

Date September 17, 19641

ALBERT GUY BOGARD was interviewed in the Dallas County Jail, where he is being held on charges of passing worthless checks and theft by conversion.

BOGARD advised that subsequent to his discussion with the individual he believes to have been LEE HARVEY OSWALD on Saturday, November 9, 1963, at the Downtown Lincoln-Mercury Automobile Agency, and prior to the date of President KENNEDY's assassination, the only person, except Mr. PIZZO to whom he had mentioned anything concerning OSWALD as a prospective customer, was ORAN BROWN, another car salesman. Mr. BOGARD stated that he had given ORAN BROWN the name of LEE OSWALD as a potential customer and had told BROWN to handle OSWALD for him in the event OSWALD should appear at the automobile agency while he, BOGARD, was away. BOGARD noted that he had given this information to BROWN as he, BOGARD, was leaving Dallas on the afternoon of November 9, 1963, for his home in Shreveport, Louisiana. BOGARD stated that he actually did not leave Dallas until around 5:30 p.m. or 6:00 p.m. that same Saturday afternoon.

BOGARD stated that while he was discussing the sale of a Comet automobile to OSWALD, he had prepared a customer's purchase sheet which described the automobile to be purchased, the equipment thereon, and the various costs of the items on the vehicle. However, BOGARD stated that inasmuch as OSWALD declined to sign a purchase order for the car he, BOGARD, just tore up the order sheet and threw it away.

BOGARD stated that the individual he believes to have been LEE HARVEY OSWALD did not show him any identification whatsoever which would have contained the name of OSWALD thereon, such as a driver's license, Social Security card, et cetera.

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on 9/17/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461
by Special Agent MANNING C. CLEMENTS and
RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 9/17/64

DL 100-10461

RJB/jtf

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The following investigation was conducted by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT:

It is noted that the information furnished by ALBERT GUY BOGARD is to the effect that he had discussed the sale of a Comet automobile on Saturday afternoon, November 9, 1963, to an individual he believes was LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

The possibility exists that BOGARD may have demonstrated a new Comet to an individual with the surname of OSWALD, but who was not identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

It is noted that the State of Texas does not keep automobile registrations by the name of the car owner, but by serial number and license number.

On September 17, 1964, JOHN CHILES, Tax Records Office, Dallas County, Dallas, Texas, advised that the tax records of this county do not list the names of automobile owners, but he noted that if a car owner resided in a local tax area in which personal property taxes are assessed on automobiles, such as the City of Dallas, then such tax records would possibly alphabetically list the names and addresses of such car owners.

On September 17, 1964, inquiry was made at the Tax Office of the City of Dallas, Municipal Building, and it was determined from a review of the automobile tax roll that the following individuals residing in Dallas with the surname of "OSWALD" were listed as car owners:

1. JOHN OSWALD, 5030 Wren Way, 1963 Chevy II, License PZ-7512
2. N.D. OSWALD, 1600 Sylvan Drive, 1963 Pontiac Grand Prix, Texas License RC-8139
3. W.N. OSWALD, 1616 Sylvan Drive, a 1959 Pontiac, License PW-9360, and a 1960 Corvair, Texas License PW-9631

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RJB/jtf

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The tax records for the City of Dallas contain no further record of a car owner with the surname of "OSWALD".

On September 17, 1964, NORMAN D. OSWALD and WILLIAM N. OSWALD each advised that he resided at 1600 Sylvan and 1616 Sylvan Drive, respectively. Both advised that they had not visited the Downtown Lincoln-Mercury automobile agency at 118 Commerce, Dallas, Texas, on November 9, 1964, to look at or take a demonstration ride in any type of an automobile. Both added that they had not looked at any cars at this agency during 1963.

JOHN OSWALD, JR., 5030 Wren Way, Dallas, Texas, advised on September 18, 1964, that he had not been to the Downtown Lincoln-Mercury automobile agency in November, 1963, to look at a car. (He stated that he does not have any sons.) It is noted that Mr. OSWALD is fifty-three years of age.

In addition to the aforementioned "OSWALDs" residing in the City of Dallas tax area, who own automobiles, the 1964 Dallas City Directory was reviewed for other individuals with the surname of "OSWALD" who reside in the Dallas area, but outside the City of Dallas tax area. Two such individuals were identified and they are:

1. DELOY OSWALD, The Visador Company, 2429 Converse, Dallas; a resident of Irving, Texas
2. LOUIS E. OSWALD, District Clerk, Mobil Oil, Dallas; a resident of 4013 Glenridge Road, Dallas County

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On September 18, 1964, DELOY OSWALD, The Visador Company, 2429 Converse, Dallas, advised that as of November 9, 1963, he was residing in Seattle, Washington, and did not arrive in the Dallas area until December 31, 1963.

HERSCHEL P. HOLLAND, Mobil Oil Company, Akard and Commerce Streets, Dallas, Texas, advised on September 17, 1964, that LOUIS E. OSWALD, formerly of this company and a former resident of 4013 Glenridge Road, Dallas, is now assigned to the Mobil office in Beaumont, Texas. Mr. HOLLAND noted that LOUIS OSWALD is a man of 50 to 55 years of age, who does not in any manner resemble LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

DL 100-10461

**B. Allegation That Lee Harvey Oswald Was
In Clifton's Barbershop, Irving, Texas,
On Several Occasions Before The
Assassination**

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DL 100-10461

RPG:pm

By letter dated September 1, 1964, the President's Commission advised that CLIFTON M. SHASTEEN, 2214 Fairfax, Irving, Texas, who owns Clifton's Barbershop, 1321 South Storey Road, Irving, Texas, had testified before the President's Commission that a man he believes to have been LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in his barbershop on several occasions prior to the assassination for the purpose of obtaining haircuts. He testified that on at least two occasions the person believed to be OSWALD was accompanied by a 14-year-old boy, who was also in the barbershop by himself on other occasions, and also that he saw the man thought to be OSWALD drive to the barbershop in Mrs. PAINE's station wagon.

The President's Commission requested interviews with other barbers who worked for Mr. SHASTEEN during October and November, 1963, as well as a reinterview of Mr. SHASTEEN.

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DL 100-10461

RPG:pm

On September 18, 1964, Mrs. RUTH PAINE, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, advised that she does not recall LEE HARVEY OSWALD going for a haircut on a weekend during October or November, 1963, and that she does not recall the location of any barbershop where OSWALD ever obtained a haircut.

