

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
OCT 5 1964

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FBI SANANTON

219 PM CST URGENT 10/5/64 MRH

TO DIRECTOR 62-109060 AND DALLAS 89-43

FROM SAN ANTONIO 89-67

ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
NOV. TWENTYSECOND LAST, DALLAS, TEXAS.

Leibel

ATTORNEY GENERAL WAGGONER CARR/S REPORT TO GOVERNOR
CONNALLY OF TEXAS DATED TODAY, OF TWENTY PAGES IN LENGTH

REPORT CONSISTS OF SHORT SUMMARY OF EVENTS THAT OCCURRED
AND CARR/S REASONS FOR NOT CONDUCTING COURT OF INQUIRY. IT
ALSON CONTAINS CERTAIN RECOMMENDATIONS OF CARR INCLUDING ONE SET
FORTH BELOW.

PAGE NINE CONTAINS STATEMENT QUOTE ASPECTS OF INVESTIGATION
INCLUDED WITHIN THE COMMISSION/S REPORT WHICH WOULD NOT HAVE
BEEN CONSIDERED BY THE/ TEXAS/ COURT OF INQUIRY ARE, FOR
EXAMPLE, THE ADEQUACY OF THE PROTECTION ACCORDED THE
PRESIDENT BY THE SECRET SERVICE AND THE RESPONSIBILITES OF
THE FBI PRIOR TO THE PREISENT/S VISIT... UNQUOTE

PAGES SEVENTEEN AND EIGHTEEN STATE QUOTE WHILE LOCAL
OFFICIALS RECOGNIZE THAT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS, INCLUDING THE KILLING

END PAGE ONE

105-82555-5062

OCT 12 1964

Handwritten signature

79 OCT 13 1964

PAGE TWO

OF OSWALD BY RUBY DURING AN ATTEMPTED TRANSFER FROM THE CITY JAIL TO THE COUNTY JAIL, MAGNIFIED THE DEFICIENCY IN SECURITY MEASURES, THEY DO NOT ACCEPT THE FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR SUCH CONDITIONS, BECAUSE OF THE FACT THAT THEY HAD NO KNOWLEDGE WHATEVER OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD AND HIS BACKGROUND UNTIL AFTER THE ASSASSINATION ON NOV. TWENTYSECOND, WHEN THEY WERE ADVISED OF HIS PRESENCE IN DALLAS AND HIS PAST ACTIVITIES BY THE FEDERAL AUTHORITIES UNQUOTE.

PAGE EIGHTEEN RECOMMENDS, QUOTE APPROPRIATE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE VARIOUS FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES IN TEXAS CONDUCT A THOROUGH STUDY FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF COORDINATION AND EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION CONCERNING CRIMINAL OR SUBVERSIVE SUSPECTS AND RECOMMEND WAYS AND MEANS OF IMPROVING SECURITY MEASURES FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE PRESIDENT, OTHER HIGH OFFICIALS AND DISTINGUISHED GUESTS WHILE VISITING OUR STATE UNQUOTE.

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

BASED ON INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED BY SAN ANTONIO IN
THIS MATTER, SAN ANTONIO DOES NOT NOTE ANY DISCREPANCIES
IN CARR/S REPORT.

COPIES OF REPORT BEING FUNISHED BUREAU AND DALLAS
TODAY UNDER COVER.

END

JAB @eALAS

" MIN-PLS MIN PLS PAGE 1 LINE 4 SHOULD BE LS, XXXX IS WORD 6
AND CORR PAGE 1 LINE 14 IS PRESIDENT/S, PAGE 2 LINE 4 WORD 4 IS
COUNTY, LINE 10 WORD 3 IS VARIOUS, LINE 12 WD. 3 IS EXCHANGE
AND OMIT "O" AFTER WORD INFO. END

WA MSL

FBI WASH DC

DL JAB

FBI DALLAS

TUeROKV

*Done and get called
again.*

October 6, 1964

BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel
The President's Commission
200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

1 - I. W. Conrad (J. M. English)
1 - W. C. Sullivan (R. E. Lenihan)
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malloy
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. McGowan (J. W. Hines)
1 - Mr. Raupach

Dear Mr. Rankin:

Reference is made to my letter dated October 1, 1964, which enclosed copies of four memoranda revealing results of interviews with Commission staff members and others.

Enclosed are two copies each of two memoranda captioned "Jack L. Ruby; Lee Harvey Oswald" and "Lee Harvey Oswald" both of which are dated September 29, 1964, New Orleans, Louisiana. These memoranda contain the results of an interview with Mr. Leon D. Hubert, Jr., former staff member on the President's Commission.

I will continue to furnish results of this investigation as received.

Sincerely yours,

44-24016

(1) - 105-82555 (Lee Harvey Oswald)
1 - 62-109090 (President's Commission)

KLR:las

(12)

105-82555

NOT RECORDED
1964 OCT 9 1964

Enclosures (4)

NOTE: This matter concerns the various leaks which have occurred regarding Ruby's testimony and the Oswald evidence. This is the fifth communication sent to the Commission since we initiated investigation. The Commission requested members of the Commission and staff to be interviewed. We have interviewed 80 individuals regarding this matter, none of whom have indicated they were aware how the leaks occurred. One individual has yet to be interviewed and appropriate laboratory examinations regarding the Ruby transcript are being conducted. Results of this investigation are being promptly furnished to the Commission and this investigation is being closely followed.

79 OCT 12 1964^r

FBI

Date: 10/6/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL - REGISTERED MAIL
(Priority)

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,
DALLAS, TEXAS

[Handwritten signature]

Re San Antonio tel and airtel to the Bureau dated 10/5/64.

Referenced airtel enclosed for the Bureau and Dallas copies of Texas Attorney General WAGGONER CARR's report on the assassination.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 2 copies of an article appearing in the Final Edition of the San Antonio Express, a daily San Antonio newspaper, on 10/6/64. Enclosed herewith for Dallas is 1 copy of that article.

The article is entitled, "State's Report on KENNEDY Assassination Made Public," and has the byline of JON FORD. It is datelined Austin. In addition to synthesizing CARR's report on the assassination, the article contains comments of Attorney General CARR, Governor JOHN CONNALLY, and others. It has been determined from the Texas Attorney General's office that CARR's report is the first and only report made by him and is a supplement to the report of the President's Commission. It is not a summary report of a larger report. The 17 volumes mentioned in the enclosed article consists of reproduced copies of correspondence, exhibits, and statements, according to the Texas AG's office.

- 3-Bureau (Enc. 2) (AMSD RM)
- 2-Dallas (Enc. 1) (AM RM) (89-43)
- 2-San Antonio

[Handwritten notes and stamps]
105-82555
105
10 OCT 7 1964

JMK/dnb

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

[Handwritten signature]

A. Rosen

10/7/64

R. I. Shroder

1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Malley
1 - Mr. Shroder
1 - Mr. Raupach

TAPE RECORDINGS OF
THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION REPORT
RELEASED 9/27/64 BY
THREE TV NETWORKS

On Sunday, September 27, 1964, at 6:30 p.m.,
Eastern Daylight Time, The President's Commission report was
officially released.

For future reference and completion of our files,
three television network broadcasts concerning the report
were tape recorded by the Laboratory. The network programs
were recorded from Washington, D. C. television stations
identified as follows:

Channel 4 - NBC - 6:30 p.m. to 7:30 p.m.
Channel 7 - ABC - 6:30 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.
Channel 9 - CBS - 5:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.

ACTION:

That the enclosed tape recordings be placed in
file for permanent retention.

Enclosures (3)

KMR:jad
(8)

1 - 62-109060
(1) - 105-82555
1 - 144-24016

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
DeLoach _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____

7000 10/7/64

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109090)

DATE: 10/9/64

FROM : SAC, MILWAUKEE (62-1243)

SUBJECT: THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON
THE ASSASSINATION OF
PRESIDENT KENNEDY

Re Bureau airtel 9/30/64

On 10/7/64, GERALD HANSEN, 2736 North Downer Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, who said he worked in a factory of the American Motors Corp., Milwaukee, employed there since April, 1959, gave the following information to SA GEORGE V. HUEBSCH. HANSEN personally appeared in the Milwaukee Office. HANSEN brought with him the "New York Times," of 9/23/64, which published the "Warren Commission's Report" which appeared to be a verbatim copy, though unannotated, of the first 806 pages of the report of the President's Commission on the Assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

HANSEN made specific reference to the last of the four columns appearing on the newspaper's page 39A, the three last full paragraphs there, beginning, "On September 14, Oswald sailed with his unit for the South China Sea area ..." The three specific paragraphs appeared on pages 684 and 685 of the report.

