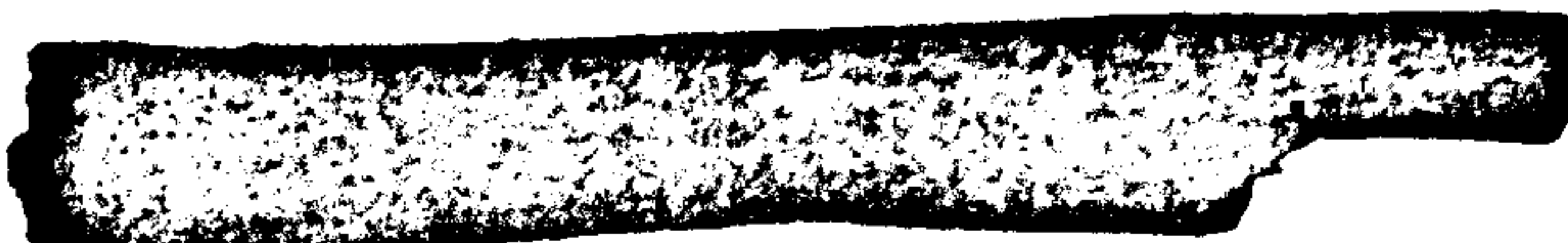
Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTN: GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO

RE : ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING
OO:DALLAS
Bufile 62-109060
Dallas File 89-43
SF File 89-58 : (RUC)

Grannon



SM - C
OO:SF
SF File 100-56470 (C)

Jedksa

Re Dallas teletype to Bureau dated 9/16/67, and San Francisco teletype to Bureau dated 9/17/67, entitled "ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS."

Enclosed herewith to the Bureau are six copies of LHM regarding [redacted], aka, dated 9/20/67, for dissemination by the Bureau to the Department and U. S. Secret Service. Three copies each are being furnished Dallas and New Orleans for dissemination by those offices to Secret Service locally. One information copy is being furnished

- 4 - Bureau (Encls. 6) ENCL. REC-59
- 3 - Dallas (Encls. 3) (AM-RM)
- 1 - Los Angeles (Encl. 1) (AM-RM)
- 3 - New Orleans (Encls. 3) (AM-RM)
- 2 - San Francisco

62-109060-5757

22 SEP 22 1967

WKW/cmp

(13)
C. C. Bishop

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

54 OCT 3 1967 - Agent in Charge

SECRET CONTROL

*100-56470-6144
9/25/67*

SF 105-56479

WKW/cmp

Los Angeles since [REDACTED] formerly resided in Los Angeles.
The LHM is being disseminated to Secret Service, San Francisco.

No further action is contemplated in this matter by
San Francisco.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Francisco, California
September 20, 1967

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] self-employed private investigator who
operates [REDACTED] investigators, Carmel, California, advised SA
[REDACTED] on January 20, 1966, that [REDACTED]
recently moved to Carmel Valley, California, with several
small children. He said she is the daughter of [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] LOS
Angeles, California, and that her husband continues to reside
in Los Angeles, where he is in the clothing business.

He advised it was rumored [REDACTED] was not in
good favor with her father, and that she has "left-wing"
leanings.

[REDACTED] stated that one of his clients became quite
concerned after a conversation with [REDACTED] who expressed
great alarm over the fact that this country is becoming fascist
and that there will definitely be a fascist coup within two
years.

Records of the Los Angeles Division of the Federal
Bureau of Investigation in March, 1966, contained no data
identifiable with [REDACTED]

The current Los Angeles telephone directory in March,
1966, revealed that the only [REDACTED] listed in the West Los
Angeles area was [REDACTED] phone [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] was listed at [REDACTED]
Los Angeles.

On February 7, 1966, an examination of the Voter's
Registration Records, [REDACTED] Los Angeles, failed
to disclose any record identifiable with [REDACTED].

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions
of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your
agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside
your agency.

ENCLOSURE

5151

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

A pretext inquiry of an unidentified woman at [redacted] Los Angeles, on February 8, 1966, by a [redacted] representative of the FBI, revealed that [redacted] was out of town and not expected to return for several weeks. [redacted] s daughter, and her husband, [redacted] were then living in Carmel, California, and had telephone number [redacted] she advised.

On February 10, 1966, [redacted] determined from the Traffic Division, Los Angeles Police Department, that there was no record identifiable with [redacted]

On February 11, 1966 [redacted] was advised by [redacted] Identification Division, Los Angeles Sheriff's Office, and [redacted] Identification Division, Los Angeles Police Department, that their respective files contained no information identifiable with [redacted]

On February 11, 1966, [redacted] Retail Merchants Credit Association, Los Angeles, advised IC M.T. ANDERSON that her files contained no record identifiable with [redacted]

Records of the Monterey County Sheriff's Office Substation, Monterey, California, which covers Carmel Valley, California, were reviewed on April 12, 1966, and no information could be identified with BRUSSELL.

Records of the Credit Bureau of the Monterey Peninsula, Monterey, California, which also covers Carmel Valley, reviewed April 12, 1966, by SA BURNEY THREADGILL, JR., indicated that [redacted] was the wife of [redacted] that they formerly resided at [redacted] Los Angeles, California, where he was self-employed operating two men's clothing stores known as [redacted] of Beverly Hills and Los Angeles. These records contained nothing of an unfavorable nature.

Set forth hereafter are copies of three newspaper articles which appeared in the Monterey Peninsula Herald, Monterey, California, on the indicated dates, and which pertain to [redacted]

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Letter Box

What's Your Opinion?

The Kennedy Killing
Editor, The Herald:

Mark Lane's "Rush to Judgement" reviewed in The Herald recently is unusual for many reasons. Every statement of fact has a number and a reference. All of his remarks were taken from either the "Warren Report," or from the "Hearings and Testimony" before the commission, which sells for \$15 from the U.S. government printing office. I own both the report and the hearings. I have read all of the 26 volumes, all 26 000 pages.

It is asserted by critics that "without a shred of evidence" to support him, Lane implies that the fusillade which cut down President Kennedy in Dallas originated from the Texas School Depository but from a knoll in front of the Presidential caravan.

I disagree with the critics.

Eminent ballistics experts, physicists, pathologists, criminologists have proved beyond any doubt that this was fact. Street witnesses, law enforcement officials, medical experts support this. The Commission Report, in order to make it even plausible that the shots came from the direction they wanted you to believe, found it necessary to destroy physical proof of shot directions.

The car interior, in which Mr. Kennedy was shot, was floored almost

Immediately to Michigan Commission have all where it was completely since destroyed. A street sign, another shot was removed, as was a through the head, another lamp post in front of the depository.

Every researcher or Mr. Kellerman, secret photographer who goes to Dallas today and questions the Warren Report heard a "furry of bullets". Governor Connally's clothes went from Parkland Hospital to the apartment of a Texas Congressman in Washington on Nov. 23, 1963. From there they were "dry cleaned and pressed."

According to F.B.I. experts, this vital evidence was destroyed, thus making opinions as to shot directions "impossible."

Original autopsy papers like a "Perry Mason Scenario". It is also notes were thrown away, similar to the theater of the absurd or "Alice In Wonderland". President Kennedy is buried under a heap of soil and also under a layer of moral callousness.

