05WALD 105.82555 SECTION 22 CORY_8 1 DL 100-10461 RP\$:mja

On January 15, 1964, the following quoted article appeared in the "Ft. Worth Press", Fort Worth, Texas, containing information attributed to Mrs. RUTH PAINE, the Irving, Texas, housewife with whom MARINA OSWALD, wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was residing at the time of the assassination:

"PLANS FOR 'DEFENSE' OF OSWALD ARE DESCRIBED

"The New York man who reportedly will defend Lee Harvey Oswald in death plans to contend Oswald could not have practiced with his rifle.

"And he plans to write a book about it.

"Mrs. Ruth Paine, the Irving housewife who befriended Oswald, accused of the assassination of President Kennedy, and his wife Marina, told THE PRESS she stated to Mark Lane that Oswald could not have taken the rifle from her garage and gone to practice without her knowledge.

"And THE PRESS learned from a reliable source that Mr. Lane called Oswald's mother, Mrs. Marguerite Oswald, from New York about five weeks ago asking for information to write a book.

"Sources said Mr. Lane's book would center on the 'legal loopholes' of Oswald's arrest and 'execution' by Jack Ruby.

"Mrs. Oswald told him she 'would be willing to agree on an offer."

"It was not known today whether Mr. Lane made a money offer for the information which Mrs. Oswald would give him for his book.

105.82555.1567

Part 2 pg# 184-36-7

"According to Mrs. Paine, Mr. Lane has filed a report to the Warren Commission investigating the late President Kennedy's murder.

"The 'defense' motion planned by Mr. Lane is believed to be hinged largely on Mrs. Paine's statement that Oswald could not have practiced with the 6.5 mm Italian rifle which has been tagged as the weapon that killed former President Kennedy.

"'He couldn't drive,' Mrs. Paine said. "And he couldn't have walked that far. If he had he would have been noticed carrying a rifle."

"Mrs. Paine's argument that Oswald could not drive has been challenged.

"Howard MalcomyPrice, of 1127 Rice in Grand Prairie, vows he saw Oswald three times at the range in Grand Prairie where he works. Mr. Price told THE PRESS that on one of the occasions he saw Oswald driving a car when he left.

"'One time he came out by himself, Hr. Price said. 'He was driving an old Chevrolet or Ford. It was dark blue or black.'

"Mr. Price said he was certain the man was Oswald. He said Oswald had another man with him on one or two of the trips to the range.

"Mrs. Paine is adament in her statement that Oswald could not drive. She told THE PRESS she could be sure of

"this because she herself attempted to teach him to drive.

"'As a friend of Marina's' she said, 'I thought he ought to learn how to drive. A couple of Sunday afternoons we went to a parking lot and practiced parking and turning. He couldn't even make a right angle turn. He'd pull around too far.

"'I wouldn't have loaned him my car. He learned well, but he just never had had a chance to learn."

Previous investigation has been conducted concerning the information attributed to HOWARD MALCOM PRICE by Mrs. PAINE.

2. ROBERT LEE OSWALD - Brother

Date November 30, 1963

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ROBERT LEE OSWALD, brother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, voluntarily appeared at the Dallas Office, on November 22, 1963, and furnished the following information:

ROBERT said he knows of no reason why his brother went to Russia in 1959. He had just returned from the Marine Corps and left Fort Worth about three days thereafter, with the statement he was going to New Orleans to get a job. The next thing they heard of him they received word he was in Moscow, Russia.

ROBERT next saw his brother when he picked him and his Russian wife up at Dallas Love Field upon their return to the United States in June, 1962. Suspect thereafter lived with ROBERT for about two months in his home in Fort Worth, thereafter lived with his mother for a short period, and then came to Dallas. ROBERT said he has not seen the suspect personally or talked to him in person since that time. After the suspect came to Dallas he wrote a postcard to ROBERT and said any mail for him could be sent to Post Office Box 2918 in Dallas, but ROBERT never knew any street or residence address for him.

ROBERT said he works for the Acme Brick Company at Denton, Texas, and at the time LEE returned from Russia, ROBERT was working for this company in Fort Worth. In about March, 1963, ROBERT was moved by this company to Arkansas and worked for it there until September, 1963, when he was returned by the company to its Centon establishment, where he is still working.

ROBERT said LEE, when he had his last personal contact with him, did not drink, use narcotics, and appeared to be in complete normal health, mentally and physically. LEE was never subject to any kind of moody spells, was not a vicious or aggressive type of individual, but rather was retiring,

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on 11/22/63 of Dallas,	Texas	•	- Fil• #	DL 100-1	0461
by Special AgentKENNETH C.	HOWE:mja		- Date dictate	11/26	/63
This document contains neither recommendation		, y ,			

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quiet, and liked to read. ROBERT said his reading matter was in no way remarkable and during the time he had personal contact with him in their younger days this reading matter was always along historical lines or more or less of a non-fiction nature. He said LEE never spoke as though he was disgusted or discontent with things in this country after his return from Russia, but on the other hand seemed pleased he was back in the United States.

ROBERT said the only firearm he knew LEE to own was an inexpensive little .22 caliber rifle when he was a boy. He sold this rifle to ROBERT and never appeared to have any particular liking for or attraction to firearms. Even after his return from the Marine Corps, during the time he was in Fort Worth, he did not talk at all about guns, shooting or anything that would be in any way indicative of an inclination on his part to do serious physical harm to anyone.

ROBERT said LEE could possibly have had some sort of derangement since he last saw him during the latter part of 1962, but he knows of nothing in LEE'S childhood, his background, his environment or any of his experiences which might possibly have been a basis for thinking this actually had happened. When asked whether he thought LEE was by temperament or otherwise capable of doing such a thing as shooting a police officer and/or the President of the United States, he said on the basis of his knowledge of his brother he would not have said he could do such a thing.

ROBERT said LEE OSWALD speaks Russian with apparent fluency.

X Dowald

ROBERT stated he had no way of knowing whether his brother, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was in any way involved in the shooting of President JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY, but stated if such were the case and he, ROBERT, had any information, he would certainly make it known without hesitation.

The following description of ROBERT LEE OSWALD was obtained through observation and interview:

fickonsas

Race White Sex Male Date of Birth April 7, 1934 Place of Birth New Orleans, Louisiana 5 115 ---Height Weight 150 i Eyes Blue Hair Dark brown ... Residence 1009 Sierra, Denton, Texas Employment Acme Brick Company, Denton, Texas Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD, Mother residence Fort Worth, Texas telephone PE 7-7677 JOHN EXPIC, Base Hospital, Half-brother Lackland Air Force Base, San Antonio, Texas

34

November 28, 1963

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ROBERT OSWALD, the brother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, was interviewed at the Inn of the Six Flags at Dallas, Texas and stated LEE HARVEY OSWALD was born and raised in New Orleans, Louisiana and had left there at about five or six years of age. The family then moved to Fort Worth, Texas and resided in suburb of Fort Worth called Benbrook in about 1945. From there, they moved to 7408 Ewing in the North Ridglea addition of Fort Worth in 1947.

In 1953, Mrs. MARQUERITE OSWALD, the mother, moved to New York City. Her residence was located in the Bronx section. LEE HARVEY OSWALD resided with his mother there. In January, 1954, Mrs. OSWALD, the mother, and LEE HARVEY OSWALD moved to New Orleans, Louisiana where they resided on Exchange Place near Canal Street. They resided there until 1955. In the latter part of 1955 or early 1956, the OSWALDs returned to Fort Worth and resided in the 4900 block of Collingwood. While in residence there, LEE HARVEY OSWALD entered the U. S. Marines in October, 1956. He remained in the Marines until 1959.

