

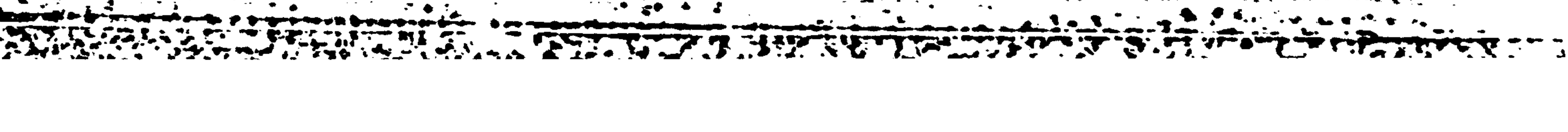
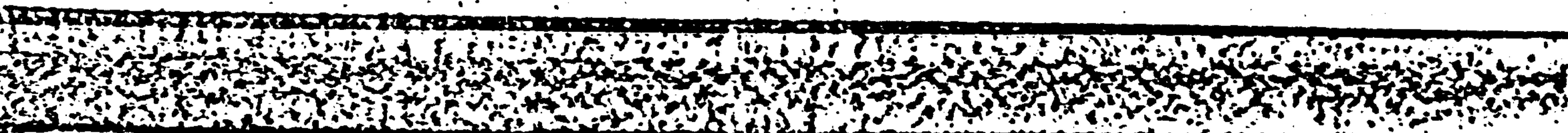
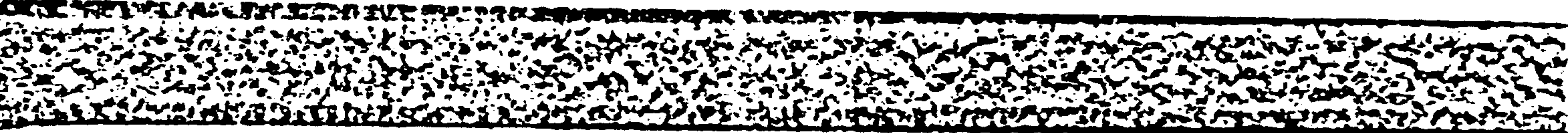
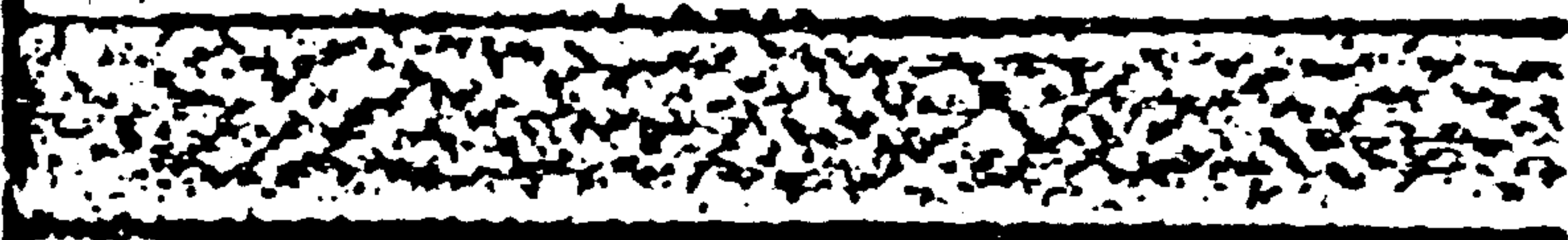
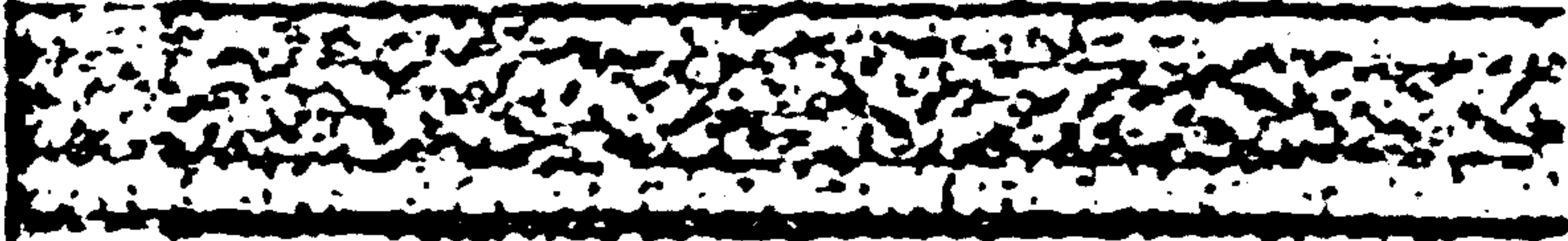
1/20/64

GENERAL INVESTIGATIVE DIVISION

At the specific request of the President's Commission, a polygraph examination was afforded Jack L. Ruby. The Commission assumed full responsibility in view of fact that Ruby's attorneys and doctor have recently advised that polygraph examination would seriously affect Ruby's health.

The FBI Laboratory will advise of results of polygraph examination by separate memorandum.

7



PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone: 543-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALL B. GOS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. TULLES

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

J. LEE RANKIN

JUL 17

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Pennsylvania Ave. & 9th St. N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

In connection with Jack Ruby's activities on Saturday night November 23, 1963, please conduct an investigation to determine whether or not Ruby visited the Empire Room, 1710 Hall Street, Dallas. John Henry Branch, Manager of the Empire Room, has testified to seeing Ruby at the Empire Room on Saturday night at about 9:00 p.m., talking to Eva Grant earlier that day, and later hiring a piano player for Ruby.

Mr. Harry Lee Jackson has stated that Ruby visited the Empire Room on Sunday November 17. (Clements Report December 19, 1963 p.112) It now appears from Mr. Branch's testimony that he may have been confusing Ruby's visit on November 17 with the night of the 23rd.

In particular please ask Mr. Jackson if he remembers what time he saw Ruby on November 17 and what he recalls Ruby wearing. Please ask Mr. Branch for the name of the piano player he claims he hired for Ruby on Saturday November 23 and interview that piano player concerning his dealings with Mr. Branch and Mr. Ruby. Please also re-interview Mrs. Grant to determine whether or not she recalls talking with Branch about a new piano player the day before Oswald was shot.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

3
JUL 20 1964
62-102090

REC-21

1803

FBI
JUL 22 1964
T... PE

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILED

W. A. A.

1/1/64

FBI DALLAS

3-19 PM CST URGENT 7-22-64 NB

TO BUREAU 44-24016 AND LOS ANGELES 44-895

FROM DALLAS 44-1639

10

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM PAREN DECEASED
END PAREN, CR.

REBUAIRTEL JULY TWENTYONE LAST WHICH TRANSMITTED LETTER OF PRESI-
DENT-S COMMISSION ON THE ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KEENEY, JULY TWENTY
LAST, WHICH READS AS FOLLOWS:

"PLEASE REINTERVIEW MR. ROY WILLIAM PIKE, AKA MICKEY RYAN, CON-
CERNING HIS ASSOCIATION WITH JACK RUBY PRIOR TO NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO,
SIXTYTHREE, HIS OWN ACTIVITIES ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, TWENTYTHREE AND
TWENTYFOUR, AND HIS DECISION TO LEAVE DALLAS SHORTLY AFTER RUBY SHOT
OSWALD PAREN CLEMENTS REPORT, NOVEMBER THIRTY, SIXTYTHREE, PAGE FIVE
HUNDRED THIRTY; CLEMENTS REPORT, MARCH TWENTYEIGHT, PAGE THREE END
PAREN.

"IN PARTICULAR, PLEASE ALSO ASK RYAN TO GIVE DETAILS OF HIS AL-
LEGED MEETING WITH RUBY AT THE CAROUSEL CLUB ON NOVEMBER TWENTYONE,
SIXTYTHREE, AND TO STATE WHETHER OR NOT HE SAW OR TALKED WITH GEORGE
SENATOR, RALPH PAUL, HARRY OLSEN; "KATHY KAY" COLEMAN, KAREN BENNETT

END PAGE ONE

REC-21 44-24016-1804

18 JUL 24 1964

*TT to DLG
7-25-64
H.C. CAS*

58 JUL 29 1964

Sumner

PAGE TWO

CARLIN, AKA "LITTLE LYNN," BRUCE CARLIN, TAMMIE TRUE, BRECK WALL, OR JOE PETERSON ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTWO, TWENTYTHREE OR TWENTYFOUR. PLEASE ALSO ASK IF HE MADE ANY LONG DISTANCE CALLS FROM THE CAROUSEL CLUB OR IF RUBY MADE SUCH CALLS FROM HIS PHONE."

PIKE INTERVIEWED NOVEMBER TWENTYFIVE LAST STATED HAD BEEN IN AND OUT OF DALLAS AREA FOR PAST TEN YEARS, MET RUBY ABOUT ONE AND ONE-HALF YEARS AGO AT CAROUSEL CLUB, APPROACHED HIM FOR EMPLOYMENT. RUBY PUT HIS TO WORK AS MIKE RYAN, AS BOOKKEEPER, BARTENDER, TICKET TAKER AND ODD JOBS, WORKED APPROXIMATELY THIRTY DAYS OVER PERIOD OF SEVERAL MONTHS. PIKE WAS REINTERVIEWED BY LOS ANGELES AT SIX ZERO FOUR ONE CARLTON WAY, APARTMENT TWO, HOLLYWOOD, CALIFORNIA, MARCH TWELVE LAST.

