

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson	_____
DeLoach	_____
Mohr	_____
Bishop	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
Felt	_____
Gale	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holmes	_____
Gandy	_____

TO : Mr. DeLoach *DL*

DATE: April 4, 1967

FROM : A. Rosen *AR*

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach
- 1 - Mr. Loetterle
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY NOVEMBER 22, 1963 DALLAS, TEXAS

PURPOSE: To advise that Robert Clayton Buick, convicted bank robber, claims he has information concerning the assassination but will not disclose it without receiving certain considerations including release from custody and transportation to Mexico where he intends to become a citizen. Buick indicated he might write to Director, the President and Attorney General.

BACKGROUND: On 2/8/66, Robert Clayton Buick was identified in the armed robbery of a Monterey Park, California, savings and loan association. Investigation indicated he was probably responsible for a series of similar robberies in the Los Angeles area. After being designated a Top Ten fugitive, he was apprehended in El Paso, Texas, 3/29/66. During investigation to locate him it was learned that he had lived in various cities in Mexico and in San Juan, Puerto Rico, had been a bullfighter, and operated a marble importing business in Mexico City and San Diego, California.

On April 20, 1966, he was indicted by a Federal grand jury on charges involving armed robbery of 22 Federally insured savings and loan associations in Southern California between July, 1961, and February, 1966. Pleading not guilty, he was tried and convicted on three counts of bank robbery being sentenced on December 9, 1966, to 20 years custody of the Attorney General. His attorney has indicated intent to appeal.

Prior to his trial, Buick wrote several letters to the U. S. Attorney, Los Angeles, requesting a conference to discuss an issue which "pertains to Dallas." One letter referred also to a secondary issue which he described as the "John C. Meyer incident," suggesting that contact be made with "Walter Jenkins at the Madison Hotel, Washington, D. C., perhaps U. S. Senator John R. McCullen and Arkansas State Senator Byron Hurst." Buick suggested that not to "sit in counsel" with him might force him to "create utter international chaos."

Enclosures *sent 4-5-67*

VFL:blw *tlw*
(8)

CONTINUED - OVER

Loetterle
Walt
Sik

Memorandum Rosen to DeLoach

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

An Assistant U. S. Attorney, accompanied by subject's attorney, endeavored to discuss the matter with Buick but Buick refused, indicating he would talk only with the U. S. Attorney, a Federal judge or Chief Justice Warren. The trial judge refused to grant a private audience to Buick and in view of the impending trial no further discussions were had with Buick.

In the period following his trial, additional letters were directed by Buick to the U. S. Attorney and following receipt of a telephone call from Buick, Assistant U. S. Attorney Richard M. Coleman, after consulting with Buick's attorney, agreed to meet with Buick. Coleman had received information that Buick, in a letter to his wife, made reference to the "news from New Orleans" saying "it adds perfectly well" with what he has.

On 3/23/67, Assistant U. S. Attorney Coleman and a U. S. Secret Service Agent met with Buick, who endeavored to discuss matters pertaining to his trial. Assistant U. S. Attorney Coleman refused stating they were present to discuss information Buick claimed to have concerning the assassination. Buick refused stating he would not discuss it unless both matters could be discussed. The interview was then terminated.

On 3/24/67, Buick telephonically contacted the Los Angeles Office stating he was writing to the President with copies for the Attorney General, the Director and the U. S. Attorney, and he inquired as to whether his letters would be censored. Buick was advised that the FBI had no control over jail regulations.

Review of psychiatric reports on Buick disclose that Buick in these interviews also indicated he had information concerning the assassination. One psychiatrist reported "this defendant is playing a very skillful game of trying to convey the impression that he has valuable information but is unable to divulge it except to such people as the Chief Justice of the United States. He has the typical effrontery of the sociopath."

ACTION: While there is no indication that Buick actually has pertinent information concerning the assassination other than his own vague allegations, he has indicated he will endeavor to correspond with the President, Attorney General, and Director. It is therefore recommended that information concerning Buick's allegations be furnished to the White House, the Attorney General and Secret Service. Appropriate communications transmitting this information are attached.

Rosen
P
-2-
CHAPMAN
H
AN
VW

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Shroder
- 1 - Mr. Raupach
- 1 - Mr. Loetterle
- April 3, 1967
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan

REC 45 106

62-109060-5032

*701
Malden, Higley
White House*

ROBERT CLAYTON BUICK

On April 20, 1966, Robert Clayton Buick was indicted by the Federal Grand Jury, Los Angeles, California, for violation of the Federal Bank Robbery Statute. These charges involved armed robberies of 22 Federally insured savings and loan associations in Southern California between July, 1961, and February, 1966. Pleading not guilty, Buick was tried and convicted and on December 9, 1966, in United States District Court at Los Angeles he received a sentence of 20 years. His attorney has indicated intent to appeal this sentence.

Investigation of Buick's activities prior to his apprehension on the bank robbery charges revealed that he had lived in various cities in Mexico, including Mexico City, Nogales, Juarez, and in San Juan, Puerto Rico. In these cities, Buick has fought in the bull ring as a bullfighter. Buick also owned and operated a marble importing business in Mexico City and San Diego, California.

Prior to his trial, Buick wrote several letters to the United States Attorney at Los Angeles requesting a conference to discuss an issue which he said "pertains to Dallas." Buick suggested that not to "sit in counsel" with him might force him to "create utter international chaos."

An Assistant United States Attorney, accompanied by Buick's attorney, endeavored to discuss this matter with him but Buick refused, indicating he would talk only with the United States Attorney, a Federal judge or Chief Justice Warren. The trial judge refused to grant a private audience to Buick and in view of the impending trial no further discussions were had with Buick.

Buick thereafter underwent psychiatric examination. The general conclusion of these examinations was that Buick was competent and responsible, even though perhaps sociopathic.

_____ reported that Buick indicated he had information relating to the possibility of other parties being involved in President Kennedy's assassination. _____ gave this account of Buick's

51 APR 20 1967
VFL:jall (15)

NOTE: See memo Rosen to DeLoach, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, 11/23/63, Dallas, Texas," VFL: blw 4/4/67.

JAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

NOTATION
ON ALL INFORMATION

on _____
to _____
by _____
for _____
at _____
on _____
of _____
Room _____
by _____
at _____
on _____

Handwritten initials and signatures

ROBERT CLAYTON BUICK

statement: "He (Buick) said that by a chance of fate he knew of the meeting which planned the assassination. He stated that it had been on his conscience as to whether he should disclose this to the United States authorities at the proper level. He said in response to questioning that there is no direct connection between the bank robberies and the assassination. He said that he has been to the big boy and that he has documentary proof and two witnesses who have fled to another country. He said that he believes they could be reached 'if they are still healthy.' He said 'I'm an extreme idealist. My admiration for President Kennedy was very high. I would do almost anything, even if it meant my life to have the truth known.'"

[REDACTED] concluded: "As a result of my examination it is my opinion that his alleged information may be real and of some importance or possibly fictitious; however, I doubt if it is delusional or hallucinatory in character."

[REDACTED] in his psychiatric report of Buick diagnosed Buick to be a sociopathic personality and stated: "Subject admittedly tries to manipulate and 'deal' in his reportedly having dismissed his attorney, which he did not intend and in threatening to protract proceedings by calling many witnesses. His attempts to involve supposed knowledge of President Kennedy's assassination in his case appears to be also an attempt to manipulate, consistent with his personality type."

[REDACTED] in his psychiatric report of Buick stated: "This defendant is playing a very skillful game of trying to convey the impression that he has valuable information but he is unable to divulge it except to such people as the Chief Justice of the United States. He has the typical effrontery of the sociopath."

In the period following his trial, additional letters were directed by Buick to the United States Attorney and following receipt of a telephone call from Buick, Assistant United States Attorney Richard M. Coleman, after consulting with Buick's attorney, agreed to meet with Buick. Coleman had also received information that Buick, in a letter to his wife, made reference to the "news from New Orleans" saying, "it adds perfectly well" with what he has.

ROBERT CLAYTON BUICK

On March 23, 1967, Assistant United States Attorney Coleman and a United States Secret Service agent met with Buick. Buick promptly endeavored to discuss matters pertaining to his bank robbery trial alleging that there were irregularities in the conduct of his case. Mr. Coleman informed Buick that he was there to discuss information Buick allegedly possessed concerning the assassination and that the matters relating to his trial should be raised by appropriate procedures on appeal. Buick responded that there were other ways of dealing with these matters and that steps were being taken south of the border to obtain citizenship for him. Buick indicated he would not furnish the information he had concerning the assassination unless Coleman would guarantee his release from custody and transportation to Mexico. Mr. Coleman informed Buick that he was not empowered to make any deal but that he was there for the sole purpose of hearing the information he claimed to have concerning the assassination if he (Buick) wished to talk about it. Buick, however, refused to discuss the information on this basis, whereupon the interview was terminated.

On March 24, 1967, Buick telephonically contacted the Los Angeles Office stating he was writing to the President with copies for the Attorney General, the FBI Director and the United States Attorney, and he inquired as to whether his letters would be censored. Buick was advised that the FBI had no control over jail regulations.

FBI

Date: 4/5/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
ATTENTION: GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION,
CRIMINAL SECTION

FROM: SAC, DENVER (62-2289) (RUC)

RE: BURAL FRANCES KESSENS;
JOHN CLINTON
MISCELLANEOUS -
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re San Francisco airtel to the Bureau dated 3/13/67.