HANSEN explained that he was an ex-Marine and had been interested in OSWALD ever since the assassination, though he never previously approached any local, state, or federal official about his concern. He pointed out that the three paragraphs seemed imprecise about OSWALD's whereabouts after OSWALD arrived in San Francisco on the US NS Barrett 13 days subsequent to 11/2/58. The report specifically said that OSWALD "on November 19took 30 days leave" and did not speak as though OSWALD's activities were not known until the subsequent December 22, when, according to the report, he was at the Marine Corps air station in El Toro.

- 2 - Bureau (62-109090)
 - 1 - Dallas
 - 1 - Milwaukee (62-1243)
- GVH:ah
(4)

61 OCT 16 1964

105-8255-5

10 OCT 14 1964

109090-

32

MI 62-1243

HANSEN said that it was certainly about that time, probably in December, 1958, that he himself served as a Marine at the Lake Meade Base, Las Vegas, Nevada. He said he went on leave that month, probably the day after Christmas, and that shortly before he did so, the following incident occurred involving a man who might have been OSWALD - if OSWALD was ever stationed at the Lake Meade Base.

One of the supply clerks at the Lake Meade Base during that month was a man whose description closely fit OSWALD, and HANSEN's curiosity about him was aroused when he heard the supply clerk addressed by a surname other than the surname "BENJAMIN," which appeared on the man's utility shirt. HANSEN asked what the man's real name was. He directed his inquiry to one R. G. ACKERMAN, another Marine on the base, whose first name might have been RONALD.

ACKERMAN told him that the man's last name was not "BENJAMIN" but "HARVEY"; but, ACKERMAN added that though the man was using the surname of "HARVEY," his real surname was "OSWALD."

HANSEN said he subsequently verified the fact that the man was using the surname of "HARVEY" when he heard the company commander, Captain VERNON S. MUNSSELL, address the man as "Corporal HARVEY." In addition, HANSEN later saw the man wearing a utility shirt with the surname "HARVEY" stamped on it.

HANSEN added that somebody mentioned that the man in question, the supply clerk, was from Texas; and he recalled that "HARVEY" came to him shortly before he went on leave, asking HANSEN to sign a delivery receipt for some GI garbage cans. HANSEN had refused to sign the receipt because he was no longer acting, he said, as property sergeant, inasmuch as a replacement had been designated for him in view of his coming leave.

The most significant fact about the man at the Lake Meade Base, who HANSEN thought might be LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was the fact that HANSEN associated that man with a reported incident of homosexuality about the same time.

NI 62-1243

HANSEN said he knew almost nothing about the homosexual incident. He believed he had been told of it by a Sgt. HATFIELD, whose home state was Oklahoma, or one Corporal TIPKE, who came from the State of Washington. Sgt. HATFIELD had served in Headquarters Supply at the Marine base.

In any case, the story, or rumor, as HANSEN remembered it, was generally to the effect that one Marine had reported to his Sergeant that another Marine owed him \$20. The debt was incurred, the man told his Sergeant, in a homosexual affair. The Sergeant thereafter reported it to his own superiors and not long afterward the three men who were supposed to have been involved in the matter all left the base, transferred or discharged. One of them was the man who might have been LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Another was a battalion clerk, whose name HANSEN did not know; and the third HANSEN thought could have been the Marine with the surname "BENJAMIN."

HANSEN also claimed that the supply clerk who served with the clerk who might have been LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was R. R. ACKERMAN. HANSEN said he himself had served in the Marines from October, 1957 to March, 1959, under Marine service number 166-48-19.

HANSEN added that R. G. ACKERMAN, who originally identified "BENJAMIN" to him as a man with the surname "HARVEY" or "OSWALD" was a Milwaukeean who formerly worked for Square D in Milwaukee, attended Spencerian Business College in Milwaukee, and had joined the Marines in Milwaukee.

Milwaukee is taking no action in this matter, other than forwarding the information herewith to the Bureau and Dallas. Milwaukee is unable to assess the accuracy or pertinence of HANSEN's story.

10/9/64

CODE

RADIOGRAM

URGENT

1 - Mr. Rogge

TO SAC CHICAGO

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (105-82555)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., IS DASH R DASH CUBA, ATTENTION:
CRIMINAL SECTION.

REBUREAU LETTERS TO PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION NINE THIRTY LAST
AND TEN TWO LAST CONCERNING JULY FIFTEEN LAST ISSUE OF QUOTE
LIBERTY UNQUOTE AND NORMAN SIMILAS.

ADVISE DATE AND IDENTITY OF COMMUNICATION WHICH FURNISHED
RESULTS OF REQUESTED INVESTIGATION. DALLAS ADVISED BY MAIL.

1 - Dallas (100-10461) (By mail)

RDR/map
(4) *map*

105-82555-5062

REC-18

NOTE:

If regular radio contact missed, send by urgent, plain text,
teletype, at once.

Above investigation initiated upon request of President's
Commission. Above communication being sent to ascertain status.

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- DeLoach _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

VIA RADIOGRAM
OCT 9 1964
1:48 PM SXC

07335 5062
[Handwritten initials and marks]

9 OCT 11 1964
MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

October 9, 1964

1 - Mr. Raupach

PLAIN TEXT

URGENT

TELETYPE

TO SAC, KANSAS CITY

FROM DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555) (44-24016)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

JACK L. RUBY; LEE HARVEY OSWALD DASH VICTIM, CR.

RE WFO AIRTEL TO BUREAU OCTOBER SIX, LAST.

TO ENABLE EXPEDITIOUS DISSEMINATION TO THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION, YOU ARE INSTRUCTED TO INSURE THE INTERVIEW WITH LUCILLE ANN ROBINSON IS CONDUCTED IMMEDIATELY AND RESULTS SUBMITTED PROMPTLY. INSURE ACCURACY AND THOROUGHNESS IN YOUR COMMUNICATION TO PRECLUDE REVISIONS OR CORRECTIONS AT THE BUREAU. EXPEDITE. MAIL COPY TO WFO.

1 - Washington Field Office (105-37111)

REC-18

105-82555-5063

18 OCT 12 1964

KIR:pah
(5)

NOTE: This interview is the one remaining lead concerning interviews with Commission members and staff regarding various leaks. The Laboratory is concluding examination of pertinent documents. Following receipt of results and dissemination to the Commission of this interview and Laboratory examination, our inquiries will be concluded concerning this matter.

EX-103

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- DeLoach _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

COPIES DESTROYED

OCT 21 11:31 AM 1973

79 OCT 14 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

OCT 9 1964

TELETYPE

FBI

Date: 9/29/64

Mr. Tolson	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Belmont	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Mohr	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Casper	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Callahan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Conrad	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. DeLoach	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Evans	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Gale	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Rosen	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Sullivan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Tavel	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Trotter	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Tele. Room	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Miss Holmes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Miss Gandy	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)
Attention: Assistant Director WILLIAM C. SULLIVAN

[Handwritten initials] SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA

EXCLUDED COMMUNICATIONS

[Handwritten notes and signatures]

Re Dallas telephone call to Assistant Director WILLIAM C. SULLIVAN, 9/29/64.

Enclosed herewith is one copy of news release captioned "FBI REPORTEDLY DISCIPLINED TWO", by JIM LEHRER, as appeared in the "Dallas Times Herald", final edition, 9/29/64.

SHANKLIN

3 - Bureau (enc-1)
1 - Dallas

KGC:ej
(4)

REC-18
105-82555-5064

SEP 30 1964

SOVIET SECTION

C C - I

Approved: _____ Sent _____

Special Agent in Charge
67 OCT 15 1964

REC. UNIT

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

FBI Reportedly Disciplined Two

By JIM LEHRER
Staff Writer

Copyright, 1964, The Dallas Times Herald
Disciplinary action was quietly taken several months ago against the two FBI agents who were in charge of the Lee Harvey Oswald case in Dallas and New Orleans prior to the assassination. The Times Herald has learned.

