

DL 100-10481

WRE/ss

(1)

WTCW

Mr. DECLAN FORD, 14357 Brookcrest, Dallas, friend and advisor of MARINA OSWALD, advised SA WALLACE R. HEITMAN on March 2, 1965, MARINA OSWALD had returned to Dallas on February 28, 1965, and is presently residing in her home at F. J. Belt Line Road, Richardson, Texas, with her children. She has no definite plans for the future. The manuscript of the book being written by PRISCILLA JOHNSON on the life of MARINA OSWALD, has not yet been submitted to the publishers. FORD advised MARINA OSWALD's knowledge of the English language has improved, particularly in grammar.

WTCW

DL 100-10461

**IV. EFFORTS BY MARINA OSWALD TO OBTAIN PROPERTY
OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD .**

DL 100-10461

RPG/jtf

1

TEXT

"The Dallas Times Herald", Dallas, Texas, on March 23, 1965, contained an article captioned "Husband's Estate Sought by Marina". This article stated that MARINA OSWALD had filed an application in Dallas County Probate Court to become administrator of the estate of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. The Community Administrator Application was filed during the previous week in *Dist. Court* Judge F. W. BARTLETT, JR.'s, court. County Judge LEW STERRETT appointed three appraisers to inventory the property owned by OSWALD. The appraisers were ROBERT M. MARTIN, JR., and CHUCK CARLISLE BLALOCK, both Dallas attorneys, and HARRY H. MC KAY, Administrative Assistant to Judge BARTLETT.

The article stated that the application points out that OSWALD left no will and that his interests in the community property, consequently, passes to the two OSWALD children. The application states that Mrs. OSWALD has filed in a Federal District Court a declaration of her intention to become a United States citizen.

LEWIS

The article continues that MARINA's attorney, WILLIAM BLALOCK, has sixty days to file an inventory of OSWALD's property at which time the three appraisers will study the list and report to Judge STERRETT, who will then decide whether to appoint MARINA OSWALD as administrator. If named as administrator, MARINA OSWALD will have to post a bond to be set by the Judge.

This newspaper article continues that a community administrator differs from administrators normally named, in that the community administrator is entitled to settle the estate without further proceedings in court, and states that according to the statutes, MARINA OSWALD would be appointed to "control, manage and dispose of community property" in accordance with the law. The article stated that assets acquired by Mrs. OSWALD since her husband's death would not be affected by this proceeding.

"The Dallas Times Herald", Dallas, Texas, on March 26, 1965, carried an article captioned "Oswald Guns Now Valued At \$10,000".

DL 100-10461

RFG/jtf

2

Texas

This article stated that the rifle used to assassinate President KENNEDY and the revolver with which Police Officer J. D. TIFPIT was slain have been valued officially at \$10,000 by three appraisers appointed by County Probate Court. The article continued that Mrs. MARINA OSWALD had been named by Probate Judge F. W. BARTLETT, JR., as Community Administrator for the property, and that she was bonded in the amount of \$5,000, one-half the property's value as required by law. Included in the inventory listing of property was a four-power telescopic sight, a two-piece sling, and a cartridge clip. All of these items were included in the \$10,000 appraisal, and no real property was listed in the inventory. This article stated that MARINA OSWALD's attorney had indicated that a \$10,000 bid for the two weapons had been made by a gun collector. The article commented that the attorney, WILLIAM BLALOCK, had stated he was not at liberty to discuss the possible sale of the weapons, which were both now in the possession of the Department of Justice, and he was not sure what steps might be required to regain possession. The article quoted Mr. BLALOCK as stating, "I don't think the Government has any right to keep them since the Warren Commission has finished its job. They belong to Mrs. Oswald and her children."

The article commented that the well-publicized diary of OSWALD was not included in the inventory and attorney BLALOCK was quoted as saying, "I did not think it had any value now; however, Mrs. Oswald was trying to regain the document from Federal authorities."

DL 100-10461

V. MISCELLANEOUS

- A. Western Union Sending Blank Found In
Room 661, Plaza Hotel, New York City,
Addressed To "Lee H. Oswall"

DL 100-10461

A. Western Union Sending Blank Found In
Room 661, Plaza Hotel, New York City,
Addressed To "Lee H. Oswall"

DL 100-10461

RPG:jeg

1

On February 23, 1965, Mr. HAROLD E. PETERSEN, Room 661, Plaza Hotel, 59th Street and 5th Avenue, New York City, telephonically contacted the New York Office and advised IC DANIEL J. CURTIN that in his desk drawer at the above hotel room he found a Western Union Sending Blank dated 1964 and addressed to "Lee H. Oswald". He stated the remainder of the blank was illegible. *Just*

Mr. PETERSEN advised that he is an engineer with International Business Machine (IBM) Corporation, and is in New York City attending an IBM award dinner.

On February 24, 1965, the above referred to Western Union Sending Blank was furnished by Mr. PETERSEN to Special Agent JOHN JAMES O'FLAHERTY.

DL 100-10461

RPG:jeg

1

Under date of March 12, 1965, the FBI Laboratory furnished the following information concerning the results of a document examination requested by the New York Office under date of March 5, 1965:

"Specimens received: 3/8/65

"Q618 Western Union Sending Blank bearing hand printed name 'Lee H. Oswald,' dated 1964, and handwritten message beginning 'Hi Lee'

"Result of Examination:

"The handwriting on Q618 was found to be 'Hi Lee how are you' and is signed with a name. The first part of the name is 'Richard' and the last part of the name is too highly distorted to determine its correct spelling. It could be the name ~~Gipp~~ or ~~Jipp~~."

U.S

DL 100-10461

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DL 100-10461

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Harvey
Dec 6, 1943

Dear Mrs. Oswald:

I am, I feel, a very close friend
to your late husband L. Harvey Os-
wald, and I feel a close kin to you.

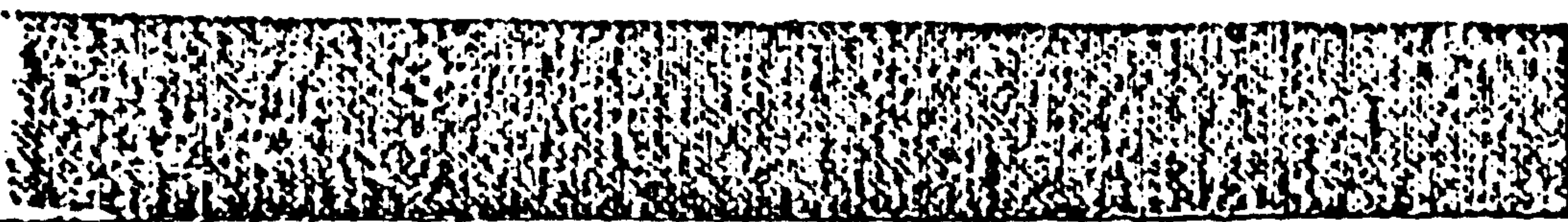
I wish to say that Harvey
always did for you and his world,
what he thought was the best. I am
very sad that his plan did not work
out, but if I may be of help and
assistance to you and yours please
let me know.

Let me tell you this, he did for
what he believed in, his death was
not in vain. I do wish that you would
stay here in the U.S. until I could
meet and talk with you. At the
moment, I am very busy work-
ing I feel for the good of the world.

I will close with this line
that Harvey only felt close to me
more than a dozen people, and
you by far was the one beloved.

I am yours truly

D. A. DeLoach
encl.



105-82555 D-274 AX
FBI
LABORATORY

Donald Andrew Wolf
Knoxville, Tenn.

Marina Oswald
c/o Mrs. Shirley Williamson
Fort Worth, Texas



encl 2

105-82555 D-274 AX
FBI
LABORATORY

BA 105-32

Records of the American Embassy, Buenos Aires, contain no information identifiable with the name of JOHN CHARLIE BRADLEY, which DI MARCO claims he uses as noted above.