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of an LHM entitled JOHN CLINTON. The LHM contains results of investigation to locate CLINTON as conducted by SA DAVID R. STRUCK.

Enclosed for Boston is one copy of instant LHM, as well as one copy of Phoenix airtel to the Bureau dated 2/14/67; Bureau airtel to Phoenix dated 2/21/67, and one copy of LHM dated 3/7/67, entitled JOHN CLINTON.

Enclosed for Phoenix is one copy of instant LHM for information.

LEADS:

BOSTON DIVISION

AT BROCKTON, MASSACHUSETTS

- 3- Bureau (Encl. 6) ENCLOSURE
- 2- Boston (Encl. 4)
- 1- Phoenix (Encl. 1)
- 1- Denver
- DRS:mdd
- (7)

*cc LHM to USSS
+ Dept 7/27/67
FWR*

REC-41 62-109060-5033

12 APR 6 1967

*1 cc LHM
LMS 726*

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

M

Per _____

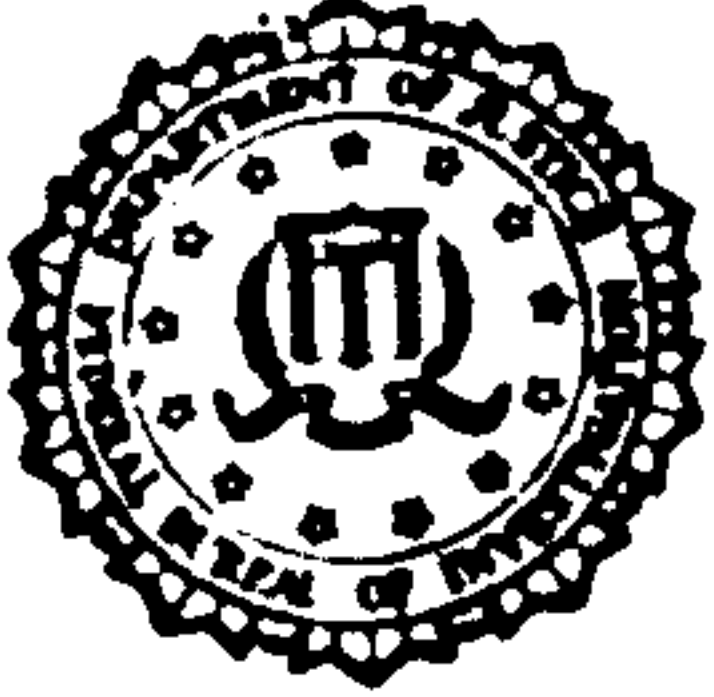
51 MAY 11 1967

BLANK

DN 62-2289

Will make inquiry at Veterans Administration Hospital regarding CLINTON, whose medical file was forwarded there from VA Hospital, Sheridan, Wyoming 1/24/67. He has file number 20288312. Will determine reason for CLINTON's hospitalization and if he has any history of mental illness. Will see if his present whereabouts is known, and if so, set out leads to have him interviewed in accordance with Bureau airtel of 2/21/67.

Will submit results of investigation by LHM with copies to Phoenix for information.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Denver, Colorado
April 5, 1967

JOHN CLINTON

On March 30, 1967, R. L. Wilson, Chief of Police, Sheridan, Wyoming, advised that his files contain no record identifiable with John Clinton. Chief Wilson stated that he knows of no recent buildings in the Town of Sheridan that have burned, where there was a possible arsonist involved. Chief Wilson further stated that he has no knowledge of any vehicles having been recovered in Sheridan, Wyoming, that were registered to an individual or individuals in San Francisco, California.

On March 30, 1967, [REDACTED] Veterans Administration Hospital, Fort McKenzie, Sheridan, Wyoming, advised that his records reflect that John Clinton was discharged from that hospital on January 4, 1967. [REDACTED] stated that there is no reason indicated in Clinton's file for his discharge. [REDACTED] stated that Clinton listed the address of his nearest relative as 124 West Field Road, West Newton, Massachusetts, which is the address of Clinton's mother. [REDACTED] stated that Clinton's medical records had been forwarded to the Veterans Administration Facility at Brockton, Massachusetts, on January 24, 1967. *Calif*

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

COPIES DESTROYED

4 4 JAN 15 1973

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1 7 100-100-5033

5033

FBI

Date: 4/10/67

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (89-43)(P)
SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
11/22/63, DALLAS, TEXAS,
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING

OO - DALLAS

Re Bureau teletype to Dallas dated 3/24/67; Dallas teletypes to Bureau dated 3/28; 4/10/67.

In an attempt to locate any background information or location regarding JOHN SUTTON or PAUL BRIDEWELL aka Phil Burns, the following individuals were contacted unsuccessfully on 3/27, 28/67:

The following investigation was conducted by SA JAMES W. ANDERTON:

AT DALLAS, TEXAS

- EDDIE BARKER, Managing Editor, KRLD Radio and Television Station;
- DOROTHY FENSKE, Personnel, WFAA Radio and Television Station;
- JACK HARRISON, Chief Announcer, KRLD;
- MITCHELL LEWIS, Director, KLIF Radio Station;
- Mrs. J. R. LEWIS, Personnel, KBOX Radio Station;
- Mrs. J. T. TRENARY, Manager, Dallas Press Club;
- Mrs. JOHN DAVENPORT, Personnel, KIXL Radio Station;

- 3 - Bureau
- 1 - El Paso (Info)
- 1 - Philadelphia (Info)
- 2 - Dallas
- JWA:pw
- (7)

REC 22

EX-103

62-109060-5034

SEARCHED SERIALIZED INDEXED

APR 12 1967

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

77 APR 14 1967

Wick

Handwritten initials/signature

DL 89-43

Mr. JOHN LOWE, Program Director, WRR Radio Station;
Mr. JOHN LINTON, Federal Communications Commission;
Operator 28, Credit Bureau Services, Inc.;
JOHN VICKERY, Identification Bureau, Dallas Police
Department;
Miss SANDRA BOBO, Unpaid Traffic Tickets, Dallas
Police Department;
Mrs. J. R. KNIGHT, Paid Traffic Tickets, Dallas
Police Department;
Deputy Sheriff J. H. KITCHING, Dallas County
Sheriff's Office, Identification Division;
Mrs. J. R. COLLINS, WFAA Radio and Television
Station (Personnel Department of Advertising
Section);
Mrs. L. E. SHELTON, Credit Department, Lone Star
Gas Company.

In addition to above, BOB METZ, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, advised it would be impossible to determine any background concerning a subscriber during the year 1963 inasmuch as records maintained by his company are set up according to the telephone number in possession of the subscriber at that time and not alphabetically.

In addition to the above, all directories for the Greater Dallas area were checked for the years 1960 through 1966 without locating any reference to the above individuals.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson	_____
DeLoach	_____
Wick	<u>Wick</u>
Casper	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
Felt	_____
Gale	_____
Rosen	<u>Rosen</u>
Sullivan	<u>Sullivan</u>
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holmes	_____
Gandy	_____

TO : Mr. Wick

DATE: 3-24-67

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: "THE DEATH OF A PRESIDENT"
BY WILLIAM MANCHESTER

SYNOPSIS

The New York Office has obtained from Harper & Row an advance copy of captioned book which will be officially released April 7th. Book is lengthy (647 pages of text; 710 pages total). Contains appendices, chronology of events for period November 20-25, 1963, source materials utilized by Manchester, identities of persons interviewed by author, maps and index. Key portions of book previously serialized in Look Magazine. Book deals with events surrounding assassination of President Kennedy; not subsequent investigation. Reflects tremendous amount of work and compilation by Manchester. FBI mentioned frequently, but does not play prominent role in narrative. Major comments about FBI previously publicized in Look series. For example, the comment that the Director did not send Attorney General Robert Kennedy a letter of condolence and that the Director's attitude was one of "no compassion;" a so-called favorite joke of President Kennedy in which Kennedy would state that the three most overrated things in the world were the State of Texas, the FBI and whatever else came to mind; that President Johnson applied a prod to the FBI to get the Dallas investigation underway; that Johnson showed Ted Sorenson an FBI memo that the rulers of an unfriendly power had been hoping for Kennedy's death. The memo was too vague for serious consideration and Sorenson allegedly commented that it was "meaningless." (The Director did send Mr. Robert Kennedy a letter of condolence. In this connection Mr. Hoover has commented, "Manchester is a liar, but it is obvious he was fed this by RFK." In reference to the Sorenson incident, no such FBI memo could be identified by the Bureau). In evaluating the assassination, Manchester comments that Lee Harvey

62-111371-1
62-111371-2
62-111371-3

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-111371-

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach EX-114
- 1 - Mr. Wick
- FCS:jer (7)
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Miss Gandy

62 - 109060 - 5035

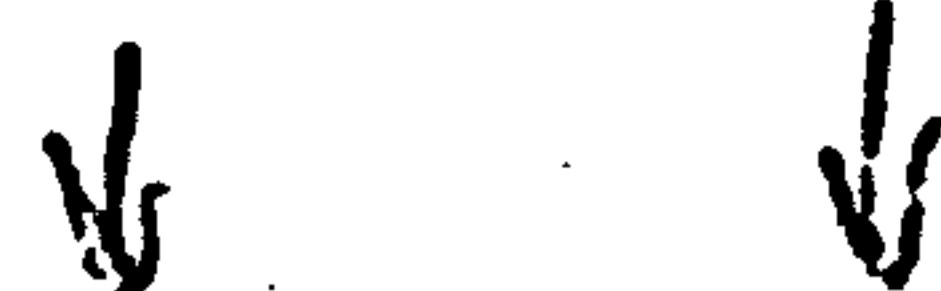
(Continued - Over)

