

Jack Ruby
44-24016
Section 72

release
COPY 1

July 30, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
 General Counsel
 The President's Commission
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of June 10, 1964, concerning an allegation made by William McEwan Duff that Jack Ruby had called at the residence of General Edwin Walker on a monthly basis from December, 1962, through March, 1963.

Enclosed herewith are two copies of a memorandum dated June 26, 1964, at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, setting forth investigation conducted by our Oklahoma City Office concerning this matter. There are also enclosed two copies of a memorandum dated June 18, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, setting forth investigation to obtain reports of the Dallas Police Department of their investigation concerning visitors to the Walker residence and pointing out where previous investigation concerning Duff is set forth in reports furnished to you in connection with the investigation of Lee Harvey Oswald. Two copies each of the four Dallas Police Department reports are also enclosed.

There are also enclosed for your information two copies of a memorandum dated July 20, 1964, at St. Louis, Missouri, setting forth a check of the military service record of Duff.

BY COURIER SVC.
 5:30 JUL 30
 COMM-EBI

REC'D-READING ROOM
 L. B. ...

1060601-29
 JUL 30 5 20 PM '64
 RECORDED COPY FILED IN 629

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

JWH:vey
 (7)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

JUL 31 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Hines
 2264

Honorable J. Lee Rankin

You will note that Mr. Duff, upon interview on June 16, 1964, stated that he was not acquainted with one Andre Angeles. There is no information in the files of this Bureau identifiable with Andre Angeles as referred to by Juanita Buchannon when interviewed on December 17, 1963, and investigation has not established that any person by the name of Angeles or similar name is connected in any way with the assassination of President Kennedy.

This concludes the investigation as requested in your letter of June 10, 1964, concerning William McEvan Duff.

Sincerely yours,

L. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (14)

NOTE:

Duff reported to the Secret Service in May, 1964, at OC that Ruby visited the residence of General Edwin Walker. Duff had formerly been employed by Walker as a chauffeur and was initially considered a suspect by the DL PD in the shooting into the residence of Walker. In December, 1963, we conducted considerable investigation to resolve an allegation that Duff was acquainted with Oswald which was proven to be without merit. When interviewed in December, Duff stated he did not know Oswald or Ruby or any connection between the two. Investigation indicates his recent allegation was made for the purpose of impressing his wife who was divorcing him. Upon the interview, he does not retract the allegation but carefully avoids affirmatively stating that the person he saw visiting Walker was Ruby. Persons acquainted with him termed him as an inveterate liar, and he was discharged from the Army for fraudulent entry on the basis of falsely claiming prior service. The reference to Andre Angeles comes from an interview with Buchannon wherein she stated that Angeles (phonetic) an acquaintance of Duff flew to DL on 11/22/63 with a lot of money. Duff does not know Angeles and Angeles could not otherwise be identified on basis of information furnished by Buchannon.

11/11/64
11/21/64
R2

6

1/e

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 29 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

W. G. ...

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

406 PM CST URGENT 7-29-64 NSP

TO DIRECTOR (44-24016)

FROM DALLAS (44-1639) (P) 1P

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM,
(DECEASED), CR.

REBUAIRTEL JULY TWENTY SEVEN, COMMISSION LETTER
JULY TWENTYTHREE LAST, WHICH MAKES SIX ENUMERATED REQUESTS.

REFER TO NUMBER FIVE ON PAGE TWO CONCERNING EFFORT
TO IDENTIFY POST OFFICE CLERK ALLEGEDLY APPROACHED BY RUBY
ET AL, NOVEMBER TWENTYTHREE LAST, RELATIVE TO "IMPEACH
EARL WARREN" SIGN.

SEE PAGE ONE SIX ZERO, REPORT SA MANNING C. CLEMENTS,
JANUARY SEVENTEEN LAST, DALLAS. REQUEST ATTENTION OF
COMMISSION BE DIRECTED TO THIS INVESTIGATION PREVIOUSLY
CONDUCTED, WHICH RESULTED NEGATIVELY. IF ADDITIONAL EFFORT
DESIRED, ADVISE, OTHERWISE NO FURTHER INQUIRIES INTENDED.

END

WBS

FBI WASH DC

P

*Mr. Pollack of Post Co advised 7/31/64
Additional information not desired*

de Henes

REC-43

44-24016-1865

10 JUL 31 1964

EX 110

to [unclear]

79 AUG 4 - 1964

FBI

Date: 7/23/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, MILWAUKEE (44-173) -RUC-

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
(DECEASED)
CR

OO: DALLAS

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas, dated 7/16/64, transmitting letter dated 7/14/64 by president's commission on the assassination of President KENNEDY to the Bureau requesting inquiry into family ties maintained by JOSEPH and FANNIE RUBENSTEIN (parents of JACK L. RUBY) with their relatives in Europe and the United States.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are ten copies, for Dallas and Chicago one copy each of a LHM covering interviews with Mr. HARRY S. and BELLE F. STERN at Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

There are also enclosed herewith for the Dallas Division, 15 copies of FD-302's reflecting interviews with HARRY S. and BELLE F. STERN.

10 - ENCLOSURE

REC-43 44-24016-1866

EX 110

18 JUL 24 1964

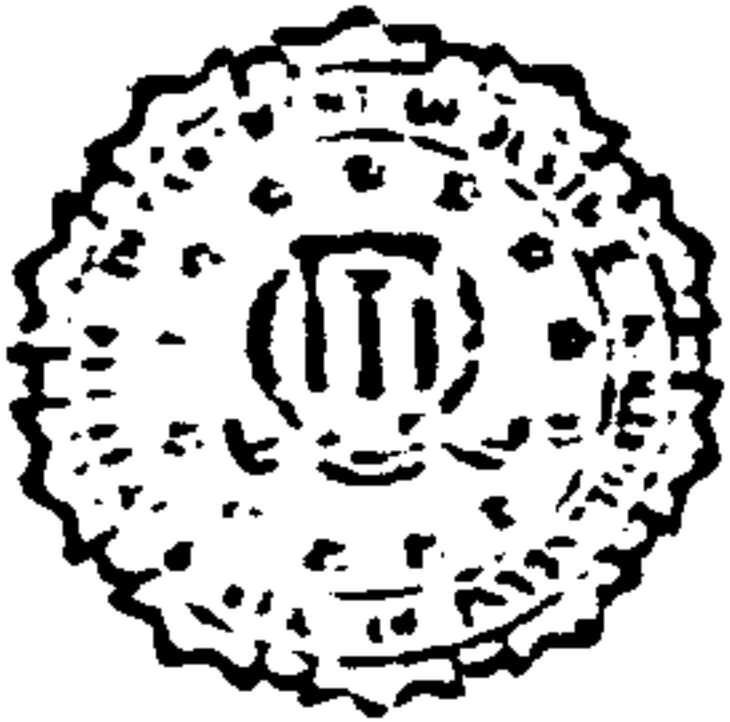
- 3 - Bureau (44-24016) (Enc. 10) (AM)
- 2 - Chicago (44-645) (Regular Mail) (Enc. 1)
- 2 - Dallas (44-1639) (AM) (Enc. 16)
- 1 - Milwaukee (44-173)

MM/sve
(8)

C C Wick

79 AUG 4 - 1964
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Milwaukee, Wisconsin
July 22, 1964

JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM (DECEASED)
CIVIL RIGHTS

On July 21, 1964, Mrs. Belle F. Stern, nee Miller, also known as Mrs. Harry S. Stern, 8500 West Lawrence Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, advised that she is the daughter of the late Meyer Miller and Bertha Miller, nee Muskowitz.

Mrs. Stern stated that Mrs. Bertha Miller, nee Muskowitz, was born in Poland about 1881 or 1882, now being about 82 years of age. She said that Mrs. Miller has been ill with arteriosclerosis of several years' duration, and she is consequently senile. She said that Mrs. Miller makes her home with her son, Morris Miller (brother of Mrs. Stern) at Apartment Number Two, 2349 West Devon Avenue, Chicago. She stated that Morris Miller has suffered from mental aberrations throughout his adult life, although he is now ambulatory and employed by his brother, Sidney Miller, in a delivery service business, 5816 N. Spaulding Avenue, telephone KE 9-9080, Chicago.

Mrs. Stern acknowledged acquaintance with Eva Grant of Dallas, Texas. Upon reflection, she stated that it is her understanding that her grandmother, the late Mrs. Hyman Muskowitz (given name unknown) was a sister of Eva Grant's grandmother, name unknown. She stated that consequently her common ancestry with Eva Grant consists of their great grandparents, names unknown. Mrs. Stern advised that she had no recollection of Eva Grant's parents or siblings, including Jack Ruby, nor was she able to identify the relationship of her family with any family named Rubenstein.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN - 3 1973

JACK L. RUBY

According to Mrs. Stern, her parents, Meyer Miller, born in Lithuania, and Belle Miller, nee Muskowitz, immigrated to the United States during the late nineteenth century and were married in New York City in the late 1890s. She recalled that Bertha Miller, nee Muskowitz, had one brother, Jacob Muskowitz, who died about thirty years ago, and two sisters, Mrs. Lena Batkin, now deceased, and Mrs. Fannie Finkleman, age 90 plus, and presently a geriatric patient in an unknown nursing home in the Chicago area. She said that seven other siblings of Mrs. Bertha Miller, nee Muskowitz, died either in infancy or childhood.

