

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Pretrial Hearing For Shaw Monday

A hearing has been set Monday to open the pretrial courtroom skirmishing between Dist. Atty. Jim Garrison and presidential assassination conspiracy defendant Clay L. Shaw.

Judge Edward A. Haggerty Jr. called the hearing after the state, replying to earlier defense motions, charged that Shaw met in Baton Rouge with Jack Ruby and Lee Harvey Oswald to plot the murder of President John F. Kennedy.

Ruby, now dead of cancer, gunned down Oswald in the Dallas police station two days after Kennedy's slaying. The Warren Commission placed the sole blame for the President's killing on Oswald.

GARRISON HAS charged that Kennedy died as the victim of a conspiracy hatched in New Orleans. Shaw, who was indicted March 22, for complicity in Kennedy's murder, is free on \$10,000 bond.

Answering defense motions yesterday, Garrison's office said Shaw gave both Ruby and Oswald money during a Baton Rouge meeting shortly before Kennedy was killed.

The DA denied the state was compelled, as the defense requested, "to answer in a bill of particulars all of the acts committed by any or all the conspirators in furtherance of the conspiracy."

HIS REPLY, however, named

Ruby as a co-conspirator and cited a number of instances which the DA contends were part of the conspiracy. Among them:

"Clay L. Shaw traveling to Baton Rouge in the Fall of 1963 and there meeting Lee Harvey Oswald and Jack Ruby at the Capitol House Hotel and delivering to Lee Harvey Oswald and Jack Ruby a sum of money."

Kennedy was slain at Dallas Nov. 22, 1963, as his motorcade drove down Elm st. toward the famous triple overpass. The Warren Commission concluded that Oswald shot Kennedy from a school book depository at the rear of the procession. Garrison has said there were a number of men firing from positions above a grassy knoll in Dealy Plaza.

Meanwhile, another figure in the Garrison investigation, Dean A. Andrews, is seeking a speedy trial on charges of perjury.

Andrew was indicted on accusations that he lied before the Orleans Parish Grand Jury about the relationship between Shaw and the mysterious Clay Bertrand.

THE JEFFERSON Parish attorney said a man he knew as Bertrand telephoned him after Kennedy's death and asked him to represent Oswald. Garrison claims Bertrand and Shaw are the same man.

Andrews, however, told the grand jury he could not say with certainty that Shaw and Bertrand are the same.

Judge Frank Shea said he will rule on the motion for a speedy trial Monday.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

PAGE 6

STATES-ITEM

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Date: 6-6-67

Edition: RED COLET

Author:

Editor:

Title: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEX.

Character: 11-22-63

or AFO

Classification: 89-

Submitting Office: N.O., LA.

Being Investigated

FBI

Date: 6/9/67

REC-59

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Wick	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)
FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63
MISCELLANEOUS - INFO CONCERNING
OO: DALLAS

Brady
G. D. [unclear]

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies and for Dallas are two copies of a letterhead memorandum in captioned matter containing information relative to telephone calls made by an individual identifying himself as JACK MARTIN to the residence of SA REGIS L. KENNEDY and the New Orleans Office of the FBI on the night of 6/8/67.

AGENCY MAIL - [unclear]
 DATE FORW. 6/13/67
 HOW FORW. [unclear]
 BY [unclear]

XEROX
 JUN 21 1967

[Handwritten signature]

3 - Bureau (Encl. 6) ENCLOSURE
 2 - Dallas (89-43) (Encl. 2)
 2 - New Orleans
 ECW:pd
 (7)

EX-103
 62-109060-5368

3 JUN 12 1967

PERS. REC. UNIT

510

57 JUN 20 1967

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

cc LHM returned 8/18 [unclear] rel



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New Orleans, Louisiana

June 9, 1967

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS; NOVEMBER 23, 1963

Regis L. Kennedy, Jr., son of Special Agent Regis L. Kennedy, New Orleans Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, telephonically advised the New Orleans Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on June 8, 1967, that shortly after 9:00 p. m., that date, a male individual telephonically called the residence of Special Agent Kennedy.

Catherine Kennedy, 18 year old daughter of Special Agent Kennedy, answered the telephone and this individual identified himself as Jack Martin. Martin asked to speak to Special Agent Kennedy and was informed that Special Agent Kennedy was out of town. Martin then asked for Mrs. Kennedy and was informed that Mrs. Kennedy was also out of town. Martin then asked Catherine Kennedy if she was the daughter of Special Agent Kennedy and requested that she convey a message to Special Agent Kennedy to the effect that when Special Agent Kennedy interviewed Jack Martin in 1964, Martin had recorded the conversation and he can prove that Special Agent Kennedy "lied." Catherine Kennedy, at this point, terminated the conversation by hanging up the telephone.

During the conversation with Catherine Kennedy, Martin stated that he was recording his conversation with her. Martin did not attempt to again contact the Kennedy residence on that date. Catherine Kennedy advised that Martin did not threaten her in any manner or use obscene language.

ENCLOSURE

**ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS; NOVEMBER 23, 1963**

Shortly after 9:00 p. m. on June 8, 1967, an individual identifying himself as Jack Martin telephonically contacted the clerk on duty in the New Orleans Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation stating that he knew Special Agent Kennedy was out of town. Martin said he wanted the New Orleans Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to know that Special Agent Kennedy had interviewed him in 1964 and that Special Agent Kennedy had "lied" and that he can prove that Kennedy lied. Martin also commented that he was recording his telephone call to the New Orleans Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and, at this point, the call was terminated.

Jack S. Martin, self-described as a private investigator, was interviewed by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in connection with the investigation into the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, on November 25, 1963, and November 27, 1963, during which interviews Martin admitted furnishing information to a representative of the Orleans Parish District Attorney's Office of the possible association between David W. Ferrie and Lee Harvey Oswald, because he personally believed that Ferrie could be implicated in the killing of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy.

On January 17, 1957, Mr. J. O'Mara, secretary, Psychiatric Department, Charity Hospital, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised that Jack Martin had been admitted to the psychiatric ward at Charity Hospital on December 23, 1956, and was still a patient in that department.

Dr. Edward Long, resident psychiatrist, Charity Hospital, advised on January 17, 1957, that Jack Martin was his patient, but that he had not made a diagnosis of Martin's condition. However, Martin definitely did suffer from some sort of character disorder.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI

Date: 6/9/67

~~REC 51~~

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, MEMPHIS (44-1166) -C-

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS

Wick

G. E. Wick

Re ME letter to Bureau, 6/2/67 and Bureau airtel to ME, 6/6/67.

Pursuant to instructions in referenced airtel, there is being forwarded herewith to the Bureau, eight copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting the information previously set out in Memphis letter to Bureau of 6/2/67.

Two copies of this letterhead memorandum are being furnished to Dallas and New Orleans for information in their respective files in this matter.

AGENCY Airtel - Liaison of J. Edgar Hoover
 DATE FORW. 6/13/67
 HOW FURN. C. Wick
 BY Wick

REC 51 62-109060 5369

JUN 13 1967

EX-100

ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
- 2 - Dallas (Enc. 2) (RM)
- 2 - New Orleans (Enc. 2) (RM)
- 1 - Memphis

JHK/vtp
(8)

C. E. Wick

S. J. [unclear]

Approved: *[Signature]*
 51 JUN 20 1967 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Memphis, Tennessee
June 9, 1967

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS

On May 22, 1967, United States Attorney Gilbert S. Merritt, Nashville, Tennessee, furnished the following information to a representative of the FBI. Mr. Merritt advised that he had previously furnished this information to the Department of Justice and that insofar as he was concerned, no action was being recommended nor did he think any action was indicated as far as the Federal Government was concerned. The information furnished by Mr. Merritt is as follows:

A Mr. CHARLES WALKER, owner of Radio Station WKDA, Nashville, Tennessee, accompanied by DICK BUCKLEY, Program Director, WKDA, and WKDA's attorney, WILLIAM F. CARPENTER, JR., appeared at Mr. MERRITT's office on May 22, 1967 and furnished, in the presence of Davidson County District Attorney General's Investigator CHARLES HUNTER, the following information:

GARY EDWARDS, which is the pseudonym for GERALD MUNDY, News Director of WKDA, is an old friend of GORDON NOVEL. GARY EDWARDS had been employed in the past by Station WNOE in New Orleans, Louisiana, when he came to know NOVEL, also of New Orleans. During the New York World's Fair, EDWARDS took leave of absence to work on the Louisiana exhibit, and at that time renewed his acquaintance with NOVEL. Several months ago NOVEL called GARY EDWARDS and discussed with him NOVEL's relationship to the GARRISON investigation of the assassination of President JOHN KENNEDY and how GARRISON had planned to arrest and extradite NOVEL from Ohio to New Orleans.

NOVEL told EDWARDS thereafter in a conversation with WALKER and BUCKLEY that he had worked sometime prior to January or February, 1967 for District Attorney GARRISON on the KENNEDY assassination as an electronics

ENCLOSURE

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS**

expert. NOVEL had told them that in the past he (NOVEL) had been getting money from the Governor of Louisiana and the CIA for information obtained regarding GARRISON and the assassination.

As a result of NOVEL and EDWARDS' relationship, on Tuesday, May 16, 1967, NOVEL came from Columbus, Ohio, to Nashville, Tennessee, and played for EDWARDS a number of tapes that he had secretly made of conversations which allegedly took place in meetings between GARRISON and his associates in the KENNEDY assassination investigation. Also there were tapes which he had obtained from illegal wire taps from phones in the New Orleans area. GARY EDWARDS had this information in his files and he had overheard and had listened to NOVEL's tapes.

NOVEL and EDWARDS spent Tuesday through Saturday, May 20, 1967 going over these tapes at WKDA located in downtown Nashville. EDWARDS called some of the people on these tapes and asked some very pointed questions, which would indicate that he knew of the conversations that NOVEL had taped. EDWARDS also allegedly taped his conversations that he had with these people.

According to WALKER, an underworld character offered to buy all of NOVEL's tapes but that this character would have to call "the man" (meaning GARRISON) to see what they were worth and allegedly there was some conversation regarding a meeting on a boat.

