NY 105-38431

the national office will function here, at this time, in New York City, and what we're gonna do is, we're gonna continue to raise the issues in this case. There are any number of ways of bringing this before the courts, I believe. We're exploring a number of those now. What we need now is as much help as we can get in every respect, and if you are, if you are sincerely interested in this tase to the point where you, you would like to contribute your services, some time kindly, maybe you will find cards or something around here to fill out and leave them someplace in the auditorium.

Yes, in the back.

(Question from audience - inaudible).

Do I believe OSWALD was innocent? Well, I start out with the presumption that anyone charged with a crime is innocent unless he has been proven guilty. I don't--There are about 180,000,000 people in this country, I don't know what they were all doing on November 22, but I will tell you this, I started out with this case with just the approach that I told you about this moment. Since that time, a study of all the documents, discussions with the witnesses, has led me to the conclusion that in all probability, LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in no way connected with the assassination.

Yes sir.

(Question from audience - inaudible).

Without any information, I'd be moving to the area of speculation and conjecture. So, I'd rathermt. No, I'm sorry. I'm not answering it anyway, so--.

Another question?

(Question from audience - inaudible).

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What about the report that OSMALD drew a revolver and held it against the head of one of the officers, Officer MC DONALD? District Attorney WADE told us that that is exactly what happened. OSWALD drew a revolver, held it against the head of the police officer, pulled the trigger, the trigger snapped, the firing pin struck the bullet and marked the bullet, and we have it here where it hit it. We have as physical evidence the bullet with the mark on it. Unfortunately, however, the arresting officer had also talked to the press just before then, and he had indicated that OSWALD never was able to pull the trigger, and therefore, firing pin never snapped; therefore, the bullet never had a mark on it. When Mr. WADE was confronted with this contradiction, because a moment ago he had the physical evidence and now it could not have been there, he said, well, maybe he never pulled the trigger, maybe MC DOMALD's right. So, I don't know what happened there.

Yes sir.

(Question from audience - inaudible).

Well, I don't know if the - er - if the second bullet which struck the President came from the rear. RICHARD DUDIAN (phonetic), a Washington correspondent. for the St. Louis Post Dispatch, stated that two witnesses told him that they had seen what looked like a bullet entrance wound on the President's forehead. Er--the statements by the physicians indicated that the whole part of the President's head, which was in--which was pretty much exploded, had a flap wound, with the top of it attached and not much else, which is consistent, according to what a number of physicians say was an exit wound when a bullet has gore through a skull bone. I don't know where all the stats came from. I tried to indicate that I don't know all of the facts in this case. I have indicated that much I know, and that is that the first bullet was, according to all of the evidence, including the medical evidence, when taken in conjunction with the eyewitnesses evidence, the first bullet, at least, came from the front. Perhaps they all did. I don't know.

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the President, would it not be helpful to LYMDON JOHNSON in his campaign to expose that? I do not know.

(Question from audience - inaudible).

Why then is there an urge by so many people not to investigate? I don't know the answer to that question. It goes entirely into the area of speculation and motivation. I had rather just comment upon the facts of this case.

Yes sir.

(Question from audience - inaudible).

The question, from a gentleman who lived in Dallas for a period of time, whether or not it would be possible, in his view it would be possible, for OSWALD to have covered the area of four miles in that period of time, considering the congestion of the streets. That has been the conclusion of those of us also who tried to check that out in crowded traffic situations.

(Question from audience - inaudible).

Yes, do you want to ask a question Mrs. OSWALD? ----could not been that was our conclusion. Yes, yes, sure. A question from Mrs. OSWALD--who--there was a question. We have to leave in just a few minutes. Could not give us the question please?

Yes. Alright, alright. -- Can't understand it. Alright, one second now.

Friends, we are having a meeting here this evening which we consider to be important, and we are not going to disrupt it ourselves, even if anyone else wants to. So, let's behave ourselves, all of us. Next question.

Yes madam.

105-38431

Quiet.

The first question by the reporter, I think might have been impertinent. I will agree, but I want to say this, that I have contracted to write a book and in this book the facts will be made known and the facts, the sets (phonetic) of divorce will be made known in my book, sir.

Answer the question.

Now the other question was what leads me to believe that my son was CIA. Well, there are many many things that lead me to believe such. I have 28 letters from LEE written from RUSSIA to his mother and --er-- many, many things indicate that he was a CIA. I will say this. In January, 1961, after LEE's so-called defection to Russia, and I have always said so-called defection, it was publicized highly, I went to Washington, D.C. Why did I go to Washington, why? I didn't go to Washington to bring my son home from Russia, because I believe people as an individual, that we each have a right to think as I said and to do as we please, so I accepted the fact there that LEE, if LEE wanted to live in Russia and wanted to even to become a Communist, every human being as an individual, that was his privilege and his right. I am not stating this now, this was stated in 1959 in the Fort Worth Star Telegram and the Fort Worth Press and gentlemen, you can research it. That was stated then, that as an individual that is his privilege. I believe in this. I believe that as individuals God's given people that. We have a right to think the way we want to. I, myself, if I wanted to go to Russia tomorrow, I would go.

The question, the question, yes gentlemen, I am going to write the book. I have many documents, I have many things that lead me to believe that LEE is a CIA, and as I said, that is why I went to Washington. The part of extenuating circumstances. That tuck (phonetic) by Congressman JIM WRIGHT, whom I wrote to about LEE's so-called

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defection, and he answered stating, Yes Mrs. OSWALD, there are many extenuating circumstances, I agree with you. Now I cannot go into this much further. I have exploited in the way my life and my son's life, and I am going to write the book. Let everyone else write all the books they want. They will be nothing but speculation and rumors. Believe me. I have the documents and I have the facts and the facts of my son's life and my life will be made known only by me.

Thank you.

There is a question here. Will you, will you comment, will you comment on the ---. Excuse me. Yeah, I am reading some of the hundreds that have been set up here. Will you comment on the 15 mysterious hours, the hours that OSWALD was being interrogated by the Dallas Police? Has nothing transpired about that period? It is a very interesting and good question I think. He was questioned approximately four and a half hours on the first day and about five hours on the second day, on the third floor of the Dallas Courthouse in the Homicide Office. However, In addition to that he was taken to a cell and questioned almost through the night in relays by the FBI and by the Secret Service. A police officer, who was present when he was being questioned on the third floor solely by the Dallas Police, stated to a reporter who told him that he answered every single question he was asked, that is he, at all times denied that he was in any way involved in the assassination and that he gave, according to this police officer, an absolutely credible story as to where he was during the entire time of the assassination. Unfortunately, the officer won't tell us what that story is. Hopefully, there was a transcript kept and it has been given to the Commission and hopefully the Commission will one day release that.

Yes madam.

(Question from the audience - inaudible).

What is the Attorney General doing about the case?

I don't know. I have--er--. I recently sent him a copy of--er--the articles I have written on it and asked for his comments. And I am hoping, hopeful, that I will be able to see him within the next two weeks to discuss the matter.

Yes sir.

(Question from the audience -inaudible).

The question was did I believe that the Chief Justice of the United States might lend himself to the kind of effort that went on in France to conceal the truth in the Dreyfus Case. I really don't want to speculate about the motives of Chief Justice WARREN. What I was trying to point out by making the analogy of the Dreyfus Case is how persons, for what might seem to them the best, the most honorable, the most patriotic motives, even in the interests of Justice, it is, as they saw it, how persons could be led to see the matter in this way and so to reason that one man might be sacrificed so that the nation, as they saw it, might prosper, and I think that that temptation could occur to you or to me or to any other human being including Chief Justice WARREN.

Yes madam.

(Question from the audience - inaudible).

Yeah. Well, yeah. We'll have an answer to that. But, let's try to keep questions related to the case from now on.

Yes. We have a question before us. It's okay.