Harry S. Stern, husband of Belle F. Stern, 8500 West Lawrence Avenue, Milwaukee, was present during the interview of his wife. He stated that in his 46 years of familiarity with the family of Mr. and Mrs. Meyer (Bertha, nee Muskowitz) Miller, he has known Eva Grant casually as a distant relative and a very occasional visitor in the then Chicago residence of Mrs. Bertha Miller, nee Muskowitz. He said that in the Miller family circle, Mrs. Eva Grant was commonly characterized in the Hebrew language by a phrase meaning "Eva the Redhead." Mr. Stern stated that he was not familiar with any relationship between the Miller or Muskowitz families with any family named Rubenstein or Ruby. He said he had never met Jack L. Ruby and did not become cognizant of his existence or identity as the brother of "Eva the Redhead" until the death of Lee Harvey Oswald. Mr. Stern said he had no knowledge of or acquaintance with the parents of "Eva the Redhead" or any siblings she may have.

FBI

Date: 7/21/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO DIRECTOR FBI (44-24016)
FROM SAC DALLAS (44-1639)
SUBJECT JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
VICTIM
CR

ReBuairtel 7/16/64 which transmitted Commission letter dated 7/14/64 in which request was made for interviews with certain collateral relatives of RUBY, including Mrs. BERTHA MILLER, whose address it was said might be obtained from EVA GRANT.

Enclosed are ten copies of letterhead memorandum reflecting interview with Mrs. GRANT in the above connection. Milwaukee and Chicago were advised by teletype on 7/20/64 of results of effort to obtain an address for Mrs. BERTHA MILLER, Milwaukee being requested to attempt to locate and Chicago to get additional information which might assist in locating her.

(3) - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

MCC:vm
(5)

REC-43

44-24016-1867

25 JUL 22 1964

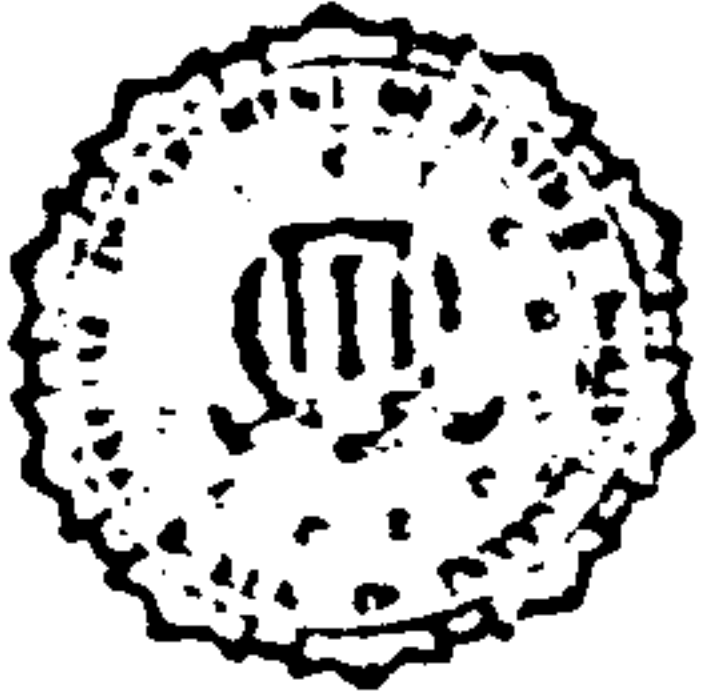
EX 110

10 ENCLOSURES

79 AUG 4 - 1964

Approved: Wick Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Dallas, Texas
July 21, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The investigation reported herein was based on a request in a letter of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy dated July 14, 1964, that certain collateral relatives of Jack L. Ruby be interviewed, including Mrs. Bertha Miller, whose address it was stated might be obtained from Mrs. Eva Grant, Ruby's sister.

Attached is a report of interview with Mrs. Grant in the above connection.

Attachment

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JUL 21 1977

1

Date 7/20/64

EVA GRANT, 3929 Rawlins, telephone LA 6-6258, advised BERTHA MILLER, if alive, would be 80 years of age or more. She is the niece of Mrs. GRANT's mother, FANNIE RUBENSTEIN, the daughter of SARAH MOSKEWITZ (phonetic), Mrs. RUBENSTEIN's half-sister.

Mrs. GRANT said it is her understanding her mother had one brother, HARRY RUTLAND, deceased, and perhaps four sisters, SARAH being the oldest and who had a different father. BLANCHE and RACHEL LENA were full sisters of Mrs. RUBENSTEIN and there was another, first name not recalled. The only ones who came to this country, to her knowledge, were her mother, SARAH, and brother, HARRY. She said her mother corresponded with her sisters in Poland prior to World War I, but they were reportedly killed in a pogrom during World War I period.

Mrs. GRANT said she is uncertain as to brothers and sisters of her father, JOSEPH RUBENSTEIN. She said ABRAHAM RUBENSTEIN, father of Dr. HYMAN I. RUBENSTEIN, was a brother. She said there was another ABRAHAM RUBENSTEIN at one time in Chicago who was a nephew or cousin of her father.

She stated her parents were not given to joining organizations or attending meetings and she knew of no organization to which they belonged.

Mrs. GRANT stated BERTHA MILLER's husband is deceased. She was living in Chicago at an unrecalled address in 1958-59, but is understood to have moved to live with a daughter, BELLE (Mrs. HARRY) STERN in Milwaukee, Wisconsin. HARRY STERN was last known to be a distributor of automobile parts. Mrs. GRANT professed to be unable to supply addresses. Mrs. STERN has a daughter married to a doctor, name not known. Mrs. MILLER had a sister, FANNIE FINKLESTEIN, address unknown, and a brother, JACOB, deceased.

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121 JAN 3 1973

on 7/20/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639

by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS/ds Date dictated 7/20/64

2

DL 44-1639

Mrs. GRANT professed to have no information that any of her relatives have been members of the Communist Party or any subversive organization.

FBI

Date: 7/24/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

*LC
n
f
h*

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016) ✓
FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (44-645)
SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
- VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(OO: DALLAS)

ReBuairtel dated 7/16/64.

Enclosed herewith are eight (8) copies of a LHM setting forth interviews with Dr. HYMAN I. RUBENSTEIN and SIDNEY MILLER for the Bureau. One (1) copy of this LHM is being enclosed for Dallas.

FD-302s to follow for Dallas.

REC-43(14)-24016-1868

EX 110

16 JUL 27 1964

1/25/64

ENCLOSURE - 2

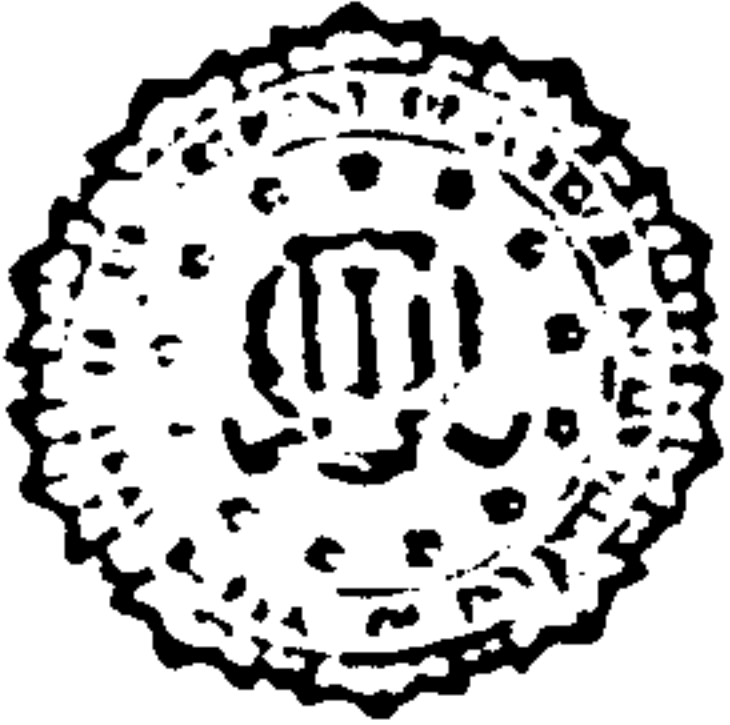
- 3 Bureau (Encl. 8)
- 1 - Dallas (44-1639) (Encl. 1)
- 1 - Chicago

CLB/rms
(5)

SLA

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

79 AUG 4 - 1964



6 6
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Chicago, Illinois
July 24, 1964

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD -
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, by letter dated July 14, 1964, requested interviews with certain collateral relatives of Jack Ruby.