On Saturday night, May 20, 1967, NOVEL and EDWARDS were at Radio Station WKDA and returned to EDWARDS' apartment from the radio station in a panel truck. As they went into the driveway, a bullet went through the front of the cab; both hit the deck and the first shot was followed by a series of shots, some of which went through the cab of the truck. (This information came to WALKER from GARY EDWARDS, who telephoned him at 5:10 a.m., Sunday, May 21, 1967, from Bowling Green, Kentucky, and told him what happened.)

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS**

Allegedly the shooting occurred shortly after 1:00 a.m. on Sunday, May 21, 1967. NOVEL was allegedly shot in the arm but not hurt badly, and EDWARDS was not hurt but did receive some wounds from flying glass.

BUCKLEY went to the scene and did find that some bushes in the area had been tramped down as if someone had been lying there. The panel truck was there and there were indications that it had been shot up. EDWARDS and NOVEL somehow got to Bowling Green, Kentucky, in an automobile, although EDWARDS did not own a car. From somewhere in Kentucky EDWARDS and NOVEL split up; NOVEL returned to Columbus, Ohio; and EDWARDS was allegedly to proceed to Washington, D. C., where he was to appear at a meeting previously scheduled for news editors at a Department of State briefing.

U. S. Attorney MERRITT made available a Xerox copy of a memo found in the files of GARY EDWARDS which relates to alleged tape recordings mentioned above, which is attached hereto.

Mr. MERRITT stated that he did not know the significance of this information but that he had made it available to the Department of Justice and no action was recommended other than to place it in our files.

Tape recordings of possession of G. Novol displayed for audio
 witnessing by Gary Edwards, News Director, Radio Station WJDA
 from Tuesday May 16 Friday May 19, 1957. Nashville, Tennessee

These recordings obtained in the national interests by Mr. Novol
 and OTHERS through the use of MARK-CHEK III electronic surveillance
 attache systems manufactured by International Dynamics Corp. New
 Orleans, La.

GROUP - A

Persons speaking listed in the original transcription in untempered
 conversations and verified by electronic VOICE SIGNATURES on voice
 frequency range oscilloscope. All graph patterns match perfectly.
 It would be scientifically impossible to create these recordings!

	<u>PERSONS SPEAKING</u>	<u>LOG TIME</u>	<u>SYSTEM USED</u>	<u>INDEX & DESCR.</u>
Log 1.)	G. Novol & Robertson	(15 min)	(M)	(31-3)
"	" & W. Gurvich	(7 min)	(T)	(6-3)
"	" & J. Clement	(4 min)	(T)	(3-2)
"	" & Mr. C.M.	(31 min)	(KT)	(2-1)
"	" & W. Robertson	(1 hr. 18 min)	(KTM)	(16-3)
"	" & "	(12 min)	(M)	(22-3)
"	" & Hon. E. Haggerty	(15 min)	(KT)	(24-3)
"	" & Leonard Gurvich & others	(2 min)	(KTM+P)	(1-3)
"	" & Louis Iveon	(1 min)	(M)	(7-3)
"	" & Louis Gurvich	(30 sec)	(KTM+P)	(10-2)
"	" & S. Anselmo & unidentified male	(4 min)	(M)	(5-3)
"	" & J. Garrison	(3 hrs. 20 min)	(KTM)	(2-3)
"	" & J. Garrison, Louis Ivon	(24 min)	(M)	(15-3)
"	" & J. Garrison, W. Gurvich R.E. Leonard Gurvich unidentified female	(1 hr. 14 min)	(KTM+P)	(8 - 3)
"	" & Col Aubrey Young	(30 min)	(M)	(1-3a)
"	" & Gus Wilde	(11 min)	(M)	(2-3a)
"	" & T. Cangelose & Gov. J.J. M.	(16 min)	(M)	(15-3a)
"	" & Col. Aubrey Young & Gov. J.J. M.	(35 min)	(M)	(4-3a)
"	" & J. Bonnet	(19 min)	(M)	(3-3a)
"	" & Col T. Burbank	(25 min)	(KTM)	(13-3a)

... date & cannot
Tape recordings of session of G. Novel used for audio
witnessing by Gary Edwards, News Director, Radio Station WZLW
from Tuesday May 16 to Friday May 19, 1967. Nashville, Tennessee

These recordings obtained in the national interests by Mr. Novel
and OTHERS through the use of MARK-CHEK III electronic surveillance
attache systems manufactured by International Dynamics Corp. New
Orleans, La.

GROUP - A

Persons speaking listed in the original transcription in untampered
conversations and verified by electronic VOICE SIGNATURES on voice
frequency range oscilloscope. All graph patterns match perfectly.
It would be scientifically impossible to create these recordings.

PERSONS SPEAKING

LOG TIME

SYSTEM USED

Log 1.) G. Novel & Robertson (15 min) (M)
" & W. Gurvich (7 min) (T)
" & J. Clement (4 min) (T)
" & Mr. C.M. (31 min) (KT)
" & W. Robertson (1 hr. 18 min) (KTM)
" & " (12 min) (M)
" & Hon. E. Haggerty (15 min) (KT)
" & Leonard Gurvich (2 min) (KTM+P)
& others
" & Louis Iveon (1 min) (M)
" & Louis Gurvich (30 sec) (KTM+P)

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS**

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

REC-8

- 1 - Mr. C. D. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Wick
- 1 - Mr. Rosen

The Attorney General

June 9, 1967

Director, FBI

- 1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. W. A. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. R. E. Lenihan
- 1 - Mr. T. N. Goble

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
 NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
 DALLAS, TEXAS

Rosen
J. Edgar Hoover

The June 6, 1967, issue of "The Washington Post and Times Herald" newspaper contained an article on page A3 concerning the investigation being conducted by New Orleans District Attorney James C. Garrison in New Orleans. This article set forth that Garrison alleged that Clay L. Shaw made a trip to the Capitol House Hotel in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, in the Fall of 1963, and met with Jack Ruby and Lee Harvey Oswald and supplied them with funds. For your convenience, a copy of this article is enclosed.

No information was ever developed by this Bureau that Shaw, Oswald and/or Ruby ever met in Baton Rouge or at any other place.

J

MAILED 3
 JUN 9 - 1967
 COMM-FBI

However, two allegations were investigated in connection with the assassination of President Kennedy which centered on the Capitol House Hotel in Baton Rouge.

EX-108 REC-8 62-109060-5370

The first allegation involved Mr. Cary Hodges and his uncle, Mr. Harry Dutt. Copies of the results of the interviews with these men were previously furnished to the Department on October 18, 1965. For your convenience, there is enclosed one copy each of the two memoranda, both dated October 11, 1965, which contain these results.

JUN 14 1967

ENCLOSURE

The second allegation concerned information received from Mr. George Colton regarding an individual Colton believed had information about the assassination. Results of the investigation into this allegation were reported in the two reports entitled "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy; November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas," prepared by Robert P. Gemberling, the first dated June 19, 1964, (on pages 66 through 80) and the second dated

62-109060

TNG:as

79 JUN 15 1967

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

The Attorney General

August 7, 1964, (on pages 24 through 27). Both of these reports have previously been furnished to the Department. For your convenience, there is enclosed herewith one copy of each of the two pertinent sections.

In the absence of greater detail as to Garrison's charge concerning the alleged meeting in Baton Rouge, it is impossible to tell whether the charge is in any way related to the allegations mentioned above. These allegations are being brought to your attention for your information, since they concern the same locale mentioned in Garrison's charge.

Enclosures - 5

- 1 - Mr. Carl Eardley (Enclosures - 5)
Acting Assistant Attorney General**
- 1 - Mr. Fred M. Vinson, Jr. (Enclosures - 5)
Assistant Attorney General**
- 1 - Mr. J. Walter Yeagley (Enclosures - 5)
Assistant Attorney General**

NOTE:

Garrison's charge of a meeting between Shaw, Ruby and Oswald has not been previously made. We searched our files for allegations concerning the Capitol House Hotel and located the two mentioned in this letter. Without more detail as to the basis and/or source of Garrison's charge, it cannot be determined whether it has any connection with the allegations set forth above. Both allegations, when fully investigated, contained no factual basis and nothing pertaining to the assassination itself. One of the allegations concerned statements by a man identified as Boyce Lindy Johnson, a seaman, who allegedly made statements that he possessed information re the assassination. Johnson interviewed, admitted being an extremely heavy drinker and stated he possessed no information re assassination, and did not know either Oswald or Ruby. The second allegation concerned one Harry Dutt, who had long record of mental illness. Dutt claimed meeting a man named Jack Ruby in Mexico approximately 1960 and states he saw Oswald in New Orleans on the street approximately 1960 but did not talk to him. Oswald was in Russia at that time. Dutt has been in and out of several mental institutions since 1945.

Louch
 Mohr
 Wick
 Casper _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 Felt _____
 Gale _____
 Rosen
 Sullivan
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

Ruby Linked To JFK Plot By Garrison

NEW ORLEANS, June 5
 (AP)—Orleans Parish District
 Attorney Jim Garrison said
 today that Dallas nightclub
 owner Jack Ruby was part of
 a New Orleans based con-
 spiracy in 1963 to assassinate
 President John F. Kennedy.

Garrison's first mention of
 Ruby came in a 93-point doc-
 ument filed in answer to mo-
 tions by attorneys for Clay L.
 Shaw. Ruby, who killed Lee
 Harvey Oswald two days after
 the assassination died of can-
 cer Jan. 3, 1967.

Shaw, 54-year-old New Or-
 leans businessman, is under
 indictment charging him with
 conspiracy to murder Kenne-
 dy. The Warren Commission
 labeled Oswald as the lone
 slayer of the President.

In answer to a defense mo-
 tion for a bill of particulars,
 Garrison alleged that Shaw
 made a trip to the Capitol
House Hotel in Baton Rouge
 in the fall of 1963, and met
 with Ruby and Oswald and
 supplied them with funds.