: While I was in Washington, I was asked by a reporter if I intended to go see Mrs. KENNEDY and I said no, I had no desire to see Mrs. KENNEDY and the question was persistent. Well, would you like to see Mrs. KENNEDY? And I said no.

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To be perfectly honest with you, I feel a little bad about the situation. Mrs. KENNEDY did send condolences to Mrs. TIPPITT, but she did not consider MARINA or myself. We loved LEE as much as Mrs. KENNEDY loved her husband and I did feel that condolences were in order.

-Yes sir, up there.

(Question from audience - inaudible).

I cannot hear you.

Well I have an affi---. Did everyone hear that question?

How do I explain the story of a witness who said that he saw LEE OSWALD running down the street with the revolver shortly after the shooting of Officer TIPPITT. Well, I have the affidavit and first of all the person running down the street was running down a different street from the one in which the officer was killed, nowhere near that street, and secondly, the physical description of the person who was running down the street in no way matches LEE OSWALD. I think one of the things we have to be careful about in this case is that in reading newspaper stories which are released by a District Attorney, who has almost continually falsified the facts, we sometimes tend to accept as a fact that which we read in the newspapers. In this, it is absolutely impossible to do that with accuracy.

Yes sir.

What is known about the background of Officer TIPPITT'S lackground.

Yes sir.

(Question from audience - inaudible).

NY 105-38431

Well, did you all hear that question? Could RUBY take a lie detector test simply for public purposes, since it would not be admissable in the courts in Texas. Mr. RUBY has stated that he would like to take such a test, but, of course, the courts will not permit it in most jurisdictions. Of course, he can take a test and have the results of the test released publicly, although it would not be admissable in the court.

(Question from the audience - inaudible).

Yes. Can I explain why the we have never heard of the thus far of the Ballistic tests being made on the revolver which it is alleged OSWALD had in his possession and the bullets found in Officer TIPPITTOR in the vicinity. I can't explain why that has not been made. I think we have time for just a couple of more questions. Let me remind you that those of you who are interested in doing some work in this case, please fill out these blanks; you will find them around, and leave them with the ushers as you leave.

Yes sir. Down here, easy, easy.

Did the rifle that was used have telescopic sites on it? Yes, the rifle, which was allegedly the murder weapon has a telescopic site. It is that which leads rifle experts everywhere to the conclusion that it could not be the rifle which fired three shots because when you look through a telescopic lens, you see a very small area greatly magnified, and after the shot the rifle, of course, moves, and you have to resite it and reorient yourself in order to zero in the moving target again.

Question in the balcony. Last question I'm afraid.

Yes. Well, I believe that everyone heard that question right. No. There was talk about a fourth or fifth bullet. Has the bullet been actually produced? Has the officer been questioned? Yes, there is such a bullet,

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because it appeared in almost a full page picture in the Dallas Morning News with the officer posing alongside of it picking it up in the grass. There is such a bullet.

I think that is the last question. Thank you all for coming this evening.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20250

FEB 26 1964

Mr. J. Lee Rankin Central Counsel President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy Veterans of Foreign Wars Building, Room 401 200 Maryland Avenue, N. E. Washington, D. C. 20002

Dear Mr. Rankin:

This is in further reference to the letter dated January 10, 1964, from Chief Justice Warren to the Secretary of Agriculture, and my letter dated Jenuary 17, 1964.

I have caused a thorough check to be made of all files in the Department of Aggiculture and we have no information .. related to Mr. Lee Harvey Oswald or Mr. Jack L. Ruby.

If I can be of further service to you in this matter please edvise.

Sincerely yours

Lester P. Condon Inspector General

REC- 38 105 8255

J. O'Connor

Liaison Representative, FBI

return to Haoser

3

1 - Mr. Belmont; 1 - Mr. Mohr; 1 - Mr. DeLoach; 1 - Mr. Rosen; 1 - Mr. Sullivan; 1 - Mr. Malley; 1 - Mr. J. M. Sizoo; 1 - Mr. Brani 1 - Mr. JA Sizoo; 1 - Mail Room

February 26, 1964 BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable J. Lee Rankin General Counsel The President's Commission 200 Haryland Avenue, N. E. Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Rankin:

On February 25, 1964, you requested that this Bureau make arrangements to have any talks or meetings at which Mark Lanc appears recorded by any means.

On February 26, 1964, Er. Howard Willens of the President's Convission, among other things, requested that this Dureau establish coverage of the future appearances of Marguerite Oswald.

In connection with the above, you are advised that this Bureau does not maintain physical surveillances of Hark Lane or Marguerite Oswald and such are not contemplated in the absence of a specific request from you. We are, therefore, limiting coverage to the publicly announced appearances of Lane and/or Marguerite Oswald. Coverage of these appearances will be limited to obtaining recordings through contacts and sources available to this Bureau.

For your information, enclosed are two copies of a letterhead memorandum prepared by the New York Office of this Bureau on the meeting at Town Hall, New York City, on February 18, 1964, sponsored by the "National Guardian", at which Mark Lane, Mrs. Marguerite Oswald and other

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Honorablé J. Lee Rankin

individuals spoke. Also enclosed are two copies of a transcript of a recording of the proceedings at the same meeting which was furnished us by a source in a position to provide such information. In addition, there are enclosed two copies of a letterhead memorandum from our Milwaukee Office concerning Mark Lane's appearance before students at the University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin, on February 16, 1964.

Sincerely yours,

I. Edgar Hoover

Enclosures (5)

CONFIDENTIAL

UNITED STATES (Memorandu**m** Mr. Conrad DATE: R. H. Jevons SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA. IS - R - CUBA As you were advised by my memorandum of 12/19/63, necessary arrangements are being made with the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) to process (by neutron activation analysis) the paraffin casts from This memorandum also pointed Lee Harvey Oswald for powder residues. out that Dr. Spofford G. English, Assistant General Manager for Research and Development of AEC, advised that information relating to the desired activation analysis will be kept within a very small group at AEC. particular, he advised that Dr. Paul C. Aebersold, Director, Division of Isotopes Development, who has fostered the contract with relation to the research on this matter would not be advised of the work to be done on the casts from Oswald. Today Dr. Jack Vanderryn of Dr. English's office at AEC called Special Agent John F. Gallagher to advise that on December 11, 1963, Dr. Paul C. Aebersold sent a letter to Mr. Herbert J. Miller, Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, U. S. Department of Justice (copy attached), suggesting specific examinations by neutron activation analysis of the evidence in the Lee Harvey Oswald case. This letter was mailed y from AEC unknown to all those outside of Dr. Aebersold's group. In view of Dr. Aebersold's continued and intense interest in this manner, Dr. Vanderryn advised that it was judged necessary at this time to inform Dr. Aebersold of the preparations underway to analyze specimens in the Lee Harvey Oswald case by neutron activation analysis. Dr. Vanderryn stated that although the Aebersold letter of December 11, 1963, requests an answer, AEC realizes that no answer is necessary. the time Dr. Aebersold was advised of this matter he was thoroughly briefed concerning the confidential nature of the examinations by AEC. ACTION: For information. 62-109060 Enclosure WNC1 1 - Mr. Belmont - Enclosure 1 - Mr. Mohr - Enclosure 1 - Mr'. Evans - Enclosure 1 - Mr. Rosen - Enclosure 1 - Mr. Sullivan - Enclosure 1 - Mr. Rogge, Room 5718 - Enclosure 1 - Mr. O'Connor, Room 845 RB - Enclosure

December 11, 1963

Mr. Herbert J. Miller
Assistant Attorney General
Criminal Division
U. S. Department of Justice
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Miller:

Discussions have been held with various persons in your agency during the past few weeks regarding what additional light nuclear activation analysis might be able to shed upon the case of Mr. Kennedy's assassination. Within less than 24 hours of the assassination, we had effected verbally our assistance, and that of our laboratories experienced in obtaining criminalistics evidence by means of nuclear analytical techniques, to responsible officials in the FBI, Secret Service and Dallas police force. We believe it is not too late to outline what may yet be done.