Mrs. PAINE has previously advised, as reflected on pages 635 and 636 of the report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, dated December 23, 1963, that she did not know of any boy about 14 years of age with whom OSWALD was ever associated in the neighborhood and that she had never allowed OSWALD to take her car anywhere by himself.

1Date September 10, 1964

BERT ELMO GLOVER, residence 3129 Williamsburg Street, Irving, Texas, employed as a barber, Clifton's Barbershop, 1321 South Storey Road, advised that he recalled seeing a man in the barbershop on three occasions whom he believed to be identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He advised that as he recalled he just observed this man in the barbershop and did not see him prior to entering. Mr. GLOVER stated at no time did he see this person utilizing an automobile. He advised that on one of these occasions he cut this person's hair and stated that this person made no statements which could have been used in any way to identify him. He stated that CLIFTON SHASTEEN, owner of the barbershop, told him following the assassination that he remembered this same person and related that this person had been there with a 14 or 15-year-old boy and that the boy had made a statement something to the effect that, "This country would be better off when all countries are governed the same." He stated that he did not hear this statement. He advised that SHASTEEN also told him about his discussion with this person concerning a pair of odd looking shoes he was wearing and that this man claimed that he had purchased them in Mexico. Mr. GLOVER stated that he could not recall seeing this young boy.

Mr. GLOVER described the person he believed to be identical with LEE HARVEY OSWALD as white, male, 34 to 35 years of age, 5'11" in height, weight 140 pounds, hair dark brown, complexion ruddy, thin or sharp features, clean-shaven, but dark beard, dressed in everyday clothes, sport shirt and slacks.

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on 9/9/64 at Irving, Texas File # DL 100-10461
by Special Agent ALFRED D. NEELEY/dk:pm Date dictated 9/10/64

1Date 9/10/64

BUDDY LAW, Route 1, Box 290, Grand Prairie, employed by Ling Temco Vought, Grand Prairie, in the Production Control Department advised that for several years he has worked on Friday afternoons and Saturdays as a part-time barber for CLIFTON M. SHASTEEN, 1321 South Storey Road, Irving, Texas. He advised that during October and November, 1963, he was employed as stated for MR. SHASTEEN. MR. LAW advised that he had no recollection of ever seeing LEE HARVEY OSWALD or anyone resembling him in this barbershop. He advised that he saw numerous photographs of OSWALD in the newspapers, magazines and on TV but could never place this person in the barbershop.

MR. LAW stated that MR. SHASTEEN told him that OSWALD had been in the barbershop on at least three occasions and on one of these occasions he (LAW) had cut his hair, but that he could not recall it. He stated definitely he had no recollection of the incident mentioned by SHASTEEN.

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on 9/9/64 at Grand Prairie, Texas File # DL 100-10461
by Special Agent ALFRED D. NEELEY/dk Date dictated 9/10/64

1Date 9/10/64

MR. CLIFTON M. SHASTEEN, Clifton's Barbershop, 1321 South Storey Road, advised that he is the owner of Clifton's Barbershop and that this is a three-chair barbershop. He advised that during October - November, 1963, he employed BERT GLOVER as a full-time barber and BUDDY LAW as a part-time barber working Friday afternoons and Saturdays.

MR. SHASTEEN stated his brother-in-law is J. W. HALLMARK, residence 2816 Grove Street, Irving, Texas, and is employed as a city truck driver for Illinois-California Express (ICX), 6184 Harry Hines Boulevard, Dallas, Texas. He advised that HALLMARK formerly owned a home at 2510 West Fifth Street, Irving, which is located directly across the street from the MICHAEL FAINE residence, 2515 West Fifth Street, Irving, but sold this place in early 1961 and moved to his present address. MR. SHASTEEN stated that he, SHASTEEN, owns rental property located at 138 Crandall Street and at either 1214 or 1412 Luzon Street, both in Irving, Texas.

MR. SHASTEEN stated that he had previously furnished all information which he had relating to LEE HARVEY OSWALD to the FBI and to the representative of the President's Commission and that the information so furnished was true.

on 9/9/64 at Irving, Texas File # DL 100-10461
by Special Agent ALFRED D. NEELEY/dk Date dictated 9/10/64

1Date 9/14/64

Mr. P. M. WALLS, Supervisor, Tax Assessing Department, Dallas County Tax Assessor and Collector's Office, advised that the records of his office showed that C. M. WOODRIF, 2211 Fairfax, Irving, Texas, owned the following property at Irving, Texas:

1. Lot 12, Block C, Arcadia Gardens (420 Brandenburg Street).
2. Lot 24, Block B, West Irving Acres (Luzon Street).
3. Lot 11, Block A, Sandalwood Addition (2214 Fairfax Street).
4. Part of Lot 4, West Irving Acres (138 Grandall Street).

Mr. WALLS stated his records show J. W. HALIMARK, 2816 Grove Drive, Irving, Texas, owned property at Lot 5, Block G, Shadygrove Park Addition (2816 Grove Drive). The deed records showed that J. W. HALIMARK, wife IRA FAYE, sold property identified as Lot 13, Block C, Western Hills number 8, second installment, and located at 2514 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, to KENNETH D. REYNOLDS. This deed was recorded April 5, 1960.

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on 9/11/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461
 by Special Agent ALFRED D. WESSLEY/saw Date dictated 9/14/64

1Date 9/14/64

J. V. HALLMARK, 2816 Grove Street, Irving, Texas, employed as a truck driver for Illinois-California Express (ICE), 6814 Harry Hines Boulevard, advised that he did own property located at 2514 West Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, (not 2510 West Fifth Street as furnished by Mr. SHASTEEN). However, he traded this property to KENNETH D. REYNOLDS, a builder and real estate developer, in 1959 for his home located at 2816 Grove Street, Irving, Texas.

Mr. HALLMARK stated he did not know the MICHAEL PAINES, and had never seen them to his knowledge. He stated the MICHAEL PAINES did not live across the street from him during the time he resided on West Fifth Street from 1955 to 1959. He advised he did not know why Mr. REYNOLDS waited until April 1960, to record the sale of this property.

on 9/11/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461
 by Special Agent ALFRED D. NEELEY/saw Date dictated 9/14/64

DL 100-10461

C. Investigation Concerning Alleged Rifle
Practice By Lee Harvey Oswald At Sports
Drome Rifle Range, Dallas, Texas

DL 100-10461

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The President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY by letter dated August 28, 1964, requested the recontact of Mrs. VIRGINIA LOUISE DAVIS, 2225 By Way, Dallas, Texas, who, with her husband, operates the Sports Drome Rifle Range in Dallas.