Unimpeachable sources said the moves resulted in the demotion of the Dallas agent and the ordered transfer of the man in New Orleans. The agent there refused to take the disciplinary transfer, however, and quit the FBI.

The Dallas man supervised the section known as a "desk" in FBI parlance. Under his jurisdiction came such persons as Oswald, as a former defector to Russia.

The New Orleans man, who now works as an investigator for a private firm, was assigned to the Oswald case while Oswald lived in New Orleans.

The actions against the two agents, both veterans of more than 20 years government service, reportedly occurred sometime in

late spring. The FBI, as is its normal practice, has made no announcement concerning them.

J. Gordon Shanklin, special agent in charge of the Dallas FBI office, was out of the city Tuesday. His representative in Dallas said the FBI had no comment on the story.

The New Orleans man, reached by The Times Herald in New Orleans Monday, also declined comment. He confirmed only that he had been employed by Southern Research Co. there since May 1, the day he left the FBI.

The Dallas agent, as a supervisor, was on the second level of command in the Dallas FBI office behind the special agent in charge and the assistant special agent in charge.

RETURNED TO DUTIES

Since the demotion, he has returned to duties as a regular agent handling routine out-of-the-office investigative chores. Another agent was promoted to replace him as supervisor.

The demotion meant a drop in

pay of more than \$1,000 a year for the Dallas agent.

On Nov. 22, and for several years before that, he was in charge of all internal subversion investigations in the Dallas office.

The New Orleans agent, as a subversion expert, conducted the New Orleans aspects of the Oswald investigation. His part in the case is mentioned on page 437 of the Warren Commission report which was released Sunday.

Sources said the FBI ordered the agent transferred to Springfield, Ill. in April, but that he declined the move. Since he had the required time to be eligible for retirement, he retired from the FBI rather than go to Springfield.

According to the Warren Report, neither agent testified before the commission nor gave depositions.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

"The Dallas Times-Herald" Dallas, Texas

Page 1

Date: 9-29-64
Edition: Final
Author:
Editor: Felix R. McKnight
Title:

Character:
or
Classification: 100-401
Submitting Office: Dallas
 Being Investigated

ENCLOSURE

THIS SERIAL HAS BEEN REFERRED TO
ANOTHER AGENCY AND IS IN A PENDING STATUS:

FILE NO. 105-82555

SERIAL NO. 5065

PAGE NO. 1-5

NO. OF PAGES 5

SECTION NO.

215

CIA

REFERRAL

10/9/64

1 - C. L. Trotter (S. F. Latona)
1 - Mr. Rogge

AIRTEL

75

TO: SAC, Dallas (100-10461)
FROM: Director, FBI (105-32555)
LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.,
IS - R - CUBA
ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION

Reference is made to various communications relating to efforts to identify the one remaining latent palm print on the cartons found on the sixth floor of the Texas School Book Depository Building.

By return airtel advise what action remains to be taken to complete this project. Specifically advise whether all FBI personnel in Dallas as of 11/26/63 have been eliminated.

RDR/map
(5)

Handwritten initials and scribbles

105-82555-5066

MAILED 8
OCT 9 - 1964
COMM-FBI

REC-18

EX-103

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- DeLoach _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

79 OCT 14 1964 TELETYPE UNIT

PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION
ON THE
ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT KENNEDY

200 Maryland Ave. N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002
Telephone 543-1400

EARL WARREN,
Chairman
RICHARD B. RUSSELL
JOHN SHERMAN COOPER
HALE BOGGS
GERALD R. FORD
JOHN J. MCCLOY
ALLEN W. DULLES

September 19, 1964

Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Evans
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

J. LEE R.

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, Federal Bureau
of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

This letter confirms a telephone conversation of this date between Mr. Norman Redlich of the Commission staff and Special Agent Cortlandt Cunningham of your Bureau.

Mr. Redlich requested that the rifle used in the assassination be tested outdoors to determine whether a flame is visible from the muzzle of this weapon when it is fired. If possible, we would like this test to be performed on Monday, September 21, 1964.

We further request that the results of this test be forwarded by telephone either to Mr. Redlich or to Mr. Howard P. Willens of the Commission staff and that the results then be confirmed by letter.

Your cooperation in the work of the Commission is appreciated.

Sincerely,

J. Lee Rankin
General Counsel

REC-66

105-82555-5067

14 SEP 29 1964

EXP. PROC.
24 SEP 21 1964

SEVEN

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Lenihan
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

- 1 - Mr. Conrad
- 1 - Mr. Jevons
- 1 - Office, 7133
- 1 - Mr. Frazier

September 23, 1964

By Courier Service

105-82555-5067

REC-66

Honorable J. Lee Rankin
 General Counsel
 The President's Commission
 200 Maryland Avenue, Northeast
 Washington, D. C.

See to...
Conrad

SEP 23 1 32 PM '64
 READING ROOM

Dear Mr. Rankin:

In your letter dated September 19, 1964, you inquired as to whether any flame was visible at the muzzle of the 6.5 mm Mannlicher-Carcano rifle, Serial No. C2766 when this weapon was fired under daylight conditions.

The rifle was fired both in direct sunlight and in full shade and no flame was visible. A small amount of white smoke was visible; however, the pale orange flame from burning gases emitted from the muzzle would be visible only at night or in a darkened room.

The results of these tests were furnished by telephone to Mr. Norman Redlich of the Commission staff on September 21, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

BY COURIER SVC.
 09 SEP 23
 COMM-FBI

Conrad 7/12/64
[Handwritten initials]

RAF:BLM (12)

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____

SEP 23 1964

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature]

79 OCT 14 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-100000-100

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Casper	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
DeLoach	_____
Evans	_____
Gale	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holmes	_____
Gandy	_____

TO : Mr. W. C. Sullivan

DATE: 9/25/64

FROM : Mr. W. R. Wannall

- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. D.J. Brennan
- 1 - Mr. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. Wannall
- 1 - J.F. Wacks

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA

At 11:35 a.m. today, H. Bartlett Wells of the Department of State called and referred to Bureau's letter to State of 9/23/64 in the Oswald Case in which we asked for the views of State concerning the advisability of the FBI's declassifying the report dated 5/18/64 prepared by the Legat, Mexico City, on Oswald. (This was a result of a Warren Commission request of the Bureau). Wells wanted to know whether we desired his answer today or whether State should wait and send it over Monday. He was advised that if he had the answer at hand we would accept it telephonically and he could confirm his remarks by letter.

Wells advised that State's reply would be, "The Department of State considers that the declassification of the 5/18/64 report so that it might be included in that portion of the Warren Commission Report which will be released to the public would not be likely to occasion harmful repercussions between the Government of Mexico and the United States, consequent upon public disclosure of the material in question. Thus, if the FBI sees fit to accede to the Commission's request of 9/22/64, the State Department will have no objection."

ACTION:

For information. As indicated above, Wells said that State's position will be furnished the Bureau by letter.

105-82555

JFW:mcc
(6)

REC-66

105-82555-5068

79 OCT 14 1964

Mr. Clark Anderson's Call 3:20 p.m. 9/25/64

RE: OSWALD

A Mr. Robert Adams, Deputy Assistant of State Inter-American Affairs, who was taken to Washington by Ambassador Mann, called Anderson today. He had copy of 5/18/64 summary letter memorandum on case and stated he saw no objection of declassifying the document. He called from Washington. Anderson feels pages 122 and 124 could hurt them down there if it was declassified or published. He took no position but feels personally it should not be declassified. Adams called 12:45 Mexico City time.

with 11-17-63

215

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan JS
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

DECODED COPY

AIRGRAM CABLEGRAM RADIO TELETYPE

VERY URGENT 9-25-64
 TO DIRECTOR (105-82555)
 FROM LEGAT MEXICO CITY NO. 882

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
 OTHERWISE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R - CUBA.

REMY TELEPHONE CALL TO ASSISTANT DIRECTOR W. C. SULLIVAN TODAY.

IT IS BELIEVED FOLLOWING FACTORS, WHICH COULD NOT BE MENTIONED IN TELEPHONE CALL FOR SECURITY REASONS, SHOULD BE TAKEN INTO CONSIDERATION IN REACHING DECISION AS TO WHETHER MEXICO LHM OF MAY 18 LAST SHOULD BE DECLASSIFIED IN ORDER TO PERMIT ITS PUBLICATION BY COMMISSION.