In view of the foregoing, as well as other information developed to date, no effort is being made to arrange for an interview of DI MARCO, UACB.

The attached LHM is classified "Confidential" since unauthorized disclosure of the information contained therein might jeopardize informant's identity, to the detriment of Bureau and U. S. interests.

Although no plan is being made to arrange an interview with DI MARCO, in view of the allegation set forth in the LHM that he is a "Peronist-leftist sympathizer", plus the fact that he has applied for an immigrant visa to the U. S., a separate file is being opened on DI MARCO to determine whether or not any additional subversive-type allegations exist against him.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 4/12/65

FROM : SAC, DALLAS

SUBJECT: *d* ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63
- MISCELLANEOUS -
INFORMATION CONCERNING
(Bufile 62-109060)
(DL file 89-43)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R - CUBA
(Bufile 105-82555)
(DL file 100-10461)

In the interest of space in the Dallas files, Bureau authority is requested to destroy all but two copies of all reports prepared by the Dallas Office in captioned cases. There are presently being retained four copies of each report, and it is not anticipated that any need for more than two copies will be forthcoming.

In the future, Dallas will retain only two copies of reports prepared in captioned cases.

105-82555-540913
APR 20 1965

2 - Bureau
2 - Dallas (1 - 89-43)
(1 - 100-10461)

RPG:jeg
(4)

18 APR 25 1965

*Me to DL
KNR/mes
4/14/65*

[Handwritten signature]



840, Dallas (89-43)
(100-10482)

April 19, 1965

Director, FBI (12-109060)

1- Mr. Lenihan (645 RB)
1- Mr. Raupach

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY
DALLAS, TEXAS, 11/22/63
DISSEMINATION -
INFORMATION - SCOURING

ALL FIELD OFFICES, ISA.
IS - A - CUBA

Express authority is granted to destroy all
but two copies of all reports prepared by Dallas in
captioned cases.

KMR:mas
(7)

① 105-82355

NOTE:

No apparent need for Dallas to retain additional
copies of Assassination and Oswald reports. Part I,
Page 81 of Handbook deals with copies of reports and
two copies adheres to Bureau policy. This matter has
been coordinated with the Domestic Intelligence Division.

14 APR 20 1965

DUPLICATE YELLOW

APR 23 1965

105-82355-14

FBI

Date: 4/22/65

31

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

RE : LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka.
IS - R - CUBA

At 2:45 PM., 4/21/65, Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, 3704 Crestline Road, Fort Worth, Texas, mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, telephonically contacted the Fort Worth RA and furnished the following information to IC JAMES VON WHITE:

MARGUERITE OSWALD stated she had just purchased the current edition of "Life" magazine and that there was an article in this issue concerning one TOMMY THOMPSON, a former resident of Fort Worth, Texas, who has been promoted to an assistant editor of "Life" magazine. Mrs. OSWALD stated that on the day of the assassination of President KENNEDY, TOMMY THOMPSON interviewed her and her daughter-in-law, MARINA OSWALD, at the residence of Mrs. RUTH PAINE in Irving, Texas. She stated that THOMPSON was only a simple reporter at that time but that since the assassination he has been given a big promotion.

Mrs. OSWALD then related that this is not the first time she has heard of others involved in reference to the assassination of getting promotions in their work or occupation. She stated that while her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was in Russia she hired an attorney in Vernon, Texas, by the name of JOHN STOREY, to send affidavits to the State Department and American Embassy in Moscow, Russia. She stated JOHN STOREY sent the final affidavit that brought her son, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, back to this country. She stated that since the assassination, JOHN STOREY, and his son, ROBERT STOREY, of Dallas, Texas, have since been given big political jobs.

Mrs. OSWALD advised that before her son's return from Russia, she was in contact with the current head of CIA, SAM

3 - Bureau
1 - Dallas

RPG:jog

(4)

REC-123

11 APR 24 1965

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ Per _____

SOVIET SECTION
NAT. INT. SEC.

5410

Handwritten initials and signatures

Sam

~~RAYBURN~~, ~~FRED~~ ~~KORTH~~, former Secretary of the Navy; ~~TODDIE LEE~~
~~WYNNE~~, millionaire living in Dallas; ~~ALLEN~~ ~~GRAND~~, former
resident of Fort Worth now living in Washington, D. C., with
a big political job; and ~~MIKE~~ ~~HOWARD~~, U. S. Secret Service
Agent in Fort Worth-Dallas area, now living in Washington,
D. C.

OR RAYBURN D.C. TEXAS TEXAS TEXAS

Mrs. OSWALD stated that all of the above-named men belong to a "power structure" and "political structure" which was a conspiracy in the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Mrs. OSWALD concluded by saying, "when I say anything, it's all been proven" and "all of these men have been involved with me directly."

The above is furnished the Bureau for its information and no investigation concerning same is being conducted by Dallas, UACB.

R. E. Lenihan

Legat, Mexico City (105-3702)

4/26/65

Director, FBI (105-82555)

REC-41

5411

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA

init

Enclosed for each recipient office is a copy of a letter and a copy of the transmittal envelope which were sent to the Bureau by Miguel Fonseca Rivas, Monterrey, Mexico. A check of Bufiles disclosed no information identifiable with Rivas.

Mexico City should contact appropriate sources to identify and obtain background data concerning Rivas. Thereafter, in the absence of information indicating such action undesirable, the Legat, Mexico City, should make arrangements through appropriate sources to have Rivas interviewed concerning his allegations in connection with the assassination of President John F. Kennedy. Following results of such investigation, the Legat, Mexico City, should conduct any other inquiries necessary to fully resolve this matter.

Results of your investigation should be furnished to the Bureau in a form suitable for dissemination.

Enclosures - 2

1 - Dallas (100-10461) (Enclosures - 2)

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (Route through for review)

REL:kab

(6)

NOTE:

Rivas is a Mexican national who indicated that all data relating to the assassination of President Kennedy has not been fully resolved. He indicates there were others involved in the plot in Mexico and claims Oswald was in contact with such individuals. Desirable Legat, Mexico City, conduct necessary inquiries to fully resolve these allegations.

Tolson
DeLoach
Mohr
Bishop
Casper
Callahan
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAILED 4
APR 27 1965
COMM-FBI

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature]

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

and each time he was no more
more than few thousand american dollar
in the first place, he is not that son
a hotel Business man and in the
Place no Hotel in Mexico pays that
in such short times. they paid him
that the Plaza Hotel at Ensenada
worth, because the Hotel is worth
more than \$10,000 U.S. Dols. - and as
stayed for one day at del Parque,
in Ensenada, that I can see
with all of his expenses paid, even
of the house, from a man who
hates Americans. short time after
Kennedy was killed.

Sirs. I am willing to prove
- all I said in this letter, I
want the hateful Russians and the
Communist Leaders in Latin
America to think that the
F.B.I. is good for nothing
a Mexican who loves free

Miguel Josecu Rivas

Tecate 12055 10 22 67

Col. Las mitras

Montemey N.L.

Mexico

DEPT. OF JUSTICE

RECEIVED
INVESTIGATIVE
DIVISION
NOV 27 1967

Tecate 120
Monterrey C L.
Mexico

POST OFFICE

To The General
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington D.C.
U.S.A.

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

MR. TOLSON _____
MR. BELMONT _____
MR. MOHR _____
MR. DELOACH _____
MR. CASPER _____
MR. CALLAHAN _____
MR. CONRAD _____
MR. FELT _____
MR. SALE _____
MR. ROSEN _____
MR. SULLIVAN _____
MR. TAVEL _____
MR. TROTTER _____
MR. JONES _____
TELE. ROOM _____
MISS HOLMES _____
MRS. METCALF _____
MISS GANDY _____

But...
For...
J. Edgar Hoover
Robert...
Robert...

