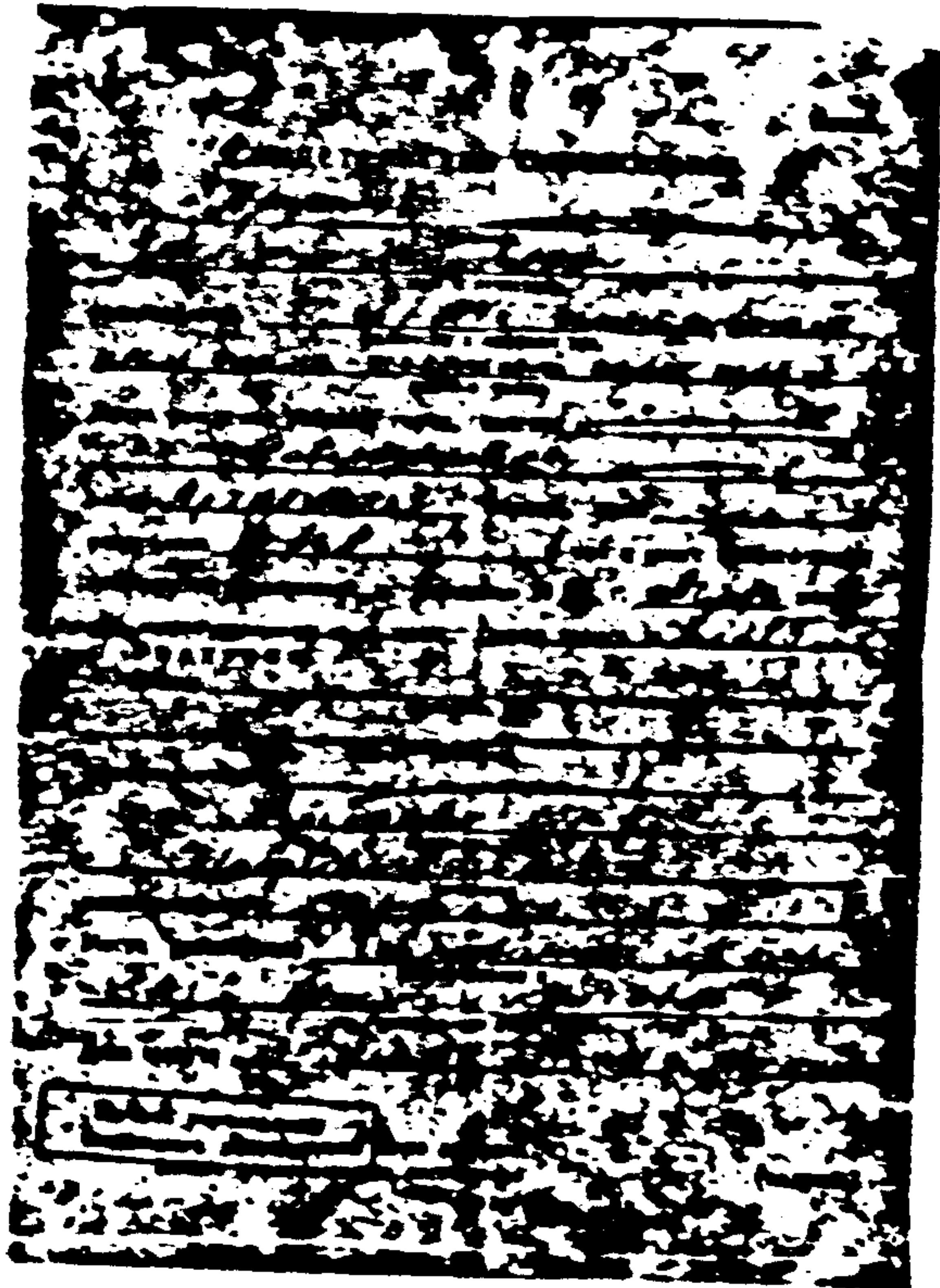
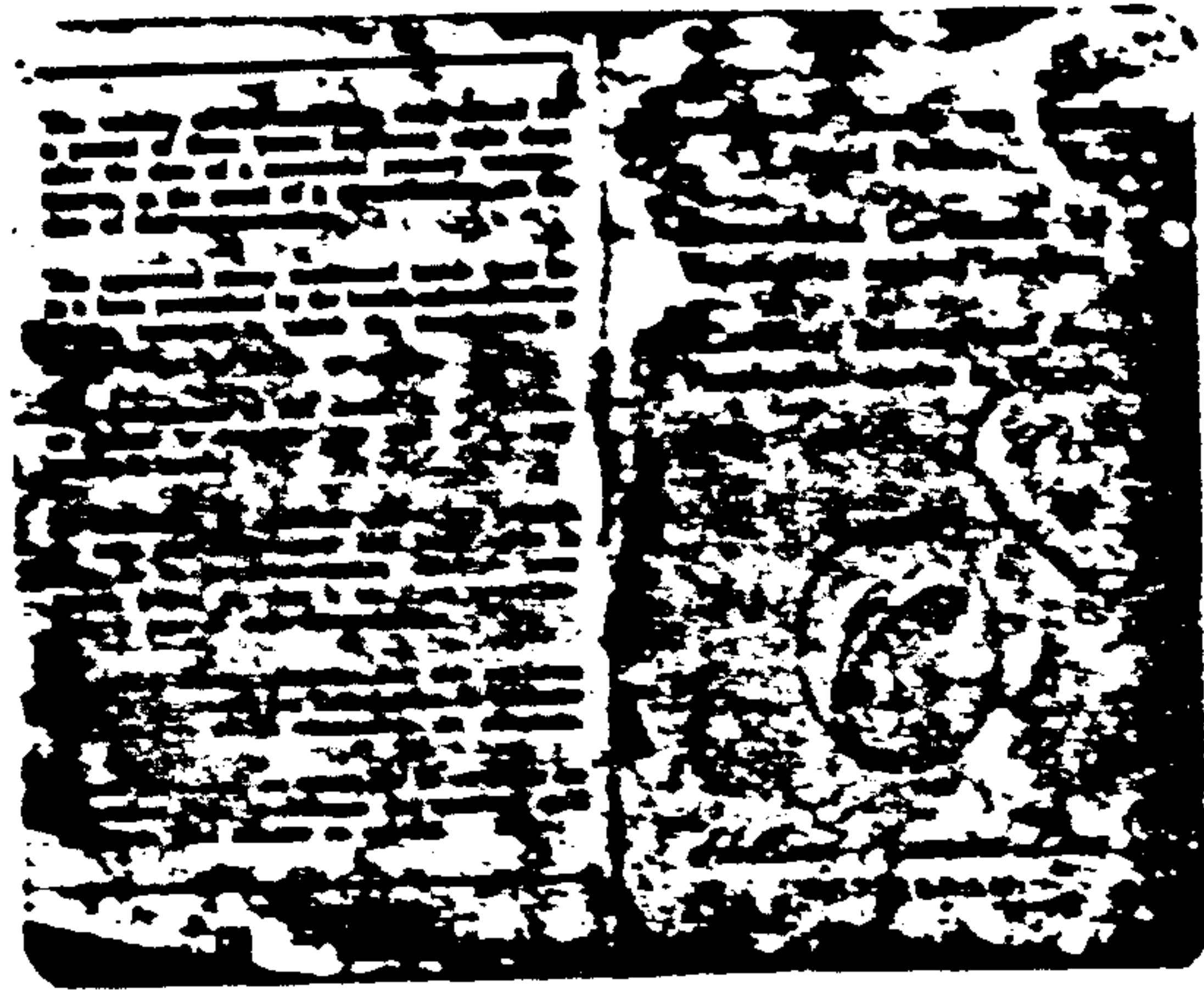


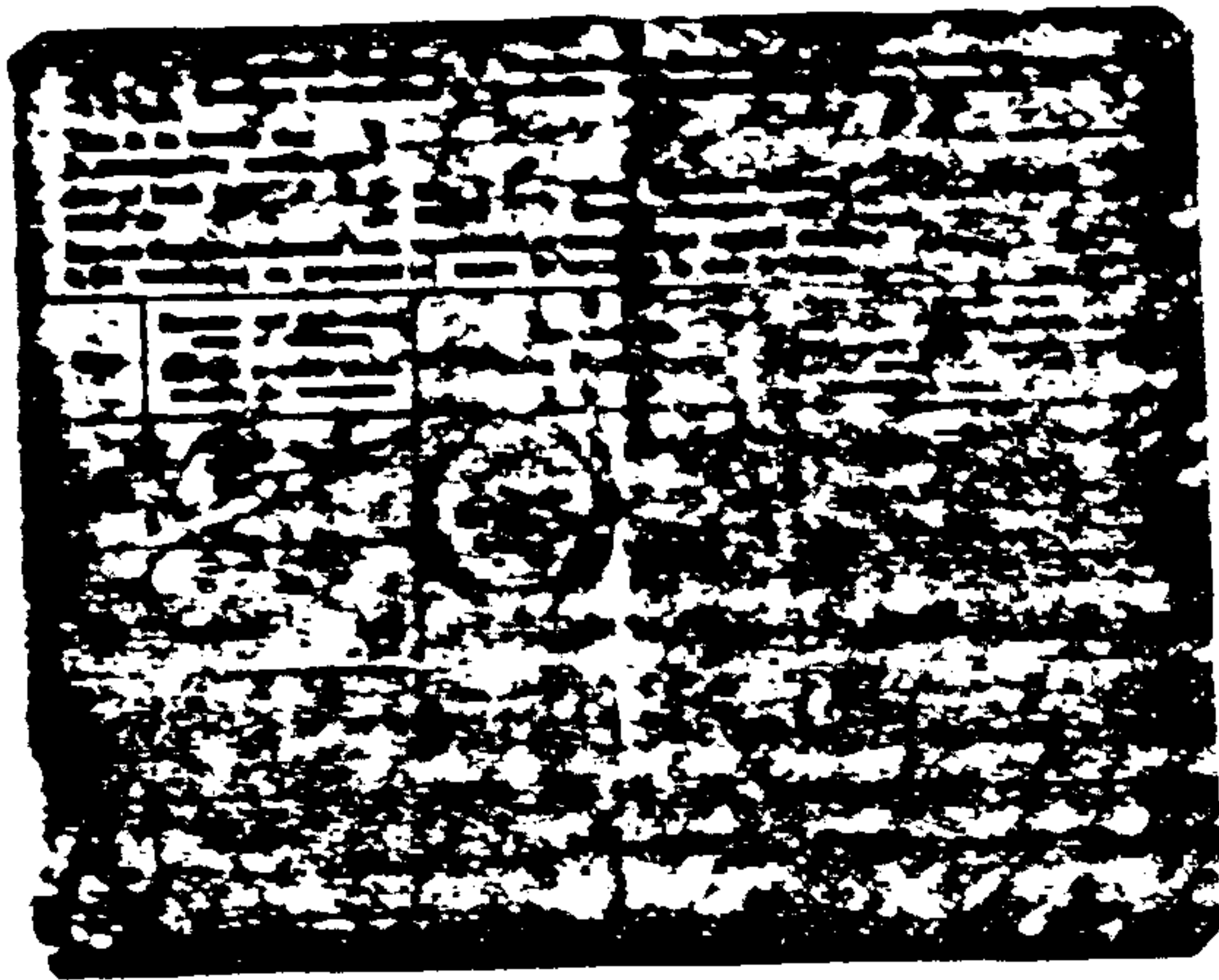
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