ROBERT OSWALD saw his brother only one time while the latter was in the Marines. On this occasion, LEE HARVEY came home on furlough to Fort Worth. He stayed in Fort Worth for a short time and returned to his post of duty.

ROBERT advised his brother, LEE HARVEY, had never resided in the State of North Dakota.

11-27-63 Dallas, Texas	DL 89-43
by Special Agent B CHARLES T. BROWN, Jr. JAMES P. HOSTY, Jr.	Date dictated 11-27-63

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3. Mrs. ROBERT LEE (VADA) OSWALD - Sister-in-law

. 7.7.

Mrs. VADA OSWALD, 1009 Sierra Drive Denton, Texas, advised that she is the wife of ROBERT LEE OSWALD, brother of LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mrs. OSWALD stated she was born and raised in Boyd, Texas, and after graduating from high school in 1955 she moved to Fort Worth, Texas, where she met ROBERT LEE OSWALD. They were married in 1956. Mrs. OSWALD advised that during this period prior to her marriage she never met LEE HARVEY OSWALD, her husband's brother, and when they were married he was in the U. S. Marine Corps.

Mrs. OSWALD advised that about four or five months after their marriage, when LEE OSWALD was on leave from the Marine Corps, he visited them on one occasion. She did not see LEE OSWALD again until he was discharged from the Marine Corps in 1959. He spent only one night in Fort Worth at which time she was with him for a short time. LEE OSWALD then departed for New Orleans, Louisiana, where he stated he would try to secure employment.

Mrs. OSWALD stated she did not hear of LEE OSWALD again until she received a telephone call from an unknown newspaper reporter in Fort Worth who asked her if she knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mrs. OSWALD stated that at first she didn't know what this person was talking about and denied knowing LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She later in the day learned from her husband that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in Moscow, Russial and had announced his intention to renounce his United States citizenship. Mrs. OSWALD stated that the next day their house was filled with newspaper reporters who came to question her husband and herself and they had her husband attempt to contact LEE HARVEY OSWALD by telephone which was unsuccessful. After this, Mrs. OSWALD stated she never heard again about LEE HARVEY OSWALD until about the middle of 1961 when he wrote to her husband and advised that he was about to be married and now desired to return to the United States, and requested assistance from ROBERT OSWALD.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that when LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife, MARINA OSWALD, and their baby, JUNE LEE OSWALD, returned to the United States they came to live with them. Mrs. OSWALD stated that the LEE OSWALDS lived with them during the latter part of June, entire month of July and first part of August, 1962. They then moved to the residence of Mrs. MARGUERITE.

on 1/10/64 of Denton, Texas	File # DL 100-10461
ROBERT P. BUTLER and by Special Agents JAMES P. HOSTY, JR /jeg	77Data diseased 1/10/64
· ·	19 / Date dictates

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OSWALD, the mother of LEE and ROBERT OSWALD. The LEE OSWALDS lived with Mrs. MARGUERITE OSWALD for about two weeks and then moved to their own apartment in Fort Worth where they remained about a month then moved to Dallas, Texas. Mrs. OSWALD stated that in about September of 1962, LEE OBWALD obtained a job as a welder and then later obtained a job in Dallas in about October, 1962, working as a photographer.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that LEE OSWALD's wife, MARINA, was a very kind and sweet individual, and a very good mother and although she was unable to converse with MARINA OSWALD, Mrs. OSWALD stated she became quite fond of her.

Mrs. OSWALD further stated that during the period that she knew LEE OSWALD he appeared to be completely normal and rational. LEE OSWALD stated that he had gone to Russia to get more education and to obtain more material for writing a book. At no time did they discuss his political beliefs.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that after the unfortunate experiences that they had had with the press in 1959, they had avoided any publicity in 1962 when LEE OSWALD returned to the interest united States and there were no unfortunate incidents with any of their friends or neighbors, and everyone was friendly to both LEE and MARINA OSWALD.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that the reason the LEE OSWALDS left their residence was because Mrs. MARGUERITA OSWALD desired that they move in with her since she resided closer to the downtown area and it would be easier for LEE OSWALD to obtain a job from her residence. Mrs. OSWALD advised that she never visited LEE OSWALD at her mother-in-law's residence since she does not get along with her mother-in-law at all and, in fact, her husband has as little to do with his mother as possible.

Mrs. OSWALD advised that she and her husband moved from Fort Worth to Malvern, Arkansas, in about February, 1963, at which time LEE OSWALD and his wife were living in Dallas.

Mrs. OSWALD stated she never again saw LEE OSWALD after he left her home in August, 1962. Mrs. OSWALD stated her

husband, ROBERT OSWALD did not see LEE OSWALD again until November 22, 1963, when he went to Dallas and saw LEE OSWALD at the Dallas City Jail.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that during the time that LEE OSWALD resided with her she noted that he liked to play with the children and was very kind to his child also. He had no known domestic difficulties with his wife during this period and she is certain that he never drank any alcoholic beverages during this time. Mrs. OSWALD stated it is her understanding that LEE OSWALD neither drank alcoholic beverages or smoked. He spent most of his time reading and writing his book about life in Russia. Mrs. OSWALD stated she recalls LEE OSWALD stating that he did not like the food in Russia or the living conditions, however, he was never ashamed to talk about the fact that he had resided in Russia. Mrs. OSWALD stated that she never heard LEE OSWALD discuss politics and never heard him say anything about President KENNEDY, neither good nor bad, during the time she knew him.

Mrs. OSWALD stated that, in addition to LEE OSWALD, her husband has a half brother named JOHN PIC who is about a year and a half or two years older than ROBERT OSWALD. Mrs. OSWALD stated that JOHN PIC is much like her husband in temperament and they were always quite close growing up. LEE OSWALD, however, was five years younger than ROBERT OSWALD and it was her understanding that he was never particularly close to the older brothers. Mrs. OSWALD noted that all three of the brothers enlisted in the U.S. Armed Forces as soon as they were seventeen and left home at their earliest opportunity since apparently none of them could stand their mother.

Mrs. OSWALD advised that she and her husband avoid discussing LEE HARVEY OSWALD since his arrest on November 22, 1963, since they have small children and feel that any further discussion in front of the children could only be harmful and they have decided to try to forget LEE HARVEY OSWALD as much as possible.

4. Mrs. STANLEY (VIRGINIA) PERRY - Alleged

1 DL 100-10461 RPG:mvs

Under date of December 30, 1963, the Los Angeles Office advised that on December 30, 1963, Sergeant GIL FLOOD, Indio Station, Riverside County Sheriff's Office, Indio, California, had stated to SA THEODORE HINDERAKER that he had been contacted by JERRY CHANEY, a reporter for the Indio Daily News.

CHANEY reportedly mentioned that he had received inquiry from an unspecified wire service indicating that a woman now residing in Indio, California, was LEE HARVEY.

OSWALD's aunt. This woman was identified as VIRGINIA/PERRY, also known as Mrs. STANLEY/PERRY, 44-451 Sungold, Indio, California. According to the information furnished by Sergeant FLOOD, Mrs. PERRY was not contacted by the newspaper because CHANEY refused to do the story on her as he felt that if she were related to OSWALD, she was an innocent party, and this would only serve to destroy her reputation in her hometown.