WRITER FEELS MOST STRONGLY THAT LHM SHOULD NOT BE DECLASSIFIED AS ITS PUBLICATION WOULD MATERIALLY DAMAGE OUR OPERATIONS IN MEXICO AND CONCEIVABLY WOULD RESULT IN NEED TO SUSPEND THEM COMPLETELY.

REC 66 105-82555-5069

[REDACTED]

INFO CONTAINED PAGES 122 - 127 LHM ON [REDACTED] IF PUBLISHED, PROBABLY WOULD PERMIT THEM READILY TO IDENTIFY THE SOURCE AND WOULD ENABLE THEM AND OTHER MEMBERS OF AMERICAN COMMUNIST GROUP IN MEXICO TO RATHER ACCURATELY ESTIMATE THE DEPTH OF OUR COVERAGE ON THIS GROUP.

[REDACTED]

Classified by 2040
 Exempt from GDS, Category 243
 Date of Declassification Indefinite

COPY - BRANNIGAN

9/26/72
 SOVIET
 [Handwritten signatures]

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

Tolson _____
Belmont _____
Mohr _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
DeLoach _____
Evans _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

DECODED COPY

AIRGRAM CABLEGRAM RADIO TELETYPE

PAGE TWO FROM LEGAT MEXICO CITY NO. 882

[REDACTED]

FINALLY INFORMATION FURNISHED BY EXCELLENT LIAISON CONTACTS OF THIS OFFICE WAS GIVEN AS A RESULT OF CONFIDENCE INSTILLED BY US IN THESE CONTACTS OVER THE YEARS THAT INFORMATION FURNISHED BY THEM TO US WOULD BE HANDLED IN SUCH A MANNER AS TO CAUSE NO EMBARRASSMENT TO THEM.

PUBLICATION OF THE ENTIRE LHM COULD WELL DESTROY THIS CONFIDENCE AND YEARS OF WORK INVOLVED IN ESTABLISHING IT.

IF IT IS STILL FELT THAT THE BUREAU, IN ORDER TO FULFILL ITS COMMITMENTS TO THE PRESIDENT AND THE COMMISSION, SHOULD DECLASSIFY THE LHM, IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED THAT A SANITIZED VERSION OF THE LHM BE PREPARED, OMITTING THOSE PARTS WHICH COULD SERIOUSLY DAMAGE OUR OPERATIONS HERE IF PUBLISHED.

CLARK D. ANDERSON

RECEIVED: 11:11 PM JR

3RD CC: MR. BRENNAN

1 Mr. Stokes

9/25/64

CODE

CABLEGRAM ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE REC-66
TO LEGAT MEXICO CITY

URGENT

CONFIDENTIAL

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (105-82555) — 5069

RE: HARVEY OSWALD, INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA.

[REDACTED]

1 - DALLAS (100-10461) (ENCLOSURE)

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit - Route through for review

JCS:MEC
(5)

NR.	264
ENV.	19
CHK.	
APPROVED BY	
TYPED BY	

NOTE FOR SAC, DALLAS:

Commission has requested that Legat's 5/18/64 last summary LHM be declassified so that it can be included in public record of this case or in the alternative that LHM be rewritten in such fashion to enable declassification. Inclosed for information is copy of reLegat cab.

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

VIA CABLEGRAM
SEP 26 1964
8:07 PM - WBS

WBS/wob

CONFIDENTIAL

JCS

79 OCT 1 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Classified by 2040
Exempt from GDS, Category 1 & 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite 9/26/77 JH

FBI

Date: 10/7/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL REGISTERED
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)
ATTN: FBI LABORATORY

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA

Handwritten initials: JCS

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas dated 9/15/64 pertaining to WALTER NEUNSON in addition to other matters; Dallas airtels and letterhead memorandums dated 9/18, 9/24, and 9/30/64 in regard to WALTER NEUNSON and correspondence between NEUNSON, Mrs. RUTH PAINE and MARINA OSWALD.

There are enclosed herewith a letter and two photographs, written in the Russian language, dated 11/28/63, from WALTER NEUNSON, 909 North 24th Street, Camden 5, New Jersey, which is apparently the letter in question to MARINA OSWALD which had been sent as an enclosure in Mrs. PAINE's letter from NEUNSON on 11/28/63 to be forwarded to MARINA OSWALD.

This letter was made available on 10/6/64 by DECLAN FORD, 14057 Brookcrest, Dallas, Texas, the close friend and adviser of MARINA OSWALD. Mr. FORD had obtained this letter from the home of MARINA OSWALD. No FBI Agent accompanied Mr. FORD to search for this letter. Mr. FORD had been contacted on 10/5/64 regarding this letter and its possible location as described by MARINA OSWALD in her interview by Bureau Agents at Santa Fe, New Mexico, on 9/30/64.

- 4 - Bureau (Enc. 3) (RM)
- 2 - Newark (1 - 105-15291) (1 - 105-795) (Info)
- 2 - Dallas

REC-66/05-82555-5070

RJB/jtf

(8)

COPY AND SPECIMENS RETURNED IN LAB.
FOR LAB. ACTION AND REPORT

Sent _____ M

Per _____

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

C C - Wick

Handwritten stamps and signatures:
FBI LABORATORY
EVIDENCE SECTION
SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILED
Handwritten initials: JCS

COPIES DESTROYED

21 MAR 1965

DL 100-10461

The letter should be returned directly to Mr. FORD upon the completion of its use by the FBI.

It is requested that the FBI Laboratory translate, photograph and conduct any other appropriate examination of the enclosed letter and two photographs and furnish results to Dallas and Newark.

TRANSLATION FROM RUSSIAN

A four-page handwritten letter and two photos.

Translator's Note: the letter and inscriptions on photographs are written in very bad, broken Russian and contain numerous errors. The writer's grammar is so poor that in places it was not clear what the writer wanted to say and had to be surmised. Errors in name in salutation underlined.

The city of Penza in or near which the writer says his son works is not in the Urals, but in the Volga region.

* * *

My address:

Walter Neunson
909 N. 24th St.
Camden 5, N. J.

11/28/63

Hello, esteemed Marena Nikolaiivnaya,

Excuse me for troubling you. I wanted to get you on the phone but was unable to do it. I asked Miss (sic*) Ruth Paine where you lived; she told me that she did not know where you are now. I gave her my address and telephone number, so that she could give them to you and you could phone me and discuss your situation and where you think you will stay. When I learned about you and the children, you cannot imagine how I felt. I am very sorry for you and the children and that you are in such a bad situation. I talked with other Russians here. They say that you should come directly here. We have 175 Russian and Belorussian families here. In short, it will be good for you here, I assure you; and there will be work. There is work for women here, paying \$1.15 - \$1.25 an hour. My daughter is working; she has two small children; she receives \$1.25 an hour. If you wish to come here, I will send you money for the ticket. Leave that place as soon as possible. I would not advise you to go back to the USSR; therefore (sic*) I remained here. I was in Moscow and Leningrad six months and returned to America. I own two houses and my

copies of this translation to CIA 9 1509 10/27 11/16/64

* Translator's Note.
TRANSLATED BY:
TATIANA NIKONISHIN:dek
October 13, 1964

St. G
Filen 105-82555
ENCLOSURE 105-82555-5070

wife also works. She (also*) says that you should come to us. She is a very fine person and could teach you many things. Here you will have peace and be close to the people of your own nationality, the Russian people. I will be like a father to you and, I assure you, I will be good to the children, too. I would ask, if you decide to come, to let me know by telephone. Mrs. Ruth Paine (the woman where you lived) — she will help you to come here. She will put you on a plane, directly (going*) here, Camden, in the State of New Jersey. You can also write to me. You may telephone me at my expense. Leave soon, so that the children would not catch cold, (because*) afterwards the weather will be cold. Take care of the little one. Do not worry about your things — you will acquire new ones here. People here are not like those over there. I understand your situation; that you do not even know whom you can trust. I also went through an experience like this a long time ago and I understand your situation. Now, about myself, I am from the USSR, from the city of Voronezh, Voronezh Region. I worked (or "work"*) in a foreign department (sic*) as a technician and interpreter. My son and daughter, too, are now in the USSR. My son is employed as a chief engineer in the Urals, in the city of Fenza (or "near Penza"*). I came from the USSR after (?*) 1958 and have been living here ever since. I shall be waiting for a reply from you by letter and telephone. I am home from work at 5 p.m. I am sending you my card with my address and telephone number. I wish all of the best to you and the children; hurry up and come here. You can come to us at any time. Only let us know, when you are ready to go; when you will arrive in Camden and I will meet you. Do not tell journalists and other people. You know, they only write sneeringly. Our people in the U. S. are not like that; am I right? I will conclude on this for the time being. My wife and daughter say, "let her come soon." Your children will be provided for; they will not starve. Think it over well. If you wish to know more, write and I will write about it to you. But better come; then you will see it will be good for you here, as I have already told you. I will be truly like a father to you. I am waiting for a reply from you.