The Herald of Freedom



BOX 3 ZAREPHATH, N. J.

VOLUME VII, Number 6

April 23, 1965

THE STRANGE DEATH OF JOHN F. KENNEDY

For many years there has been an awareness of the need for a thorough investigation and housecleaning regarding security risks in the Department of State. One of the key individuals responsible for permitting Lee Harvey Oswald to return to the United States from the U. S. S. R. was known to be a security risk and had been reported as such by the late Scott McLeod five years earlier, although the fact that he was a security risk had been known for sixteen years.

On October 31, 1959, Lee Harvey Oswald appeared at the U. S. Embassy in Moscow, at which time he turned over his U. S. passport, and submitted the following statement:

"I Lee Harvey Oswald do hereby request that my present citizenship in the United States of America, be revoked.

"I have entered the Soviet Union for the express purpose of applying for citizenship in the Soviet Union, through the means of naturalization.

"My request for citizenship is now pending before the Supreme Soviet of the U. S. S. R.

"I take these steps for political reasons. My request for the revoking of my American citizenship is made only after the longest and most serious considerations.

"I affirm that my allegiance is to the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

(signed) Lee H. Oswald"

In a report to the Department of State made on November 2, 1959 from the U. S. Embassy in Moscow by Richard Snyder and approved by Edward L. Freers, Charge d'Affairs, these facts were made known. The report and copies were sent to the Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs, Office of State Department Security, Central Intelligence Agency and other interested government departments. It showed that Oswald's manner was "aggressive, arrogant and uncooperative," and that he stated he had been a radar operator in the U. S. Marines and had already told Soviet officials that he intended to give them all the information he possessed. This would have included some very confiden-

tial data learned in the service. The report stated Oswald is "presently residing in non-tourist status at the Metropole Hotel in Moscow."

In a report written on April 7, 1964 for the Warren Commission, John A. McVicar, now Principal Officer in the U. S. Consulate in Bolivia, and formerly assigned as Secretary-Counselor at the U. S. Embassy in Moscow, pointed out: "Russian visas are given to tourists at \$30.00 per day for individual tours or the applicant must join a group. A regular visa is issued only after checking with Moscow and usually takes several months." (Oswald had obtained a visa at Helsinki immediately.) Mr. McVicar also stated that Helsinki was a port of entry of the type the Russians themselves would have chosen for Oswald. Oswald entered the Soviet Union at Vyborg on October 16, 1959, using U. S. passport #1733242 and had obtained a Soviet Visa #4173339 within less than forty-eight hours. In Moscow Oswald lived in the Hotel Berlin and the Hotel Metropole.

On October 21, 1959, Oswald was admitted to the Botkin Hospital in Moscow for an alleged attempted suicide. He had a small superficial type cut on his left forearm, which required four stitches. He, nevertheless, remained in the hospital until October 28, 1959, and during a portion of this time was in the psychiatric division of the hospital.

It is a well established fact in intelligence circles that the Soviets make a practice of having a psychiatric study and interrogation made of defectors and candidates for intelligence training to help eliminate the possibility of their being double agents. Oswald's whereabouts became a mystery shortly after his hospital sojourn as shown in a dispatch from R. E. Snyder, U. S. Embassy, Moscow, to the State Department, Washington, D. C., dated March 28, 1960, which reads: "The Embassy has had no contact with Oswald since his departure from the Metropole Hotel in Moscow in November 1959 and has no clue as to his present whereabouts."

NOT RECORDED

THE STRANGE DEATH OF JOHN F. KENNEDY (cont.)

If the U. S. Embassy in Moscow considered Oswald as a U. S. citizen rather than a definite defector, they could easily have asked the Soviet Foreign Office as to his whereabouts, since the Embassy does keep track of U. S. citizens while they are in the Soviet Union.

Under date of March 28, 1960 the Department of State in Washington, D. C. sent a dispatch to the U. S. Embassy in Moscow as follows:

"An appropriate notice has been placed in the look-out card section of the Passport Office in the event that Mr. Oswald should apply for documentation at a post outside the Soviet Union."

After the assassination of President Kennedy, an investigation of the "look-out card" and what happened to it brought this reply from the State Dept. to the Warren Commission: "Miss Bernice Waterman prepared a 'refusal' sheet and an Operations Memorandum which show that she authorized the preparation of a lookout card; however, investigations, to date, fail to reveal any other indication or evidence that a lookout card was ever prepared, modified, or removed. -- it appears that someone in the Files or Clearance Section missed the 'Refusal' prepared on March 25, 1960, and failed to follow standard operating procedures to prepare a lookout card or that the 'Refusal,' after it left the Foreign Operations Division, was misplaced or misguided in transit--"

Another explanation made by the State Department through Abraham Chayes, Legal Adviser, stated: "A 'lookout card' was probably prepared on Oswald on the ground that he might have expatriated himself, but this cannot be determined with certainty and no such card is now in the 'lookout file'. A memorandum dated Mar. 28, 1960 from the Department to the Embassy in Moscow states that a card was prepared, and the customary forms dated Mar. 25, 1960 were completed directing the preparation of a card. The usual notation on such forms indicating filing of a 'lookout card' was not made, however, nor was a notation placed on the slip that the card was withdrawn, also a usual practice."

Immediately after Oswald's arrest for the Kennedy assassination, Abba Schwartz, head of the Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs, reportedly removed Oswald's file, and it has never been returned, a reliable source states.

Oswald eventually turned up in Minsk, Russia, where he allegedly worked in the experimental section of a radio factory, doing assembly work.

During the month of March 1961 Oswald met a Russian girl named Marina Nikolaevna Prusakova. By April 20, 1961 they had applied for permission to marry. According to statements given the Warren Commission by Marina, she was dating other men during the month of March 1961; and Oswald was patient in Clinical Hospital #4 at Minsk. He was admitted at 10 A. M. on March 30, 1961 had a nasal operation and an ear infection taken care of, and was discharged from the hospital April 11, 1961. This would have allowed but very short time for a courtship between the niece of an important Soviet official and a non-Soviet citizen.

They were married on April 30, 1961. Marina, whose parents were deceased, had been living for the previous four years with her mother's brother, Lt. Col. Ilya Vasilevich Prusakov of the K. G. B. (Soviet Intelligence) who reportedly was in charge of security for the Soviet lumber industries in the area. She lived with her aunt and uncle, who were childless, in Apartment 20 at 39 Kalinin St., Minsk. After her marriage, she and Oswald lived at Apartment 4 at 20 Kalinin St., Minsk. (In some documents their address is listed as House 4, Apt. 24, Kalinin St., Minsk.)

By some coincidence Oswald had already been a neighbor of Col. Prusakov before he met Marina. On Page 605 of Vol. XVIII of the Warren Commission Reports, Marina describes his apartment (in which they lived after their marriage) as follows: "He had a small darling one room apartment with a balcony, a bathroom, gas, kitchen, and a separate entrance, quite enough for two, especially if they were young."

Marina continued to work as an assistant in the pharmacy of the Clinical Hospital at Minsk, according to Soviet records supplied to the Warren Commission. According to Oswald's diary, he was very popular with Marina's uncle, Col. Prusakov, who used to give him vodka to drink free. Oswald referred to Col. Prusakov as "my father-in-law."

According to the State Department report to the Warren Commission, Exhibit #950, the Moscow Embassy had no knowledge of the address, activities or any other information about Oswald in the U. S. S. R. from the time he left the Hotel Metropole in Moscow in November, 1959, until they received a letter from him postmarked Minsk, U. S. S. R., date February 1961. In this letter Oswald stated

THE STRANGE DEATH OF JOHN F. KENNEDY (cont.)

he desired to return to the United States. He closed the letter with the following paragraph, "I hope that in recalling the responsibility I have to America that you remember yours, in doing everything you can to help me since I am an American citizen."