DALLAS CANNOT IMMEDIATELY IDENTIFY HARRY OLSEN, REFERRED TO IN COMMISSION LETTER. GEORGE SENATOR WAS RUBY-S ROOMMATE AT TIME OF ASSASSINATION, RALPH PAUL, OPERATOR BULL PEN DRIVE-IN RESTAURANT, ARLINGTON, TEXAS, WAS FINANCIAL ASSOCIATE OF RUBY IN CAROUSEL CLUB. "KATHY KAY" COLEMAN, KAREN BENNETT CARLIN, AKA LITTLE LYNN, AND TAMMIE TRUE ARE STRIP-TEASE DANCERS, LITTLE LYNN BEING COMMON-LAW WIFE OF BRUCE CARLIN. TAMMIE TRUE WAS GIRLFRIEND OF RALPH PAUL. TRUE AND CARLIN

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

LIVE IN FORT WORTH, TEXAS. BRECK WALL AND JOE PETERSON WERE PRODUCERS AND STARS OF STAGE SHOW CALLED "BOTTOMS UP," WHICH APPEARED AT ADOLPHUS HOTEL, DALLAS, DURING SEVERAL MONTHS OF NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE AND AT TIME OF ASSASSINATION. THEY LIVED AT ADOLPHUS HOTEL.

DALLAS CANNOT IMMEDIATELY IDENTIFY REFERENCE IN COMMISSION LETTER TO ALLEGED MEETING WITH RUBY AT CAROUSEL CLUB NOVEMBER TWENTYONE LAST. IF INFORMATION LOCATED, LOS ANGELES WILL BE ADVISED SEPARATELY.

LOS ANGELES IMMEDIATELY REINTERVIEW PIKE THOROUGHLY IN LINE WITH REQUEST, SUBMIT TEN COPIES OF LETTER PERFECT LHM TO BUREAU, ONE COPY TO DALLAS. FURNISH DALLAS FIFTEEN COPIES OF FD THREE ZERO TWO. IN INTEREST OF TYPING ECONOMY, IT IS SATISFACTORY TO ATTACH FD THREE ZERO TWO TO COVER PAGE OF LHM WHICH SHOULD SHOW PRESIDENT-S COMMISSION LETTER BY DATE AND SUBSTANCE OF REQUEST.

END AND ACK IN ORDER PLS

WA LLD

FBI WASH DC

LA

FBI LOS ANG.

TU DISCO

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
OF THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

20 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone MA 3100

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD I. FEINSTEIN
JOHN SHERMAN COHEN
HALL BUCKNER
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

JUL 20

JUL 20

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Please re-interview Mr. Roy William Pike aka Hickey Ryan concerning his association with Jack Ruby prior to November 22, 1963, his own activities on November 22, 23 and 24, and his decision to leave Dallas shortly after Ruby shot Oswald (Clements Report, November 30, 1963, p. 530; Clements Report, March 28, 1964, p. 3).

In particular, please also ask Ryan to give details of his alleged meeting with Ruby at the Carousel Club on November 21, 1963 and to state whether or not he saw or talked with George Senator, Ralph Paul, Harry Olsen, "Kathy Kay" Coleman, Karen Bennett Carlin aka "Little Lynn", Bruce Carlin, Tammie True, Breck Wall, or Joe Peterson on November 22, 23, or 24. Please also ask if he made any long distance calls from the Carousel Club or if Ruby made such calls from his phone.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

Handwritten signature/initials

91 JUL 21 1964
1060901-29
RECORDED COPY FILED IN

REC-21 44-24116 1805
JUL 21 1964

50 JUL 20 1964

Handwritten initials

7/21/64

1 - Mr. Swanson

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (44-1639)

From: Director, FBI (44-24016)

1806

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; REC-21
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Enclosed are two copies of three separate self-explanatory letters from the President's Commission, two of which are dated July 17, 1964, and one dated July 20, 1964, requesting specific investigation regarding Jack L. Ruby, his activities and associates.

Handle the requested investigation on an expedite basis. Submit results by separate letterhead memorandum covering investigation requested in each letter suitable for dissemination directly to the President's Commission upon receipt.

Enclosures (6)

HCS/ras
(4)

NOTE: By three separate letters Commission requested (1) interview of Mrs. Louis (Anice) Byrum. Mrs. Byrum allegedly saw Ruby at the Pogo Club on the night of 11/23/63. (2) investigation to determine whether or not Ruby visited the Empire Room on Saturday night, 11/23/63. John Henry Branch, manager, Empire Room, has testified to seeing Ruby on Saturday night but Commission feels he may be confusing Ruby's visit on 11/17/63 with the night of 11/23/63. (3) reinterview Roy William Pike concerning his association with Ruby prior to 11/22/63, his own activities on 11/22, 23 and 24/63 and why he left Dallas shortly after Ruby shot Oswald.

MAILED 27
JUL 21 1964
COMM-FBI

- Tele. Room _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

JUL 23 1 42 PM '64

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58 JUL 29 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

20 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 943-1400

EARL WARREN
Chairman
RICHARD S. FUSSELL
JOHN BIRNBAUM GURTE
HALE WICKS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN F. MCCLOY
ALLEN S. DULLES

Mr. Tolson
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

JUL 17

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Pennsylvania Ave. & 9th St. N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

Sullivan
McCloy

Dear Mr. Hoover:

As a result of deposing Mr. Robert Norton, 3414
Manana, Dallas, Texas the Commission would appreciate your
interviewing Mrs. Louis (Anice) Byrum.

Mrs. Byrum lives on Singing Hills Street in the
Oak Cliff section of Dallas and saw Jack Ruby as he entered
the Fago Club on Saturday night November 23, 1963. Please
ask Mrs. Byrum for details of Ruby's activities, including
how long he arrived before Mr. Norton saw him and whether
or not Ruby gave any indication that he might be considering
attacking Lee Oswald.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

REC-21

44-14

1806

JUL 20 1964

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JUL 5

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Belmont	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mohr	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DeLoach	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Casper	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Callahan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Conrad	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Felt	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Gale	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Rosen	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Sullivan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tavel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Trotter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tele. Room	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Holmes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Gandy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 7/20/64

1 - Mr. Herndon, 7330

1 - Office, 7133

1 - Mr. Conrad

FROM : R. H. Jevons

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, AKA
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, VICTIM;
CIVIL RIGHTS

In accordance with arrangements made with the President's Commission, Jack L. Ruby was afforded a polygraph examination by SA Bell P. Herndon, Polygraph Examiner, FBI Laboratory, at the Dallas County Jail on Saturday, July 18, 1964. Present during the proceedings were Mr. Arlen Specter representing the Commission, Attorneys Clayton Fowler and Joe Tonahill representing Ruby, Mr. William Alexander representing the District Attorney's Office, Dr. William R. Beavers, Ruby's psychiatrist, SA W. James Wood of the Dallas Office, Chief Jailer Hanlon of the Sheriff's Office and a court reporter.

Ruby provided ^{some} additional details and facts during the interview; however, gave no new significant information. He continued to deny previously knowing Oswald or being in any conspiracy with Oswald or anyone else to either kill the President or Oswald. During actual polygraph examination Ruby was cooperative, followed the examiner's instructions and appeared rational in his conversation. In later sworn testimony by his own psychiatrist, Dr. Beaver indicated that Ruby was aware of the questions and was rational in his response. Dr. Beaver testified that Ruby did not show undue stress or strain during the interview. He generally described Ruby as "psychotic depressive."

The test results of the polygraph examination have not been provided to the Commission and are under study. Preliminary review of the charts indicate that Ruby was not deceptive in his denial of knowing Oswald or his being involved in any conspiracy and do not conflict with any prior investigation. However, if Ruby is in fact a "psychotic" personality the test results should be considered as inconclusive because of his mental condition, and the charts cannot be relied upon.

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Malley, Rm. 5710
- 1 - Mr. McGowan, Rm. 2712
- 1 - Mr. Hines, Rm. 2264

REC-33

44-2416 1807

18 JUL 24 1964

BPH:KO (9)

64 JUL 29 1964

SIX

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Memorandum to Mr. Conrad
Re: JACK L. RUPY, AKA
LEE HARVEY OSTALD, AKA, VICTIM;
CIVIL RIGHTS

Mr. Specter informed SA Herndon July 19, 1964, that the Bureau will be furnished a copy of the complete "report of proceedings" at Dallas. He requested that SA Herndon confer with him at Washington early this week prior to the Bureau submission of any formal written report. Dallas will submit a complete investigative report of the polygraph interview.

ACTION:

For information. This matter is being expedited.

7/23/64

PLAIN TEXT

1 - Mr. Swanson

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SACS, DALLAS (44-1639)
LOS ANGELES (44-895)

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH VICTIM, CR.