Your faithful friend,

(s) Walter Neunson

My address:

Walter Neunson
909 N. 24th St.
Camden, N. J.

* Translator's Note.

Telephone No.:

WO 4-0357

Phone after 5 p.m.

Writing on top of page 3:

I am sending you two photographs of my wife, son and myself. We are your friends, (just) like your own family.

* * *

Writing on the back of a snapshot of a woman and small boy:

"This is my wife and son, Zhaney (Johnny?*) and Edna Neunson. He (sic) wants that you come to live with us soon. We will be together in the same house. The house and bedrooms are big; there is room."

* * *

Writing on the back of a snapshot of a man standing in front of a car:

"This is I, Walter Neunson. This was the year when I came from the USSR. I am waiting for your dear children daughters; I will be like father."

* * *

* Translator's Note.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

- 1 - Mr. Conrad - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Jevons - Enclosure
- 1 - Mr. Gallagher - Enclosure
- 1 - Office, Room 7133 - Enclosure

DATE: 10-5-64

Tolson _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 DeLoach _____
 Casper _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 Evans _____
 Gale _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

TO : Mr. Conrad *JWG*

FROM : R. H. Jevons *R.H.J.*

SUBJECT: Dr. Vincent P. Guinn
Neutron Activation Analysis

In my memo dated September 21, 1964, you were advised of the erroneous press releases attributed to Dr. Vincent P. Guinn, Technical Director of the Activation Analysis Program of General Atomic Division of General Dynamics Corporation, San Diego, California. These press releases inferred that Dr. Guinn was knowledgeable of the results of the neutron activation analysis conducted on the Oswald casts and implied that he worked with the FBI on the analysis.

Since Dr. Vincent P. Guinn is an Atomic Energy Commission, (AEC), contractor, Dr. Spofford G. English, Assistant General Manager for Research and Development, AEC, was contacted on September 13, 1964, by Special Agent John F. Gallagher of the Laboratory, who expressed the Bureau's concern for the erroneous statements attributed to Guinn. Dr. English advised that AEC was also concerned and he agreed to contact Guinn as soon as practical and advise him of both the Bureau's and AEC's concern of the erroneous releases relating to the neutron activation analysis conducted on Oswald's casts.

Attached hereto is a copy of a letter from Dr. Vincent P. Guinn dated September 25, 1964, sent to the editors of the New York World Telegram and Sun, New York City, New York, in which he vigorously denounces their erroneous reporting. "It is the worst job of reporting I have ever seen..." "Your version was shot full of atrocious misstatements. Worse yet, the writer had the gall to make up his own statements, then put them into alleged direct quotations attributed to me."

From a reading of Dr. Guinn's letter, it appears that Guinn has the firm conviction that he was misquoted and is taking action to set the record straight.

ACTION: None. For information only.

Enclosure

- 1 - Mr. Belmont - Enclosure
- 1 - 30-214 - Enclosure
- 1 - DeLoach - Enclosure

JFG:nlb (8)

79 004 141954

REC-3 105-82555-5071

Handwritten initials and signatures

September 25, 1964

Editor
N. Y. World-Telegram and Sun
New York City, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

I am writing to you in regard to an article that appeared in the August 28, 1964 issue of your newspaper, which has just been brought to my attention. It is entitled, "Radioactivity Aids Oswald Probe", is labeled as a United Press International report, datelined Glasgow, August 28, and is apparently based on a paper I presented in Glasgow, Scotland on that date at the August 27-28 International Conference on Recent Advances in Activation Analysis.

In my opinion, the person who is responsible for the version that you published should be thoroughly bawled out — it is the worst job of reporting I have ever seen. My paper was reported quite accurately in several European newspapers; your version is shot full of atrocious misstatements. Worse yet, the writer had the gall to make up his own statements, then put them into alleged direct quotations attributed to me. This is reporting of the worst kind. The person responsible for that article must be, in my opinion, either grossly incompetent or highly unscrupulous, or -- more likely -- both. He apparently was much more interested in making a spectacular report than in making an accurate report. I have cited some specific erroneous statements contained in his article below.

(1) We at General Atomic did not work with the FBI on the Kennedy case. We offered to, immediately after the assassination, but our offer was not taken up by the FBI. We did carry out test firings with an identical type of rifle, on our own, in conjunction with the Los Angeles Police Department, and made NAA measurements

XEROX

OCT 12 1964

105-100-1-5011
ENCLOSURE

on paraffin casts from this study which yielded valuable information. This information was passed on to the FBI with the recommendation that they undertake NAA of the "used" Oswald casts, which by that time had apparently been turned over to the FBI. We understand that they acted upon this suggestion, but we at General Atomic had no hand in their measurements, and have no knowledge of their results.

(2) The statement, "I cannot say what we found out about Oswald because", is an entirely false "quotation" put into my mouth by your writer. "We" didn't find out anything about the Oswald casts, because we never did any work on them whatsoever. I have never so much as seen the Oswald casts, nor has any member of my NAA group. This was made abundantly clear in my Glasgow report. Your writer either garbled the facts presented, or chose to ignore them to make a "better" story. His false use of quotation marks is especially reprehensible.

(3) The statement, "Then we took the casts of Oswald's check and. . . .", is totally manufactured by your writer. As I made completely clear in my Glasgow presentation, we never did anything whatsoever with the Oswald casts. The statement, "We found no barium but we found antimony. . . ." is an almost accurate statement of what I said about the results we obtained from test firings of a similar Italian rifle (not the one used in the assassination) following NAA measurements on hand and check paraffin casts after they had first been processed by the usual chemical test. Again -- extremely sloppy reporting.

I have cited above only the three most glaring errors and mis-statements contained in the August 28 article you published. It is also full of other inexcusable inaccuracies of lesser import. All in all, I think your newspaper should hang its face in shame for publication of such garbled and erroneous nonsense. A brief statement of correction published by you in the near future would be most welcome.

Very truly yours,

Vincent F. Guinn, Technical Director
Activation Analysis Program

VPG:mmm

*Action was
taken
of this
report*

FBI

Date: 10/2/64

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA

INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

LEES

Biography

Enclosed is one copy of a newspaper article appearing in "The Dallas Morning News", Dallas, Texas, October 2, 1964, reflecting that Congressman-at-Large JOE POOL had stated in a speech before the Law Enforcement Intelligence Unit's central zone regional conference at Dallas on October 1, 1964, that Congress will investigate the lack of liaison between the FBI and other law enforcement agencies prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY.

POOL is quoted as stating that the House Un-American Activities Committee "has always offered complete cooperation to the FBI in releasing information from our files. It is unfortunate that this has not always been a 2-way street."

The article continues that earlier in the day Governor JOHN CONNALLY and Colonel HOMER GARRISON of the Texas Department of Public Safety had also scored the lack of liaison between federal agencies. Colonel GARRISON is quoted as stating, "I firmly believe that if the information on subversives in this area had flowed down through proper agencies to the Dallas Police Department, the terrible assassination would not have occurred."

The above is furnished for the Bureau's information.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 1)

2 - Dallas

REC-3

105-82555-5072

OCT 12 1964
Approved: RPG/jtf
15 1964

Sent OCT 2 1964 Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

To: _____

COPY FILED

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Pool Vows Probe of Breakdown

Congressman-at-Large Joe Pool promised Thursday that Congress will investigate the lack of liaison between the FBI and other law enforcement agencies prior to the assassination of President Kennedy.

