

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

JOHN advised the caller was on the line only a matter of seconds and that no other conversation took place, to the best of his recollection.

On May 4, 1964, Mr. CHARLES WOODROW GREENER, 2015 Rosebud, Irving, Texas, was interviewed at the Irving Sports Shop, 221 East Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas, which GREENER stated he owns.

Mr. GREENER stated he cannot recall stating to anyone that he could fix the date that the Irving Sports Shop repair tag bearing the name "OSWALD" was prepared between November 4 and 8, 1963, and does not recall stating it appears the gun for that tag was brought in between those dates. He said he only recalls stating he was out of Texas during the period November 1 through 13, 1963, and he is confident that if the gun represented by that tag were brought in, it was brought in while he, GREENER, was out of the store as he has no recollection whatsoever regarding the transaction.

Mr. GREENER was asked if there is any question in his mind that a gun represented by the repair tag bearing the name "OSWALD" was brought into the store. Mr. GREENER said he had answered the previous question as he did as he was recently interviewed by a representative of the President's Commission and that person pressed him, GREENER, on the point of whether the pertinent repair tag represented an actual gun and repair job. Mr. GREENER said it is his opinion that the repair tag represents a bona fide transaction, pointing out that DIAL RYDER has been employed by him, GREENER, for the past six years, and during that period he has found RYDER to be a good, steady, reliable employee and he has never known of RYDER doing anything wrong; therefore, he has every confidence in RYDER. He said he, GREENER, goes away and leaves the entire business in RYDER's care and "I never worry a minute about the business."

Mr. GREENER stated that the number on the pertinent repair tag means absolutely nothing and is of no use whatsoever in attempting to fix the date that the repair tag was prepared. He stated the repair tags come in boxes of approximately five

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

hundred, and when they open a box they dump them out on the workbench and make no effort whatsoever to use them in sequence. He stated that when work is brought in, the person accepting the work will reach over, pick up a repair tag, and fill it out and they may take a tag from any part of the batch of tags lying on the workbench.

GREENER stated that the fact that the claim check portion was still attached means nothing because in nine out of ten cases the claim check stub is not detached from the repair ticket and given to the customer. He pointed out that he has found that to require a claim check is not practical as most customers will not bring the claim check with them when they pick up their equipment; therefore, he does not make any effort to require claim checks.

Mr. GREENER stated that he did cause a review to be made of his cash register tapes for the ten-day period in early November 1963 when he was away from the store, and found several entries for even \$6.00 amounts. He pointed out that due to the number of \$6.00 entries found, he realized that would be of no help in determining when the work called for on the pertinent repair tag would have been picked up; therefore, he made no record of the \$6.00 entries located.

Mr. GREENER stated that they, the GREENERS, have checked every way possible to pin down the date that the above referred to repair tag was prepared and/or the item picked up by the customer, and "there is no earthly way the date can be more closely established."

On May 4, 1964, DIAL D. RYDER, 2028 Harvard, telephone number BL 3-4976, Irving, Texas, was interviewed at his place of employment, Irving Sports Shop, 221 East Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas. Mr. RYDER said he first noticed repair tag number 18374, which bears the name of "OSWALD" as the owner of the gun to be repaired, on Saturday, November 23, 1963. He stated that on that occasion he, RYDER, was cleaning off his workbench, it being cluttered with various tools, shop towels, and repair tags, and it was during this cleaning up that he

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

noticed the tag bearing the name "OSWALD". He pointed out that the tag attracted his attention as the name "OSWALD" had been mentioned frequently in the news on November 22 and 23, 1963.

Mr. RYDER stated that prior to finding the repair tag, he had no recollection of doing any work for a person named OSWALD, even though he had heard the news of the arrest of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and had seen his picture on television on numerous occasions on November 22 and 23, 1963.

Mr. RYDER said he usually prepares repair tags in pen as he carries a ballpoint pen in his shirt pocket, but does recall that on one occasion on an unrecalled date during the first two weeks of November 1963 he had used a pencil during the greater part of a day. He recalled that on the date he had used a pencil he made a trip to Cullum and Boren Company, Dallas, Texas, and picked up some items of unrecalled nature. He said he has not made any review of his records to try to identify the day that he used a pencil and visited Cullum and Boren Company in downtown Dallas as it would be very difficult to determine that date from his records. Further, if the date were determined he questions that it would be of any real significance as far as establishing the date that he prepared repair tag number 18374, because he does not use a pen exclusively, pointing out that frequently a customer will bring a gun or other work into the store and he, RYDER, will pick up a repair tag and pencil from his workbench and prepare the tag. He stated that on other occasions he will sign items in pencil if a pencil is handy or if someone hands him a pencil when giving him an invoice or other item to be signed.

Mr. RYDER stated that there is no other sports shop located within several blocks of that area and the Irving Sports Shop is the only place that has a gunsmith located within a few blocks distance of the furniture store formerly operated by Mrs. EDITH WHITWORTH on East Irving Boulevard.