REDLTEL JULY TWENTYTWO LAST. HARRY OLSEN REFERRED IN COMMISSION'S REQUEST DATED JULY TWENTY LAST IS PATROLMAN HARRY OLSEN, DALLAS POLICE DEPARTMENT, WHO WAS INJURED IN AUTO ACCIDENT AND HOSPITALIZED PAREN SEE REPORT OF SA CLEMENTS DATED DECEMBER NINETEEN SIXTYTHREE, PAGE ONE THIRTYEIGHT ENPAREN. WHEN INTERVIEWED ON DECEMBER SIXTEEN SIXTYTHREE, OLSEN STATED LAST SAW RUBY ABOUT ONE THIRTY A.M. ON NOVEMBER TWENTYTHREE OR TWENTY FOUR SIXTYTHREE WHILE SITTING IN CAR WITH GIRL FRIEND, KAY COLEMAN, A FORMER EMPLOYEE OF RUBY. OLSEN STATED HE AND KAY TALKED TO RUBY FOR ABOUT TEN MINUTES.

HCS/ras
(3)

NOTE: By letter dated 7/20/64 Commission requested reinterview of Roy William Pike, former part-time employee of Ruby re his activities on 11/22, 23 and 24/63; why he left Dallas shortly after Ruby shot Oswald and whether or not he saw or talked to certain individuals including Harry Olsen. Pike who is now in Los Angeles and Los Angeles was requested to interview Pike. In retel Dallas stated could not immediately identify Olsen. This is to assist Los Angeles in the interview of Pike. REC 55 44 24 26 1808

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

COPIES DESTROYED

21 JAN 2 1973
JUL 29 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

19 JUL 24 1964

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 23 1964

TELETYPE

7-23-64

PLAINTEXT

TELETYPE

URGENT

TO SAC DALLAS (44-163)
FROM DIRECTOR FBI (44-24016)

Handwritten initials

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION

THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION REQUESTED THAT WE DETERMINE WHETHER ROOM THREE ONE EIGHT IN THE DALLAS POLICE DEPARTMENT WAS CUSTOMARILY USED AS A PRESS TELEPHONE ROOM BEFORE AND AFTER NOVEMBER TWENTY ONE, ONE NINE SIX THREE AND THE NUMBER OF TELEPHONE INSTRUMENTS AVAILABLE IN THIS ROOM DURING THE SAME PERIOD OF TIME. ALSO DETERMINE THE NUMBER OF TELEPHONES IN ROOM THREE ONE TWO DESIGNATED AS A PRESS ROOM. ADVISE THE BUREAU ATTENTION EXHIBITS SECTION BY RETURN TELETYPE.

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REC 55 44-24016 1809

LJG:mah (5)

19 JUL 24 1964

- 1 - Mr. Rosen (Attention: Mr. Malley)
- 1 - Mr. Belmont

117

NOTE: Dr. Goldberg of the Commission verbally requested this information of Mr. Gauthier on 7-23-64 and desires that the plans of the third floor of the Dallas Police Department which is being prepared in the Bureau's Exhibits Section indicate the room designation as existed on November 21, 1963.

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Malone _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

58 JUL 29 1964

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 23 1964

TELETYPE

MAL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-109090-

7/23/64

1 - Mr. Swanson

Airtel

109

To: SAC, Dallas (44-1839)

From: Director, FBI (44-24016) - 1810

JACK L. RUBY, AKA;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Enclosed are two copies of a self-explanatory letter from the President's Commission dated July 20, 1964, requesting interview of Mr. Richard D. Walker.

Submit results by letterhead memorandum covering investigation requested suitable for dissemination directly to the President's Commission upon receipt. Investigation must receive expeditious attention.

Enclosures (2)

HCS/ras
(4)

NOTE: By letter dated 7/20/64 Commission requested interview of Richard D. Walker, Fort Worth, Texas, attorney. During check of various telephone calls from Ruby's residence phone it was determined two calls were made to phone listed to Walker. Calls made on 10/20 and 21/63. Ruby, when requested order for stationery at Graphic Studio in Dallas, left piece of paper with owner which contained a number of names and telephone numbers including Walkers.

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Evans
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Handwritten signatures and initials:
A large signature, possibly "R. Walker", is written across the bottom left.
The initials "HW" are written in the center.
A large signature, possibly "Casper", is written on the right side.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone: 543-1410

J. LEE RANKIN,
General Counsel

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD F. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BOGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

JUL 20 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

The Commission would appreciate your interviewing Mr. Richard D. Walker concerning various telephone conversations and meetings he had with Jack Ruby in late October 1963. (Clements Report March 28, 1964, p. 10, 11, 15.)

Information concerning Mr. Walker is found in Clements Report, December 19, 1963 p.115. Mr. Walker's name also appeared on a slip of paper which Ruby accidentally left at the Graphic Studio in Dallas on November 1, 1963. (Clements Report, December 14, 1963, p. 344.) Please provide the Commission with a copy of that paper.

Please also ask Mr. Walker about his dealings with Ralph Paul, Karen Bennett Carlin, and persons named in the aforementioned list, and ascertain if Walker has any information concerning a relationship between Jack Ruby and Lee Oswald.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

31 JUL 21 1964

680901-21
RECORDED COPY FILED
JUL 21 1964

EX 14 44-24016-1810

EX 14

14 JUL 21 1964

SA

FBI

Date: 7/20/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (44-1639) (P)
RE: JACK L. RUBY, aka.;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka. (Deceased) - VICTIM
CR

Reference is made to the polygraph examination afforded RUBY in the Dallas County Jail on July 18, 1964.

Enclosed are clippings from "The Dallas Times Herald" newspaper, July 19, 1964, and from "The Dallas Morning News", July 19 and 20, 1964.

Enc.
MCC/
(5)

S. D. BUCH

REC 14 44-24016-1811

EX 103

JUL 21 1964

[Handwritten signature]

80-5-12
62-109090

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

67 JUL 31 1964

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

300 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BOGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. McCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

Mr. Mohr _____
Mr. Casper _____
Mr. Callahan _____
Mr. Conrad _____
Mr. DeLoach _____
Mr. Evans _____
Mr. Gale _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Sullivan _____
Mr. Tavel _____
Mr. Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Miss Holmes _____
Miss Gandy _____

J. LEE

JUL 14

[Handwritten initials]

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Pennsylvania Ave. & 9th St. N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Jack Ruby

The Commission would appreciate your undertaking further investigation to corroborate the statement of Wanda Helmick that Jack Ruby called Ralph Paul during the evening of Saturday, November 23, 1963 and told Paul he had a gun, and that Paul asked Ruby if he had "gone crazy". (Clements Report, June 26, 1964, page 191)

As a part of such investigation, it is suggested that Mrs. Helmick be re-interviewed to ascertain the approximate time Ruby called Paul, how she happened to hear the phone conversation, the names of other persons who might have heard the alleged conversation or heard Ralph Paul's statements during the alleged conversation, the names of persons she has told about the alleged conversation, and any other information she has concerning Paul's contacts with Ruby on November 22-24, including Paul's efforts to hide from FBI agents after Ruby shot Oswald.

To the extent feasible, it would be appreciated if other persons who might have overheard the alleged conversation between Paul and Ruby could be contacted in that regard. Particular attention should be directed to persons who may no longer be employed by Paul or who could otherwise be contacted without alerting Paul to the investigation being conducted.

We realize that Mrs. Helmick does not wish her cooperation to be disclosed; however, we wish to advise your Bureau that the Commission may decide to take Mrs. Helmick's testimony. We hope that it will be possible to retain her cooperation, but do not lead her to believe that we shall not examine her later.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
J. Lee Rankin
General

REC-5144

24016 1794

JUL 23 1964

H. S. [Handwritten]

EXP. PROC.

JUL 17 1964

70.111 27
Airtel to [illegible]
7-15-64
[illegible]

JUL 23 1964

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BOGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. McCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

- Mr. Mohr _____
- Mr. Casper _____
- Mr. Callahan _____
- Mr. Conrad _____
- Mr. DeLoach _____
- Mr. Evans _____
- Mr. Gale _____
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Sullivan _____
- Mr. Tavel _____
- Mr. Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Miss Holmes _____
- Miss Gandy _____

JUL 14

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Pennsylvania Ave. & 9th St. N.W.
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Jack Ruby *2/4/64*

In his deposition, Detective W. J. Harrison stated that prior to about 11:00 a.m. Sunday, November 24, he walked from the third floor office of the Juvenile Detective Bureau in the Dallas Police Department to the police officers locker room in the sub-basement where he purchased some cigars. The Commission would appreciate your conducting such investigation as may be appropriate to determine whether or not Mr. Harrison could have made a phone call from a public telephone somewhere along the route to the basement or near the police officers locker room.

The Commission would also appreciate your interviewing Officer Goolsby of the Juvenile Bureau of the Dallas Police Department to determine whether or not he recalls making a telephone call to Detective Harrison some time on Sunday morning. Detective Harrison stated that he and Detective Miller received such a telephone call at the Deluxe Diner near the Police Department at about 9:00 a.m. Please determine from Officer Goolsby the time of the telephone call, the conversation which took place and how he learned the location of the Detective Harrison.

Please conduct such investigation as may be appropriate at the Deluxe Diner to determine what the employees of the diner remember of the activities of Harrison and Miller at that diner, including whether Harrison and Miller mentioned when or how Oswald was to be moved to other persons at the diner, and whether or not Jack Ruby or George Sanctor visited that diner during the week-end of November 24 or contacted officers Harrison and Miller during that period.