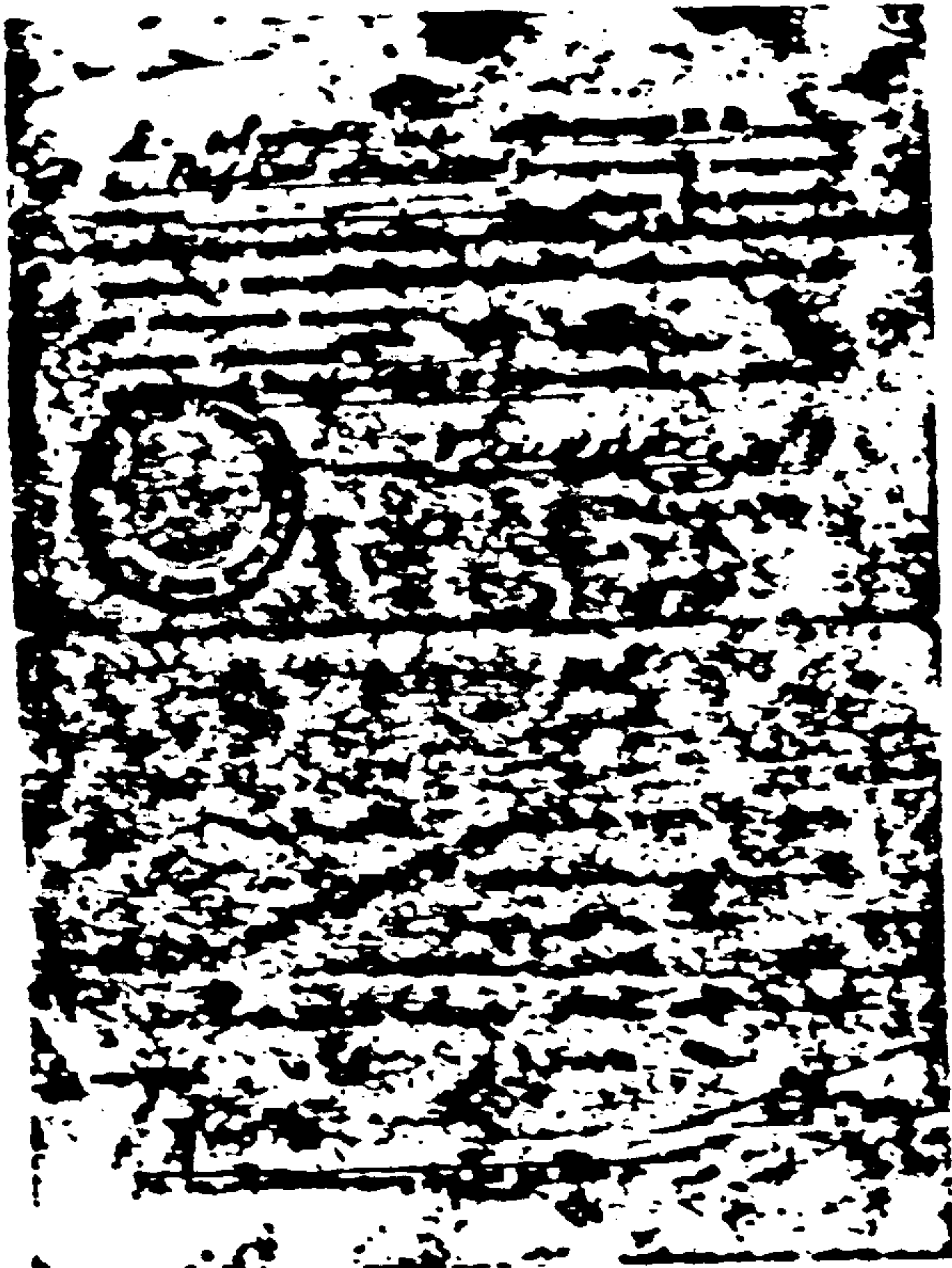
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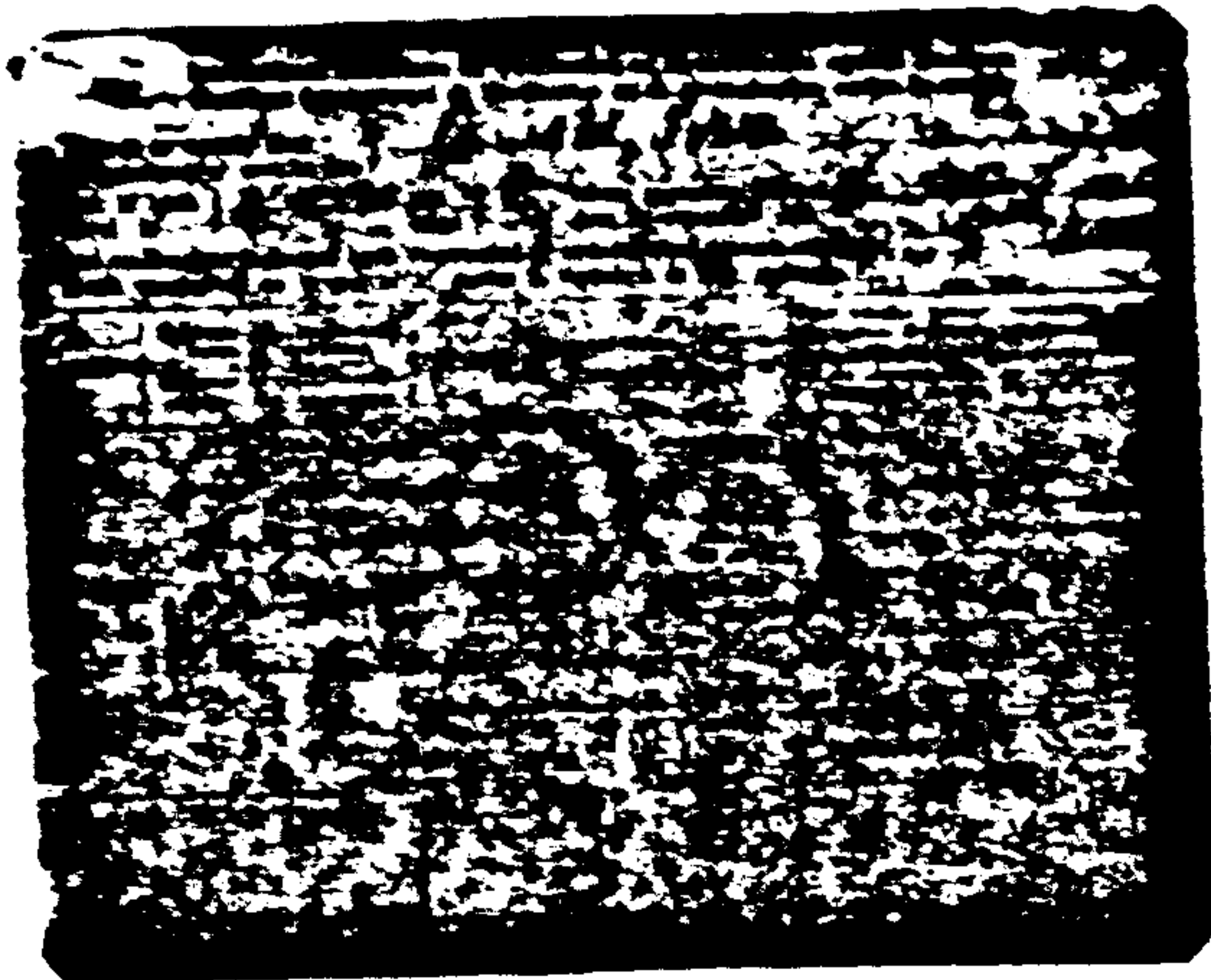