Under date of January 6, 1964, the Los Angeles
Office advised that on January 3, 1964, Mr. and Mrs. STANLEY
PERRY, 44-451 Sungold, Indio, California, had advised SA THEODORE HINDERAKER that neither of them was related in any way
to LEE HARVEY OSWALD. They indicated they had never heard of
him prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY, and that
they had absolutely no information concerning OSWALD.

C. Associates, Acquaintances, and Others Allegedly in Past Contact with Subject JOHN M. GRIZZAPFI, 6447 Dunston Lane, whose name was found in connection with JACK RUBY's car, was interviewed and advised as follows:

He has known JACK RUBY for the past three or four years on a casual, speaking basis; that approximately two weeks prior to the assassination of President KENNEDY, GRIZZAFFI happened to meet RUBY at the Dallas Courthouse where RUBY was passing out membership cards to the Carousel Club. He advised that he signed one of the cards and returned it to RUBY. He advised that he knows nothing of RUBY's personal life and has never associated with him. He did not know LEE HARVEY OSWALD and knows of no information connecting OSWALD with RUBY.

GRIZZAFFI advised that STANLEY SCOTNICKI, who is a friend of his, told him that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had visited at the house of his (SCOTNICKI's) ex-wife. He said that SCOTNICKI's ex-wife's first name is KATCHA; that she is remarried and lives on Dunston Lane in Dallas. GRIZZAFFI said that a HARRIET CAMPBELL, who also lives on Dunston Lane is friendly with KATCHA and could furnish her full name and address.

on 12/18/63 Dallas, Texas DL 100-10461

ALVIN J. ZIMMERMAN &
by Special Agents JOSEPH G. PEGGS/jn/cah

Date dictated 12/19/63

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Date	January	8,	1954

STANLEY L. SKOTNICKI, Skotnicki Realt North Henderson, Dallas, Texas, advised he was	y Company, 1829
North Henderson, Dallas, Texas, advised he was	formerly married
to MATHERINE SKOTNICKI, and he received a divorce	e from her
approximately four and one-half years ago.	V-114

MICHINE SKOTNICKI advised his ex-wife KATHERINE has since married DeCLARY FORD and resides somewhere in Dallas, Texas, address unknown.

Stanley L. JSKOTNICKI advised his ex-wife was born and raised in Aussia and he had married her during World War II.

SKOTNICKI advised he had received rumors to the effect that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had attended a social function at the residence of DeCLAN FORD, however, he could furnish no additional information concerning this matter.

SKOTNICKI advised he had never heard of LEE HARVEY OSWALD until after the assassination of President JOHN F. KENNEDY on November 22, 1963 at Dallas, Texas. SKOTNICKI advised he had never heard of JACK RUBY until RUBY shot OSWALD at the Dallas Police Department on or about November 24, 1963, at Dallas.

by Special Agent B JOHN T. KESLER WESTER Date dictated 1-8-64

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Miss CAROL SMITH, Apartment 111, 4526 Munger Lane, was interviewed at her residence.

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CUERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Miss SMITH advised she was a personal friend and former business associate of Mr. and Mrs. PRANTERAY, 4524 Alta Vista Lane, Dallas, Texas, and heard of MARINA OSWALD through Mrs. RAY. Mrs. RAY told her that MARINA OSWALD was a Russian girl who needed help of a financial nature and since she was neglected and often beaten up by her American husband. Miss SMITH said she does not recall that Mrs. RAY ever mentioned MARINA OSWALD'S husband by name; nor does she recall that Mrs. RAY mentioned anything regarding the political views of MARINA OSWALD and her husband.

Miss SMITH said she actually never met MARINA OSWALD but in December, 1962, she and Mrs. RAY were in attendance at a party at the home of the DECLAN FORD'S, in Dallas, at which time Mrs. RAY pointed out MARINA OSWALD as the Russian girl who had needed help. This happened as MARINA OSWALD and a man, presumably her husband, were leaving the party. Miss SMITH said that she noticed that MARINA OSWALD was shabbily dressed in a plaid skirt and blouse and that there was a man with her, but she cannot recall him by any description.

Miss SMITH advised she later saw photographs and television pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and also of JACK RUBY; however, she does not know either one of these individuals.

on 1/4/64 of Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

WILLIAM G. BROOKHART and
by Special Agents GEORGE T. BINNEY:mja 71). Date dictated 1/7/64

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Mr. EVERETT D. GLOVER, 9838 Webbs Chapel Road, Diles Text advised that he recalls meeting LEE HARVEY OSWALD, in approximately February, 1963, at the home of GEORGE.

DE MOHRENSCHILDT, on Dickens Road, near Southern Methodist College Toxas University. MARINA OSWALD was also there at this time; although, he had met her previously at the DE MOHRENSCHILDT'S home several times. MARINA OSWALD had been invited to the DE MOHRENSCHILDT'S home approximately three times before, because she was a Russian-speaking person and was having marital difficulties with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. At this time, she was living at Fort Worth, Texas, and the only conversation GLOVER said that he could recall was of a general nature, through the interpretation of the DE MOHRENSCHILDTS.

After having met LEE HARVEY OSWALD, he and VOLKMAR
SCHMIDT decided that it might be interesting to invite LEE
HARVEY OSWALD and his wife to GLOVER'S house, at 4449
Potomac Street, in Dallas, for a social gathering, and a
closer opportunity to question OSWALD about his beliefs.

Approximately one week after the DE MOHRENSCHILDT party in mid-February, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, MARINA OSWALD, and their child consented to visit with GLOVER at his home. GLOVER said that he went to get them in his automobile at 602 Elsbeth, in the Oak Cliff section of Dallas, Texas.

GLOVER said that he also invited Mrs. RUTH PAINE, of Irving, Texas, to meet with OSWALD at this time since she had knowledge of Russian, and who was going to teach Russian courses in a local school and was interested in having this opportunity to practice her Russian. In addition to RUTH PAINE and her husband, there was also Mr. and Mrs. NORMAN FREDERICKSON. Mr. and Mrs. FREDERICKSON now reside in Madison, Wisconsin, where Mr. FREDERICSEN is a member of the Geology Department of the University of Wisconsin.

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on 1/7/64		_ File #DL 100-10461
by Special Agents	GEORGE T. BINNEY and WILLIAM G. BROOKHART: mia	
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Mr. GLOVER advised that he cannot recall any specific conversation which he, or anyone else, had with OSWALD, but only the general impressions. The people in attendance asked OSWALD what Russia was like, and he mentioned that the conditions were unsatisfactory, but that there seemed to be an excess of women in the Soviet Union as the result of the great number of men having been killed during World War Two. He implied since this was the case, MARINA OSWALD had taken this opportunity to marry him. OSWALD also said that he left Russia because there was too much regimentation, that life was not perfect, and there were very many hardships that the individual had to endure. He claimed that he was some sort of a tradesman, possibly a tinsmith or metal worker, during the time he was in Russia.

MARINA OSWALD also answered through translation that she was discriminated against by other Russian people because she had married OSWALD, who was an American.

Mr. GLOVER advised that his total impression of LEE HARVEY OSWALD was that he was still a very dissatisfied man who could never be happy anywhere, and that he was not a very stable person who wouldn't keep a job, and who mistreated his wife. It was GLOVER'S impression that he did not want to teach MARINA OSWALD English, to make her more dependent upon him.