9 APR 12 1967

APR 17 1967

M. A. Jones to Wick memo
RE: "The Death of a President"

Oswald's visit to Russia and subsequent behavior had brought him "under the active surveillance of the Federal Bureau of Investigation." Manchester adds that "one might have assumed that the seventy-five man FBI office in Dallas would have relayed word of his presence to the five-man Secret Service office there. Nothing of this sort happened." Manchester speculates on all the factors involved: "Conceivably the FBI and the Secret Service did do all that could have been done... Perhaps the blow could not have been averted. Perhaps it was hindsight to suggest otherwise." Toward the end of the book, Manchester comments that "the Secret Service had failed." Investigations of the assassination had begun but "the first steps were disquieting. The FBI assigned fifty agents to a crash study, wrote a skimpy report which dismissed thorny questions with the recurrent phrase 'There is no evidence' - and then leaked the report to a news magazine. The episode was a dismaying example of how threatened bureaucracies, turning a blind eye to the national interest, rise in defense of themselves." In general, Manchester approves of Warren Commission report, but has some reservations. "Although the conduct of the Secret Service, the FBI, and the Dallas police was found to have been less than admirable, they were handled gingerly, and corrective suggestions lacked clarity and force. Their subsequent fate was disheartening. J. Edgar Hoover, furious that his bureau should be criticized at all, protested so vehemently that the public overlooked the report's harsher censure of the Secret Service (which wisely laid low); by the time the Director had finished disciplining his Dallas agents, including the unfortunate Hosty, a great many newspaper readers had forgotten which agency had really been accountable for John Kennedy's safety." Relative to security of notables walking from White House to St. Matthew's Cathedral, Manchester mentions a "vague" warning received from the FBI that the "Director" was "concerned" and "advised against" the march. This warning angered Sargent Shriver who reportedly stated that all were concerned and one didn't have to be Director of FBI to know the march would be dangerous. "It's a ploy, so that if anybody gets shot the Director can say, 'I told you so.' It'd be a different story if he'd turned up hard proof that some famous gangster had taken an apartment on Connecticut Avenue, or if the best agent in the OGPU had checked in at Washington National. Then I'd have to do a double-take. But this is just a self-serving device." The Director, in an exchange of letters with Manchester in February,



M. A. Jones to Wick memo
RE: "The Death of a President"

1967, relative to the series in Look Magazine, commented that Manchester's "lack of research and irresponsible reporting in this instance (referring to comments on alleged failure to send note of condolence) are most disgusting." Over-all, book is long, full of many surmises and items of gossip, and is critical of Bureau in some instances.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

P *Wick* *✓* *J.S.* *ms*

Detail - CONTINUED OVER

↓ ↓

M. A. Jones to W. memo
RE: "The Death of a President"

DETAILS

BACKGROUND:

The Bureau has received through the New York Office an advance copy of William Manchester's book, "The Death of A President," which is to be published April 7, 1967. This book, which has been highly publicized, deals with the period of President Kennedy's assassination, November 20-November 25, 1963. Excerpts were previously published in Look Magazine. It is an extremely lengthy book (647 pages). It contains an Appendix, a list of source materials, maps pertaining to routes in Dallas and Washington and a diagram of the Presidential plane and an Index.

Mr. Hoover and the FBI are frequently mentioned. The major listings are being set forth below:

p. 32-33

Manchester speculates about Lee Harvey ^VOswald. Oswald's ravings stamp him as an "incoherent hater, nothing more. Looking for doctrine in them is like looking for bone in a polyp. Yet he had tried to defect, and both his conduct in Russia and his bizarre behavior after his return brought him under the active surveillance of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Inasmuch as the Bureau's handbook charged agents to be on the alert for information 'indicating the possibility of an attempt against the person or safety of the President,' one might have assumed that the seventy-five man FBI office in Dallas would have relayed word of his "Jim" presence to the five-man Secret Service office there. Nothing of the sort happened. His file was in the hands of FBI Agent James P. Hosty, Jr., a husky, thirty-five-year-old Notre Dame graduate and an outspoken admirer of John F. Kennedy. Since November 4, 1963, Hosty had known that Oswald was employed as a laborer in the Texas School Book Depository at the corner of Houston and Elm Streets. This warehouse provided the deadliest sniper's roost on the Presidential motorcade route, because the motorcade was scheduled to first zig and then zag directly beneath its windows. A gunman could size up the President's car as it approached the building from the front, wait until it pivoted sharply at his feet, and fire as it crept slowly out of the turn to his right. Hosty, however, didn't make the connection. He had received no official



notification of the route, and when local newspapers published a map of it, his sole concern was whether or not Jim Hosty would catch a glimpse of Kennedy. 'I noticed that it was coming up Main Street,' he said five months later. 'That was the only thing I was interested in, where maybe I could watch it if I had a chance.'"

U. S.

Manchester then goes on - talking about all the factors involved: "Conceivably the FBI and the Secret Service did do all that could have been done... Perhaps the blow could not have been averted. Perhaps it was hindsight to suggest otherwise."

• p. 119

Makes mention of Kennedy's "pet joke," the last line of which could be adapted to the occasion. It went: "The three most overrated things in the world are the state of Texas, the FBI, and hunting trophies."

p. 181

Immediately after the assassination virtual panic erupted at Parkland Hospital in Dallas. In one instance, "a tall man in a light gray speckled suit shouldered his way past her (Nurse Doris Nelson), shouting, 'I'm FBI!' He appeared violent, and Andy Berg, the closest agent (Secret Service), knocked him down. Sprawled on all fours the intruder gurgled, 'You're not in charge now. What's your name?' 'What's yours?' demanded Kellerman (Roy Kellerman, Secret Service), moving in. Credentials and commission books were whipped out; it turned out that the man really was from the Bureau's Dallas office, though his presence in the hospital was unauthorized. Dragging himself away, he protested, 'J. Edgar Hoover will hear about this!' Hoover did, and the unfortunate agent vanished into the limbo reserved for FBI men whose blunders embarrass the Director."

p. 192

Says that a United Press International Bulletin on the assassination went out from Dallas and that Mr. Hoover, along with other Government officials, learned about the news.



p. 195-196

Mr. Hoover is shown as calling the Attorney General's office. Mr. Robert Kennedy is not there and Mr. Hoover talks with Angie Novello, an assistant. The Director then calls Mr. Kennedy at the latter's home in Virginia. Kennedy was at his swimming pool. The Director advises that the President has been shot, and that he would call later when he learns more details.

p. 257

Mr. Hoover calls Attorney General Kennedy again. The Director had been on the phone with Gordon Shanklin, Special Agent in Charge of the Dallas office. "Until a moment ago he hadn't been learning much (he was among those who thought Parkland was called Lakeland), but the most important of the details which he had promised that he would endeavor to get had just come through." Mr. Hoover said that the President was dead, "snappily and hung up."

"He expressed no compassion; he did not seem to be upset. His voice, as the Attorney General recalled afterward, was 'not quite as excited as if he were reporting the fact that he had found a Communist on the faculty of Howard University.' Ordinarily garrulous, he had suddenly turned curt with his superior. It would be charitable to attribute the swift change to the stresses of that afternoon. Yet although Bob Kennedy continued in the Cabinet for over nine months, Hoover, whose office was on the same floor, never walked over to offer his condolences. One of his assistants wrote Kennedy a moving letter, and the agents in the FBI's crime squad sent him a message of sympathy, but their Director, unlike the Director of the CIA, remained sphinxlike. He did speak to Bob one day when they happened to enter the Justice Department together, and he accepted a Christmas gift from him, a pair of cufflinks bearing the Justice seal, but those were their only contacts. It was his brittle consistency which made Hoover unique."

p. 287

Mention is made that Dallas District Attorney Henry M. Wade's assistant, William F. "Bill" Alexander prepared to charge Oswald with murdering the President "as part of an international Communist conspiracy." However, Nicholas Katzenbach persuaded two members of the Vice President's Washington staff to have their Texas contacts kill it. A footnote at this point reads: "Shanklin of the FBI was especially helpful in aborting Alexander's folly."

p. 405

On Friday, November 22, 1963, after the Presidential plane had returned to Washington with the coffin, Mr. Johnson is in the White House. At 7:25 p.m., he called Mr. Hoover. "The Director was home. Unaware that regular programs had been suspended, he had waited until seven o'clock before turning his television on, thinking to catch NBC's nightly newscast on Channel 4. He was watching a rerun of Kennedy's October 22, 1962, missile speech and wondering whether this was the best Huntley and Brinkley could do when the phone rang. His old neighbor said he wanted a complete FBI report on the assassination. Depressing the receiver, Hoover called his office, ordering a special assistant and thirty agents to Dallas."

p. 432

Mention is made that an autopsy made at the Bethesda Naval Hospital: "...the metal from Oswald's bullet was turned over to the FBI."