The Commission noted that Mrs. DAVIS was originally interviewed by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on December 1, 1963, at which time she apparently indicated that no written "register" was maintained at the rifle range during the period from September to November, 1963, when OSWALD is alleged to have practiced at the rifle range.

The Commission further noted that in the course of her deposition to a member of the President's Commission on April 1, 1964, Mrs. DAVIS referred to a "journal", which she described as a daily record she kept of everything that happens at the range, which everyone had to sign when they first opened the range. She noted that the Federal Bureau of Investigation had picked up the sign-in slips and checked them out.

Date September 4, 1964**1**

FLOYD GUY DAVIS, owner, Sports Drome Rifle Range, 8000 West Davis, Dallas, Texas, advised that his wife, VIRGINIA, and he are the sole operators of this range.

Mr. DAVIS stated that in the course of their business, they maintain only one type of record, and that is a business ledger which lists by days the amount of money taken in at the range, as well as the amount of expenses paid out with the names of the business concerns to whom the money was paid. He stated that this ledger, or "journal", does not contain the names of customers at the range.

Mr. DAVIS stated that when they opened their range for business on Saturday, October 26, 1963, they started off keeping a guest sign-in type register wherein the shooter signed his name and address. The purpose of this register was to aid them in their new business so they could send a card to those who had registered advising them of the date of their future "turkey shoots".

However, many of the shooters did not desire to sign the register for various reasons, and after November 3, 1963, they stopped maintaining such a sign-in sheet.

Mr. DAVIS stated that if his wife had referred to a "journal" in her testimony to a member of the President's Commission, she undoubtedly was referring to their business ledger and not to a so-called guest register of shooters.

In regard to the "sign-in" records maintained from October 26, 1963, to November 3, 1963, inclusive, Mr. DAVIS produced from his desk six sheets of 12" by 8½" lined tablet paper and two sheets of 7" by 5½" white memorandum size paper on memo paper of the "F. B. MCINTIRE EQUIPMENT CO.", which he stated is the entire listing of

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on 9/3/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 9/3/64

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those customers who signed the register. He noted that this list is not to be considered as all inclusive as many shooters had declined to sign such a register during the time they had maintained such a listing.

Mr. DAVIS advised that the red "x" marks by the names of many of the individuals listed on these sheets were made by someone other than his wife and him, and he does not know the meaning of the marks.

Mr. DAVIS turned over the aforementioned sheets of paper and advised that the President's Commission may use them for any purpose they might desire; however, he does desire their return to him eventually.

Date September 4, 1964

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Mrs. VIRGINIA FASH DAVIS, also known as VIRGINIA LOUISE DAVIS, was interviewed in her trailer home located at 2825 By Way, Dallas, Texas.

Mrs. DAVIS stated that her husband, FLOYD GUY DAVIS, and she first opened their Sports Drome Rifle Range, at 8000 West Davis, Dallas, Texas, on Saturday, October 26, 1963.

She stated that when they first opened the range, they had decided to have the customers sign a register, on ordinary tablet paper, listing their home addresses. The purpose of this was to obtain the addresses of the customers in order for her to drop them a post card to advise them when the range would hold a "turkey shoot". Some of the customers did not react very kindly to signing such a register; some refused to sign the register, and after a week or so, they discontinued this practice of having the guests sign a register. Mrs. DAVIS stated that this list is certainly not to be considered as the complete listing of all individuals who had used this rifle (and revolver) range between Saturday, October 26, 1963, and November 3, 1963; the last day a listing was maintained.

Mrs. DAVIS stated that the "journal" she was referring to when interviewed by a member of the President's Commission is actually a business-type ledger listing credit and debits for a particular day's business. This journal contains the identity of business expenses and the names of the business concerns to whom money was paid, as well as listing the amount of money taken in at the rifle range. She stated this journal does not contain the names of any customers or shooters at the range on a particular day.

Mrs. DAVIS stated that she referred to the "journal" in her deposition in her efforts to definitely pinpoint the

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9/3/64 at Dallas, Texas

File # DL 100-10461

Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf

Date dictated 9/3/64

Date September 4, 1964

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Mrs. A. DAVIS BETH DAVIS, also known as VIRGINIA

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the date of the first "turkey shoot" held at the range. She did not mean to imply that this "journal" contained the names of customers at the range for a particular day in question.

Regarding records maintained by their range, Mrs. DAVIS stated that she and her husband maintain this "business journal", referred to above, and for approximately one week (from October 26, 1963, to November 3, 1963) had maintained the previously referred to "sign-in" register containing the names of the customers and their mailing addresses. They keep no other record other than the "journal".

Mrs. DAVIS viewed the six 12" by 8½" lined tablet paper sheets and the two 7" by 5½" white business note sheets on "F. B. McINTIRE EQUIPMENT CO." memorandum paper, furnished by her husband on September 3, 1963, and advised that these eight pieces of paper are the entire "sign-in" register maintained previously at the range from October 26, 1963, and which they discontinued keeping after November 3, 1963. Mrs. DAVIS stated that the President's Commission is most welcome to use these papers for any purpose they see fit. She noted that the red "x" marks by various individuals' names were made by some other Government agency, and the meaning of the check marks are unknown to her.

Mrs. DAVIS stated that her husband and she need their business journal in the course of their business, but if the Commission still desires the use of same (after now understanding the true nature of this ledger), she can possibly make it available to them.

DL 100-10461

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It should be noted in the interview of Mr. GARIAND G. SLACK on December 1, 1963, which is recorded in the report of Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING at Dallas, dated December 10, 1963, pages 236-238, that Mr. SLACK furnished information to the effect that he had seen a man believed to be identical with CSWALD at the Sports Drome Rifle Range on November 10, 1963, and believed that he was accompanied by another man described as tall, as having a lot of dark hair, dark complexion, and a full beard.