Speaking before the Law Enforcement Intelligence Unit's central zone regional conference at Holiday Inn Central, Pool said the House Un-American Activities Committee—of which it is a member—"has always offered complete cooperation to the FBI in releasing information from our files."

"It is unfortunate that this has not always been a 2-way street," he said.

Earlier in the day, Gov. John Connally and Col. Homer Garrison of the Department of Public Safety also scored "the lack of liaison between federal agencies" in speeches before some 120 law enforcement officers representing 10 states and the District of Columbia.

Gov. Connally said he was reluctant to cite the assassination as an example.

"But the need for more liaison and cooperation between federal agencies in that case is apparent," he said.

Connally also urged officers to continue to foster exchanges of information between intelligence agencies on the state and local level.

Col. Garrison told the group: "I firmly believe that if the information on subversives in this area had flowed down through proper agencies to the Dallas police department, the ~~terrible~~ assassination would not have occurred."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

8

"The Dallas
Morning News"
Dallas, Texas

Date: 10-2-64

Edition:

Author:

Editor: Jack B. Krueger

Title:

Character:

or

Classification:

Submitting Office: Dallas

Being Investigated

10-2-64

10/12/64

Airtel

To: SAC, Dallas (100-10461)
 From: Director, FBI (105-82555)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
 IS - R - CUBA

ReAQairtel and letterhead dated 10/3/64 and your airtel 10/7 last. Upon return of Marina Oswald to Richardson, Texas, request her to make available for your perusal all of the letters she received subsequent to the assassination to which she referred during interview at Santa Fe. This includes such letters which may now be in possession of Declan Ford. Advise as to results of your review of this material. If anything of possible pertinence is noted among letters in question, furnish copies of same to Bureau.

JCS:mec
 (4)

REC-3

105-82555-5073

NOTE:

Marina Oswald belatedly in late 8/64 furnished Dallas a letter to her shortly after the assassination from Ruth Paine by which Paine forwarded to her a letter in Russian from a Walter Neunson, a Security Index subject of Newark. Neunson, who has a Russian wife and three children in Russia, offered to take Marina and her children in his home and he stated that his son, Edward, met Marina in Russia. When questioned about the Neunson correspondence, Marina said that she received hundreds of letters immediately subsequent to the assassination which she has not read and which she still has at her home in Richardson. She said that her advisor, Declan Ford, also has some of these letters. Dallas was previously instructed to ask Marina to produce copies of all communications received by her subsequent to the assassination from Russia. It is possible that among the letters in question there may be other letters of interest to us; hence, it is advisable for Dallas to look at them.

OCT 14 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

FBI

Date: 10/9/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA

R. J. ...

Reference is made to Dallas airtel to Bureau dated 9/14/64 enclosing letterhead memorandum of same date relating to efforts to identify the latent palm prints appearing on four cardboard cartons (Exhibit C-40) located near the sixth floor window of the Texas School Book Depository immediately after the assassination, copies of which were not furnished to offices receiving instant airtel.

In an effort to identify one remaining unidentified latent palm print, all employees who were on duty at the Dallas Office on November 26-27, 1963, are being requested to have their palm prints taken for submission to the Latent Fingerprint Section, Identification Division.

The four cartons were within the premises of the Dallas FBI Office on November 26-27, 1963. The following employees, who have since been transferred, were among those employees on duty on November 26-27, 1963, at the Dallas Office:

SA BENJAMIN O. KEUTZER, now assigned to the Atlanta Office

SA WARREN A. LARSON, now assigned to the Newark Office

- ③ - Bureau
- 2 - Atlanta (105-3193)
- 2 - Denver (89-41)
- 2 - Newark (105-15291)

REC-3

105-82555-5074
S.M.H.

EX 101

8 OCT 19 1964

C. C. ... Dallas
RPG:jtf (11)
Approved: _____

Sent _____

Per _____

79 OCT 14 1964
Special Agent in Charge

SECTION

DL 100-10461

Stenographer N. JEANETTE TANKSLEY, now assigned
to the Denver Office.

LEADS:

ATLANTA, DENVER and NEWARK

Will immediately obtain the palm prints from the
above-listed employees and submit same to the Bureau, Attention:
Latent Fingerprint Section, Identification Division.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATION SECTION

OCT 9 1964

TELETYPE

FBI WASH DC

FBI CHICAGO

845PM CDST 10-9-64 DEFERRED

<1PAGE.>

TO: DIRECTOR (105-82555), ATTN: CRIMINAL SECTION

FROM: CHICAGO (62-6115)

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. Belmont	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Evans	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

Beatty

J. Edgar Hoover

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., IS DASH R DASH CUBA.

REBUTEL TO CHICAGO OCTOBER NINE.

[Handwritten initials]

AIRTEL AND LHM UNDER ABOVE CAPTION SUBMITTED OCTOBER NINE WITH COPY TO DALLAS.

END

REC-3

105-82555-5075

OCT 13 1964

OMS

FBI WASH DC

PLS HOLD FOR MSG

79 OCT 14 1964ⁿ¹

10-12-64

- 1 - Mr. Sullivan (R.E. Lenihan)
- 1 - Mr. Conrad (L.L. Shaneyfelt)
- 1 - Mr. Rogge

AIRTEL

TO: SAC, Dallas (100-10461)

FROM: Director, FBI (105-82555)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA.,
IS - R - CUBA

ATTENTION: CRIMINAL SECTION.

Reurtel 9-29-64 concerning information furnished by Eugene P. Aldredge.

Advise results of your examination of area where Aldredge claims to have seen bullet mark on sidewalk. Inasmuch as Aldredge states Carl Freund of the "Dallas Morning News" also felt this was a bullet mark, you should consider advisability of interviewing Freund, if not already done. Your views with regard to this possibility should be submitted to the Bureau.

The results of investigation should be incorporated in an appropriate report.

105-82555-5076

RDR/map
(6)

REC-3

19 OCT 13 1964

EX-101

NOTE: Dallas in retel reported Aldredge telephonically contacted the Dallas Office and stated he disagreed with the Commission Report that Oswald did not have help in the assassination. He claims to have seen a bullet mark on the sidewalk adjacent to the TSBDB from where the shots that killed President Kennedy were fired. He also alleges a reporter feels the same way. Dallas indicated that they will examine the spot in question and will conduct no further inquiries.

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- DeLoach _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

79 OCT 15 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

FBI

Date: 10/4

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL REGISTERED SPEC DELIVERY
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (62-109060)

FROM: SAC, SAN ANTONIO (89-67) (P)

RE: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT JOHN
FITZGERALD KENNEDY, 11/22/63,
DALLAS, TEXAS

[Handwritten signature]

ReButel to San Antonio 9/30/64 and San Antonio tel to Bureau 10/5/64.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 2 copies of the Texas Attorney General's report concerning the assassination of President KENNEDY.

Enclosed for Dallas is 1 copy of that report.

ENCLOSURE

3-Bureau (Enc. 2) (AMSD RM)
2-Dallas (Enc. 1) (89-43) (AMSD RM)
2-San Antonio

JMK/dnb
(7)

C. C. Wick

105-82555

*News Release to
Tabeer 10/9/64 re
Report of Texas atty Gen.
Waggoner Carr to Gen.
JFK Council regarding events
in Dallas on 11/22/63 and
subsequent thereto.*

6-Kick

79 OCT 19 1964

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

F B I

Date: 10/2/64

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plain text or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)
ATTN: LATENT FINGERPRINT SECTION
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION

WCR

FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, aka
IS - R - CUBA

Re Dallas airtel to Bureau, 9/14/64; Houston airtel to Bureau, 9/17/64, and Bureau airtel to Houston, 9/21/64; all dealing with efforts to identify palm print on cardboard carton.

L

Referenced Dallas airtel sets forth identity of ten employees from Houston Division, and referenced Houston airtel to Bureau stated palm prints of ten employees being submitted to Bureau.

Bureau airtel to Houston dated 9/21/64 lists nine employees whose palm prints were not identified with remaining unidentified palm print. Bureau airtel failed to include the name of SA EDMOND C. HARDIN. In the event Houston failed to submit palm print of SA HARDIN, please do so. In the event the Bureau failed to compare the palm prints of SA HARDIN with the unidentified latent palm print, please do so and advise Dallas.