Dr. Hyman I. Rubenstein, residence 2809 West Fitch, Chicago, Illinois, was interviewed at Mt. Sinai Hospital, 2715 West 15th Place, Chicago, Illinois, on July 23, 1964. Dr. Rubenstein advised that his office is located at 2335 West Deyon Avenue, Chicago, Illinois.

Dr. Rubenstein stated that his father, Abraham Rubenstein, was a brother of Joseph Rubenstein, father of Jack Ruby. His father and uncle, Joseph Rubenstein, were born in Poland and immigrated to the United States in the early 1900's, Joseph coming to the United States first and his father, Abraham, second in about 1906. The reason why his father came to Chicago was that his father's brother, Joseph, had established himself in Chicago already.

Dr. Rubenstein stated he recalled his father had four or five brothers but no sisters. He could not recall the names of any of his father's brothers except Joseph. One other brother, name unrecalled, immigrated to the United States from Poland and resided in the Chicago area for a short period of time. This brother, sometime during the 1920's, immigrated to Israel. He has never heard from this brother since and could provide no information concerning him. With regard to any relatives being in Europe or any country abroad, Dr. Rubenstein stated he has no knowledge concerning them. He stated that his father and uncles had had a common father, Shmuel Zavil Rubenstein, who died at about the time his father, Abraham, came to America.

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21 JAN 23 1973

6 C
JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVLY OSWALD

Dr. Rubenstein stated that his father, Abraham, came to the United States in about 1906, but that he, Dr. Rubenstein, his mother and two sisters came to the United States during the late winter of 1912, from Poland.

At the time they arrived in the United States, both his father, Abraham, and Joseph Rubenstein were working as carpenters in the Chicago area, and that both families resided in the area of Maxwell and Halsted Streets, Chicago, Illinois. He stated that the family association was close up until about 1920. At this time the Abraham Rubenstein family left the Maxwell-Halsted area because of his father's financial success, and their connections with Joseph Rubenstein's family became less frequent. Dr. Rubenstein stated that he knows of no relative of himself or of Jack Ruby who had ever been a member of the Communist Party (CP) or of a subversive organization. He stated most definitely that he himself had never been a member of any such organization.

Dr. Rubenstein stated he knew nothing concerning the background of Fannie Rubenstein or her relatives.

Sidney Miller, 5816 North Spaulding, Chicago, Illinois, on July 23, 1964, advised that he is the son of Mrs. Bertha Miller, who resides in Apartment 2, 2349 West Devon Avenue, Chicago, Illinois. Miller stated that his mother is 82 years of age and is suffering from a mental condition due to senility. He stated that her mental capabilities are such that she is unable to carry on an intelligent conversation, nor can any credence be placed upon any of her recollections as to events which transpired within the family in the past. Because of his mother's mental condition, Miller stated he felt an interview with her would serve no useful purpose concerning this matter.

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Miller advised that he is aware that there is a family connection between himself, his mother and the family of Jack Ruby. He stated that he is not certain, but he believes that the family connection is due to the fact that his mother, Bertha Miller, and one of Jack Ruby's parents had common grandparents. He stated that he himself knows nothing concerning any brothers or sisters of Fannie or Joseph Rubenstein, the parents of Jack Ruby.

Miller stated that because he knows nothing about the brothers or sisters of Fannie or Joseph Rubenstein, he has no information as to their activities. With regard to his mother or any member of his family, Miller stated that none of them, to his knowledge, has ever been a member of the CP or of any subversive organization.

FBI

Date: 7/21/64

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DENVER (44-387) (RUC)
JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: DALLAS

ReBuairtel to SACs, Chicago, Denver and Dallas dated 7/16/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are the original and five copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting results of contact with MORRIS RUTLAND, ESQ., 300 Elm Street, Denver, Colorado.

Enclosed for the Dallas Division are two copies of this letterhead memorandum for the information of that division.

- 3 - Bureau (Enclosures 6) (AM)
- 2 - Dallas (Enclosures 2) (AM) (Information)
- 1 - Denver

RLC/rrf
(6)

S. C. WICK

REC-43
EX 110

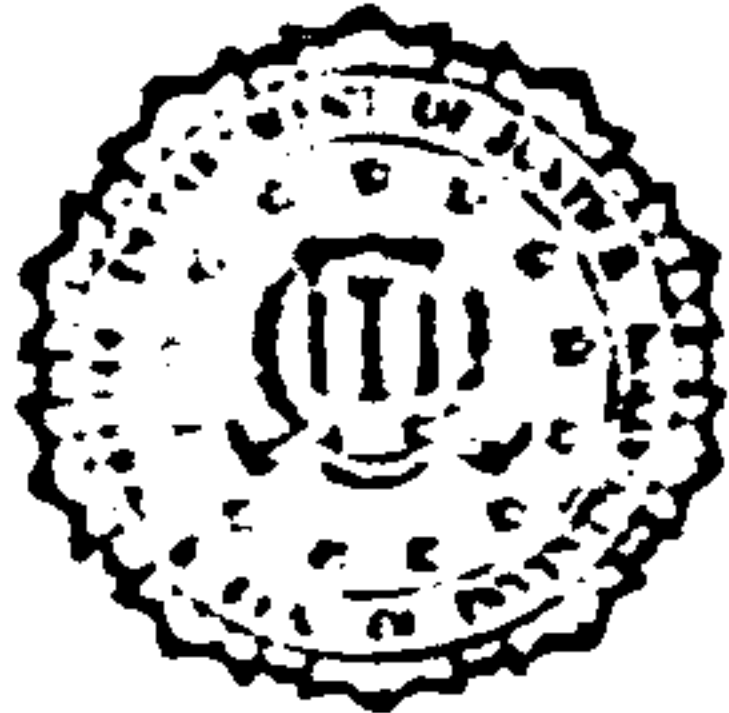
44-24016-1869

6 JUL 23 1964

79 AUG 4 - 1964

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Denver, Colorado
July 21, 1964

JACK L. RUBY, ALSO KNOWN AS;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Mr. Morris' Rutland, Esq., 300 Elm Street, Denver, Colorado, advised that he is an attorney at law and has offices at 525 University Building, Denver, Colorado.

Mr. Rutland stated that his father, Harry Rutland, was the brother of Fannie Rubenstein, the mother of Jack L. Ruby. He continued that he is not positive that he has ever met Jack Ruby, but that he has definitely had no contact with him for the past twenty years.

Mr. Rutland advised that he has no knowledge of any ties maintained over the years between Ruby's parents, Joseph and Fannie Rubenstein, and their relatives in Europe. He further advised that he himself has had no close ties with Ruby's parents, although during World War II, while he was in the military service, he did visit Joseph and Fannie Rubenstein at their home in Chicago, Illinois; however, he never at any time continuously corresponded with them.

He stated further that to his knowledge Joseph and Fannie Rubenstein had eight children, four daughters and four sons. He advised that the daughters are Marian Carroll of Chicago, Illinois; Eva Grant of Dallas, Texas; Eileen (last name unknown) of Chicago, Illinois; and Anne Volpert, a widow, of Chicago, Illinois.

He advised that the sons are Hyman Rubenstein of Chicago, Illinois; Earl Rubenstein of Detroit, Michigan; Sam Rubenstein of Dallas, Texas; and Jack L. Ruby of Dallas, Texas.

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21 JAN 3 1973

Re: JACK L. RUBY, ALSO KNOWN AS;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Mr. Rutland stated that he did not have the exact addresses of the above individuals immediately available; however, he is of the opinion that these addresses could be obtained from the current telephone or city directory in each of the above-named cities.

He continued that through the years he has kept in contact with Marian Carroll, sister of Jack Ruby, and that she has visited in his home in Denver, Colorado, several times, the last time being in September, 1963. He added that he and his wife had invited Marian Carroll to Denver, Colorado, to attend their son's Bar Mitzvah ceremony. He recalled that Marian Carroll may have been in contact with her brother, Jack Ruby, in Dallas, Texas, while she was visiting in the Rutland home in Denver.

Mr. Rutland stated that he has no knowledge of the family backgrounds of Joseph and Fannie Rubenstein. He added that, to his knowledge, none of his relatives in Europe or the United States, who are related to Jack Ruby, were ever known to have engaged in any communist activities. He added that he himself has never been a member of the Communist Party or any subversive organization.

Mr. Rutland concluded that he is unable to furnish any additional information concerning this matter.

July 29, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

REC- 56

14 - 27016 1870

ST-108

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan (Rm. 2712)
- 1 - Mr. Hines (Rm. 2264)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Millen
- 1 - Mr. Baker
- 1 - Mr. Stevens

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to your letter of July 23, 1964, requesting a copy of the recording made by Ike Pappas at the time Lee Oswald was shot.