By letter dated September 1, 1964, the President's Commission advised that Mr. GARLAND SLACK, 3130 de Lee Street, Dallas, Texas, had testified before the President's Commission that on November 17, 1963, he was present at the Sports Drome Rifle Range in Dallas, where he observed a man whom he thought to be LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He testified that while there he became involved in an altercation with this person because the man was firing at his target. SLACK also testified he observed "a tall boy", wearing a beard, accompanying the man he thought to be OSWALD and that the two of them left together in an old model four-door sedan. Mr. SLACK testified that his wife LUCILLE was present with him on the occasion on the firing range. The President's Commission requested that LUCILLE SLACK be interviewed for all information she has in regard to the above incident at the firing range. It should be noted that the bearded man has been identified as MICHAEL BENTLEY MURPH, whose interview is reflected on Pages 116 and 117 of the report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING dated April 15, 1964, at Dallas, Texas.

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Date September 10, 1964

Mrs. GARLAND G. (LUCILLE) SLACK, 4130 DeLee Street, advised that on November 17, 1963, she went with her husband to the Sports Drome Rifle Range. She stated she was certain of the date, November 17, 1963, as her daughter, son-in-law, and grandson had visited them on November 9, 10, and 11, 1963, and her son-in-law and grandson had accompanied Mr. SLACK to the Sports Drome Rifle Range on November 9 and 10, 1963, whereas her son-in-law and grandson did not accompany them the following Sunday, November 17, 1963. She stated they arrived at the rifle range about noon, and after Mr. SLACK had purchased his ticket and had talked to some people, she carried a 30.06 rifle from their car through the building to Mr. SLACK, who was in the far west shooting stall, believed to be No. 9. She stated she remained with him until dark. Mrs. SLACK stated that she did not see LEE HARVEY OSWALD or anyone who resembled him at the Sports Drome Rifle Range. She claimed she did not recall Mr. SLACK being involved in any altercation; however, she did remember someone firing on his target on two different occasions, and he told Mr. DAVIS, owner, Sports Drome Rifle Range, about this and received new targets. Mrs. SLACK advised she recalled seeing a "great big man" with a beard, who was wearing ear muffs, a red plaid shirt, and green pants. She stated he was shooting "big guns" and was shooting from stall No. 4 or 5. She stated she did not see anyone with this person and believed that he was alone at the rifle range.

Mrs. SLACK advised on the night of November 22, 1963, Mr. SLACK, after seeing LEE HARVEY OSWALD's picture on television, mentioned to her he believed he had seen OSWALD before. Mrs. SLACK stated that Mr. SLACK first thought that OSWALD was a truck driver for the Dallas City Water Works. She explained that she and Mr. SLACK owned the Urbandale Water Works, but had turned this business over to the Dallas City Water Works on July 1, 1963, and for about eight weeks subsequent thereto, a number of the Dallas City Water Works trucks were in and out of their place. She stated that following Thanksgiving dinner on November 28, 1963, Mr. SLACK told her he believed he had seen LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the Sports Drome Rifle Range. She stated they drove to the rifle range and talked with Mr. and Mrs. FLOYD DAVIS. She stated they did not want to talk about

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on 9/8/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461
by Special Agent ALFRED D. NEELEY/jtf:cms:pm Date dictated 9/9/64

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LEE HARVEY OSWALD being seen at the rifle range, saying that it might hurt their business. She stated they did mention that a dentist and his son had been at the rifle range and had claimed OSWALD was there the day they had been there.

In an effort to resolve discrepancies in information furnished by Mr. SLACK concerning this incident, Mrs. SLACK contacted Mr. SLACK during the interview. According to Mrs. SLACK, Mr. SLACK maintained that OSWALD was at the rifle range on November 17, 1963, and that he had been brought there by a man named "FRAZIER" from Irving, Texas. Mrs. SLACK stated she felt her husband was confused as to the date when he observed the individual he believed to be OSWALD at the range, but he was sincere in the statement he had previously made to Agents of the FBI and during his testimony before the President's Commission.

1Date 9/14/64

Mr. BUELL WESLEY FRAZIER, 1413 Shady Grove, Apartment 27, Irving, Texas, employed at Texas School Book Depository, advised that on no occasion did he ever take LEE HARVEY OSWALD to a rifle range. He advised that he did not take OSWALD to the Sports Drome Rifle Range, Dallas, Texas, on either November 10, or 17, 1963, or on any other date.

on 9/11/64 at Dallas, Texas 140 File # DL 100-10461
by Special Agent ALFRED D. NEELEY/saw Date dictated 9/14/64

DL 100-10461

D. Allegation That On November 14, 1963,
There Was A Two-Hour Meeting At The
Carousel Club, Dallas, Texas, Of
Bernard Weissman, Dallas Police Officer
J. D. Tippit and Jack Ruby

DL 100-10461

RPG/jtf

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The President's Commission on the Assassination of President KENNEDY by letter dated August 31, 1964, made reference to an interview of BERNARD WEISSMAN on August 10, 1964, at New York City. In this interview, WEISSMAN stated that he was employed during November, 1963, by the Carpet Engineers, Incorporated, 1002 South Beckley, Dallas, Texas, working from 6:00 p.m. to midnight. WEISSMAN believed that he was working during the evening of November 14, 1963. The President's Commission requested verification of this information.

The following investigation supplements that contained on pages 57 to 63 of the report of Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, dated September 19, 1964, at Dallas, Texas.

Date September 3, 1964

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NORMAN J. SIEGEL, Vice President, Carpet Engineers of Texas, 2006 South Beckley Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised that BERNARD WEISSMAN worked for this company as a carpet salesman from approximately November 6, 1963, to November 21, 1963. While working for this company, WEISSMAN was never paid any money as he never made any sales. He worked on a commission basis and received no salary whatsoever.

While Mr. SIEGEL has no employment records to specifically cite the exact dates of WEISSMAN's employment, he noted that the beginning date of November 6, 1963, is based on the date of WEISSMAN's application, and the last date is based on the company's daily appointment sheet, which shows the last sales appointment for WEISSMAN as being on November 21, 1963.

Regarding the question as to whether or not WEISSMAN was working on Thursday, November 14, 1963, Mr. SIEGEL noted that the appointment sheet for salesmen for that date indicates that WEISSMAN had an appointment that date with one "HOBGOOD", telephone number Federal 9-8881. No other appointments were listed for WEISSMAN on that particular date.

Mr. SIEGEL stated that this does not mean that WEISSMAN may not have contacted anyone else that day, but he noted that most of the sales contacts were made at night when both the prospective husband and wife are home. Accordingly, Mr. SIEGEL imagines that WEISSMAN would have contacted the HOBGOODS in the evening hours.