First, had it been possible to examine by nuclear methods the paraffin casts from Oswald's hands and face before chemical tests were run on them, we feel sure that more useful information may have been obtained. It has been conceded for some time that present chemical tests are not entirely reliable and conclusive. However, that is beside the point now, in this particular case. It may be, nonetheless, that the chemical tests made on the paraffin casts, for gunpowder residues, did not ruin them for possible later examination by activation analysis for positive traces of antimony and barium (from the bullet primer), and possibly of lead and copper.

Earlier activation analysis work by our contractor, General Atomic, with revolvers and automatic pistols is now being extended to work with rifles. We would hope soon to have more details on whether the method will give useful information to distinguish between smoke deposits from revolvers and those from rifles -- by means of their distributions on the body of the person firing them, and by the levels of antimony and barium (and perhaps other elements) deposited. In the current study, we will also ascertain whether the usual chemical tests on paraffin casts preclude later meaningful examination by nuclear activation analysis. If the results are promising, we would then be happy to work with the appropriate agencies in examining the actual casts obtained on Oswald. The method will destroy that part of the sample analyzed, but does not require use of the entire cast -- just a portion of it.

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2/6/

December 11, 1963

Second, should it be of value, it may be possible to determine by trace-element measurements whether the fatal bullets were of composition identical to that of the purportedly unfired shell found with the Italian rifle. If the same batch of ammunition was used in the sniper bullet fired at General Walker, the method might show a correlation in that case.

Third, there may be other pieces of physical evidence in the case, such as clothing or hair, that might lend themselves to characteristics by means of their trace-element levels.

Naturally, we do not wish to appear to be intruding in the investigation and we are not certain that our techniques can now give added useful information. On the other hand, we wish to indicate our eagerness to be of any possible help. Our work leads one to expect that the tremendous sensitivity of the activation analysis method is capable of providing useful information that may not be otherwise attainable. Should you wish us to be of assistance, our research contractor in the criminalistics work, General Atomic in San Diego, would carry out the measurements -- working directly with the appropriate government investigators and with proper safeguards regarding the physical evidence and information. The scientist in charge of this work at General Atomic is Dr. Vincent F. Guinn.

If you prefer, we can also provide experienced activation analysis services at a number of locations, including Oak Ridge, Tennessee and Texas A&M University.

We look forward to hearing from you in this matter.

Sincerely yours,

Paul C. Aebersold, Director Division of Isotopes Development

cc: G. T. Seaborg, Chairman, AEC S. G. English, AGMRD, AEC V. P. Guinn, AE

bcc: Maynord Pro, U.S. Treasury
William J. Minsch, OCC, AEC
William Lyon, ARML
Richard Wainerdi, Texas A&M

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OPIES DESTROYED CORTS: GCZ 1-05-64	URGENT 1-24-64 TO DIRECTOR FROM LEGAT MEXICO CITY NO. 316 BUFILE 105-82555. LEE HARVEY OSWALD, JS-R. REMYCAB JANUARY 20 LAST RE ALLEGATIONS OF YLARIOKOJAS VILLANUEVA. INTENSIVE INTERVIEW OF ROJAS ON JANUARY 22 AND 23 BY SA JOSEPH B. GARCIA AND SA POWIN O. JOHNSON DISCLOSED ROJAS ALSO USES NAMES OF ELADIO VILLANUEVA ROJAS, ELADIO ROJAS VILLANUEVA, ELADIO VILLANUEVA, HILARLE ROJAS VILLANUEVA. SEVERAL DISCREPANCIES NOTED, SUCH AS NOW STATING TRIP TO BORDER WITH CUBAN WAS MADE TO NUEVO LAREDO BY AIR AND NOT TO CIUDAD JUAREZ BY AUTO. ALL THESE DISCREPANCIES POINTED OUT TO HIM BUT HE INSISTS ON MAINTAINING HE KNEW OSWALD AND UNIDENTIFIED CUBANS. ROJAS HAS LETTERS POSTMARKED COZUMEL FROM APRIL 1963 TO AUGUST 1963 SHOWING HE WAS THERE FOR AT LEAST THREE MONTHS AND POSSIBLY LONGER. NOTED THIS CONTRADICTS STATEMENT OF DANFEL JUNE 1963. ROJAS STILL INSISTS THAT HE LEFT NOTEBOOK WITH SOLIS WHICH CONTAINS NAMES OF CUBANS AND AMERICAN NAMED ALBERT. ROJAS HAS AGREED TO WRITE SOLIS AND HAVE HIM SEND NOTEBOOK DIRECT TO GUADALAJARA RESIDENT AGENCY.
SDES	IN LETTER WRITTEN TO ROJAS IN GUADALAJARA IN JULY 1963 BY
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	DENCLOSURING THE OWN TO A CLEAR 28 1964 OWALL UND THE MAN AND THE Bureau is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably pluarity and ARM of to 1964; the Bureau is cryptographic systems.

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AIRGRAM XX CABLEGRAM 🗒 🗀 RADIO 🖽 🗀 TELETYPE

NO. 316. FROM MEXICO CITY

"UP TO SOMETHING IN COZUMEL" AND NOT JUST VACATIONING. ROJAS PRESUMES THIS REFERRED TO HIS ACTIVITIES WITH CUBANS IN COZUMEL. REPORT OF CIA REPRESENTATIVE IN MERIDA FAILS TO REFLECT SOLIS MADE ANY MENTION OF HIS SUSPICIONS AT TIME OF HIS RECENT INTERVIEW ON COZUMEL. ROJAS THINKS SOLIS SUSPECTS ROJAS IS IN TROUBLE AND IS TRYING TO PROTECT HIM.

DURING INTERVIEW ON JANUARY 23 ROJAS MENTIONED THAT HE HAD WRITTEN ADDITIONAL LETTER TO ATTORNEY GENERAL KENNEDY ON JANUARY 20 LAST ACKNOWLEDGING CONTACT BY REPRESENTATIVE OF US GOVERNMENT AND MENTIONING THAT HE HAD THOUGHT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION IN THIS MATTER.

BECAUSE OF DISCREPANCIES IN HIS STORIES AS TOLD DURING COURSE OF DIFFERENT INTERVIEWS, INTERVIEWING AGENTS ARE OF OPINION THAT ROJAS PROBABLY FABRICATING ALTHOUGH IT WAS IMPOSSIBLE TO UNCOVER MOTIVE FOR SUCH FABRICATION. WHILE POORLY EDUCATED, ROJAS APPEARS TO BE FAIRLY INTELLIGENT, GLIB TALKER AND GAVE NO INDICATION OF MENTAL DISTURBANCES IN COURSE OF INTERVIEW. WHEN DISCREPANCIES POINTED OUT TO HIM, ROJAS BRUSHED THEM OFF LIGHTLY AS BEING RESULT OF HIS LACK OF EDUCATION.

IN COURSE OF INTERVIEW ROJAS INDICATED HIS WILLINGNESS TO UNDERGO POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION. IT IS MY RECOMMENDATION THAT BEFORE CONDUCTING EXTENSIVE INVESTIGATION IN EFFORT TO PROVE OR DISPROVE ROJAS' STORY HE BE AFFORDED POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION. BUREAU REQUESTED TO ADVISE WHETHER IT DESIRES TO MAKE NECESSARY

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37D CC: MIL BREINAM

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

-113 (1-10-61)

Domestic Intelligence Division

INFORMATIVE NOTE

Ylario Rojas Villanueva,
Mexican citizen in Mexico, voluntee
information that he knew Oswald in
company with unidentified Cubans
who were attempting to smuggle Cub
propaganda material to Mexico. Al
claims Oswald at time was contemplating assassination of President
Numerous discrepancies in his acco
Legat, Mexico City, recommends he
be afforded polygraph examination.
Separately legal Attache being
instructed to attempt to arrange
for such examination through the
CIA Chief in Mexico City.