On May 4, 1964, Mr. J. R. CLEMENTS, Office Manager, Cullum and Boren Company (C-B), 1509 Elm, telephone number RI 2-6115, Dallas, Texas, made available for review each invoice

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

that reflects a sale to Irving Sports Shop, 221 East Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas, during the period November 1 through 14, 1963. The review of the invoices reflects the following pertinent information:

- 1) C-B Invoice Number 27263 signed by DIAL RYDER in pencil on November 6, 1963, acknowledging receipt of the material identified on the invoice. The order was picked up at the C-B Gun Shop and consisted of gun and reel parts with a total price of \$3.10.
- 2) C-B Invoice Number 27264 signed by DIAL RYDER in pen on November 7, 1963, thereby acknowledging receipt of the items listed on the invoice. The total amount of the invoice is \$138.40 and was picked up by RYDER at the main store.
- 3) C-B Invoice Number 27392 is signed by DIAL RYDER in pen, thereby acknowledging receipt of the material called for in the invoice on November 8, 1963. The material called for on the invoice consisted of parts and was picked up by RYDER at the C-B Gun Shop.
- 4) C-B Invoice Number 27897 was picked up by RYDER at the C-B Gun Shop on November 12, 1963, at which time RYDER signed the invoice in pencil, acknowledging receipt of the items listed therein. The parts called for in the invoice are gun parts with a total cost of \$10.67.
- 5) C-B Invoice Number 27898 was signed by DIAL RYDER in pen, having been picked up by RYDER at the C-B warehouse on November 12, 1963. The items called for in the invoice consist of sporting equipment. The total amount was \$115.34.
- 6) C-B Invoice Number 28030 was signed by DIAL RYDER in pencil with the items called for in the invoice

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

having been picked up by RYDER at the C-B Gun Shop on November 13, 1963. The invoice lists gun parts with a total cost of \$19.17.

On May 5, 1964, DIAL D. RYDER, 2028 Harvard, telephone number BL 3-4876, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed at his place of employment, Irving Sports Shop, 221 East Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas.

Mr. RYDER stated he has no recollection of what items he picked up at Cullum and Eoren Company in downtown Dallas on the occasion of his visit when he recalls using a pencil in early November 1963.

The pertinent data on the Cullum and Eoren invoices signed by RYDER during the period November 1 through 14, 1963, were reviewed with RYDER, including the nature of the writing instrument used by him to sign the invoices. After considering this information, Mr. RYDER said it would not help as he still cannot recall what he picked up on the occasion he had in mind when he used a pencil during the entire date as related to Officer F. M. TURNER of the Dallas Police Department.

On May 4, 1964, JOYCE (Mrs. BOB G. HOLLAWAY, 1241 Marlynn, Irving, Texas, telephone number BL 4-7191, was interviewed at the home of Mrs. EDITH WHITWORTH, 315 South Jefferson, Irving, Texas. Mrs. HOLLAWAY said EDITH WHITWORTH is her, HOLLAWAY's, mother.

Mrs. HOLLAWAY said she and her husband have two sons, they being JEFFRY LYNN HOLLAWAY, who was born October 10, 1963, and BRYAN DOUGLAS HOLLAWAY, who was born October 25, 1961. Mrs. HOLLAWAY said her children are Mrs. WHITWORTH's only grandchildren.

Mrs. HOLLAWAY recalled that soon after the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY on November 22, 1963, Mrs. WHITWORTH told her that when she, WHITWORTH, first saw the picture of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on television she thought he looked familiar. Later, when Mrs. WHITWORTH saw pictures and/or heard

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

the descriptions of OSWALD's wife and children, Mrs. WHITWORTH then thought she recognized the OSWALDS as a family that had been in WHITWORTH's furniture store in the recent past and whom Mrs. WHITWORTH referred to a sports shop. She said her mother mentioned the family that came into the furniture store had two small daughters, as Mrs. WHITWORTH said she told that family that they and her, WHITWORTH's, daughter should get together as the HOLLAWAYS had two small sons.

Mrs. HOLLAWAY said she understands there was another woman in the furniture store at the time the above-referred to family came into the store, but she, HOLLAWAY, does not know the identity of that person.

Mrs. HOLLAWAY said her mother undoubtedly referred the family to the Irving Sports Shop as that was the only sports shop in that area of Irving, Texas.

On May 5, 1964, Mrs. EDITH WHITWORTH, 315 South Jefferson, telephone number BL 3-2538, Irving, Texas, stated she formerly operated the Furniture Mart, a furniture store, at 149 East Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas, having closed the business during the latter part of January 1964.

Mrs. WHITWORTH said she is confident in her own mind that the man, woman, and two small children who visited the Furniture Mart on November 6, 7 or 8, 1963, as she has previously related, were LEE HARVEY OSWALD, MARINA OSWALD, and their two children.

Mrs. WHITWORTH stated that on the occasion of the visit LEE HARVEY OSWALD entered the store and asked for an unrecalled part for a gun. Mrs. WHITWORTH said she told him the gun shop had moved and directed him to a gun shop that had a gunsmith that was located nearby. She stated she does not specifically recall which gun shop she referred OSWALD to, but in all probability referred him to the Irving Sports Shop, which was only one block east of the Furniture Mart. She stated she might have referred him to Ed's Pawn Shop, 616 East Irving Boulevard, which is operated by ED FULBRIGHT. She explained that WARREN GRAVES

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

previously operated a gun shop in the space occupied by the Furniture Mart, but GRAVES sold out to FULBRIGHT in early 1963 but continued to work for FULBRIGHT at Ed's Pawn Shop; therefore, she might have referred OSWALD to that shop in view of her acquaintanceship with GRAVES.

Mrs. WHITWORTH recalled that after she gave OSWALD directions to the gun shop he noticed that she had furniture and stated he would be needing some furniture within two or three weeks and started looking around. She said she started showing him used furniture and talking to him, trying to determine what he was really interested in, and during this period they were joined by a woman who was carrying a baby and accompanied by a two-year old girl. She said she later saw pictures of the woman on television and in the newspapers, and now knows her to be MARINA OSWALD, wife of the late LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She started talking about the children and LEE HARVEY OSWALD told her that the baby was two weeks old at that time, which brought to mind her grandsons, as one was born October 10, 1963, and the other was born October 28, 1961, which made his birthday near that of the OSWALD baby. She further pointed out that her older grandson was near the age of OSWALD's older daughter.