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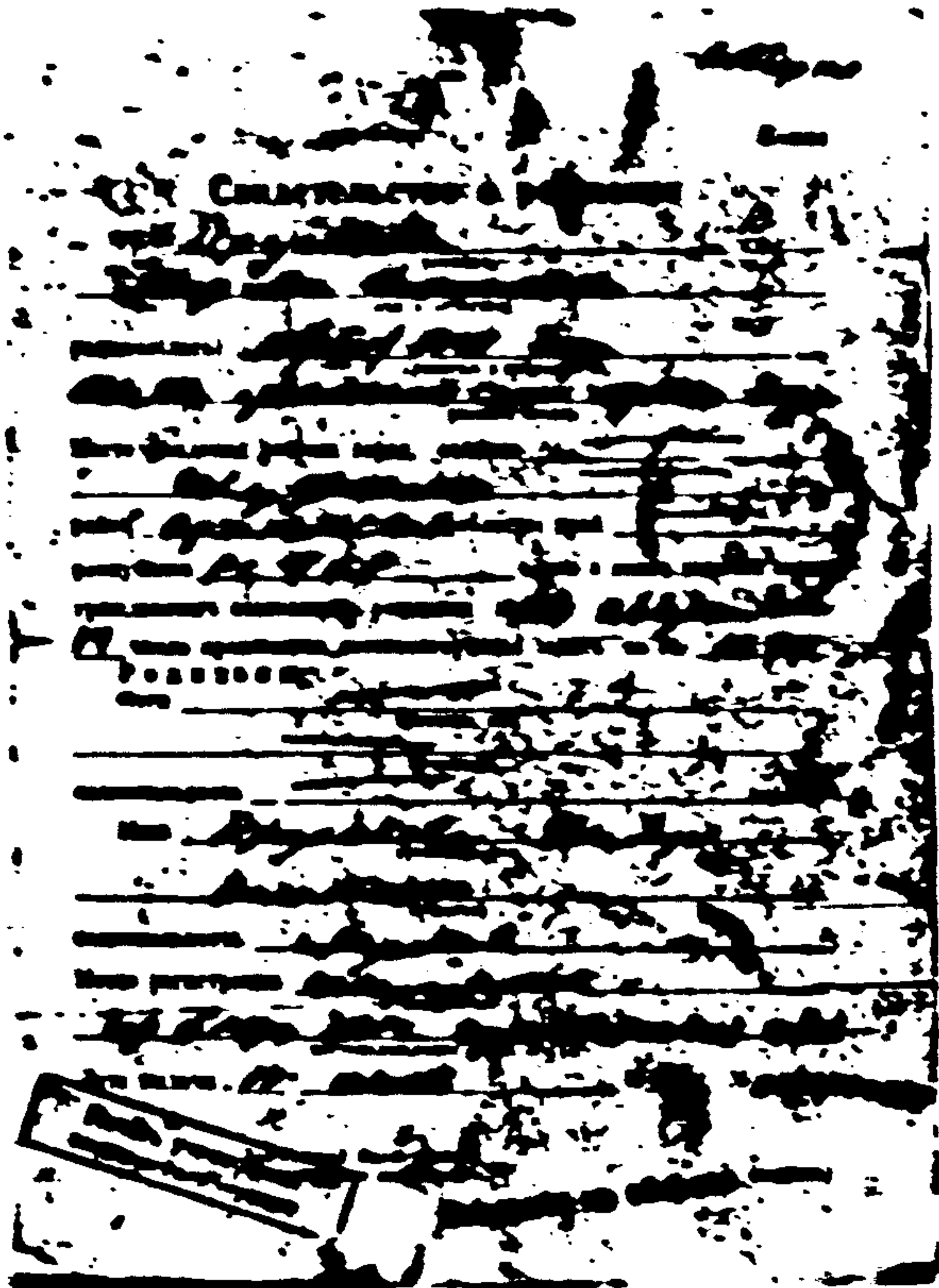
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