WAB did a finding

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41		URGENT 2-7-64
10		TO DIRECTOR
		FROM LEGAT MEXICO CITY NO. 360
: /		
		BUFILE 105-82553.
		LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS-R-CUBA.
		REMYCAB 323 JANUARY 27 LAST. HEAD OF CIA HERE, REQUESTED AND WAS
<u>.</u>		FURNISHED ON FEBRUARY 6 LAST BIOGRAPHIC DATA RE YLARLO, ROJAS
		VILLANUEVA, INCLUDING INFORMATION REFLECTING ROJAS APPEARED DEXIC
	-1	TO BE IN NORMAL PHYSICAL AND MENTAL CONDITION. ADVISED
		THAT FOREGOING INFO REQUESTED BY HIS HEADQUARTERS FOR ASSISTANCE
		OF POLYGRAPH EXAMINER.
		The state of the s
		WILL BE NOTIFIED RE POSSIBLE POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION OF ROJAS,
		AND COOPERATION REQUESTED TO CONDUCT SAID
		EXAMINATION. AS IN CASE OF NICARAGUAN
		WHO WAS AFFORDED POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION DECEMBER 6
		LAST MEXICO CITY, CIA HAS REQUESTED THAT IDENTITY OF EXAMINER
	X	SENT HERE FROM US BE KEPT CONFIDENTIAL REGARDING MEXICAN
16	10	AUTHORITIES. SCOTT ADVISED TODAY HE WAS CABLING HIS HEADQUARTERS
113	44	RECOMMENDING USE OF POLYGRAPH EXAMINER FOX INTERVIEW OF ROJAS
	1.1	IN MEXICO.
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	paraph	Memberite contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably rased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems, protect to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

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CABLEGRAM

URGENT

TO LEGAT MEXICO

FROM DIRECTOR FBI (105-82555)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, IS - R - CUBA.

REURCABS NUMBERED THREE SIX ZERO AND THREE ONE SIX.

CIA HEADQUABTERS ADVISED THIS DATE IT WILL NOT POLYGRAPH

VLARIO BOJAS VILLANUEVA IN MEXICO FOR BECURITY REASONS. LEGAT,

MEXICO, IS THEREFORE INSTRUCTED TO INTENSIFY INVESTIGATION TO

RESOLVE ROJAS, ALLEGATIONS. EXPLORE POSSIBILITY OF CIA OR LOCAL

INVESTIGATIVE SOURCE, IF WARRANTED, CONDUCTING ADDITIONAL INVESTIGATION AT COZUMEL. IN ADDITION TO CHECK OF AIRLINES RECORDS

PRESENTLY BEING HAPDLED, DEFINITELY RESOLVE STATUS OF ROJAS'

NOTEBOOK IN POSSESSION OF DANIEL SOLIS, AND OBTAIN IF AVAILABLE.

ALSO DETERMINE SIGNIFICANCE OF STATEMENTS IN SOLIS' LETTER TO

ROJAS IN JULY ONE NINE SIX THREE, INDICATING ROJAS QUOTE UP TO

SOMETHING UNQUOTE WHILE IN COZUMEL. RECORDS OF HOTEL PLAYA,

COZUMEL, SHOULD BE REVIEWED FOR VERIFICATION OF OSWALD'S PRESENCE

IN COZUMEL AS WELL AS IDENTITY OF ALBERT, CHRISTINA AND TWO

UNIDENTIFIED CUBANS WHO ALLEGEDLY PLANNED PLOT TO ASSASSINATE

PRESIDENT KENNEDY WITH OSWALD IN COZUMEL.

VIA CABLEGRAM

VIA C

CABLEGRAM TO MEXICO
RE: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
105-82555

POSITIVELY FIX DATES REGARDING ROJAS" ALLEGATIONS INSOFAR AS POSSIBLE FOR COMPARISON WITH KNOWN WHEREABOUTS OF OSWALD.

FOLLOWING THE APOVE, VIGOROUSLY REINTERVIEW ROJAS, CONFRONTING HIM WITH DISCREPANCIES IN EFFORT TO RESOLVE THIS MATTER.

HANDLE PROMPTLY AND KEEP BUREAU APPROPRIATELY ADVISED.

NOTE: Rojas is Mexican citizen in Mexico who volunteered info that he knew Oswald in company with unidentified Cubans and an American named Albert were attempting to smuggle Cuban propaganda material to Mexico and reportedly plotted assassination of President Kennedy in Cozumel, Mexico. Numerous discrepancies in his account have been developed and are being run out. Mexico recommended use of polygraph and was instructed to arrange thru head of CIA, Mexico. CIA Mexico referred matter to CIA headquarters, who furnished above information to SA Papich thru liaison channels 2-12-64. The above additional investigation appears warranted at this time.

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SECTION FEB 17 1934/ TELETYP

FBI WASH D C

FBI DALLAS

2-31 PM CST URGENT 2-17-64 WD

TO DIRECTOR (105-82555)

FROM DALLAS (100-10461) 2 P Security - RUSS IN

LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., 19-R-CUBA.

RE ALBUQUERQUE TEL TO BUREAU AND DALLAS FEBRUARY FIFTEEN GLASS AUGULO

LAST CONTAINING INFO PERTINENT TO DAVID C INFO CONTAINED IN RE TEL TO THE EFFECT THAT GLASS HAD 6-1 INDICATED AT ALBUQUERQUE THAT HE WAS EN ROUTE TO DALLAS TO

TESTIFY AT THE JACK RUBY TRIAL AND BACKGROUND INFO PERTAINING POLICE DEMPTRIENT, DALLAS SHERIFF'S OPFICE

TO GALASS FURNISHED DALLAS PD, -DALLAS SO AND DALLAS U.S. SECRET

SERVICE EARLY MORNING INSTANT DATE. .

SHERIFF BILL DECKER, DALLAS COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE, ADVISED AT TWELVE TWENTY-FIVE P.M. TODAY THAT GLASS HAD BEEN ARRESTED . IN THE VICINITY OF THE COURTROOM WHERE RUBY TRIAL BEING HELD AND HAD BEEN LODGED IN DALLAS COUNTY JAIL. SHERIFF DECKER STATED GLASS WAS ARMED WITH THIRTY-TWO CALIBER WEAPON AT TIME OF ARREST.

SHERIFF DECKER MOST APPRECIATIVE OF INFO AND COMMENTED THAT HE WAS IMMEDIATELY GOING TO DIPATCH ASSETTER OF APPRECIATION TO THE AGENT IN CHARGE OF THE ALBUQUERQUE DIVISION.