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on 9/3/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 9/3/64

Mr. SIEGEL pointed out that the appointment sheet for November 14, 1963, which lists the appointments for all the salesmen and not for just one particular individual, contains a "remarks" column which is filled out the following day by the salesman indicating the results of his interview with the potential customer. In regard to WEISSMAN's comment about his contact with the HOBGOODS, WEISSMAN had noted that he had given them a sales talk, noted that they would need 116 yards of carpeting, which would cost \$1,390, but the HOBGOODS only wanted to spend \$600.00.

Mr. SIEGEL continued that the appointment sheet for November 14, 1963, is the only record that his company has which would indicate whether or not WEISSMAN had worked that particular day. He further noted that WEISSMAN could have spent a few hours at the company's office, but normally a commissioned salesman, such as WEISSMAN, only spends a short time at the office daily and that is to pick up a list of his appointments for that day. This is true with all the workdays of the week with the exception of Friday when the salesmen attend a sales conference.

Date September 4, 1964

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DONALD D. HOBGOOD, 1220 Burns Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised that his telephone number is FEderal 9-881, which telephone number he also had as of November 14, 1963.

DONALD HOBGOOD stated that his wife had been interested for some time in carpeting their house, and had a representative of some now unrecalled carpet company visit their house sometime in November, 1963, exact date not now recalled.

DONALD HOBGOOD stated that both his wife, ELLEN, and he were at home the night this salesman came to talk to them and give them an estimate on the cost of carpeting their house. HOBGOOD recalls that this person arrived around 7:30 p.m. in the evening and remained in his house for over two hours, finally leaving between 9:30 p.m. and 10:00 p.m. HOBGOOD knows that this salesman was in the house for over two hours, as he, HOBGOOD, had a previous engagement that night and was trying to get rid of the carpet salesman, who seemed to stay on and on.

HOBGOOD stated this salesman gave them a cost estimate of around \$1,400 to carpet their house, which sum was far above the amount that they would even consider spending on carpeting their house.

HOBGOOD stated that while he does not recall the name of this salesman, he recalled that he arrived in an old automobile, wore what appeared to be second-hand clothing, indicated he had been in the military service, and had recently come to Dallas from some other part of the country.

HOBGOOD stated he told this salesman that the carpet price was too high, and they have not been recontacted by this individual since that time.

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on 9/3/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT /jtf Date dictated 9/3/64

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He advised that the name of WEISSMAN sounds vaguely familiar to him, but he cannot say that this was positively the name of the carpet salesman who visited his home in November, 1963.

HOBGOOD described the carpet salesman as white, around 26 to 30 years of age, dark black hair and medium build.

1Date September 10, 1964

Mrs. LIDY VOLTZ, 1220 Burns Street, Dallas, Texas, advised that she is the mother of DONALD HOBGOOD who lives at this same address.

Mrs. VOLTZ viewed a photograph of BERNARD WEISSMAN and stated that this individual is the same person who had come to their house in November, 1963, to sell carpeting to her son and daughter-in-law.

Mrs. VOLTZ could not recall the date of the visit of this carpet salesman, but remembered that he had come back the same night and had talked to DONALD HOBGOOD and his wife.

Mrs. VOLTZ stated that the carpet salesman first arrived at their home in the early evening before the HOBGOODS had come home from work. She told him to come back later that evening and he did so.

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on 9/9/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/emr Date dictated 9/10/64

1Date September 10, 1964

Mrs. ELLEN HOBGOOD, 1220 Burnam Avenue, Dallas, Texas, advised that she is the wife of DONALD D. HOBGOOD. Mrs. HOBGOOD was interviewed at her residence.

Mrs. HOBGOOD stated that around the middle part of November, 1963, she was telephonically contacted by a lady representative of a carpet company inquiring if she was interested in carpeting for her home. She advised that she was and set up an appointment for 7:00 p.m. several nights later for a personal visit by a salesman for this carpet company.

Mrs. HOBGOOD stated that she does not recall the name of the carpet company, but knows that they were located on South Beckley. She stated that she does not recall the name of the salesman who came to her home.

Mrs. HOBGOOD stated that the night of the appointment, she and her husband were at home to talk to the salesman. He was late for his appointment, but arrived about 7:30 p.m. The salesman spent about two hours in her home and quoted them a carpeting price of around \$1,400.00, which was quite a bit more than her husband and she planned to spend on carpeting.

Mrs. HOBGOOD could not recall the date of this carpet salesman's visit, but remembers that the very next day she had gone out and purchased two rugs for her house.

Mrs. HOBGOOD located the purchase contract for these two rugs which indicated that she had purchased the two rugs on November 15, 1963, from the Bolin and Selvidge Furniture Company, 209 East Jefferson, Dallas, Texas.

Accordingly, Mrs. HOBGOOD stated that the carpet salesman was positively in her house the night of November 14, 1963.

Mrs. HOBGOOD viewed a photograph of BERNARD WEISSMAN and stated that this was the carpet salesman who was in her home on the night of November 14, 1963.

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on 9/9/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/emm Date dictated 9/10/64

1Date September 14, 1964

DONALD D. HOBGOOD, 1220 Burns Street, Dallas, Texas, advised upon viewing photograph of BERNARD WEISSMAN that this appears to him to be identical with the carpet salesman who had visited his home on a night in November, 1963.

HOBGOOD stated that he is not as good as his mother and wife in identifying individuals; however, the photograph of WEISSMAN appears to him to be the person who had visited his home.

HOBGOOD stated that he could not make a positive identification of WEISSMAN being the salesman, as he (HOBGOOD) is poor in remembering features of an individual and he noted that the visit of the carpet salesman to his home was over ten months ago and for only a few hours at that. HOBGOOD further noted that the photograph of WEISSMAN at this time appears to be a little heavier than he remembers the salesman; however, he noted that the hair style being curly was identical.

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on 9/14/64 at Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461
by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT/pm Date dictated 9/14/64

DL 100-10461

E. Telephone Call To Chief Qf Police Jesse E. Curry, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, From Individual Identifying Himself As Carl Schreiber On September 8, 1964

DL 100-10461
RPG:rmb

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On September 8, 1964, Chief of Police JESSE E. CURRY, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, telephonically advised SAC J. GORDON SHANKLIN that he had received a call from an individual who identified himself as CARL SCHREIBER from New York City, who gave his New York telephone number as EN 2-1006 Apartment 11-F. This individual was inquiring about the OSWALD-RUBY investigation and indicated that the President's Commission report would not be factual and that he was very much in favor of MARK LANE. According to Chief CURRY, this individual stated he was a disabled war veteran and also claimed he was the general counsel for MARK LANE. According to Chief CURRY, this man rambled on about the assassination and appeared to be trying to pump Chief CURRY about the investigation.