Enclosed is a copy of this tape recording which retains essentially all fidelity and clarity of the recording from which this copy was made.

The examination previously conducted by the FBI Laboratory consisted of a process designed to identify any unknown sounds on a recording of this type. These techniques consisted of playing the recording at speeds varying from the original recording speed and also observing a visual display of the frequency spectrum of that pertinent portion of the recording in which utterances by Ruby would have been made at the time Oswald was shot.

It should be noted that the examination as outlined above was conducted on a copy of the original recording made by Ike Pappas of Station WNEW, New York, in accordance with your request in a letter dated June 24, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: General Counsel Rankin requested by letter dated 6/24/64 that a copy of the original Pappas recording be obtained and a technical examination conducted of same recording by the Laboratory. This was done and was reported in a letter to the Commission dated 7/17/64.

Enclosure

79 AUG 4 - 1964

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

Lab is also retaining copy of recording

JUL 29 1 42 PM '64
REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI

BY COURIER SVC.
31 JUL 29
COMM-FBI

060601-29
UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

20 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 943-1400

EARI WARRIN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. FUSSELL
JOHN SHEPHERD COOPER
HALF BUCKS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

Mr. Belmont	✓
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Casper	✓
Mrs. Callahan	✓
Mr. Conrad	✓
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Evans	✓
Mr. Gale	✓
Mr. Rosen	✓
Mr. Sullivan	✓
Mr. Tavel	✓
Mr. Trotter	✓
Tele. Room	✓
Miss Holmes	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

JUL 1

JUL 23 1

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Thank you for your letter of July 17, 1964 in which you state that examination of a tape recording made by Mr. Ike Pappas shows that no identifiable utterances were made by Jack Ruby at the time he shot Lee Oswald.

Please provide for the Commission files a copy of the Pappas recording having as good fidelity as is obtainable together with a statement from your laboratory indicating what examination was made of the original Pappas recording and the extent to which sound has been lost in the copy which is provided the Commission.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

EXP. PROC.
31 JUL 24 1964

62-10901-29

REC-56

44-24016-1870

ST-108

18 JUL 24 1964

Det of 1/2 2/11/64

JUL 31

SEVEN

UNRECORDED COPY

FBI

Date: 7-20-64

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
 FROM: SAC, ST. LOUIS (44-496) RUC
 RE: JACK J. RUBY, aka;
 LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka - VICTIM
 CR
 OO: DALLAS

B.W. [unclear]
[unclear]

RE WFO airtel to Bureau, 6-19-64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 10 copies of a letterhead memorandum covering a review of DUFF's Army personnel record, as requested by Oklahoma City airtel, 6-16-64. A copy of this letterhead memorandum is also being furnished Dallas, Oklahoma City, and Los Angeles for their information.

For information of Oklahoma, prior USAF service for WILLIAM MC EVAN DUFF, SN AF 19 607 309, reviewed 1-21-63, and Bureau furnished results of review. His AF record contained clinical record with consultation sheet, dated 9-28-59, which disclosed a diagnosis of immaturity reaction, passive aggressive type, chronic type, moderate. It was also indicated he has been characterized by [redacted] as being an habitual liar. He has applied for American citizenship and has little worry over the fact that his possible discharge from the service would make him ineligible for citizenship.

For information of Los Angeles, USA records for DUFF indicated his address at time of entry and separation as: 1900 McNab, Long Beach, Los Angeles, Calif. (6-2-64).

Los Angeles at above address will attempt to locate and review DUFF for any info re an association between RUBY and WALKER.

- 3 - Bureau (Encl. 10)
- 1 - Dallas (44-1639) (Encl. 1)
- 1 - Oklahoma City (44-430) (Encl. 1) ST-10S
- 2 - Los Angeles (Encl. 1)
- 1 - St. Louis

REC-56
 7/21/64
 [unclear]

6 JUL 22 1964

LL:wma

79 AUG 4 - 1964

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

[Handwritten signature]

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

St. Louis, Missouri
July 20, 1964

WILLIAM MC EWAN DUFF

A review on July 17, 1964, of the military service records on file at the Military Personnel Records Center, St. Louis, Missouri, for WILLIAM MC EWAN DUFF, Serial Number 18 678 666, indicated he enlisted in the U. S. Army, August 6, 1963, and entered on active duty on the same date at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. He received an Undesirable Discharge, June 2, 1964, as a Private at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, by reason of unfitness due to Fraudulent Entry into the Army (concealment of prior service).

His Army record failed to contain any information concerning a diagnosis of pathological liar by psychiatrist while in the U. S. Army at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. However, his record did contain a letter entitled: "Fraudulent Entry, dated May 1, 1964," from a [redacted] and stated in part: "Subject EM has been with this unit since 22 February 1964 and prior to that time was assigned to Btry D, 1st Ing Bn, USAIC, FA. During the entire period of time EM has been assigned he continually caused trouble because of his refusal to tell the truth."

His record indicated his address at time of entry and separation from the Army as: 1900 McNab, Long Beach, Los Angeles, California.

The date and place of birth were shown as November 4, 1931, at Grangemouth, Scotland.

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 3 1973

FBI

Date: 7/23/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (44-974)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY aka; --
LEE HARVEY OSWALD - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
(OO: DALLAS)

ReNKtel to Bureau and NY, 7/17/64, which refers to Bureau airtel to NK, 7/14/64, and letter of President's Commission, dated 7/10/64.

Enclosed for the Bureau are ten copies of LHM with FD-302 attached reflecting interview with WILLIAM D. CROWE aka Bill Demar on 7/20/64, at Fallsburgh, NY.

Enclosed for Dallas are one copy of LHM with 15 copies of above FD-302 attached.

ENCLOSURE

- 3 - Bureau (Encls. 10)
- 1 - Dallas (44-1639) (Encls. 16)
- 1 - New York (

JJR:mje
(6)

REC-56 44-24016-182

16 JUL 24 1964

ST-108

*1st to Pres. 7/20/64
JW H/...*

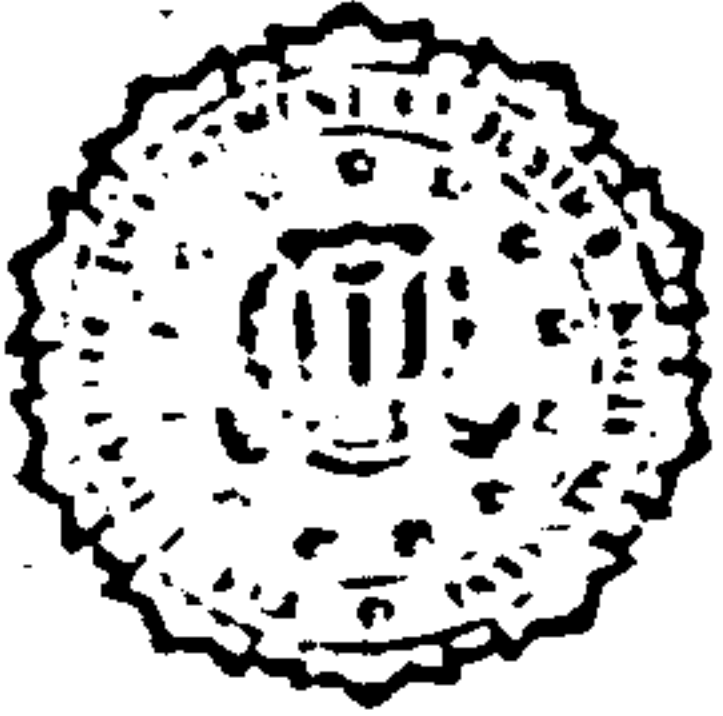
[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature]

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

9 AUG 4 - 1964



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
July 22, 1964

William D. Crowe also
known as Bill DeMar

The President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy, by letter July 10, 1964, pointed out that previous investigation had revealed that William D. Crowe, also known as Bill DeMar, had telephoned Ralph Paul's Bull Pen Drive-In, Arlington, Texas, at 6:42 p.m., Sunday, November 24, 1963, and spoke for 56 seconds.

The Commission requested that Mr. Crowe be reinterviewed and questioned about the substance of the phone call, why he called and with whom he spoke. The Commission also desired that Mr. Crowe be questioned about any information he had concerning the activities of Ralph Paul during the weekend of November 22 - 24, 1963.

The results of the interview with Mr. Crowe follow.

COPIES DESTROYED

121 JAN 3 1973

7/21/64

WILLIAM CROWE, also known as Bill De Mar advised that he is currently employed as a master of ceremonies at the Regal Hotel in Fallsburgh, New York, and expects to remain at this hotel until the end of the summer season.