Mrs. WHITWORTH stated she knows that the couple who visited the Furniture Mart on the above occasion were LEE HARVEY OSWALD and MARINA OSWALD. She said LEE HARVEY OSWALD was wearing a white shirt and a dark sweater, while MARINA was wearing a car coat, believed to be blue. She said she has no recollection how the two-year old daughter was dressed and only recalls the baby was wrapped in a blanket of unknown color and description.

On May 5, 1964, EDWARD FULBRIGHT, owner, Ed's Pawn Shop, Irving, Texas, was interviewed at his place of business, 616 East Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas. Mr. FULBRIGHT stated he bought out W. A. GRAVES in January 1963, at which time GRAVES was operating a small gunshop in the space occupied by the Furniture Mart on East Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas. FULBRIGHT stated that GRAVES continued to work for him, FULBRIGHT, for a period of four weeks after he bought the business, with GRAVES

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

being terminated on February 16, 1963. He stated during this period of time, GRAVES worked at Ed's Pawn Shop, 616 East Irving Boulevard, as a gunsmith and he, FULBRIGHT, has not had a gunsmith or performed any repair work on guns since GRAVES was terminated.

Mr. FULBRIGHT stated he has observed numerous photographs of LEE HARVEY OSWALD during recent months, and he has no recollection whatsoever of ever meeting or seeing LEE HARVEY OSWALD, and specifically has no recollection of OSWALD ever visiting Ed's Pawn Shop or making inquiry regarding any type of gun repair.

On May 5, 1964, Mrs. GERTRUDE (J. T.) HUNTER was interviewed at her residence, 141 South Hastings, Irving, Texas, at which time she furnished the following information:

Mrs. HUNTER stated she visited in the Furniture Mart, a furniture store previously located on East Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas, frequently during the latter months of 1963. She explained the Furniture Mart was operated by Mrs. EDITH WHITWORTH and she, HUNTER, would go to the furniture store on Wednesday and/or Thursday afternoon of each week to make plans with Mrs. WHITWORTH for attending the Irving High School football games that were held on Friday evenings. She said she always arrived at the Furniture Mart between 1:00 and 2:00 P.M. and would leave between 4:00 and 4:15 P.M.

Mrs. HUNTER recalled that on one of her visits, which she feels sure was November 6, 7, 13 or 14, 1963, she was at the Furniture Mart visiting with Mrs. WHITWORTH when a young man who Mrs. HUNTER later learned was LEE HARVEY OSWALD, came into the store and asked if the gunsmith was in, explaining that he, OSWALD, wanted something fixed on his gun, but Mrs. HUNTER does not recall the nature of the work he wanted performed. Mrs. HUNTER said she does not recall that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had a gun in his hands at the time he was in the store. She recalled Mrs. WHITWORTH referred OSWALD to an unrecalled gunshop which had a gunsmith, and she only recalls the place to which OSWALD was referred is located east of the Furniture Mart in Irving, Texas.



Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

She recalls the place to which OSWALD was referred is to the east as OSWALD started to turn east onto Irving Boulevard when he left, noting that Irving Boulevard is a one-way street west. She said that she, HUNTER, told OSWALD it would be necessary for him to proceed west on Irving Boulevard to the traffic light, turn left one block, and then back east to the gun shop to which he had been referred.

Mrs. HUNTER recalled that during the conversation with OSWALD, who was accompanied by his wife and two small girls, Mrs. EDITH WHITWORTH had jokingly referred to trading a little boy for one of the OSWALDS' little girls so each family would have a boy and a girl. She stated that in referring to the little boys, Mrs. WHITWORTH was making reference to her grandsons.

Mrs. HUNTER stated that on the occasion of the visit to the Furniture Mart, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, his wife and two children were the only persons in the car driven by OSWALD, and she recalls the car as being a 1957 or 1958 Ford, two-tone blue and cream. She said she is confident that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was driving the car as there was no one else in the car with LEE HARVEY OSWALD, MARINA OSWALD and their small daughters.

Mrs. HUNTER said she is confident the car was a blue and cream 1957 or 1958 Ford as she has friends in Houston, Texas, who own a blue and white 1958 Ford, and her brother-in-law has a 1957 Ford; therefore, when the OSWALDS parked in front of the furniture store, she observed the car and immediately thought of her friends in Houston, Texas.

Mrs. HUNTER said she is definite that the man and woman with small children who visited the Furniture Mart on the above-referred to occasion were LEE HARVEY OSWALD and MARINA OSWALD with their children. She said when she, HUNTER, first saw pictures of the OSWALDS on television and in the newspapers, she was sure she had seen them, but could not immediately place the occasion that she had seen those persons. She said that a few days later she again visited the Furniture Mart, and at that time she recalled the couple who had visited the store and

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

realized they were LEE HARVEY OSWALD and MARINA OSWALD. She said she then mentioned this to EDITH WHITWORTH and Mrs. WHITWORTH told her that she, WHITWORTH, had previously realized the couple who visited the store were the OSWALDS, but had not mentioned this fact to Mrs. HUNTER.

Mrs. HUNTER stated that on the occasion of visiting the Furniture Mart, MARINA OSWALD was not neatly dressed, wearing a jacket of unrecalled description, but believed to be either orchid or purple in color. She stated she recalls LEE HARVEY OSWALD was neatly dressed, wearing unrecalled casual clothing and a jacket of unrecalled description.