On May 25, 1961 the U. S. Embassy in Moscow received another letter from Oswald which stated: "I am asking not only for the right to return to the United States but for full guarantees that I shall not, under any circumstances, be persecuted for any act pertaining to this case."---"I would not leave here without my wife so arrangements would have to be made for her to leave at the same time I do."--- "So with this extra complication I suggest you do some checking up before advising me further."

On July 8, 1961 Oswald appeared at the U. S. Embassy in Moscow where he was interviewed and filled out a questionnaire form. He applied for a visa for his wife, Marina, a few days later.

On July 11, 1961 a three-page Foreign Service Dispatch, #29, was sent by diplomatic air pouch from the U. S. Embassy in Moscow to the Department of State in Washington, D. C. regarding the Oswald case. It was signed by Boris H. Klosson, Counsellor for Political Affairs. The subject of the dispatch was "Citizenship and Passports - Lee Harvey Oswald." It contained statements and comments by Mr. Klosson. This three-page dispatch paved the way for Oswald to return to the United States where he attempted to take the life of Maj. Gen. Edwin A. Walker, and succeeded in taking the life of President John F. Kennedy.

On Page 2, Paragraph 3 of Dispatch #29 is stated: "Oswald was married on April 30, 1961, to Marina Nikolaevna Pusakova, a dental technician." It is important to note that in this vital communication the name of Oswald's wife is not spelled correctly, nor is her occupation listed correctly. Klosson, who signed the dispatch on behalf of the Ambassador, allowed her name to be spelled "Pusakova" instead of "Prusakova" and her occupation to be listed as "dental technician" instead of "assistant pharmacist."

Klosson closed the long dispatch with the following: "Twenty months of the realities of life in the Soviet Union have clearly had a maturing effect on Oswald. He stated frankly that he had learned a hard lesson the hard way and that he had been completely relieved of his illusions about the Soviet Union at the same time that he

acquired a new understanding and appreciation of the United States and the meaning of freedom---" The report showed Oswald as having earned only ninety rubles per month and having saved two hundred rubles for part of his return fare. This was also incorrect, as Oswald made much more than this and Oswald had lost none of his arrogance.

Since officials in the U. S. Embassy in Moscow were aware that the Soviets conduct training schools for agents and assassins to murder statesmen in the Free World, Klosson's utter disregard for the truth and failure to verify facts concerning Oswald is especially sinister. Who is Boris Klosson?

Boris Hanson Klosson was born in Buffalo, N. Y. on January 21, 1919, the son of Michael Klosson and the former Miss Kenena Hanson. He received a BS Degree from Hamilton College in 1940 and a MA Degree from Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy in 1941. He had studied for one year (1938-9) at the Institut Universitaire de Hautes Internationales, Geneva, Switzerland. On May 3, 1947 he married Mrs. Harriet F. Cheston. From 1942-3 he was an analyst for a U. S. Aircraft Company and then went into the U. S. Army, became a lieutenant and was assigned to the O. S. S.

In the O. S. S. he worked for and came under the influence of Gerold T. Robinson who was O. S. S. Chief of the U. S. S. R. Division of Research and Analysis. Robinson was under investigation by U. S. intelligence agencies because of his pro-Soviet activities. He was Director of the American-Russian Institute 56 West 45 Street, New York, N. Y. (along with Avraham Yarmolinsky, father of Adam L. This organization was cited as communist by the Attorney General of the United States. A Senate Internal Security Sub-committee stated it was closely linked with the Institute of Pacific Relations. In 1946, in filling out a federal employment application, Klosson gave as personal reference his friend, tutor and associate, Prof. Gerold T. Robinson.

Louise Morley, identified communist, who has taken the Fifth Amendment over forty times is also known as Mildred Vidor and Mildred Linton. She was long suspected of being engaged in espionage activities on behalf of the Soviet Union. In 1943 she had made a trip out of the country under suspicious circumstances. Upon her return it was learned she had on her person a very confidential address book of contacts among whom Boris Klosson was listed. During the couple of years that Klosson was active in

THE STRANGE DEATH OF JOHN F. KENNEDY

D. S. S., he was reported as being responsible for the leaking out to unauthorized persons of secret and confidential information to the detriment of the United States.

Klosson came into the State Department in 1945 and immediately was assigned with the Division of Research on U. S. S. R. and Eastern Europe, doing highly confidential work. He was promoted many times and worked his way up to become Chief of the Research (Intelligence) Division for U. S. S. R. On July 26, 1959 he became First Secretary of the U. S. Embassy in Moscow and at the time of the report referred to was Counsellor for Political Affairs.

Klosson is now Counsellor and Consul at the U. S. Embassy in Kingston, Jamaica, having been assigned to this post October 14, 1962. Klosson, who speaks fluent Russian, had been reported by the F. B. I. in an investigation which showed derogatory information concerning his background. In 1956 the late Scott McLeod had reviewed his file and "Klosson" was one of the names on his list of 847 security risks in the State Department.

For conclusive evidence that Oswald was not rehabilitated or "relieved of his illusions about the Soviet Union" as security risk Klosson would have us believe, we submit the following letter, written by Oswald to the Soviet Embassy in Washington, D. C. less than two weeks before he murdered President Kennedy. It is dated November 9, 1963, and states:

"This is to inform you of recent events since my meetings with comrade Kostin in the Embassy of the Soviet Union, Mexico City, Mexico. (Kostin is a high official in the K. G. B.)

"I was unable to remain in Mexico indefinitely because of my Mexican visa restrictions which was for 15 days only. I could not take a chance on requesting a new visa unless I used my real name, so I returned to the United States.

"I had not planned to contact the Soviet embassy in Mexico so they were unprepared, had I been able to reach the Soviet Embassy in Havana as planned, the embassy there would have had time to complete our business.

"Of course the Soviet embassy was not at fault, they were, as I say unprepared, the Cuban consulate was guilty of a gross breach of regulations, I am glad he has since been replaced.

"The Federal Bureau of Investigation is not now interested in my activities in the progressive organization 'Fair Play For Cuba Committee', of which I was secretary in New Orleans (state Louisiana) since I no longer reside in that state. However, the F. B. I. has visited us here in Dallas, Texas, on November 1st.

Agent James P. Hasty warned me that if I engaged in F. P. C. activities in Texas the F. B. I. will again be an 'interest' in me.

"This agent also 'suggested' to Marina Nicholayeva that she could remain in the United States under F. B. I. 'protection', that is, she could defect from the Soviet Union, of course, I and my wife strongly protested these tactics by the notorious F. B. I.

"Please inform us of the arrival of our Soviet entrance visa's as soon as they come.

"Also, this is to inform you of the birth, on October 20, 1963 of a DAUGHTER, AUDREY MARINA OSWALD in DALLAS, TEXAS, to my wife.

Respectfully,
(signed) L. H. Oswald"
(Page 539, Vol. XVII, Warren Commission Exhibits)

Except for the obvious cooperation of the International Communist Conspiracy, President Kennedy might be alive today. Much more investigation needs to be done concerning the strange death of John F. Kennedy.

Extra copies 50¢, 5 for \$1.00, \$10.00 per 100.

Books by Frank A. Capell, "The Threat From Within" (\$1.50 postpaid) and "The Strange Death of Marilyn Monroe" (\$2.00 postpaid).

"TREASON IS THE REASON" - a new book by Frank A. Capell - gives the names and backgrounds of the traitors who worked for our government in the past while they were communists and espionage agents. The book brings us up to date with names and details concerning 204 persons now or recently working for our government, mostly in the State Department, plus the names of twenty-eight persons reported as being agents of Soviet Intelligence. The book has photos, documents and details never before published or publicly known. Order from The Herald of Freedom. The usual bookstore discounts are given. (\$3.00 postpaid)

Frank A. Capell has been combatting the International Communist Conspiracy for twenty-six years, both officially and unofficially.