CROWE explained that as of November 22, 1964, he was employed as the master of ceremonies at the Carousel Club in Dallas, Texas. He knew RALPH PAUL as the owner of this club and JACK RUBY as the manager. On November 22, 1964, after the assassination of former President KENNEDY, JACK RUBY placed a notice in the newspapers to the effect that the Carousel Club would be closed for three or four days because of the assassination.

CROWE recalled that on Sunday, November 24, 1964, after he heard of RUBY's involvement in this matter, he wondered if the Carousel Club would reopen. He attempted to contact RALPH PAUL and knew from an unrecalled source that PAUL owned the Bull Pen Drive-in in Arlington, Texas. CROWE called the Bull Pen Drive-in and talked with an unknown employee. He was told that PAUL was not there and the employee did not know where PAUL could be reached.

CROWE subsequently learned from ANDREW (last name unknown), the bartender at the Carousel Club, that the club would reopen on Monday, November 25, 1964.

CROWE advised that he never saw or spoke with RALPH PAUL during the period November 22 to 24, 1964, and he has no knowledge of PAUL's activity during this period. It is his recollection that he next saw PAUL either Monday, November 25, or Wednesday, November 27, 1964, when PAUL was celebrating his birthday.

7/20/64

Fallsburgh, New York

NY 44-974

SA JACK H. LUPTON/mmg

7/21/64

REC-56 11 24016 1873

July 29, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. McGowan
- 1 - Mr. Hines

ST-108
 Honorable J. Lee Rankin
 General Counsel
 The President's Commission
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
 Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In reply to your letter of June 26, 1964, there are enclosed herewith two copies of a memorandum dated July 9, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, setting forth an interview with Eva Grant and two copies of a memorandum dated July 16, 1964, at Los Angeles, California, setting forth an interview with Mrs. Charles J. Hirsch.

You were advised previously by my letter of July 9, 1964, that Mr. Charles J. Hirsch had recently suffered a heart attack and was not available for interview. Inasmuch as Mrs. Hirsch was the recipient of the telephone call in question, no further effort will be made to interview Mr. Hirsch.

This concludes the investigation requested in your letter of June 26, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC.
 31 JUL 29
 COMM-FBI

Enclosures (4)

- Olson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- DeLoach _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- Felt _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

RECEIVED
 (7)

SEE BOTH PAGE TWO

RECEIVED

AUG 4 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

REC'D-READING ROOM

JUL 29 2 59 PM '64

62-10909

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

NOTE:

When check of telephone calls from the Vegas Club, operated by Eva Grant for Ruby, was made it was determined that Eva, who is Ruby's sister, placed a call at 12:49 a.m. on 11/23/63, to the Hirsch's residence. The Commission requested investigation to determine purpose of the call. Eva stated that her son, Ronald Nagid, is married to the Hirsch's daughter and she placed the call to talk to her son. Mrs. Hirsch received the call from Eva and verified Eva's statement, stating that her son was not present at the time, and she was the only person who talked to Eva.

FBI

Date: 7/9/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

94.1
7

TO DIRECTOR FBI (44-24016)
FROM SAC DALLAS (44-1639)
SUBJECT JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD -
VICTIM
CR.

Approved 7/17/64

Re Bureau airtel 6/29/64 which transmitted Commission's letter 6/26/64 requesting interview with EVA GRANT concerning the telephone call to the home of CHARLES J. HIRSCH, North Hollywood, California, and to determine GRANT's activities during the period 11/22-24/63.

Attached are ten copies of a letterhead memorandum to which FD-302 interview of GRANT is attached. Dallas teletype 7/8/64 suggested Los Angeles interview Mrs. CHARLES J. HIRSCH rather than Mr. HIRSCH since GRANT talked to Mrs. HIRSCH.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 10)
2 - Dallas

MCC:vm
(5)

10 - ENCLOSURE

P.C. Dick

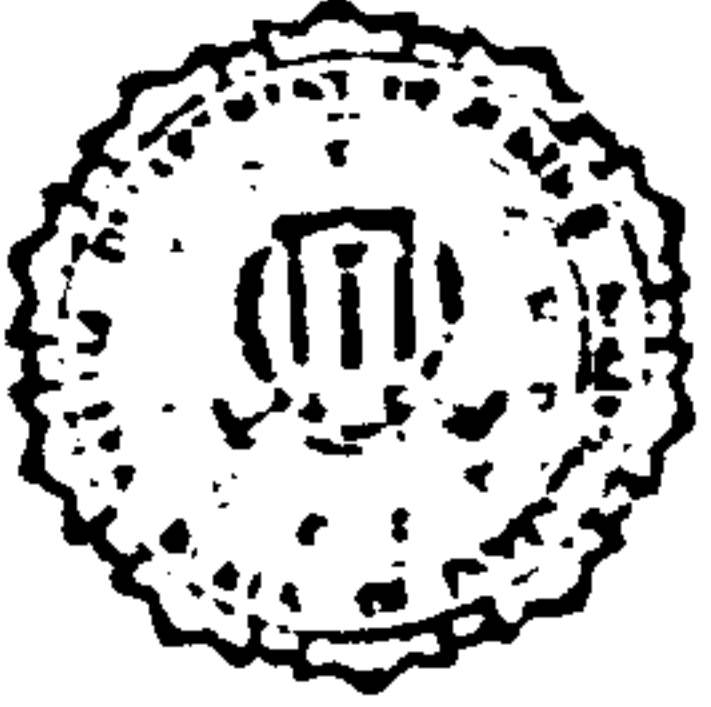
REC-56
ST-108

44-24016/873

18 JUL 13 1964

[Handwritten signature]

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

July 9, 1964
Dallas, Texas

JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The investigation which follows was based on a request of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy in a letter dated June 26, 1964, that the nature of a telephone call from Eva Grant to the home of Charles J. Hirsch, North Hollywood, California, on November 23, 1963, be established; that a determination be made as to the activities of Eva Grant during the period November 22-24, 1963.

Attached is a report of interview with Mrs. Grant in the above connection.

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2 . . . 3173

Attachment

Date 7/9/64

1

EVA GRANT, 3929 Rawlins, Apartment No. 1, telephone LA 6-6258, was interviewed in her apartment in the presence of GRACE BEVERS, Mineral Wells, Texas. Mrs. GRANT introduced Mrs. BEVERS as an acquaintance made since November 24, 1963, who had been writing to JACK RUBY at Dallas County Jail, had attempted unsuccessfully to visit with RUBY, and had made Mrs. GRANT's acquaintance to lend her sympathy.

Mrs. GRANT said that CHARLES J. and CYRIL HIRSCH, North Hollywood, California, are the father and mother of TRUDY MAGID, wife of RONALD MAGID, Mrs. GRANT's son, who resides at Simi, California. She said she placed a long distance call on either November 22, 1963, or November 23, 1963, from her apartment to the MAGID residence and receiving no answer called the HIRSCH residence to see if the MAGIDS were there. She said she talked to Mrs. HIRSCH for quite a while. During the conversation they talked of the MAGIDS and their children, the recent operation of Mrs. GRANT, the assassination, a Jewish social affair the MAGIDS were attending, and the fact the MAGID children were at the time at the HIRSCH residence. She said her memory is hazy as to events during the period of the call, that she is sure she placed the call from her apartment but may have had same charged to the telephone at the Vegas Club. She said she was definitely not at the Vegas Club when she made the call.

Mrs. GRANT was asked to detail her activities during the period November 22-24, 1963. She said she was released from Gaston Hospital, Dallas, Texas, following surgery on or about November 13, 1963. She was confined to her apartment during the period following, going to a doctor's office on one occasion. She said she went to the Vegas Club on Thursday, November 21, 1963, where she spent one to one and one half hours but became ill and went home leaving PAULINE HALL in charge. HALL had managed the club for during her illness. Mrs. GRANT said a doctor had prescribed some "pills" for her which she believed were possibly codeine. She took these pills occasionally and noted they seemed to affect her senses considerably.

Mrs. GRANT said it is her recollection that on the morning

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2 1 JAN 2 1973
 on 7/8/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 44-1639
 by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENS and
JAMES P. HOSTY, Jr.:vm Date dictated 7/9/64

of November 22, 1963, BETTY GOODMAN, Manager of the apartment house, brought her a paper and possibly a sweet roll as had been her practice during Mrs. GRANT's recovery. She said JACK RUBY called her to the best of her recollection sometime after 10:00 a.m. as to her health and asked her if she had seen the morning paper. He told her of the appearance in "The Dallas Morning News" on that date of an advertisement signed by BERNARD WEISSMAN. She said she glanced at the paper while talking to JACK and observed the item in question. RUBY inquired about matters at the Vegas Club. She said she believes he may have been at "The Dallas Morning News" advertising offices at the time he called. She said she believes he may have called a second time prior to the news of the shooting of President KENNEDY, again from the newspaper office.