pp. 457-459

A discussion of the Dallas situation relative to plans for convicting Oswald. Manchester comments that the publicity relative to Oswald and the so-called evidence possessed by law enforcement made responsible lawyers wince - that their comments to the press and television would make their legal case weak. In this connection, Manchester states: "...and when the FBI informed Chief Curry that its handwriting experts had identified the calligraphy on Klein's American Rifleman coupon as Oswald's, Curry revealed the details at a televised press conference. J. Edgar Hoover was furious. The Director called Dallas and warned that there must be no further discussion of FBI evidence in public. Curry admired Hoover and proudly displayed a signed photograph of him on his office wall."

p. 472

Mention is made that Johnson was extremely aggressive in ordering things done. Manchester mentions the new President "fenced sharply with the soft-spoken but immovable Nick Katzenbach over whether the assassination should be investigated by a federal or state board of inquiry; he applied the Johnsonian prod to J. Edgar Hoover, who by now was dispatching fleets of agents to Love Field...."



p. 481

The President and Ted Sorenson confer. The President asked whether Sorenson felt any foreign government might be involved in the assassination, and Sorenson questioned, "Do you have any evidence?" "The answer was that there were no hard facts. Johnson showed him an FBI memo advising him that the rulers of an unfriendly power had been hoping for Kennedy's death. The report was too hazy for serious consideration. There were no names or facts, and the name of the FBI's informant was in code. 'Meaningless,' said Sorenson, handing it back. The President said nothing."

p. 520

Manchester says that in both Kennedy's assassination and Oswald's murder "two vivid threads are evident: warnings of disaster had come from responsible sources, and peace officers, in weighing them, had miscalculated gravely." He then goes on to make the following mention of the FBI: "Actually, the Dallas Police Department's original plan had been to move Oswald at ten o'clock Saturday evening, and J. Edgar Hoover, among others, had retired under the impression that it was being carried through. At 2:15 a. m. Sunday, Hoover's Dallas office began receiving anonymous telephone calls threatening the prisoner's life. The Dallas FBI urged a 3 a. m. transfer - in vain."

p. 528

Manchester comments that after Oswald's murder by Ruby just about everyone thought the assassination actually was a conspiracy. "Indeed, the more a man knew about conspirators, the firmer his conviction was. In the West Wing lobby a Secret Service agent watched Ruby disappear and muttered tightly, 'That was the messenger.' Independently of one another the (Secret) Service, the CIA, and J. Edgar Hoover all assumed a previous link between Ruby and Oswald."

p. 560

For the funeral at St. Matthew's Cathedral were large numbers of security men of all types"...there were squads of FBI agents and the pick of the CIA...."



pp. 574-575

The discussion here centers on the walk of the notables from the White House to St. Matthew's Cathedral. A number of warnings of possible trouble were received - from the RCMP, the FBI and the CIA. "The RCMP had 'received information' that an unidentified French Canadian with an unidentified grievance was heading south to shoot General DeGaulle. The FBI was even vaguer: 'The Director' was 'concerned' and 'advised against' the march. This was too much for Sargent Shriver. Once more the precise businessman was confronted by the gray custard of bureaucracy, and once more he recoiled, emitting sparks. 'That's just ridiculous,' he snapped. 'We're all concerned. You don't have to be the Director of the FBI to know it's going to be dangerous - even the White House doorman knows that. It's a ploy, so that if anybody gets shot the Director can say, 'I told you so.' It'd be a different story if he'd turned up hard proof that some famous gangster had taken an apartment on Connecticut Avenue, or if the best agent in the OGPU had checked in at Washington National. Then I'd have to do a double-take. But this is just a self-serving device.'"

pp. 630-631

Mrs. Kennedy is now leaving the White House and Manchester does some summarizing. He comments that the President pinned the Treasury's highest award on Rufe Youngblood, the Secret Service agent, while, at Mrs. Kennedy's insistence Secretary Dillon also decorated Clint Hill of the Secret Service. He adds that these ceremonies left an undercurrent of dissatisfaction in much of official Washington. "The central fact was that the Secret Service had failed, and there was feeling that the first reaction ought to have been one of collective shame and not of pride in exceptional men - that the medals should have followed investigation of the failure. Investigations had begun, of course, but here, too, the first steps were disquieting. The FBI assigned fifty agents to a crash study, wrote a skimpy report which dismissed thorny questions with the recurrent phrase 'There is no evidence' - and then leaked the report to a news magazine. The episode was a dismaying example of how threatened bureaucracies turning a blind eye to the national interest, rise in defense of themselves."

continued



In general, Manchester approves of the Warren Commission report. "The Commission had met its mandate. Oswald was correctly identified as the assassin; the absence of a cabal was established." However, he has some reservations. "The treatment of related questions was less satisfactory. This was especially true of the findings on Presidential protection. Although the conduct of the Secret Service, the FBI, and the Dallas police was found to have been less than admirable, they were handled gingerly, and corrective suggestions lacked clarity and force. Their subsequent fate was disheartening. J. Edgar Hoover, furious that his bureau should be criticized at all, protested so vehemently that the public overlooked the report's harsher censure of the Secret Service (which wisely laid low); by the time the Director had finished disciplining his Dallas agents, including the unfortunate Hosty, a great many newspaper readers had forgotten which agency had really been accountable for John Kennedy's safety."

In the source section of the book, Manchester mentions that he had interviews with the Director, Mr. DeLoach and Agent Hosty. File 62-111371 reflects that he talked to Mr. Hoover and Mr. DeLoach at the Bureau. On September 24, 1964, (the date Manchester lists for interview with Hosty), he called the Dallas Office and asked to speak with Hosty, without previously identifying himself. Manchester asked several questions, but Hosty said he was not in a position to answer.

OBSERVATIONS:

Manchester's book is a massive compilation of facts, surmises and suppositions. It is tremendously wordy. Already, even before publication, it is a controversial book and will probably continue to be. Manchester makes snide and critical remarks about the FBI and sometime reports information which is completely at variance with the facts, such as the comment that Mr. Hoover did not send a letter of condolence to Mr. Robert Kennedy. In an exchange of letters with Manchester in February, 1967, relative to Manchester's comments about this matter, Mr. Hoover stated: "Frankly, your lack of research and irresponsible reporting in this instance are most disgusting, and I have no alternative but to believe you have set forth a deliberate falsehood specifically designed to malign my reputation." The Look



3

3

serialization earlier this year contained most of the comments about the FBI which have been outlined above. Manchester is quick to be critical and obviously has interviewed more of the Kennedy than the Johnson people, inasmuch as the book was originally commissioned by the Kennedy family.

The book is being maintained in the Crime Research Section (in the Bureau library).

[Handwritten mark]

W.

✓

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Ad 2

Tolson	✓
DeLoach	✓
Mohr	✓
Bishop	✓
Casper	✓
Callahan	✓
Conrad	✓
Felt	✓
Gale	✓
Rosen	✓
Sullivan	✓
Tavel	✓
Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Holmes	✓
Gandy	✓

J. M. B.

TO : Mr. Wick

DATE: 3-28-67

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: "THE DEATH OF A PRESIDENT"
BY WILLIAM MANCHESTER

By memorandum dated March 24, 1967, the captioned book was reviewed in which it was pointed out that, among other things, Manchester had charged that immediately after President Kennedy's assassination the FBI had assigned fifty agents to a crash investigation, wrote a "skimpy report," and then "leaked the report to a news magazine." Relative to the "leak," Mr. Tolson has asked, "What about this?"

A review of our files reflects that the Bureau's first report was completed on December 9, 1963. Through Deputy Attorney General Katzenbach, copies were sent to members of the Warren Commission, the Department of Justice and the Secret Service. In a memorandum from Mr. DeLoach to Mr. Mohr on that date it was pointed out that the Bureau told Mr. Katzenbach that it was "charging him with the safety and handling of these reports inasmuch as we have discharged our duties, other than the continuing investigation."

Manchester, in making his leak charge, is manufacturing a falsehood. This is consistent with the other snide and inaccurate remarks in his book about the FBI. The FBI did not leak the results of its investigation and did everything it could to maintain the security of its reports. Of course, the press was full of all kinds of speculation as to what the FBI was or was not finding in its investigation. Manchester offers no proof of his allegation which is just a wild statement on his part.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Wick

FCS:klg

REC-72 EX-110
62-109060-5036

see is on report at this.

APR 12 1967

APR 17 1967

The Attorney General

April 10, 1967

Director, FBI

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS
NOVEMBER 22, 1963

Reference is made to previous communications which we have furnished to you in captioned matter.

Attached is a copy of a memorandum dated April 4, 1967, at Washington, D. C., which sets forth additional information we have received concerning Soviet reaction to the assassination of the late President Kennedy.

Additional pertinent information concerning this matter that comes to our attention will be promptly furnished to you.