- ③ - Bureau
- 2 - Houston (105-1291)
- 2 - Dallas

REC-3

105-82555-5077

RPG/jtf
(7)

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OCT 13 1964
SOVIET SECTION
10-5-64
QNT

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

E C Wick Special Agent in Charge

DL 100-10461

For the information of the Bureau, efforts are still continuing by the Dallas Office with respect to obtaining palm prints for comparison with the one remaining unidentified palm print.

10-5-64

7/15

airtel

airmail

To: SAC, Dallas (100-10461)

From: Director, FBI (105-82555) — 5077

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA;
IS -R- CUBA.

Reference Buairtel to Houston 9-21-64 and Dallas airtel
10-2-64.

Remaining latent palm print on carton in this case not
identical palm prints of SA Edmond C. Hardin.

- 1- Houston (105-1291)
- 1- Mr. Rosen, (Attention: Mr. James R. Malley)
- 1- 62-109060 (Assassination)
- 1- 62-109090 (President's Commission)

RGW:ccg
(10)

Airtel mailed from Ident. Div. 10-5-64 cco

- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- DeLoach _____
- Casper _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- Evans _____
- Gale _____
- Rosen _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____
- Gandy _____

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

OCT 17 11 43 AM '64

79 OCT 14 1964

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

- 1 - Mr. Belmont
- 1 - Mr. Mohr
- 1 - Mr. DeLoach

DATE: 9-21-64

- 1 - Mr. Rosen
- 1 - Mr. Sullivan
- 1 - Mr. Malley
- 1 - Mr. Lenihan
- 1 - Mr. Branigan

Tolson _____
 DeLoach _____
 Mohr _____
 Casper _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 Felt _____
 Gale _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT

FROM : MR. W. C. SULLIVAN

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA - CUBA

Proff...

On 9-10-64 Mr. J. Lee Rankin of the President's Commission advised that a letter had been received from Congressman John R. Pillion, Republican from New York. Mr. Rankin stated that while many of the items in the letter were of no interest to the Commission, there were certain items concerning which he desired the Bureau to interview the Congressman. He also stated that he had talked to the Congressman concerning the letter and the Congressman was willing to be interviewed by the FBI.

A review of the letter sent to the Commission by Congressman Pillion discloses that the Congressman was of the belief that Oswald was definitely a tool of the communist conspiracy and that Oswald was greatly influenced and motivated by his communist ideology, training, associations and objectives. In his letter, Congressman Pillion stated that if the Warren Commission excludes communism as the prime motivating factor, then their report would, in effect, provide a "cover up" and a "white wash."

A review of Bufiles discloses that we have had limited though friendly relations with Congressman Pillion who is serving on the Appropriations Committee.

On 9-16-64 Congressman Pillion was interviewed by Agents of the Washington Field Office in the presence of his Administrative Assistant, Russell A. Rourke. The results of this interview were incorporated in a memorandum dated 9-17-64. During the interview Congressman Pillion stated that all of his statements in his letter to the President's Commission were based on public source data, including magazine articles, newspaper articles and the "Washington Report," which is a publication of the American Security Council, Washington, D. C. Congressman Pillion said that he has no confidential sources and that his conclusions were arrived at from reading the aforementioned publications.

WAB:hrt.
 (9)
 105-82555

REC-3

105-82555-5078

Enc.

ENCLOSURE

CONTINUED - OVER

OCT 13 1964

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OCT 13 1964

[Handwritten signature]

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. BELMONT
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
105-82555

During the interview, Congressman Pillion stated that he did not like the thought of the Commission possibly trying to place any blame for President Kennedy's death on the FBI, the Secret Service or the Dallas Police Department. Instead, he felt the blame for the assassination should be placed on the communist conspiracy. Congressman Pillion had no direct evidence of any association of Oswald with communism or the KGB (Committee of State Security).

The memorandum containing the results of the interview was furnished to the Commission by letter 9-18-64.

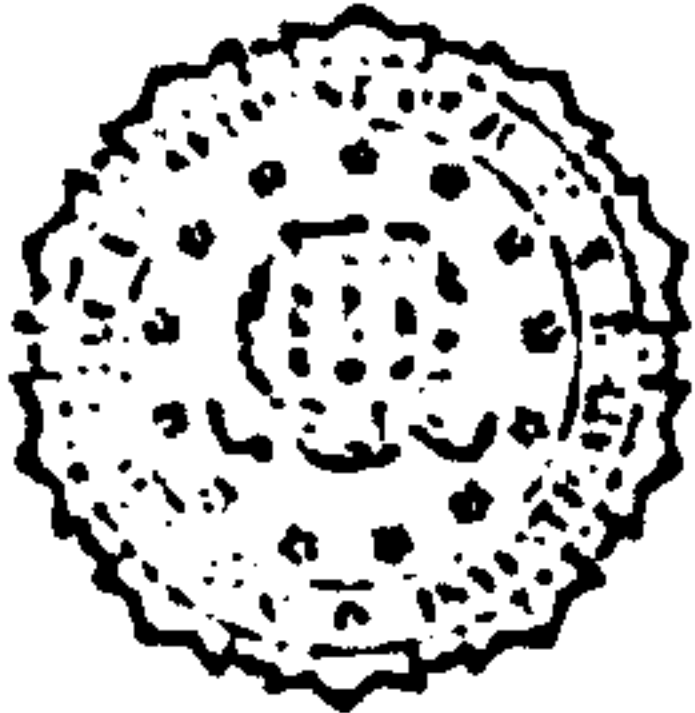
On 9-21-64 Supervisor Oberndorf, WFO, advised that Russell A. Rourke, Administrative Assistant to Congressman Pillion, had telephonically requested to be furnished a copy of the Congressman's interview.

RECOMMENDATION:

If you agree, Inspector Malley will contact Mr. Rankin and advise him that we have received this request from the Congressman and unless Mr. Rankin has some objection, it is our intention to furnish the Congressman with a copy of his interview with Bureau Agents. A copy of WFO's memorandum incorporating the interview is attached for reference purposes.

Handwritten notes:
Done
WFO
A
New V.
H

Handwritten notes:
Mr. Rankin state copy of memorandum covering interview should be furnished to Congressman Pillion. 9/22/64
J. A. ... to furnish ... 3rd ...
- 2 -



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

WASHINGTON 25 D.C. 20535
September 17, 1964

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

It will be recalled that the Honorable John R. Pillion, Member, United States House of Representatives, directed a letter to the President's Commission dated September 10, 1964. The President's Commission requested that Congressman Pillion be interviewed concerning certain data in his letter. The specific items about which the Congressman was to be questioned were underlined with the request to determine from him the basis or proof of each of the underlined items.

On September 16, 1964, Congressman Pillion was interviewed in his office in the House Office Building, Washington, D.C., in the presence of his Administrative Assistant, Russell A. Rourke, by representatives of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI).

When the purpose of the interview was explained to the Congressman, he stated that he had talked to Mr. Rankin of the President's Commission who had indicated that the Congressman's letter would be placed in the "Archives" and not in the Commission's record. Mr. Pillion also stated that he could not see any point to the interview, that since it had been reported that the investigation had been completed, the interview would serve no useful purpose. However, since he wished to cooperate in such an important matter, he said he would answer any questions raised by the Commission as to his letter.

As an explanation for his letter, he stated that from what he had read in newspapers and periodicals he thought that about eighty per cent or more of the Commission's investigation would deal with events subsequent to the assassination; for example, with such items as the determination of blame on various government or local agencies. That meant to him that not enough of the investigation would deal with the motivation of Oswald, which motivation he thought was communist inspired as indicated in his letter to the Commission. He also stated that he did not like the thought of the Commission possibly trying to place any blame for President Kennedy's death on the FBI, the Secret Service or the Dallas Police Department. Instead, he felt the blame for the assassination should be placed on the communist conspiracy.