Mrs. GRANT said she seems to recall she received telephone calls from VIVIAN HARRIS and LEO TORTI, social acquaintances, and possibly PAULINE HALL, during the morning. She said she had her television set on and off and was in and out of bed. She said PAULINE HALL called and told her to turn her television on Channel 8, that she did so and learned of the shooting of President KENNEDY. RUBY called sometime thereafter to tell her of the shooting. She said she believes he was at the Dallas news office at the time. PAULINE HALL is believed to have called her once or twice to discuss the news later.

She stated RUBY called again later in the afternoon and she asked him to come to her apartment. He came by for a few minutes and on his departure she believes he went to the Carousel Club. RUBY called her later, possibly about 3:30 p.m., saying he was bringing some food to her apartment. He appeared at 4:00 p.m. to 4:30 p.m., perhaps even later, with huge quantities of food. During the period of his stay, she recalls RUBY called ANDREW ARMSTRONG, Jr., at the Carousel Club, Newspaper Reporter DON SAFRAN, and Dr. COLEMAN JACOBSON. He called JACOBSON to determine details of a service at the synagogue that evening. RUBY ate some of the food, wept, went to the bathroom and vomited. He is believed to have left at 7:00 p.m. to 7:30 p.m., and to have gone to the synagogue via his apartment to bathe and dress.

PAULINE HALL called her several times during the evening. RUBY called her from Phil's Delicatessen sometime during the evening saying he was getting some sandwiches for the "station" which she believed to mean Radio Station KLIF. She said she has no recollection of any events during the remainder of November 22, 1963, and that it is likely she did not go to sleep until very late.

Mrs. GRANT said she has no specific recollection of awakening on the morning of November 23, 1963; that she did not leave her apartment during the entire day. She said RUBY called her possibly about 10:00 a.m. or 11:00 a.m. She recalls having no visitors during the day except RUBY who appeared during the afternoon. She recalled RUBY displayed three pictures of the "Impeach Earl Warren" sign. While there, RUBY called STANLEY KAUFMAN, Attorney, and discussed the pictures with him. She believes RUBY also talked to LEONARD WOODS, a musician who wanted a salary advance, and it is her recollection he either told WOODS to go to the Nichols Brothers Garage and pick up an envelope or that he called ANDREW ARMSTRONG, Jr., and told him to take \$10.00 to Nichols Brothers Garage for WOODS. She said she believes EMMA COLLINS, a waitress at the Vegas Club, called her during the evening. She said she received a call from RUBY possibly after midnight inquiring what she was doing and why she did not go to bed.

Mrs. GRANT said she did not hear from RUBY on the morning of November 24, 1963. She said she seems to recall LEONARD WOODS and ANDREW ARMSTRONG, Jr., both called during the morning inquiring for RUBY. She recalls a telephone call from MADELINE BLANEY, telephone AT 6-0223, who had formerly worked for her, and MADELINE invited her attention to television. She did not recall whether she had the set on or off but in any event she saw a scene at Dallas City Hall, heard what she thought was the name "John Logan," later "Ruby," and still later, "Jack Ruby," as the person who had shot OSWALD. She said apparently BLANEY had called to tell her RUBY had been identified as having shot OSWALD as MADELINE said something to the effect "I hated to be the one to tell you."

Mrs. GRANT stated she started screaming after learning her brother had shot OSWALD and that people came from all around to see what the problem was. These included neighbors. She said she was in a daze and that numerous persons were in and out of her apartment. She said she called some of her brothers and sisters. She specifically recalls PAULINE HALL coming to her apartment, that JIM HOLLAND, a neighbor, was in and out, and that television and newspaper reporters began to show up. She said she gave no thought of going to the Dallas Police Department until about 3:00 p.m. It took her quite a while to get dressed and she estimated she arrived at the Dallas Police Department at 5:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. She said she recalls going by the office of TOM HOWARD, Attorney, near Dallas City Hall, and believes she saw TONY ZOPPI, Newspaper Reporter, there. She said it is her recollection JIM UNDERWOOD, a television reporter, arranged for a car for her to go, accompanied by PAULINE HALL, to Dallas Police Department. PAULINE's boy friend, BILL RAINBOW, stayed at the apartment, and he and HALL remained with her during the night.

She said she recalls admitting JIM UNDERWOOD, above, and a "New York Times" reporter to her apartment. She recalls she talked to two Federal Bureau of Investigation Agents during the evening who were possibly waiting at her apartment when she returned from the Police Department. She recalls VIVIAN and BILL HARRIS, personal friends, showed up at her apartment, both in a drunken condition. She said she has no immediate recollection of any other particular visitors, telephone calls, or other activities.

Mrs. GRANT said she had received a call from a reporter for "The Dallas Times Herald" newspaper on this date telling her he wanted to let her know an article by him would appear in the July 8, 1964, issue, indicating RUBY had told her on Friday night, November 22, 1963, he was going to kill OSWALD and that she encouraged him to do so. She said this is absolutely false, that she had no such conversation with RUBY on November 22, 1963, or at any other time.

FBI

Date: 6/29/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY (44-430) (P)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, Aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Aka - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS
OO: Dallas

BWAP
[Handwritten signatures]

Re: WILLIAM McEWAN DUFF, Aka
INFORMATION CONCERNING ALLEGED
ASSOCIATION BETWEEN GENERAL
EDWIN A. WALKER and JACK L. RUBY

Re Bureau teletype dated 6/12/64 to Oklahoma City
and Dallas.

Enclosed to Bureau: Original and 14 copies of
letterhead memorandum, dated June 26, 1964, at Oklahoma
City, Oklahoma, captioned as above.

Enclosed to Dallas: 15 copies each of items 1
through 5, and 2 copies of item 6, as follows:

- 1) Insert - Predication
- 2) FD-302 - PEGGY MARIE DUFF, dated 6/16/64
- 3) FD-302 - WILLIAM McEWAN DUFF, 6/23/64
- 4) FD-302 MARION W. OSBORNE, 6/19/64
- 5) FD-302, - CLYDE J. WATTS, 6/17/64
- 6) Letterhead memorandum, dated 6/26/64,
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, captioned as above.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 15)
- 3 - Dallas (Enc. 77) (44-1639)
- (1 - 100-10461)
- 3 - Oklahoma City
- (1 - 105-783)
- (1 - 62-2757)

DHB:bnm
(9)

see letter 8/1/64

REC-56
ST-108
44-24016-1874
15 JUN 30 1964

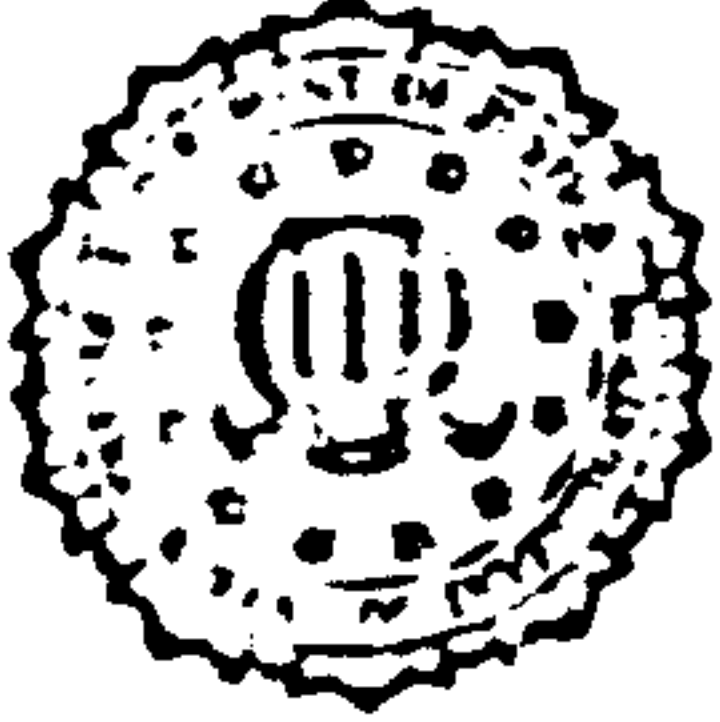
Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

[Handwritten signature]

OC 44-430

Two copies of the letterhead memorandum are supplied to Dallas in order that one may be placed in Dallas 44-1639, it being noted that Dallas is reporting this matter in Dallas 100-10461. The Bureau is supplied 15 copies of the letterhead memorandum, the same as is required by Dallas for the FD-302's.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma
June 26, 1964

WILLIAM MCEWAN DUFF, Also Known As
William McEwan McDuff, "Sandy,"
"Scottie," "Scotty"
INFORMATION CONCERNING ALLEGED
ASSOCIATION BETWEEN GENERAL EDWIN A. WALKER
AND JACK L. RUBY

Investigation concerning William McEwan Duff and subsequent information which he reported has been predicated on information supplied on December 10, 1963, by Mr. Joe Loria, a Restaurant operator, Dallas, Texas. Mr. Loria advised that some 7 or 8 months previously he had seen an individual known to him only as "Scottie" -- subsequently identified as Duff -- with an individual believed to have been Lee Harvey Oswald. Mr. Loria, who had based his identification on photographs of Oswald which had appeared in Dallas newspapers, advised that he could recall only one time that he thought he had seen Oswald and "Scottie" together.