Chief CURRY was of the opinion this individual was intoxicated and Chief CURRY insisted he did not give this individual any information.

The files of the Dallas Office reflect no information identifiable with the above-named CARL SCHREIBER.

DL 100-10461

RPG/jtf

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The following investigation was conducted by Special Agent JOHN JAMES O'FLAHERTY at New York, New York:

On September 9, 1964, it was determined that New York City telephone number EN 2-1006 is registered to the Hotel Milburn, 243 West 76th Street, New York City.

On September 9, 1964, the files of the New York City Office reflected that on March 1, 1963, one CARL SCHREIBER, 345 West 86th Street, New York City, telephonically contacted the New York Office and requested that an FBI Agent discreetly contact him at the above address in order that SCHREIBER could furnish information in his possession regarding activities in the Dominican Republic. Thereafter, an Agent of the New York Office attempted to contact SCHREIBER at the above address but SCHREIBER had moved without leaving any forwarding address.

On September 10, 1964, Mr. M. KAIN, Manager, Hotel Milburn, 243 West 76th Street, advised that hotel records reflect that CARL SCHREIBER registered at that hotel on August 21, 1964, and presently occupies Room 11F. A previous address for SCHREIBER was indicated as Box 800, Los Alamos, New Mexico. Mr. KAIN stated he does not know SCHREIBER personally and could only advise SCHREIBER is about 48 years of age. He was unable to furnish any additional descriptive data or employment concerning SCHREIBER.

On September 10, 1964, SIMON CWERN, Manager, Hotel Dexter House, 345 West 86th Street, New York City, advised that CARL SCHREIBER, white male, 45 - 50 years of age, approximately 5'10", stocky build, although not presently at the Hotel Dexter House, has in the past periodically resided there on numerous occasions. Mr. CWERN stated that a 1961 registration card reflected a previous address as Box 206, Alamogordo, New Mexico.

DL 100-10461

RPG/jtf

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Mr. CWERN remarked that he personally knows SCHREIBER and stated that SCHREIBER is a World War II disabled veteran who receives disability checks from the Government. He stated that SCHREIBER was a captain and a pilot in the United States Air Force, and, as a result of a head injury received in combat, he has a metal plate in his head. CWERN advised that whenever SCHREIBER's head injury causes pain, SCHREIBER drinks to excess and quite often, while in an intoxicated state, has a habit of making numerous telephone calls. CWERN stated that on a few occasions, while in this condition, SCHREIBER has placed long distance telephone calls to his brother, first name unknown, who resides in New Mexico and reportedly occupies some political position in that area. CWERN remarked that on one occasion, while apparently intoxicated, SCHREIBER placed a call through the hotel switchboard to New York Governor ROCKEFELLER.

Mr. CWERN added that SCHREIBER is an attorney and reportedly was a candidate, on one occasion, for the office of District Attorney somewhere in the New Mexico area. He further stated on one occasion SCHREIBER displayed to him a letter which SCHREIBER stated was a letter indicating that consideration was being given to appointing SCHREIBER as Commissioner of the New York State Thruway. CWERN was of the opinion that due to SCHREIBER's disability, he never received the appointment.

On September 10, 1964, inquiry at the Credit Bureau of Greater New York and the Bureau of Criminal Identification, New York City Police Department, concerning CARL SCHREIBER met with negative results.

F. Signed Statements Of Roy S. Truly, Warehouse Superintendent, Texas School Book Depository, And Patrolman Marrion L. Baker, Dallas Police Department, Who Observed Lee Harvey Oswald Alone In Lunchroom On Second Floor Of Texas School Book Depository Immediately After Assassination .

DL 100-10461

RPG/jtf

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On September 23, 1964, signed statements were obtained by Special Agent RICHARD J. BURNETT from ROY S. TRULY, Warehouse Superintendent, Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, Texas, and Patrolman MARRION L. BAKER, Dallas Police Department, who were the individuals who approached OSWALD in the lunchroom on the second floor of the Texas School Book Depository immediately after the assassination on November 22, 1963. Previous interview with Mr. TRULY reflecting such information appears on pages 322 - 323 of the report of Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING dated November 30, 1963, at Dallas, Texas. A previous interview with Patrolman M. L. BAKER, who is identical to MARRION L. BAKER, concerning this matter is reflected on page 339 of the report of Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING dated November 30, 1963.

There is set forth below the signed statement of Mr. ROY S. TRULY, obtained on September 23, 1964:

"Dallas, Texas
September 23, 1964

"I, Roy S. Truly, do hereby furnish this voluntary statement to Richard J. Burnett who has identified himself to me to be a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

"I am the Superintendent of the Texas School Book Depository located at 411 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas, and was so employed as of November 22, 1963.

"On the above date and just as President Kennedy's motorcade passed in front of my building, I reentered the building with a Dallas police officer after some shots had been heard coming from this general vicinity.

DL 100-10461

RPG/jtf

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"The officer and I proceeded to the stairway located in the northwest corner of the Texas School Book Depository building in order to proceed to the upper part of the building to see if we could see who had fired the shots.

"I was leading the way up the stairs and the police officer was following me. After I was starting to ascend the stairs towards the third floor from the second floor, I noticed that the police officer was talking to someone in the lunch room located on the second floor.

"I then went to the lunch room where I saw the officer facing Lee Harvey Oswald. Oswald was by himself in the lunch room. There was no one else in the vicinity of the lunch room on the second floor other than Oswald, the police officer and myself.

"I identified Oswald to the police officer as an employee of the Texas School Book Depository.

"I have read this statement consisting of this page and one other page and it is true and correct to the best of my recollection.

/s/ " x R S Truly
"Roy S. Truly

"Witnesses

"Richard J. Burnett, Special Agent, F.B.I., Dallas, Texas, 9/23/64.

"William H. Shelley 126 S. Tatum Dallas 11, Tex
9-23-64"

DL 100-10461

RPG/jtf

3

There is set forth below the signed statement of
Patrolman MARRION L. BAKER obtained on September 23, 1964:

"September 23, 1964
Dallas, Texas

"I, Marrion L. Baker, do hereby furnish this
voluntary signed statement to Richard J. Burnett
who has identified himself to me as a Special Agent
of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

"I am employed as an officer with the Dallas
police department and was so employed as of
November 22, 1963.