A, LETTERHEAD, MEMORANDUM SUMMARIZING ALL INFO CONCERNING

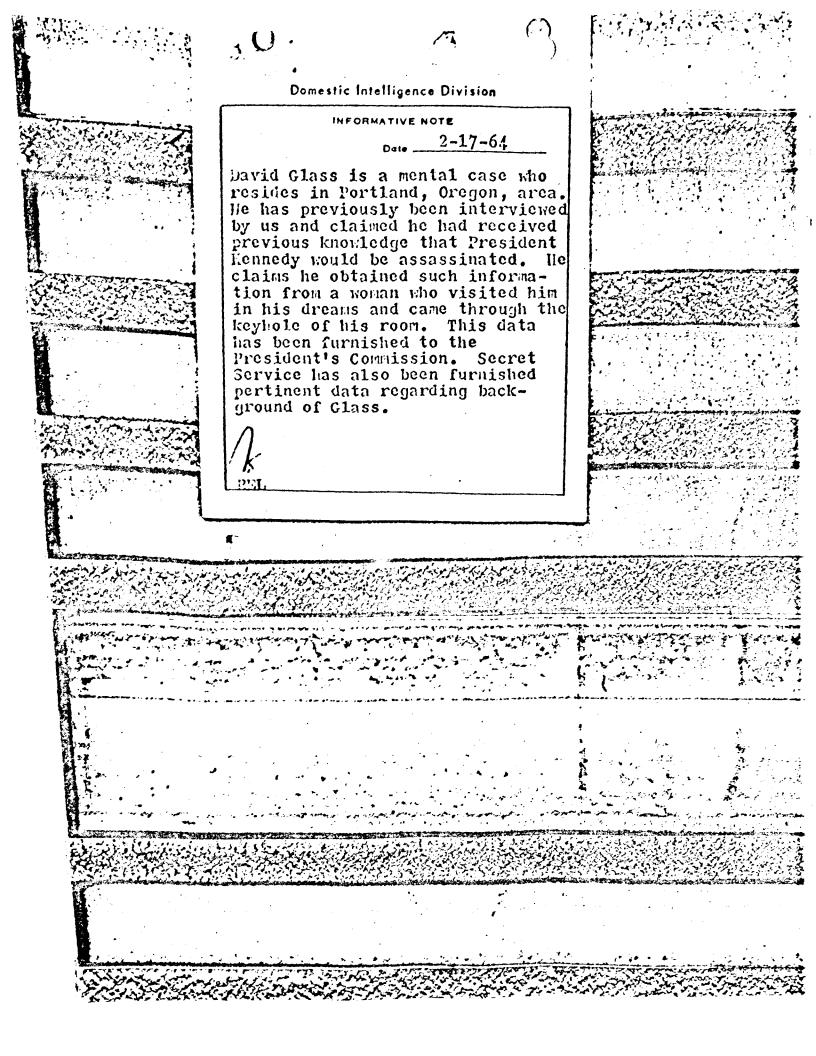
TH INTELL DIA . 22 FEB 19 1964

PAGE TWO

GLASS IS IN PREPARATION FOR DISSEMINATION TO DALLAS SECRET SERVICE, TEN COPIES OF WHICH WILL BE FURNISHED BUREAU WHICH LETTERHEAD MEMO INCLUDES INFO FROM SHERIFF DECKER AS TO GLASS*

ARREST.

FBI WASH DC



2-17-64

BRANIGAN

- Belmont Mohr

. DeLoach

0 Rosen

- Sullivan

- Malley - Branigan

- Lenihan - Anderson

GEORGE DE MONRENSCHILDT JEANNE DE MORRENSCHILDT INTERNAL SECURITY - RUSSIA

Honorable J. Lee Rankin, General Counsel, President's de Commission, by letter 2-12-64 requested a full-scale intelligence. type investigation of the De Mohrenschildts be initiated, if not alread handled. Investigation to include background, marriages, education, employment, relatives, associates, travel and financial activity, in view of past association of the De Mohrenschildts with Lee Harvey Oswald in Dallas. Texas.

BACKGROUND:

In connection with our investigation of Lee Harvey Oswald, information was developed that subjects were members of the Russian community in Dallas where they associated with and befriended the Oswalds. According to Marina Oswald, George De Mohrenschildt was highly respected by Lee Harvey Oswald who would listen to him and was also somewhat afraid of him. De Mohrenschildts' daughter also speculated that Oswald may have lived with her father from 10-19 to 11/2-3/62, during which time we have been unable to account for ... Oswald's whereabouts.

George De Mohrenschildt, born 1-4-11, in Russia, entered the U.S. 5-13-38 from Antwerp, Belgium. He has been subject of extensive periodic investigation by this Bureau from March, 1941, through December, 1948, based on allegations he had pro-German sympathies, and was suspected Gorman agent. Investigation disclosed he was conceited, braggart and adventurer, fond of exaggeration and of poor moral character. He also reportedly appeared to have communist tendencies and was admirer of communist regime in Russia; however, no information was developed indicating he was actively engaged in subversive activities inimical to the internal security of the U.S. He came to the attention of the Dallas office in January, 1957, at which time Robert Le Gon advised that his wife, Jeanne Le Gon, had left him and was living with George De Mohrenschildt who possessed Russian literature. Investigation determined this literature to be anticommunist. Subjects departed the U.S. for Haiti during the Spring of 1968. 100-32965 LLA:mhw:cgw ecipto 3

Enc. 1) - 105 - 82555

(11)

199 FEB 2G 1964

NOT RECORDED

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. SULLIVAN
RE: GEORGE DE MOIRENSCHILDT
15 JEANNE DE MOIRENSCHILDT
100-32965

Following the assassination of President Kennedy, subjects were interviewed at Bureau's request by U.S. Embassy official in Port-au-Prince, Haiti, 12-4-63. They stated they had been acquainted with the Oswalds in the U.S. due to desire to assist Marina and her family and expressed willingness to assist U.S. investigative authorities. They were reinterviewed by State Department official 12-19-63 at Bureau request at which time they furnished considerable data regarding association with Oswalds. By letter 2-12-64 State was requested to again reinterview subjects specifically concerning knowledge of Oswald's whereabouts 10/19 to 11/2-3/62.

ACTION:

- 1. We have requested the New York Office, last office of origin, to prepare a summary report on George DeMohrenschildt concerning the investigation prior to the assassination and this will be forwarded to the Commission upon receipt.
- 2. We have requested Dallas to prepare a current reports of DeMohrenschildt's activities including what has been done and what we are going to do.
- 3. Attached is a letter to Mr. Rankin advising him of previous investigation and that additional current investigation is being conducted in accordance with his request.
- 4. By separate communication field is being instructed to handle immediately in accordance with the above.

UNITED STATES GO CANMENT

Memorandum

Mr. K. e. Sullivan

DATE: 2-19-64

IROM Ar. W. A. Branigan

SUBJECT LEE HARVEY OSWALD

INTERNAL SECURITY - R - CUBA

Will state of the state of the

By letter 2-17-64 we furnished the Commission information received from a source that Harina Oswald

her recent stay in hashington, b. C., when she testified before the Commission. By letter 2-18-64 Hr. Rankin requested this Bureau conduct certain investigation in this matter.

In accordance with the request of the Commission, we expeditiously conducted interviews February 18-19, 1964, with Robert Oswald and Marina Oswald. We have taken signed statements from both. John Thorne refused to furnish any information regarding this matter and claims he considers himself Martin's attorney and respects the attorney - client relationship. Thorne added he would advise Martin not to submit to interview and, in presence of Dallas Agents, telephonically contacted Martin and recommended Martin refuse to be interviewed by FBI in this matter. Martin then informed Thorne to tell Bureau Agents he did not desire to be interviewed in this matter.

Inasmuch as Robert Oswald is to appear before the Commission at 10:00 a.m., 2-20-64, we have incorporated details in Robert Oswald's signed statement in a letter to the Commission, which is attached. Other data developed will be immediately furnished to the Commission upon receipt.*

ACTION:

Attached is a letter for the Commission setting forth results of our interview with Robert Oswald in this matter. A copy of our letter to Rankin is being furnished Secret Service by Liaison in Enc. view of its interest in this matter.

105-82555 1 - Nr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Mohr

1 - Mr. Callahan

1 - Mr. DeLoach 1 - Mr. Rosen

1 - Hr. Rosen
1 - Hr. Sullivan

1 - Mr. Malley

1 - Mr. Branigan 1 - Mr. Bartlett

1 - Mr. Lenihan 1965

CK.

#Subsequent to preparation of instant memorandum we learned from Dallas of allegation of Oswald's possible intention to assassinate Richard Nixon. This data also being included in attached letter to Rankin.

to Cir.

Contraction of Real

Date: 2/19/64

Transo	if the following i	in
Via	AIRTEL	REGISTERED
** ** ***		
TO	: DIRECTOR, FBI	$\frac{(105-82555)}{\text{CC TO}} \frac{f'_{110} + f'_{110}}{\text{CC TO}}$
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	IS - R (00: Dallas)	BY:d.'r.'V
	ReNYtel, 2/19/	/64, captioned as above.
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	Enclosed herevitional Guardian"-	with are ten copies of LHM referring sponsored meeting, "An Inquiry into The
HENRY	The SAS referr E. NAEHLE.	red to in LHM are JOSEPH E. MORAN and
		tilized to characterize individuals in E
LHM 81	e as follows:	MARK TANE Developments
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NY 105-38431

The LHM is marked "Confidential" because if information furnished by and were disclosed to unauthorized individuals, it might disclose the informants. This would interfere seriously with security investigations and therefore be injurious to the national defense.