On January 24, 1964, William McEwan Duff, U. S. Army Serial Number RA 18 678 666, Fort Sill, Oklahoma, identified as "Scottie," was interviewed concerning his reported association with Oswald, an allegation which he denied. On this occasion he reported employment during the period November, 1962, to about April, 1963, in the household of General Edwin A. Walker, Dallas, Texas. Concerning Jack Ruby, Duff stated on January 24, 1964, that he had seen many photographs of Ruby in the newspapers; that he was positive he had never seen Ruby at any place, and had no information about him. He said he had never been in Ruby's night club in Dallas. On May 25, 1964, however, Duff laid claim to an association between Ruby and General Edwin A. Walker, alleging that he had seen Ruby at the Walker residence, according to information supplied by James R. Cantrell, Special Agent, Secret Service, U. S. Treasury Department, at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, as follows:

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121 JAN 31973

William McEwan Duff

On May 26, 1964, James R. Cantrell, Special Agent, Secret Service, U. S. Treasury Department, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, advised that in an interview of William McEwan Duff on May 25, 1964, Duff had claimed evidence of an association between Jack Ruby and General Edwin A. Walker, Dallas, Texas; that during the period December, 1962, through March, 1963, while Duff was employed by General Walker and resided in his home, Ruby visited on the basis of about once a month, each time in the company of two unidentified white males, arriving in a Ford car, not further described.

Duff claimed identification of Ruby through photographs, having heard him addressed only as Jack. The others he described as follows:

- (1) White male, mid 30's, 5'11" to 6', weighing 145 pounds, dark receding hair; said to be a member of John Birch Society.
- (2) White male, in late 40's, heavy build, dark complexion.

Duff advised that the three had always convened with Walker in the living room of the Walker residence. Duff at no time overheard their conversation.

When questioned concerning other witnesses, Duff said it is possible others in the Walker household, whom he could not name, might have identified Ruby, but he considered it doubtful they would assist, out of loyalty to General Walker. He mentioned one Bob Sutton as a possible witness. Sutton, employed by a paper or printing firm in Dallas, was said to have visited at the Walker residence.

Duff had no explanation as to why he had not reported this in previous interviews, both by Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and of the Secret Service, other than to state a fear of General Walker. He said he felt that he knew too much of Walker's operation and of the persons visiting his residence, intimating that Walker was diverting funds collected for the John Birch Society to a personal account at the Highland Park Bank, Dallas, Texas.

William McEwan Duff

Duff said he had known nothing of Lee Harvey Oswald.

Agent Cantrell said that his receipt of this information from Duff, predicated on an earlier interview on April 8, 1964, at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, and several subsequent telephone calls, both from Duff and his wife, Peggy Marie Duff, indicate Duff may be using this means to impress his wife and to restore their marital relationship. Duff's wife had threatened divorce on grounds he had misrepresented his background, even claiming to have the rank of Captain in the U. S. Army.

Duff had called Agent Cantrell on long distance telephone from Lawton, Oklahoma, on May 20, 1964, to advise that the man who had offered him \$10,000 to kill General Walker had been following him at Lawton; that he, in turn, had followed this man to the Capri Motel, Lawton, Oklahoma, where he established that the man was Cliff Roberts of the Oklahoma Crime Bureau. Roberts had interviewed Mrs. Duff, informing her that warrants were outstanding for Duff. Cantrell said the purpose of Duff's call was to enlist his aid in clearing this matter with Mrs. Duff; to inform her that no warrants were outstanding. In a later call on the same evening, Duff had put Mrs. Duff on the telephone for this purpose, although it had taken three or four minutes to do so, the two in an apparent argument. At this time, Mrs. Duff had asked that Cantrell call her on the following day at her office. She is said to have been employed for some 17 years by the Consolidated Supply Company, Lawton, Oklahoma. She railed against Duff, stating he had lied to her.

Cantrell said on the following day he had been unsuccessful in reaching Mrs. Duff. On May 25, 1964, he received a long distance telephone call from Mrs. Duff in which she stated her husband had vital information in the case concerning the assassination of President Kennedy. A meeting was arranged on that evening at the police station in Chickasha, Oklahoma. It was at this time that Duff, in the presence of his wife, related the information concerning the alleged association of Jack Ruby and General Edwin A. Walker.

William McEwan Duff

Agent Cantrell said he had taken Duff aside in an effort to establish the truth, pointing out that if the information were found not to be true, Duff could be subject to prosecution. He invited Duff to change his story, if it were not the truth, while maintaining the fiction to his wife. Duff insisted on its truth and volunteered that he would submit to a polygraph examination if desired. Duff requested that the polygraph examination await his discharge from the Army on June 1, 1964, on grounds of fraudulent enlistment. He claimed to have been in the Air Force from December, 1957, to December, 1960, and had not so indicated when enlisting in the Army.

Agent Cantrell advised he had been informed by Cliff Roberts, Oklahoma Crime Bureau, that Duff had been examined by psychiatrists at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, and had been diagnosed as a pathological liar.

On June 12, 1964, Peggy Marie Duff, 1213 Lawton Street (ELgin 3-8009), Lawton, Oklahoma, a civilian employee of the U. S. Army in the Consolidated Supply Department (ELgin 1-4208), at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, advised of the following in a telephone conversation initiated for the purpose of locating William McEwan Duff for interview.

Mrs. Duff said that she is now divorced from William McEwan Duff, a divorce filed by her attorney, J. Merrill Oakes, on February 14, 1964, in Comanche County, Lawton, Oklahoma, effective June 3, 1964.

Duff, she said, had been discharged from the U. S. Army at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, on June 2, 1964, under Section 606 for fraudulent enlistment and has left the Lawton area.

Although Mrs. Duff said she had not seen Duff since June 3, 1964, he had called her on the telephone on June 12, 1964, from Oklahoma City, Oklahoma. At this time Duff, who would not give his address, perhaps because he is to pay \$100 per month alimony in connection with his divorce, advised Mrs. Duff that he had secured employment at Oklahoma City through General Clyde Watts whom he described as an attorney at Oklahoma City and counsel for General Edwin A. Walker, Dallas, Texas. Duff claimed that he was living at the time with an elderly friend of General Watts, a friend who was retired. In order that Mrs. Duff might return a telephone call which he had requested, Duff supplied the

William McEwan Duff

telephone number for the residence of this individual with whom he said he was residing; the telephone number being Victor 3-3075.

Mrs. Duff stated that on the evening of June 12, 1964, she had called the number VI 3-3075 at Oklahoma City to contact Duff. The telephone was answered by an individual who sounded as though he were elderly and who had summoned Duff to the telephone by addressing him as "Bill." Mrs. Duff said that this was a collect telephone call to the number, charges which Duff accepted, and that the call lasted for well over an hour, terminating at about 12:25 a.m., June 13, 1964.

In her conversation with Duff at this time, Mrs. Duff said that she had reminded Duff that he was to contact Agent James R. Cantrell, Special Agent of the Secret Service at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, for purposes of taking the polygraph examination to which he had agreed following his discharge from the military for fraudulent enlistment. According to Mrs. Duff, Duff responded to this by saying "You notify Cantrell, and I'll be gone." Mrs. Duff stated that she would judge by this statement by Duff that he had no intention of pursuing this matter in which he had alleged that Jack Ruby had visited the residence of General Walker on occasion during Duff's employment in the Walker residence.

Mrs. Duff stated she had no additional information concerning the current allegation by Duff and had no information other than as related concerning his whereabouts. She advised that should Duff contact her at any time in the future, she would notify the Federal Bureau of Investigation immediately.

On June 12, 1964, James D. Andrews, 1st Sergeant, F Battery, 1st Training Battalion, U. S. A. T., Fort Sill, Oklahoma, advised that William McEwan Duff had been discharged under Section 606 -- Fraudulent Enlistment -- on June 2, 1964.

On June 12, 1964, Private First Class William H. Grim, Transfer Point, Fort Sill, Oklahoma, advised that Duff's personnel file had been forwarded to the Department of the Army on June 3, 1964.

William McEwan Duff

On June 16, 1964, William McEwan Duff, 1211 Tedford Way, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, advised that since the date of his previous interview on January 24, 1964, with a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Lawton, Oklahoma, he had been discharged from the U. S. Army, divorced from his wife Peggy Marie Duff and had moved to Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, as of June 2, 1964.