Mr. GLOVER said that he believes that OSWALD told him that he was employed by the Jaggers-Childs-Stovall Company, in the photographic department, during the time this social gathering took place.

GLOVER advised that this was the last time he had an opportunity to talk to OSWALD, or had any contact with him, and he learned sometime during May, 1963, from GEORGE DE MOHRENSCHILDT that OSWALD had either gone, or was going, to New Orleans, Louisiana.

GLOVER advised that he did not realize that OSWALD was a violent person and during the conversation with OSWALD, OSWALD made no comments concerning the United States and did not indicate that he was involved in any political causes.

Dote January 14, 1964

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Dr. C. RICHMAN, 6749 Prestonshire Lane, advised that he saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD at the residence of GEORGE DeMOHRENSCHILDT. Dr. RICHMAN said that LEE HARVEY OSWALD was recounting his experiences in Russia and appeared to be very arrogant, and, as a result, Dr. RICHMAN did not pay any further attention to OSWALD. Dr. RICHMAN said that he was never introduced to OSWALD and never engaged in any conversation with him.

1-9-64 of Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

Special Agent WILLIAM G. BROOKHART OF Date dictated 1-13-64

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Doie January 7, 1964

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JOHN B. HALL, 4760 Trail Lake Drive, furnished the following information:

He met LEE HARVEY OSWALD for the first time in August of 1962. He and his wife and some other persons, names not recalled, went to the home of LEE HARVEY OSWALD on Mercedes Street, Fort Worth, Texas. His wife was trying to help Mrs. OSWALD in getting some clothes and food for the OSWALDs and their baby. HALL was at this home only a very few minutes and did not say a half dozen words to LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

The next time he saw LEE HARVEY OSWALD was in October, 1962. At that time, HALL and his wife were separated but his wife was involved in an auto accident and he visited her at their home at 4760 Trail Lake Drive. MARINA OSWALD was staying with Mrs. HALL at the time of her accident. He only talked to LEE HARVEY OSWALD a very few minutes and nothing important was discussed. He stated that LEE HARVEY OSWALD did not seem to want to talk very much and he did not have very much conversation with him.

The next time he saw OSWALD was Christmas, 1962. He and his wife had gone back together and his wife wanted to take a little present to the child of the OSWALDs and at that time they were living in Oak Cliff in Dallas. They visited for 15 or 20 minutes and at this time he talked more to LEE HARVEY OSWALD than at any other time. He mentioned to them that they did not have a Christmas tree and did not seem to be celebrating Christmas in any way. LEE HARVEY OSWALD said he did not believe in Christmas and that they were not going to have a Christmas tree. At that time, HALL mentioned he was in business for himself in operating a dental laboratory in Fort Worth and was trying to make some money out of it. OSWALD called him a "petty capitalist" and said he was mainly interested in acquiring money than being a capitalist. OSWALD said he only wanted a job where he could make a living and this would be security for him. OSWALD mentioned at that time that he liked it in Russia and indicated that he, OSWALD, would like to go back to Russia.

on 1-6-64	Fort Worth	Texas	File #DL 10	00-10461
by Special Agent	B EARLE HALEY ROBLEY D. MAD	TAND SLE	Date dictated	1-7-64
-	mvs	•		•

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He did not make any direct statements to this effect.

The next time HALL saw OSWALD was at Easter, 1963. Mrs. HALL wanted to take an Easter bunny to the child of the OSWALDs and they went to another address in Oak Cliff. They only stayed a very few minutes and he did not have any important discussion with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. He has not seen or talked to OSWALD since Easter of 1963.

January 16, 1964

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Mrs. MAX ExCLARK (nee GALI), 4312 Selkirk Drive West, furnished the following information:

Wind Toxas Mrs. CLARK was reared in France but her mother and father were from Russia and left Russia after the 1917 Revolution. She speaks Russian and is acquainted with most of the Russian-speaking people around Dallas and Fort Worth. Mrs. CLARK stated around June of 1962 she received a telephone call from a man identifying himself as OSWALD, and she believed that his first name might have been LEE. OSWALD told her that he had obtained her name from the Texas Employment Commission in Fort Worth and was contacting her as he understood that she spoke Russian, and possibly some of her family had originally come to this country from Russia. OSWALD stated he would like to get acquainted with Mrs. CLARK and her husband, and would like to visit with them sometime. She stated that she would have her husband contact him at some future date and maybe they could visit.

EIn September or October of 1962, her husband, MAX CLARK, contacted LEE OSWALD who was at that time living in Fort Worth OSWALD could not come to their house and asked the CLARKs to come out to see them, but MAX CLARK could not go and told OSWALD if he wanted to visit with them, he and his wife would have to come to their home. In about October, 1962, Mrs. CLARK went to the home of the OSWALDs on Mercedes Street with GEORGE BOUHE from Dallas BOUHE was taking some clothes to Mrs. OSWALD for herself and her baby. She visited with Mrs. OSWALD only a few minutes and LEE HARVEY OSWALD was not at home. During the latter part of October, 1962, MARINA OSWALD was staying at the home of BLENA HALL of Trail Lake Drive in Fort Worth To At that time LEE OSWALD was 10 Dallas. Mrs. HALL was injured in an automobile accident and was in the hospital for about seven days. During this time, she visited MARINA OSWALD nearly every day to help her with her shopping and to buy some groceries. She talked to her in Russian, generally about personal matters in Fort Worth and in this country. She did not see LEE OSWALD during this period of time. On one occasion during the latter part of October, 1962, she and her husband went to the HALL's residence

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for a visit and some other Russians from Dallas were there. At that time she met LEE HARVEY OSWALD for the first time. She talked very little to him but had most of her conversation with MARINA OSWALD. She stated that MAX CLARK, her husband, talked to LEE OSWALD a large part of the evening as he was interested in obtaining information about Russia.

During the conversations with MARINA OSWALD, MARINA told her that her parents died when she was a small girl. She later moved into the home of an uncle and aunt in Russia and she made the remark that this uncle was a member of the Communist Party in Russia. She stated that this uncle was not very happy when she married LEE HARVEY OSWALD. Mrs. CLARK stated that she had never discussed politics or government with MARINA OSWALD, but she indicated she was very happy to be in the United States. She was unable to furnish any information concerning LEE HARVEY OSWALD other than the one conversation that she had with him.

1 DL 100-10461 RPG:mvs

Under date of January 13, 1964, the Seattle Office advised that NEIL DENNISCIESSEM, 23814 84th West, Edmonds, Washington, had advised on January 9, 1964 that he served in the U. S. Marine Corps, Squadron IX, at Santa Ana, California, during 1959. While stationed at this base, he resided in a six-man quonset hut for several weeks with DONALD OSBOURNE (believed identical to DONALD MACK OSBORNE), BOB ATLEN, and three other Marines he could not recall. TESSEM advised he did not recall LEE HARVEY OSWALD as one of the three other Marines living in this hut. He stated he did not recall ever meeting OSWALD and was sure he would remember such a meeting in light of recent events.

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D. MARINA NIKOLAEVNA OSWALD, nee PRUSAKOVA, aka Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD - Interviews with and Data Concerning DL 100-10461 ... BDO:mam

On December 4, 1963, MARINA OSWALD advised SA'S WALLACE R. HEITMAN and ANATOLE A. BOGUSLAV that she recalls receiving only one long distance call while staying at the PAINE residence in Irving, Texas. This was from a man who indicated he was a colonel and had spent 20 months in Russia.