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Subscription \$10.00 per yr., \$6.00 for 6 mos.
Frank A. Capell, Ed. & Publisher, Tel: 201, 469-2088, Office, Zarephath, N. J.

Entered as Second Class Matter at U. S. Post Office, Zarephath, N. J. 08890

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Unit B

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 4/30/65

FROM : SAC, KANSAS CITY (62-8260) -C

*Lee Harvey
Oswald*

SUBJECT: JOHN L. REED
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Miscellaneous

Re Buairtel to Kansas City and St. Louis, October 20, 1964.

Enclosed for the Bureau are two copies of Letterhead Memorandum concerning subject. One copy has been furnished Secret Service locally.

For the information of the Bureau, the Secret Service, Kansas City has previously conducted investigation concerning subject in 1958 and 1962.

*2cc - letterhead
5-10-65*

ENCLOSURE

105-82555-5412

NOT RECORDED
199 MAY 19 1965

EX-110

- 2 - Bureau (Enc. 2)
 - 1 - Kansas City
- G. : :jb
(c)

ENCLOSURE REC 37

~~62-82555-5412~~

MAY 5 1965

SECRET

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-0-66755



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Chief
United States Secret Service
Department of the Treasury
Washington, D. C. 20220

RE: JOHN L. REED
INFORMATION CONCERNING

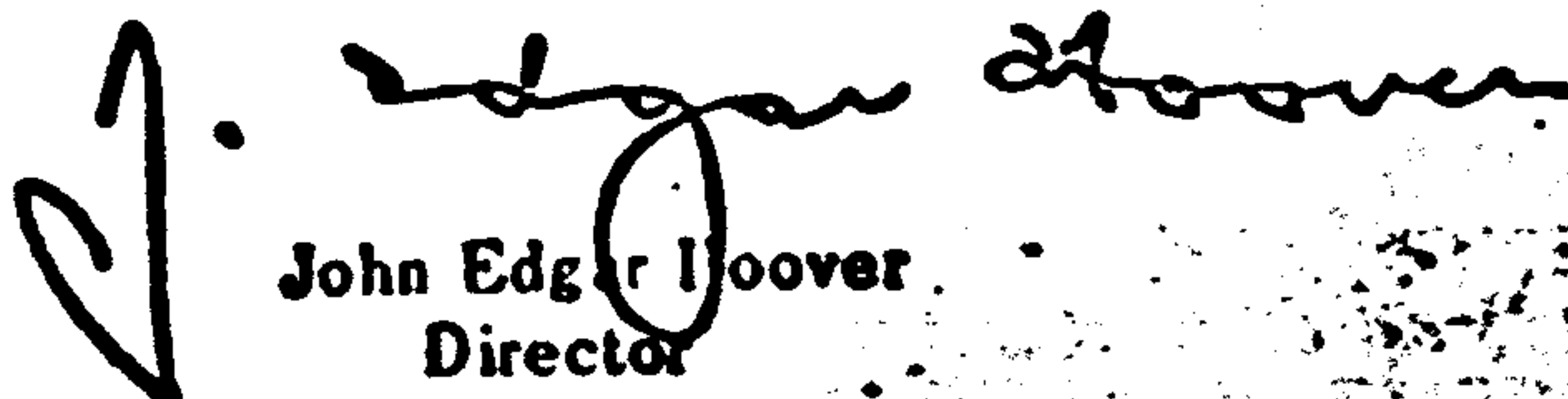
Dear Sir:

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual who is believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning Presidential protection, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

1. Has attempted or threatened bodily harm to any government official or employee, including foreign government officials residing in or planning an imminent visit to the U. S., because of his official status.
2. Has attempted or threatened to redress a grievance against any public official by other than legal means.
3. Because of background is potentially dangerous; or has been identified as member or participant in communist movement; or has been under active investigation as member of other group or organization inimical to U. S.
4. U. S. citizens or residents who defect from the U. S. to countries in the Soviet or Chinese Communist blocs and return.
5. Subversives, ultrarightists, racists and fascists who meet one or more of the following criteria:
 - (a) Evidence of emotional instability (including unstable residence and employment record) or irrational or suicidal behavior;
 - (b) Expressions of strong or violent anti-U. S. sentiment;
 - (c) Prior acts (including arrests or convictions) or conduct or statements - indicating a propensity for violence and antipathy toward good order and government.
6. Individuals involved in illegal bombing or illegal bomb-making.

Photograph has been furnished enclosed is not available
 may be available through _____

Very truly yours,


John Edgar Hoover
Director

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s))
U. S. Secret Service Kansas City

Enclosure(s)

(Upon removal of classified enclosures, if any, this transmittal form
become UNCLASSIFIED)



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Kansas City, Missouri

April 30, 1965

JOHN L. REED
INFORMATION CONCERNING

This memorandum is supplemental to previous memoranda submitted October 20, 1964.

On March 19, 1965, First Lieutenant Bob Bullack, Royal Canadian Mounted Police furnished Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation a letter addressed to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police by John L. Reed, 421 East 5th Street, Sedalia, Missouri.

In the letter, Reed stated he wished to register a complaint concerning certain stock transactions he had with Gairdner and Company, Ltd., a stock brokerage firm located at 1030 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia.

The Royal Canadian Mounted Police also furnished the Federal Bureau of Investigation with a report of their investigation of the complaint made by Reed which report explained that Reed's charges against the firm were unfounded.

In addition to the complaint against Gairdner and Company, Ltd., Reed in his letter, went on to say that he is having considerable trouble mailing his letters through the Post Office, as the Post Office will not accept some of his letters. He goes into detail in the letter, explaining that he thinks Mr. Truman, Mr. Johnson, and Mr. Eisenhower, are all German sympathizers, and that

105-82555

ENCLOSURE

105-82555

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI, and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

JOHN L. REED

the head of the Federal Bureau of Investigation is the head of the "Secret Police" and is also a German sympathizer. He based his statement on the Federal Bureau of Investigation on the fact that the Government failed to break up one German spy ring during World War Two, while there were a number of spy rings broken in World War One. Reed also states that it is his opinion that the "Fuher" in the White House and J. E. Hoover conspired to murder John F. Kennedy, and that the "Secret Police" visited Oswald two weeks before President Kennedy went to Dallas and they supplied Oswald with Kennedy's travel route in Dallas.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Carl Belcher, Chief
General Crimes Section
Criminal Division

DATE: April 16, 1965

FROM : John J. Galvin, Assistant Director

calif

SUBJECT: Curtis Dearl Zumbro, Jr., Y-31461-SW (formerly YE-137-LC)

We recently received a letter from the above named, now confined at the Federal Reformatory, El Reno, Oklahoma, in which he stated that an inmate at the Federal Correctional Institution, Lompoc, California, had talked about doing bodily harm to the President. Zumbro had initially been committed to Lompoc, being transferred to El Reno following study under provisions of 18 U.S.C., Section 5010(e).

We asked Warden Pontesso to ask Zumbro to identify, if possible, the inmate who had made this threat. A copy of the Warden's report is attached.

MARION JOSEPH BRADBURN

We believe the "Brenard" to whom Zumbro refers is Raymond Marion Joseph Bradburn, A-4121-LC, who is now serving a five-year term at Lompoc for mailing a Threatening Letter to the President, 18 U.S.C., Section 871. He was initially committed for study and observation under 4208(b). The five-year term was later confirmed on January 20, 1964. Bradburn's parole eligibility date is March 1, 1965. The Board of Parole is currently considering his application for parole. If not released on parole, he will be eligible for mandatory release on June 21, 1967.

calif

This is for your information and for whatever disposition you think appropriate.