As reported on page 218 of the report of Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, dated November 30, 1963, at Dallas, Texas, Mr. H. S. AIKEN, Bookkeeper, Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, Texas, made available the official payroll records for the Texas School Book Depository, which records specifically covered employment of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

These records reflected that OSWALD first worked for this company on October 16, 1963, and worked continuously at eight hours per day from October 16, 1963, through November 22, 1963, without missing any day's work. During this period of time he was off only on Saturdays and Sundays, and November 11, 1963, which was a company holiday.

As reported on page 328 of the report of Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, dated November 30, 1963, at Dallas, Texas, Mr. ROY S. TRULY, Warehouse Manager, Texas School Book Depository, Dallas, Texas, advised that the men working at the warehouse of Texas School Book Depository have regular working hours of 8:00 A.M. to 4:45 P.M., five days per week, with a lunch period from 12:00 noon to 12:45 P.M. He stated, however, that they do not have to punch time clocks, and there was no one who kept a strict accounting of the time they took for lunch. Mr. TRULY advised that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was one of these employees, and these are the hours he was assigned to work.

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On May 8, 1964, LEON HUMBERSON, Manager, Wyatt's Food Store, Plymouth Park Shopping Center, Irving, Texas, was asked if any information had come to his attention to the effect that one of the sack boys at that store had any information to the effect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had, on Thursday, November 21, 1963, his rifle sighted at the Irving Sports Shop, 221 East Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas. HUMBERSON said he had not received any such information and very seriously doubted that any employee would have information like that without it coming to his attention.

HUMBERSON said he would contact all of his employees at Wyatt's Food Store and question them to determine if any of them had any information to the effect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had his rifle sighted at the Irving Sports Shop. He also said he would determine from them if they had any information at all which would assist in the investigation of the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY.

On May 12, 1964, LEON HUMBERSON, Manager, Wyatt's Food Store, Plymouth Park Shopping Center, Irving, Texas, stated he questioned all of the employees at that store to learn if any had any information that LEE HARVEY OSWALD, on Thursday, November 21, 1963, had his rifle sighted at the Irving Sports Shop, 221 East Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas. He stated that all advised him they had no information relating to this incident and none which would assist in the investigation of the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY.

HUMBERSON further advised he is positive in his own mind, because of the notoriety the assassination of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY had reached at that time, that if any employee had any information relating to LEE HARVEY OSWALD it would have been a common topic of discussion among all the employees at that store.

HUMBERSON stated the Wyatt's Food Store at the Plymouth Park Shopping Center is the only Wyatt's Food Store located in Irving, Texas.

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On May 8, 1964, records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Fort Worth, Texas, which office covers the Fort Worth Suburban area, as well as the Metropolitan area, reflect the only unpublished telephone number in the name of OSWALD was that of Lieutenant JAMES R. OSWALD, 97th Bomb Wing, Carswell Air Force Base, Fort Worth, for PE 7-3453, connected June 1963. This number was changed to PE 7-4368 on February 18, 1964, and was disconnected March 31, 1964.

On May 6, 1964, the records of the Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, Dallas, Texas, reflect the only unpublished telephone number presently on record in the Dallas Metropolitan and Suburban area in the name of OSWALD is that of MARINA OSWALD, 629 West Belt Line Road, Richardson, Texas, telephone number ADams 9-5642, connected February 29, 1964. Records of this office further indicate no unpublished numbers in the name of OSWALD during October-November 1963.

On May 7, 1964, Miss NAOMI GABRIEL, Administrative Assistant to Sales Manager, R. L. Polk and Company, 7168 Envoy Court, Dallas, Texas, publishers of Polk's City Directories for the Dallas - Fort Worth area, furnished the following information relative to preparation of the City Directories by her firm:

Miss GABRIEL explained that the Dallas division of R. L. Polk and Company covers a six-state area of the southwestern portion of the United States and that the company employs in this area approximately two hundred travel enumerators who are continuously compiling resident information of principal communities throughout this six-state area. Groups of travel enumerators are dispersed to these areas where scheduled compilations are made and the company enumerators then hire local individuals in their respective communities to conduct a door-to-door canvass to obtain the desired information. Each resident is asked to supply the following information: head of household; wife (or spouse); number of residents 18 years of age or older; occupation of all occupants at each address; whether householder owns home or rents; whether residence has a telephone.

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The house-to-house canvasser is furnished a list of specific addresses and is asked to obtain information regarding occupants at all addresses, including apartment dwellers and occupants of rooming houses who have taken up residence in excess of one month. The canvasser is required to make three personal contacts in an effort to obtain the desired information, and if canvasser is unable to contact the resident on third attempt, a self-addressed card is left at the residence with the request it be filled out and forwarded to R. L. Polk and Company, Dallas. If the card is not returned within seven days, the canvasser will resort to second-hand information, that is, neighborhood contacts, in an effort to obtain the information.

Miss GABRIEL advised the canvass is so comprehensive the company estimates less than one-half of one per cent of all residents of a community are not listed and this is usually at their request. In many of these instances a householder may desire not to be listed in the directory, but in such cases the available information regarding the householder is listed anyway, unless he furnishes a personal, signed letter to R. L. Polk and Company confirming this request. A check of these records by Miss GABRIEL revealed no such letter having been received from an OSWALD.

Miss GABRIEL stated, further, that upon completion of the compilation, the results of the canvass are reviewed by checkers at the Dallas office for correct spelling and other entries and are then sent to the R. L. Polk and Company printer in Hutchinson, Kansas, for final assembling and binding.

Miss GABRIEL advised her records reflect that the 1963 Irving, Texas, Directory canvass was started December 3, 1962, and was completed January 5, 1963, and the completed directory was delivered to R. L. Polk and Company customers in April 1963. The canvass for the 1963 Dallas Directory was started September 22, 1962, and completed January 12, 1963. The completed directory was delivered to Folk customers June 21, 1963.