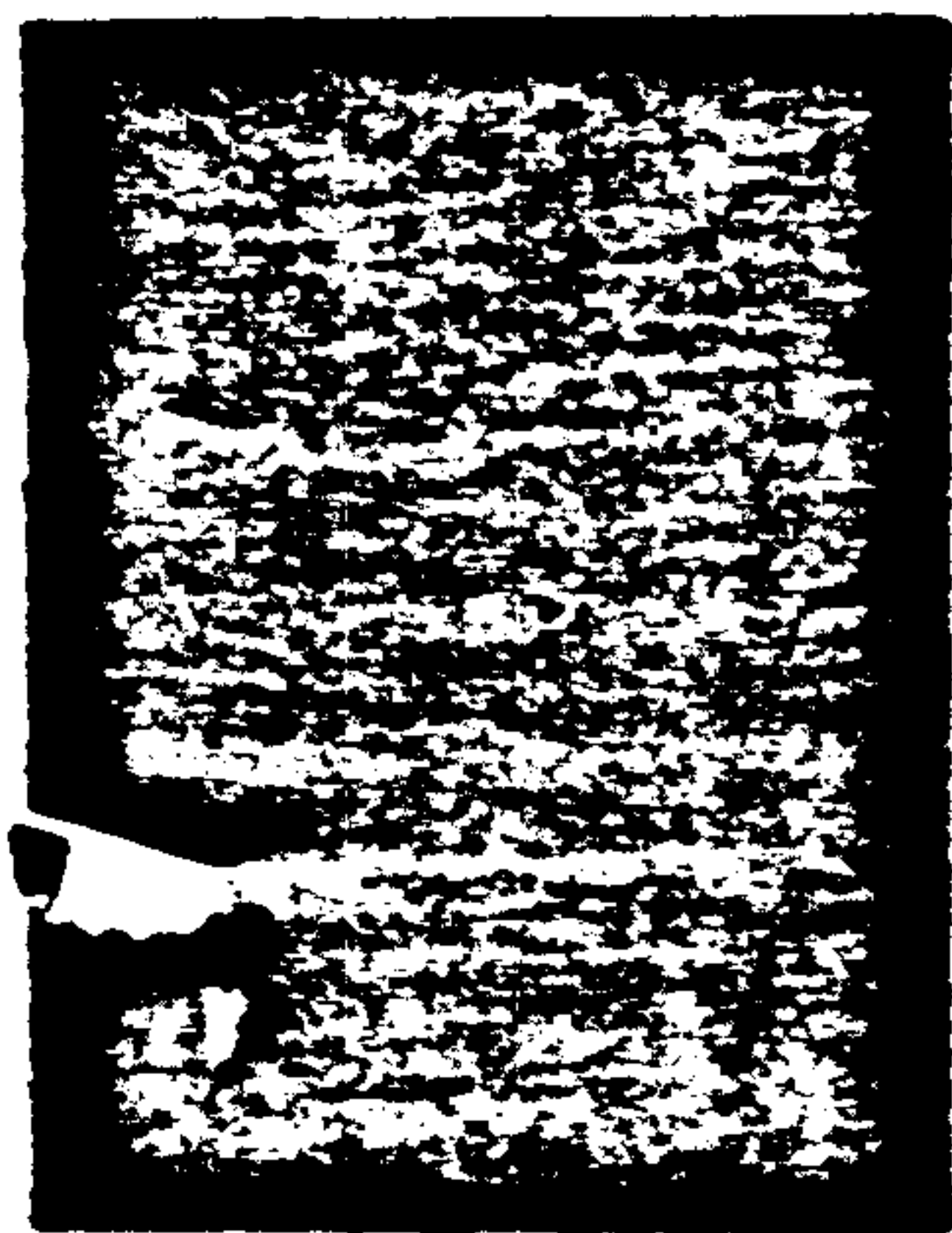




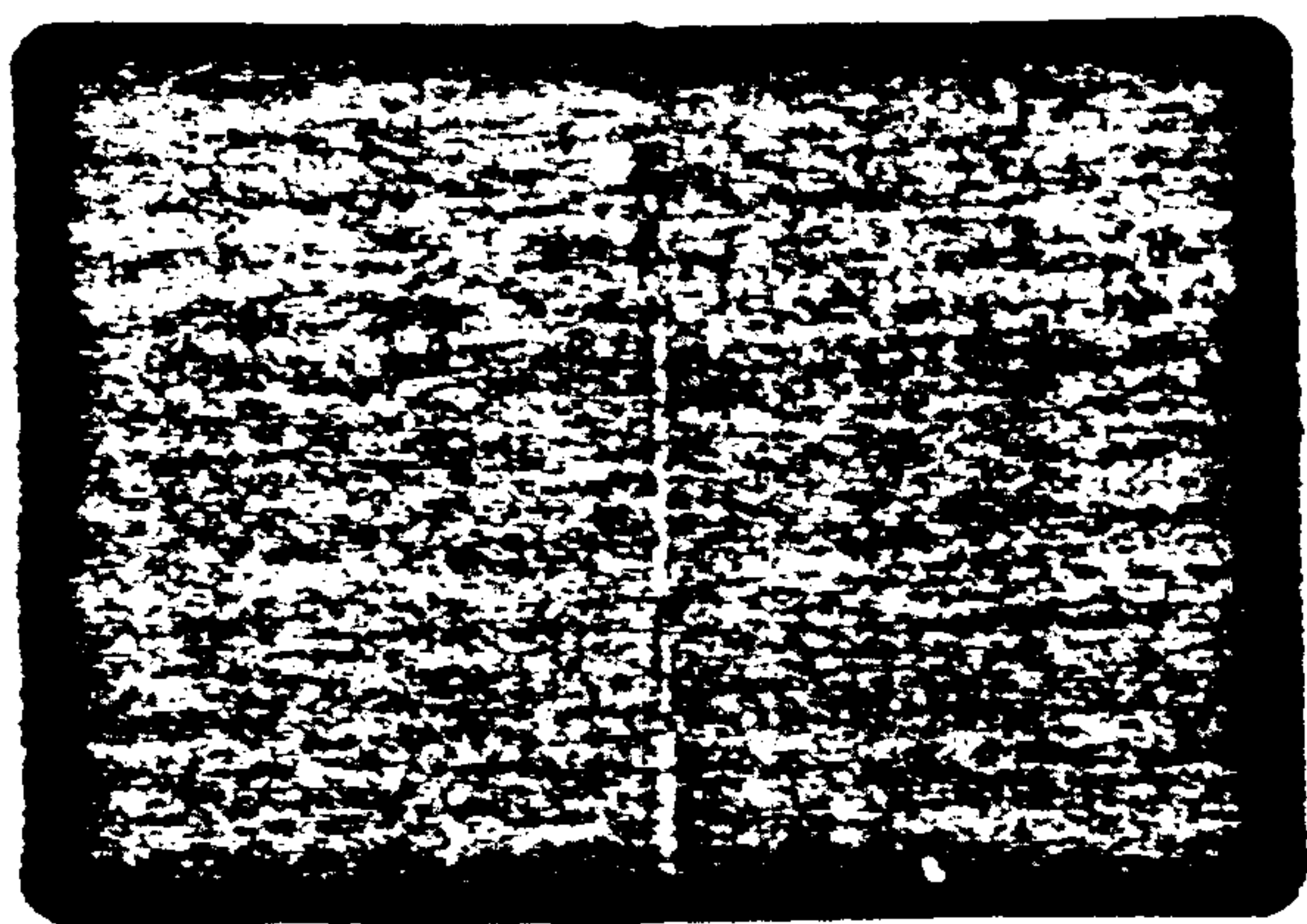
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