I am not writing about destroyed, but only that which concerned proof of shot directions. Even with the destruction of all this, there is enough testimony on this subject to cause concern.

It is implied that people padded their pockets after the Lincoln assassination, making money by selling rumors. The situation is not comparable. People searching for money today are not getting money, but bullets in their heads.

Three witnesses who testified their lives had been threatened before appearing before the

depository.

Every researcher or Mr. Kellerman, secret photographer who goes to Dallas today and questions the Warren Report heard a "furry of bullets". Governor Connally's clothes went from Parkland Hospital to the apartment of a Texas Congressman in Washington on Nov. 23, 1963. From there they were "dry cleaned and pressed."

Witnesses interviewed are frightened, harassed, and hounded. It is a city of silence, of terror, fear, and panic. At least thirty major witnesses or parties directly involved in the assassination have either "died", been injured, left town permanently, or are missing.

The report does read like a "Perry Mason Scenario". It is also similar to the theater of the absurd or "Alice In Wonderland". President Kennedy is buried under a heap of soil and also under a layer of moral callousness.

There is already vast literature on this subject and at least six good books. Read them!

There is already vast literature on this subject and at least six good books. Read them!

Mrs. A. W. BRUSSELL,
Carmel.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

18 Monterey Peninsula Herald

Monterey, Calif.

Date: 9-12-66

Edition: Eve.

Author:

Editor: F.K. Arthur, Jr.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Oswald Not A Communist?

By MAE BRUSSELL

(Mrs. A. W. Brussell of Carmel Valley has submitted the following article. She takes the view that Lee Harvey Oswald was not a Communist, as opposed to Henry J. Taylor whose articles on the subject here appeared from time to time on this page.)

The articles by Henry Taylor regarding Lee Harvey Oswald and his Cuban, New Orleans activities, do not in my opinion agree with the documents in the hearings and testimony before the commission.

If Lieut. T. Drake, chief of the Police Department of Intelligence in New Orleans, and Chief of Police J. Giarrusso knew so much about Oswald's files and activities in New Orleans, how is it that neither of these men were ever called as witnesses or mentioned in the Warren Report?

They called ex-laudables when Lee was an infant, and a friend of a deceased baby sister, so surely there was time and room for New Orleans officials with any information?

Mr. Taylor said these men "opened for this writer the arrest file of Lee Oswald." All there is to know about Oswald's arrest is in the 26 volumes, including the fact that the first person he called from the jail when arrested was the New Orleans FBI agent.

This is unusual, being

as he was getting ready to go back to Russia and this could hamper his passport qualifications. The implication that they "reopened" his file makes it sound very mysterious.

When the same Police Lieut. Martello is mentioned with reference to the fact that Oswald "did not want to teach his children English," Mr. Taylor did not continue to tell you what else Martello said.

Francis Martello had been an instructor at the New Orleans Police Academy. He was deputy commander of the Intelligence division of New Orleans Police Department, and is now platoon commander in the First District Police Department.

Volume X, pages 51-52, including the following remarks of Lieut. Martello who spent much time with Oswald and dictated extensive records on his New Orleans activities.

"I asked Oswald if he was a Communist and he said he was not."

"I asked him what his opinion was of the form of communism in Russia since he had lived there for two years and he said, 'it stunk'."

"He had a nonchalant attitude. He had done a heck of a lot of reading in his lifetime and his approach was academic, more or less theories but with no aggressiveness or emotional outbursts in any way, shape, or form."

Regarding the incident of Oswald's arrest while handing out pamphlets in New Orleans, "He seemed to have set them up, so to speak, to create the incident, but when the incident occurred he remained absolutely peaceful and gentle."

"As far as ever dreaming or thinking that Oswald would do what it is alleged that he has done, I would bet my head on a chopping block that he wouldn't do it."

A long list of Russian names, dates, a post office box number, an alias does not necessarily link Mr. Oswald with the Cubans. J. Edgar Hoover testified that Oswald "was not an agent because our agents use an alias." How confusing can they get?

Mr. Taylor has taken the word of two men never called or mentioned, as I said before, as against that of Martello, a man of long standing with the New Orleans Police Department.

The longer information is not challenged, the harder it is going to be for the American citizen when he discovers the truth regarding Lee Harvey Oswald. He was no "crackpot." Mr. Taylor is correct about that.

It would not speak well for our major intelligence and investigative agencies who taught Oswald Russian, paid his way to and from Russia, gave him a "job" in New Orleans.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

14 Monterey Peninsula Herald

Monterey, Calif.

Date: 1/17/67

Edition: Eve.

Author: Mae Brussell

Editor: F. K. Arthur, Jr.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

JK Assassination 'Plot'

Speaker Tells of U.S. 'Conspiracy'

By EVERETT MESICK

A picture of an America controlled by conspirators in government and the public news media was drawn last night by Mrs. Joe Brussell of Carmel Valley.

Mrs. Brussell, introduced as a playwright and author, told the Peninsula Playcees that President John F. Kennedy's assassination was engineered by "certain people in this country who felt Kennedy was not the type of person they wanted," and that Kennedy knew there was "an invisible government behind his back."

Asked to identify the conspirators, Mrs. Brussell said "I don't have the money to fight their lawyers" but volunteered the information that she was writing a book on the subject.

In a prepared after-dinner address at the Villa Caruso Restaurant, the speaker spent some 40 minutes giving reasons why she believes the federal government is withholding information on the assassination and the press is suppressing news on the investigation being conducted by New Orleans Dist. Atty. James Garrison.

"shocking" Stating she subscribed to eight newspapers, Mrs. Brussell said the "news blackout from New Orleans" is a "shocking thing to me."

She produced a chart purporting to show that news unfavorable to Garrison was carried in all eight papers while news favorable to him did not appear in any but the New Orleans States-Item.

"If you don't take the New Orleans States-Item, you don't know what's going on."

Expressing the belief in alleged suppression was not taking place on the desks of the individual papers but at the upper echelons of the wire services. Mrs. Brussell described it as "a very dangerous situation."

She quoted from the book, "Where Death Deals," by Marshall Hoyt in an effort to show that the autopsy on the President's body was not conducted by the proper experts and demanded to know, "Why are the X-rays locked up?"

Calling for the opening of the "archives," the speaker asked: "Is it possible there's something they don't want us to see?"

She also was critical of the Warren Commission's work and of recent documentaries by the Columbia Broadcasting System and National Broadcasting Co.

After her talk, Mrs. Brussell spent a half hour answering questions from the audience of 35, which included lawyers, doctors and a naval intelligence investigator.

Hits methods Criticizing the methods

of the Warren Commission, she said she has a list of 170 major witnesses who were not called.

Also disagreeing with the commission's conclusion, the speaker said Kennedy was killed by "a crossfire" of bullets and that Lee Oswald did not operate alone.

Asked why the late president's widow and brothers have not demanded the release of all information, Mrs. Brussell said Sen. Robert Kennedy wants "to use this death for political purposes" and Mrs. Kennedy "doesn't want to get involved."

As for Sen. Ted Kennedy, he says he hasn't read the Warren Report, according to Mrs. Brussell.