Immediately upon transcription of these tapes, the NYO will furnish copies of the same to the Bureau and Dallas.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

<u>:</u> 105-825**5**5

New York, New York February 19, 1964

Re: Lee Harvey Oswald
Internal Security - R

The January 30, 1964, issue of the "National Guardian" ("NG"), page 3, columns 3 and 4, contains an advertisement reflecting that the "NG" would sponsor "An Inquiry into The Oswald Case" on the evening of February 18, 1964, at Town Hall, 123 West 43rd Street, New York City, at which the speakers would be Attorney Mark Lane and his client, Mrs. Marguerite Oswald, Staughton Lynd, Jack Minnis, co-authors of the "New Republic" article "Seeds of Doubt," and Professor David Haber, Rutgers University Law School, as Chairman.

A characterization of the "NG" appears in the appendix hereto.

On June 10, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that at a meeting of the New York Council to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAHUAC),

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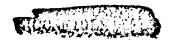
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Lee Harvey Oswald
IS - R

which was held on May 28, 1963, at 74 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York, Mark Lane was elected to the position as Vice-Chairman of the organization.

A characterization of the NYCAHUAC is contained in the appendix hereto.

In February, 1948, a second source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, identified Staughton Lynd as a member of the Harvard Chapter of the American Youth for Democracy (AYD) as of December 14, 1947.

The AYD has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On February 13, 1959, a third source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, made available a leaflet entitled "Emergency Civil Liberties Committee Program for 1959," which reflects that Professor David Haber is a member of the National Council of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (ECLC).

A characterization of the ECLC is contained in the appendix hereto.

Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) were in attendance at the meeting sponsored by the 'NG" at Town Hall, 123 West 43rd Street, New York City, on the evening of February 18, 1964, at which there were approximately 1500 persons present.

James Aronson, the Editor of the "NG," opened the meeting, at which time he related how the officials of Town Hall



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Lee Harvey Oswald
IS - R

had attempted to have the reservation for the meeting cancelled on the basis that Town Hall was not advised in the original lease that Mrs. Marguerite Oswald would appear on the program.

Aronson stated the "NG" solicited the aid of the American Civil Liberties Union to force Town Hall to honor the lease and which was finally accomplished when the "NG" did, after considerable expense, raise the sum of \$25,000.00 to be held in escrow for any physical damages to the property as a result of the meeting.

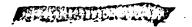
Aronson then introduced David Haber, whom he described as a Professor of Law at Rutgers University and a former law clerk of Justice Hugo Black, as the Chairman of the evening.

David Haber stated that the primary reason for his presence at the meeting was that he believed there was a need for greater publicity of the Oswald case and the aura of secrecy which has surrounded the case.

David Haber than introduced Staughton Lynd and Jack Minnis, co-authors of the "New Republic" article "Seeds of Doubt," stating that Staughton Lynd, currently a Professor of History at Spelman College, Atlanta, Georgia, and who would be a Professor of History at Yale University next year, would be the next speaker.

Staughton Lynd, who described himself as a specialist in the period of the American Revolution, criticized the Oswald investigation, stating it was of manufactured information and of changing facts to a degree which made it appear to him as a Madison Avenue and Hollywood production.





Lee Harvey Oswald
IS - R

Lynd went into extensive detail on the contradictions of the autopsy reports concerning the President, pointing out how reports differed as to where the bullets entered the President's body.

He drew an analogy between the Dreyfus case and the Oswald case.

Lynd stated the Warren Commission does not intend to investigate how the President was killed, but intends to accept the FBI report without question and added that the FBI was an interested party, and this Lynd called a flagrant dereliction of duty.

He stated that if the Oswald case was a conspiracy, there were certain Government sources who wished to conceal it. He stated the United States lied about the U-2, then the Bay of Pigs, and now the assassination of the President.



Re: Lee Harvey Oswald

The next speaker was lark Lane described as a well-known civil rights attorney, a fighter against landlords and a volunteer to defend Lee Oswald.

Lane criticized the investigation made by the FBI, Secret Service and the Dallas Police. He used affidavits alleged to have been furnished him by a source in the Dallas District Attorney's office and a blackboard drawing to give three versions of how the President was shot. He did this in an attempt to prove that the first bullet could not have been fired by Oswald.

Lane related how he talked with a woman who said the FBI had taken film from her, had given her a receipt for the film, but had never returned the picture to her.

Lane played a tape recording of a telephone conversation he had on the afternoon of February 13, 1964, with Miss Hill, a Dallas woman who stated she had heard four to six shots but was told by a Secret Service Agent that they had only three bullets, therefore only three shots were fired. The agent suggested that she may have heard echoes or fire crackers. Miss Hill denied this.

Lane said that a paraffin test made on Oswald's face showed no nitrates therefore Oswald could not have fired the rifle. He also stated the rifle was totally incapable of doing what the FBI and others had stated.

Lane said the FBI's answer as to why they had not followed Oswald on the day of the assassination was that their area of jurisdiction was limited to spies and saboteurs and the FBI was not permitted to move in the area of non-conformists.

Re: Lee Harvey Oswald
IS - R

Lane said a two hour meeting was held one week before the assassination at Jack Ruby's Club Carousel, between Bernard Weissman, Patrolman Tibbett, and a third person whose identity he would reveal in about one week. He said he could not amplify on this matter at this time.

Annette T. Rubinstein, described as a former New York University teacher, was the next speaker. She requested contributions for the "National Guardian" and requested those present to write at once to their Congressmen. She explained that the reason for this request was because Congress would vote this week on appropriations for the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA). Rubinstein described the HCUA as an organization which had done almost as much to intimidate "us" as the FBI.

In public hearings before the Committee on Un-American Activities, House of Representatives, 87th Congress, First Session, held at Mashington, D.C., on May 31, 1961, Annette Rubinstein invoked the principles of the First Amendment and the protection of the Fifth Amendment when questioned concerning Communist Party membership.

Mrs. Marguerite Osvald was the last speaker and she stated that an injustice had been done. She described herself as a humble layman, a pretty good fighter, an authority on cross-examination, one who has testified before the Warren Commission and held many press conferences.

: She said the fact that her daughter-in-law had testified through an interpreter had not endeared her to the FBI or Secret Service.



Re: Lee Harvey Oswald
IS - R.

She stated that lark Lane had sent her his brief after which she requested he represent her son. She thanked the "National Guardian" for sponsoring this meeting.

Following the speeches there was a question and answer period in which Mrs. Oswald stated she was writing a book in which all the facts would appear.

During this question and answer period, Mark Lane advised those present that in each city in which he had spoken there had been formed a Citizens Committee of Inquiry. He stated that at the present time New York would be the headquarters for the National Citizens Committee of Inquiry. He requested all those present who were really interested to write their name and address on a piece of paper and give it to the ushers, expressing their desire to form this committee.

CONTIDENTIAL

Re: Lea Harvey Usuald
12 - R

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APPENDIX

"MATICHAL GUARDIAN"

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the "National Guardian":

"National Guardian

"1. 'established by the American Labor
Party in 1947 as a "progressive"
weekly * * *. Although it denies
having any affiliation with the
Communiat Party, it has manifested
itself from the beginning as a virtual
official propaganda arm of Soviet Russia.'
(Committee on Un-American Activities,
Report, Trial by Treason: The National
Committee to Secure Justice for the
ROSENEERGS and MORTON SOLELL, August 25,
1956, p. 12.)"

COMPANDALINE.