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The canvass for the 1964 Dallas Directory was initiated December 1963 and completed March 19, 1964, and is presently being printed at the R. L. Polk and Company plant, 1 South Lorraine Street, Hutchinson, Kansas. This directory is expected to be delivered to directory customers around June 1, 1964. The canvass for the Irving, Texas, Directory was started May 4, 1964, and is expected to take five weeks to complete. It is contemplated this directory should be ready for distribution in August 1964.

The Fort Worth Metropolitan Directory was delivered to directory customers in November 1963 and the Fort Worth Suburban Directory was delivered October 6, 1963. The canvass for the 1964 Fort Worth Metropolitan and Suburban Directories has not yet been initiated.

Miss GABRIEL advised the results of the canvass for the 1964 Dallas Directory which is now being printed are not available at the R. L. Polk and Company Dallas office, and a proof copy of the composite directory is not expected to be received by their office until the end of May, 1964.

On May 7, 1964, a review of Polk's Greater Dallas City Directory published by R. L. Polk and Company, 7168 Envoy Court, Dallas, Texas, 1963, Edition, by a Special Agent of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation reflects the following individuals listed under the surname OSWALD. This Dallas City Directory includes, in addition to Metropolitan Dallas, the suburban communities of Cockrell Hill, Fruitdale, Highland Park, and University Park:

Mrs. BERTHA OSWALD, 817 Fletcher Street, Dallas;  
Mrs. CLARA OSWALD, 4519 Bowser Street, Dallas;  
WILLIAM N., GRACE L., and KATHLEEN OSWALD, 1602  
Sylvan Street, Dallas;  
NORMAN DEAN OSWALD, 612 5th Street, Dallas;  
JOHN and MARY OSWALD, 5030 Wren Way, Dallas;  
LOUIS OSWALD, employed Thomas Plating Works,  
4315 South Lamar, Dallas; resides Mesquite,  
Texas;

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

LOUIS E. and ROSEMARY OSWALD, 4030 Glenridge  
Road, Dallas;  
JESSIE J. OSWALD, 2625 Stovall, Dallas.

All of the above individuals were previously interviewed on December 10, 1963, with the exception of JESSIE J. OSWALD, above noted, and all advised they had no business dealings whatsoever with the Irving Sports Shop, Irving, Texas, and had no repair work performed on a rifle or any other weapon at that shop at any time in the past.

On May 7, 1964, a review of the May, 1963, Edition of the Greater Dallas Alphabetical Telephone Directory by a Special Agent of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation revealed the following individuals listed under the surname OSWALD:

J. J. OSWALD, 2625 Stovall Circle, Dallas;  
JOHN OSWALD, JR., and MARGARET OSWALD, 5030  
Wren Way, Dallas;  
L. E. OSWALD, 4013 Glenridge Road, Dallas;  
W. N. and KATHLEEN OSWALD, 1600 Sylvan Street,  
Dallas;  
ROBERT M. OSWALD, 924 Wateka Way, Richardson,  
Texas

All of the above individuals were previously interviewed on December 10, 1963, with the exception of ROBERT M. OSWALD, above noted, and all advised they had no business dealings with the Irving Sports Shop, Irving, Texas, and had no repair work performed on a rifle or any other weapon at any time in the past.

A review of the May, 1964, Edition of the Greater Dallas Alphabetical Telephone Directory on May 7, 1964, by a Special Agent of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation revealed the following individuals having listed telephones in the surname OSWALD:

J. J. OSWALD, 2625 Stovall Circle, Dallas;

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

JOHN OSWALD, JR. and M. E. OSWALD, 5030 Wren Way, Dallas;

L. E. OSWALD, 4013 Glenridge Road, Dallas

W. N. and KATHLEEN OSWALD, 1600 Sylvan, Dallas;

N. D. OSWALD, 620 West 5th Street, Dallas (previously interviewed December 10, 1963, at 612 5th Street, full name NORMAN DEAN OSWALD).

On May 8, 1964, a review of the 1963 and 1964 Telephone Directories for Garland, Texas, by a Special Agent of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation revealed no listing for an OSWALD.

On May 8, 1964, a review of the 1963 Telephone Directory for Irving, Texas, by a Special Agent of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation revealed a listing for a J. A. OSWALD, 423 Hughes Drive. It is noted that JERRY A. OSWALD, 423 Hughes Drive, Irving, Texas, was previously interviewed on December 10, 1963, at which time he stated he had conducted no business with the Irving Sports Shop, Irving, Texas, at any time in the past.

On May 8, 1964, a review of the 1964 Telephone Directory for Irving, Texas, by a Special Agent of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation revealed one listing in the name DELOY W. OSWALD, 2208 Concord Street, Irving, Texas.

On May 8, 1964, a review of the 1963 Polk's Metropolitan Fort Worth City Directory by a Special Agent of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation revealed the following individuals listed by the surname of OSWALD on page 750 of that edition:

CHARLES L. OSWALD, 2821 Northwest 31st Street, Fort Worth;

JEWEL OSWALD, 2821 Northwest 31st Street, Fort Worth;

JOHN G. OSWALD, 1824 6th Avenue, Fort Worth;



Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

MARGUERITE OSWALD, 1013 5th Avenue, Apartment 6,  
Fort Worth;  
ROBERT L. and VADA M. OSWALD, 7313 Davenport  
Avenue, Fort Worth.