She also took a swing at President Johnson on grounds he "hasn't ordered the opening of the archives."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

12 Monterey Peninsula Herald

Monterey, Calif.

Date: 7-20-67

Edition: Eve.

Author: Everett Mesick

Editor: F.K. Arthur, Jr.

FBI

Date: 9/20/67

PLAIN TEXT

REC 57

Transmit the following in

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY - DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63 - MISCELLANEOUS - INFO CONCERNING OO: DALLAS

Handwritten initials

Handwritten initials

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau is one newspaper article appearing in New Orleans newspaper, 9/20/67, concerning assassination of President KENNEDY.

Enclosed for Dallas and Miami is one copy of this article.

CH
ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Encl. 1)
- 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Encl. 1)
- 1 - Miami (Encl. 1)
- 1 - New Orleans

62-109060-5758

REC 57

ECW:jab
(6)

EX 104

12 SEP 22 1967

C. C. Bishop

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

SEP 28 1967

'Plot or Politics': Inside On JFK Death Probe

By JOHN M'MILLAN

The bullets that killed President John F. Kennedy that November day in 1963 stimulated a chain of events to which the last link has not yet been added.

The forging of one of those links is going on in New Orleans now. Whether this part of the chain will withstand the strain of strenuous examination or whether it will prove to be the work of poor metallurgy remains to be seen.

The ore was mined in Louisiana and the craftsmanship involved may be put to trial next month.

TWO NEW ORLEANS States-Item reporters, Rosemary James and Jack Wardlaw, have combined their talents and efforts to present in a book a factual, newspaper-like account of the mining and the miner, Dist. Atty. Jim Garrison.

'Plot or Politics? The Garrison Case & Its Case' is the story of the person and places involved in Louisiana vs. Shaw. Shaw is retired New Orleans businessman Clay L. Shaw, charged by Garrison with conspiring to murder President Kennedy.

Both reporters know the case well. They tell the tale many know and reveal sidelights known only to those closest to the case.

YET AS THEY SAY in the foreword: "We have no theories to peddle. We do not sit in judgment of the Warren Commission Report or attempt to prove it right or wrong, nor do we set out to establish whether Garrison's investigation is valid."

What do they do, you ask? They tell, about events, about people, about places and about theories. Often their account, particularly in characterizations, is sparkling. The writing is slick, smooth, straightforward.

Only occasionally is a passage drab. The main problem of the book is a lack of good writing.

None of this hurts the book's substance. It is just something for reviewers to point out and writers to correct in the next edition.

THE BEST THING about the book is the way it has of getting to the point. Here the talent and training of good reporters shine. The book is all meat. The excess fat included in many books by assassination buffe turned "writers" is held to a minimum.

The 167-page book contains nine chapters, six of them about the main characters in Garrison's investigation — the DA himself, Shaw, David William Ferrie, Dean A. Andrews, Perry Russo and Gordon Novel. There is a thorough appendix listing the persons involved in the DA's probe. Many of the names are known to only the principals and a few insiders.

The "Politics" part of the book weaved carefully through the "Plot" gives the reader, almost as an added attraction, an insight into recent New Orleans and Louisiana political history.

But the main character is the search for a conspiracy. Soon the world will know whether Garrison "has anything." When the trial comes there will be no better program than "Plot or Politics"

The book was produced by the Pelican Publishing House.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 50

SECTION 3

STATES ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 9/20/67
Edition: RED FLASH
Author:
Editor:
Title: ASSASSINATIONS OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEX. 11-22-63
Character: AFO
Classification: 85-
Submitting Office: N.O., LA.
 Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

158

SAC, New Orleans (89-69)

9/20/67

Director, FBI (62-109060)

1 - Mr. B. H. Cooke
1 - Mr. R. E. Lenihan

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT...
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY...
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent
Albert B. Miller dated August 22, 1967, at New Orleans,
Louisiana, entitled "[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Specific
attention is directed to page seven of Special Agent Miller's
report making reference to New Orleans District Attorney
James Garrison. *a*

Bureau desires to disseminate the allegation concerning
Garrison to other interested agencies of the Government.
New Orleans Office should immediately prepare a letterhead
memorandum suitable for dissemination setting forth a succinct
summary of the allegation involving Garrison. The letterhead
memorandum should be captioned "James C. Garrison; Miscellaneous -
Information Concerning," and should be forwarded to the Bureau
as an enclosure to an airtel under captioned matter.

Handle promptly.

REL:as
(5)

REC-49

62-109060-5759

ST-112
REC-26

14-102

19 SEP 25 1967

MAILED 2
SEP 20 1967
COMM-FBI

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Red

TRUE COPY

3 July 1967

Senator Robert F Kennedy
United States Senate
Washington, D. C.

Dear Honorable Kennedy,

While reading the Stars & Stripes I came upon the enclosed articles.

The Lingerig Doubt 26 June, The Single Bullet Theory 27 June, The Autopsy 28 June, The Grassy Knoll 29 June and a Conspiracy 30 June 67. Also, Oswald as agent Not Frivolous Idea, CBS Claims 30 June 67.

I am still researching your brother death because; there are so many questions, unanswered.

I don't know if you saw the National Enquire newspaper, 16 April 67 but--if you didn't please do so, not for my benefit alone but--your deceased brother.

I like to suggest you see [redacted] who is in a lonely cell at Creedmore State Hospital for the Insane in Queens, N. Y. He might be the one who can shed light what happen to your brother. Remember--I wrote once, he fled the U. S to Spain the day after the assassination and when arrested by the Spanish police--Confessed he planned to kill your, "brother."

Another puzzling thing. [redacted] described as a Communist agent for Cuba, told the Philippine National Bureau of Investigation in Manila that he was in Dallas to shoot at President John F. Kennedy in 1963 and had been given a rifle to shoot a man in an open car. I have more detail from an article sent to me by a friend of mine.

1963. I do believe Castro plotted his death on the 9 September

Also--21 people surrounding the assassination have died very puzzling or my sterious deaths. Also--the recent shooting at Novel (if true) is something to think about. The truck he was setting in was shot at, in Nashville, Tenn. Are some of the ploters still around?

One day I hope to check this out, when I have a chance.

67-100-160 5760

1-70
8/20/67
uk

Vol. II No. I--Dies Committee.--Jack Rubestine, listed as one of the fonder in 1938 Revolutionary Youth hearing, 12/2/39 page 7143 Volume II. I often wonder was this Jack Ruby.