Also, please ask Officer Gobby if he remembers that Captain O. A. Jones or some other police officers informed members of the Juvenile Bureau on Sunday morning about 11:00 a.m. that the armored car was on its way to the Dallas Police Department.

RECEIVED
JUL 15 1964
32

Sincerely,
J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

CORRECTION

JUL 23 1964

REC-51 44-4016-1795

64 JUL 27 1964

7/15/64

1 - Mr. Conrad
1 - Mr. Hines

Airtel

To: BAC, Dallas (44-1639)

From: Director, FBI (44-24016) . 1796

JACK L. RUBY, AKA; ST-117
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA - VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS

Enclosed herewith are two copies each of three separate self-explanatory letters from the President's Commission dated July 14, 1964, requesting specific investigation regarding Jack L. Ruby and his activities and associates.

Handle the requested investigation on an expedite basis. With respect to the request for investigation resulting from the Commission's observations of certain TV films, handle items number 1 and 7 as set forth in their letter. The other items 2 through 6 will be handled by the FBI Laboratory. Set out any leads necessary to locate and identify "Pierre" by teletype. Submit results by separate letterhead memorandum covering investigation requested in each letter suitable for dissemination directly to the President's Commission upon receipt.

Enclosures (6)

DWB/ras
(5)

NOTE: By three separate requests the Commission requested (1) that on basis of their review of TV films we locate and interview a French reporter, Pierre, who appears in the film and make certain minute time computations with respect to the apparent appearance of certain other police officers, Ruby, Oswald and others on the scene in the film up to and including the shooting of Oswald. They will make the film available to the Laboratory. (2) that we conduct certain investigation as a result of a deposition taken from Detective W. J. Harrison concerning an alleged telephone call made to him at a diner from the police. (Note continued on page two.)

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

4 JUL 22 1964 TELETYPE UNIT

JUL 15 1964

(Note continued)

department on the morning of 11/21/63. We have not previously conducted investigation re such a call. (3) that we undertake further investigation to corroborate a statement of Wanda Helmick, an employee of Ralph Paul, to the effect that she overheard Paul's end of a conversation with Ruby on the night of 11/23/63 wherein Paul asked if Ruby had "gone crazy." This statement was previously made in an interview with Helmick to develop background and activities re Paul who is Ruby's close friend. The FBI Laboratory is requested to make arrangements through Commission per their letter and handle computations requested in items 2 through 6.

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
OF THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

20 Maryland Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone: 451-1400

EARL WARREN
Chairman
RICHARD B. BENTLEY
JOHN BISHOP
HALL BUCKNER
GERALD R. NEASE
FRANK R. ROYCE
SHELDON K. STINEBAUGH

Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

[Handwritten signature]
JUL 14 1964

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Hoover:

As a result of watching certain TV films made available to the Commission, we would appreciate your undertaking the following investigation:

1. Please interview a French newspaper reporter named Pierre who was in Dallas on November 24 and stated on TV within two or three minutes of the time Oswald was shot that he saw Ruby mingling with the newsmen just prior to the time Oswald came out of the jail office. That interview appears on Reel 13 of the film provided to the Commission by TV Station KRLD. "Pierre" may be identical to Francois Felou who was interviewed by your agents on December 1, 1963 (Clements Report, December 11, 1963 p. 478). In particular, please ask "Pierre" how long he estimates it was that he first saw Ruby in the basement before he shot Oswald, whether or not he saw Ruby in the basement before Lieutenant Pierce's car drove up the Main Street ramp and where exactly on the ramp he saw Ruby.
2. Please provide for us the exact number of minutes and seconds prior to the shooting of Oswald that the armored truck arrived at the Dallas Police Department on Sunday, November 24. Reel 13 of KRLD-TV film and WBAF-TV film FW-1 appear to be continuous shootings of the events at the Dallas Police Department from the time the armored truck arrived until Oswald was shot.
3. Please also compute from KRLD-TV Reel 13 and from WBAF-TV film FW-1 the length of time that Sergeant P. T. Dean is seen to remain in the jail basement after Oswald was shot.
4. On WBAF-TV reel FW-2 please determine the number of seconds before the shooting that Officer W. J. Harrison is seen to turn and look up the Commerce Street ramp. This event appears

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30 JUL 15 1964

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JUL 23 1964

REC-51

JUL 15 1964

[Handwritten signature]

to occur about 20 seconds before the shooting. We would appreciate your furnishing still shots of Officer Harrison as he is looking up the ramp.

5. Please obtain still shots of the following episodes on KRLD-TV Reel 23:

(a) A man who appears to be Jack Ruby in the third floor hallway during the first 19 seconds of this film. Ruby is seen in the foreground from the rear and from a three-quarter view and moves out of the camera's sight to the left after about 19 seconds.

(b) A man who may be Jack Ruby following District Attorney Henry Wade out of the assembly room. This man has a balding head and is seen only from the rear just before Henry Wade leaves the room. This man is dressed in what appears to be a dark suit. Another individual is between Henry Wade and the man just described. This picture appears somewhere between 45:16 and 45:23 minutes on the film.

6. In WBAP-TV reel FW-1:

(a) Please furnish still shots of Jack Ruby standing directly behind Harrison a few seconds before the shooting.

(b) Please compute the time before the shooting at which persons are observed to shout "Here he comes." This event may also be observable on KRLD-TV reel 13.

7. Please provide time computations of the following:

(a) The time it would have taken for Lieutenant Pierce's car to reach the top of the Main Street ramp from the point at which it clears the cameras in WBAP-TV reel FW-2, taking into account the time involved in stopping to pick up police officer Maxey part way up the ramp.

(b) The time it would have taken to leave a car parked where Ruby parked his at Main and Pearl on November 24, unlock the trunk of his car, place his keys and billfold in the trunk, place the trunk key in the glove compartment of the car, walk to the Western Union Office, write out the money order request Ruby filled out, have the clerk process the transaction to

the point of giving him a receipt, and walk to the Western Union exit nearest the Main Street ramp.

(c) The time it would have taken the customer immediately preceding Ruby at Western Union to have her transaction processed.

(d) If possible, please interview that preceding customer for any observations she may have had of Ruby.

Arrangements may be made to view all television materials by contacting Dr. Alfred Goldberg of our staff.

Your continuing cooperation with the Commission is greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,



J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 15 1964

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

FBI WASH DC

FBI DALLAS

3:03 PM CST URGENT 7/15/64 PJS

TO DIRECTOR, 44-24016

FROM DALLAS, 44-1639

^{aka: known as} JACK L. RUBY, AKA; LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA, - VIC. (DEC)

CR. RMYTEL THIS DATE, AND TELEPHONE CALL TO INSPECTOR KALLEY.

AT TWELVE THIRTY P.M., THIS DATE, MR. CLAYTON FOWLER, WHO

IS THE CHIEF ATTORNEY FOR RUBY, CALLED AND STATED THAT HE AND HIS ASSOCIATES ALONG WITH VARIOUS MEMBERS OF RUBY'S FAMILY DESIRED FOR ME TO CONVEY TO THE COMMISSION BY WAY OF ANSWER THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION WHICH HE STATED WOULD BE GIVEN TO ME BY ATTORNEY SOL DANN, AN ASSOCIATE.

MR. DANN CAME ON THE PHONE AND STATED THAT THE FAMILY HAD CONSULTED WITH DR. EMANUEL TANAY, EIGHT SIX ONE FISHER BUILDING, DETROIT TWO, MICHIGAN. HE STATED DR. TANAY HAD IN THE PAST MADE AN EXAMINATION OF RUBY AND THAT THE FAMILY, HE, AND FOWLER WILL BE GUIDED BY HIS JUDGMENT AS TO WHAT SHOULD BE DONE IN THIS CONNECTION. HE STATED THAT AT THIS TIME DR. TANAY HAD ADVISED THAT A POLYGRAPH

REC-5144
ST-117

44-24016-1797
JUL 20 1964

56 JUL 27 1964

P2

44-1639

EXAMINATION AT THIS TIME (ONE) WOULD SERIOUSLY EFFECT RUBY'S HEALTH. (TWO) HE WAS OF THE OPINION THAT IT WAS HIGHLY QUESTIONABLE AS TO WHETHER SUCH A TEST WOULD BE OF ANY VALUE IN VIEW OF RUBY'S PRESENT MENTAL CONDITION SINCE THE RESULTS WOULD NOT BE TRUE RECORDS OR CONCLUSIONS.

MR. DANN STATED THEY WOULD NOT, THEREFORE, BE IN A POSITION TO ALLOW RUBY TO HAVE A TEST AT THIS TIME AND THAT HE FURTHER DESIRED TO HAVE CONVEYED TO THE COMMISSION THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH THE TESTS MIGHT BE GIVEN IN THE FUTURE IF ITEMS ONE AND TWO ARE EVER RESOLVED.

(ONE) THE TEST WOULD BE GIVEN IN THE PRESENCE OF DR. TANAY, EITHER ATTORNEY FOWLER OR ATTORNEY DANN, AND NO OUTSIDES, WITH PARTICULAR REFERENCE TO NO ONE FROM THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE OR THE SHERIFF'S OFFICE BEING PRESENT.