"On the early afternoon of that day after
hearing what sounded to me to be bullet shots, I
entered the Texas School Book Depository Building
on the northwest corner of Elm and Houston Streets
in downtown Dallas.

"I had entered this building in an effort to
determine if the shots might have come from this
building.

"On the second floor, where the lunch room is
located, I saw a man standing in the lunch room.
He was alone in the lunch room at this time.

"I saw noone else in the vicinity of the lunch
room at this time.

"I have read this statement consisting of this
page and one other page and it is true and correct
to the best of my knowledge. I have initialled each
page and each correction.

/s/ " x Marrion L. Baker

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RPG/jtf

4

"Witnesses

"Richard J. Burnett, Special Agent, F.B.I., 9/23/64,
Dallas

"Bobby W. Hargis # 1083 Dallas Police Dept."

DL 100-10461

G. Allegation That Erich Lintrop Knew Lee Harvey
Oswald, Jack Ruby, And The "Money Man" Who
Were Involved In The Assassination

DL 100-10461

RFG/jtf

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The following investigation supplements that reflected in the report of Special Agent HENRY A. WELKE, dated September 22, 1964, at Norfolk, Virginia, in instant matter.

JK 89-10

WHH:jeb

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At 3:30 PM on September 14, 1964, Mr. R. M. MC DAVID, Special Agent in Charge, Treasury Department, United States Secret Service, contacted the Jacksonville Office of the FBI and furnished the following information:

JOSEPH STALLINGS, a Florida Highway Patrol Auxiliary Patrolman advised Mr. MC DAVID that between 10:30 PM and 11:00 PM on September 8, 1964, he was performing highway patrol duties in Jacksonville, Florida. At a service station near the George Washington Hotel, he encountered one ERICH LINTROP. LINTROP had been drinking and persuaded STALLINGS to take him to his ship and subsequently return him to the Seminole Hotel where LINTROP was staying. During this time LINTROP told STALLINGS that he knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY. LINTROP also claimed that he knew the "money man" who financed or spearheaded the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. LINTROP did not name this "money man" but said that the man is from Pakistan and is currently living in Paris, France.

Mr. MC DAVID stated that he determined that LINTROP was an able bodied seaman on the SS American Flyer which at that time was at Commodore's Point, Jacksonville, Florida. LINTROP's seaman number is Z-72988-1, his address is 550 West 20th Street, New York City. The SS American Flyer is operated by the United States Lines and departed Jacksonville, Florida, on the evening of September 11, 1964. The ship was scheduled for a brief stop at Brunswick, Georgia, then from whence it is to sail from New York City, New York.

The following is the contents of a letter dated September 14, 1964, from R. M. MC DAVID, Special Agent in Charge, Treasury Department, United States Secret Service, Jacksonville, Florida, directed to Mr. D. K. BROWN, Special Agent in Charge, FBI, Jacksonville, Florida:

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JK 89-10

"Dear Mr. Brown:

"This will confirm conference of even date wherein you were furnished possible information concerning assassination of President Kennedy, said possible information having originated from the following subject:

"Erich Lintrop, (believed to be Finnish extraction), White/Male; 55-60; Able Bodied seaman; American Seaman No. Z-72988-1; crew member SS American Flyer; home address 550 West 20th Street, New York, New York.

"On September 13, Auxiliary Sergeant Joseph Starling of the Florida Highway Patrol, Jacksonville, telephonically contacted the writer at his residence and reported his experience or contact with the subject the night of September 8, 1964, at Jacksonville, Florida, at the same time stating that he had conveyed this information to Mr. William Lankford, Customs Agent in Charge, Jacksonville, on the evening of September 11.

"Sergeant Starling stated that at approximately 10 or 10:30 PM on September 8, 1964, he was officially engaged with the Highway Patrol and was having his cruiser car serviced at the Texaco Station across from the George Washington Hotel on Pearl and Adams Street when he was approached by the subject who appeared to be drinking but not completely intoxicated. Sergeant Starling was not sure whether his State Trooper car was mistaken for a taxi, however, the subject asked if Sergeant Starling would take him to his ship, the American Flyer, which was docked at Commodore Point, St. Johns River, Jacksonville. The request was granted and during the ride to dock side the subject stated that he personally knew Lee Harvey Oswald and Jack Ruby. Further, he stated he personally knew "the money man" who had financed the assassination plot; that "the money man" was from Pakistan but currently lives in Paris. He did not furnish the name of the latter individual.

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JK 89-10

"Upon arriving at dock side, the subject requested that Sergeant Starling wait for him a few minutes and give him a ride back to the City. This request was granted. The subject boarded the American Flyer and returned in about five minutes. He offered Sergeant Starling and his co-duty officer each \$5.00 for their services but such payment was refused. Subject stated that he did not know the name of his hotel but that it was an Indian name, whereupon the Seminole Hotel was suggested and the subject was thereafter transported to the Seminole Hotel where he entered and proceeded to the elevator. Sergeant Starling states that he confirmed the subject was a registered guest and thus dismissed the matter.

"On September 14 Custom Agent in Charge William Lankford, Jacksonville, contacted this office and advised that he had received the information as reported by Sergeant Starling from him and had made sufficient inquiry to identify the subject as being a crew member of the SS American Flyer, further determining the subject's Seaman number, rate and home address. Mr. Lankford further advised that the SS American Flyer departed Jacksonville the evening of September 11 for a stop at Brunswick, Georgia, and was thereafter to proceed to New York, New York. Mr. Lankford also advised that the SS American Flyer is operated by the United States Lines.

"It is not known whether the American Flyer was in Jacksonville on a regular call or whether she was taking emergency haven due to hurricane 'Dora', which as you know hit Jacksonville September 8-9."