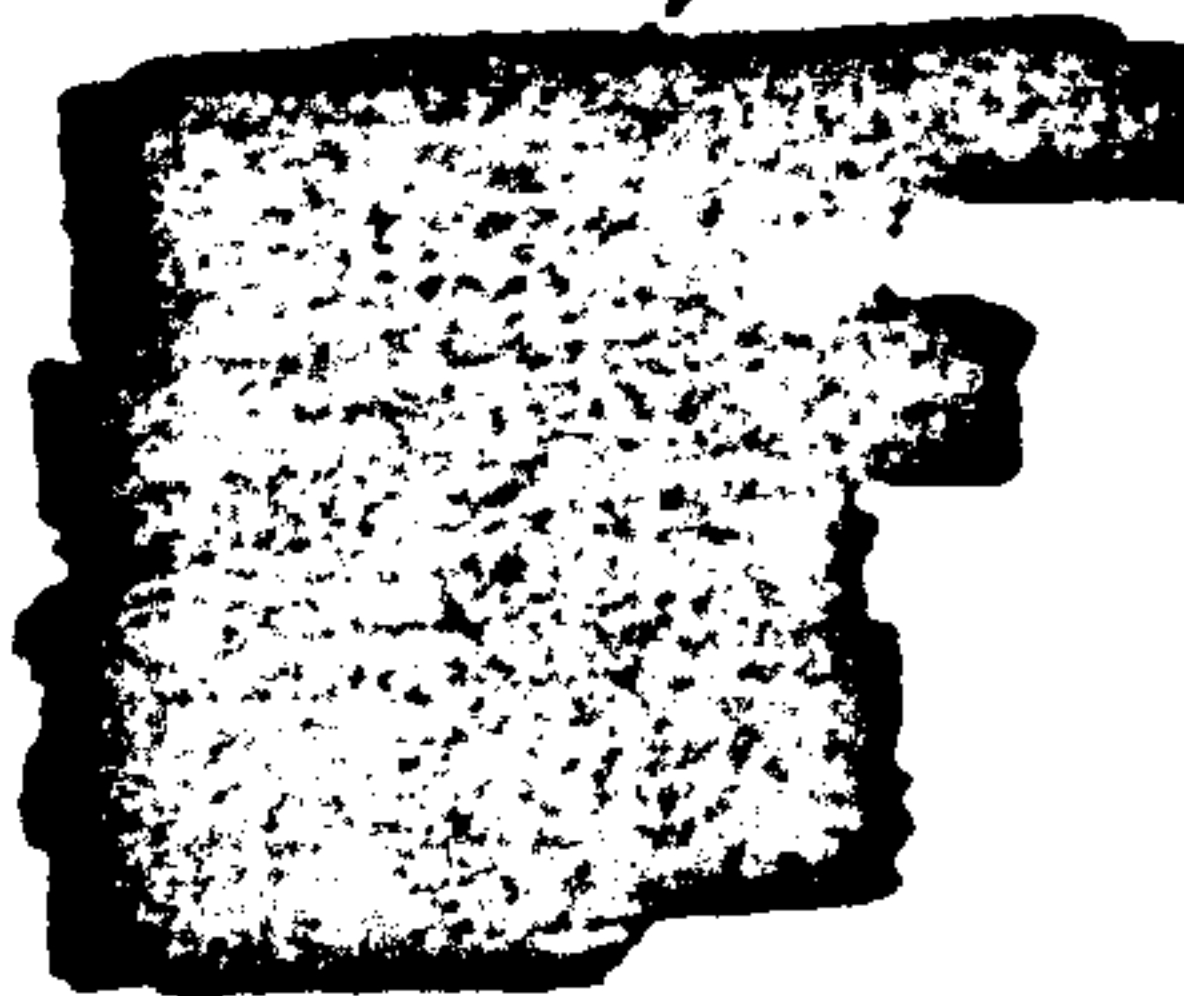
If someone had contacts Hank Killam before his puzzling death, he would have shed plenty of the assassination. I hope some one contacts his widow. Maybe she could shed light, to the assassination.

I am no expert in checking out things, as it's one of my hobby to check into all sort of things. What I have forwarded to you, you are the judge what to do and believe in. If what I've sent you, can be some help to find out, the truth about the assassination, it's done in the interest of your brother. Materials I have in my files, will be donated when I die, to the Freedom Foundation.

With best regard, I remain,

Sincerely,

/s/



P.S. Among Castro Propaganda books now circulated to American negroes is one called--"Negroes With Gun." It appears over the name that Civil Rights group attack southern whites with lye bombs, Chemical, etc.

The editor and publishers of the book were reportedly supporters of the--Fair Play Cuba Committee, the group in which Lee Oswald was active. One of the forewords of this nonpeaceful book was written by--Nobel Peace Prize winner, Martin Luther King.

I seen a copy of this book, but--was unable to talk the negro out of it. I wrote a friend of mine, to try and get me a copy.

Ε Ε

The Negro William who fled from the U. S. to Cuba is
our trouble maker--I do believe.

If--I get hold of a copy of this book, I check it out and
see what it really consits of.

3 July 1964

Senator Robert F. Kennedy
United States Senate
Washington, D.C.

Dear Honorable Kennedy,

While reading the Stars & Stripes
I came upon the enclosed article.


The Lingering Doubt 26 June,
The Single Bullet Theory 27 June,
The Autopsy 28 June, The Assassins
Kinell 29 June and a Conspiracy
30 June & 7. Also, Oswald as Agent
Not Trivial Idea, CBS Claims 30
June 67.


I am still researching your
brother's death. I am sure; there are
so many questions, unanswered.
ed.


I don't know if you saw
the National Enquirer newspaper,

to April 67 but - if you didn't
please do so, not for my benefit
alone but - your deceased brother.

I like to see it again. 


who is in a family cell at Creed-
more State Hospital for the Insane
in Queens, N.Y. He might be the
one who shed light what
happened to your brother. Remember
I wrote once, he fled the U.S. to
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and when arrested by the Spanish
police - confessed he planned to
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Another puzzling thing. 

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National Bureau of Investigation
in Manila that he was in Dallas
to shoot at President John F. Kennedy

in 1963 and had been given a rifle
to shoot a man in an open car.
I have more detail from an article
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I do believe Castro stated his
death on the 9 September 1963.

also - 21 people surrounding
the assassination have died very
puzzling or mysterious deaths.
also - the recent shooting novel (if
there is something to think a-
bout. The truck he was sitting in
was shot at in Nashville, Tenn.
Are some of the platers still
around?

One day I hope to check this
out, when I have a chance.

Vol. II No. 3 - Dies Committee.
- Jack Rubinstein, listed as
one of the funder in 1938
Revolutionary Youth League,

12/2/39 - page 1143 Volume II.
I often remember was that
Jack Ruby.