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ENCLOSURE

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

In his letter Congressman Pillion stated that the anticipated conclusions of the Commission as related in news reports would absolve internal and international communism from complicity in and guilt for the assassination; that these anticipated conclusions were contrary to the known facts. By known facts he said that he meant the background data of Oswald which has appeared in various publications and public source material, which to him painted a picture of a dedicated communist thoroughly trained and indoctrinated by the communists and Soviet Secret Police or KGB; that the assassination by Oswald would be one result of such training. He thought the blame for the assassination should be placed on the communist conspiracy and the Soviet Secret Police whose doctrines and teachings were directed toward world domination through assassination, sabotage, and all other means short of armed conflict.

In his letter the Congressman stated that American official and private investigative agencies have been silenced during this nine month period and, further, that the Commission's inquiries have suppressed the free flow of available information and prevented the American public from rendering a true and balanced judgment as to the communist role and involvement. The Congressman stated that by these statements he meant that the American people had been promised by the President the results of the FBI's investigation; that the results have not been published to date; that the FBI was not permitted to divulge any information from its reports; that independent investigations by Congress, the State of Texas, by county and city authorities, and even private individuals, had also been stalemated by the priority of the Commission. As a result of this, in his opinion, the Commission had, in effect while not intentional, suppressed any other source of information to the American public in this regard. He reasoned that the communists were using this delay to direct blame for the assassination on the rightist groups, rather than the leftist groups. In this respect, he cited Oswald's reported contribution of two dollars to the American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU), which to him meant Oswald was a member of that group. He thought that Oswald's connections with the ACLU had not been fully explored; that such exploration would tend to prove his leftist leanings and would fit in with his

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

reported communistic background. He explained that his office had telephonically contacted the ACLU some time ago and was informed that the two dollars forwarded by Oswald was a contribution; that normally for such contribution he would have in time been mailed a membership card. He added that he had not seen published any elaboration on possible connection of Oswald and the ACLU, and it was his understanding at the time of his contact in the past with the ACLU that no investigative inquiry had been made at the ACLU concerning Oswald.

With regard to his statement that Oswald voluntarily became associated with the Soviet Secret Police, known as the KGB, he indicated that his source for this statement was a publication of the American Security Council, possibly unrecalled magazine articles, and published material in general on the case.

The Congressman also stated in his letter that following Oswald's arrival in Moscow the KGB arranged press conferences to publicize Oswald's defection. He also stated that the KGB provided Oswald with a job in a sheet metal shop of a radio factory in Minsk, which job was a sham "cover" job. The Congressman stated that the source for these statements was the "Washington Report" of the American Security Council dated March 16, 1964, entitled, "Background for Assassination." This report is the same as the publication of the American Security Council to which reference has been previously made.

With regard to his statement that Marina Oswald was "planted" by the KGB and induced to marry Oswald as part of a KGB operation, he stated that he indicated in his letter that this was a probability, hence conjecture on his part. He added that from his public source research of KGB methods of operation, this would seem to be a distinct possibility in his opinion. The Congressman also stated in his letter that the grant of an exit visa to Oswald and to his wife, Marina, was a most extraordinary Soviet act. He also stated that there could be no question but that Oswald and Marina were considered by the KGB to be potential agents for either specific or future assignments. He said that he based these

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

statements on the fast service that the Oswalds reportedly received on their exit visas, and on comments reported in the previously described the "Washington Report" of the American Security Council.

Concerning the statement that the KGB had allowed Oswald to engage in target practice and shooting during his more than two years stay in Minsk, he stated that any KGB direction would be conjecture on his part consistent with his previously outlined thoughts regarding his understanding of KGB operations; that Mrs. Michael Paine of Irving, Texas, told his office about Oswald engaging in target practice with a rifle while in the Soviet Union. Mrs. Paine in turn received that information from conversations with Marina Oswald and the subject. The Congressman believed that the Reference Section of the Library of Congress, upon inquiry, was the source of his statement that the use of a rifle and practice privileges were absolutely forbidden by foreigners in the Soviet Union. He also mentioned that Mrs. Paine had advised hearing from either Marina or Oswald that Oswald had practiced "dry sighting" with a rifle in New Orleans. The Congressman explained that his office had telephonically contacted Mrs. Paine about three times last June or July.

The Congressman stated in his letter that a KGB directed school in terrorism, sabotage and assassination is located in the Minsk area. He said that the source of this statement was research at the Library of Congress which indicated that there was such a school at Minsk. Since Oswald was at Minsk and such a school was in the same vicinity, it seemed logical to Mr. Pillion to assume that Oswald received training there at such a school. He added that he had indicated in his letter that this receipt of specialized training and indoctrination from the KGB by Oswald during his extended assignment in Minsk was an assumption.

With regard to the statement in his letter that "Oswald's mind and body was only an instrument for death, manipulated by sinister sources and vicious men," he meant no specific individuals but rather meant communists in general, or the KGB, since he assumed the KGB was involved in the direction of Oswald's activities.

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Regarding the statement that Oswald became a cold, calculating, professional, paranoid killer who was intimately associated with the communist apparatus, this was a conclusion of the Congressman. Based on his experience in the past of observing communist techniques as a judge and practicing attorney, augmented by his interest and knowledge in and of communist conspiracies from youth, Oswald, in his opinion, fitted the classic pattern of the antisocial dedicated communist. The Congressman said he had no direct evidence or knowledge of any actual association of Oswald with any communist apparatus.

The Congressman indicated in his letter that Oswald made a number of trips to Mexico, where he consorted with communists. He also indicated in part that Oswald gravitated precisely to Mexico, not once, but on several occasions. In regard to these statements, the Congressman stated that he had no information indicating that Oswald had made more than one trip to Mexico. With regard to Oswald consorting with communists, it was his opinion that the fact Oswald visited the Soviet Embassy in Mexico would tend to substantiate such a statement. He pointed out also that there had been efforts made by some unrecalled individuals and organizations to seek out information concerning communist groups in Mexico but such efforts to his knowledge had been thwarted although it was commonly conceded that such groups did exist in that country and that Mexico was conceded as a hotbed for communist activities.

The Congressman also stated in his letter that Oswald was trained to kill for an attainment of a political objective. The Congressman related that this would appear to be self-evident because Kennedy was the President; Nixon was a former Vice President; Walker was a member of a rightist group; and Connally was a Governor. He stated that Oswald's action would fall into what he feels is a communist pattern of political assassinations. Since he previously expressed his opinion that Oswald fitted the classic pattern of a communist, the Congressman was of the opinion that Oswald's actions would have been communist-motivated, hence the reason for the statement in his letter that the sole and whole incitation and motivation of Oswald in all these killings and attempted killings were the communist ideology and the Communist Party world apparatus.

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The Congressman also indicated in his letter that there was an abundance of direct evidence linking Oswald to the Soviet Secret Police and further that evidence already available establishes Oswald's close association with the Soviet Secret Police and other communist agencies and terroristic groups. The Congressman said that he had no direct evidence of any such connection between Oswald and the groups described. He stated that he believed there was a great deal of circumstantial evidence to warrant such a statement such as Oswald's background, his residence in Russia, his probable association with the KGB, the statements in the published portion of his diary, the information set forth in previously described reports of the American Security Council, his participation in such organizations as the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, and his contribution to the ACLU. He said that while this evidence described would not satisfy legal requirements, he felt it was sufficient to be logically correct and in that sense, evidentiary for all other purposes except legal purposes.

Among the conclusions in his letter the Congressman indicated that Oswald's assassination of President Kennedy was part of a pattern of political assassinations and criminal anarchy; that in this homicide, Oswald was wholly influenced and motivated by his communist ideology, training, associations and objectives. He further concluded that the circumstantial evidence was sufficient to exclude to a moral certainty, any other hypothesis, except that Oswald assassinated President Kennedy to advance the world communist plan designed to ultimately destroy the United States and the free world. The Congressman also concluded that the lack of available direct evidence does not exclude the reasonable presumption that the KGB indoctrinated, trained and prepared Oswald as a professional specialist for future use as an assassin or terrorist. With reference to these conclusions, the Congressman stated that these would logically follow from his answers to the questions posed to him and which are set forth previously.

He again reiterated that he had no direct evidence of any association of Oswald with communism or the KGB.

At the conclusion of the interview Congressman Dillion requested that his letter of September 10, 1964, to

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LEE HARVEY OSWALD

the Commission be included in the record of the Commission. He also mentioned that he might produce a paper similar to his letter of September 10, 1964, but dealing mainly with his thoughts on the connection of the subject and the American Civil Liberties Union.