Garrison's allegations were
 filed before Judge Edward A.
 Haggerty Jr. in Criminal Dis-
 trict Court in reply to motions
 to quash the indictment
 against Shaw and a motion to
 suppress an assortment of
 evidence removed from
 Shaw's French Quarter home.

- The Washington Post _____
- Times Herald A2 _____
- The Washington Daily News _____
- The Evening Star (Washington) _____
- The Sunday Star (Washington) _____
- Daily News (New York) _____
- Sunday News (New York) _____
- New York Post _____
- The New York Times _____
- World Journal Tribune _____
- (New York) _____
- The Sun (Baltimore) _____
- The Worker _____
- The New Leader _____
- The Wall Street Journal _____
- The National Observer _____
- People's World _____

Date JUN 6 1967

ENCLOSURE

1-11-67
 1-11-67
 1-11-67

331

5/6-2

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO :

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)
(ATT: CRIME RECORDS DIVISION)

DATE: 6/9/67

FROM :

SAC, NEW YORK (89-75)

SUBJECT:

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY
MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re NY letter to the Bureau 6/8/67.

There is enclosed for the Bureau the following newspaper clippings for the film "Rush to Judgment."

1. "New York Times," June 3, 1967
2. "New York Post," June 2, 1967
3. "New York Post," June 3, 1967

Handwritten notes:
JM
S1
R
R

Handwritten: ENCLOSURE
Stamp: ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

20

3-Bureau (Enc. 3)
(1-Crime Records Division)
1-New York

JJA:ms
(4)

REC-19 NEW YORK POLICE

62-109060-537

EX-104

14 JUN 14 1967

CRIME RECORDS DIVISION

54 JUN 19 1967

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan





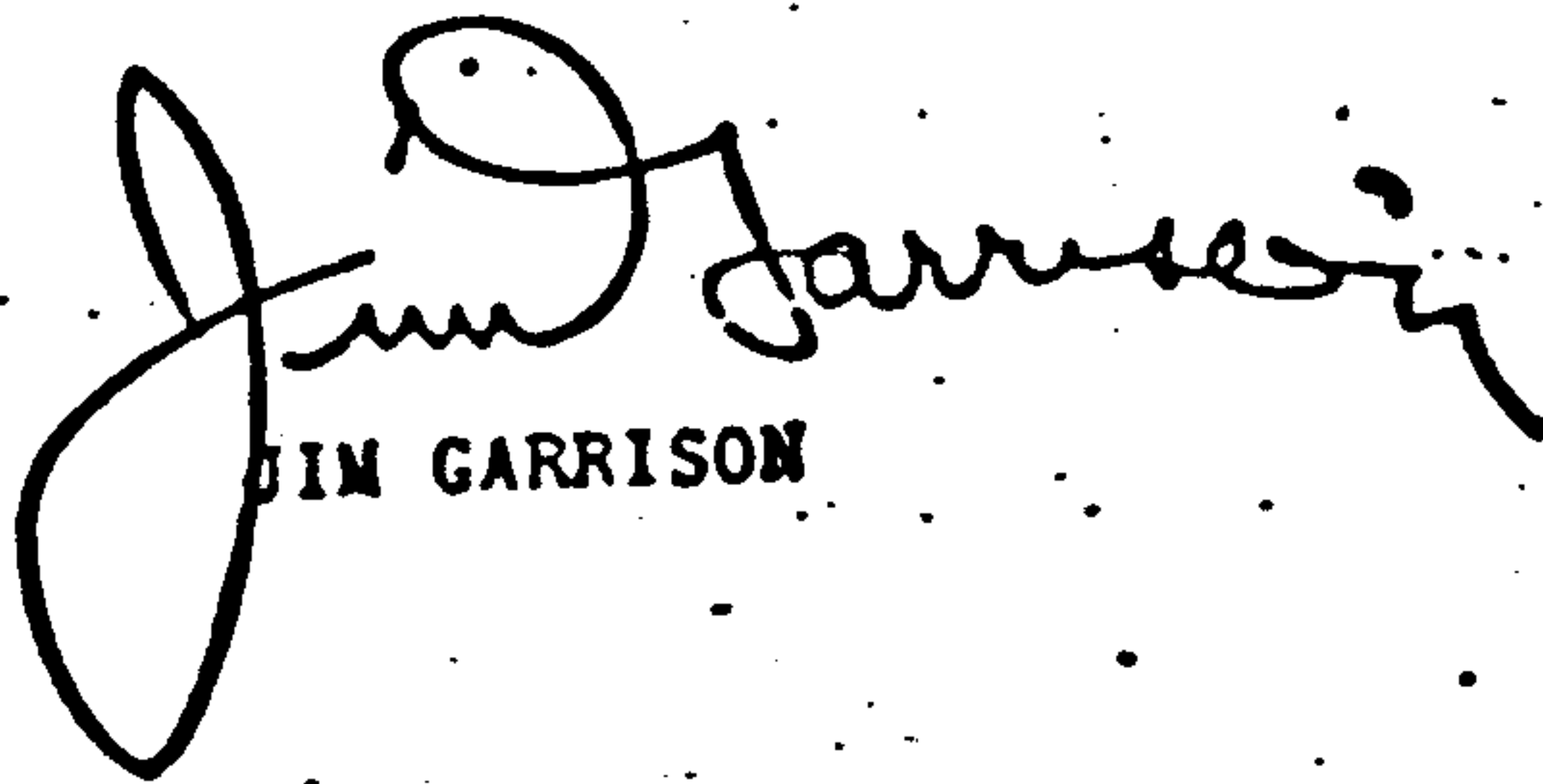
DISTRICT ATTORNEY

PARISH OF ORLEANS
STATE OF LOUISIANA
2700 TULANE AVENUE
NEW ORLEANS 70119

JIM GARRISON
DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Rush to Judgment, has been extremely valuable to me. It played a large part in convincing me to begin the investigation of the conspiracy which led to the assassination of President Kennedy.

All America is indebted to Mark Lane. He held the door open until the rest of us decided to examine the Warren Commission Report critically.


JIM GARRISON

**THE FILM RUSH TO JUDGMENT
NOW AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC.**

A film by Emile de Antonio and Mark Lane

CARNEGIE HALL CINEMA

7th Ave. & 56th St.

PL 7-2131

SHOW TIMES: 1:00, 2:50, 4:40, 6:30, 8:20, 10:00

The Screen: Mark Lane vs. the Warren Report

'Rush to Judgment' at Carnegie Hall Cinema

RUSH TO JUDGMENT, a film report based on the book by Mark Lane, directed by Emilio de Antonio, produced by Mr. de Antonio and Mr. Lane and distributed by Impact Films, with Mr. Lane as interviewer. At the Carnegie Hall Cinema, Seventh Avenue and 56th Street, running times: 116 minutes.

BY ROSLEY CROWTHER

SINCE there is nothing in the film "Rush to Judgment" that hasn't already been revealed in the book of the same title, researched and written by Mark Lane, one might wonder what is the justification and what is the purpose served by this almost two-hour-long compilation of photographed interviews with close to a score of persons in connection with the assassination of President Kennedy. The answer—or, at least, the speculation—is that this direct presentation of the testimony of eyewitnesses that might have been offered by Mr. Lane in defense of Lee Harvey Oswald, had he been permitted to do so, serves further to convince the viewer that there was evi-

dence the Warren Commission failed to assemble or neglect to evaluate in preparing its report. This dramatic materialization of witnesses before the eye and ear has much more immediacy and impact than the printed word in covering the thesis of Mr. Lane.

Not that the testimony, given by these witnesses to the questioning Mr. Lane, is likely to persuade the thoughtful viewer that Oswald did not assassinate the President or that someone else was involved. The testimony, however vivid and forcefully presented, is, at best, rather sketchy and speculative.

Several witnesses who say they were standing on the railway overpass to watch the presidential motorcade testify that they distinctly heard shots and saw puffs of smoke appear from the area of a picket fence atop a grassy knoll opposite the building from which Oswald presumably fired. Several others who were in the area say they heard shots and saw evidence that would indicate the lethal bullets came from a direction other than that

in which Oswald presumably was.

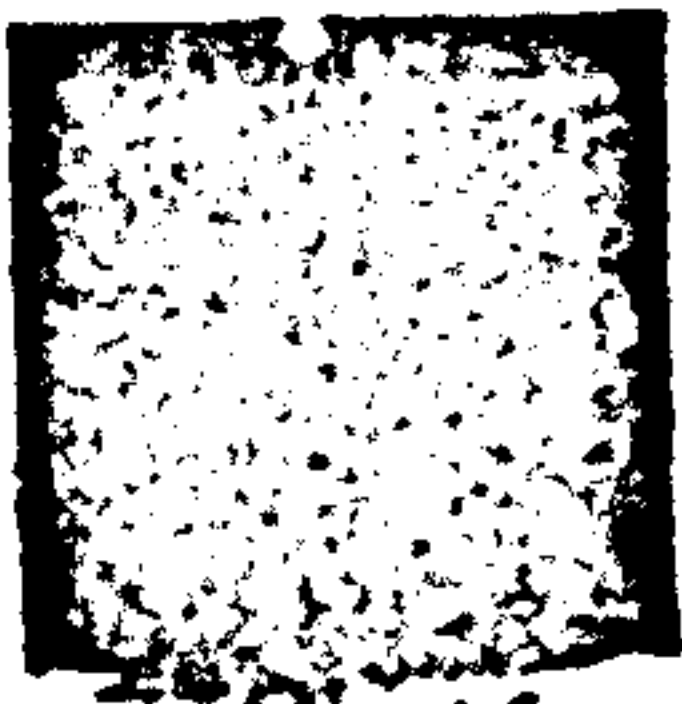
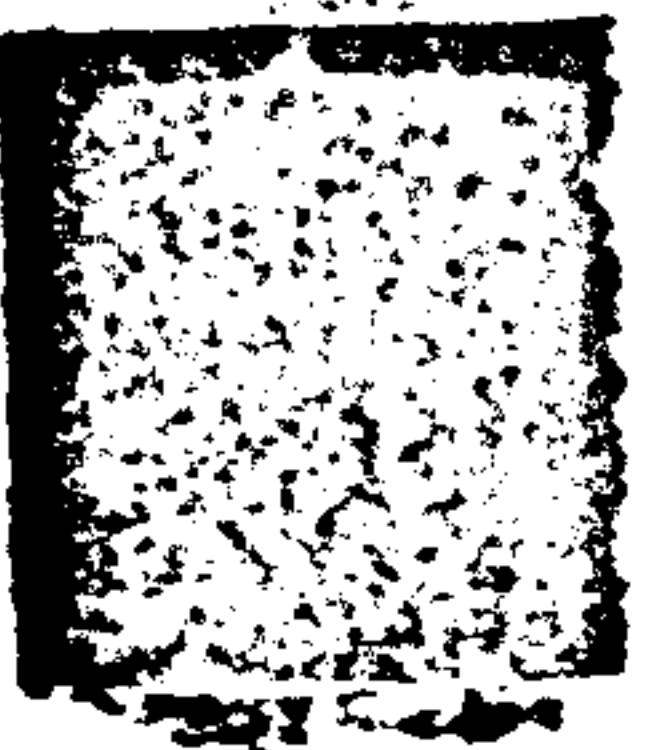
Still others, dramatically examined before the cameras—often exactly where they stood on the fatal day—praise Mr. Lane and the viewer with personal observations that contradict or challenge the full validity of the conclusions in the Warren report. There is evidence to support the allegation that Jack Ruby was well acquainted with "more than half" the members of the Dallas police force, that he was a friend of J. D. Tippit, the policeman who was killed in a Dallas street shortly after the assassination, and that many photographs and items of evidence were destroyed or mutilated by the government investigators.