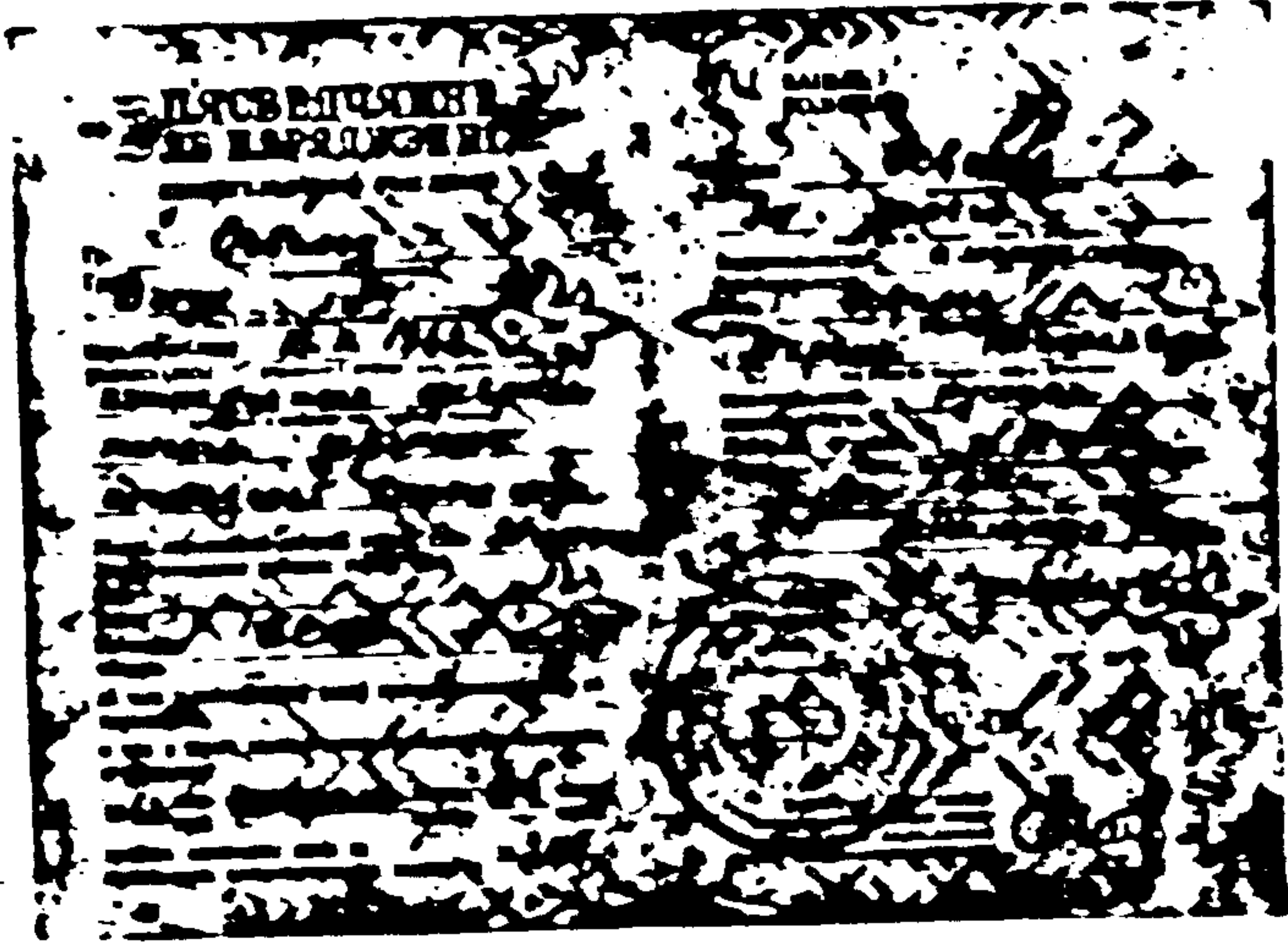




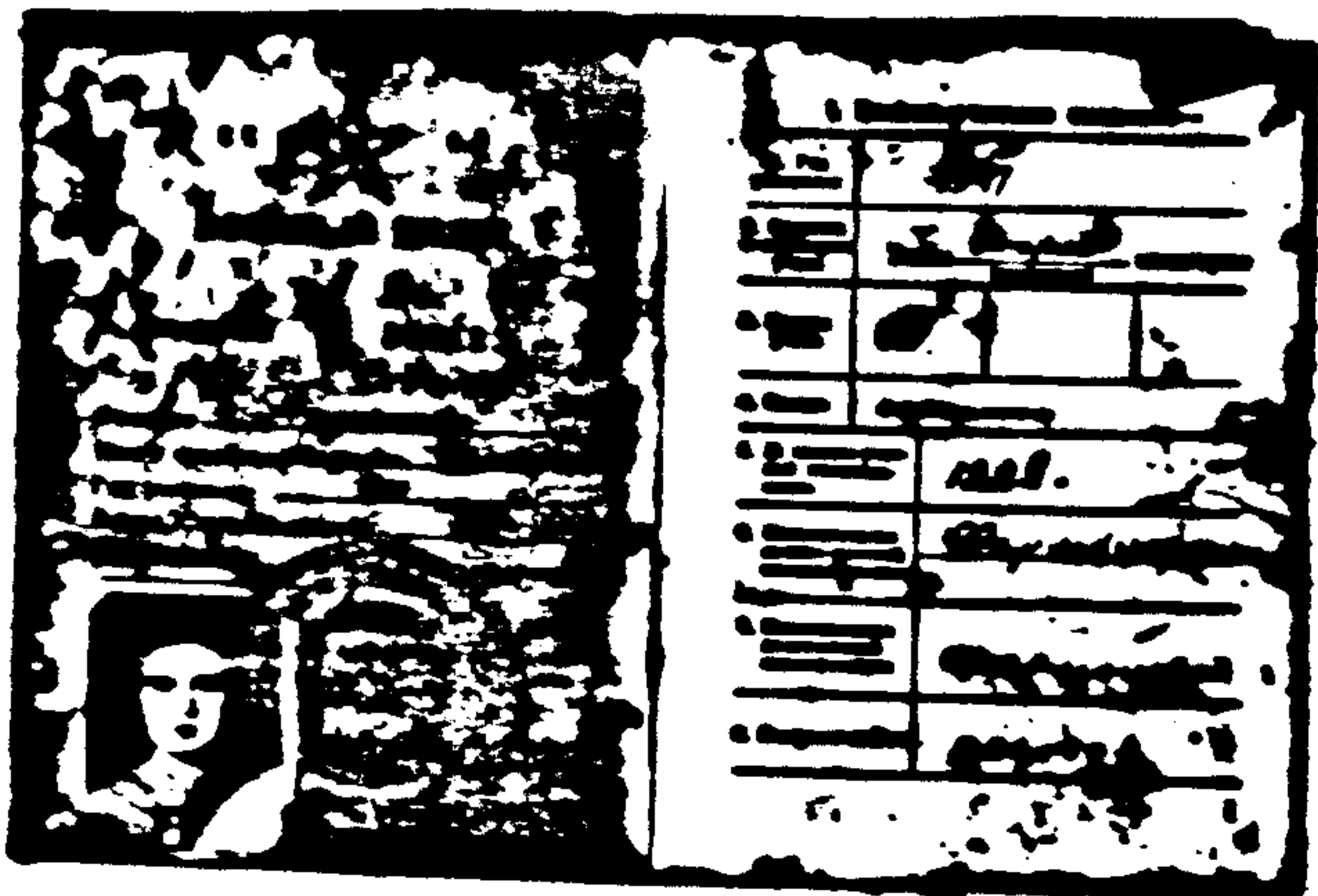
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266