(1)



*Rec'd 4/15/65
amb*

621 105-22535-5413

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

ENCLOSURE

Mr. Richard J. Heaney,
Acting Assistant Director

April 2, 1965

A. E. Pontesso, Warden
F R, El Reno

ZUMBRO, Curtis Dearl, Jr.
Reg. No. Y-31461-SW (E)

In response to Mr. Heaney's Memorandum of March 9, we have talked with Zumbro and can relate the following information. While confined at Leppoc, Zumbro became acquainted with Brenard, age twenty-six, apparently confined for threatening government officials. Zumbro states that Brenard was actively recruiting him, and other inmates, to join the Nazi party. He declares that literature was available along with application blanks at Leppoc. This is hard for us to believe, nevertheless, Zumbro makes the statement. When questioned about Brenard's possible acquaintance with Lee Harvey Oswald, Zumbro stated that Brenard acted like he knew him.

alleged headed of
This youth replies that there is a Nazi cell in Santa Barbara, California, headed by a Mr. Ralph Stonowski who was mentioned by Brenard several times. When pressed a little further, he mentioned that assassination plans have been worked out directed against the President. He states that he saw these plans on paper and that the attempt would be made from the Hay Adams Hotel, catercorner from the White House. He mentioned a Mr. Thomas Edwards, who is a bellhop at the Annapolis Hotel, is D.C. involved, also, a Billy (last name unknown), cashier at a service station catercorner from the Greyhound Bus Station on New York Avenue.

This is the only information we could elicit. Although Zumbro was sincere in his statements, we do not know this youth well enough to determine whether the above is fact or fiction. Apparently, Brenard is due for release soon. This has concerned Zumbro because he believes that Brenard is serious.

105-82555-5413
ENCLOSURE

Memorandum

REC-21

April 21, 1965

TO : Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation DATE:

HJM:CWB:pem
129-82-1

FROM : Herbert J. Miller, Jr., Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division

SUBJECT: Marion Joseph Bradburn

Attached is a copy of correspondence recently received from the Bureau of Prisons which indicates an inmate with Bradburn in the Federal Correctional Institution, Lompoc, California, indicates Bradburn is recruiting for the "Nazi Party," was a possible acquaintance of Lee Harvey Oswald, and has information regarding present plans to assassinate the President.

This correspondence has been furnished by the Criminal Division to the Secret Service for consideration as to the present assassination plans and to the Internal Security Division for consideration as to the "Nazi Party" allegations. In addition to these matters, it is thought the reference to Lee Harvey Oswald may be beneficial to your Bureau in connection with the Warren Commission matters.

EXP. PROC.

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-8255-5413A

REC-21

105-8255-5413A

18 APR 28 1965

sent to L.A. (Yancy)
105-8255-5413A
REL: wif 5/4/65

REL: wif 5/4/65

105-8255-5413A
8-8 R.B.

Boyer
SECTION
R. H. Pack

1 - Mr. R. E. Lenihan

SAC, Los Angeles (105-15823)

5/4/65

Director, FBI (105-82555) — 5413 B

REC-21

EX-103

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - RUSSIA - CUBA

Handwritten notes:
✓ 11 APR 11 1965
D [unclear]

Enclosed for each office is a copy of a letter from Assistant Attorney General Herbert J. Miller, Jr. and two enclosures thereto which are self-explanatory. Also enclosed for each office is a copy of Identification Division Record Number 588097C, concerning Raymond Marion Joseph Bradburn.

For the information of each office, Bufiles disclose that the Seattle Office received information in December, 1960 from the Police Department at Everett, Washington, that Bradburn was attempting to organize a group of juvenile boys, several of whom were wards of the court, into a self-styled "Nazi Youth Movement." Police officials also informed the Seattle Office that Bradburn became violent in his denunciation of constituted authority and as a result was arrested and charged with the delinquency of minors on December 14, 1960. Seattle Office also developed information that Bradburn was believed mentally unbalanced by police authorities and that he had been committed to the Northern State Hospital, Sedro Woolley, Washington, on December 16, 1960.

In view of the allegations set forth in the enclosures to Assistant Attorney General Miller's letter that Bradburn acted like he knew Lee Harvey Oswald, the Los Angeles Office should contact the Federal Correctional Institution at Lompoc, California, and make arrangements to interview Bradburn who is incarcerated, for purpose of determining if Bradburn knew or ever associated with Lee Harvey Oswald. In the event Bradburn claims acquaintanceship or association with Oswald, he should be interviewed in detail and pinned down as to dates and places where he was in contact with Oswald.

This matter should be given prompt attention and result of your interview with Bradburn should be forwarded to the Bureau in a form suitable for dissemination.

Enclosures - 4

1 - Dallas (100-10461) (Enclosures - 4)

REL:wlg(5)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

- Tolson
- Belmont
- Mohr
- DeLoach
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Tracy

66 MAY 26 1965

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Handwritten initials: L.C.S.

Letter to SAC, Los Angeles
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

NOTE:

By letter 4/21/65 the Department furnished information that Bradburn, now in jail, possibly knew Oswald. This information originated from [REDACTED]

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

MAY 5 1965

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Belmont	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Mohr	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. DeLoach	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Casper	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Callahan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Conrad	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Felt	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Gale	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Rosen	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Sullivan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Tavel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Trotter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Tele. Room	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Miss Holmes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Miss Gandy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

FBI CHICAGO

425 PM CDST URGENT 5/5/65 JLS

TO DIRECTOR AND TAMPA

FROM CHICAGO (62-0) 2P

Waldman
Conrad
Waldman
Conrad

ORDER OF RIFLE FROM KLEIN'S SPORTING GOODS, INC., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, APRIL TWENTY NINE, NINETEEN SIXTY FIVE. MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING.

2-2-Ref
Waldman
Conrad

WILLIAM J. WALDMAN, VICE PRESIDENT, KLEIN'S SPORTING GOODS, INC., FORTY FIVE FORTY WEST MADISON STREET, CHICAGO, ADVISED TODAY THAT HIS FIRM IN RECEIPT OF ORDER POSTMARKED APRIL TWENTY NINE, NINETEEN SIXTY FIVE, FROM QUOTE "A. J. HIDELL" UNQUOTE, SIX FOUR ZERO FOUR PELICAN DRIVE SOUTH, ST. PETERSBURG, FLORIDA. ORDER CALLED FOR SHIPMENT ONE ENFIELD QUOTE "SPORTER" UNQUOTE, THREE ZERO POINT ZERO SIX CALIBER RIFLE WITH VARIABLE THREE TO SEVEN POWER RIFLESCOPE. ENCLOSED WAS MONEY ORDER FOR THIRTY THREE DOLLARS TWENTY EIGHT CENTS. ALSO ENCLOSED WAS HANDWRITTEN AFFIDAVIT APPARENTLY FROM HIDELL IN WHICH HE ADVISED HE WAS OF AGE, WAS NOT; ALIEN, FUGITIVE, DRUG ADDICT, EX CONVICT OR UNDER INDICTMENT.

REC-26
EX-105
5413C

WALDMAN ADVISED ORDER APPARENTLY PLACED FROM KLEIN'S

ADVERTISEMENT IN MAGAZINE. ORDER CLERK NOTICED NAME OF HIDELL IN THAT KLEIN'S SOLD RIFLE TO LEE HARVEY OSWALD UNDER NAME A. HIDELL, WHICH

END PAGE ONE

MR. GARY R. SEALE, U.S. SECRET SERVICE
PROTECTIVE RESEARCH, WHITE HOUSE
ADVISED 9:15 AM, 5/6/65 BY LIAISON
6-1542

53 MAY 25 1965

25 MAY 19 1965

Hand
Class

RECEIVED IN CHICAGO

PAGE TWO

RIFLE USED IN ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN F. KENNEDY. BECAUSE OF THIS WALDMAN CHECKED TELEPHONICALLY WITH QUOTE "SOURCE" UNQUOTE IN ST. PETERSBURG AND FOUND HIDELL NOT KNOWN PELICAN DRIVE ADDRESS. RESIDENT THERE IDENTIFIED BY WALDMAN'S SOURCE AS LOVELL BRANDLE, EMPLOYEE QUOTE "ST. PETERSBURG TIMES" UNQUOTE.