Some witnesses appear substantial and credible. Others much less so. Two or three of the interviews conducted by Mr. Lane look egregiously staged by him and Emilio de Antonio, who co-produced and directed this film, which began its first public engagement in this country at the

Interviews Contradict Official Findings

Carnegie Hall Cinema yesterday.

But the total effect of the picture is that of a good courtroom film that bombards the viewer with a loaded array of testimony and evidence. While it does not have the compact structure or the accumulating display of mounting drama of the documentary film "Point of Order" about the Senate hearings conducted by Senator Joseph R. McCarthy, which Mr. de Antonio also helped to produce, it distinctly builds up an impression that the Warren Commission was lax in its investigations and that many critical questions remain to be explored officially. If the purpose of this film is to rouse its viewers into having doubts about Oswald's total guilt—and to stimulate melodramatic speculations—then it eminently succeeds.



"Eminently succeeds. A good court-room dram" that bombards the viewer with an array of evidence. This dramatic materialization of witnesses before the eye and ear has much more immediacy and impact than the printed word. Vividly and forcefully presented.

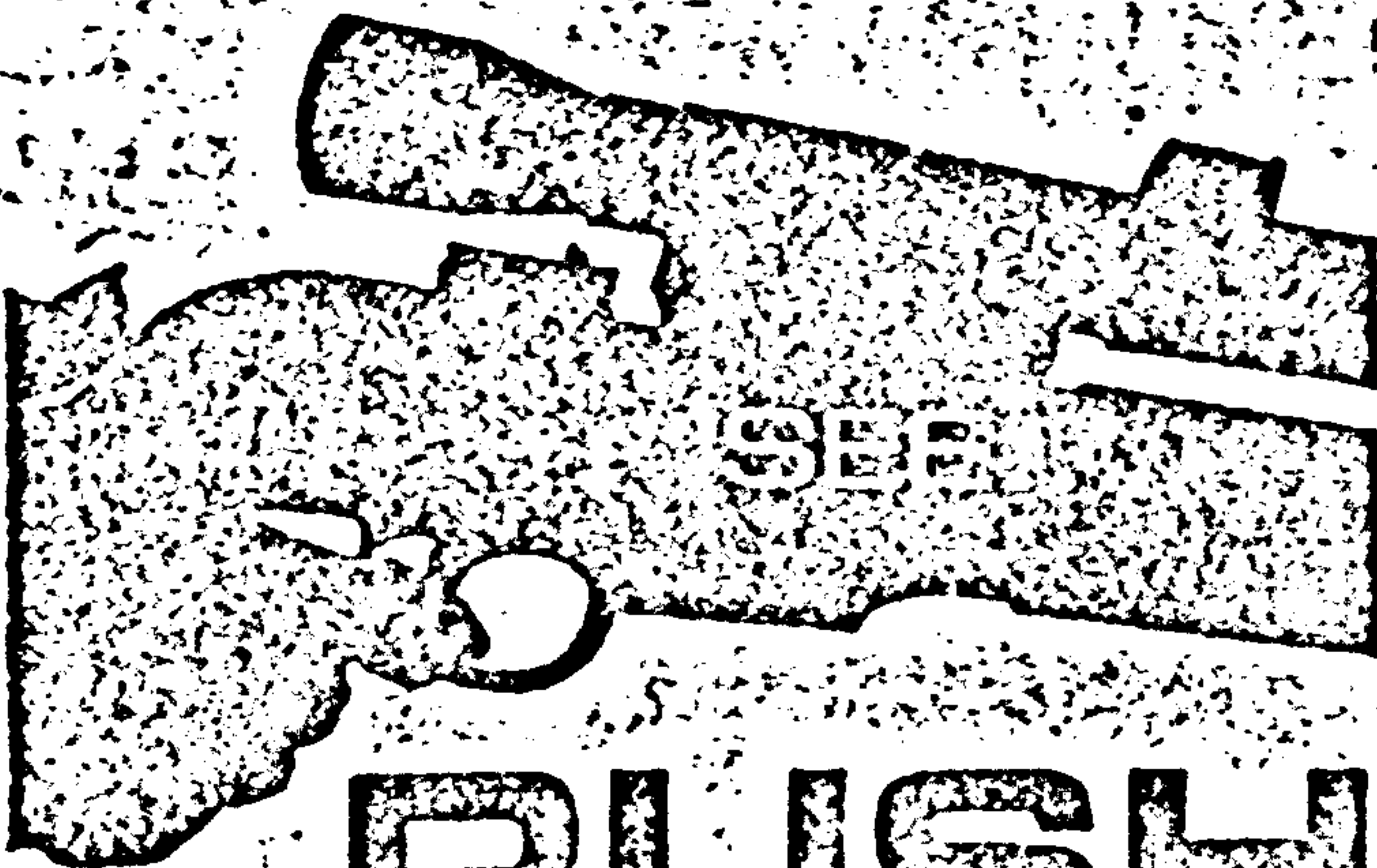
—Bosley Crowther,
New York Times

"Here it is, the people who actually saw something and believed that the truth never did fully reveal itself. The people are real, the incidents are there on the record. Very compelling. A good strong job. It will tend to destroy your peace of mind."

—Archer Winston,
New York Post

"The camera never lies, it is hard not to believe these eye-witness accounts. It is one thing to read written testimony but quite something else to observe witnesses' facial reactions to questions and hear testimony from their own lips. The film should win new sceptics of the Warren Commission over to Lane's side."

—Kathleen Carroll,
New York Daily News



RUSH TO JUDGMENT

by Emile de Antonio and Mark Lane,
based on Mark Lane's #1 Best-Selling Book,
Directed by Emile de Antonio.

...by ...
...of ...
...ity ...
...out ...
...ox

FBI

Date: 5/9/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL - REGISTERED
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (2-New) (C)
RE: UNSUB; Alleged Cache of
Arms at 2801 Broadway
San Francisco, California
NEUTRALITY MATTERS - HAITI
OO: San Francisco

WHR
HA
P. R. ...

Re Dallas airtel May 4 last.

In connection with the information furnished by WILLIAM HALL, who was described as erratic and extremely excitable, it is noted that considerable nationwide publicity has been furnished periodically since April 22, 1967, relative to a large cache of arms at the home of the eccentric millionaire WILLIAM E. THORESEN, 2801 Broadway, San Francisco, California, which is being investigated extensively by the Alcohol Tax Unit and the San Francisco Police Department.

The wide publicity given to the above matter could well have been the source of the information furnished by HALL, who, when asked to give his source, stated that he "had a way of finding out things." In view of this, the apparent erratic nature of HALL, and the extreme sensitivity of the source, no dissemination of this information is being made.

Auth. SAC. ...
5/12/67 1-110
AA/S ...

2-0-729

ORIGINAL FILED IN

62-109060

NOT RECORDED
199 MAY 15 1967

- 3 - Bureau (AM-RM)
 - 1 - Dallas (Info.) (AM-RM)
 - 1 - New Orleans (Info.) (AM-RM)
 - 1 - San Francisco
- RGF:lg
(6)

MAY 11 1967

Copy retained 6061

LAM ...

C.C. Wick

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

5/12/67

Airtel

1 - Mr. Lenihan
1 - Mr. Solomon

62-109060

To: SAC, Dallas

From: Director, FBI

UNSUB;

Alleged Cache of Arms at
2201 Broadway, San Francisco, California
NEUTRALITY MATTERS - HAITI

ReDLairtel and LHM 5/4/67 and SFairtel 5/9/67.

Bureau concurs in San Francisco's decision to not disseminate Dallas LHM in this matter or the information it contains based on reasons set forth in referenced San Francisco airtel.

Bureau is making no dissemination of the Dallas LHM at headquarters level. No further action is to be taken in this matter.