(TWO) THEY WOULD ALSO HAVE TO BE ASSURED THAT THE RESULTS OF THE TEST WOULD BE HELD CONFIDENTIAL BY THE COMMISSION AND UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES MADE AVAILABLE TO THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY OR THE PRESS.

(THREE) HE WOULD INSIST ON WRITTEN AUTHORITY FOR THIS EXAMINATION FROM EARL RUBY, JACK'S BROTHER.

HE ALSO STATED THAT WHILE THEY WERE VERY DESIROUS OF COOPERATING

DL 44-1639

WITH THE COMMISSION THEY DID NOT FEEL THEY COULD DO SO IN VIEW OF THE POSSIBLE EFFECT THE POLYGRAPH MIGHT HAVE ON RUBY'S HEALTH AND EXCEPT UNDER THE CONDITIONS NOTED ABOVE.

IT WAS POINTED OUT TO MR. DANN THAT ALL WE COULD DO WOULD BE RELAY HIS STATEMENTS TO THE COMMISSION.

MR. DANN ADVISED HE WAS RETURNING TO DETROIT LATE TODAY, THAT HE CAN BE REACHED AT ONE EIGHT TWO ZERO DAVID STOOT BUILDING, DETROIT TWENTYEIGHT, MICHIGAN, TELEPHONE WO ONE DASH ONE ZERO ZERO THREE. BOTH HE AND ATTORNEY FOWLER STATED THAT DANN WOULD, AFTER RETURNING TO DETROIT, WRITE A LETTER TO THE COMMISSION SETTING FORTH THE ABOVE INFORMATION.

IT IS ALSO NOTED THAT BOTH MR. DANN AND MR. FOWLER ADVISED THAT ATTORNEY TONAHILL HAD NO AUTHORITY TO GIVE PERMISSION FOR RUBY TO HAVE A POLYGRAPH TEST. WHILE NOT SPECIFICALLY STATED, IT WAS STRONGLY INDICATED THAT TONAHILL WAS NO LONGER ASSOCIATED WITH THEM IN THIS CASE.

DANN STATED THE FBI OR THE COMMISSION MIGHT DESIRE TO CONTACT DR. TANAY. HE WAS ADVISED THIS WOULD BE A MATTER LEFT ENTIRELY UP TO THE COMMISSION AS WE WERE ONLY REQUESTED TO SET UP THE POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION BY THE COMMISSION.

PA

DL 44-1639

IN VIEW OF THE ABOVE, NO FURTHER EFFORTS WILL BE MADE TO
TRY TO SET UP THE POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION ^{FOR} ~~FOR~~ RUBY AT THIS TIME.

END

WA RAP

FBI WASH DC

CC - Mr. P. J. ...

FBI

Date: 7/18/64

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

A I R T E L

Via _____
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (44-645)

SUBJECT: JACK L. RUBY, aka;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka -
VICTIM
CR

Handwritten initials/signature

Re Bureau airtel dated 7/7/64 and Dallas airtel dated 7/11/64 with further reference to allegations of GEORGE WILLIAM FEHRENBACH.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau ~~the~~ three (3) copies of photo of Judge and Mrs. BENJAMIN J. KANTER, Chicago, and eight (8) copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) with interview of Judge KANTER. Enclosed for Portland and Dallas are one copy each of photo and one copy each of LHM.

FD-302s being forwarded separately to Dallas.

Portland exhibit photo to FEHRENBACH at Medford, Oregon.

- ENCLOSURE
- 3 - Bureau (Encls. 11)
 - 2 - Portland (Encls. 2)
 - 1 - Dallas (Encls. 2)
 - 1 - Chicago

CLB/vmm
(7)

REC-51

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ST-117

NO JUL 23 1964

D. G. Wick

Approved: *MWJ/CA* Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

JUL 27 1964

Handwritten initials/signature



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Chicago, Illinois
July 18, 1964

**JACK L. RUBY;
LEE HARVEY OSWALD -
VICTIM
CIVIL RIGHTS**

The President's Commission on the Assassination of the President by letter dated July 2, 1964, requested additional investigation concerning George William Fehrenbach.

Judge Benjamin J. Kanter, Municipal Court, City of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois, was recontacted. Judge Kanter furnished a photo of himself and his wife. This photo was taken sometime in the 1940s according to Judge Kanter. His wife is five feet, one inch tall, and her weight was about 115 pounds at the time.

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21 MAR 2 1973



At the request of the President
Commission, we were to give Ruby a polygraph
test 7-18-64.

Tonahill, one of Ruby's attorneys,
advised 7-15-64, he was recommending to
Clayton Fowler, Ruby's chief attorney, and to
Ruby's family that polygraph test be given.
District Attorney Henry Wade reiterated that
prior to agreeing, he would insist certain
questions be asked.

Attached shows Clayton Fowler
and Sol Dann, attorneys for Ruby, indicate
they will not permit an examination at this
time and indicated stipulations regarding any
future test.

Rankin and Staff Attorney Spector
of the Commission have been advised and
agreed no examination can be held 7-18-64.
This is being confirmed and SA Herndon's
appointment to discuss the examination
7-16-64, has been canceled.

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TRANSLATION FROM FRENCH

REVUE DE CRIMINOLOGIE ET DE POLICE TECHNIQUE

13, No. 1 - Janvier-Mars, 1964

TABLE OF CONTENTS

EDITH M.	Reflections on the Dollos Trial and American Jury Institution	1
B. MOUTON	Homicide by Aggravated Negligence	9
C. A. HENRI	Mechanism of a Swindle	12
A. MATHIS	Contribution to Differential Method in Criminology	15
F. CHIFFOLEAU	Probation Applied to Dangerous Alcoholics	23
A. MATHIS	The Problem of a Psychopathic Incendiary	32
D. G. ROBERT, A. MATHIS, and the MATHIS	Delinquency and Children of Psychopathic Parents	35
F. MATHIS	The Assassination Case	39
J. MATHIS	Reflections on Week-End Sentences	49
M. FATHI-EL-IZZI	Proof by "Assembling of Pieces"	52
A. COHEN	Prints for Road Traffic Signs	62
Prof. J. MATHIS	Notes of the Scientific Police	66
United Nations	United Nations' Inquiry Into Death Penalty. "Capital Punishment," a report by Councillor Marc Ancel	71
World of Magazines	The International Criminal Policy	73
Biographical Notes	Professor Gerhard C. Lueller	74

ENCLOSURE

NOT RECORDED
6 JUL 21 1964

TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA MEGNICHIA
JULY 1, 1964

53 JUL 22 1964

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

Institutions: The "Law Center" and "Comparative
Criminal Law Project" of the University of
Illinois 77

SCHOOLS AND VARIETIES:

HISTORICAL TRENDS, by Samuel H. Hirschi 3

REMARKS ON THE DALLAS TRIAL (see editorial by our
Scientific Director) 5

FROM "CONFIDENTIAL" - Homicidal Boxing. - Thalidomide. -
Euthanasia 11

FROM THE "D.D.", by D. Schmitt 15

TRANSLATION FROM FRENCH

[Handwritten scribbles and signatures]

INTERNATIONAL REVIEW OF CRIMINOLOGY AND TECHNICAL POLICE

Volume 18, No. 1 - January-March, 1964

EPILOGUE TO THE DALLAS TRIAL

JACK RUBY, CONDEMNED TO DEATH, APPEALS

Pages 5-9

The Verdict May Be Rendered on Saturday

Dallas, March 12. - It is believed in generally well-informed circles that the Ruby trial may be concluded on Saturday. The hearing of the testimony should be finished today, in principle, after the prosecutor's and defense attorney's speeches. The jury would be able to start its deliberations on Friday and render its verdict the next day.

Would the Jurors Be Able to Agree?

March 13. - After the contradictory conclusions of experts testifying for the defense and prosecution, it is difficult to predict which ones will appear the most convincing to the jurors. It is, however, certain that experts for the prosecution, rejecting the theory of insanity, are more numerous and more categorical in their conclusions than psychiatrists and psychologists for the defense. Among the regular observers of the trial unfolding in Texas, many consider that the jury will not be able to agree and that the entire trial would have to be started all over again.

Ruby Waits for the Jurors' Decision on His Fate

Dallas, March 14, 1964. - Jack Ruby waits in a Dallas prison to learn his fate. In fact, he will not leave it except for hearing Judge Brown read the verdict arrived at by twelve

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121 JAN 21 1964

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Transcribed by: [unclear] 4/11/64
J. G. [unclear]
4 of 7, 1964



selected with such a difficulty. The latter in fact returned to their cells; they have been together since Saturday morning to deliberate after having heard on Friday Jack Ruby's attorneys plead the irresponsibility of their client, and the prosecuting attorney maintain the theory of premeditation. He demanded the death penalty for Jack Ruby.

However, it is not certain that the assassin of the presumed murderer of John Kennedy will know his fate soon. The twelve jurors have to express a unanimous opinion on the degree of responsibility of the accused. If a single one of them was impressed by conclusions of Mr. Belli and experts whom he caused to appear for demonstrating that Ruby was subject to fits of psychomotor epilepsy, and the others are convinced of premeditation, no judgment can be rendered and a new trial will have to be organized with the uncertainties which this implies.