With regard to his current status, Mr. Duff said that he had been discharged from the U. S. Army at Fort Sill, Oklahoma, on June 2, 1964, under Section 606, Fraudulent Enlistment, for the reason he had failed to disclose on his enlistment that he previously had served in the Air Force from which he had been discharged for failure to adapt. He said his wife had filed for divorce at Lawton, Oklahoma, in February, 1964, a divorce effective June 2, 1964.

Duff said a week before moving to Oklahoma City he had visited General Clyde Watts, an Oklahoma City attorney, who is counsel for General Edwin A. Walker by whom Duff had been employed in 1962 and 1963 at Dallas, Texas. He said he had met General Watts when the General had visited General Walker in Dallas.

It had been through General Watts that he had obtained temporary living quarters with Marion W. Osborne at 1211 Tedford Way, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, Osborne being a friend of General Watts. With the same recommendation he had obtained temporary employment at a firm managed by Mr. Osborne at the Paul T. Blakeney Company, 330 Northeast 38th Street, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, a firm which distributes and repairs lawn mowers of commercial and home type. Mr. Duff said he anticipates General Watts will find employment for him as a heavy equipment operator in road construction at Oklahoma City by reason of his former association with General Walker.

Mr. Duff said that the information that he previously had related and would now relate was based on that gained in connection with his employment by

William McEwan Duff

General Edwin A. Walker from November, 1962, to April, 1963. He said he had been employed by General Walker as his "batman." He defined batman as a British military term for an orderly, valet, or personal aide, stating he previously had had such experience in England. Mr. Duff said he had applied for the job on impulse as one day he had passed the residence of General Walker in Dallas, a house which he had identified by the flags of the United States and Texas flying in front of the house, along with the name of the General. He said he had known nothing of General Walker until he had gone to Dallas; that he had learned of General Walker through newspaper accounts of the activities of the General. He said he had applied for the job in a personal contact with General Walker, who had been summoned by a volunteer aide when Duff had appeared at the door; that he had supplied no references; none were asked.

Mr. Duff said that his duties at the Walker residence largely concerned looking after the personal needs of the General, including cooking and chauffeuring for him. He said his day started each morning with the raising of the two flags in front of the house, and concluded when the house was locked and the General retired. Duff said that he was quartered upstairs, the front room to the left. He received no remuneration, only room, board and other personal requirements. Although he had access to the entire house, General Walker and his volunteer workers would use care that Duff neither saw correspondence nor overheard conversations of a business nature.

Duff said that during this period and in performance of his duties, he observed that Walker had numerous visitors.

When photographs of Jack Ruby appeared in the newspaper in November, 1963, after his shooting of Lee Harvey Oswald, Mr. Duff said he believed him to be one

The second individual DUFF described as a white male American, in his late 40s, 5'11" to 6', 210 pounds, with an evident paunch. This man had very black hair and was believed to have been of Italian or Mexican descent according to DUFF. He was described as wearing a dark business suit. Neither man carried brief cases or dispatch cases of any type.

Mr. DUFF stated that he previously had not informed of this possible association between JACK RUBY and General WALKER based on his personal identification because on the occasion of his interview in January, 1964, he had been interviewed at the hospital at Fort Sill and was more concerned about his personal welfare and physical condition than the matter which he reported.

Mr. DUFF reiterated that while he cannot now be certain that the individual who visited WALKER actually was JACK RUBY, in his view, this possibility alone was sufficient to require his reporting it to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. He volunteered to take a polygraph test concerning the matters which he had reported.

Mr. DUFF was asked whether or not he was acquainted with one ANDRE ANGELES. Mr. DUFF said he was not acquainted with such an individual and knew of none in his acquaintance-ship who had traveled to Dallas, Texas on November 22, 1963.

DUFF stated that never had he seen nor had he been in any association with LEE HARVEY OSWALD; that he has never seen anyone of OSWALD's description at the residence of Gen. WALKER.

Mr. DUFF stated that he had left the employment of WALKER because of friction between himself and several women of the office staff. He said he was supposed to have time off from his present duties when the General was away but the women on the staff became very demanding of him in expecting that he make coffee, tea and expecting him to do other chores for them. He said he finally had had enough of this and left.

William McEwan Duff

chance Duff would reveal his knowledge of the Walker assassination attempt. Watts contacted a friend at the Paul Blakeney Company, a lawn mower service company in Oklahoma City, obtaining a job for Duff.

Interviewed on a previous occasion, January 8, 1964, Mr. Watts had advised of the following concerning William McEwan Duff, information he had gained as counsel and friend of General Edwin A. Walker:

Mr. Watts advised he is a long-time personal friend of Edwin A. Walker, Dallas, Texas, former General of the United States Army; that he presently is acting as legal counsel for General Walker.

In the Spring of 1963, shortly after someone shot at General Walker in his home in Dallas, Texas, Watts hired two private investigators in Oklahoma City to go to Dallas and attempt to ascertain the identity of the person who had shot at Walker. These investigators were Bill Keester, former member of the Oklahoma City Police Department, and Cliff Roberts, former Oklahoma State Narcotics Bureau Agent.

During the investigation conducted by Keester and Roberts, information was received that one Bill Duff, a Scotsman, who was at one time employed by Walker or Walker's staff, had allegedly remarked he was the person who had shot at Walker. Keester and Roberts made contact with Bill Duff without disclosing their true identity or capacity as private detectives, and offered Duff \$5,000 to shoot General Walker. Duff was interested in the proposition and discussed with Keester and Roberts a plan to shoot General Walker. A tape recording was made of the discussion and this recording, along with the results of the investigation by Keester and Roberts, was turned over to the Dallas Police Department. At no time did Duff ever admit to Keester and Roberts that he was the person who had previously attempted to shoot General Walker. At the time Keester and Roberts were in contact with Bill Duff, he resided at 5420 Lewis Street, Dallas, Texas.

On January 16, 1964, Cliff Roberts, Investigator, Oklahoma State Crime Bureau, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, was interviewed concerning his employment as a private investigator

William McEwan Duff

by Clyde J. Roberts, attorney, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, representing General Edwin A. Walker. He had been retained, he said, with an associate, Bill Keester, for purposes of investigating the attempted shooting of General Walker. In connection with this matter, he had conducted investigation concerning William McEwan Duff, offering Duff \$5,000 to shoot Walker, in an effort to establish whether he had information concerning the earlier attempt. During the discussions with Duff relative to this plan, Duff never made any admissions which would indicate he was guilty of the earlier shooting, although he attempted to show some knowledge, in an apparent attempt to impress Roberts and Keester. Roberts said he considered Duff to be a "complete phony" in every respect, and was convinced he had gone along with Roberts and Keester merely in an attempt to get some money out of them.

Investigation concerning William McEwan Duff has disclosed the following background data concerning him:

William McEwan Duff was born November 4, 1931, at Grangemuir, Shropshire, Scotland, and on January 24, 1964, was serving in the United States Army at Fort Sill, Oklahoma. He is enlisted under serial number RA 18 678 666 and was connected with Battery D, First Training Battalion, USATC-FA, Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

Duff, when interviewed on January 24, 1964, claimed he had been a member of the British Army, the "Argyles," an infantry unit, from 1949 to 1952. He worked for a number of years for the British National Railroad as an engine driver, and came to Dallas, Texas, in November, 1962. He said at that time the newspapers were full of news of General Edwin A. Walker and he felt he might get a job with the General as his "Batman." Duff, according to his own statement, went to the General's home in Dallas, was hired, and resided at the Walker house as an employee from November, 1962, to April, 1963. He left the employ of General Walker because of friction with a woman on the General's staff.

In August, 1963, he left Dallas and went to Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, where he enlisted in the United States Army and was sent to Fort Polk, Louisiana, for basic training, and on December 10, 1963, left Fort Polk and went to Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

William McEwan Duff

He claimed in July, 1963, he was investigated by the Dallas Police Department in connection with the attempted shooting of General Walker. He said he took a lie detector test and was "completely cleared" as a result. He is reportedly a former chauffeur and handyman for General Walker.

Duff is described as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of Birth	November 4, 1931
Place of Birth	Grangemount, Sterlingshire, Scotland
Citizenship Status	Entered the United States in 1957, alien registration number A11330675
Height	5 feet 9 inches
Weight	150 pounds
Eyes	Blue
Hair	Brown and receding
Relatives:	
Father	Deceased
Sister	Margaret Lawson, 715 West Mission, Alhambra, California
Brother	Robert Duff, living near Long Beach, California
Uncle	William McEwan, 7614 Glendon Way South, San Gabriel, California
Relative (possibly ex-wife)	Judie Loraine Duff, Post Office Box 253, Broadus, Montana
Characteristics	Described as "con man," pathological liar and lazy 483264E
FBI Number	
Dallas Police Department Number	52495
Los Angeles Police Department Number	B743533
Former Wife	PEGGY MARIE DUFF 1213 Lawton Street Lawton, Oklahoma