1 - New Orleans
1 - San Francisco

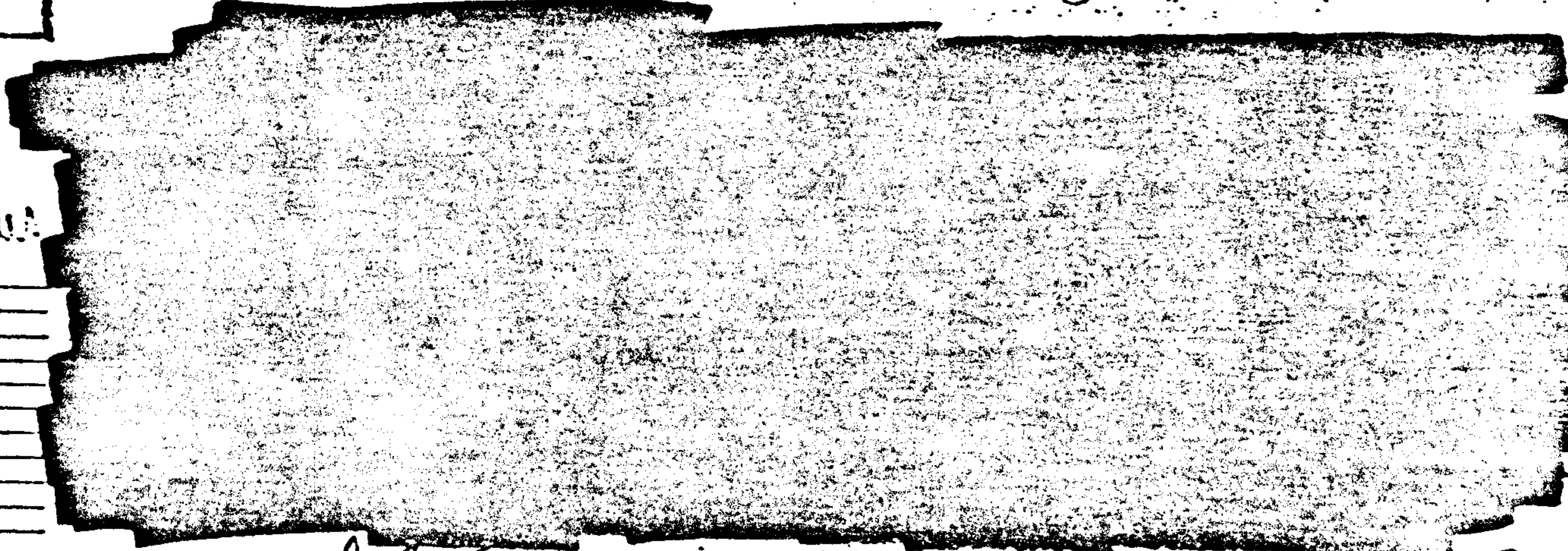
AHS:mar
(7)

NOTE:

*Assassination of
President John F.
Kennedy*

MAILED 25
MAY 11 1967
COMM-FBI

62-109060-729
ORIGINAL FILED IN



Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Wick _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____

57 MAY 19 1967

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

WHL/ya *WHL* *WHL*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

FROM : Mr. W. A. Branigan

DATE: June 9, 1967

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

SAC Lee Teague of the Oklahoma City Office called on June 8, 1967. According to SAC Teague, former Special Agent Norman Bagwell has numerous contacts among the news media in Oklahoma City. Bagwell approached SAC Teague noting that television station WWL in New Orleans, Louisiana, did a 60-minute special investigation "Garrison would be May 22, 1967. Bagwell advised that the same investigation presented in Oklahoma City and he offered to make a copy of the video tape available to SAC Teague if the Bureau was interested. SAC Teague noted that Bagwell would have to reproduce the tape himself, probably at a cost of several hundred dollars, which he would be willing to do.

I advised SAC Teague that the Bureau's position from the very start has been to stay out of the Garrison investigation and under the circumstances it did not appear that there would be sufficient value for the Bureau in the telecast to justify having Bagwell undertake the expense of reproducing it.

ACTION:

None. This is for record purposes.

WAB:lag
(4)

- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Lenihan

62-109060-5372

18 JUN 14 1967

54 JUN 21 1967

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JUN 12 1967

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Wick	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

REC-13
Sheddy

R. [unclear]

Brangan

FBI WASH DC

FBI NEW ORLS

800PM 6-12-67 RJS

TO DIRECTOR 62-109060 AND DALLAS 89-43

FROM NEW ORLEANS 89-69

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,

DALLAS, TEXAS, NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, MISCELLANEOUS
INFO CONCERNING, ^{OFFICE OF ORIGIN} 00: DALLAS.

WDSU RADIO NEWSCAST AT ONE THIRTY PM, TODAY REPORTED
THAT ORLEANS PARISH CRIMINAL DISTRICT COURT JUDGE FRANK J.
SHEA, TODAY REFUSED TO QUASH THE INDICTMENT AGAINST DEAN
ANDREWS ON A PERJURY CHARGE. JUDGE SHEA ALSO DENIED
ANDREWS' MOTION FOR A COMPLETE RECORD OF ANDREWS' TESTIMONY
BEFORE ORLEANS PARISH GRAND JURY AND SET TRIAL ON THE
PERJURY CHARGE FOR AUG. NINE NEXT.

NEW ORLEANS STATES-ITEM, RED FLASH EDITION, JUNE
TWELVE INSTANT, REPORTED THAT JUDGE EDWARD A. HAGGERTY,
JR., ORLEANS PARISH CRIMINAL DISTRICT COURT, DENIED A
DEFENSE MOTION TO MAKE PUBLIC THE FINANCIAL RECORDS OF
TRUTH AND CONSEQUENCES. JUDGE HAGGERTY REQUESTED ATTORNEYS

END PAGE ONE

RECEIVED
JUN 13 1967

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REC-13

(1)

5- [unclear]
6- [unclear]

REC'D COMM-FIELD CIA

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

62 JUN 22 1967

PAGE TWO

FOR THE ORGANIZATION TO PREPARE A LIST OF THE MEMBERSHIP AS OF TODAY AND SAID THE LIST WILL BE PLACED IN A SEALED ENVELOPE AND WILL BE KEPT UNDER LOCK IN THE CLERK OF COURTS OFFICE UNTIL AFTER THE CONSPIRACY TRIAL OF CLAY L. SHAW. JUDGE HAGGERTY ALSO REQUESTED THAT A LIST OF THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES BE KEPT UP ACCURATELY IN ORDER THAT THEY MAY BE EXAMINED AFTER THE TRIAL.

THE ARTICLE REPORTED THAT WITH THE PERMISSION OF JUDGE HAGGERTY, F. IRVIN DYMOND, COUNSEL FOR CLAY SHAW, WITHDREW SHAW'S FORMER PLEA OF NOT GUILTY IN ORDER TO FILE SPECIAL PROCEEDINGS AS PROVIDED FOR BY STATE LAW.

ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, JUDGE THOMAS M. BRAHNEY OF SECTION D. ORLEANS PARISH CRIMINAL DISTRICT COURT, TESTIFIED AS A WITNESS AND WAS QUESTIONED BY ATTORNEY DYMOND CONCERNING THE MECHANICS HE USED IN THE SELECTION OF A GRAND JURY. ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, AFTER A LEGAL WRANGLE INVOLVING ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY ALCOCK, JUDGE HAGGERTY AND THE DEFENSE COUNSEL DYMOND, HAGGERTY ASKED DYMOND IF IT WAS NOT HIS INTENTION TO FILE AN AMENDED MOTION TO

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

QUASH THE INDICTMENT AGAINST SHAW. WHEN DYMOND INDICATED THAT THIS WAS THE CASE JUDGE HAGGERTY ASKED HIM IF HE DID NOT THINK IT WOULD BE BETTER NOT TO QUESTION THE JUDGES UNTIL AN AMENDED MOTION TO QUASH HAD BEEN FILED. WHEN DYMOND AGREED JUDGE HAGGERTY DISMISSED THE STATE COURT JUDGES, THE MEMBERS OF THE ORLEANS PARISH GRAND JURY AND REPRESENTATIVES OF TRUTH AND CONSEQUENCES OF NEW ORLEANS, INC., ALL SUBPOENAED BY THE DEFENSE FOR THE HEARING TODAY.

THE ARTICLE REPORTED THE COURT THEN TOOK UP THE NINETY THREE QUESTIONS ASKED BY THE DEFENSE OF THE PROSECUTION IN ITS MOTION FOR A BILL OF PARTICULARS ON THE SHAW INDICTMENT THE ARTICLE REPORTED THAT DEFENSE ATTORNEY DYMOND SAID THE DEFENSE WAS SATISFIED BY THE ANSWERS TO THE FIRST THREE QUESTIONS WHICH ASKED FOR INFORMATION AS TO WHO WAS INVOLVED IN THE CONSPIRACY AND THE ADDRESSES OF THOSE INVOLVED, BUT AFTER THAT THE DEFENSE EXPRESSED DISSATISFACTION WITH MOST OF THE PROSECUTION'S ANSWERS. THE ARTICLE SET FORTH THE

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

LIST OF QUESTIONS TO WHICH THE DEFENSE OBJECTED TO ANSWERS GIVEN BY THE STATE WHICH IS NOT BEING INCORPORATED IN THE TELETYPE BUT COPY OF ARTICLE BEING FURNISHED BUREAU.

THE NEW ORLEANS STATES-ITEM, FINAL EDITION OF JUNE TWELVE INSTANT, REPORTED THAT JUDGE HAGGERTY TOOK THE ENTIRE MOTION FOR A BILL OF PARTICULARS UNDER ADVISEMENT. ACCORDING TO THE ARTICLE, IRVIN DYMOND, DEFENSE COUNSEL, SAID THE DEFENSE WOULD PUT OFF ARGUMENTS ON THE MOTION TO QUASH THE INDICTMENT UNTIL TOMORROW WHEN HE WOULD FILE AN AMENDED MOTION. THE ARTICLE REPORTED THAT DYMOND SAID HE WOULD LIKE TO ARGUE TODAY ON THE MOTION FOR RETURN OF SEIZED PROPERTY, ON SUPPRESSION OF EVIDENCE AND A MOTION TO INSPECT STATEMENTS GIVEN BY SHAW AND OTHER WITNESSES. IN CONNECTION WITH MOTION TO SUPPRESS EVIDENCE, DYMOND SAID HE WOULD CALL AS WITNESSES, JUDGE BRANIFF, WHO SIGNED THE SEARCH WARRANT FOR SAHW'S APARTMENT; LOUIS IVON, A DETECTIVE IN GARRISON'S OFFICE; ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY JOHN VOLZ,

END PAGE FOUR

PAGE FIVE

AND POSSIBLY ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY ALCOCK. ACCORDING
TO THE ARTICLE AT THIS POINT JUDGE HAGGERTY RECESSED THE
COURT FOR ONE HOUR.