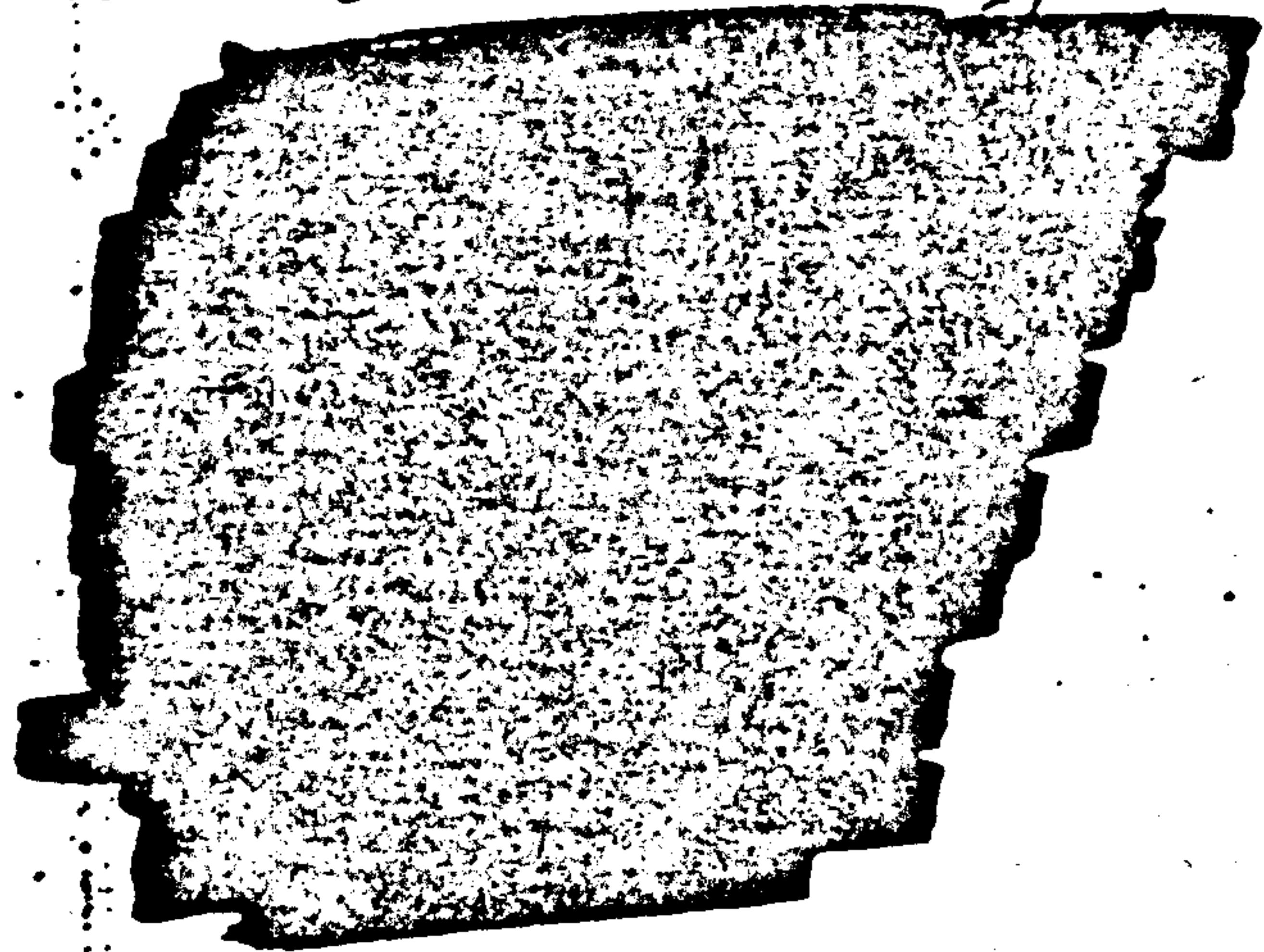
If someone had contact with
Kilham before his puzzling death,
he would have shed plenty
of the assassination. I hope some
one contact his widow. Maybe
she could shed light to the as-
sassination.

I am no expert in checking
out things as it's one of my
hobby to check into all sort
of things. What I have for-
warded to you, you are
the judge what to do and
believe in. If what I've sent
you, can be some help to
find out the truth about
the assassination, it's done
in the interest of your father.

Materials I have in my files,
will be donated when I die;
to the Freeman Foundation.

With best regards, I remain,

Sincerely



P.S. Among Castro Propaganda
books now circulated to American
negroes is one called "Negroes
with Gun". It appears even in the
name that Civil Rights groups
attack southern whites with
eye bombs, chemical, etc.

The editor and publishers of

the book was reportedly prepared
by the - State Play Cuba Committee,
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was active. One of the forewords
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written by - Nobel Peace Prize
winner, Martin Luther King.

I seen a copy of this book
but - was unable to take the
negs out of it. I wrote a friend
of mine, to try and get me a copy.

The Negro William who fled
from the U.S. to Cuba is our
trouble maker. I do believe.

If - I get hold of a copy of
this book, I check it out and
see what it really consists of.

E E
United States Senate

Respectfully referred to

Federal Bureau of Investigation

for such consideration as the communication
herewith submitted may warrant, and for a report
thereon, in duplicate to accompany return of
inclosure.

By direction of

U. S. S.

EXP. PROC.

SEP 19 1967

33 40

1-TC
9/10/67
ll.

with inclosure

ref:
9/10/67
B311:cl

Q

REC 3

62-109060-5760

15 SEP 19 1967

6-10-67

Joseph

CORRECTED

REC 3

September 21, 1967

62-109060-5760

Miss Naomi F. Weinstein
Office of Senator Robert F. Kennedy
United States Senate
Washington, D. C. 20510

Dear Miss Weinstein:

On September 18th I received your communication and the letter together with its enclosures sent to Senator Kennedy by [redacted]

I appreciate your thoughtfulness in making this information available to me. [redacted] has previously furnished me other data on the assassination of President Kennedy.

I am returning your enclosures as you requested. *[John F.]*

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 5
SEP 21 1967
COMM-FBI

Enclosures (7)

NOTE: Bufiles contain no record of [redacted] whose name was obtained from the Congressional telephone directory. Bufiles reflect a chronic correspondence card is maintained for [redacted]. Last outgoing to him dated 5/29/67 in reply to his letter furnishing additional information concerning assassination. His enclosures included newspaper articles dealing with the assassination.

BGH:clc (5)

- Tison
- D. Loo
- M. [redacted]
- H. [redacted]
- Casper
- C. [redacted]
- Conrad
- F. [redacted]
- G. [redacted]
- R. [redacted]
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes

SEP 21 1967 TELETYPE UNIT



UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS MEDICAL CENTER

RAINBOW BOULEVARD AT 17TH STREET
KANSAS CITY, KANSAS 66103 • AREA CODE 913 • ADAMS 6-5252

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE
DEPARTMENT OF PATHOLOGY AND ONCOLOGY

September 18, 1967

Librarian,
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I am writing a book on the Warren Report and at present am trying to track down an original print for the enclosed photograph taken from Esquire Magazine for December, 1966 page 205. Despite the caption indicating it appears in the Warren Report I have been unable to find it there or in the 26 volumes of supporting data.

Any help you can give me in this will be greatly appreciated. Shall look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely

[Redacted signature]

Associate Professor of Pathology

St. [Redacted]
9-21-67
K.H.P. : k.c.