Enclosure

62-109060

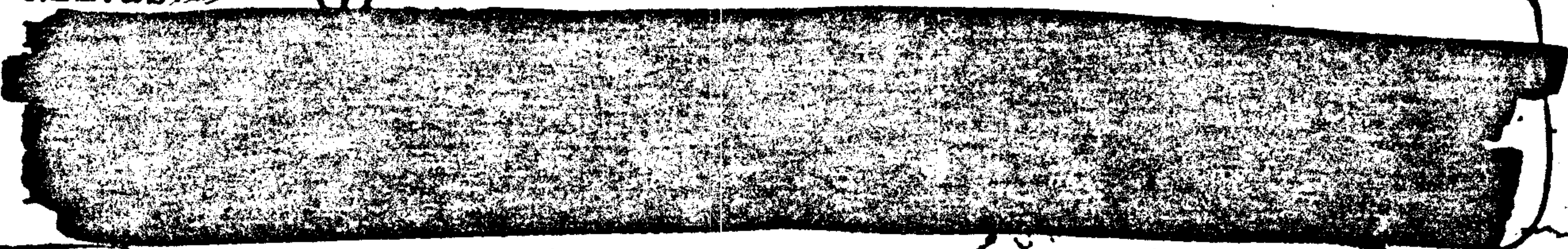
- 1 - Mr. Harold Barefoot Sanders, Jr. (Enclosure)
Assistant Attorney General
- 1 - Mr. Fred M. Vinson, Jr. (Enclosure)
Assistant Attorney General
- 1 - Mr. J. Walter Yeagley (Enclosure)
Assistant Attorney General

MAILER 2
APR 10 1967
COMM-FBI

REC-2 62-109060-5037

APR 10 1967

REL:asie (7)



- Tolson _____
- DeLoach _____
- Mohr _____
- Wick _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- Felt _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____

SECRET

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

56 APR 19 1967

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

CLASSIFYING

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Wick
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Branigan

April 7, 1967

BY LIAISON

- 1 - Mr. Raupach
- 1 - Mr. Lenihan

Mrs. Mildred Stegall
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mrs. Stegall:

We have previously furnished to you information we have received in connection with the investigation of the assassination of the late President John Fitzgerald Kennedy which is being conducted by New Orleans District Attorney James C. Garrison.

There is enclosed a memorandum dated April 5, 1967, which sets forth information we have received from

~~_____ who has been in recent contact with New Orleans District Attorney James C. Garrison.~~

~~_____~~
This data was furnished to us on a highly confidential basis with the request that this information be held closely.

I thought this information would be of interest to the President. Additional pertinent information concerning this matter that comes to our attention will be furnished to you.

This data is also being furnished to the Attorney General.

Sincerely yours,

APR 10 1967

ENCLOSURE

Delivered to Mildred Stegall
on 4/7/67

Enclosures - 2

REL:cls (9)

NOTE: See memorandum Branigan to Sullivan, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas," dated 5-4-67, prepared by REL:cls.

85 APR 25 1967

CLASSIFYING

- Tolson _____
- DeLoach _____
- Mohr _____
- Wick _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- Felt _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

Mrs. Mildred Stegall

NOTE:

See memorandum Branigan to Sullivan, captioned "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas," dated 4-5-67, prepared by REL:cls.

April 5, 1967

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

[REDACTED] was informed this Bureau that he recently was in contact with New Orleans District Attorney James C. Garrison [REDACTED]. According to this source, Garrison was completely candid with him and the source was quite positive that Garrison was leveling with him. The source furnished this information to us on a highly confidential basis and requested that the information furnished be closely held.

According to our source, Garrison has become obsessed with the assassination and the Warren Commission Report. Garrison's thesis is that the assassination of President Kennedy was masterminded by David William Ferrie and Clay Shaw. Garrison described Ferrie and Shaw as brilliant homosexuals who planned the assassination for "kicks." Garrison thinks Lee Harvey Oswald was the "decoy" and the "fall guy."

Our source advised that it was almost impossible to carry on a rational interview with Garrison. He stated that he would quiz Garrison about aspects of the New Orleans investigation and Garrison was unable to stay on the subject for more than a minute or two after which time he would wander off and start "damning" the Warren Commission Report. Our source believes that Garrison is sincere in his belief that the assassination plot was hatched in New Orleans but our source noted that Garrison is completely disorganized, is impulsive and obviously knows nothing about running an investigation.

Interviewed with [unclear] 4/5/67

[REDACTED]

- Tolson _____
- DeLoach _____
- Mohr _____
- Wick _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- Felt _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

62-109060

REL:as

W. 62-109060-5038
SEE NOTE PAGE THREE

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

ENCLOSURE

Red

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] sets forth details of Russo's identification of Clay Shaw. It is reported that Russo informed Sciambra that he saw Clay Shaw twice, one time at a service station and the second time at the Nashville Street Wharf. He gave no indication that he ever saw Clay Shaw at the apartment of David William Ferrie. It is to be noted that during the preliminary hearing of Clay Shaw in New Orleans on March 14, 1967, Russo claimed to have seen Clay Shaw, Lee Harvey Oswald and David William Ferrie in Ferrie's apartment in the Fall of 1963 at which time Shaw, Oswald and Ferrie allegedly plotted the assassination of President Kennedy.

[REDACTED] It is reported that Russo said if he were hypnotized, he may have total recall on names and places and dates. It is further reported that Russo said he had been hypnotized like this before and it had helped him to recall.

[REDACTED] Our source described Sciambra as a 31-year-old "oddball" who had just received his law degree. Our source stated that he quizzed Sciambra regarding the inconsistencies in Russo's statements as contrasted to what Russo testified to at Clay Shaw's preliminary hearing. According to our source, Sciambra was unable to resolve the inconsistencies and when our source asked him about his original notes taken [REDACTED] Sciambra claimed that he had burned them. It is our source's opinion that Sciambra is completely untrained and knows nothing about investigative matters.

3 3

**ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS, TEXAS**

Our source further advised that he questioned Garrison and Sciambra regarding the examination of Russo under hypnosis by Dr. Esmond A. Fatter, the private physician who is associated with the New Orleans Coroner's Office. Our source said he elicited information which indicated Dr. Fatter had led Russo along, had suggested answers to him and that it was obvious the whole session was a complete farce. Our source is convinced that Russo gave the story of a secret meeting in David William Ferrie's apartment under post-hypnotic suggestion.

Our source stated that as far as he is concerned, it was like a hypnotist telling a subject to bark like a dog while under hypnotic trance. Our source is of the opinion that Dr. Fatter is a charlatan through and through.

In conclusion, our source advised that after spending considerable time with Garrison, our source has reached the definite conclusion that Garrison's whole investigation is farcical and our source characterized Garrison's actions as a "goddamned atrocity."

NOTE:

See memorandum Branigan to Sullivan dated 4/5/67 in captioned matter REL:cls.

- Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Wick
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan

The Attorney General

April 7, 1967

Director, FBI

- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Raupach
- 1 - Mr. Lenihan

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963,
DALLAS, TEXAS

We have previously furnished to you information we have received in connection with the investigation of the assassination of the late President John Fitzgerald Kennedy which is being conducted by New Orleans District Attorney James C. Garrison.

There is enclosed a copy of a memorandum dated April 5, 1967, which sets forth information we have received from

[REDACTED] who has been in recent contact with New Orleans District Attorney James C. Garrison.

MAILER Z
APR 7 1967
COMM-FBI

[REDACTED]

Additional pertinent information concerning this matter that comes to our attention will be furnished to you.

This data is also being furnished to Mrs. Mildred Stegall at the White House

REC-14 62-109060-5039

Enclosures - 2

EX 109

11 APR 10 1967

62-109060

1 - Mr. Harold Barefoot Sanders, Jr. (Enclosures - 2)
Assistant Attorney General

1 - Mr. Fred M. Vinson, Jr. (Enclosures - 2)
Assistant Attorney General

1 - Mr. J. Walter Yeagley (Enclosures - 2)
Assistant Attorney General

- Tolson _____
- DeLoach _____
- Mohr _____
- Wick _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- Felt _____
- Gele _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

REL:cls (13)

NOTE: See memorandum Branigan to Sullivan, captioned as above, dated 4-5-67, prepared by REL:cls.

8 5 APR 25 1967

CLASSIFYING

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

FBI

Date: 4/6/67 REC 22

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Wick	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)
 FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (89-69)
 SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
 JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
 DALLAS, TEXAS
 11/22/63
 MISCELLANEOUS-INFO CONCERNING
 OO: DMLAS

Enclosed for the Bureau are 6 copies and for Dallas 2 copies of an LHM in captioned matter containing information furnished by Dean Andrews, an Attorney who has been indicted for perjury in connection with the investigation being conducted by DA JAMES GARRISON into the assassination of President KENNEDY.

3-Bureau (Encl. 6) (RM)
 2-Dallas (Encl. 2) (RM)
 2-New Orleans (Encl. 2) (RM)

ECF: mh
 (7)

REC 22

62-109060-5040

APR 8 1967

C. C. Wick

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

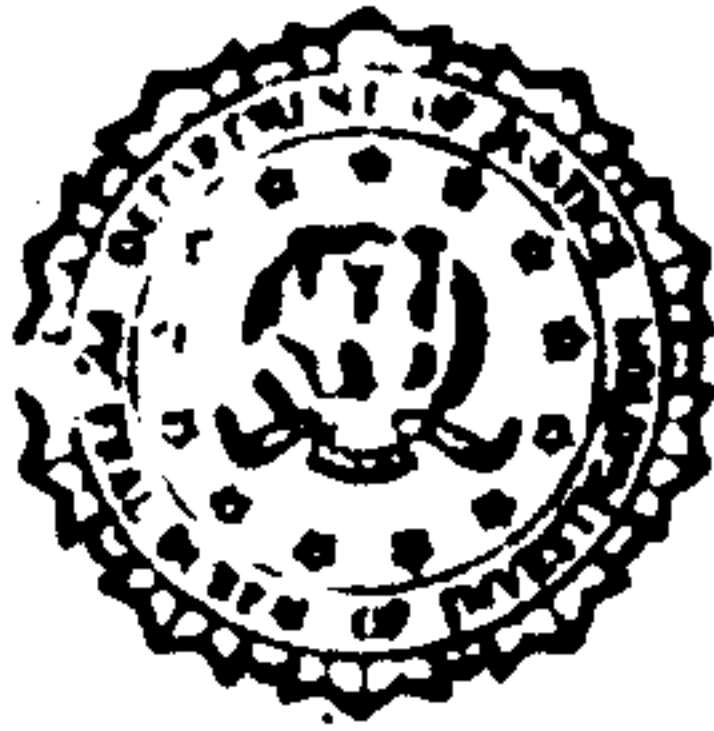
M _____

Per _____

AGENCY ACTION: _____
 DATE FOR: _____
 HOW FOR: _____
 BY: _____

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-12-367

100 LHM released 8/8 9.0 cl



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New Orleans, Louisiana
April 6, 1967