LET HEAD MEMORANDUM
NO LHM BEING SUBMITTED.

END.

GJB

FBI WASH DC

P

CC- MR. SULLIVAN

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 6/12/67

Dean Andrews, referred to in attached, was indicted for perjury following his appearance before a New Orleans grand jury in connection with Jim Garrison's so-called probe of the Kennedy assassination. Andrews has made several attempts to have the indictment quashed since he has not been told specifically what part of his testimony was perjured.

Attorneys for Clay L. Shaw subpoenaed several persons including members of the grand jury, district court judges, Jim Garrison and members of his staff, Garrison's financial backers and financial records of these backers. The purpose of these subpoenas was apparently in an effort to get information in lieu of a bill of particulars which until now has been denied them.

The attached sets forth news accounts of the legal maneuvering by Shaw's attorneys on 6/12/67, as the result of the subpoenas.

Inasmuch as the attached is from news sources, it will not be disseminated.

TJS:ts

West

FBI

Date: 5/30/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____ AIRMAIL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)
FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
MISC. - INFORMATION CONCERNING
(OO: DALLAS)

Re Bureau telephone calls to New Orleans, 5/29 and 5/30/67.

A review of the New Orleans files was conducted concerning allegations made by District Attorney JAMES GARRISON, Orleans Parish District Attorney, New Orleans, Louisiana, and any reported statements made by his staff. There is a possibility that other statements were made by GARRISON or members of his staff on radio, television, or to organizations, as well as statements to persons inside and outside the state of Louisiana, of which this office would have no knowledge.

REC-55

62-109060 5374

- 15 - Bureau (AM)
- 2 - Dallas (89-43) (AM)
- 2 - New Orleans

JUN 15 1967

JTS/jlc
(19)

*Let to AG, cc to A. B. ...
Easily, Vernon ...
... 6/6/67*

5/67

NO 89-69

ALLEGATIONS CONCERNING ALLEGED
NEW ORLEANS BASED CONSPIRACY

NO 89-69
/dca

Source: District Attorney JAMES GARRISON's Chief Investigator
Date: January, 1967
To Whom: DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE
By Whom: District Attorney JAMES GARRISON's Chief Investigator
Newspaper:
Name: New Orleans States-Item
Date: February 18, 1967
Edition: Final

A New Orleans pilot has revealed to the States-Item that District Attorney JAMES GARRISON's Chief Investigator said last month the District Attorney's Office has "positively uncovered a plot in New Orleans to assassinate KENNEDY."

Source: DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE
Date: February, 1967
To Whom: New Orleans States-Item
By Whom: DAVID WILLIAM FERRIE
Newspaper:
Name: New Orleans States-Item
Date: February 18, 1967
Edition: Final

"Supposedly I have been pegged as the get-away pilot in an elaborate plot to kill KENNEDY."

He contends, however, that he did not go to Dallas. FERRIE says he was at the Federal Court here that day.

Source: A reliable source who refuses to be quoted in print
Date: February 18, 1967
To Whom: New Orleans States-Item
By Whom: Above source
Newspaper:
Name: New Orleans States-Item
Date: February 18, 1967
Edition: Final

NO 89-69
/dca

District Attorney JAMES GARRISON and members of his staff were in Miami in January looking for a Cuban man described as physically powerful and dangerous.

The man is being sought by the District Attorney in connection with the death of President KENNEDY. He is believed to be one of a group of Cubans who, according to a report under investigation, hid behind a billboard on the parade route in Dallas November 23, 1963.

The Cuban sought by the District Attorney's Office is believed to have fled the country-to Cuba, Puerto Rico or possibly the Bahamas-a few steps ahead of investigators.

Source: JACK S. MARTIN
Date: January 13, 1967
To Whom: Special Agent REGIS L. KENNEDY
By Whom: JACK S. MARTIN

District Attorney GARRISON has located a witness who is unknown to the FBI named THOMAS BECKHAM, also known as MARK EVANS. BECKHAM, according to MARTIN, was associated with OSWALD and assisted OSWALD in passing out leaflets.

Another witness allegedly located by GARRISON is named DAVID LEWIS, a former employee of W. GUY BANISTER, former Private Investigator at New Orleans and former Special Agent in Charge of the FBI. According to MARTIN, LEWIS indicated that he met LEE HARVEY OSWALD while working for BANISTER in the company of SERGIO ARACHA SMITH and CARLOS QUEROGA. ARACHA SMITH and CARLOS QUEROGA were allegedly active in the Cuban movement in the New Orleans area.

Source: JACK S. MARTIN
Date: January 27, 1967
To Whom: Special Agent REGIS L. KENNEDY
By Whom: JACK S. MARTIN

NO 89-69
/dca

MARTIN advised that the scope of District Attorney JAMES GARRISON's investigation is that there was a conspiracy which originated in the rooms above W. GUY BANNISTER's (deceased) office in New Orleans, and that there was a second assassin firing at President KENNEDY in Dallas, Texas.

[REDACTED] interviewed LEWIS in connection with [REDACTED] and during this interview LEWIS advised that he had been interviewed by the District Attorney's Office and told the District Attorney's Office he had met LEE HARVEY OSWALD in the office of W. GUY BANNISTER. LEWIS claimed that the District Attorney's Office had given him a polygraph test and that he, LEWIS, had passed this test.

Source: Doctor CARLOS BRINGUIER
Date: February 14, 1967
To Whom: New Orleans Office of the FBI
By Whom: Doctor CARLOS BRINGUIER

BRINGUIER advised that he has been given a lie detector test in which he was asked questions regarding OSWALD's being a member of the Communist Party, and "did he believe OSWALD acted alone?" He was also questioned as to where he may have met OSWALD; if ARCACHA SMITH knew OSWALD; if RICHARD DAVIS knew OSWALD, and if DAVID FERRIE knew OSWALD. BRINGUIER advised that based upon information received from ALBERTO FOWLER, publicity director, City of New Orleans, he has learned that District Attorney JAMES GARRISON is of the opinion that OSWALD was contacted to assassinate FIDEL CASTRO by a group in New Orleans and this plan could not be carried out. An alternate plan was that some of the individuals in the first plan contacted OSWALD to kill President KENNEDY.

BRINGUIER advised that FOWLER believes the FBI is tapping his telephone. BRINGUIER advised the District Attorney's Office is attempting to locate ARCACHA SMITH.

Also mentioned in questioning by the District Attorney's Office representative was the name W. GUY BANNISTER, former New Orleans private detective, and CARLOS MARCUS, Cuban Consul General, who BRINGUIER said died in Venezuela prior to the assassination.

NO 89-69
/dca

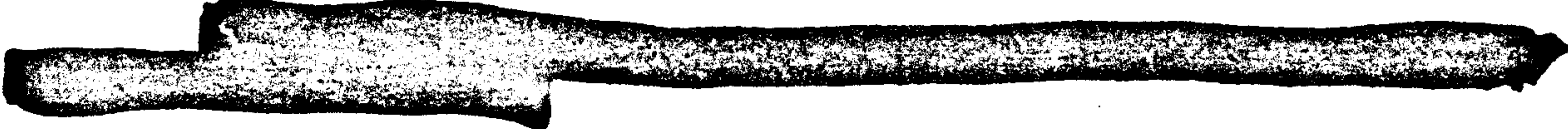
BRINGUIER stated that ALBERTO FOWLER told him that Mayor VICTOR SCHIRO of the City of New Orleans had told FOWLER that Congressman HALE BOGGS had first brought this investigation to the attention of District Attorney JAMES GARRISON.

BRINGUIER advised that it is his understanding that a man named JACK MARTIN, whom he does not know, originally developed the information being investigated by District Attorney JAMES GARRISON.

"When I am writing you this letter I have just returned from a lie detector test which was offered to me by Mr. GARRISON. Some of the general ideas of Mr. GARRISON are that:

- 1) OSWALD was brought to New Orleans by Mr. RILEY from the Riley Coffee Co., and according to Mr. GARRISON this man Mr. RILEY is an anticommunist conservative.
- 2) OSWALD was not a communist but an anticommunist and as that he carried on the assassination.
- 3) They are trying to tie facts and issues that are

BRINGUIER advised that GARRISON is supposedly getting bad information, as an individual (FNU) SANTANANA, who is on probation in Miami, Florida, was brought to New Orleans and questioned by the District Attorney's office and this individual identified ARACHA SMITH as being in New Orleans in 1964. BRINGUIER advised that (FNU) SANTANANA had SMITH confused with an individual by the name of LOUIS BRETOS, Alfa 66 representative in New Orleans in 1964, who is now living in Miami.



NO 89-69/sab

Source: District Attorney JAMES GARRISON

Date: February 18, 1967

To Whom: News Conference

By Whom: District Attorney JAMES GARRISON

Newspaper:

Name The Times-Picayune, New Orleans, Louisiana

Date February 19, 1967

Edition Unknown

Page One

"District Attorney JIM GARRISON said Saturday that 'arrests will be made, charges will be filed and convictions will be obtained' as a result of his intensive investigation of a New Orleans plot preceding the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY, Nov. 22, 1963.

"During a news conference in his office, GARRISON asserted that a plan was developed here which resulted in KENNEDY's death in Dallas. He said the investigation, which records show has been under way since late last year, has proven that the Warren Commission was wrong in its conclusion that LEE HARVEY OSWALD acted alone in murdering the President.

"The district attorney would not elaborate.

"'We already have the names of the people in the initial planning,' he told newsmen. 'We are not wasting out time and we will prove it. Arrests will be made, charges will be filed and convictions will be obtained.'"