It is noted MARGUERITE OSWALD and ROBERT L. OSWALD are known to be mother and brother, respectively, of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

On May 8, 1964, a review of the 1963 edition of Polk's Fort Worth, Texas, Suburban Directory by a Special Agent of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation revealed only one resident family listed with the surname OSWALD, that being CHARLES E. and MABEL OSWALD, 3520 Labadie Drive, Richland Hills, Texas, residing in suburban communities surrounding Metropolitan Fort Worth, Texas. This directory encompasses residences in the following suburban communities:

Bedford  
Benbrook  
Edgecliff  
Everman  
Forest Hills  
Haltom City  
Hurst  
Kennedale  
Lakeside  
Lake Worth Village  
North Richland Hills  
Richland Hills  
River Oaks  
Saginaw  
Sansom Park  
Watauga  
West Worth Village  
Westland  
Westover Hills  
White Settlement

On May 8, 1964, a review of the 1963 edition of Folk's City Directory for the Cities of Grand Prairie, Texas, and

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Garland, Texas, revealed no listing for anyone with the surname OSWALD.

On May 8, 1964, a review of the 1963 edition of Polk's City Directory for Arlington, Texas, revealed a listing for Mrs. CLARA-OSWALD, 705 Dugan Street, Arlington, Texas.

On May 8, 1964, a review of the Greater Fort Worth Alphabetical Telephone Directory of March, 1963, by a Special Agent of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation revealed the following individuals having listed telephones with the surname OSWALD. It is noted this directory covers outer suburban areas, as well as Metropolitan Fort Worth:

Mrs. C. OSWALD, 705 Dugan, Arlington, Texas;  
C. E. OSWALD and SHERRY OSWALD, 3520 Labadie Drive, Richland Hills, Texas;  
J. G. OSWALD, JR., 1824 6th Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas;  
M. C. OSWALD, 1013 5th Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas (known to be mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD);  
R. L. OSWALD, 7313 Davenport, Fort Worth, Texas (known to be brother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD).

On May 8, 1964, a review of the March, 1964, Fort Worth Alphabetical Directory by a Special Agent of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation revealed the following individuals having listed telephones under the surname OSWALD:

C. E. and SHERRY OSWALD, 3520 Labadie Drive, Richland Hills, Texas;  
J. G. OSWALD, JR., 1824 6th Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas;  
M. C. OSWALD, 2220 Thomas Place, Fort Worth, Texas (known to be MARGUERITE OSWALD, mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD).

The above-listed persons, with the surname of OSWALD, with the exception listed in the next paragraph, have been interviewed and each specifically denied having any repair work performed at the Irving Sports Shop, 221 East Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas, during the Fall of 1963.

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Regarding the above, it is noted that MARGUERITE OSWALD, mother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was not contacted regarding work performed at the Irving Sports Shop during the Fall of 1963. Further, it was determined that Lieutenant JAMES R. OSWALD, formerly with the 97th Bomb Wing, Carswell Air Force Base, Fort Worth, Texas, is presently residing at Post Office Box 1203, Blytheville, Arkansas, and efforts are presently being made to contact him.

On May 15, 1964, Detective FAY M. TURNER, Homicide and Robbery Division, Dallas Police Department, Dallas, Texas, advised he recalls that on the afternoon of Sunday, November 24, 1963, following the shooting of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, he was on duty in the offices of Captain J. WILL FRITZ and he received a telephone call from one RAY JOHN, whom he knows to be a member of the news staff for Channel 8, WFAA-TV, Dallas, Texas. To the best of his recollection, this call was received in his office at approximately 3:45 P.M. to 5:00 P.M.

He advised JOHN told him that he, JOHN, had just received a call at the Channel 8 offices from an anonymous caller to the effect that "OSWALD" had taken a rifle to a gunshop located in the 200 block on Irving Boulevard on November 21, 1963, to have the rifle "sighted-in". TURNER stated he checked the city directories in his office and determined that the Irving Sports Shop was located at 221 East Irving Boulevard in Irving, Texas, and this appeared to be the only shop of its type within several blocks of that address. TURNER stated he contacted the Irving Sports Shop and talked to a Mr. GREENER, manager of that establishment, regarding this information as received from the anonymous caller and that GREENER told him he and his employee, RYDER, had discussed the matter of the assassination in connection with repair work they may have done in their shop but that neither could remember having done any work for LEE HARVEY OSWALD and in particular could not recall having performed any work on a Mannlicher-Carcano rifle, which rifle was believed at that time to be the assassination weapon.

TURNER advised he has no information whatsoever indicating the identity of this anonymous caller other than

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

that furnished to him by Mr. RAY JOHN of Channel 8 news and, in fact, was not aware of whether the caller was a male or female prior to this interview. TURNER advised, further, that he has discussed the matter of this anonymous call in connection with the Irving Sports Shop with other members of his department and none were able to furnish any substantial information leading to the identity of this individual.

Pages 446, 447 and 448 of the report of Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, dated March 10, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, reflect an interview with MARINA OSWALD on February 18, 1964, and it is noted that in paragraph one of page 447, she said to her knowledge OSWALD had only one rifle and that rifle is the one he maintained in the PAINE garage during her residence with Mrs. PAINE, and the same rifle she identified in her testimony before the President's Commission investigating the assassination. She said he had received this rifle by mail. At the time he received the rifle, they were residing on Neely Street. She said she now can remember this definitely and is sure in her own mind that she did not see OSWALD with a rifle in January 1963.