On December 19, 1963, MICHAEL PAINE, 2515 West 5th Street, Irving, Texas, advised SA BARDWELL D. ODUM that this call; was placed to MARINA OSWALD from a Colonel WILMETH who had retired and resides at 8501 Herron Street, Route 8, Fort Worth 8, Texas, and teaches Russian at Arlington State College, Arlington, Texas. His home telephone number is CI 6-4400, and his telephone number at the college is CR 5-3211, Ext. 249.

PAINE advised that Colonel WILMETH wanted to visit Mrs. OSWALD primarily to talk to her in Russian, and he did come to the PAINE home to visit MARINA on Tuesday, November 19, 1963, and was due to return to visit her the following Tuesday, November 26, 1963. In the meantime, President JOHN F. KENNEDY was assassinated, and MARINA was no longer living at the PAINE home.

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Colonel J. D. VILMETH, Route 8, Box 691, 8501 Heron Drive, furnished the following information.

WILMETH retired from the U. S. Army in 1960 and obtained a Master's Degree from Texas University, majoring in the Russian language, in 1962. He has been teaching Russian at Arlington State College, Arlington, Texas, since 1962. During the early part of November, 1963, he learned that a lady from Russia was staying with a family by the name of PAINE in Irving, Texas. He called Mr. PAINE who works for Bell Helicopter, and obtained the address and telephone number of Mrs. PAINE and also obtained the name of this Russian woman as Mrs. IEE OSWALD.

On or about November 11 or 12, 1963, he telephonically contacted Mrs. PAINE and explained to her that he would like to meet Mrs. OSWALD and talk to her about the Russian language. Colonel WILMETH was a member of the U. S. Military Force in Moscalferice for two years during World War II. He learned a great place deal about the Russian language at that time. He was interested in talking to someone who might help him in appearing before his class to discuss the modern Russian language. He made arrangements to visit PAINE and Mrs. OSWALD for Tuesday, November 19, 1963. He went to the PAINE residence and visited with Mrs. PAINE and Mrs. OSWALD for about an hour and a half on November 19, 1963. This was strictly a social visit and he talked Russian with Mrs. OSWALD and Mrs. PAINE and also made arrangements to come back for another visit on November 26, 1963. Mr. LEE OSWALD was not present and his name was not mentioned.

After the assassination occurred on November 22, 1963, he called Mrs. PAINE on November 26, 1963 and advised her that in view of present circumstances he would make no attempt to contact Mrs. OSWALD any further.

WILMETH has not seen or talked to Mrs. OSWALD any more, but did send her a Christmas card at a Post Office box in Grand Prairie. He has never seen or met LEE HARVEY OSWALD and knows nothing of the background of OSWALD or his family.

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1 DL 100-10461 WRH:mys

A letter written in the Russian language and directed to MARINA OSWALD and signed "RUTH" (RUTH PAINE), was furnished to the Dallas FBI Office by the Dallas Office of the U. S. Secret Service on December 20, 1963. This letter has been forwarded to the FBI Laboratory for appropriate examination and retention.

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December 21, 1963

Mr. ROBERT VAMESON, Special Agent, U. S. Secret. Service, on special detail at Dallas, Texas on December 20, 1963, furnished a letter written in the Russian language to MARINA OSWALD from RUTH PAINE. The envelope in which this letter was contained was addressed to "MARINA OSWALD Kindness of the Irving Police". The letter is translated into the English language as follows:

Dear Marina:

- "I would like to know as to where you decided to live. Perhaps we will see each other in New York, Washington or Philadelphia.
- "It seems that the article will not appear in the Look magazine. People there decided that newspapers wrote enough already about it. That's all right. My mother-in-law prefers me not to write such an article. She's glad that there will be no article and I, personally, don't care.
- "I wish you everything of the best -- new life, later some nice work i.e. when youngsters will grow older.
- *Kiss June and Rachel. I love you.

/s/ Ruth

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January 16, 1964

Mr. WILLIAM MITCHELL, Assistant Manager, Holiday Inn Central, Dallas, Texas, advised that he is well-acquainted with Mr. JAMES MARTIN who is the business manager for Mrs. MARINA OSWALD. MITCHELL advised that he and MARTIN both worked as Assistant Managers at the Statler-Hilton Hotel at the same time. MITCHELL advised that after MARTIN left the Statler-Hilton Hotel, he managed the "Gay Nineties" Night Club and during this period became well-acquainted with JACK RUBY of the Carousel Night Club. Mr. MITCHELL advised that after learning of MARTIN's association with MARINA OSWALD and his (MARTIN's) known association with JACK RUBY, he felt this matter should be brought to the attention of the FBI.

on 1-14-64 of Dallas, Texas File # DL 100-10461

by Special Agent Mys JAMES P. HOSTY, Jr. 32; Date dictated 1-16-64

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FRED BROWN, Managing Director of Six Flags Inn. And advised he has known JAMES MARTIN for 12 to 15 years, as to both were in the hotel business in the Dallas area. BROWN knew MARTIN during the time MARTIN was employed by the Statler-Hilton Hotel and MARTIN worked for BROWN as Resident Manager when BROWN took over as General Manager of the Six Flags Inn.

BROWN advised DON ATWOOD was Acting Manager of the Six Flags Inn when it opened in May of 1962, and ATWOOD This Texas hired MARTIN as Resident Manager. Later, RAY DIETRICH took over as Manager of the Six Flags Inn and MARTIN continued as Resident Manager. BROWN decided the Six Flags Inn was overstaffed and was using MARTIN as relief as Desk Clerk and for other extra duties which MARTIN had made comments he did not like. About December 15, 1963, MARTIN resigned as Resident Manager of Six Flags Inn, saying he believed the inn was overstaffed and that he was no longer needed. MARTIN was efficient as a Desk Clerk and was a hard-working employee, but was not capable of handling the detailed work associated with the position of Resident Manager.

On January 14, 1964, MARTIN was visiting the Six Flags Inn and commented that he thought his wife was leaving him because his wife was jealous of Mrs. MARINA OSWALD, as Mrs. OSWALD was in love with MARTIN. MARTIN told BROWN that he wanted to return to the Statler-Hilton Hotel after he left the Carte Blanche Division of Hilton Hotels, but that he did not have the nerve to ask that he be reinstated as an Assistant Manager or a Credit Manager.

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January	16,	1964
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HUGO MACHUE, Credit Manager, Statler-Hilton Hotel, advised he has known JAMES MARTIN approximately ten years. MACHUE worked with MARTIN for two years at the Statler while MACHUE was Credit Manager and MARTIN was Assistant Manager. MARTIN then moved to the Credit Office where both MACHUE and MARTIN worked as Credit Managers. In about 1959, MARTIN left the Statler-Hilton Hotel, Dallas, and went with Carte Blanche, Credit Card Division of the Hilton Hotel chain, in promotional sales.

MACHUE advised that he sees MARTIN around town at hotel meetings and socially. MACHUE has heard rumors that MARTIN and his wife were having marital difficulties because of Mrs. LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

MARTIN was considered an honest, efficient employee while working at the Statler and would have been rehired at the Statler if he had applied for a job after leaving the Carte Blanche Division of the Hilton Corporation.

While MARTIN was employed at the Hilton, he was continually in some promotion deal, attempting to make additional money.