Source: [REDACTED]

Date: February 19, 1967

To Whom: SA REGIS L. KENNEDY

By Whom: [REDACTED]

Source said that DON LOUIS, former employee of GUY BANNISTER, [REDACTED] that he (LOUIS) had been interviewed by District Attorney's investigators and said the following were persons who were suspects of District Attorney's Office as being in plot to kill JOHN F. KENNEDY: RAUL TORRES, SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH, and CARLOS QUIROZA. He said District Attorney is also looking for BOB GUZMAN. He said District Attorney was upset about leak of information in his office to local newspapers and other news media."

NO 89-69/sab

Source: Channel 6 Newscast, 10:00 p.m.

Date: February 19, 1967

TV:

Station WDSU-TV, Channel 6

Date February 19, 1967

Time 10:00 p.m.

On this same newscast, District Attorney JIM GARRISON was quoted as saying he would not turn over his information to anyone; that he is running the investigation and not the Attorney General.

Source: GORDON NOVELL

Date: February 21, 1967

To Whom: Special Agent PETER CHASE

By Whom: GORDON NOVELL

"On the night of February 21, NOVELL was again interviewed pursuant to his request. NOVELL advised he was contacted during late afternoon of February 21, 1967, by WILLARD ROBERTSON, a Volkswagen distributor in New Orleans, a multi-millionaire and close social friend and financial backer of GARRISON. ROBERTSON allegedly told NOVELL it was imperative they meet, which they did, whereupon ROBERTSON told NOVELL that GARRISON wanted to meet him. Therefore, NOVELL met with ROBERTSON and GARRISON at approximately 5:30 p.m., February 21, 1967. NOVELL said GARRISON opened conversation with inquiry concerning possible places where he, GARRISON, and his staff could hold conferences.

"NOVELL said GARRISON stated he felt the FBI is carefully scrutinizing every move he makes and even possibly has sources within his own ranks. NOVELL said GARRISON asked him if he had been interviewed by the FBI and he informed GARRISON that he had contacted the FBI. GARRISON wanted to know whether his name had come up during the contact with the FBI and NOVELL replied in the negative.

"NOVELL said that GARRISON felt that DAVID FERRIE and his 'nutty' associates were involved in a conspiracy to assassinate KENNEDY. NOVELL said it was GARRISON's contention that the conspirators were anti-Castro, who hoped through the assassination of KENNEDY to be able, through national publicity, to place the blame for the assassination on CASTRO which would result in influencing public opinion to the point where national retribution would be directed against Castro.

"NOVELL said GARRISON expressed concern about contamination of his investigation by other investigative agencies, namely, the FBI. NOVELL quoted GARRISON as saying that he would arrest and handcuff any agent he caught becoming involved in his investigation and would submit him to public scrutiny. NOVELL said GARRISON stated, "If they want my files that bad they can buy them."

Source: EDWARD McCLUSKER

Date: February 22, 1967

To Whom: Special Agent REGIS L. KENNEDY

"EDWARD MC CLUSKER, Associated Press, Night Manager, New Orleans, La., advised that Coroner's Office, Parish of Orleans, reported that FERRIE apparently died of natural causes from a ruptured blood vessel in the brain. Coroner's Office also has received information that FERRIE had been depressed. Because of this information, toxicology examination will be made.

"District Attorney JIM GARRISON, according to McCLUSKER, has issued a statement describing death of FERRIE as apparent suicide."

NO 89-69

/cs

Source: GORDON DWANE NOVEL
Date February 21, 1967
To Whom: New Orleans Office of the FBI
By Whom: GORDON DWANE NOVEL

GARRISON asked NOVEL whether SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH or FERRIE owned a laundry truck. NOVEL said he told GARRISON that he had observed a step van laundry truck, dark in color, on one occasion parked in front of the Balter Building where SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH had his office. NOVEL said GARRISON then commented "there is a laundry truck mentioned in the files of the FBI in Dallas."

Novel stated GARRISON also asked him if he was acquainted with a girl by the name of SANDRA LARSON. He advised that he told GARRISON he knew a SANDRA LARSON, who was a "sharp gal" who sometimes dated BOB SONGE (phonetic) one of his, NOVEL's, associates in the Jamaican Village Lounge on North Rampart Street. NOVEL said he told GARRISON he had personally heard SANDRA LARSON [REDACTED]

NOVEL stated that District Attorney GARRISON had stated or at least implied that he felt DAVID FERRIE and his "Nutty" associates were involved in a conspiracy in the assassination of President KENNEDY. NOVEL reiterated that GARRISON repeatedly emphasized the name "ROLLAND" as being a possible clue in the conspiracy. NOVEL stated that it is GARRISON's contention that the conspirators were anti-CASTRO who hoped through the assassination of President KENNEDY to be able to, through national publicity, place the blame for the assassination on FIDEL CASTRO, which would result in influencing public opinion to the point where national retribution would be directed against CASTRO.

NOVEL advised GARRISON expressed concern about contamination of his investigation by other investigative agencies, namely, the FBI. NOVEL quoted

NO 89-69

/cs

GARRISON as saying that he would arrest and handcuff any Agent he caught becoming involved in his investigation and would submit him to public scrutiny. NOVEL said GARRISON stated "if they want my files that bad they can buy them." NOVEL stated that he did not furnish GARRISON information concerning his involvement with SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH at the blimp base at Houma, Louisiana, which he had previously furnished to the FBI. However, since GARRISON plans to interview him, NOVEL's, partner, RANCIER EHLINGER, aka Ranny, at 9:30 A.M., February 22, 1967, he felt he would tell GARRISON the whole story prior to the interview with his partner because he felt that RANNY would probably tell GARRISON about it and, secondly, because he felt that by telling GARRISON he would gain his confidence and would be in better graces with GARRISON. NOVEL advised that since he planned to tell GARRISON everything concerning his involvement with SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH, he desired to mention something he had not previously furnished to the FBI concerning the ammunition bunker on the Houma Air Base. NOVEL advised that he and his partner, RANNY, approximately two weeks before taking ARCACHA SMITH and his party to the bunker had cased the bunker and knew pretty well what SMITH would find.

NOVEL telephonically contacted the New Orleans Office on the late afternoon of February 22, 1967, and advised that he and EHLINGER met with District Attorney GARRISON on that date and had furnished GARRISON the information that he had previously furnished to the FBI.. NOVEL said GARRISON questioned them concerning any knowledge that they possessed of any relationship between CLAY SHAW and DAVID FERRIE. NOVEL said that GARRISON implied that SHAW was identical with a CLAY BERTRAND who had contacted Attorney DIAN ANDREWS to represent LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

NOVEL further informed that GARRISON and his associates felt the FBI was monitoring their switchboard and that it appears that if things go

NO 89-69

/cs

According to NOVEL, GARRISON stated that he feels the FBI is carefully scrutinizing every move he makes and even possibly has sources within his own ranks. NOVEL said GARRISON discussed several methods he felt he would utilize in the future in order to keep his investigation into the assassination of President KENNEDY a secret. GARRISON advised NOVEL that the purpose of his contact was that he knew of NOVEL's ability to obtain information and further that NOVEL was very knowledgeable as to happenings in the New Orleans area.

NOVEL related that GARRISON inquired of him as to whether he had been interviewed by the FBI and that he had informed GARRISON that he, NOVEL, had contacted the FBI. GARRISON then inquired as to whether his name had come up during the contact with the FBI, to which NOVEL said he replied in the negative. GARRISON then began to question him about people or names he might know and specifically inquired about DAVID LOUIS, "ROLLAND", DAVID FERRIE, and MARTIN LAYTON (possibly identical with LAYTON P. MARTENS), associate of FERRIE. NOVEL informed he told GARRISON he knew only DAVID FERRIE of those mentioned. GARRISON then asked him if he knew anyone with the Riley Coffee Company and that he told GARRISON he knew an individual named TEX MEYER, a person with whom he had worked in the past. GARRISON asked him if he had any knowledge of where SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH obtained his financial support while in New Orleans, to which he replied that he did not know with the exception of supporting contributions that SMITH obtained from various individuals.

NO 89-89/cst

Source: District Attorney JAMES GARRISON

Date: February 23, 1967.

To Whom: New Orleans States-Item

By Whom: Above source

Newspaper:

Name: New Orleans States-Item

Date: February 23, 1967

Edition: Unknown

Page: One.

"The apparent suicide of DAVID FERRIE ends the life of a man who, in my judgment, was one of history's most important individuals.

"Evidence developed by our office has long since confirmed he was involved in events culminating in the assassination of President Kennedy.

Source: New Orleans States-Item Newspaper (AP)

Date: February 24, 1967

By Whom: District Attorney JAMES GARRISON

Newspaper:

Name: New Orleans States-Item

Date: February 24, 1967

Edition: Final

Page: One.

"GARRISON, investigating the possibility that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was a tool of conspirators in the slaying of KENNEDY in Dallas November 22, 1963, has said he will not divulge to federal officials any evidence he has obtained.

Source: New Orleans States-Item Newspaper

Date: February 24, 1967

To Whom: New Orleans States-Item

NO 89-69/cst

By Whom: District Attorney JAMES GARRISON

Newspaper:

Name: New Orleans States-Item

Date: February 24, 1967

Edition: Final

Page: One

"District Attorney JAMES GARRISON said today he has 'positively solved the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY and will arrest every individual involved-- in the course of time.'

"He said, however, that 'it may be 30 years before we finish. We will make arrests, but they are not imminent.' What he said was largely repetition of previous statements which he has made about the case.

"GARRISON talked with newsmen as he emerged from a luncheon at the Petroleum Club. His remarks at the luncheon were not made public.

"Asked if he had definitely solved the assassination plot, GARRISON said, 'We solved it weeks ago.'

"He said, 'We're working out details of evidence, which probably will take months.'

" 'We know that we're going to be able to arrest every person involved-- at least every person who is still living. I'm sure that there will be convictions.'

"GARRISON said the case is 'very complicated' and posed a riddle for newsmen. He said:

" 'The key to the whole case is through the looking glass. Black is white; white is black.'