Pages 192, 193 and 194 of the report of Special Agent ROBERT P. GEMBERLING, dated January 22, 1964, at Dallas, Texas, reflect an interview with ROBERT LEE OSWALD, brother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Paragraph two, page 193, reflects that ROBERT said the only firearm he knew LEE to own was an inexpensive little .22 caliber rifle when he was a boy. He sold this rifle to ROBERT and never appeared to have any particular liking for or attraction to firearms. Even after he returned from the Marine Corps, during the time he was in Fort Worth, he did not talk about guns, shooting or anything that would in any way indicate an inclination on his part to do serious physical harm to anyone.

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

On May 18, 1964, Mr. DIAL D. RYDER, 2028 Harvard, telephone number BL 3-4876, Irving, Texas, was interviewed at his place of employment, Irving Sports Shop, 221 East Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas.

Mr. RYDER stated that he definitely had not talked to any representative of any newspaper or other news service prior to being contacted by a Special Agent of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on November 25, 1963. He stated he found the Irving Sports Shop repair tag bearing the name "OSWALD" as customer on November 23, 1963, but had not told anyone, other than his wife, about finding the tag prior to being interviewed by a Special Agent of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on November 25, 1963.

Mr. RYDER stated that he has no recollection of talking to any reporter or representative of the "Dallas Times Herald" newspaper at any time and definitely did not talk to any representative of any newspaper or news service prior to the article appearing in the "Dallas Times Herald" on November 28, 1963. He stated that at approximately 7:30 A.M., November 29, 1963, his telephone rang, and, when he answered it, the person on the phone identified himself as being with a newspaper, believed to be the "Dallas Times Herald", and asked Mr. RYDER if LEE HARVEY OSWALD had any work performed at the Irving Sports Shop. RYDER stated that he told the individual that he "had no comment", at which time he hung up the phone and immediately removed the receiver from the hook, thereby making it impossible for other calls to be made to his, RYDER's, residence. RYDER explained that when he received this telephone call, he was asleep; therefore, he was somewhat drowsy at the time he answered the phone, resulting in his not recalling the name of the person calling him on that occasion.

Mr. RYDER stated that he was contacted on November 26, 1963, by representatives of CBS-TV, at which time pictures were made that later appeared on television. In addition, he was contacted on the same date, November 28, 1963, by a reporter, name unrecalled, who represented some newspaper located in Washington, D. C. He stated these were the first occasions of his being contacted by representatives of news services.

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Mr. RYDER stated that he was very disturbed and is still quite irritated over the article that appeared in the "Dallas Times Herald" newspaper on November 28, 1963, in which he, RYDER, is quoted as furnishing information contained in the article. He stated that he did not furnish the information appearing in that article, has no idea who may have furnished this information, and concluded by stating that if he can learn the identity of the reporter who prepared the article, "the reporter will have me to fight".

Mr. RYDER specifically denied making any telephone calls in which he did not identify himself to anyone advising that OSWALD had any repair work performed or gun sighted-in at the Irving Sports Shop.

On May 18, 1964, Mr. CHARLES WOODROW GREENER, 2015 Rosebud, Irving, Texas, was interviewed at his place of business, Irving Sports Shop, 221 East Irving Boulevard, Irving, Texas.

Mr. GREENER stated that he first saw and learned of the existence of an Irving Sports Shop repair tag bearing the name "OSWALD" on a date that he is confident was November 28, 1963. He explained that he recalls this occurred on a date when the store was closed that was a few days after the President was assassinated; therefore, he is sure that it was Thanksgiving day, November 28, 1963. He said he was contacted by representatives, names unknown, of a television station and he accompanied them to the Irving Sports Shop where pictures were made, which pictures later appeared on a television program.

Mr. GREENER said he was also contacted by a reporter of the "Dallas Times Herald" newspaper, who said he, the reporter, had talked to DIAL RYDER by phone regarding the work performed for someone named OSWALD before RYDER had been interviewed by a Special Agent of the Dallas Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Mr. GREENER stated that he does not know the name of the reporter and has no knowledge as to how this reporter might be identified other than the fact he assumes this reporter is the individual who wrote the article that appeared in the "Dallas Times Herald" of November 28, 1963.

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

Mr. GREENER stated that he has absolutely no idea who might have made the initial calls regarding the possibility that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had work performed by the Irving Sports Shop. He stated that he does know that a Mrs. WHITWORTH, who previously operated the Furniture Mart on East Irving Boulevard, about one block west of the Irving Sports Shop, has stated that OSWALD, his wife and children were in the Furniture Mart in early November 1963 looking for a gunsmith, therefore, suggesting the possibility that Mrs. WHITWORTH may have made the initiating telephone call.

Mr. GREENER specifically denied making any telephone calls in which he did not identify himself to anyone advising that OSWALD had any repair work performed or gun sighted-in at the Irving Sports Shop.

On May 18, 1964, KENNETH SMART, City Editor, 4th Floor, "Dallas Times Herald", Herald Square, Dallas, Texas, was exhibited a clipping taken from the "Dallas Times Herald" edition of November 28, 1963, captioned "OSWALD GUN SIGHT MOUNTED IN IRVING". SMART advised, upon perusal of this article, that on Thursday, November 28, 1963, he was at home as a result of a virus infection and, therefore, did not read the rewrite on this article which was routed over the City Editor's desk. SMART advised the reporting and rewrite of this article could have been handled by the following reporters:

~~GEORGE CARTER~~, police reporter, attached to the Dallas Police Department and Dallas County Sheriff's Office every day except Thursday and Sunday;

~~DARWIN PAYNE~~, alternate police reporter who handles Police Department and Sheriff's Office on Thursday and in the absence of CARTER;

~~BEN STEVENS~~, rewrite desk, who may have handled the rewrite of this article. STEVENS presently is on vacation;

JAMES LEHRER, city reporter;

HUNTER-SCHMIDT, JR., county reporter, who handles all outlying areas on a roving reporter basis, including Irving, Texas.