REC-65

62-109060-5761

SEP 25 1967

[Handwritten signature]

8

8

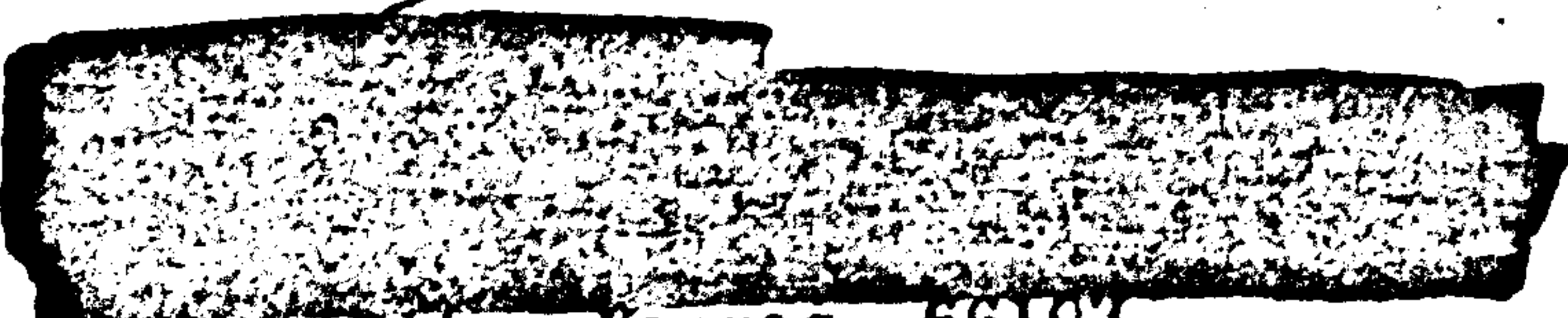
62-109060-5761

September 21, 1967

REC-65

101

- 1 - Mr. Raupach
- 1 - Mr. Shaneyfelt, Rm. 7336



Kansas City, Kansas 66103

Dear [Redacted]

Your letter of September 18, 1967, enclosing the photograph which appeared in the December, 1966, issue of "Esquire" Magazine was received.

This photograph was not taken by any representative of this Bureau, and I am unaware of its origin.

At the request of the Warren Commission, representatives of this Bureau participated in the re-enactment of the assassination of President Kennedy on May 24, 1964, in Dallas, Texas. The results of our findings were furnished to the Warren Commission for their consideration. Subsequently, records and findings of the Warren Commission were made available to the National Archives.

Although you did not request it, I am taking the liberty of returning your photograph to you.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 6
SEP 21 1967
COMM-FBI

Enclosure

KMR: dcs (4) dcs

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

- Mr. Tolson
- Mr. DeLoach
- Mr. Mohr
- Mr. Bishop
- Mr. Casper
- Mr. Callahan
- Mr. Conrad
- Mr. Felt
- Mr. Gale
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Sullivan
- Mr. Tavel
- Mr. Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Miss Holmes
- Miss Gandy

M/IL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

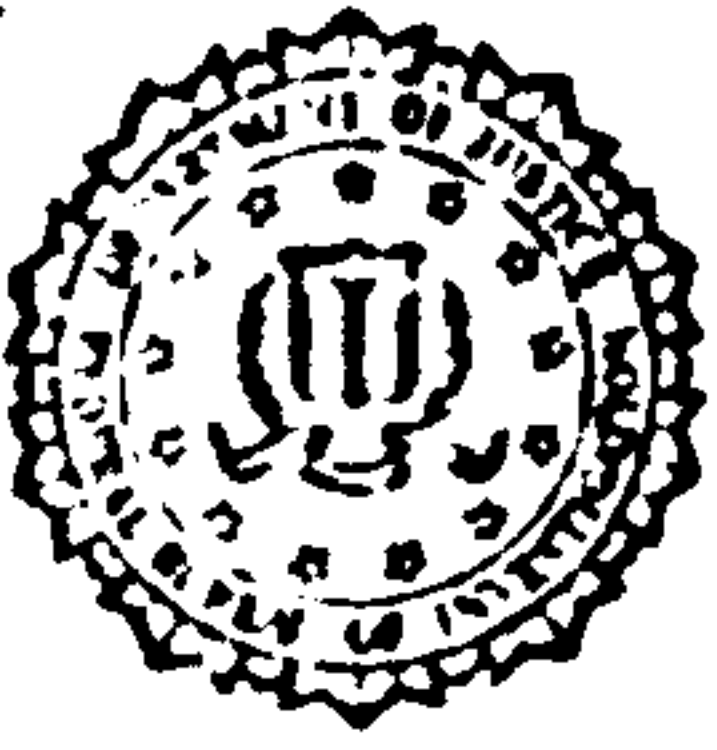
70 SEP 29 1967

Vertical stamp on the right edge of the page.

NOTE:

[REDACTED] of the University of Kansas Medical Center has indicated he is writing a book concerning the Warren Report. He furnished a photograph which appeared in the December, 1966, issue of "Esquire" Magazine, which according to the photograph, appeared in several additions of the Warren Report, and contradicted the Commission's placement of the bullet path which struck the president and Governor Connally. [REDACTED] reviewed the report and could not find this photograph in it and requested our assistance in locating the original print for the photograph.

This picture was not taken by the Bureau, and it is noted that on 5/24/64 at the re-enactment, numerous members of news media were present taking photographs. The December, 1966, issue of "Esquire" was critical of the Commission's findings. This matter has been coordinated with [REDACTED] of the Laboratory.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Dallas, Texas
September 20, 1967

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963

The September 14, 1967, issue of the "Dallas Times Herald" newspaper, Dallas, Texas, carried a front-page article concerning the possible production of a motion picture about the assassination of President Kennedy, which article is set forth as follows:

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 12 1973

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

62 109060-5762

ENCLOSURE

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

MARINA DUE \$20,000-PLUS FILM OFFER

Henry Wade's Help Sought in Making Assassination Movie

A film company which, has Dallas Dist. Atty. Henry Wade as one of its officers will offer Marina Oswald \$20,000 to play a leading role in a motion picture about the assassination of President Kennedy, The Times Herald has learned.

It also has been learned that Wade, a director in Flag-Star, Inc., a corporation formed to make the film, may receive \$20,000 for his part in the documentary and former police chief Jesse Curry may get \$7,500.

Robert Larsen, head of Robert Larsen Productions Ltd., of Colorado Springs, Colo., said the contracts with Wade, Curry, and the former wife of presidential assassin Lee Harvey Oswald provide that they will be paid after the movie is completed.

Dist. Atty. Wade Thursday vehemently denied he had any agreement with Larsen calling

for payment of \$20,000 or any other sum.

"He has no contract, no option, no nothing," Wade said.

THE DISTRICT attorney confirmed, however, that he had discussed the proposed movie with Larsen but "not since two days ago." He added that he and Larsen have been trying to work out a deal.

"He can have a contract today if he walks in here with \$20,000," the district attorney said. "After all, that's as much as I make in a year."

Wade denied that anything other than his own "private files" withheld from news media would be handed to Larsen.

"All the files down here are public records," he said. "There are other things in the files that I may eventually let him look at," Wade said. Asked if newsmen would be allowed to see the same material, the district attorney answered:

"The press can see anything it wants."

WADE SAID he had kept a diary during the days following the assassination and also had about 10,000 letters which he said he considered private.

Wade said the Flag-Star mentioned in news stories as making the movie "is me and Jesse Curry and Bob Benson, a private investigator. It is a shell corporation so that when a contract is signed that will be a company."

He said the corporation, Flag-Star, had an option for the movie for 90 days dating from

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Page # 1-A

"The Dallas Times Herald" Dallas, Texas

Date: 9-14-67

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title:

Felix R. McKnight

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office:

Being Investigated **Dallas**

last March but said this has long since expired.

"The only agreement I have with Larsen is that none of the details will be divulged until we do have a contract."