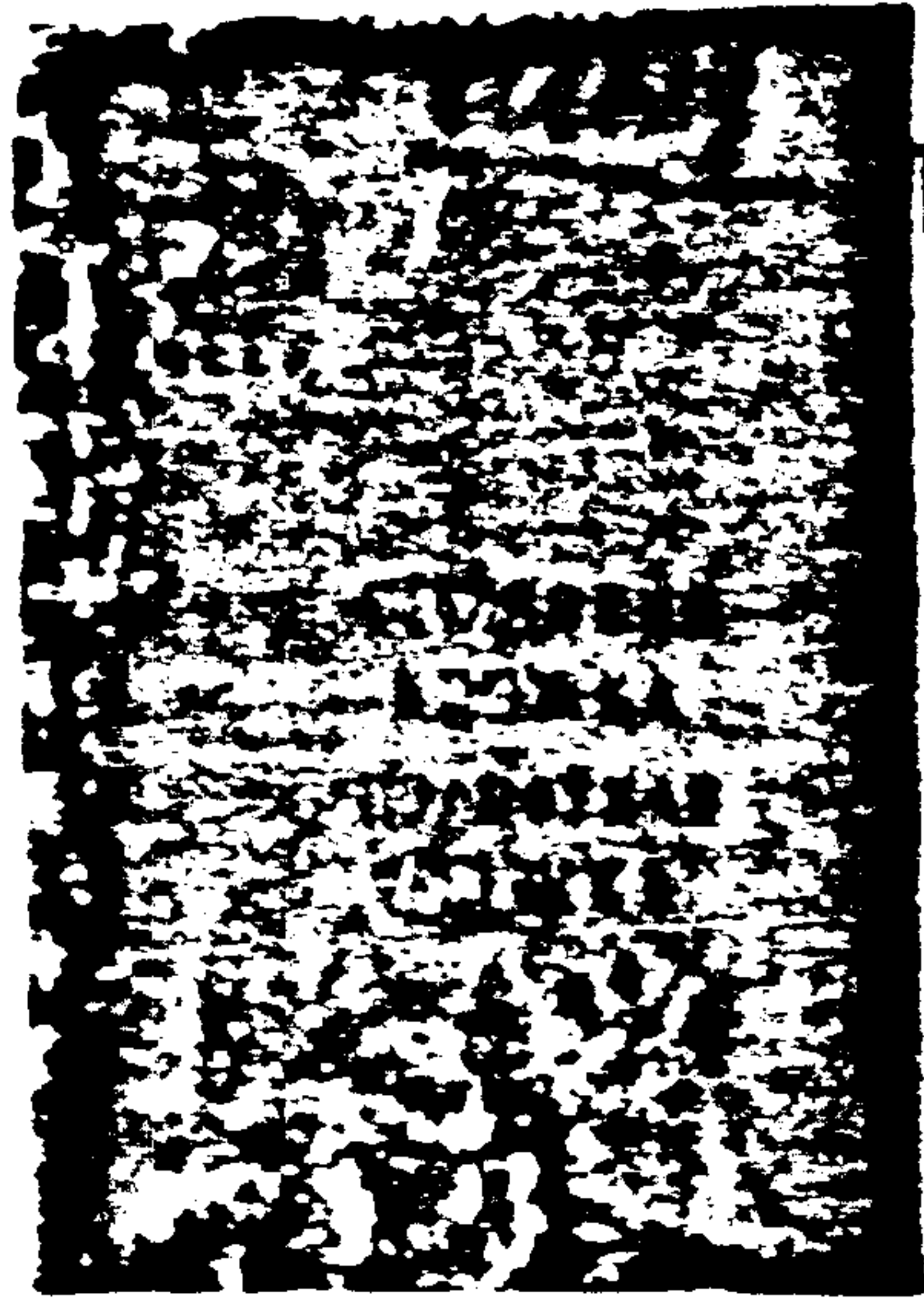


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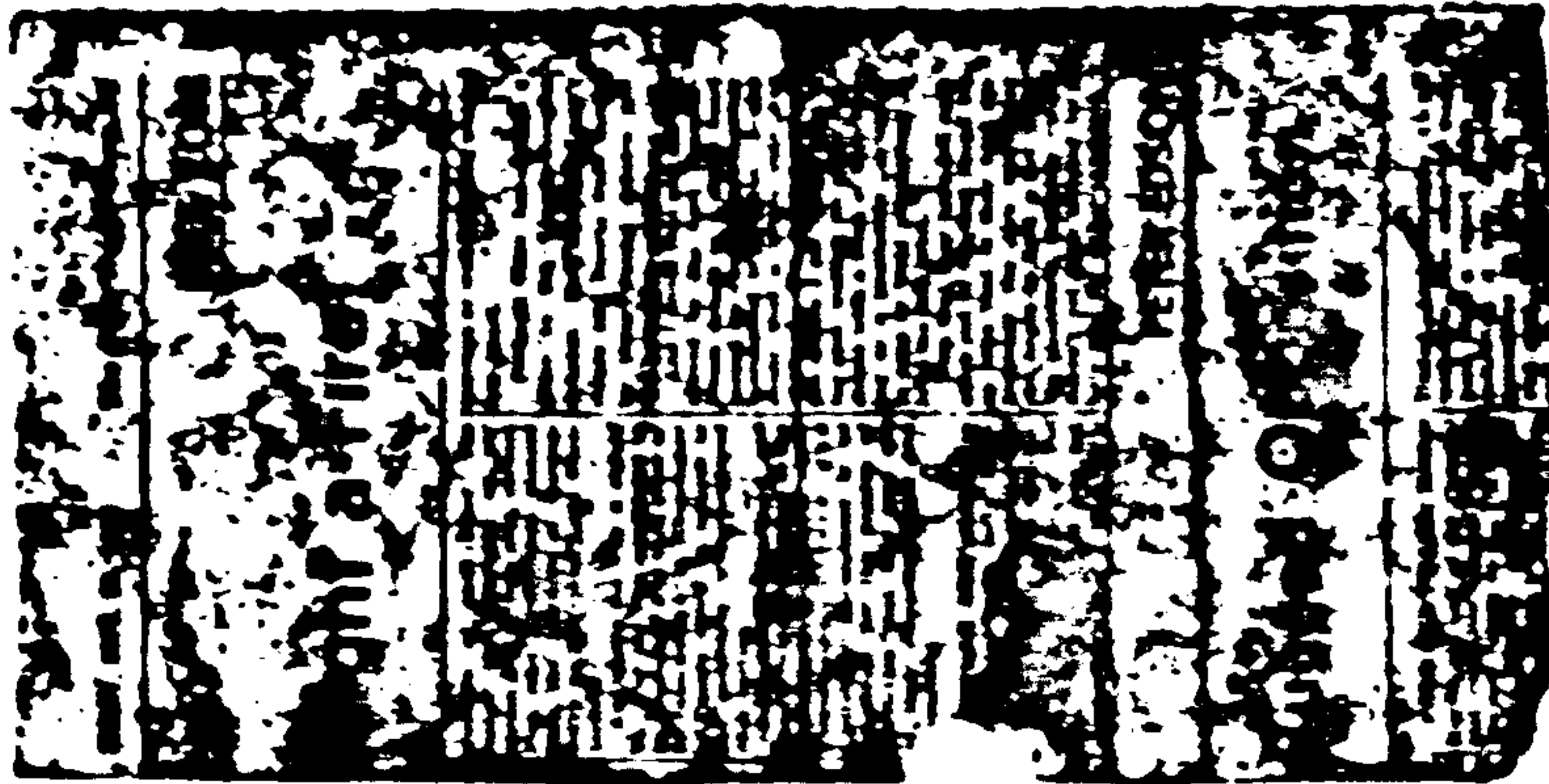
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