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

The above-noted article was exhibited to GEORGE CARTER, DARWIN PAYNE and JAMES LEHRER, and all advised they did not write this article and could not recall anything else concerning it. JAMES LEHRER, however, stated he recalled this matter had been handled by HUNTER SCHMIDT, JR., and that SCHMIDT had written the article upon receipt of information which he believed was based upon an anonymous tip.

On May 18, 1964, HUNTER SCHMIDT, JR., county reporter, "Dallas Times Herald", Herald Square, Dallas, Texas, was interviewed regarding an article appearing in the November 28, 1963, edition of the "Dallas Times Herald", captioned "OSWALD GUN SIGHT MOUNTED IN IRVING".

SCHMIDT advised he recalled writing this article on the morning of November 28, 1963, in his offices on the fourth floor of the Times Herald Building. He stated that on the morning of November 28, 1963, he arrived at work at 7:00 A.M., as is his usual custom; and, as he entered the city news room, he was advised by other reporters already on duty, to the effect that information had been received by them that the Dallas Police Department was in possession of information that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had had a telescopic sight mounted on his rifle at a suburban gunshop. He stated he was told that a gunsmith by the name of "RYDER" had mounted a scope on a rifle for an individual by the name of "OSWALD" and that this matter was currently being investigated by the Dallas Police Department. SCHMIDT stated the gunshop allegedly was located in the suburban community of Garland, Texas, and this matter was brought to his attention inasmuch as he was assigned to handle the outlying suburban areas.

SCHMIDT advised he checked city directories for Garland and surrounding areas and was unable to locate a gunshop employing an individual by the name of RYDER. He stated he then checked city directories for the name RYDER and determined that DIAL D. RYDER of Irving, Texas, was employed by the Irving Sports Shop, located on Irving Boulevard in that city. He stated he attempted to contact the Irving Sports Shop by telephone but, after receiving no answer, then called DIAL D. RYDER at his residence. SCHMIDT estimated the time of his call to be between 7:30 and 8:00 A.M. on the morning of November 28, 1963.



Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

SCHEMIDT advised the telephone was answered by an individual claiming to be DIAL D. RYDER of 2028 Harvard Street, Irving, Texas, and that, after identifying himself fully as a reporter for the "Dallas Times Herald" newspaper in Dallas, Texas, he then asked RYDER if he had attached a telescopic sight to a rifle for a man named OSWALD. SCHEMIDT advised that it was obvious from the opening conversation that he had awakened RYDER and RYDER made mention of the fact that he was quite sleepy and had not slept well the night before. RYDER, however, was very helpful and cooperative in answer to SCHEMIDT's questions, and appeared to be very happy to furnish answers to any questions submitted by SCHEMIDT.

SCHEMIDT stated RYDER advised him he was employed at the Irving Sports Shop, located on Irving Boulevard in Irving, Texas, and that part of his duties consisted of performing repair work on rifles and other weapons for customers of that sports shop; and, in the course of his business, he recalled having attached a telescopic sight and bore sighted a foreign-made rifle for a customer named OSWALD about a month prior to that time. RYDER told him he could not recall the make of the rifle, although he believed it to be foreign made, but would be unable to further identify it.

RYDER explained to him that he had located an undated ticket made out to one OSWALD reflecting the notations, drilling and tapping \$4.50, and bore sighting \$1.50, total charges \$6.00. RYDER explained this ticket could only reflect that he had drilled and tapped screw holes for mounting a telescopic sight and that, according to the charges reflected on the ticket, the work done on the rifle would consist of drilling three holes for which he charges \$1.50 each, and the other \$1.50 would reflect charges for bore sighting.

SCHEMIDT advised RYDER went on to explain to him in detail the significance of the term "bore sighting", which SCHEMIDT interpreted to mean the alignment of the telescopic sight to the rifle bore for accurate shooting.

Re: LEE HARVEY OSWALD

SCHMIDT advised he recalled RYDER volunteering that insofar as he could remember, the customer OSWALD bought no ammunition for this rifle from him.

SCHMIDT advised he recalls specifically questioning RYDER as to the further description of this OSWALD for whom RYDER allegedly performed this work, but that RYDER explained to him that he had performed work of this type on a great many rifles during that time of year as the hunting season was approaching, and he had no recollection whatsoever of the individual named OSWALD for whom he performed this work. SCHMIDT advised that at the conclusion of the interview, RYDER appeared very cordial and he recalled RYDER inviting him to recontact RYDER at any time in the future in the event he desired further information in this regard.

SCHMIDT stated that, based upon the information received from RYDER, he immediately sat down and wrote the article captioned "OSWALD GUN SIGHT MOUNTED IN IRVING", and, that after submitting it to the rewrite department for approval, it was dispatched by messenger to the press rooms immediately thereafter so that it could be included in the next edition of the "Dallas Times Herald". SCHMIDT explained that he believes this article came out in the 11:00 A.M. edition, although he could not be positive as there are five editions a day of the "Dallas Times Herald". SCHMIDT advised the article appeared in the lower left-hand corner of the front page, but did not carry his by-line. He stated, however, the article was well received and he recalled answering several inquiries that day from other members of the press and television media.

SCHMIDT advised that while at his residence the evening of November 28, 1963, he observed a taped television interview on the 10:00 o'clock news of CBS Television, in which RYDER denied furnishing any of the information to a "Dallas Times Herald" reporter as set forth in the article, and, although RYDER indicated the possibility existed the Irving Sports Shop could have performed work for LEE HARVEY OSWALD without the knowledge of RYDER, RYDER did not mention the work ticket or any of the items