The jurors have to express their opinions on the following five points:

Is Ruby innocent?

Is he innocent because he lost his reason at the moment of the crime? (In this case he would be immediately released);

Because he lost his reason at the moment of the crime and has not recovered it yet? (In this case he would be confined to a Texas asylum for criminally insane until he regains his reason);

Is he guilty of a premeditated murder? (He is then liable to death penalty with a minimum of two years of prison);

Is he guilty of murder without premeditation? (He is liable to an imprisonment of two to five years with a possibility of a reprieve).

In none of these cases can the prosecutor appeal against the leniency of the sentence. Only appeals on a "vice of form" can be made and Mr. Belli claims that he has noted at least a dozen of them.

The Die is Cast: Murder With Premeditation - "Death."
Dallas Wanted to "Clear Its Honor"

March 15. - The severity of the Dallas verdict cast a chill throughout America. "This Texas will never cease to surprise us," said New Yorkers shaking their heads.

The prosecuting attorney himself appeared surprised by the decision of the jury, twelve average but pure Texans. For most Americans, Ruby deserved neither pity nor death. Obviously, he was guilty, but he also was a hot-headed and somewhat unbalanced person, who could be genuinely driven to murder by the shock of the horrible death of Mr. Kennedy.

And now, after wondering for four months, why did Jack Ruby kill Lee Harvey Oswald, the press, experts, psychiatrists and others are wondering why the Dallas jury condemned Ruby to death, doing it without any hesitation, for it needed only one hundred and forty-eight minutes to decide.

The explanation which comes immediately to one's mind and which will satisfy mystery novel fans is that the Dallas jury wanted to silence Ruby. "Dead men tell no tales" says the American proverb. We hasten to say that although this theory was used in support of theories published since the death of Mr. Kennedy, few Americans accept it.

Actually, it is difficult to imagine that a dozen of men and women would accept such an order regardless of where it came from. And it is still less probable that a man like Ruby, feeling himself lost, would not try to save his skin or to create the last-minute publicity for himself by telling everything. We may be sure that, in any case his attorney, Mr. Belli, would do it for him. From now until his execution, if he ever will be electrocuted, Ruby will have a year, perhaps two, for talking if he knows anything; if he has a secret.

Then again, there is a strong possibility, they think in America, that not being able to try Oswald whom Ruby snatched away from them, the Dallas jurors have, consciously or not, made their "justice" fall upon Ruby, trying to punish two men with one blow.

Texans, who have always loved the quick justice, felt frustrated by the disappearance of Oswald. It was necessary that someone had to pay for the horrible crime of Dallas. "In the absence of Oswald, let us hang (or rather, electrocute, since there is no more hanging in Texas) Ruby," was a common reflex in this country where the law of the Far West is the only law of man.

Certain powerful circles of the city, those who are called the oligarchy (bankers, businessmen, owners of newspapers and radio-television stations) have carried on a real campaign for "public health" against Jack Ruby, the little Jew who came from Chicago (the capital of gangsters, as everybody knows), who corrupted pure Texans inciting them to come and admire strip-teasers.

No one in Dallas would shed a tear for this poor little individual, who in dying will put an end to the most tragic chapter in history of Dallas. After this, all they would have to do would be to build a monument upon the site of the murder of Mr. Kennedy and Dallas will have a clear conscience.

Such is approximately a psychology of the city leaders, although they did not yet start a subscription for the monument to the memory of Mr. Kennedy.

Since hearing the verdict, Mr. Belli accused the jurors of having been inspired by "fanaticism." It is certain that fanatics who wished the death of Mr. Kennedy, even if they had nothing to do with the assassination, as is probable, wish also to have Oswald and Ruby disappear, to free themselves from their moral culpability.

It may also be that the histrionic arrogance of Mr. Belli had finally turned the jurors against him and his client.

But the most plausible, the most natural explanation for those who know Texas and who came to Dallas since the assassination of Mr. Kennedy, is that the jurors, ordinary people, said to themselves: "For four months we have been accused of all the crimes; we have been insulted and derided; what would they say about us, Dallas, or Texas, if we acquit Ruby or let him get away with a light punishment?"

"Oh, Dallas, how you do exaggerate..." ran a headline on the first page of the New York Daily News, a newspaper with the greatest circulation in America, on the day when seven prisoners took advantage of confusion to escape from a prison where Ruby is confined.

Since November 22 of last year, Dallas has become the laughing stock and shame of America. It is probable that, in sending Ruby to the electric chair, these good men wanted to clear the honor of Dallas and avenge their city by showing to the world that there is justice in America, even in Texas. L. P. (Journal de Geneve).

Defense Is Going to Appeal

Dallas, March 15. - After rendering their verdict the twelve jurors of a historic trial of Dallas left their quarters, reserved on the sixth floor of the prison, in police cars. A majority of them preferred not to return to their homes and to live

for a few days at secret addresses. As to Judge Brown, he left the courthouse in the shadow of three policemen in civilian clothes.

The defense is now going to file an appeal at the Texas Criminal Court. Mr. Belli stated in the course of a press conference that he had some information to the effect that one of the jurors said in advance that if he were chosen as a member of the jury, he would vote for the death sentence. If a juror did actually make such a statement and if the defense could succeed in proving it, the case could be annulled.

Ruby has been confined to his cell in a Dallas prison. He will remain there as long as the appeals planned by his lawyers last, that is, at least for one or two years.

Prosecuting Attorney:

"If the Defense Had Done Its Work in Earnest...."

Dallas, March 17. - "I am sorry for Jack Ruby: he is a victim of many things," stated in the course of an interview Prosecuting Attorney Henry Wade, who seems to be one of the rare persons who is not pleased with the verdict pronounced against the assassin of Lee Harvey Oswald.

Citing in this regard certain statements made by a journalist who accused him of having wished "to add a new scalp to his belt," Mr. Henry Wade declared: "This hurts. This is not true. If the defense did its work as conscientiously as my assistants Bill Alexander and Jim Bowie did theirs, Jack Ruby would not be where he is today."

Before the trial, the prosecuting attorney did not conceal his opinion that a life imprisonment appeared to him more normal. His assistants held the same view. For Mr. Wade, Jack Ruby was in a way a victim of his attorneys, after being a victim of circumstances, independent of himself, in his crime, which the prosecuting attorney admitted nevertheless liable to death punishment.

"Jack Ruby has not even asked for clemency of his jurors in whom he could awake some pity. He has not done it and it is not up to us to do it," added Mr. Henry Wade, appearing somewhat overwhelmed by telegrams swamping his office, congratulating him on this verdict, this "job well done," to quote from one of these cables.

Among these telegrams, one coming from Philadelphia said: "Texas can be proud from now on." Another one, signed by the Bar of Columbus, Ohio, congratulated Mr. Wade on "his victory over Mr. Belli, reduced to ashes today." "Thank California for sending you an attorney as inept as Belli," wrote a group of Californians.

But there were also less flattering telegrams: "You are a Caligula My children's children will know the shame of Dallas." "Damn your city and your soul."

Ruby, Apathetic Prisoner, Plays Cards

Dallas, March 18. - When Judge Brown pronounced on Saturday the verdict condemning him to death, Jack Ruby remained impassive.

Four days have passed since then. Ruby returned to his prison and continues to present the same air of indifference and impassivity.

He plays cards or dominoes by himself, eats when the meal is served and takes a shower when he is told to do it. Only Jack Ruby knows what Jack Ruby thinks.

"Well, Phil, how are things going today?" It is thus that he greets his attorney Phil Burlison who visits him almost daily. The latter stated that his client asked for nothing in particular and that he does not see anyone for the moment except his attorneys and his relatives.

"I talked to him about the appeal and tried to explain that this would take time. Jack seems to have a strong hope that his case will be reviewed fairly. He is in good health and his mental state is as satisfactory as possible in such circumstances," the attorney added.

To the director of the prison, Ruby seems more calm now than during the trial when they took him to the courthouse two times a day. "He gives us no trouble at all. He never did give us any," he added.

Ruby has three adjacent cells, 7 m. 50 cm. in length and over 3 m. 50 cm. in width. After the verdict, the prisoner received 10 to 15 letters a day; now this number is reduced to 4 or 5.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

DURING TEST Ruby Pictured as Calm

By CARL FREUND

Jack Ruby remained calm throughout a lengthy lie detector test in which he insisted that he did not know Lee Harvey Oswald, a defense attorney said Sunday.

Attorney Joe Tonahill of Jasper told The Dallas News also that he believed the test proved "good therapy" for Ruby's mental condition.

A Warren Commission representative, Arles Spector of Philadelphia, Pa., and two FBI agents spent nine hours inside the county jail Saturday giving Ruby the test at his request.

TONAHILL SAID one FBI agent stated he would need time to analyze polygraph tracings of Ruby's respiration and blood pressure before concluding

whether the 31-year-old slayer had told the truth.

"He wouldn't say whether he suspected whether Jack was telling the truth or lying, or whether he thought he could draw definite conclusions in view of Jack's mental condition," Tonahill related.

"He said he would study the tracings and submit a report to the Warren Commission and the commission would decide whether to make the report public."

Tonahill said he was cautioned against repeating what Ruby told the Warren Commission representative and FBI agents.