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/21/64

1

JOSEPH T. STALLINGS, 1908 Rogero Road, Jacksonville, Florida, a Florida Highway Patrol Auxiliary Patrolman, advised as follows:

On the evening of September 8, 1964, he was working with Trooper A. J. FORSYTHE in a Florida Highway Patrol (FHP) cruiser during Hurricane Dora. He stated that between 10:30 PM and 11:00 PM that evening they stopped for gas at the Mayflower Hotel and Trooper FORSYTHE left the car to sign the gas ticket at the office. He stated that while FORSYTHE was away from the car an individual who later identified himself as LINTROP and who appeared to be drinking but not intoxicated approached the cruiser carrying a bottle of beer. STALLINGS stated that LINTROP spoke broken English and indicated that he wanted them to take him somewhere. When FORSYTHE returned to the car he told LINTROP to get in. Once inside LINTROP indicated he would like to be taken to his ship, the American Flyer, but he was not sure exactly where it was located except that it was near Seaman's Bar. STALLINGS stated that he asked LINTROP if the ship was docked at Commodore's Point to which LINTROP stated he believed that was the right location.

STALLINGS stated that when they arrived at the dock LINTROP offered to pay them each \$5 but when the money was refused by both FORSYTHE and himself, LINTROP asked them if they would wait a few minutes until he returned from the ship.

STALLINGS stated that approximately 5 minutes later LINTROP returned and asked them if they would return him to the Seminole Hotel where he had a room.

STALLINGS stated that on the way to the hotel LINTROP started a conversation concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. LINTROP indicated to STALLINGS that he was acquainted with

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On 9/15/64 at Jacksonville, Florida File # JACKSONVILLE 89-10

by SA WILLIAM H. HAGERTY, JR. :jeb Date dictated 9/18/64

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JK 89-10

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, JACK RUBY and also "the money man" who he said was from Pakistan. STALLINGS stated that he attempted to obtain more information from LINTROP concerning what he knew about OSWALD, RUBY and "the money man", however, all LINTROP would say was something to the effect that these 3 were the only ones involved in the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

STALLINGS stated that they returned LINTROP to the Seminole Hotel, Jacksonville, Florida, and have not seen him since that time.

STALLINGS stated that on September 11, 1964, he contacted Customs Agent WILLIAM LANKFORD, Jacksonville, Florida, on a personal matter, and while talking to LANKFORD mentioned the incident concerning LINTROP. STALLINGS stated that he told LANKFORD that he did not know LINTROP's full name or any details about him to which LANKFORD stated that he would have his Assistant JAMES DUGGAN obtain this information from the ship's list.

STALLINGS stated that that same evening he telephonically contacted DUGGAN to ask him if he had obtained any information concerning LINTROP. He stated that DUGGAN told him that he obtained LINTROP's full name and address in New York City and that his superior, Mr. LANKFORD, was going to contact Mr. R. M. MC DAVID, United States Secret Service, Jacksonville, Florida, and furnish him this information.

On September 13, 1964, STALLINGS stated that he telephonically contacted Mr. MC DAVID out of curiosity to see if any action had been taken concerning LINTROP. STALLINGS stated that Mr. MC DAVID indicated that Mr. LANKFORD had not contacted him. STALLINGS stated he then furnished the entire story to Mr. MC DAVID.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/21/64

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ALFRED J. FORSYTHE, 2616 Congrace Drive West, Jacksonville, Florida, a Florida Highway Patrolman, furnished the following information:

On September 8, 1964, he was on patrol in a FHP cruiser with JOSEPH STALLINGS, an auxiliary patrolman, during Hurricane Dora. Between 10:30 PM and 11:00 PM that evening he stopped at the Mayflower Hotel for gas. He stated that while in the station he observed an individual nearby who appeared to be intoxicated in that he was staggering and making a nuisance of himself. The individual was also carrying beer with him at that time and FORSYTHE stated that he placed him in the cruiser with the intention of putting him in jail which he considered the safest place for him during the hurricane.

FORSYTHE stated that when he got the individual into the car he asked him where he was going and his name to which he replied that he was ERICH LINTROP, a Finnish sailor and was returning to his ship, the American Flyer, which was near the Sailor Boy Restaurant. FORSYTHE stated that STALLINGS asked LINTROP if the ship was docked at Commodore's Point to which LINTROP replied that he believed that was the place. FORSYTHE stated that during the ride to the ship LINTROP started a conversation in which he indicated that he had some inside knowledge concerning the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY. He stated that LINTROP was hard to understand in view of the fact that he spoke broken English and also since he appeared to be intoxicated. FORSYTHE stated that LINTROP did indicate that he was acquainted with the "money man" who supposedly was the finance backer for LEE HARVEY OSWALD and JACK RUBY.

FORSYTHE stated that when they arrived at the ship, LINTROP offered to give STALLINGS and him \$5 each but when they refused to accept the money he asked

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On 9/16/64 at Jacksonville, Florida File # JACKSONVILLE 89-10
 by SA WILLIAM H. HAGERTY, JR. .jeb Date dictated 9/18/64

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JK 89-10

them to wait a few minutes while he went on board. A few minutes later LINTROP returned from the ship and asked them if they would drive him to a hotel in town where he had a room. FORSYTHE stated that he asked LINTROP what hotel it was to which LINTROP replied the name of the hotel was the same as an Indian tribe. FORSYTHE stated that he asked LINTROP if he meant the Seminole Hotel to which LINTROP replied that that was in fact the hotel in which he had a room.

FORSYTHE stated on the trip to the hotel he attempted to obtain additional information concerning the "money man" but all LINTROP would say was that this "money man" was a Monk.

FORSYTHE stated that the conversation lead him to believe that this Monk was from the far East, however, he cannot recall why this fact sticks in his mind.

FORSYTHE stated that they took LINTROP to the Seminole Hotel and he has not seen him since that time.

IV. MISCELLANEOUS ALLEGED ACTIVITIES OF LEE HARVEY OSWALD

- A. Allegation By James Alford Markham That He Met Lee Harvey Oswald Prior To Assassination And That Oswald Discussed Killing The President When He Came To Dallas**

- B. Allegation By Sylvia Odio That She Observed Lee Harvey Oswald In The Company Of Two Cuban Or Mexican Men Sometime In Late September Or Early October, 1963**

- C. Alleged Diary Of Eric Ritzek Reflecting He Caused Lee Harvey Oswald To Commit Assassination And Oswald's Subsequent Murder By Jack L. Ruby By Hypnosis**

DL 100-10461

A. Allegation By James Alford Markham That
He Met Lee Harvey Oswald Prior To
Assassination And That Oswald Discussed
Killing The President When He Came To
Dallas

DL 100-10461
RPG:rmb

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The following information supplements that contained on Pages 73 to 86 of the report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING dated September 19, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, in instant case: