

RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Oswald at the Carousel Club may have been editorialized or misconstrued such that he was said to have seen Lee Oswald in the Carousel Club, while, in fact, he was reporting that DeMar had indicated that he had seen Oswald in that club.

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Date 6-20-64

Pena told Buagents 12-63 he saw Oswald in his tavern in New Orleans and in later interview he denied saying this. We want to reinterview him to challenge this contradiction. Pena went to Europe in 5-64 and we had allegation he was going to Moscow, for this reason we desired to look at his passport.

We will advise Warren Commission re his refusal to be reinterviewed re his contradictory statements.

FXO

FBI

Date: 6/16/64

Transmit the following in _____

(Type in plain text or code)

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

Via _____

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)

FROM: SAC, HOUSTON (105-1291) (P)

SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - R - CUBA
(OO: DALLAS)

RE: Bureau airtel to Dallas, dated 6/15/64.

On 6/15, 16/64, former SA JOHN W. FAIN, 2210 Maroneal, Houston, Texas, carefully reviewed the transcript of testimony covering his appearance before the President's Commission on 5/5/64. SA FAIN agreed with the minor changes which had previously been made by the Bureau and stated, after reading the entire transcript, that he considered it to be completely accurate and a true record of the testimony he made before the President's Commission. SA FAIN stated he did not note any detail which he desired to change or correct and he felt the testimony was entirely consistent with information previously developed and reported by him while assigned as a Special Agent to the Dallas Office.

The copy of this transcript is being retained by the Houston Office, UACB, in view of the possibility additional questions may be raised concerning it.

- 3 - Bureau (AM) (RM)
- 1 - Dallas (100-10461) (INFO.) (RM)
- 1 - New Orleans (100-16601) (INFO.) (RM)
- 2 - Houston

ED/mem
(7)

REC-18

4172

64 JUN 25 1964 ²⁷ R/ly
Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

PERS. REC. UNIT

C.C. Wick

HO 105-1291

Copies of this airtel are being furnished to the Dallas Office and the New Orleans Office for information purposes.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO	OFFICE OF ORIGIN DALLAS	DATE 6/18/64	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 5/27/64-6/9/64
TITLE OF CASE LEE HARVEY OSWALD		REPORT MADE BY SA JOHN P. MC HUGH	TYPED BY /slc
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - R - CUBA	

REFERENCES: Bureau airtel, 5/27/64.
San Francisco airtel, 6/9/64.

-P-

ADMINISTRATIVE:

Instant report is classified confidential since reports from the Sixth Army, San Francisco covering the questioning of Captains STUTTS and VOLTZ were so classified.

LEAD:

SAN FRANCISCO

AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA: Will all leads in instant case are received cover and report results expeditiously to the Bureau and Dallas.

-A*-
COVER PAGE

APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW																				
COPIES MADE: <i>R-7</i> 10 - Bureau (105-82555) 3 - Dallas (100-10461) 2 - San Francisco (89-58) 6 COPIES DESTROYED 86 MAR 2 1973 100-645 RB	4173 REC-3 JUN 23 1964																				
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By	REL/jtk																				

72 JUL 7 1964

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:

Report of: SA JOHN P. MC HUGH
Date: June 18, 1964

Office: San Francisco, California

Field Office File #: SF 89-58

Bureau File #: 105-82555

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

Synopsis:

Circumstances surrounding receipt of information by Captain BEN W. STUTTS and Captain CARLTON W. VOLTZ regarding the death of President KENNEDY while the captains were prisoners in the North Korean People's Republic set forth.

-P-

DETAILS:

On June 9, 1964, the Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff, Intelligence Headquarters, Sixth Army, Presidio of San Francisco, furnished the San Francisco Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation with the results of interviews of Captain BEN WEAKLY STUTTS and Captain CARLTON WILLIAM VOLTZ.

These officers, according to the data furnished, were captured by North Korean forces on May 16, 1963, and were returned to United States Army control May 16, 1964. Captain VOLTZ was interviewed on June 4, 1964, and Captain STUTTS was interviewed on June 5, 1964, both of these interviews taking place at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco. They were questioned relative to the circumstances surrounding their receipt of information regarding the death of President KENNEDY while being detained in the North Korean People's Republic and they furnished the information set forth below concerning this matter:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

SF 89-58
JPM/slc

Captain VOLTZ related that he was first told of President KENNEDY's assassination by his political indoctrinator, whom he referred to as "Pig Face". This took place in the Fyongyang area of North Korea on November 26, 1963, a date Captain VOLTZ made a note to remember as initially he did not believe the news.

The news of the President's assassination was related to Captain VOLTZ by "Pig Face" through a North Korean interpreter, one Major CHI, who advised that President KENNEDY had been killed by a loyal Communist Party member in the United States while riding in a motor vehicle in Dallas, Texas.

Captain VOLTZ was also initially informed that they thought the Vice President had been shot, but later they told him that this was not the case.

Neither "Pig Face" nor Major CHI ever mentioned LEE HARVEY OSWALD by name, nor was the assassin's alleged Communist Party membership or background ever later discussed by them or anyone else during the time that he, Captain VOLTZ, was held in North Korea.

Captain STUTTS advised that he initially learned of President KENNEDY's assassination when he was preparing a statement at the direction of his captors entitled "How Bad the U.S. Government War Preparations Were and How I Followed Them".

In the preparation of this statement on December 7, 1963, reference had been made to the KENNEDY administration and what this administration was doing in Viet-Nam and Taiwan.

Captain STUTTS stated that he was told that KENNEDY had been murdered by the interpreter, who was talking to him about the statement, and noted that the statement should be redone since KENNEDY was dead and the wording of the statement should read "U. S. Government" rather than "Kennedy administration".

Captain STUTTS asked his captors how they felt about the death of President KENNEDY, indicating that he, personally, was quite emotional over it, and they advised that they had no feelings at all concerning it and it did not bother them one way or the other.

SF 89-58
JPM/cle

Captain STUTTS recalled asking one of his captors who had assassinated President KENNEDY and received the reply, "I don't know, my comrade told me about it".

Captain STUTTS further advised that the only other time he heard the matter of the President's assassination discussed while a prisoner in North Korea was shortly prior to his release in May, 1964, when an interpreter told him that the person who had murdered President KENNEDY had in turn been captured and that he also had been killed, adding that the man who killed the assassin had tried to kill himself by bashing his head on a wall. Other than this, no further comments were made regarding the assassination, according to Captain STUTTS.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE NEW HAVEN	OFFICE OF ORIGIN DALLAS	DATE 6/18/64	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 6/16 - 17/64
TITLE OF CASE LEE HARVEY OSWALD		REPORT MADE BY SA W. C. HENDRICKS, JR.	TYPED BY bss
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - R - CUBA	

REFERENCE: Bureau airtel to New York, 6/5/64;
 New York airtel to Bureau, 6/12/64;
 New York tel call to New Haven, 6/17/64.

R U C

ENCLOSURE TO DALLAS (1):

Original letter and envelope from ROBERT C. ROSE, 6404-2 Airline, Dallas 5, Texas, to Mrs. R. L. ROSE, 2 Victory Drive, New Haven 15, Connecticut, dated 11/19/63, and signed "Love, Butch".

ADMINISTRATIVE

[Redacted] who furnished information as set forth in this report, is employed as [Redacted] New Haven, Connecticut. He was previously investigated by the Federal Bureau of Investigation under [Redacted]

36 MAR 2 1973

EXP. PROC.

APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 10 - Bureau (105-82555) (RM) 3 - Dallas (100-10461) (Enc-1) (RM) 1 - New Haven (100-18158) <i>100-645 RB</i>		4174 SEC 23	
DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT		NOTATIONS	
AGENCY	Pres. Comm. CIA	JUN 25 1964 <i>[Signature]</i> SOLLY SECTION	
REQUEST RECD.	200		
DATE FWD.	7/2/64		
BY	REL/118		

ENCLOSURE

79 JUL 6 1964

NH 100-18158 .

the [REDACTED] caption, Bufile [REDACTED]
New Haven file [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] resided in Russia until 1944 and came to the United States during [REDACTED] at which time he joined the staff at [REDACTED]. He attended the first civil engineering college, Moscow, Russia, and spent six years in a Siberian prison camp at Kolyma, Siberia, from 1936 until 1941. He is the author of [REDACTED] and he is the author of [REDACTED]. From 1955 until 1957, he was [REDACTED] of the [REDACTED] at Munich, Germany.

[REDACTED] stated that approximately one month ago he visited New York City where he spoke with [REDACTED] of the "National Review", 150 East 35th Street, New York City. During this conversation with [REDACTED] discussed his theory regarding the fact that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was an agent of the Soviets. Apparently, [REDACTED] included the information discussed by [REDACTED] in an article set forth in the June 9, 1964, edition of "National Review Bulletin".

[REDACTED] stated that information pertaining to the interview between ISAAC DON LEVINE and MARINA OSWALD was made available by LEVINE to [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] who is now residing at Washington, D.C., and who is a member of the staff of the weekly magazine "U. S. News and World Report".

[REDACTED] emphatically requested that his identity be protected and he pointed out that he would willingly discuss this matter with representatives of the FBI; however, he had no confidence whatsoever in the Warren Commission and he requested that his identity be protected.

B.
COVER PAGE.

NH 100-18158

He said he could not understand how the Warren Commission could make a finding of fact that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was not affiliated with the Soviets and had not been a Soviet Agent. He said that such a finding could never be proven and that his theory was probably just as valid as such a finding mentioned above by the Warren Commission.

On June 17, 1964, Mrs. MAXINE CHALDERS ROSE, 2 Victory Drive, New Haven, Connecticut, made available the original letter from her son, ROBERT C. ROSE, dated November 19, 1963. She stated that she desired that this letter be returned to her after its usefulness had been served. The original letter written by ROBERT C. ROSE to his mother, Mrs. R. L. ROSE is being submitted to Dallas pursuant to Bureau instructions.

INFORMANTS

NH T-1 is [REDACTED] [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] New Haven, Connecticut (request) - location:
Instant Report, Pages 4, 5 and 6.

C.*
COVER PAGE.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: SA W. C. HENDRICKS, JR.
Date: June 18, 1964

Office: NEW HAVEN

Field Office File No: 100-18158

Bureau File No: 105-82555

Title: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

Synopsis:

The "National Review Bulletin", dated 6/9/64, contained on Pages 4 and 5, a column entitled "Capital Bulletin". This column pointed out that a former Russian national described as a former Communist and practicing scholar believes evidence points to probability that OSWALD was a Soviet agent. This individual reportedly reasoned that OSWALD must have received activist training in the Soviet Union, that the refusal by Russia to grant OSWALD Soviet citizenship suggests Soviets planned to return OSWALD to the United States as an agent and that published letters from OSWALD to Senator JOHN TOWER contained phrases unidiomatic in English but which translated literally "make very good Russian". The column pointed out that it was not inconceivable that OSWALD was manipulated by a middle echelon Soviet intelligence group, which group might have ordered OSWALD to strike in order to cast suspicion on Premier NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV. NE T-1 advised on 6/16/64 that he is source quoted in June 9, 1964, issue of "National Review Bulletin". Informant confirmed reasoning as expressed in instant bulletin but denied ever having been a former Communist. On 6/17/64, MAXINE CHILDERS FOSE, New Haven, Conn., made available letter received by her from son, ROBERT CLINTON ROSE, dated 11/19/63. This letter written while ROBERT ROSE was student at Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Texas, and bearing postmark 11/20/63, expressed concern that President JOHN F. KENNEDY could be assassinated

Synopsis (cont.)

during forthcoming trip to Dallas, Texas. ROBERT CLINTON ROSE, New Haven, Conn., advised on 6/17/64 that remarks expressed in letter to his mother dated 11/19/63 were predicated upon his observation of local feeling by Dallas, Texas, residents, particularly in view of attack suffered by Ambassador ADLAI STEVENSON at Dallas during approximately early November, 1963.

R U C

DETAILS:

AT NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

The June 9, 1964, issue, Volume 16, No. 23, of the "National Review Bulletin" on Pages 4 and 5, contained a column entitled "Capital Bulletin". This column in part revealed the following information:

"The Warren Commission plods on apparently unimpressed by any necessity to demolish the stories circulating around the world to the effect that Oswald was either a) not the killer, or b) not the only man involved in the assassination plot. The meticulous reenactment conducted in Dallas absolutely sinks the thesis being advanced by Thomas Buchanan, an open member of the Communist Party until 1956, that JFK was actually shot by a man firing from the railroad overpass in front of the Presidential motorcade.

"Meanwhile, a former Russian national, who is both a former Communist and a practicing scholar, has said that he believes that the evidence points to the probability that Oswald was a Soviet agent.

He reasons as follows: Oswald must have received activist training in the Soviet Union. The chances, in any case, are that he did. Moreover, the Russians' extraordinary refusal to grant him citizenship when he asked for it suggests that they had it in mind to send him back to the States as an agent. Moreover, the published letters from Oswald to Senator John Tower contain phrases which are unidiomatic in the English language but which, translated literally, make very good Russian. The suggestion is that Oswald was translating directly into English from the Russian that had been specified to him - by his bosses.

"None of this, our expert continues, contradicts the notion that when Oswald acted, he did so as a loner; that he went berserk, striking out without orders. But it is by no means inconceivable that Oswald was manipulated by a middle echelon Soviet intelligence group - of the Stalinist faction that opposes the relaxation of tensions. Such a group might have ordered Oswald to strike, in order to cast suspicion on Khrushchev and put the Cold War back on the tracks. In such an event it would have been vital to pin the crime on Oswald - which could account for the botched-up getaway; and for his earlier failure to secure a visa to go to Cuba.

"Presumably the Warren Commission, faithful to its encyclopaedic interest in all conceivable theories, will check this one out, too."

The masthead of the "National Review Bulletin" reveals that offices of the publication are located at: 150 East 35th Street, New York, New York.

Date June 18, 1964

NH T-1 advised that he is the source described in the June 9, 1964, issue of the "National Review Bulletin", such source having been described as "a former Russian national who is both a former Communist and a practicing scholar". He said that this characterization is in part incorrect since he was never a Communist; however, he is a former Russian national and was personally acquainted with life in Russia until 1944 when he left that country.

Source stated that his theory is expressed in the aforementioned publication is not based on any investigation conducted by him; however, information which he has read in the press and which has come to his attention through third parties, leads to the tentative theory as expressed in the "National Review Bulletin" article. He said that this reasoning on his part is based upon an extensive knowledge of the Russian Government and the Russian intelligence system.

Source stated that his theory is based upon the following facts: (1) the fact that the Soviet Union did not grant citizenship to LEE HARVEY OSWALD pursuant to his request and during the time OSWALD resided in that country is in itself highly unusual. Source said that normally the obtaining of citizenship in the Soviet Union is a relatively simple matter and presents no specific problems since the fact that a foreigner, particularly an American, would request Soviet citizenship, would be noticed by the Soviet Union for propaganda and exploitation purposes. Departure from Russia, according to the source, is such more difficult for a Soviet citizen than is the initial obtaining of Soviet citizenship by a citizen of a foreign country.

(2) Source saw published in a copy of "U. S. News and World Reports", a national weekly magazine, two letters purportedly written by LEE HARVEY OSWALD to Senator JOHN TOWER. These letters contained basic errors in the English language, which, in the opinion of source, resulted from a direct and literal translation from the Russian language to the English language. These errors

On 6/16/64 at New Haven, Connecticut File # NY 100-18158

by SA W. C. HENDRICKS, Jr. Date dictated 6-17-64

resulted from a literal translation of Russian idiomatic expressions into English and were not expressions which would be utilized by a native-born American citizen with a basic knowledge of English. Based upon these letters, as published in "U.S. News and World Report", the source arrived at the theory that the letters were originally written by representatives of the Soviet Government, that they were then literally translated into the English language, and that the translation was supplied to LEE HARVEY OSWALD, who, in turn, sent them to Senator JOHN TOWER. The source said that he did not have a copy of the letters in his possession but that if supplied with same, he could specifically point out idiomatic Russian expressions contained therein.

(3) While residing in the Soviet Union, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was sent to the Russian city of Minsk. This fact in itself is highly unusual since most Americans, particularly defectors, are settled in the Moscow metropolitan area. This fact affords the Soviets control and supervision of the activities of such individuals. MINSK is located in a more remote section of Russia and a person residing in the latter city could not be subjected to the desired amount of supervision and control by Soviet officials.

The KGB, a Soviet intelligence agency, operates a terrorist school at Minsk, Russia, where persons being sent abroad received terrorist training. According to the source, it is more logical to assume that OSWALD was sent to Minsk in order to attend this terrorist school operated by the KGB rather than to work in a factory as reported in the press following the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

(4) According to information obtained by ISAAC DON LEVINE, a free lance writer, and subsequently made available to the source through a third party, MARINA OSWALD, wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, according to a conviction obtained

by LEVINE through interview, was a KGB agent. Likewise, LEVINE established through interview of MARINA OSWALD that the latter's uncle, name unknown, is a high-ranking officer, presumably a colonel, in the KGB intelligence apparatus. If a relative of MARINA OSWALD was an officer in the KGB, MARINA OSWALD would never have been allowed to depart Russia except with the complete knowledge and consent of her uncle. This points to the fact that if MARINA OSWALD's uncle is a KGB agent, her departure from Russia means that she was undoubtedly sent on an intelligence mission to the United States in the company of her husband.

(5) During interview with MARINA OSWALD, ISAAC DON LEVINE established that after LEE HARVEY OSWALD admitted to his wife that he had attempted to shoot General EDWIN WALKER, MARINA OSWALD did not report this incident to local or Federal authorities; however, she said she had scolded her husband for this attempted shooting. The fact that MARINA OSWALD scolded her husband negates the picture painted of her in the press as a dominated and mistreated wife frequently beaten by her husband and not allowed to speak the English language in her home. This, according to source, is an indication that MARINA OSWALD was a stronger person than portrayed in the press who exercised more control over her husband than is reported. Source said that his theory as expressed in "National Review Bulletin" was primarily based upon the above-mentioned reasons that none of this information is first hand with him and that all facts in the case were obtained through reading various periodicals and publications and through conversation with a third person who had discussed the matter with ISAAC DON LEVINE, mentioned above.

Date: June 18, 1964

MAXINE CHILDERS ROSE, 2 Victory Drive, New Haven, Connecticut, advised that she is the mother of ROBERT C. ROSE, who resides with her at the above-mentioned address. Her son was a student at Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Texas, from September, 1963, until January, 1964, and he is presently registered as a student at Southern Connecticut State College, New Haven, Connecticut.

By letter dated November 19, 1963, which was postmarked at Dallas, Texas, 6:30 A.M., or November 20, 1963, her son advised her as to various aspects of his life at Southern Methodist University, and he requested permission to join a fraternity at that school in the above-mentioned letter. This letter also contained the following statement: "Kennedy is coming next week? I don't care if he'll be assassinated by some of these Dallas madmen! Of course, you realize that that would make Johnson President! After the Stevenson incident, I'm seriously worried about his safety! I mean, I'm no Kennedy supporter but...."

Mrs. ROSE advised that she received this letter through the mail at New Haven, Connecticut, and gave it to her daughter, Mrs. EUGENE FUSCO, 18 Valley Place North, New Haven, Connecticut, to read. She said that immediately following the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY at Dallas, Texas, her daughter, Mrs. FUSCO, at once recalled the statement in her son's letter and telephonically contacted a representative of the New Haven Register, a New Haven, Connecticut, daily newspaper. This individual, whose name is unknown, requested that the letter be brought to the newspaper office at New Haven, Connecticut, for perusal. Mrs. FUSCO took the letter to the "New Haven Register" where it was photographed and the photograph of the above-mentioned statement made by her son, as well as a brief story concerning the letter, was published in the November 23, 1963, edition of the "New Haven Journal Courier", a New Haven, Connecticut, daily newspaper on Page 4. This article was entitled "See Fate Building Up - Student From New Haven Predicted Death". Mrs. ROSE made available the envelope and original letter received by her from her son on or about November 21, 1963.

On 6/17/64 at New Haven, Connecticut File # NO 100-18158
by SA W. C. HENDRICKS, jr., hcs Date dictated 6/17/64

Date June 18, 1964

ROBERT CLINION ROSE, 2 Victory Lane, New Haven, Connecticut, advised that he is now 18 years of age that he graduated from Hillhouse High School, New Haven, Connecticut, during 1963 and that he was a freshman at Southern Methodist University from September, 1963, until January, 1964. He is presently enrolled as a student at Southern Connecticut State College, New Haven, Connecticut. SA GERT ROSE stated that as a student at Southern Methodist University he resided at Dallas, Texas, during the aforementioned dates and was at Dallas prior to and including the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY.

ROSE said that approximately three weeks prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY, approximately EARL STEVENSON visited Dallas, Texas, and during the course of this visit he was subjected to physical attack and abuse by local Dallas residents. He stated that this incident received widespread publicity in the Dallas press and had come to his attention prior to his visit of President KENNEDY to Dallas, Texas, which incident led to the death of the President.

ROSE said that while in Dallas, Texas, he had observed an automobile reportedly belonging to General EDWIN WALKER cruising through the streets of Dallas. This automobile, a 1962 white Ford Country Squire station wagon, bore signs on the sides advising in effect that the United States Out of the UN. During this period ROSE also observed an airplane flying over the city of Dallas and towing a streamer pointing out "Get the United States Out of the UN".

He stated that while in Dallas, Texas, he had observed individuals believed by him to be affiliated with unknown "right wing" organizations haranguing crowds on the sidewalk. He recalled that one of these individuals told his listeners on the street that the ills of this country were directly due to the fact that the Catholics were attempting to take over the nation and that the Catholics should be prevented from accomplishing this "take over".

On 6/17/64 at New Haven, Connecticut File # 100-15158

by SA R. C. BENDIS Date dictated 6/17/64

NH 100-18158

ROSE said that the observations made by her of local reaction to national events, the openly expressed dislike of President JOHN F. KENNEDY and the abuse suffered by ADLAI STEVENSON upon his visit to Dallas, Texas, prompted him to comment to his mother in a letter dated November 19, 1963, that he feared for the safety of President JOHN F. KENNEDY when the latter visited Dallas, Texas. He said that this opinion on his part was brought about by the fact that he was born and raised in the state of Connecticut and had never observed at first hand incidents revealing extreme hate on the part of one group for another. These observations by him, particularly of the activity of General Edwin Walker, in advocating that the United States disassociate itself from the UN and the other incidents mentioned above, came as a complete shock to him and caused him to believe that the atmosphere at Dallas was probably a safe one for the President, particularly since ADLAI STEVENSON, Ambassador to the UN, had been openly attacked and insulted by Dallas residents.