THE DALLAS NEWS was informed, however, that Ruby told "basically the same story" that he related to Chief Justice Earl Warren during their unprecedented county jail conference.

Ruby stated during this conference that he did not know Oswald and was not part of any conspiracy involving the 24-year-old Marxist. Ruby stated also that he decided to kill Oswald to spare Mrs. Jacqueline Kennedy the anguish of returning to Dallas to testify at Oswald's trial on a charge of assassinating President Kennedy here Nov. 22.

Ruby requested a lie detector test during his conference with the chief justice.

COMMENTING ON the test, Tonahill said: "I think the Warren Commission

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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"The Dallas
Morning News"
Dallas, Texas

Date: 7-20-64
Edition:
Author:
Editor: Jack B. Krueger
Title:

Character:
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Submitting Office: Dallas

Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

sion was already con inred that no link existed between Jack Ruby and Lee Harvey Oswald. But if its members had any doubts, I'm sure this test will remove them — provided, of course, that the operator was able to draw conclusions in view of Jack's mental condition."

Tonahill said psychiatrists had expressed fears that Ruby might "crack up" from the emotional strain of the test.

"Actually, he remained calm," Tonahill continued. "I think it proved good therapy for his mental condition. He wanted this test very much and he had brooded because he had not received it."

RUBY TOLD lawyers and psychiatrists earlier that many Americans felt he was involved in the Kennedy assassination and he believed a test was needed to convince them that he had nothing to do with the President's death.

Tonahill gave this account of how the test was conducted:

Specter, the FBI agent; Dr. William Beavers, a psychiatrist hired by the Ruby family; Clayton Fowler, Ruby's chief defense lawyer; Assistant Dist. Atty. William F. Alexander, a member of the prosecution team in Ruby's murder trial; Tonahill; a court reporter and a jailer met with the condemned slayer inside the county jail.

SPECTER AND the agent broke the test into "9 or 10 phases" which involved various aspects of the assassination and the slaying of Oswald.

The lawyers listened while the operator and Ruby discussed questions in each phase. Then, when satisfied that Ruby understood the questions and that his answers were responsive, the attorneys walked away and did not return until this phase of the test was completed.

The process was repeated for each phase.

"We were not present when

questions were asked while Jack was hooked up to the portable lie detector which the FBI used," Tonahill pointed out.

TONAHILL SAID Ruby was given a rest period whenever he showed signs of tiring. One lasted an hour and 40 minutes.

Tonahill said Sheriff Bill Decker assigned Allan Sweatt, his chief criminal investigator, as the sheriff's office observer during the tests.

But Specter objected when he learned that Sweatt gives polygraph tests for the sheriff's office, Tonahill continued.

"Specter said he preferred someone who wasn't familiar with polygraph tests and a jail supervisor replaced Sweatt," the lawyer said.

ALEXANDER WAS not available for comment. Observers assumed he would prepare a report for Dist. Atty. Henry Wade.

Tonahill said Ruby showed "A very good recall of events at the time of the assassination.

"This test meant a lot to Jack and he worked hard at recalling details," the attorney said.

"Psychiatrists say this does not mean he is sane. They tell us that the insane are often able to recall minutely what took place years ago."

ALTHOUGH RUBY was calm during the test, Tonahill said, the slayer still has illusions that millions of Jews are being slaughtered as an aftermath of the Oswald slaying.

"While I was in the jail he asked me to try to smuggle his relatives into Israel before they are tortured and killed here," Tonahill said.

Prosecutors question whether Ruby actually has these illusions and suggest that he may be faking in a desperate attempt to avoid the electric chair.

Results of polygraph examinations are not admissible in criminal trials under Texas law.

As a result, attorneys will not refer to results of the Ruby test if he gets a new trial.

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Attorneys For Ruby Argue Test

Two attorneys representing Jack Ruby fired each other during a sharp exchange while the 33-year-old slayer took a lie detector test, another member of the defense staff said Sunday.

Attorney Joe Tonahill said the exchange took place during a telephone conversation between Clayton Fowler, Ruby's chief defense lawyer, and Sol Dann of Detroit, who describes himself as legal adviser for the Ruby family.

Tonahill said Dann called the county jail while a Warren Commission representative and FBI agents were giving Ruby the test.

"Dann was very upset over the test and even talked about trying to file some type of charge against the FBI agents," Tonahill related.

"Dann said both of us (Fowler and Tonahill) were being dismissed from the case. Clayton told him that he couldn't dismiss us — that he didn't have the authority—but that he (Fowler) was dropping Dann from the defense staff," said Tonahill.

After the test ended, Fowler told reporters that Dann had tried to dismiss him. But, Fowler said, "I intend to be here as long as Jack Ruby wants me."

Tonahill said he intends to stay in the case and work under Fowler's direction.

The Dallas News reported in its Weathervane column a week ago that friction had developed between Dann and Texas attorneys defending Ruby.

Tonahill said Fowler also conferred by phone with Earl Ruby of Detroit, a brother of the slayer.

"Clayton explained that he opposed the test but that Jack insisted on taking it," Tonahill said. "Earl said he knew that if Jack had made up his mind to take the test nobody could talk him out of it."

Psychiatrists told Fowler earlier that the strain of a test could cause a worsening of Ruby's mental condition. Tonahill said, however, that he knew how much Ruby wanted the test and, as a result, did not oppose it as strongly as Fowler.

Fowler and Dann joined last week in asking Probate Judge F. W. Bartlett Jr. to appoint a guardian for Ruby on grounds he is mentally incapable of handling his property.

Judge Bartlett scheduled a hearing Aug. 6.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

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Morning News"
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Submitting Office: Dallas

 Being Investigated

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

REQUESTED BY SLAYER**Ruby Takes
Lie Test**

By CARL HARRIS

Convicted slayer Jack Ruby was given a lie detector examination Saturday at the direction of a Warren Commission representative over the objections of his attorneys.

The test, which took place in Ruby's county jail cell, resulted after repeated requests for it by Ruby.

Present during the sessions were Arles Specter of Philadelphia, Pa., an assistant counsel of the commission; two Ruby attorneys, Clayton Fowler and Joe Tonahill; Dr. William Beavers of Southwestern Medical School, court-appointed psychiatrist; Assistant Dist. Atty. Bill Alexander and a court reporter, a polygraph examiner and a representative of Sheriff Bill Decker.

Specter, flanked by Fowler, Tonahill and Alexander, emerged from the jail at 10:10 p.m. They had been there since noon.

Specter would not discuss the nature of questions asked in the examination nor would he describe Ruby's frame of mind during the questioning.

THE RESULTS, HE said, will be "compiled at the earliest possible date and forwarded to the Warren Commission. It is impossible at this time to predict what use will be made of the information."

Tonahill, at one stage of the

press conference, said he was "very much in favor of the test."

However, Ruby's psychiatrists were not, he added.

Fowler, chief defense counsel, said he did not approve of the examination, "and I so advised Mr. Ruby and the commission."

He added that "nothing went on here today that will be detrimental to Jack Ruby."

When the questioning again turned to the attorneys' approval, Tonahill said both men (he and Fowler) were "against it."

"We've contended," he elaborated, "he (Ruby) is of unsound mind and incapable of properly conducting his own affairs. But Jack wanted that test worse than he wants to go to heaven."

IT WAS BECAUSE of this feeling that the lawyers finally consented to the test, which was administered by FBI agents, Tonahill concluded.

Alexander told reporters that Saturday's activity will not affect the state's case against Ruby, under a death sentence for the murder of accused presidential assassin Lee Harvey Oswald.

Other points discussed by the attorneys were:

Ruby was given a "number of breaks" or rest periods during the long examination, including one which lasted an hour and 40 minutes.

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Specter said he and the lawyers remained in the jail an hour after leaving Ruby's cell, but he would not disclose what occurred during that time.

RUBY'S BROTHER and sister, Sam Ruby and Mrs. Eva Grant, both of Dallas, arrived at the courthouse about 1:30 p.m. Mrs. Grant left about 8:30 p.m. while the brother stayed until the lawyers emerged from

the jail for the news conference.

Specter reiterated that the Commission "did not solicit the examination," but that it was performed at Ruby's request.

Fowler also hinted at friction between himself and another Ruby lawyer, Sol Dana of Detroit, Mich. He said that Dana had attempted to release Fowler from the case but added, "I intend to be here as long as Jack Ruby wants me to be."

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

RUBY TESTED ON POLYGRAPH

Lie Detector Exam Given by FBI At Warren Commission's Behest

By JERRY RICHMOND
Staff Writer

Condemned slayer Jack Ruby underwent extensive lie detector tests Saturday despite strenuous objections by his local defense counsel.

The tests, including long periods of rest and considerable legal argument, lasted more than 10 hours and were conducted for the Warren Commission by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Allen Spector of Philadelphia, Pa., an assistant counsel for the Warren Commission, was in charge of the polygraph examinations. After the exhaustive testing in the Dallas County jail, Mr. Spector would comment only that the tests had been made at the "specific request of Jack Ruby."

Chief defense counsel Clayton Fowler of Dallas said he objected to the testing but "as you know, he (Ruby) made this arrangement before I entered the case."

In addition to the FBI agent who conducted the test, others present included Mr. Fowler, defense attorney Joe H. Tonahill of Jasper, Asst. Dist. Atty. William F. Alexander, Mr. Spector and a chief jailer on Sheriff Bill Decker's staff.

Mr. Spector, who flew into Dallas Saturday, said preparations for the test began at noon Saturday. The parties involved in the testing came out of the county jail at 10:15 p.m.

"The results will not be disclosed until the Warren Commission has had a full report and

time to analyze the significance," Mr. Spector said.

He said the entire proceeding took place in a spirit of cooperation, but that "it is not possible to discuss the nature of the examination or the questions asked of Mr. Ruby."

Jack Ruby's psychiatrist, Dr. William R. Beavers, was also called into the conference, apparently as a safety measure. Dr. Beavers was hired by Ruby's family to treat the 54-year-old former night club operator for a mental condition.

When asked if the session was a valuable one, Mr. Spector said that he could not answer that without going into the Warren Commission's business.

He said the results would be compiled at the earliest practical date, submitted to the Warren Commission and would be made known at the earliest practical time.

DISAGREEMENTS

Attorneys and others present during the testing declined to answer questions dealing with how Ruby reacted and whether he suffered any physical strain during the apparently long session.

It was also determined that the session was broken by a number of disagreements including those between members of the family and the defense team. Chief defense counsel Fowler made no secret of his displeasure with the testing and described it as "a surprise to me."

Mr. Alexander, representing the

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1 "The Dallas Times Morning News" Dallas

Date: 7-1
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prosecution would comment only that the test results "in all probability will not be used by the state."

Mr. Tonahill, who has been a member of the defense team since shortly after Ruby shot Lee Harvey Oswald, said he was in favor of the test because "Jack Ruby wanted it more than he wants to go to Heaven."

Mr. Tonahill explained that he thought testing was important to Ruby and may have some therapeutic value. "Therefore, I was in favor of it even though the psychiatrists were not," he said.

NOT IN FAVOR

But Mr. Fowler quickly explained he was opposed to the polygraph test.

"I was not in favor of polygraph tests," Mr. Fowler said. "I made this very plain but as you know he (Ruby) made this arrangement before I entered the case."

The newly named chief defense counsel admitted there was friction among defense lawyers concerning the polygraph and said, "I do not feel that anything that went on here today will hurt Ruby, but at this time such a test places him in the position of conducting his own affairs."

MENTALLY ILL

The Dallas lawyer said he felt Ruby was mentally ill and in no position to decide whether he should undergo such tests.

Mr. Tonahill agreed with Mr. Fowler that the defendant should not have taken the test from a legal point of view.

The two defense lawyers present explained that there had been disagreement with Detroit attorney Sol A. Dann, who was retained by Ruby's brother, Earl Ruby of Detroit, as an advisor.

"Mr. Dann, as a matter of fact, called here during the test to fire me and Mr. Tonahill and, as chief counsel, I fired him back," Mr. Fowler said. "We, Mr. Tonahill and I, will represent Mr. Ruby as long as the members of his immediate family want us to."

The unannounced testing of Ruby was kept a well-guarded secret until newsmen Saturday noticed the unusual activity around the county courthouse involving persons connected with the Jack Ruby case.

Sheriff Bill Decker, apparently under instructions to make no comment about the surprise visit, would say only that Ruby had visitors.

FAMILY WAITS

Ruby's family, including a sister, Mrs. Eva Grant, and a brother, Sam Ruby, both of Dallas, remained in the waiting room to the jail for nearly 20 hours, apparently in the dark about what was going on upstairs. However, a source close to the family said they had been contacted two weeks ago by the Warren Commission to make arrangements for conducting the polygraph test.

Ruby reportedly told Chief Justice Earl Warren that he wanted to take lie detector tests when the head of the President's commission to investigate the assassination of President Kennedy visited him in the county jail on June 7 for an interview which lasted several hours.

Mr. Spector repeatedly declined to discuss the nature of the questions posed to Ruby while on the polygraph. He also declined to comment on Ruby's response to questioning.

When asked the material value of such testing in light of Ruby's condition, he replied "the quality of his answers goes into the content of the questions."



DEBATING LIE DETECTOR?

Clayton Fowler, chief counsel for convicted slayer Jack Ruby, left, discusses developments in the case Saturday with Ruby's sister, Mrs. Eva Grant, and brother, Sam Ruby. The conversation took place outside Sheriff Bill Decker's office between visits by Mr. Fowler, Ruby's psychiatrist and investigators of the Warren Commission. Ruby was given extensive tests Saturday afternoon and night.

—Staff photo by Darryl Heikes.

FBI

Date: 7/23/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (44-24016)

FROM: SAC, OKLAHOMA CITY (44-430) -P-

JACK L. RUBY, aka; LEE
HARVEY OSWALD, aka (Deceased) -
VICTIM
CR

[REDACTED] who desires his identity be protected, advised SAs DONALD H. SLOAT and JOSEPH K. BROOKS on 7/22/64, while being contacted on an unrelated matter that he had spent a week [REDACTED] in Dallas, Texas, recently, editing some documentary film recently completed by the [REDACTED]. While there he met and renewed acquaintances with several individuals connected with motion pictures and photography business in the Dallas area. He had occasion to meet one SHIELDS MITCHELL, formerly associated with the Film Productions Department of the University of Texas, and presently a free-lance camera man and producer of motion pictures in Dallas.

MITCHELL related to [REDACTED] an involved story of being employed by MELVIN BELLI, former legal counsel for the Subject during the pre-trial interviews that BELLI had with his client. MITCHELL stated that BELLI had demanded and received as his fee for defending RUBY complete rights to any book or film based on RUBY's life and BELLI had employed MITCHELL and another camera man to shoot considerable film footage of RUBY during BELLI's interviews with him. MITCHELL stated that BELLI always explained the use of his

3-Bureau
2-Dallas (44-1639)
1-Oklahoma City

DHS/msb
(6)

REC-2

EX 110

44-24016-1812

JUL 25 1964

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

58 JUL 29 1964 Special Agent in Charge

camera men if challenged, by stating it was necessary for him to completely ascertain the personality and character of RUBY and was having film shot of all interviews for later study, and assistance in preparing RUBY's defense. In reality, according to MITCHELL, BELLI was compiling an immense film library on RUBY for future exploitation and apparently hoped that RUBY would "crack up" during one of the interviews, so that it could be recorded on film. BELLI's belief was that such film would become priceless as an historical document in the future and that he would personally reap a rich reward.

[redacted] stated that MITCHELL told him that he, MITCHELL, had a Masters Degree in Psychology but that the psychology used by BELLI in plotting and conducting the interviews with RUBY was far above any psychology MITCHELL had studied in school.

MITCHELL stated that this psychology and questioning by BELLI of RUBY was designed to bring RUBY to a mental collapse and aid in his release, and that of additional value, would be BELLI's recording of the collapse on films.

MITCHELL stated that BELLI frequently referred to the unethical approach he was using, stating that if it became known he would "go to jail." These references to illegality caused MITCHELL to dis-associate himself from BELLI's employment and he was sworn to secrecy by BELLI before leaving his employ.

[redacted] advised that he had no prior acquaintance with MITCHELL, could not vouch for his truthfulness, nor even for his alleged employment by BELLI as a camera man, but he stated MITCHELL appeared to be reliable and appeared apprehensive concerning his own part in BELLI's alleged scheme. [redacted] stated that he felt MITCHELL could probably be contacted through the Southwestern Film Laboratories or Producer Services of Dallas or Jamiessons Film Corp. of Dallas.

OC 44-430

LEADS:

THE DALLAS DIVISION

At Dallas, Texas

Will contact SHEILDS MITCHELL, former staff member of the Motion Pictures Production at the University of Texas and now a free-lance camera man in Dallas, for full information regarding his employment by MELVIN BELLI and his knowledge of the Subject.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

JUL 23 1964

TELETYPE

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Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

FBI WASH DC 0724

FBI LOS ANG.

1206 PM PDT URGENT 7-23-64 MJH

TO DIRECTOR 44-24016 AND NEW YORK 44-974

NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON

FROM LOS ANGELES 44-895 1P

JACK L. RUBY, AKA. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA DASH VICTIM.

CIVIL RIGHTS.

RE NEW YORK TEL TO THE BUREAU JULY TWENTY ONE LAST.

LOS ANGELES LOCATED AND INTERVIEWED FRANCOIS

PELOU ON JULY TWENTY TWO LAST. HE IS THE QUOTE PIERRE

UNQUOTE REFERRED TO IN THE COMMISSION'S LETTER OF JULY

FIFTEEN LAST. RESULTS OF THE INTERVIEW WILL BE SUBMITTED

AS DIRECTED IN TELETYPE.

REC-6344-24016-1813

FOR INFORMATION WFO, PELOU SAYS PHILLIPE LABRO **JUL 27 1964**

WAS STILL IN HIS HOTEL ROOM IN DALLAS, TEXAS, WHEN RUBY SHOT

OSWALD. PELOU SAYS HE WAS THE ONLY FRENCH NEWSMAN IN THE

BASEMENT.

DALLAS AND WFO ADVISED AIR MAIL.

END

OMS FBI WASH DC FOR RELAY

JUN 58 JUL 29 1964

SP

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