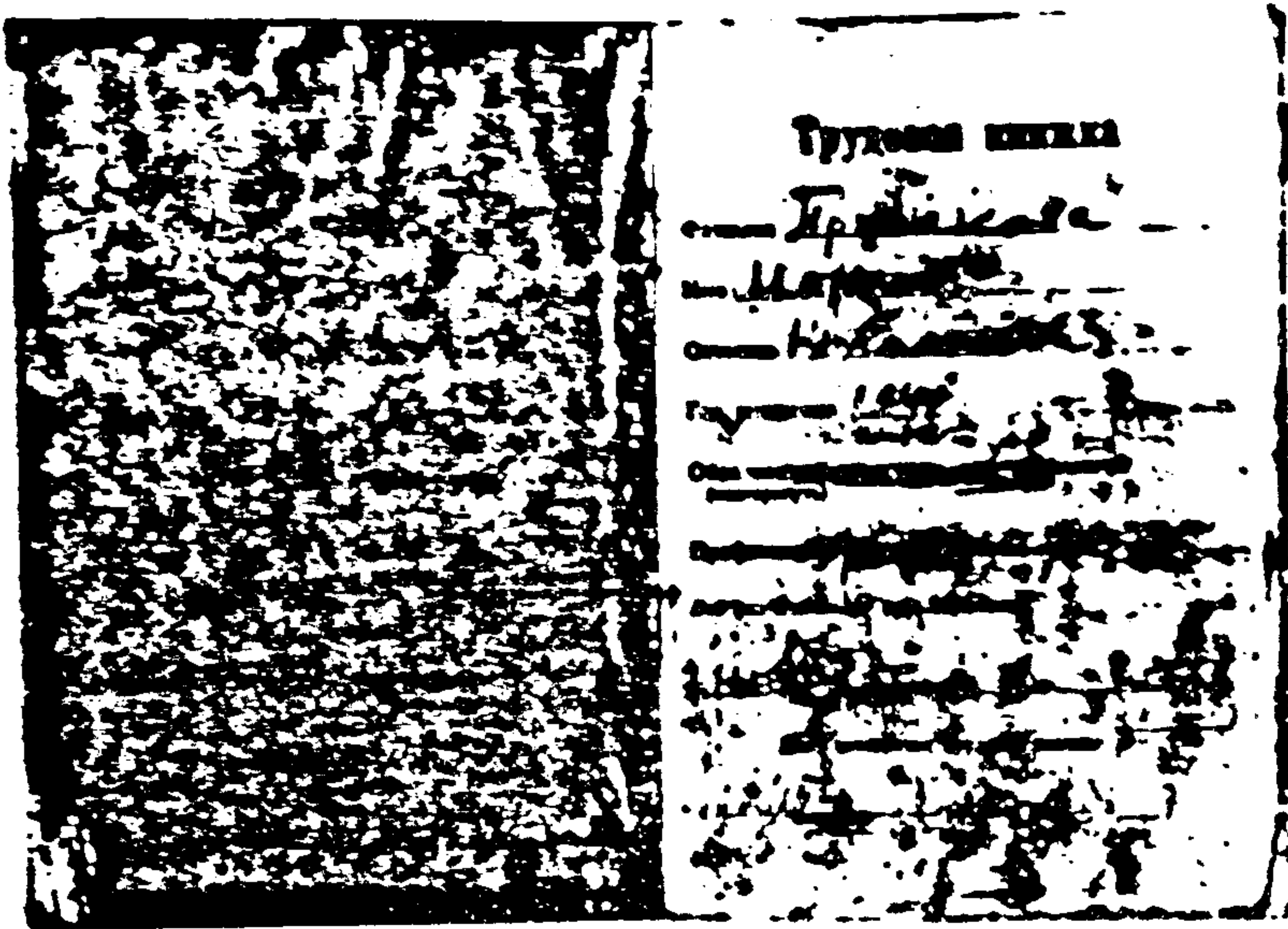
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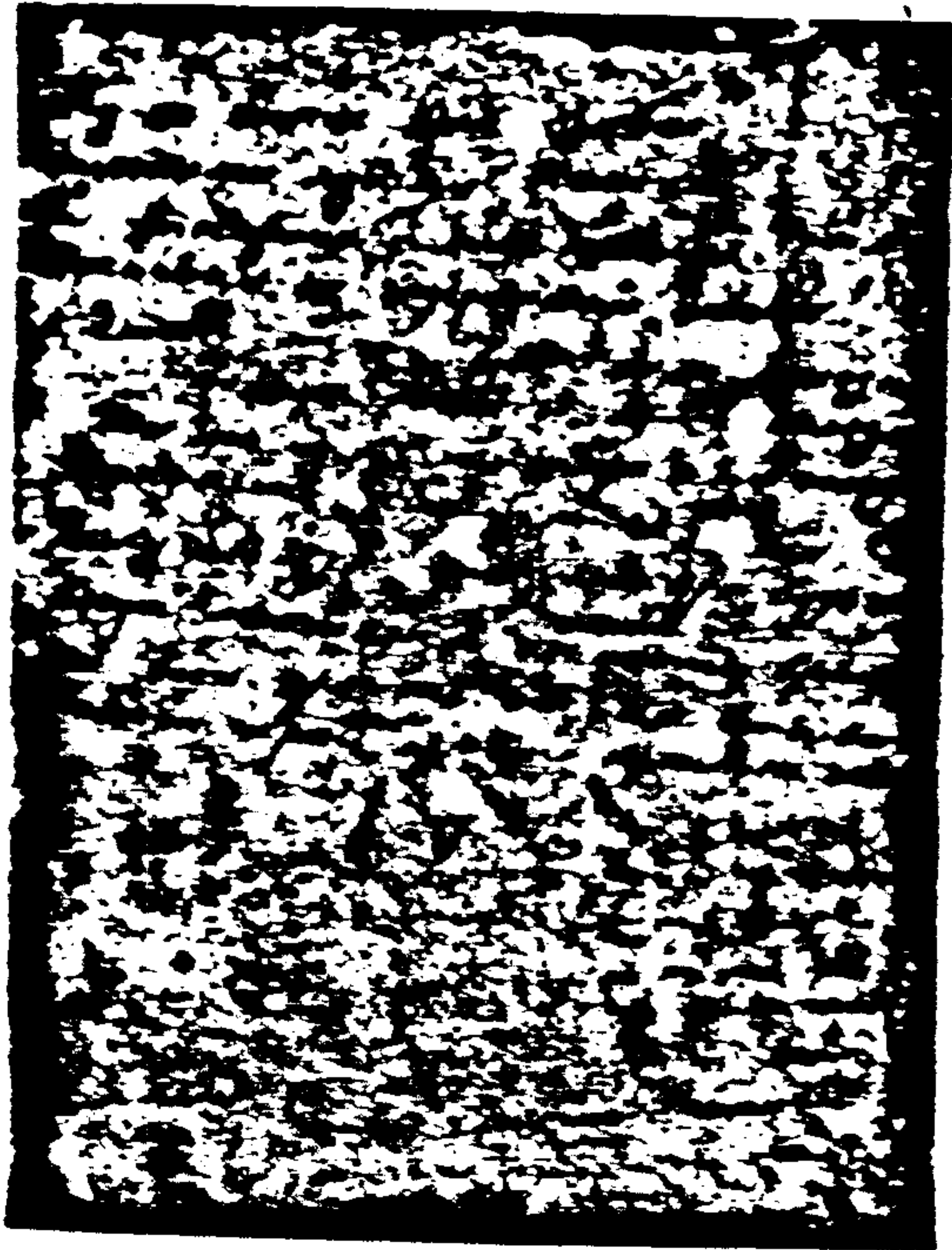