Re: Lee Harvey Oswald
IS - R

APPENDIX

XEW YORK COUNCIL TO APOLISH THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE

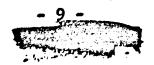
On March 9, 1951, a source advised that the New York Council To Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAUAC), 150 West 3th Street, New York City, New York, was formed at a meeting held in New York City on November 17, 1950. This organization was founded principally through the efforts of FRANK WILKINSON, Field Representative of the National Committee To Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NCAUAC).

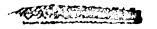
A second cource advised on September 17, 1952, that FRANK WILKINSON was a Communist Party member as of September, 1952.

A third course furnished on September 14, 1961, a copy of resolutions of the New York Council to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAHUAC) which were adopted by the NYCAHUAC. One such resolution affirmed the intention to continue to work for the abolition of the House Committee on Un-American Activities (HCUA) and to continue its efforts to broaden the participation in this fight. Another resolution accepted as a modus vivendi the suggestion of the Field Representative of the "National Committee to Abolish the HCUA" (NCAHUAC) namely that local abolition committees may identify and co-ordinate their efforts as closely as they desire with NCAHUAC, still maintaining their autonomy for as flexible and independent a program as possible.

Various sources have advised during March, 1962, that Communist Party (CP) members in the New York City area have been solicited to support activities of the NYCAHUAC during attendance at CP club meetings.

On May 6, 1953, the first source advised that the NYCAHUAC continues to function from its office at 150 West 34th Street, New York City, New York.





Re: Lza Harvey Oswald IS - R

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APPENDIX

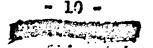
NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO ABOLISH THE HOUSE UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications" issued December 1, 1961, by the Committee on Un-American Activities, U. S. House of Representatives, page 11j, contains the following citation regarding the National Committee to Abolish the Un-American Activities Committee (NCAUAC).

"Cited as a 'new organization' set up in the summer of 1960 to lead and direct the Communist Party's 'Operation Abolition' campaign. Seven of the national leaders of this group have been identified as Communists.

(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1278 on the Truth About the Film 'Operation Abolition,' Part 1, October 3, 15, 1, p. 5.)"

A source has advised that the NCAUAC changed its name on March 3, 1932, to include the word "House" in its name, thereby becoming known as the National Committee to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee.



REF Los Harvey Oswald
IS - R

APPENDIX

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee:

"Emergency Civil Liberties Committee

"1. 'The Emergency Civil Liberties Committee is an organization with headquarters in New York, whose avoued purpose is to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities and discredit the FBI. * * * The committee finds that the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, established in 1951, although representing itself as a non-Communist group, actually operates as a front for the Communist Party. It has repeatedly assisted, by means of funds and legal aid, Communists involved in Smith Act violations and similar legal proceedings. One of its chief activities has been and still is the dissemination of voluminous Communist propaganda material.

> 'FRANK WILKINSON was called as a witness when he appeared in Atlanta as a representative of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee to propagandize against the Committee on Un-American Activities and to protest its hearings. In 1956 WILKINSON was identified as a Communist Party member by a former FBI undercover agent within the party. Summoned at that time to answer the allegation, his reply to all questions was, "I, am answering no questions of this committee." This also became his stock. reply to questions when he appeared during the Atlanta hearings. * * * WILKINSON has since been convicted of contempt of Congress and sentenced to one year in jail.

Re: Lee Harvey Oswald
15 - R

APPENDIX

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

Disputing the non-Communist claim of the organization, the committee finds that a number of other individuals connected with the ECLC also have been identified under oath as Communists.

(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report Gor 1958, House Report 187, March 9, 1959, pp. 34 and 35.)

'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist farty itself. Among these organizations are the * * * Energency Civil Liberties Committee. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these fronts offer a bulwark of protection.' (Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"



In Reply, Please Refer to

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

105-82555

New York, New York February 19, 1964

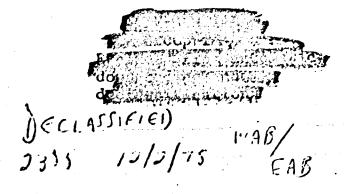
Re: Lee Harvey Oswald
Internal Security - R

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A characterization of the "NG" appears in the appendix hereto.

On June 10, 1963, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that at a meeting of the New York Council to Abolish the House Un-American Activities Committee (NYCAHUAC),

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P & DEPARTMENT OF POSTICE FBI NEW YORK ROHER THORESOMERANCE FEB 1 0 1964

TELET, PE

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2-19-64

TO DIRECTOR 105-82555 AND DALLAS 100-1046

FROM NEW YORK 105-38431

LEE HARVEY OSWALD., IS-R. OO-DALLAS.

THE "NATIONAL GUARDIAN" SPONSORED MEETING "AN INQUIRY THE OSWALD CASE" WAS HELD AT TOWN HALL, NYC, TWO EIGHTEEN LAST, BEFORE ABOUT FIFTEEN HUNDRED PEOPLE. JAMES ARONSON SEDITOR. NATIONAL GUARDIAN, OPENED MEETING SEVERELY CRITICIZING NY UNIVERSITY FOR ATTEMPTING TO NOT ALLOW MEETING TO BE HELD.

DAVID HABER, PROFESSOR OF LAW, RUTGERS UNIVERSITY, FORMER LAW CLERK OF JUSTICE HUGO BLACK, CHAIRMAN, STATED-HE WAS PRESENT BECAUSE OF NEED FOR GREATER PUBLICITY OF OSWALD CASE AND BECAUSE OF AURA OF SECRECY SURROUNDING THE CASE. HABER INTRODUCED JACK MINNIS AND STAUGHTON LYND, CO-AUTHORS OF NEW REPUBLIC ARTICLE "SEEDS OF DOUBT". LYND, PROFESSOR OF HISTORY AT SPELMAN COLLEGE, ATLANTA, GEORGIA, CRITICIZED OSWALD INVESTIGATION AS ONE OF MANUFACTURED INFORMATION, CHANGING FACTS, LIKE A MADISON AVENU REC- 100 1/5 225 CS AND HOLLYWOOD PRODUCTION. LYND DREW AN ANALOGY BETWEEN THE 22 FEB 27 1964

END PAGE ONE

Health in a ... Miss Carly

PAGE TWO

DREYFUS CASE AND OSWALD CASE. HE STATED THE WARREN COMMISSION
DOES NOT INTEND TO INVESTIGATE HOW THE PRESIDENT WAS ASSASSINATED.
WARREN COMMISSION INTENDS TO ACCEPT FBI REPORT WITHOUT QUESTION
AND FBI IS AN INTERESTED PARTY. THIS IS A FLAGRANT DERELICTION
OF DUTY.

LYND STATED U. S. LIED ABOUT U-TWO, THEN BAY OF PIGS, NOW THE ASSASSINATION OF THE PRESIDENT.

MARK LANE, VOLUNTEER DEFENSE LAWYER FOR LEE HARVEY OSWALD, CRITICIZED INVESTIGATION BY FBI AND SECRET SERVICE. LANE, IN HIS SPEECH, USED AFFIDAVITS ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN SECURED FROM DALLAS D. A.-S OFFICE AND BLACKBOARD DRAWINGS TO GIVE THREE VERSIONS OF HOW PRESIDENT WAS SHOT, ATTEMPTING TO PROVE THAT FIRST BULLET COULD NOT HAVE BEEN FIRED BY OSWALD. HE STATED FILM TAKEN FROM WOMAN BY FBI, THOUGH GIVEN RECEIPT BY FBI, HAS NEVER BEEN RETURNED.

LANE PLAYED TAPE RECORDING OF TELEPHONE CONVERSATION MADE TWO EIGHTEEN LAST WITH MISS HILL, A DALLAS WOMAN WHO HEARD FOUR TO SIX SHOTS, WAS TOLD THAT SINCE THEY HAD ONLY THREE BULLETS THEREFORE ONLY THREE SHOTS WERE FIRED.