ROSE said that the comment expressed by him in his letter to his mother was primarily predicated by the above-mentioned observations and had not been caused by any other specific statement or fact situation which had previously come to his attention.

NH 100-18158 .

A photostatic copy of the letter from ROBERT CLINTON ROSE to his mother, Mrs. MAXINE CHUDERS ROSE, dated November 19, 1963, is being submitted as an attachment to this report and is marked Exhibit A.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New Haven Collection

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-18158

June 18 1964

Title H. HARVEY OSWALD

Character INTERNAL SECURITY - R

Reference Report of Special Agent
W. C. SPENCER, Jr., dated
and captioned as above, at
New Haven, Connecticut

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

COPIES DESTROYED

36 MAR 2 1973

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property
of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside
your agency.

Max,

1/10/63

I got something very important to ask you — Can I join a fraternity? I have been asked to pledge by Lambda Chi Alpha which is the frat I've always liked since I've been here! I told them that I couldn't let them know until Saturday, because I will have to check with you. It will cost about \$200 a month more than what you pay already. That covers dues and fees of the house. They have a frat house (ask Holly to show you the pictures) and the boys are really sharp and sophisticated. I would be very happy in this fraternity. Everybody here joins one and if I don't I will be left out of all the social functions at the school. The boys are the ones who give all the big dinners and parties. Also they have a "big brother" system where a freshman is assigned to an active who runs around with him, his grades, and obligations to the frat, and so on. I would love to join because the boys are really sharp and sophisticated.

Now that I've shot all the love to you I will let you
decide. It is your decision since you have to pay
it. I know how much it's costing you and how
we have and I appreciate it. And if you can't
afford the frat I will ~~fully~~ understand that if you can.
I would really like to join Lambda Chi at the big
frat at UConn where I plan to go next year and
so I can transfer my membership too. Let me know
Friday when I call in but even if you can't I will
be fine with me. If it will be a great help to you
about it just tell me I can't join a certain way.

Well we're finally getting down here. It started
last night and all day today! The snow has
begun! I didn't think it ever snowed so much here
that goes to show you . . .

I hope you have sent money to me because I
have to pay my phone bill. I will have to pay
any kind of large bill as much as I can.
I still haven't gotten any she money yet.

delicious and they didn't last long. At least someone came
enough to send "goodies" (huh! huh! Psychology!) I
have to write her a letter this week because she's been
so nice about sending my coats and socks and everything.
Don't forget to thank her for me. Tell her I really
appreciate it.

I'll bet Mopsy has grown at least 2 feet since
I've left. She must be 6 feet tall and weigh 200
pounds by now! Does she say anything besides "Oh, that's
yet?" I'll bet she'll start talking and ~~mean~~ ^{mean} about
pretty soon & then Gene will think it's so cute
with she had been born without a tongue then I might
know how it will be if she's half as loud as Susie. ~~Gene~~
Poor poor Gene! --

Kennedy is coming next week! Tell me how he'll be
assassinated by some of these Dallas ~~people~~ ^{people}
you realize that that would make Johnson president
The Stevenson incident I'm seriously worried about.

album. She is so sharp! Have you ever heard her? She
a Jew from New York and she's only 20 yrs. old! She
so sharp! Get to hear her if you can! She doesn't do
folk music so don't worry! She sings blues and jazz and
music. Even Eddy (if that name isn't and by now!) would like
her! I'm sure!

Send me permission to use the charges - I'd sent to
you please. I might need them but I promise not to use
them unless I really have to. They will just be a reserve
in case something should arise where I have to say so-
thing but don't have any money. Thank you!

Well, I had better go and mail this letter. I will
write to you again later this week and I will mail that.
Don't forget to let me know about joining the National
very important. Please write to me if you get a chance
I love to hear from you. I miss you! Tell her
hello for me and that I'll be seeing them soon!
32 more days! I have to start making arrangements
getting home by the way (Eeyah!). I miss you and
can't wait to see you.