WALDMAN ADVISED KLEIN'S DEFINITELY WILL NOT FILL ORDER. BECAUSE OF QUOTE "BIZARRE IMPLICATIONS" UNQUOTE OF ORDER HE FELT FBI SHOULD BE ADVISED.

INFORMATION FURNISHED SECRET SERVICE, CHICAGO. TAMPA ADVISE SECRET SERVICE, ST. PETERSBURG AREA AND OTHER APPROPRIATE AUTHORITIES, AND ATTEMPT TO IDENTIFY PERSON PLACING ORDER.

WALDMAN REQUESTED NAME BE HELD CONFIDENTIAL AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE.

ORIGINAL OF ORDER AND OF AFFIDAVIT BEING FORWARDED BUREAU AND PHOTOGRAPHIC COPIES TO TAMPA AMSD.

LETTERS AND MEMORANDUM

LHM BEING HELD IN ABEYANCE PENDING ADVICE OF TAMPA.

END

WA JYS

FBI WASH DC

TP ANG

FBI TAMPA

TU CLR

J. Sullivan

DC

OST URGENT 5/5/65 OLP

DIRECTOR

NEW ORLEANS (105-2467) P

PHILIP GERAGE, III, BM - THREATS.

*info wan
52-1112*

IN CONNECTION WITH A MISSING PERSONS MATTER

REPORTED TO THE JEFFERSON PARISH SHERIFF'S OFFICE,

CREOLA, LOUISIANA, INSTANT DATE, IT CAME TO THEIR

ATTENTION THAT SUBJECT, WHO HAS BEEN MISSING FROM HIS

HOME SINCE APRIL TWENTY SIXTYFIVE, TOGETHER WITH SOME

FEW OTHER SIXTEEN TO EIGHTEEN YEAR OLD STUDENTS FROM

THE EAST JEFFERSON HIGH SCHOOL, METAIRIE, LOUISIANA,

HAD FORMED A TYPE OF HIKING OR CAMPING ORGANIZATION IN

WHICH THEY SOMETIMES PRACTICE GUERILLA WARFARE.

A SUGGESTION WAS MADE BY ONE OF THE PARTICIPANTS

THAT THEY SHOULD TEST THE SECURITY REGULATIONS OF THE

WALLER CALLENDER AIR FIELD, BELLE CHASE, LOUISIANA, AND

THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS SPACE ADMINISTRATION, NEW

ORLEANS, LOUISIANA, BY PLACING AT EACH INSTALLATION A

MESSAGE CONTAINING MERELY THE MESSAGE "THIS COULD HAVE

BEEN A BOMB." IT WAS ALSO PLANNED THAT A MINATURE CAMERA

WOULD BE USED BY A MEMBER TO TAKE PICTURES. THIS WOULD

BEEN FOR THE PURPOSE OF SHOWING THE PUBLIC THAT

SECURITY REGULATIONS WERE NOT STRICT ENOUGH AT THESE

TWO PLACES.

DCG AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES ADVISED.

END WILL FOLLOW.

5/5/65

ML

NOT RECORDED
199 MAY 14 1965

5414

ORIGINAL FILED IN 174-1-33-1

FBI

Date: 5/6/65

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

To: Director, FBI

Att.: Civil Rights Section
General Investigative Division

From: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (100-2467)

Subject: PHILIP GERACI, III

BRP

BOMBING MATTERS - THREATS RACIAL MATTERS

Re New Orleans teletype to Bureau, 5/5/65.

Enclosed are eight copies of a letterhead memorandum.

Copies of enclosed letterhead memorandum were distributed locally to Secret Service, 112th ICG, and ONI.

Missy Call, USA, ASI
5-12-65
R/S
JFK

REC-42

SI-117

1109
NOT RECORDED
193 MAY 14 1965

5414A

ENCLOSURE

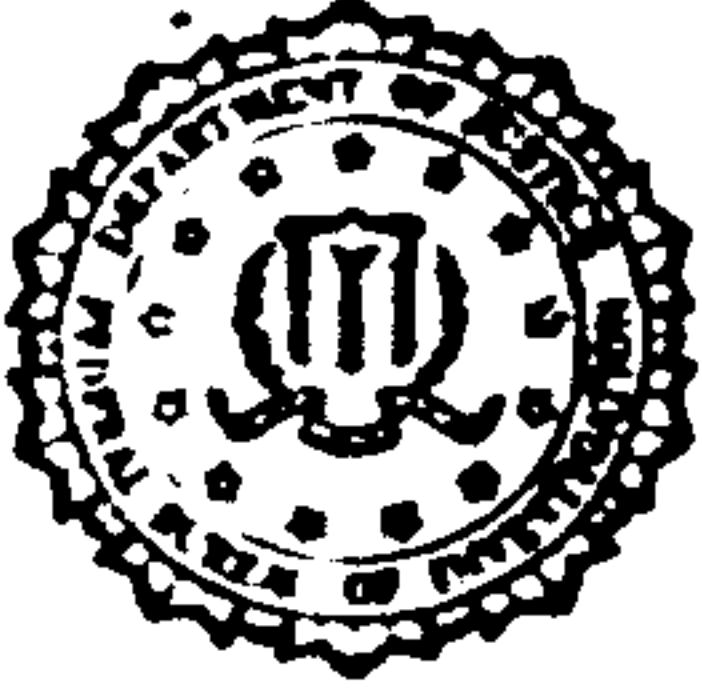
1- Bureau (Enclosures 8) (RM)
1- New Orleans (100-2467)

JVG:sms
(2)

MAY 11 1965

ORIGINAL FILED IN 174-1-33 D

Special Agent in Charge _____ Sent _____ M Per _____



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New Orleans, Louisiana
May 6, 1965

PHILIP GERACI, III

Deputy Sheriff Don Borne of the Juvenile Division of the Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Office, Gretna, Louisiana, telephonically advised the New Orleans Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on May 3, 1965, that in connection with the missing persons notice placed with his department in connection with Philip Geraci, III, a 17 year old high school student residing at 2201 Green Acres Road, Metairie, Louisiana, it had come to his attention that Geraci had an interest in guerilla warfare, explosives and the organizing of groups. Deputy Borne stated Geraci is a mentally disturbed youth who received psychiatric treatments, is rated as being almost a genius, and is reported to have been an acquaintance of Lee Harvey Oswald, the assassin of President John F. Kennedy.

In connection with a previous investigation, Carlos Bringuier, operator of Casa Roca Store, 107 Decatur Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, advised on November 25, 1963, that he is active in anti-Castro Cuban groups in New Orleans, Louisiana. He stated that on August 5, 1963, he met Lee Harvey Oswald when he came in the Casa Roca Store and volunteered to assist in anti-Castro Cuban matters. The next day he returned and left a U. S. Marine Manual at the store, but he did not meet him.

On August 9, 1963, Bringuier stated he observed Oswald passing out pro-Castro leaflets on Canal Street and he attempted to talk to him and this conversation subsequently resulted in a fist fight which resulted in his arrest and two other anti-Castro Cuban friends of his as well as Lee Oswald. He advised that Oswald appeared at Municipal Court and entered a plea of guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of \$10.00. He stated that when he appeared in Municipal Court, he took a seat among the Negro people who were present in court and was not represented by an attorney and offered no defense. Subsequent to this arrest, Bringuier stated that he arranged for a debate on local radio station WDSU in which they debated the effects of Castro's activities in Cuba.

RECORDED

5414B

PHILIP GERACI, III

Bringuier advised that he knew of no associates of Oswald with the possible exception of a Philip Geraci, III, who resides in Metairie, Louisiana. He described this person as a youth about 16 years of age who came to his store a few minutes before Oswald appeared for the first time on August 5, 1963, and offered his services to the Cubans who were anti-Castro, and during the time he was in the store, he gained an impression that he might be an associate of Oswald. The only reasons he says he is possibly an associate is because they were both in the store at the same time.

The following information was obtained in interviews with Vance Blalock and Philip Geraci in 1963:

Date 11/29/63

VANCE BLALOCK, 5708 Boutall Street, Metairie, Louisiana, furnished the following information:

BLALOCK viewed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, after which he stated he was certain OSWALD was identical to the individual whom he conversed with briefly at the Cuban Student Directorate (CSD), 107 Decatur Street, New Orleans, Louisiana. BLALOCK advised that he and a friend, PHILIP GERACI, went to the CSD to inquire about its activities as he had heard it was an anti-CASTRO Cuban student organization. BLALOCK advised that when he and GERACI arrived at the CSD, located at the Casa Roca Store, 107 Decatur Street, they talked with a CARLOS BRINGIUS (phonetic) who seemed to be the leader of the CSD. While discussing the purposes and activities of the CSD, an individual whom BLALOCK identified as being OSWALD, arrived at the store. BLALOCK recalls OSWALD inquiring about the CSD and expressing an interest to become a member and to learn all he could about the organization.

BLALOCK advised that he and his friend, GERACI, had a brief conversation with OSWALD, regarding guerrilla operations. OSWALD informed BLALOCK that he was a former Marine; that he had a Marine Guide Book which he had read and in which he learned all about guerrilla operations and tactics. BLALOCK recalls OSWALD describing to him how easy it would be to derail a train. OSWALD told him that this could be accomplished by securing a chain with a lock and wrapping it around railroad tracks. BLALOCK also recalls OSWALD mentioning that he knew how to blow up bridges and also he knew how to make gun powder and a "ZIP" gun. In addition, OSWALD mentioned that he knew all about guns but BLALOCK could not recall the exact details of what was discussed on the subject of guns.

BLALOCK advised that his conversation with OSWALD lasted probably about fifteen minutes, and that OSWALD never discussed Communism, Marxism or any other political philosophy. OSWALD appeared to him as being well educated and well read. Just prior to OSWALD leaving, he promised BLALOCK and GERACI that in the near future he would let them borrow his Guide Book for Marines in which

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they could obtain all the information they wanted regarding guerrilla warfare. The last thing BLALOCK could recall regarding his conversation with OSWALD was OSWALD mentioning the new M-14 rifle which OSWALD described to BLALOCK and informing BLALOCK that most of the Armed Services had this gun at the present time. Finally, BLALOCK stated he recalls OSWALD making some reference to Florida, but could furnish no details regarding comments OSWALD made in this regard. BLALOCK seemed to remember OSWALD mentioning something about him recently visiting the Casa Nostra (phonetic) a Cuban organization in Florida, but his recollection was vague regarding further details in this matter.

BLALOCK stated that he has not seen OSWALD since his brief meeting with OSWALD in the latter part of July, 1963, and could furnish no additional information of any kind regarding OSWALD.

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PHILIP GERACI, 2201 Green Acres Road, furnished the following information:

GERACI viewed a photograph of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and stated OSWALD was identical to an individual with whom he had a brief conversation lasting about ten minutes, which took place at the Cuban Student Directorate (CSD), 107 Decatur Street, New Orleans, in the latter part of July, 1963. GERACI, age 15, a sophomore at East Jefferson High School, Metairie, Louisiana, advised that at the time he met OSWALD at the CSD he, GERACI, was visiting that place for the first time for the purpose of obtaining information regarding the CSD, which he had heard was an anti-CASTRO Cuban organization. GERACI stated that he discussed anti-CASTRO activities with a CARLOS BRINGIUS (phonetic), who owned the Casa Roca Store, 107 Decatur Street, which was the headquarters for the anti-CASTRO organization, known as the CSD. Accompanying GERACI at that time was a friend of his, VANCE BLALOCK, 5708 Boutall Street, Metairie, Louisiana.

While talking with CARLOS BRINGIUS, an individual whose photograph GERACI advised was identical to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, came into the store and made inquiry of BRINGIUS regarding anti-CASTRO literature. OSWALD expressed an interest in learning all about the CSD and indicated a desire to join the organization. Following a brief discussion of the CSD, its purposes and objectives, OSWALD became engaged in another conversation with GERACI and his friend, BLALOCK. GERACI recalls OSWALD mentioning that he had in his possession a Marine Guide Book which contained information regarding guerrilla tactics, firearms and other subjects. GERACI recalls mentioning to OSWALD that he, GERACI, had done a little reading regarding guerrilla warfare, after which OSWALD informed him that he was familiar with various types of guerrilla tactics. OSWALD informed GERACI that he knew enough about explosives to be able to blow up the new bridge which crossed the Mississippi River from New Orleans to Algiers, Louisiana. OSWALD also mentioned that he knew how to derail a train which could easily be accomplished by placing a chain around the railroad tracks and securing it with a lock.

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GERACI advised that the brief conversation with OSWALD lasted about ten or fifteen minutes, and that in addition to discussing the CSD and a brief discussion regarding guerrilla tactics, nothing else was discussed. He cannot recall OSWALD discussing Marxism, Communism or any other political philosophy at the time. GERACI recalls OSWALD mentioning that he was living on Magazine Street, exact address unrecalled, and also that he was looking for a job. In addition, GERACI advised that other than the brief conversation he had with OSWALD in July, 1963, he had no further contact with OSWALD and had not seen him since that time.

Date 5/6/65

Deputy Sheriff DON BORNE of the Juvenile Division of the Jefferson Parish Sheriff's Office, located in the old Gretna Courthouse Building, 200 Huey P. Long Avenue, Gretna, Louisiana, advised on May 5, 1965, that PHILIP GERACI, III had been reported to his department as missing since April 20, 1965. His parents had reported he had run away from home and his school, the East Jefferson Junior High School, where he was an 11th grade student.

Deputy BORNE stated he had also interviewed and talked with some of the GERACI youth's school mates in the East Jefferson High School concerning PHILIP GERACI, III. He stated the school mates of GERACI with whom he had talked were 16 and 17 years of age. These were WILLIAM "BILL" WINFIELD DWYER, JR., 4009 Bissonet Drive, Metairie, Louisiana, age 16, JESSIE LAFONTAINE, 450 Upstream, Jefferson Parish, Louisiana, age 16, and RAUL NAVAS, 713 Houma Boulevard, Metairie, Louisiana, age 16 or 17.

These youths and possibly some others had associated together from time to time and sometimes called themselves "The Tort," "Sons of the Confederacy," or "The Marsh Mauders." They would engage in camping and hiking trips and frequently engaged in or amused themselves in playing guerilla warfare and other war games. These youths called their acts "play." Some had combat boots or other articles probably purchased from army surplus stores, but were not known to own or possess any arms, weapons, ammunition or explosives. Investigation developed, however, that it had been suggested among them that they should visit the Alvin Callender Air Field, Belle Chasse, Louisiana, and the Michoud Plant of the National Aeronautics Space Administration (NASA), New Orleans, Louisiana, and conceal, hide or leave in some inconspicuous place at these installations, an empty match box containing the message "This could have been a bomb." It was also planned that one member might use a miniature camera and take some pictures. This would have been for the avowed purpose of showing the public that the security regulations were not strict enough at these two installations.

Generally, those with whom Deputy BORNE had talked

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 by SA J. WOODROW GILMORE :SRS Date dictated 5/6/65