LARSEN said Thursday morning he was to meet with the former Mrs. Oswald, now Mr. Kenneth J. Porter of Richardson, and her lawyers later Thursday to work out details of the contract. Mrs. Porter is to receive an undetermined percentage of whatever the film, "Countdown in Dallas," makes.

Larsen said Thursday morning, however, that he fears Mrs. Porter may want to hike the price because of the sudden

publicity concerning the film.

He indicated that her price has continued to climb since she was first approached some weeks ago.

None of the three was available Thursday morning for comment.

ACCORDING to Larsen, the corporation which Wade serves as a director is to receive 25 per cent of the profits from the film. Financial backers, who will be needed to raise an estimated \$500,000 to make the film, would receive 50 per cent, and Larsen's production company would receive 25 per cent.

The financial details of the production company were revealed by the Los Angeles

Times following an interview with Wade and Larsen.

Larsen said Thursday that negotiations are continuing on contracts which would bring other principals in the assassination story into roles in the film. Among them are Mrs. J.D. Tippit, widow of a police officer slain by Oswald, and R. S. Truly, a director of the Texas School Book Depository.

WHILE LARSEN indicated that negotiations on personal contracts are progressing, there appear to be problems developing in the film company's plans to use certain locations.

City Manager Scott McDonald has refused the use of City Hall, who has asked officially to use Parkland Hospital, and the director of the depository building wants \$7,000 for his participation and the use of the building.

C. Jack Price, Parkland administrator, said he has not been approached by the film maker with any request to shoot footage in the emergency areas where President Kennedy and Oswald died. But if he is, he said, it will be a matter for the hospital district board to decide.

Wade and Curry reportedly are to make available to the film makers private files concerning the assassination. But Wade said that his file consists of some public documents and letters.

He said some of the documents include "some affidavits

we didn't use," several thousand letters he received from the public and "extensive notes" he made at the time.

It was not known what constitutes Curry's private file. He could not be reached Thursday for comment.

City Manager McDonald, commenting on the movie company securing rights to certain police files and tape recordings of police broadcasts on the day of the assassination, said:

"I know of no such rights. It has not been our policy to release these things, and we don't anticipate any change in policy. I have not had a request for the release of the tapes and other information."

McDonald said it was his "understanding" that the police department had been approached with such an offer, but said the police department refused on the grounds that was against city policy "to release this sort of thing."

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963

The September 15, 1967 issue of the "Dallas Morning News" newspaper, Dallas, Texas, carried an article concerning the possible production of a motion picture entitled "Countdown in Dallas" which movie was to be based on the assassination of President John F. Kennedy. This article is set forth as follows:

Wade Denies Any Movie Offer Made or Accepted

Producer Says Curry, Marina Have Agreed to Play in Assassination Film

By DAVID MORGAN

Dist. Atty. Henry Wade hotly denied reports Thursday that he would receive \$20,000 for his participation in making "Countdown in Dallas," a movie based on the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

Wade blamed the film's producer, Robert Larsen, for the reports.

"There's been no contract, no offers or anything. He's just here trying to raise money."

A story originating from the Los Angeles Times said earlier this week that Wade, Marina Oswald Porter and former Police Chief Jesse Curry would receive substantial sum for personal appearances in the movie, which Larsen has been filming in Dallas.

Larsen told The News Thursday that the Los Angeles Times reporter who was allowed to read the script found documents that indicated what participants might receive if the movie were completed.

"That \$20,000," Larsen said, "is the problem. It was allocated, but that doesn't mean I offered Henry Wade \$20,000."

Larsen explained that the amount was only tentative, "like a hit record."

"If it (the movie) is successful, then we'll consider it. You more or less have to establish figures for targets."

Larsen said he plans to continue with the movie, which already has cost him \$50,000, despite the controversy, and said he's already received verbal agreements by Curry and Mrs. Porter that they are willing to play their parts. Mrs. Porter, he said, will have a major role.

Wade, however, said he'll have no more part of it.

"It's a thing to try to stir up publicity to try to get some people to put up money," Wade charged. "I mean to have nothing whatever to do with it. I'm fed up with it."

Wade said a firm in which he is a partner, Flag-Star, Inc., was formed to "work out some documentary sort of thing," then added:

"But as far as I'm concerned, it's through."

Larsen said the Los Angeles story was

"premature" and that the "onslaught of reporters discouraged and embarrassed" Wade.

"I didn't even get off the ground (in negotiations) with him," Larsen said.

Both Wade and Larsen told The News that Larsen had not perused Wade's personal files on the assassination.

"Actually, everything in this present script is in the Warren Report, anyway," Larsen said.

Both Marina Oswald Porter and Curry have agreed to play themselves, Larsen said, adding that Marina will receive \$20,000 for the part.

"I did state (previously) that we offered her \$20,000," Larsen said. "She wants participation in the picture (and) agreed to do the movie, providing the terms are right. She has an important role in the picture and she certainly can handle it."

Larsen explained that he made a screen test "a couple of years ago" with Marina and that it was satisfactory.

He said he had contacted her husband Thursday, "and they were interested."

Larsen said, however, that no signatures have been taken and no documents drawn.

Larsen said he is slightly discouraged that City Mgr. Scott McDonald has refused to allow him to film policemen or the Municipal Building, where Oswald was killed by Jack Ruby.

"However, he never got to read the script," Larsen argued. "I don't think we would be doing the police department any harm."

Larsen said he needed authentic backdrops for scenes in his filming.

"If I don't get the cooperation of Mr. Wade and the City of Dallas it will be impossible to make the picture. I wanted to be authentic and I don't think it would be the kind of picture you'd go on a Hollywood stage and produce."

Larsen said that his company, Robert Larsen Productions, Ltd., of Colorado Springs, Colo., has a shooting schedule of 32 days and a release date 10 months away.

"All I'm doing is trying to present a fair story of the assassination," he said.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Page # L-D

"The Dallas Morning News" Dallas, Texas

Date: 9-15-67

Edition:

Author:

Editor:

Title:

Jack B. Kruger

Character:

Classification:

Submitting Office:

Being Investigated **Dallas**

FBI

Date: 9/22/67

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

AIRMAIL

(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, TAMPA (62-455) (RUC)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT

JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

11/22/63

(OO:DL)

Handwritten signature

ReTPairtel to Bureau 8/21/67.

GORDON NOVEL departed Cocoa Beach on or about 8/21/67 and has not contacted the Cocoa RA since that time. In view of the fact that it is not expected that he will do so, this case is considered RUC.

- 3 - Bureau
 - 1 - New Orleans (89-69) (Info)
 - 1 - Dallas (89-43) (Info)
 - 1 - Tampa
- EJT:cwp
(6)

Handwritten mark

Handwritten signature

EX 109
REC-52

62-109060-5763

SEP 25 1967

(C. E. Bishop

Handwritten mark

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M _____

Per _____

53 OCT 3 1967

FBI

Date: 9/20/67 ~~REC-142~~

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)
FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69) (P)
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, --
DALLAS, TEXAS,
11/22/63
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING
(OO: Dallas)

GMF-129

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above. Two copies are enclosed to Dallas.

[Handwritten signature]

The source referred to is [redacted] who furnished the information to SA REGIS L. KENNEDY and SA ALBERT B. MILLER during contact 9/19/67.

L.C.

[Large redacted block]

[redacted] has furnished the information that he has nearly a half million dollars loaned out, and from contact with him it would appear he should be in a position to furnish information regarding organized crime and the hoodlum element.

- 3-Bureau (Enc. 6) (RM)
- 2-Dallas (89-43) (Enc. 2)
- 3-New Orleans (2-89-69)

62-109060-5764

ABM-kbz
(8)

[(1-137-3087) (PCI JUSTI)]

SEP 25 1967

*No dissemination
no apparent tie... to
organization or person*

5- [Handwritten]

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

cc LHM retained 8/8 9.0. 121

NO 89-69

[REDACTED] has furnished pertinent information regarding organized crime in New Orleans. He has specifically insisted that his identity be kept confidential for fear of his life. He has been assured that his identity will be kept confidential.

[REDACTED] and [REDACTED] recalled the information in the enclosed LHM. He last saw [REDACTED], New Orleans, about five or six years ago, as indicated in the LHM.

New Orleans indices negative re [REDACTED] (Phonetic), and [REDACTED]

New Orleans is conducting no inquiry in this matter.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New Orleans, Louisiana

September 20, 1967

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963

On September 19, 1967, a confidential source who has furnished insufficient information to characterize regarding reliability, advised source knew of a Clay/Bertrand about 1940.

Source explained about 1940, a pupil named [redacted] was in attendance at McDonogh School Number 31, New Orleans, Louisiana. [redacted] was in the fifth or sixth grade and was about ten to twelve years old. [redacted] was small and frail and was picked on by some of the other boys. [redacted] would threaten them by saying he would get his older brothers, [redacted] and Clay, after them. [redacted] was about [redacted] years old at the time and had reportedly spent time in a reform school somewhere outside New Orleans. Clay Bertrand was known to source only by name.

It was source's recollection that [redacted] attended Warren Easton High School, 2800 block of Canal Street, New Orleans, after leaving McDonogh School Number 31.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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21 JAN 12 1973

16 5934
ENCLOSURE

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Source commented that [redacted] whereabouts, as well as the whereabouts of his brothers, is unknown to source. About five or six years ago [redacted] was in the used car business at [redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana.

In a further effort to identify the above Clay Bertrand, source recalled that at the time [redacted] attended McDonogh School Number 31, another pupil at the school was [redacted] (phonetic). Her mother was a [redacted] who resided at [redacted] New Orleans, Louisiana. [redacted] was the sister of [redacted] and Clay Bertrand. A next-door neighbor of [redacted] was [redacted]. At the time, it was source's recollection, the Bertrands lived on Banks Street, or Bienville Street, about the 3000 to 3200 block.

Source advised he did not know whether the above information had anything to do with the probe of District Attorney Jim Garrison of New Orleans, and was merely furnishing the information to the FBI, inasmuch as source knows the name Clay Bertrand has come up in the probe.

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 9/21/67

The attached reports a news story concerning the most recent public statements of New Orleans District Attorney Jim Garrison regarding his theory of the Kennedy assassination.

Garrison has now broadened his theory to include among others he has accused of conspiring to kill Kennedy, members of the Dallas, Texas, Police Department, aided and abetted by a "handful of oil-rich psychotic millionaires. He now says there are considerably more than seven men involved, and he states they were radio equipped.

Garrison also now claims that the assassination plot was connected at the operating level with Minutemen who were nazi oriented. He said that some members of the White Russian Community in Dallas also played a part, but that essentially, this was a nazi operation.

Garrison also states that Lee Harvey Oswald was at the time a CIA operative, and he described the CIA as a "fascist appendage of our country."

Statements such as these by Garrison emphasize his deteriorating mental condition.

Since the attached is from news media material, it will not be disseminated.

TJS

62-109060-5765

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 21 1967

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

Rm

W. J. ...
R. ...
...
Ch

FBI WASH DC

FBI NEW ORLS

652PM URGENT 9-21-67 CDC

TO DIRECTOR 62-109060 AND DALLAS 89-43

FROM NEW ORLEANS 89-69

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,

DALLAS, TEXAS, NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, MISCELLANEOUS -
INFO CONCERNING, ^{OFFICE OF ORIGIN} 00: DALLAS.

NEW ORLEANS STATES-ITEM, FINAL EDITION, SEPT. TWENTYONE
INSTANT, REPORTED THAT GARRISON, TODAY, CHARGED THAT
"ELEMENTS OF THE DALLAS POLICE FORCE WERE DEEPLY INVOLVED"
IN THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY WHICH, HE SAID,
WAS ORDERED AND PAID FOR BY A "HANDFUL OF OIL-RICH,
PSYCHOTIC MILLIONAIRES". ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, GARRISON
SAID THE NUMBER OF DALLAS POLICE WAS A SMALL GROUP AND REFUSED
TO SAY HOW MANY "TEXAS-STYLE MILLIONAIRES" WERE INVOLVED
AND IDENTIFIED THEM ALL AS EXTREME CONSERVATIVES. GARRISON SEP 27 1967

REC 5 62-109060-5765

ALSO SAID "SOME MEMBERS OF THE WHITE RUSSIAN COMMUNITY IN
DALLAS PLAYED A PART IN THE PLOT. THE ARTICLE REPORTED THAT
GARRISON MADE HIS LATEST CHARGES DURING AND AFTER A RADIO

...

END PAGE ONE

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

137

PAGE TWO

INTERVIEW TAPED TODAY FOR A NEW YORK CITY PROGRAM TO BE HEARD TUESDAY EVENING.

THE ARTICLE REPORTED THAT GARRISON REITERATED THAT HE WAS READY TO BRING NEW ORLEANS BUSINESSMAN CLAY L. SHAW TO TRIAL IMMEDIATELY ON A CHARGE OF CONSPIRING IN KENNEDY'S ASSASSINATION.

THE ARTICLE QUOTED GARRISON AS SAYING, "JOHN F. KENNEDY WAS ASSASSINATED BY ARMED ULTRAMILITANT PARAMILITARY ELEMENTS WHO WERE PATRIOTIC IN A PSYCHOTIC SENSE". GARRISON SAID THE GROUP DECIDED TO KILL THE PRESIDENT BECAUSE THEY FELT HE WAS "SELLING OUT THE COMMUNIST". GARRISON ALSO SAID THERE WERE "CONSIDERABLY MORE THAN SEVEN MEN" INVOLVED IN THE ACTUAL ASSASSINATION AND SAID THESE MEN WERE RADIO EQUIPPED AND TOOK VIRTUALLY NO RISK OF BEING CAUGHT.

GARRISON WAS ALSO QUOTED AS SAYING, "THE CONNECTING LINK AT EVERY LEVEL OF OPERATION FROM THE OIL RICH SPONSORS OF THE ASSASSINATION DOWN TO THE DALLAS POLICE DEPARTMENT, DOWN THROUGH JACK RUBY AND INCLUDING ANTI-CASTRO ADVENTURESS AT THE OPERATING LEVEL WERE MINUTEMEN, NAZI ORIENTED. IT
END PAGE TWO