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963

Dean Andrews, Attorney, who has been indicted by the Orleans Parish Grand Jury for perjury in connection with Orleans Parish District Attorney Jim Garrison's investigation into the assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, voluntarily appeared at the New Orleans Office of the FBI, on April 6, 1967. Mr. Andrews stated that in connection with his preparation for his defense on the above-mentioned perjury charge, he desired to request all information in the files of the FBI on investigation conducted regarding Clay L. Shaw, David William Ferrie, Lewallen (Probably James Lewallen), Martens (Probably Layton Martens) and Jack Martin, as well as notes taken by Special Agents of the FBI during several interviews with Andrews.

Andrews stated he intends to call several people "on the hill" to obtain information necessary for the defense of his case, but did not disclose the identities of the persons he plans to call. Andrews voluntarily furnished the following information:

Andrews stated that District Attorney Jim Garrison is "a mental case" and is very near to "going over the deep end," and that Garrison's investigation is a fraud. Andrews alleged that unless a witness testifies the way Garrison wants the witness to testify, Garrison will "frame" the witness.

Andrews said that when he was first contacted by Garrison, he was convinced Garrison had something on the assassination of President Kennedy. Later, from conversations with Garrison, he became suspicious and, to test Garrison, he furnished the names Manuel Cortez, Ricardo Davis and Manuel Garcia Gonzales, which names are fictitious and names

ENCLOSURE

62-109060 -

5040

**Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY**

which he "plucked out of the air" because he does not know anyone by those names. Andrews stated that Garrison has located three persons with these names and now alleges that a Manuel Garcia Gonzales is one of the assassins of President Kennedy. Andrews claimed that Garrison showed him a pistol allegedly belonging to Manuel Garcia Gonzales and advised him that Gonzales had been arrested in Miami for carrying a concealed weapon.

Andrews stated that during several conversations Garrison mentioned the words "triangulation of gun fire" which are the same words mentioned by Perry Russo during his testimony in state court on Clay L. Shaw. Andrews said that Garrison believes the FBI is "bugging" his tele- phones and gave Andrews a code name and some telephone numbers to call in making contact with Garrison.

Andrews said that Garrison wants him to identify Clay L. Shaw as Clay Bertrand and also wants him to identify a picture of a Mexican, Cuban or Latin-type man standing beside David Ferric near an airplane, as a person who came to Andrews' office with Lee Harvey Oswald. Andrews stated that he cannot and will not do this and has so advised Garrison. Andrews claims that this is the reason why he was indicted for perjury by the Orleans Parish Grand Jury.

Andrews stated that Garrison's interest in Gordon Novel is to get Novel to tie Andrews with Clay Shaw which Novel has refused to do.

Andrews has alleged that Mrs. Jeff Hug, a former secretary of Clay L. Shaw, reportedly will testify that on several occasions, he (Andrews) visited Clay Shaw's office in the International Trade Mart and picked up envelopes containing money.

Andrews states Garrison got the idea of a conspiracy in connection with the assassination of President Kennedy from information furnished to him by Pascual Gongora, who claimed to be a member of one of six to eight assassination teams sent to the U. S. by Fidel Castro. Andrews advised

8 8

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

that Gongora is presently confined to the Creekmore Mental Hospital, Queens Long Island, New York. Andrews stated that in addition to this, Garrison has taken excerpts from the Warren Commission Report, "Rush to Judgment", "Whitewash", and "Invisible Government" and is attempting to build his conspiracy around these excerpts. Andrews stated that Garrison alleges there was an assassination camp across Lake Pontchartrain, which was operated by the Central Intelligence Agency to train assassins to send into Cuba. These assassins, after the camp was abandoned, were left to move around the area freely. Andrews said that Garrison is attempting to fill in the various parts of his plot with names of individuals, but is experiencing difficulty in finding names to fill the various portions of his plot. T-100

Andrews stated that during the hearing on Clay Shaw in state court, an individual named Julio Buznedo, was subpoenaed to appear at the hearing. Andrews said that Buznedo is a person Garrison will name as one of the assassins of President Kennedy. It is Garrison's contention that Buznedo is identical with the man in the photograph standing beside David Ferrie near an airplane. Garrison also alleges that Buznedo went to Dallas, Texas, at the time of the assassination in a panel truck used in the commission of the burglary of an ammunition bunker at Houma, Louisiana. This panel truck reportedly contained three rifles and was parked on a hill in Dallas near the scene of the shooting and Andrews is of the opinion that this is where Garrison gets the "triangulation of gunfire."

Andrews stated he is scheduled to appear in state court on April 7, 1967, in connection with the perjury charge against him and he feels that his case will be continued and he is certain that he will be re-indicted either as a conspirator in the assassination plot or on the perjury charge for the reason that the present affidavit and indictment on the perjury charge are faulty. Andrews stated he has received information that he is to be tried, convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for three years.

8 8

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY

Andrews stated that Garrison has to be "stopped" and that he intends to do everything in his power to show that Garrison's investigation is a fraud.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FBI WASH DC

REC-52

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Wick	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI NEW ORLS

320PM URGENT 4-6-67 DGK

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060) AND DALLAS (89-43)
FROM NEW ORLEANS (89-69) (6P)

Whitman
Stuffer
[Signature]
an

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS, NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, MISCELLANEOUS -
INFO CONCERNING, OO: DALLAS.

DEAN ANDREWS, ATTORNEY, WHO HAS BEEN INDICTED BY
ORLEANS PARISH GRAND JURY FOR PERJURY IN CONNECTION WITH
DISTRICT ATTORNEY JIM GARRISON'S INVESTIGATION INTO
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
VOLUNTARILY APPEARED AT NEW ORLEANS OFFICE TODAY. ANDREWS
STATED IN CONNECTION WITH PREPARATION OF HIS DEFENSE ON
ABOVE CHARGE HE REQUESTED ALL INFORMATION IN FILES OF FBI
ON INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED REGARDING CLAY L. SHAW, DAVID WILLIAM
FERRIE, LEWALLEN, MARTENS, AND JACK MARTIN, AS WELL
AS NOTES TAKEN BY AGENTS DURING INTERVIEW WITH ANDREWS.
ANDREWS WAS ADVISED INFORMATION COULD NOT BE FURNISHED HIM
BECAUSE OF CONFIDENTIAL NATURE OF FILES OF FBI, THAT NO
COMMENT COULD BE MADE REGARDING THIS MATTER AND THAT HIS

REC-52
62-109060-5041

17 APR 12 1967

END PAGE ONE

59 APR 19 1967

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

[Handwritten signature]

PAGE TWO

NO 89-69

REQUEST WOULD BE MADE KNOWN TO FBI HEADQUARTERS. ANDREWS STATED HE INTENDS TO CALL SEVERAL PEOPLE "ON THE HILL" TO OBTAIN INFORMATION NECESSARY FOR THE DEFENSE OF HIS CASE BUT DID NOT DISCLOSE IDENTITIES OF THESE PERSONS.

ANDREWS VOLUNTARILY FURNISHED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

ANDREWS STATED DISTRICT ATTORNEY GARRISON IS "A MENTAL CASE" AND IS VERY NEAR TO "GOING OVER THE DEEP END" AND THAT GARRISON'S INVESTIGATION IS A FRAUD. ANDREWS ALLEGED THAT UNLESS A WITNESS TESTIFIES THE WAY GARRISON WANTS THE WITNESS TO TESTIFY, GARRISON WILL FRAME THE WITNESS.

ANDREWS STATED WHEN FIRST CONTACTED BY GARRISON HE WAS CONVINCED GARRISON HAD SOMETHING ON THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. LATER FROM CONVERSATIONS, HE BECAME SUSPICIOUS AND TO TEST GARRISON FURNISHED THE NAMES MANUEL CORTIZ, RICARDO DAVIS AND MANUEL GARCIA GONZALES, WHICH NAMES ARE FICTITIOUS AND HE DOES ^{NOT} KNOW ANYONE BY THOSE NAMES. ANDREWS STATED GARRISON HAS LOCATED THREE PERSONS WITH THESE NAMES AND NOW ALLEGES THAT MANUEL GARCIA GONZALES

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

NO 89-69

IS ONE OF ASSASSINS. ANDREWS CLAIMS GARRISON SHOWED HIM A PISTOL, ALLEGEDLY BELONGING TO MANUEL GARCIA GONZALES AND ADVISED HIM THAT GONZALES WAS ARRESTED IN MIAMI FOR CARRYING CONCEALED WEAPON. ANDREWS STATES DURING CONVERSATIONS, GARRISON MENTIONED THE WORDS "TRIANGULATION OF GUNFIRE". GARRISON BELIEVES FBI IS "BUGGING" HIS TELEPHONES AND GAVE ANDREWS A CODE NAME AND SOME PHONE NUMBERS TO CALL IN MAKING CONTACT WITH GARRISON.