LANE STATED PARAFFIN TEST SHOWED NO NITRATES ON OSWALD-S FACE, THEREFORE HE COULD NOT HAVE FIRED RIFLE. RIFLE TOTALLY END PAGE TWO

INCAPABLE OF DOING WHAT FBI AND OTHERS HAVE STATED. LANE STATED A TWO HOUR MEETING WAS HELD ONE WEEK BEFORE THE ASSASSINATION AT JACK RUBY-S CLUB CAROUSEL BETWEEN BERNARD WEISSMAN, PATROLMAN TIBBETT AND A THIRD PERSON WHOSE IDENTITY LANE WOULD REVEAL IN ABOUT ONE WEEK STATING HE COULD NOT AMPLOFY AT THIS TIME.

ANNETTE T. RUBINSTEIN, FORMER TEACHER AT NY UNIVERSITY,

CURRENT SELF EMPLOYED WRITER AND LECTURER, REQUESTED THOSE PRESENT

TO WRITE IMMEDIATELY TO THEIR CONGRESSMEN, AS THE HUAC, WHICH HAS

DOME ALMOST AS MUCH TO INTIMIDATE "US" AS THE FBI, HAS A VOTE ON

ITS APPROPRIATIONS THIS WEEK.

MRS. MARGUERITE OSWALD STATED AN INJUSTICE HAS BEEN DONE AND DESCRIBED HERSELF AS A HUMBLE LAYMAN, A PRETTY GOOD FIGHTER, AN AUTHORITY ON CROSS-EXAMINATION, WHO HAS TESTIFIED BEFORE THE WARREN COMMISSION AND HAS HELD MANY PRESS CONFERENCES. SHE STATED THE FACT THAT HER DAUGHTER-IN-LAW TESTIFIED THROUGH AN INTERPRETER HAS NOT ENDEARED HER TO THE FBI OR SECRET SERVICE. SHE STATED LANE SENT HER HIS BRIEFS AND SHE THEREAFTER REQUESTED HE REPRESENT HER SON.

LHM FOLLOWS.

END

WS

FBI WASHDC

CC-MR. SULLIVAN

FEB 20 1964

PBI SANANTON .

225PM URGENT 2/20/64 MRH TO DIRECTOR 105-82555

FROM SAN ANTONIO 105-2909 L SCLURITY-RUSS. LEE HARVEY USWALD / 16-R-CU3A.

RE TELEPHONE CALL FIVE THIRTY P.M. FEB. NINETEEN. SIXPY FOUR FROM BUREAU SUPERVISOR A. J. DECKERA WHICH REFLERRED TO REPORT SA ELDON D. RUDD AT MEXICO CITY DATED DEC. THREE, SIXTY THREE, WHEREIN INFO SET FORTH FROM ARTURO ALCOCER RUIZ TO EFFECT THAT JACK RUBY/S SISTER. EVA GRANT. HAD BEEN SEEN IN SAN ANTONIO ON NOV. TWENTY ONE, SIXTY THREE, WHEN PRESIDENT KENNEDY VISITED HERE AND ON TELEVISION NOV. TWENTY TWO. SIXTY FOLLLOWING THE ASSASSINATION.

ALSO REFER TO MR. DECKER/S TELEPHONE CALL TO THE DALLAS DIVISION ON FEB. NINETEEN, SIXTY FOUR.

BUREAUATTENTION PLRECTED TO REPORT OF SA JOHN M: KENNY DATED DEC. THIRTY SAN ANTONIO, CAPTIONED LEE! HARVEY, OSWALD, AKA. END PAGG ONE

22 FEB 28 1964

PAGE TWO

PAGE FIFTEENLOF WHICH REFLECTS INTERVIEW OF MRS. ANITA RODROGUEZ DEZLOSANO, WHO WAS REPOTTD BY ALCOCER AS HAVING SEEN RUBY/S SISTER IN SAN ANTONIO AND SUBSEQUENTLY ON TV. THIS INTEVIEW REFLECTS THAT SHE WAS ON DUTY ALL DAY NOV. TVENTY ONE LAST AT KELLY 4F3 AND NOT IN DOWNTOWN SAN ANTONIO. "SHE DID NOT AT ANY TIME OBSERVE ANY FAT LADY STANDING ON HOUSTON ST. IN VICINITY OF THE GUNTER HOTEL. SHE SAID ON NOV. TWENTY TWO SHE WATCHED TELECAST INTERVIEW OF MANAGER OF GUEST HOUESE WHERE LEE HARVEY OSWALD HAD RESIDED. DID NOT RECALL SEEING ANY FAT WOMAN IN FOREGROUND OR BACKGROUND IN CONNECTION WITH THAT INTERVIEW. SAID THAT ON EVENING OF NOV. TWENTY FOUR LAST, MR AND MRS. ALCOCER TOLD HER THEY SAW A FAT WOMAN SEVERAL TIMES ON HOUTON ST. ON NOV. TWENTY ONE. AND SAME WOMAN ON TELECAST NOV. TWENTY TWO. FOLLOWING ASSASSINATION OW PRESIDENTIKENNEDY. WHILE MANAGER OF GUEST HOUSE WHERE OSWALD RESIDED IN DALLAS WAS BEING INTERVIEWED.

IN TELEPHONE CONVERSATION WITH DALLAS OFFICE

TODAY, SUPERVISOR ROBERT GRENBLING ADVISED THAT IN RESPONSE

TO BUREAU CALL ALST NIGHT BUREAU BUREAU WAS REFERRED TO DALLAS

TEL. DEC. TWENTY ONE SIXTY THREE, UNDER CAPTION

JACK L. RUBY, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, AKA., VICTIM, DECEASED,

CIVIL RIGHTS, WHICH REFLECTED INTERVIEW OF MRS. REX GOODMAN,

END PAGE TWO

LANDLADY OF EVA GRANT, TO EFFECT THAT AT TIME OF ASSASSINATION HRS. GRANT WAS RECCOVERING FROM AN OPERATION IN DALLAS AND THAT IT WOULD HAVE BEEN IMPOSSIBLE FOR HER TO BE IN SAN ANTONIO ON NOV. TWENTY ONE, SIXTY THREE. A CHECK OF TV STATIONS IN SAN ANTONIO REVEALS THAT THEY HAVE NO TAPES OF TELECASTS FOR NOV. TWENTY TWO, LAST, SIX P.M. PO SIX THIRYY P.M. ALL THREE STATIONS ADVISED THEY WEREE CARRYIN LIVE IV NETWORK PROGRAMS AT THAT PARTICULAR PERIOD AND TAPES WERE NOT MADE OF THE PROGRAMS. THIS INFO. WAS OBTAINED FROM JAMES M. GAINES,

PRESIDENT WOAL TV, BOB ROTH PRESIDENT KONO TV, AND WAYNE KEARL, MANAGER, KENS TV.

IN VIEW OF ABOVE CIRCUMSTANCES INDICATING THAT GRANT NOT IN SAN ANTONIO ON NOV. TWENTY ONE, NO FURTHER INVESTIGATION BEING CONDUCTED SAN ANTONIO, NAIL COPY TO DALLAS .

CORR-PAGE INO LINE 2 WORD 6 IS REPORTED, LINE 14 WORD -2-15 HOUSTON, LINE 20 WORD 4 IS LAST .-PAGE 3 WORD 4 LINE 7 15 TO

Live Note The President's Commission requested that we conduct investigation concerning allegation by Mexican attorney Alcocer that Jack Ruby's sister, Eva Grant, was seen San Antonio 11-21-63 while President Kennedy that city and observed in background on television show 11-22-63 in Dallas. Commission further requested we review tapes of San Antonio television programs for 11-22-63. Attached teletype from San Antonio reveals tapes were not made of programs; that person who allegedly observed Grant in San Antonio previously interviewed and denies this. This information was reported to Commission. We are advising Commission by letter of investigation conducted referring them to our previous report on this matter and in addition advising them of fact Grant in Dallas 11-21-63 recovering from operation. AJD