MACHUE stated he would pull MARTIN's personnel record and make it available to the Dallas Division if it was needed.

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Date January 16, 1964

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JAMES HERBERT WARTIN, 11611 Farrar Street, advised he is the agent for MARINA OSWALD, the wife of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, deceased. He advised he first met MARINA OSWALD TOWNS when she was brought to the Inn of the Six Plags, Dallas—Fort Worth, Texas, immediately following the assassination of President Kennedy, where she stayed in protective custody of the Secret Service for a few days. He advised he does not know, nor has he ever seen, LEE HARVEY OSWALD, to his knowledge.

He advised he became acquainted with MARINA OSWALD while she was at the Inn of the Six Flags. He stated he subsequently invited MARINA OSWALD and her two children to live with him at his residence. He advised the OSWALDS have resided at his residence since approximately November 30, 1963.

MARTIN advised he is the agent for MARINA OSWALD and is handling her business affairs. He stated MARINA OSWALD has received, through voluntary public donations, in excess of \$54,000, which has been deposited in bank accounts in her name in the Dallas area. He said he has told newspaper representatives that the amount of money received by MARINA OSWALD in this method is approximately \$28,000.

Mr. MARTIN advised that Mr. JOHN MXTHORNE, of Grand Prairie, Texas, is the attorney for MARINA OSWALD.

MARTIN was asked if he knew JACK RUBY, and he replied that he did. MARTIN stated he had been the Credit Manager at the Statler-Hilton Hotel, in Dallas, some years ago,

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and in this capacity, had made the acquaintance of JACK RUBY. He said JACK RUBY was known to practically every hotel man in town, as he had frequented the hotels a lot. MARTIN stated that later, he (MARTIN) had been the Manager of a bottle club, called The Gay Nineties. He said inasmuch as JACK RUBY had also been a night club manager and owner, that he had been acquainted with him as a fellow manager of a night club. He stated he had not had any personal social contact with RUBY, nor had he ever been involved in any business association with him.

Date January 16, 1964

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MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at 11611 Farrar Street, in the Russian language, SA BOGUSLAV translating.

She was exhibited a silver-colored bracelet with the name MARINA on it, which is contained in a gold-colored box. This bracelet is among the personal effects of MARINA and LEE HARVEY OSWALD acquired by the Dallas Police Department through a search of the RUTH PAINE residence, 2515 Fifth Street, Irving, Texas, on November 22, 1963, and subsequently made available to the FBI Office at Dallas.

MARINA identified this bracelet as a gift to her from LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She said it had been given to her immediately after OSWALD had returned from New Orleans, in early October, 1963. She said that now everybody knows OSWALD had been to Mexico immediately prior to his return to Dallas, in October, 1963; although she had not known this at the time, thinking he had returned to Dallas directly from New Orleans. She said the bracelet was too small for her and she had not particularly liked it, and as a consequence had not worn it. She said OSWALD had purchased a similar bracelet for himself with his name on it prior to the time they moved from Dallas to New Orleans, in the spring of 1963. She said OSWALD had wanted her to have a bracelet like his.

MARINA said OSWALD did not state where he had bought the bracelet, which he gave her as a gift, and that she definitely did not know that he had been to Mexico prior to his return to Dallas.

MARINA stated she had not discovered OSWALD'S wedding ring on the dresser in her room at the RUTH PAINE home the morning of November 22, 1963, upon getting up that morning. She said she had not seen it until the police came to her house to search it, following the arrest of

on 1/15/64 of Dallas, Texas File DL 100-10461

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OSWALD on November 22, 1963. She had not noticed the ring on the dresser before the police came. She advised she recalled calling RUTH PAINE later in that day, November 22, 1963, or the following day, to tell her about the ring.

MARINA was questioned concerning her prior statement that she could not understand how OSWALD could commit a killing, in view of his prior admission to her that he had attempted to assassinate General WALKER, at Dallas. She stated that upon reflection, and in view of the WALKER incident, that she now felt that LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been capable of murder. She stated he had evidently been a man of some strong will to have carried out the attempted assassination of WALKER, even though he became highly nervous later when he returned to their home, following that assassination attempt. She said that if it is true that OSWALD committed the assassination of President KENNEDY, that he very possibly would not have been caught if he had not lost control of himself when accosted by Policeman TIPPIT, resulting in the killing of Officer TIPPIT.

MARINA was asked if while she resided in New Orleans, she had attended any meetings alone, or in the company of OSWALD, or any other person. She answered she had not attended any such meetings on any occasion in New Orleans, or in Dallas. She stated while she was in New Orleans with OSWALD, she had been visited on occasion by OSWALD'S uncle and aunt and their family, and had been visited on two occasions by a Quaker friend of RUTH PAINE. RUTH PAINE had written this friend that MARINA OSWALD was in New Orleans and requested that the friend contact MARINA.

MARINA said she had previously stated this friend had visited her on one occasion. She now remembers that this Quaker friend of RUTH PAINE, whose name MARINA does not recall, visited her on two occasions—the first time she came alone to their house on Magazine Street and the second time she came accompanied by her two daughters. MARINA said this woman's husband is a Professor in a medical school in New Orleans, she believes. She said LEE HARVEY OSWALD had been at the house on the occasion of both visits of this Quaker woman. MARINA recalled that one of the daughters of the Quaker woman had toured the Soviet Union and the other daughter was a student of the Russian language.

MARINA was questioned concerning her religious belief. She advised she has always had a religious feeling, which dates back to a very young age. She said her grandmother, who had taken care of her when she was very young, had been very religious, in fact almost fanatically so. The grandmother taught her prayers, which she said for a number of years, but no longer recites. MARINA said she crosses herself before going to sleep each night, but she did not let LEE HARVEY OSWALD know this because he did not believe in a God and would have resented her doing this.

She said she has more religious belief now because of her recent experiences.

She volunteered the opinion that most every Russian, whether he shows it or not, down deep in his heart has a religious belief of sorts.

MARINA was further questioned concerning the events of the night of November 21, 1963. She said OSWALD had told her when he arrived unexpectedly at the PAINE residence on the evening of November 21, 1963, that he was lonesome for her and for the children. MARINA said at the time, she thought that OSWALD had arrived primarily to patch up the quarrel between them. She was asked if OSWALD had made the statement that he had something important to do, and she replied that she did not recall that he made such a statement.

She said she recalls OSWALD had retired to his bed approximately two hours before she had, but she does not believe he was asleep when she retired. She said, in fact, she believes he did not go to sleep until the early morning hours and for that reason, he did not awaken when the alarm clock went off. She said upon reflection, that she would now say that OSWALD had been nervous because he had not gone to sleep as he usually did. She did not think at the time of his being nervous.

On the morning of November 22, 1963, after OSWALD had arisen and was leaving the bedroom, and while MARINA was in bed feeding the baby, she mentioned to him that she had not had time previously to purchase the shoes which they had agreed she needed. OSWALD then told her to buy the shoes and to buy anything that was necessary for the children out of the money which they had saved, and which was in the wallet in the dresser drawer. MARINA states that in reflection, now she believes this to be strange, because OSWALD had always been most frugal and did not allow her to spend hardly any money.

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MARINA said OSWALD told her he would not be back to the PAINE house that weekend because he did not want to disturb the PAINE family any more than necessary.