ANDREWS SAID GARRISON WANTS HIM TO IDENTIFY CLAY L. SHAW AS CLAY BERTRAND AND ALSO TO IDENTIFY A PICTURE OF A MEXICAN, CUBAN OR LATIN TYPE MAN STANDING BESIDE DAVID FERRIE NEAR AN AIRPLANE AS PERSON WHO CAME TO ANDREWS' OFFICE WITH LEE HARVEY OSWALD, WHICH ANDREWS STATES HE CANNOT AND WILL NOT DO.

ANDREWS STATED GARRISON'S INTEREST IN GORDON NOVEL IS TO GET NOVEL TO TIE ANDREWS WITH CLAY SHAW, WHICH NOVEL HAS REFUSED TO DO. ANDREWS ALLEGED THAT MRS. JEFF HUGG, A FORMER SECRETARY OF CLAY L. SHAW, REPORTEDLY WILL TESTIFY THAT ON SEVERAL OCCASIONS ANDREWS VISITED SHAW'S OFFICE IN

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

NO 89-69

INTERNATIONAL TRADE MART AND PICKED UP ENVELOPE CONTAINING MONEY.

ANDREWS STATES GARRISON GOT IDEA OF A CONSPIRACY IN CONNECTION WITH ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY FROM INFORMATION FURNISHED BY PASCUAL GONGORA, WHO CLAIMED TO BE A MEMBER OF ONE OF SIX TO EIGHT ASSASSINATION TEAMS SENT TO THE UNITED STATES BY FIDEL CASTRO. GONGORA PRESENTLY CONFINED CREEKMORE MENTAL HOSPITAL, QUEENS, LONG ISLAND, NEW YORK.

ANDREWS STATED GARRISON HAS TAKEN EXCERPTS FROM WARREN COMMISSION REPORT, RUSH TO JUDGMENT, WHITEWASH AN INVISIBLE GOVERNMENT AND ATTEMPTING TO BUILD CONSPIRACY AROUND THESE EXCERPTS. ANDREWS STATED GARRISON ALLEGES THERE WAS AN ASSASSINATION CAMP ACROSS LAKE PONTCHARTRAIN WHICH WAAS OPERATED BY CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY TO TRAIN ASSASSINS TO SEND INTO CUBA. THIS CAMP WAS LATER ABANDONED AND THE ASSASSINS WERE LEFT TO MOVE AROUND THE AREA FREELY.

END PAGE FOUR

8

8

PAGE FIVE

NO 89-69

ANDREWS STATED DURING HEARING ON CLAY SHAW, JULIO BUZNEDO WAS SUBPOENAED TO APPEAR AT THE HEARING. BUZNEDO IS A PERSON GARRISON WILL NAME AS ONE OF ASSASSINS OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. GARRISON CONTENDS BUZNEDO IS THE MAN IN THE PHOTOGRAPH STAND ING BESIDE DAVID FERRIE, NEAR AN AIRPLANE AND SUPPOSEDLY WENT TO DALLAS, TEXAS AT TIME OF ASSASSINATION IN PANEL TRUCK USED IN BURGLARY OF AMMUNITION BUNKER AT HOUMA, LA. THIS TRUCK REPORTEDLY CONTAINED THREE RIFLES AND WAS PARKED ON A HILL NEAR SCENE OF SHOOTING AND ANDREWS IS OF OPINION THIS IS WHERE GARRISON GETS THE "TRIANGULATION OF GUNFIRE".

ANDREWS STATED THAT HE IS TO APPEAR IN COURT ON APRIL SEVEN, SIXTYSEVEN, AND THAT HE FEELS CERTAIN THAT HE WILL BE RE-INDICTED EITHER AS A CONSPIRATOR IN THE ASSASSINATION PLOT OR RE-INDICTED ON THE PERJURY CHARGE FOR THE REASON THAT THE CURRENT AFFIDAVIT AND INDICTMENT ARE FAULTY. HE STATED HE HAS RECEIVED INFORMATION THAT HE IS TO BE CONVICTED AND SENTENCED TO THE PENITENTIARY FOR THREE YEARS. ANDREWS STATED THAT GARRISON HAS TO

END PAGE FIVE

PAGE, SIX

NO 89-69

BE STOPPED AND THAT HE INTENDS TO DO EVERYTHING IN HIS
POWER TO SHOW THAT GARRISON'S INVESTIGATION IS A FRAUD.

~~MCAD~~
LHM FOLLOWS.

END

LLD

FBI WASH DC

CC MR. BELMONT

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

REC-15

Tolson	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DeLoach	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mohr	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Bishop	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Casper	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Callahan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Conrad	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Felt	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Gale	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Rosen	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Sullivan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tavel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Trotter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tele. Room	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Holmes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Gandy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: April 7, 1967

W.C.S.

FROM : Mr. W. A. Branigan

*Be...
R. W. ...
J.M.H. 200*

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
NOVEMBER 22, 1963
DALLAS, TEXAS

On April 6, 1967, Mr. Frank Barnett, a member of the Standing Committee Against Communism of the American Bar Association, called you from New York. Mr. Barnett stated that he had received a call from an attorney friend, one Heywood Hiller, in Los Angeles.

R. W. ...

Hiller said he knows District Attorney James C. Garrison who is presently conducting his own probe of the assassination of the late President Kennedy. According to Hiller, Garrison is normally a decent individual, but he fears that Garrison has gone off the deep end in connection with his investigation of the assassination. According to Hiller, Garrison has now come under the influence of Mark Lane, the Warren Commission critic and author of the book "Rush to Judgment." Hiller stated that Lane is exerting an evil influence on Garrison and is trying to induce Garrison to come out and condemn anticommunist organizations for creating an atmosphere which made the assassination possible. Hiller told Barnett that he wished something could be done to make known to Garrison the procommunist background of Mark Lane.

Barnett advised you that he was furnishing this information to you solely for your information, and no comment was made to Barnett.

ST MARK

ACTION:

This is for record purposes. ✓

WAB:lag
(4)

REC-15

62-109060-5042

- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Lenihan

61 APR 19 1967

51

Memorandum

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

- 1 - Mr. DeLoach
- 1 - Mr. Wick

DATE: April 10, 1967

FROM : D. J. Brennan ✓

- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Raupach
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Lenihan
- 1 - Liaison
- 1 - Mr. Fitzgerald

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Wick	_____
Casper	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
Felt	_____
Gale	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holmes	_____
Gandy	_____

SUBJECT: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY NOVEMBER 22, 1963 DALLAS, TEXAS

This is to advise that Navy has developed information that a Marine Corps sergeant being checked for clearance to work on maintenance of the Presidential helicopters is a brother of Layton Patrick Martens who has been prominently mentioned in connection with New Orleans District Attorney James C. Garrison's current investigation of an alleged plot to assassinate President Kennedy. The Marine is Sergeant Edward Christian Martens, Jr., and Navy will advise Secret Service and the White House regarding the family relationship.

The above was learned by Liaison on 4/7/67 from Mr. J. W. Lynch, Head, Investigations Branch, Naval Investigative Service (NISO), Office of Naval Intelligence. Lynch said that Sergeant Martens, born 10/30/39 at New Orleans, Louisiana, is now stationed at Buford, South Carolina. The National Agency Check on him, including FBI file and fingerprint checks, was entirely clear, Lynch said. The information about his relationship to Layton Patrick Martens had just been brought to attention of Navy headquarters by NISO, New Orleans, Lynch added. Lynch said he doubted Sergeant Martens would be assigned to maintenance of the Presidential helicopters in view of this development, once the White House and Secret Service get the Navy's report.

We interviewed Layton Patrick Martens on 11/25/63 in connection with President Kennedy's assassination. He was then living in New Orleans with David William Ferrie, who died 2/22/67. Martens said he did not know Lee Harvey Oswald, nor did he know of any association between Oswald and Ferrie. During the current investigation being conducted by District Attorney Garrison, he supposedly developed information of a plot, planned in the residence of Ferrie, to assassinate President Kennedy and "Martin Layton" (phonetic) was mentioned as one of the plotters. In view of the likelihood that this

62-109060
1 - 105-82555 (Oswald)
JMF:lam) (11)

CONTINUED - OVER

56 APR 13 1967

COPY MADE FOR MR. TOLSON

COPY MADE FOR MR. TOLSON

Memorandum for Mr. W. C. Sullivan
RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
62-109060

referred to Martens, we advised on 3/8/67 White House, Secret Service and Justice of the information we have on Martens, which we had earlier furnished to the Warren Commission. This included reference to Martens' arrests 8/30/61 and 11/25/63 by the New Orleans Police Department for vagrancy pending investigation of burglary and "vagrancy investigation of subversive activities," both charges having been dropped by the New Orleans District Attorney's Office.

ACTION:

For information.

[Handwritten mark]

gmif

[Handwritten mark]

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATION SECTION

FBI WASH DC

APR 10 1967

TELETYPE

REC-15

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Bishop	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mr. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. Felt	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

FBI NEW ORLS

510PM URGENT 4-10-67 FGC

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060) AND DALLAS
FROM NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER TWENTY TWO, NINETEEN SIXTY THREE, DALLAS, TEXAS,
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING. ^{OFFICE of Origin} 002 DALLAS.