"He added: 'I don't want to be cryptic, but that's the way it is.'

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"GARRISON said he knows the people of the world are 'champing at the bit' to get details of his investigation. He said he would give the world all the answers.

" 'You have my word of honor on that,' he added.

"The District Attorney contends the plot was hatched in New Orleans.

"GARRISON said the death of WILLIAM DAVID FERRIE would not slow up his investigation. He repeated his belief that FERRIE, who was found dead Wednesday, committed suicide.

" 'The only way people involved can avoid arrest is by committing suicide,' he said.

"GARRISON, who contends that President KENNEDY's death resulted from a plot hatched in New Orleans, has promised there will be arrests and convictions within a few months."

Source: New Orleans States-Item
Date: February 25, 1967
To Whom: A New York Times reporter
By Whom: A member of GARRISON's staff
Newspaper:
Name: New Orleans States-Item
Date: February 25, 1967
Edition: Final
Page: One

"A member of GARRISON's staff told a New York Times reporter that the conspiracy, hatched by anti-Castro Cubans, revolved around LEE HARVEY OSWALD as the gunman.

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When OSWALD could not get into Cuba, so the story goes, the plot was then redirected at KENNEDY, for his failure to launch a second military action against Cuba after the Bay of Pigs fiasco.

"Yesterday, GARRISON said he has 'solved' the assassination plot and that death is the only escape for those he believes are involved.

"GARRISON claims that his office discovered the answers he was seeking 'weeks ago' and that now he and his staff are working to build air-tight cases against the individuals involved.

"Although the district attorney says that arrests are 'months away,' he said yesterday: 'The only way they are going to get away from us is to kill themselves.'

"GARRISON said that he would not say they had solved the KENNEDY murder unless he had evidence, 'beyond a shadow of a doubt.'

"He went on to say: 'We know the key individuals, the cities involved and how it was done.'

"A reporter, joking with GARRISON, asked, 'Are you expecting a contribution from the Central Intelligence Agency?'

"GARRISON laughed and replied, 'No, but I'm expecting some from the FBI.'

"GARRISON admitted for the first time he had accepted some aid from Life Magazine in developing his case. 'But our office initiated the investigation,' he said.

"He told newsmen on his 'word of honor' he will give them the story when arrests are made. 'But it may be months away. We want to get jury verdicts, and we are confident we will.' "

NO 89-69/emh

Source: The Times Picayune, New Orleans, Louisiana
Date: February 25, 1967
To Whom: The Times Picayune, New Orleans, Louisiana
By Whom: District Attorney JAMES GARRISON
Newspaper:
Name: The Times Picayune, New Orleans, Louisiana
Date: February 25, 1967
Edition: Unknown
Page: Section I, Pages 1, 2, 3

"District Attorney JIM GARRISON said Friday his office solved the Kennedy assassination plot 'weeks ago' but is now working to get air-tight cases against the individuals involved. GARRISON said, however, arrests 'are months away.'

"Earlier, GARRISON said the arrests may be '30 years away.'

"However, he later explained that he had been tired and had 'snapped' at questioning newsmen, not actually being serious about the '30 years' statement.

"GARRISON conducted two impromptu press conferences in the lobby of the Shell Oil Co. bldg. The first created a worldwide furor, apparently, when a wire service quoted GARRISON as saying he had solved the plot and arrests were imminent.

"On emerging from the luncheon, GARRISON was confronted with the wire service story that he had solved the plot. 'Why we did this weeks ago,' was GARRISON's reply. 'We're working out details of evidence which probably will take months.'

"'We know that we are going to be able to arrest every person involved - at least every person who is still living. I'm sure that there will be convictions.'

"'BEYOND . . . DOUBT'

"GARRISON began by saying, 'My staff and I solved the case weeks ago. I wouldn't say this if we didn't have evidence beyond the shadow of a doubt. We know the key individuals, cities involved and how it was done.'

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"According to GARRISON, there were 'several plots.' He said there was a change, 'but that's more than I wanted to say.'

"GARRISON suggested there may be suicides among those actually involved in the plot and those who knew of it but kept quiet. 'The only way they are going to get away from us,' he said, 'is to kill themselves.'

"As reporters crowded closer GARRISON was asked what he had to say about the Warren Commission's chief investigator's charge that he was 'conducting a performance.' GARRISON replied, 'The chief investigator has conducted a performance that will be remembered in history.'

"GARRISON said his office had jurisdiction over the case.

'FINANCED BY LOAN'

"The tall district attorney further revealed that he would be glad to accept funds from private sources to continue the investigation. 'In fact,' said GARRISON, 'our investigation has been financed by a \$2,500 loan from a bank since about 48 hours after the story was revealed in the newspapers.'

"A reporter quipped, 'Are you expecting a contribution from the Central Intelligence Agency?' This referred to recent disclosures that the CIA has contributed substantially to organizations such as the National Student Association.

'No,' laughed GARRISON, 'but I'm expecting some from the FBI.'

"GARRISON, for the first time, admitted that he had accepted some aid from Life Magazine in developing his case. 'But our office initiated the investigation,' said GARRISON. He added other news media have also helped.

"You have my word of honor and promise,' continued GARRISON to the newsmen, 'I will give you the story when we make arrests. But it may be months away. We want to get jury verdicts and we are confident we will.'

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"During GARRISON's second impromptu press conference in the Shell Oil Company bldg., the district attorney made the following additional comments, given in part here, in narrative form:

'We know what cities were involved, we know how it was done, in the essential respects; we know the key individuals involved, and we are in the process of developing evidence now. I thought I made that clear days ago.

'On the other hand though, that does not mean any arrests are imminent. There are some individuals that I would like to arrest now, some that I know . . . will be around to arrest later. I have to take the risk that they will stay around because you can develop a better case if you prolong arrests until you can have the whole group of key individuals.

'Now I may have contributed to some misunderstanding about imminence because I am so darn tired I guess I snap at some reporters who keep questioning me, and they said, "will arrests be imminent?" and I said no, they'll be maybe in the next 30 years.

SIDESTEPS QUESTION

'Sorry, it won't take that long but they're not that imminent because we're now building a case, and I might add, it's a case we will not lose. And anybody that wants to bet against us is invited to, but they will be disappointed.'

"Asked if he believes that OSWALD did not shoot President KENNEDY, GARRISON replied: 'I don't want to get involved in speculations as to individuals, but I will say

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that there's no question about the fact that there was a plot and there were a number of individuals involved, and we will make arrests based on that and we will make charges based on that and we will obtain convictions based on that.'

"Asked again if OSWALD was involved, the district attorney answered, 'I can't answer that.'

"Questioned about the initiation of the plot, GARRISON said there 'were several plots, and a change of course did occur. Now, that's more that I wanted to say.'

"Replying to a question as to whether FERRIE's death will hamper the investigation, GARRISON stated, 'No, no, it created a problem as to time because I think Mr. FERRIE possibly would have . . . told us in time, but I'm not going to pretend that it entered the case.'

OTHER SUICIDES

"'You know I could say, well, we had a great case but it ended here, but I'm not going to say that. We're building a case that is not going to be ended by the death of anyone.'

"Asked if he feels there is a possibility that other principals in the investigation may be killed or may commit suicide, he replied, 'I think that there will probably be other suicides, yes.'

"Locally, GARRISON is known to have considered a theory that a group of anti-Castroites had been plotting to assassinate Cuban Prime Minister FIDEL CASTRO. The group then later changed its target to President KENNEDY.

"When GARRISON said there had been 'several plots,' it was believed that this plan was one he had in mind.

"One aspect of the theory was that OSWALD was to have been the gunman in the CASTRO plot which supposedly collapsed when he failed to enter Cuba.

"When the accused Presidential assassin was denied entry to Cuba, the target was switched to KENNEDY, according to the theory."

NO 89-69

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Source: New Orleans Times Picayune
by EDGAR POE

Date: February 25, 1967

To Whom: Senator RUSSELL B. LONG

By Whom: JAMES GARRISON

Newspaper:

Name: Times Picayune

Date: February 25, 1967

Page: Three .

"The text of Sen. Long's statement pertaining to the Garrison investigation follows:

'Sometime during the month of October, 1966, about five months ago, I was with Mr. Garrison on an airplane from New Orleans to New York. During the trip we discussed at some length my theory that someone besides Lee Harvey Oswald might have been involved in the assassination of President Kennedy. Jim Garrison examined me in very searching detail about this matter, and he subsequently told me that as a result of our conversation, he had decided to reopen his investigation on the subject.

'He had previously arrested a suspect, a person who he thought might know something about the matter, but he had turned the man loose when the news media had released information indicating that Lee Harvey Oswald had acted alone. When I saw Mr. Garrison from time to time during the succeeding months, he reported each time he was making progress and that in due course he expected to have an announcement and that he expected arrests would be made.'"

Source: New Orleans States Item
by JACK WARDLAW

Date: February 25, 1967

NO 89-69
/cs

To Whom: New Orleans States Item
By Whom: JAMES GARRISON
Newspaper:
Name: New Orleans States Item
Date: February 25, 1967
Edition: Final
Page: One

"Garrison, however, says, 'I have no reason to believe Oswald killed anybody on Nov. 22, 1963.'

"The DA says he has solved the assassination case and promises arrests and convictions. But the timetable for these actions has ranged all the way from a few weeks away to 30 years, depending on which statement of Garrison's you read. He later said he was joking about the 30 years.

"Ironically, the person least happy about all the attention is Garrison, according to his own public statements.

"When the story first broke, he refused to confirm or deny it. Two days later he acknowledged the probe was under way, and castigated the States-Item for revealing it, complaining that the 'premature publicity' had slowed down his investigation.

"He said that instead of having arrests within 'a few weeks' it would now be 'a few months.'

"Garrison said, 'Anyone who says I had seen that story before it was published is a liar.'

"That story' is the original story published Feb. 17 by the States-Item. The fact is that a reporter showed him a copy of the story the previous day. He looked at the first page, threw it down and said: 'I will not comment on this. I refuse to confirm or deny it.'