MARINA was questioned regarding her personal relationships with LEE HARVEY OSWALD. She stated that she can recall that after a series of arguments, which had culminated in her writing a letter to the Soviet Embassy in the United States, requesting permission to return with her daughter, JUNE, to the Soviet Union, OSWALD had begged her not to leave him alone; and she had thereafter agreed that the whole family could return to Russia together. She said CSWALD had on occasion asked her not to laugh at him, or his ideas. She advised she had the impression that OSWALD had become lost in his relationship with the people of the world and was trying to find himself and to make something out of himself. She said she had been sorry for him.

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MARINA OSVALD was interviewed at her place of residence, 11611 Farrar Street. She was again questioned about her resollestion of the activities of OSWALD on Saturday, November 9, 1953. She stated OSWAID had called her on the previous day, November 8, 1963, which was a Friday, and told her he would not come to the FAINE residence. on that day because he had an appointment to see about a job the following day, November 9, 1963. She stated OSWALD appeared at the PAINE residence about 9:00 A.M. to the best of her recollection on November 9, 1963. About mid-morning that date, Mrs. FAIRE took OSWALD, MARINA and JUNE to Cak Cliff in Dallas to the Drivers License Office, but the office was closed because it was an election day. Mrs. PAINE then took the OSWALDs back to her house. MARINA states OSWALD stayed in the house the rest of the day, and, in fact, stayed at the house until the following Monday morning when he went to work. She stated she does not know of any occasion when OSNALD talked to anyhody about the purchase of an automobile. She said she is positive that he did not leave the FAINB residence on November 9, 1963 for such a purpose. She said that if OSVALD had talked to anybody about purchasing an automobile, that she did not know about it.

MARINA was again questioned conterning the trip taken by LEE HARVEY OSWALD to Mexico in September-October of 1963. She said OSWALD had not told her anything whatsoever about any intentions on his part to go to Mexico. She said he had not told her upon his return to Dallas in early Outober, 1963 that he had been to Mexico. She said she received no intimation whatsoever that he had intentions of going to Mexico or that he had been to Mexico. She said her first knowledge of OSWALD's travel to Mexico had been that which she gained from television programs at Dallas immediately following the assassination of President KENNEDY.

In this connection, MARINA OSVAID said that although she had in the spring of 1963 petitioned the Soviet representative in the United States to return to Russia, that by the fall of 1963 she had no desire to return to Russia. She

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said she had originally petitioned the Soviet government for a return to Russia mainly because OSWALD had found it difficult and almost impossible to support his family in the United States. She wanted to help OSWALD and she felt that she could do this by returning to Russia with their baby daughter.

Fortions of the diary of OSWALD in Russian were discussed with MARINA. She said she knew RIMMA SHERIKOVA who was the guide of OSWALD during his first trip to Mascew. She met this guide when the latter came to Minsk with a tourist group.

She advised she is aware that OSWALD had girl friends in Minsk before he met her, and she has met some, of these friends. She recalls a girl named/ENNA from Riga Estonia worked in the same factory as did OSWALD and had been a friend of his. She also recalled that a girl named TAMARA had been a friend of OSWALD before their marriage. She remembers a friend of OSWALD's had been a Jewish girl named ELFA GERMAN. She does not know these friends of OSWALD well because they were friends of his rather than hers, and OSWALD did not maintain a social relationship after their marriage.

MARINA reiterated that OSWAID had never attempted suicide to her knowledge since she had known him. She stated she had observed the scars on his left wrist and had asked him on several occasions about the scars but he was embarrassed and refused to talk to her about the scars.

MARINA said upon reflecting the entries of OSWAID in his diary pertaining to his suicide attempt, that it was her belief he had done this in order to obtain from the Russian government permission to stay in that country, and that he had not truly wanted to take his life.

MARINA advised OSWALD had told her on an occasion that he had walked into the American Embassy in Moscow and

thrown his passport on the table and told the officials that he considered himself no longer an American.

MARINA said OSWALD was the type of person who thought that there were green pastures in other countries. She said he had been disappointed in the Soviet Union. MARINA advised that he would like to have combined the job opportunities in the Soviet Union with the freedom of press and other freedoms enjoyed in the United States.

MARINA said in Russia OSWALD had enjoyed meeting people, but frequently he would grow tired of people after he knew them for a while. PAVEL COLOVACHEV, however, was his best friend. OSWALD and PAVEL enjoyed talking to each other. PAVEL was very clever; he was a good story teller. PAVEL was an expert in electronics and read many periodicals and books on the subject. Although neither OSWALD nor MARINA were interested in electronics, they would listen to PAVEL talk about electronics. OSWALD and PAVEL also discussed politics. PAVEL was very frank and direct in his approach to things and in his conversation. He was candid in his views. MARINA thinks he was honest in his opinions. PAVEL and OSWALD played chess a good bit.

ERIC TITOVIETS, a medical student in Minsk, presented a better appearance than did PAVEL and was more handsome than PAVEL. MARINA stated she was more attracted to ERIC at first than to PAVEL, but when she became better Russia acquainted with each of them, she found that PAVEL being more direct and more honest in his opinions was the more attractive of the two. She found ERIC to be afraid to openly discuss political questions.

In his letter of September 9, 1963 to the OSWALDs, ERIC mentioned the "Z's". MARINA said this was a reference to the ZIEGER family who lived in Minsk and were friends of the OSWALDs. When he first went to work in the TV factory, OSWALD could not speak adequate Russian. Mr. ZIEGER, whose full name is ALEXANDER ROMANOVICH ZIEGER, can speak

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Russian, English, Spanish and Polish, and he acted as OSWALD's interpreter. ZIEGER was one of the chief engineers in the plant. OSWALD did not work in the same section as did ZIEGER. OSWALD and ZIEGER became good friends and associated socially before and after OSWALD's marriage. Concerning ZIEGER, MARINA stated he was of Jewish blood, she believed. He had been raised in a land which was a part of Poland. He had spent 25 years in Argentina and had then returned to his homeland. Meanwhile, his homeland had become part of Russia and is now known as Belorussia. Both he and his wife desired very much : to leave Russia and return to Argentina.

ZIEGER and OSWALD frequently discussed political subjects and ZIEGER was frank in his displeasure with the Soviet system and wanted to leave and go back to Argentina to live.

MARINA stated ERIC TITOVIETS had become acquainted with the ZIEGERS. ERIC knew the ZIEGERS when she met OSWALD. ERIC, like the OSWALDS, was a friend of the ZIEGERS. She said it was therefore natural for ERIC to comment regarding the ZIEGERS in his letter to the OSWALDS. Concerning her friend LIALIA, MARINA stated this girl's full name is LARISSA PETROVANA PETRUSEVICH, and her nickname is LIALIA. She lived in the same apartment house as did the OSWALDs in Minsk. Although she had been raised in Belorussia, she had relatives living in Moscow. MARINA stated LIALIA on occasion had visited her relatives in Moscow. MARINA does not recall the occasions but knows that LIALIA had been in Moscow. MARINA does not recall the

MARINA stated LIALIA was a few months older than she, and would, therefore, be 22 or almost 23 years of age at the present time. She estimated the height of LIALIA to be about 5' 4". LIALIA has brown eyes and dark hair. She had a pretty figure which was somewhat girlish. She had well-shaped legs, and although she was not pretty, was very attractive. She had a lively personality. MARINA described LIALIA as a child who was not at all sophisticated. She said

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LIALIA was very definitely of Russian descent although she might have some Polish blood as her mother had possibly come from Poland. MARINA stated that to her knowledge, LIALIA had never lived in Moscow but had only visited there for short occasions to see her relatives.