NEW ORLEANS STATES-ITEM ^{RECORDING} RE-COMET EDITION, APRIL TEN
INSTANT, REPORTED THAT GORDON NOVEL ADVISED STATES-ITEM ON
INSTANT DATE, HE HAD NUMEROUS WITNESSES WHO WOULD TESTIFY
HE WAS NO WHERE NEAR THE MUNITIONS BUNKER AT HOUMA, LOUISIANA,
ON THE DATES GARRISON CLAIMS HE BURGLARIZED IT.

NOVEL REPORTEDLY TOLD STATES-ITEM REPORTER THAT "THINGS
MAY BEGIN TO BREAK WEDNESDAY." WHEN QUESTIONED AS TO WHAT
HE MEANT, NOVEL REPLIED, "I CAN'T SAY NOW BECAUSE OF OUR
TIMING. HOWEVER, YOU CAN LOOK FOR THINGS TO HAPPEN WEDNESDAY
WHICH WILL MAKE THE PICTURE CLEARER." NOVEL ALSO REPORTEDLY
SAID HE HAS "MANY TAPE RECORDINGS" IN HIS POSSESSION WHICH
WILL "PROVE TO BE VERY INTERESTING ." NOVEL ALSO REPORTED TO HAVE
SAID 'THE NATIONAL BROADCASTING COMPANY HAS ONE OF THE TAPES
AND COMMENTED "WHenever THEY DECIDE TO USE IT, GARRISON IS
GOING DOWN THE DRAIN."

END PAGE ONE

REC-15

62-109060-5044

EX-108

APR 13 1967

61 APR 13 1967

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

5702

PAGE TWO

THE NEW ORLEANS STATES-ITEM, RED COMET EDITION, INSTANT
DATE, REPORTED THAT CRIMINAL DISTRICT JUDGE BERNARD J. BATTERT
TODAY SIGNED AN ORDER REQUIRING SANDRA MOFFETT MC MAINES, LIT 1151
A WITNESS IN THE ASSASSINATION PROBE, TO RETURN TO NEW ORLEANS.
THE NEWSPAPER ALSO REPORTED THAT LAYTON PATRICK MARTENS, WILL LIT
BE ARRAIGNED ON A PERJURY CHARGE ON FRIDAY OF THIS WEEK BEFORE
CRIMINAL DISTRICT JUDGE OLIVER P. SCHULINGKAMP. THE ARTICLE
REPORTED THAT MILTON BRENER, ATTORNEY FOR MARTENS, STATED HE
WILL PLEAD MARTENS NOT GUILTY AND ASKED FOR THIRTY DAYS TO FILE

FBI SPECIAL
PLEADINGS.

END

~~—PAGE TWO WHAT FOLLOWS THE LAST LINE XXXXX WHAT FOLLOWS—~~

~~THE WORDS THIRTY--DAYS-TO~~

~~—FILE-SPECIAL-PLEADINGS.~~

END

MXS

FBI WASH DC

CC MR. SULLIVAN

3 3
Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 4/10/67

Gordon Novel, referred to in attached has been charged with burglary by District Attorney Jim Garrison, in connection with the theft of explosives from a munitions bunker at a former Air Base at Houma, Louisiana, in 1961. The explosives were supposedly for use of anti-Castro Cuban groups at that time.

Novel called the New Orleans Office 4/7/67 and intimated that he is in possession of information which will expose Garrison as a fraud. He has previously denounced Garrison publicly and has hinted that he could show proof that Garrison is perpetrating a hoax.

Sandra Moffett McMaines, referred to in attached, allegedly attended a party at the residence of David W. Ferrie on the same night Ferrie, Clay L. Shaw and Lee Harvey Oswald supposedly conspired to assassinate John F. Kennedy. She has denied knowing Oswald at all and claims she didn't meet Ferrie until 1965.

Layton Patrick Martens was indicted for perjury, reportedly because he denied knowing that Novel took part in the above-described theft of explosives.

Since the attached is summarized from news articles, it will not be disseminated.

TJS:chs

62-109060

FBI WASH DC

TELETYPE

REC-15

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Wick	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

FBI DALLAS

139PM URGENT 4-7-67 LMB

TO DIRECTOR (62-109060) AND NEW ORLEANS (89-69)

FROM DALLAS (89-43) 1P

Boyle

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, DALLAS, TEXAS, NOV. TWENTYTWO, SIXTYTHREE, MISCELLANEOUS- INFO CONCERNING. OO DALLAS.

RE DALLAS TEL TO BUREAU AND NEW ORLEANS, APRIL FOUR LAST CONCERNING ARREST OF SERGIO ARCACHA SMITH AT DALLAS, TEXAS. *Royach*

THE DALLAS MORNING NEWS OF APRIL SEVEN INSTANT, CARRIED ARTICLE REFLECTING ARCACHA HAD VOLUNTARILY APPEARED AT DALLAS COUNTY SO AND POSTED ONE THOUSAND BOND ON CHARGE OF SIMPLE BURGLARY AT HOUMA, LA., WHICH CHARGE IS IN CONNECTION WITH BURGLARY OF MUNITIONS BUNKER AT HOUMA IN NINETEEN SIXTYONE. ARTICLE REFLECTED LOUISIANA AUTHORITIES HAD ASKED THAT BOND BE SET AT TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS. ARTICLE INDICATED THAT ARCACHA HAD SAID HE WOULD FIGHT EXTRADITION ON CONSPIRACY CHARGE FOR WHICH HE WAS ARRESTED EARLIER IN THE WEEK AND THAT THERE WERE INDICATIONS HE WOULD DO THE SAME ON THE BURGLARY CHARGE.

MATTER BEING FOLLOWED THROUGH NEWS MEDIA AND BUREAU AND NEW ORLEANS WILL BE KEPT ADVISED. *REC-15* 62-109060-5045

END

MXS

FBI WASH DC

EX-118

APR 13 1967

F-187

5/1
Boyle

APR 10 1967
MR. SULLIVAN

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

8 8
8-113 (1-10-61)

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 4/6/67

The request for FBI information is an outgrowth of the Attorney General's statement to newsmen on the day of his Senate confirmation to the effect that the FBI had investigated Clay L. Shaw previously and had cleared him. Actually, the Bureau has never investigated Shaw and this has since been pointed out to the Attorney General.

The information in attached will be furnished to the Attorney General and we will adopt a "no comment" policy concerning any further such requests.

TJS:ts

Advised A.G.

62-109060-5046

ENCLOSURE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATION SECTION

APR 5 1967

Mr. Tolson	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. DeLoach	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Mohr	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Wick	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Casper	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Callahan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Conrad	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Felt	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Gale	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Rosen	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Sullivan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Tavel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Trotter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tele. Room	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Miss Holmes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Miss Gandy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

FBI WASH DC

TELETYPE

4:03PM URGENT 4-6-67 MMW 2PGS

TO DIRECTOR 62-109060

FROM NEW ORLEANS 89-69

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
DALLAS, TEXAS, ^{NOVEMBER} NOV TWENTYTWO, SIXTY THREE, MISCELLANEOUS -
INFO CONCERNING, ^{office of origin} DALLAS.

[REDACTED]

PRESENTLY
CONNECTED WITH WACKENHUT CORP., MASONIC TEMPLE BUILDING,
NEW ORLEANS, TELEPHONICALLY ADVISED HIS INVESTIGATIVE AGENCY
HAS BEEN EMPLOYED BY DEFENSE ATTORNEYS FOR CLAY L. SHAW.

[REDACTED] STATED THERE WAS RECENT PUBLICITY WHERE THE ATTORNEY
GENERAL PUBLICLY STATED THAT CLAY L. SHAW HAD BEEN INVESTIGATED
BY FBI IN ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY AND HAD BEEN
CLEARED. [REDACTED] SAID SHAW HAS ADVISED HIS ATTORNEYS HE HAS
NOT BEEN INTERVIEWED BY FBI IN CONNECTION WITH ASSASSINATION
OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY. [REDACTED] STATED SHAW'S ATTORNEYS ARE
INTERESTED IN KNOWING WHAT INVESTIGATION WAS CONDUCTED BY
THE FBI AND HOW SHAW WAS CLEARED. SHAW'S ATTORNEYS CLAIM
THIS INFORMATION NECESSARY IN PREPARING SHAW'S DEFENSE.

END PAGE ONE

REC 29

62-109060-5046

ST. 104

18 APR 13 1967

MR. DELOACH FOR THE DIRECTOR

COPY MADE FOR MR. TOLSON

2-5-67
1-Sanders 4/6
1-Vinson 4/6
1-Whitely 4/6
1-... 4/6
4-10-67

REC. UNIT
APR 10 1967

NO 89-69 PAGE TWO

[REDACTED] STATED SHAW'S ATTORNEYS ASKED HIM TO CONTACT NEW ORLEANS OFFICE AND REQUEST THIS INFORMATION. [REDACTED] WAS ADVISED NO COMMENT COULD BE MADE CONCERNING THIS MATTER BUT HIS REQUEST WOULD BE RELAYED TO FBI HEADQUARTERS.

LETTERHEAD MEMORANDUM
NO LHM BEING SUBMITTED.

END

WA..MXS

FBI WASH DC

Xerox copies to :

MESSERS = DELOREN
WICK
RISER
SULLIVAN
BRANIGAN
KENNAN

COPIES TO SULLIVAN