Date January 18, 1964

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MARINA OSWALD was interviewed at her place of residence, 11611 Farrar Street.

She was questioned concerning a notation on a sheet of autobiographical notes of OSWALD. This notation showed his wife as MARINA <u>NIKILIEVNA</u> OSWALD, and written underneath that was the name "DAVID LEE OSWALD, son, American". MARINA OSWALD said that this had been a note made by OSWALD before the birth of her first daughter, JUNE. OSWALD thought the first child would be a son and had already selected the name as DAVID LEE. It was in anticipation of this that he made this note on this autobiographical sketch.

MARINA was asked if she recalled that OSWALD had in his possession a phonograph record when he returned to Dallas, on October 3, 1963. She said she did not know if he had a phonograph record and that if he had brought a phonograph record back to Dallas on that occasion, she did not know about it.

She also said OSWALD had never spoken to her about Jai-lai games.

MARINA said she had never been in, nor seen, the residence at 1026 North Beckley, where OSWALD last lived.

MARINA was asked the direct question if OSWALD had ever said anything, or did anything, to indicate to her he was thinking of, or intended to, kill or aftempt to assassinate or harm the late President KENNEDY, or Governor JOHN CONNALLY. She answered that OSWALD had not said anything, or done anything, to indicate any intentions to harm either late. President KENNEDY, or Governor CONNALLY. She said that the accusation of OSWALD as the assassin of President KENNEDY had

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come as a "thunder clap" to her.

She said that she cannot recall that OSWALD ever said anything, or wrote anything, against Governor JOHN CONNALLY. She said OSWALD had told her he had written to the United States Navy, protesting his undesirable discharge, and that he had received a form letter from the Navy, stating that his request would be considered. He made the remark to her that the bureaucracy in the United States was just as bad as it was in Russia.

MARINA identified two additional acquaintances of hers in Russia. These persons are TAMARA ALEXANDROVNA SANKOVSKAYA, who is approximately age 34, and was an employed of the Third Clinical Hospital at the same time as was MARINA. This woman is married and has a child and is a pharmacist by profession. Another friend of MARINA'S was SOFIA VASILEVSKAYA, now about age 25, who also was employed at the Third Clinical Hospital at the same time as was MARINA. She was also a pharmacist by profession.

MARINA said if JACK RUBY is found guilty of the slaying of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, she would hope RUBY would not forfeit his life, as she believes enough blood has been shed in this matter.

R. Subject's Address Book

1 DL 100-10461 WGB:mvs

On November 27, 1963, Captain WILL FRITZ made available an address book found at the residence of LEE HARVEY OSWALD, Dallas, Texas. This address book had writings in both the English and Russian languages. On page 19 of the aforementioned address book was noted the name R. HARTEN HAWTORN.

reflects a ROMANTHARTEN, wife, MARTHA, employed as a draftsman for Koch, Fowler and Crafe, with residence located 3719
Hawthorne, Dallas, Texas.

The following investigation was conducted by SA WILLIAM G. BROOKHART at Dallas, Texas.

Mr. ROMAN HARTEN, 3719 Hawthorne, was interviewed at his place of employment on January 10, 1964, Fowler and Grafe, Incorporated, 3900 Lemmon Avenue. Mr. HARTEN advised that he has never met LEE HARVEY OSWALD, OSWALD's wife, or any of OSWALD's family. Some time ago, Mr. GEORGE BOUHE, a leader in the Russian Orthodox Church Group in Dallas, Texas, proposed that HARTEN and his wife take in a young couple who was coming to Dallas from Russia. Mr. HARTEN said that at that time he and his wife had a spare room and might have been able to make this available, however, he later found out that the man was an American and he felt that if this were the case, he believed that this man must be a Communist because he was coming back to the United States from Russia with his Russian wife without any opposition from the Russian government. For this reason, he told Mr. BOUHE that he would not have anything to do with this individual. He was never told the name or identity of -this young couple and did not learn until after the assassination of President KENNEDY that LEE HARVEY OSWALD and his wife, MARINA, were the young couple referred to by Mr. BOUHE.

Mr. HARTEN said that the only explanation he could have for his name being in the address book of LEE HARVEY OSWALD is that possibly it was given to OSWALD by Mr. BOUHE

2 DL 100-10461 WGB:mvs

as a prospective place to live, and that OSWALD may have thought that this would have been a place to keep in mind. Mr. HARTEN said that he never heard from OSWALD and presumed that OSWALD never considered HARTEN's residence as a place to live.

Mr. HARTEN said that he would be happy to aid in any way possible, however, he did not know anyone outside of Mr. BOUHE who knew LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Mr. HARTEN advised he had not become an American citizen and was an Estonian National, and has been in the United States approximately 14 years. He was born December 24, 1896 at Parnu, Estonia and is a Civil Engineer, having graduated from the Railway Engineers Institute in Moscow, Russia. He said that he does not have a license to practice engineering in the United States and is currently employed as a draftsman for Fowler and Grafe, Inc.

VIII. INVESTIGATION RELATIVE TO SUBJECT'S TRAVEL

DL 100-10461 RPG:mvs

Biforts are being made to locate JOHN HOWARDABOWEN who is believed to be the person who sat next to LEE HARVEY.

OSWALD on the Mexican Red Arrow bus on a trip from Nuevo 70x65.

Laredo to Mexico City on September 26/27, 1963.

On January 7, 1964, Confidential Informant T-4 furnished information to the effect that JOHN HOWARD BOWEN had still not been located. Informant advised that on January 7, 1964, Reverend ALBERT/OSBORNE, an elderly Canadian missionary residing 4A Emilio Carranza Street, San Martin de Texmelucan, State of Puebla, had advised that BOWEN is an ordained Baptist minister who over the years has collected funds for construction of several churches in Mexico. BOWEN has not been in Mexico since late September or early October, 1963, at which time he advised OSBORNE he was thinking of giving up his missionary work because many of his contributors who helped him financially over the years are now deceased. Informant advised that OSBORNE suggested that BOWEN could be located through the Hotel Jong or Jung in New Orleans, Louisiana where he was most recently employed and was making efforts to qualify for Social Security benefits. OSBORNE also thought BOWEN might be located through the Hotel St. Anthony in Laredo, Texas. (No such hotel of this name is known to exist in Laredo, but there is such a hotel in San Antonio, Texas).

Informant advised that OSBORNE claimed he has no way of communicating with BOWEN and does not know his exact address in the United States, although he believes he is inthe United States at this time. OSBORNE indicated to informant that BOWEN never lived at the Emilio Carranza address but did pick up his mail there during his visit to Mexico in September or October, 1963.

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Under date of January 8, 1964, the Los Angeles Office advised that in connection with efforts to locate JOHN HOWARD BOWEN on January 8, 1964, PATRICIA WINSTON and PAMELA MUMFORD were interviewed by SA CHESTER C. ORTON and SA JOSEPH DOYLE POWELL. WINSTON and MUMFORD stated the photograph of BOWEN with the sun helmet, which was exhibited to them, was not familiar to them. They stated the picture taken in 1954 of BOWEN standing in front of a castle was familiar to them and possibly could have been the man who sat next to LEE HARVEY OSWALD on the bus from Laredo to Mexico on September 27, 1963.

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