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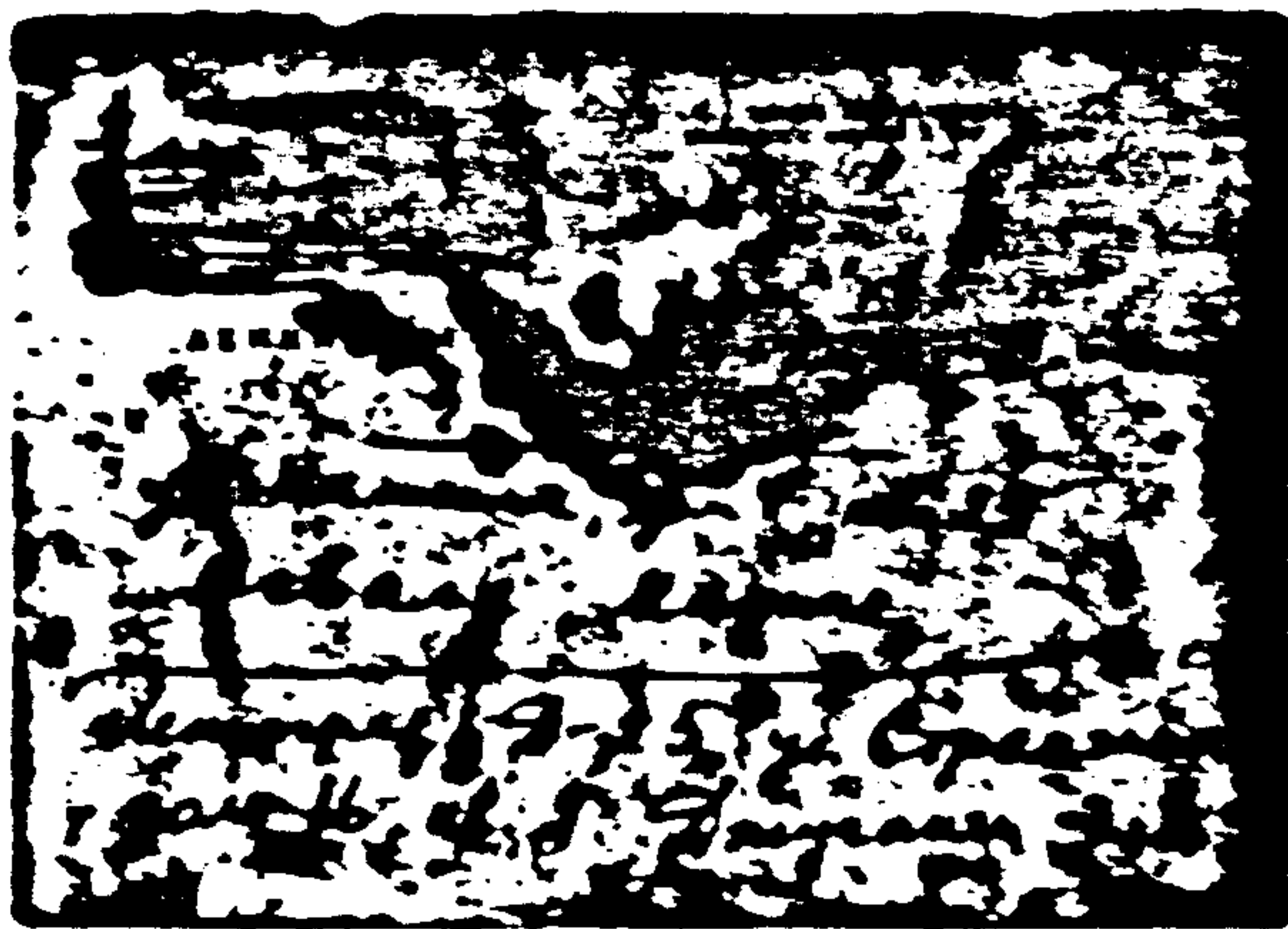
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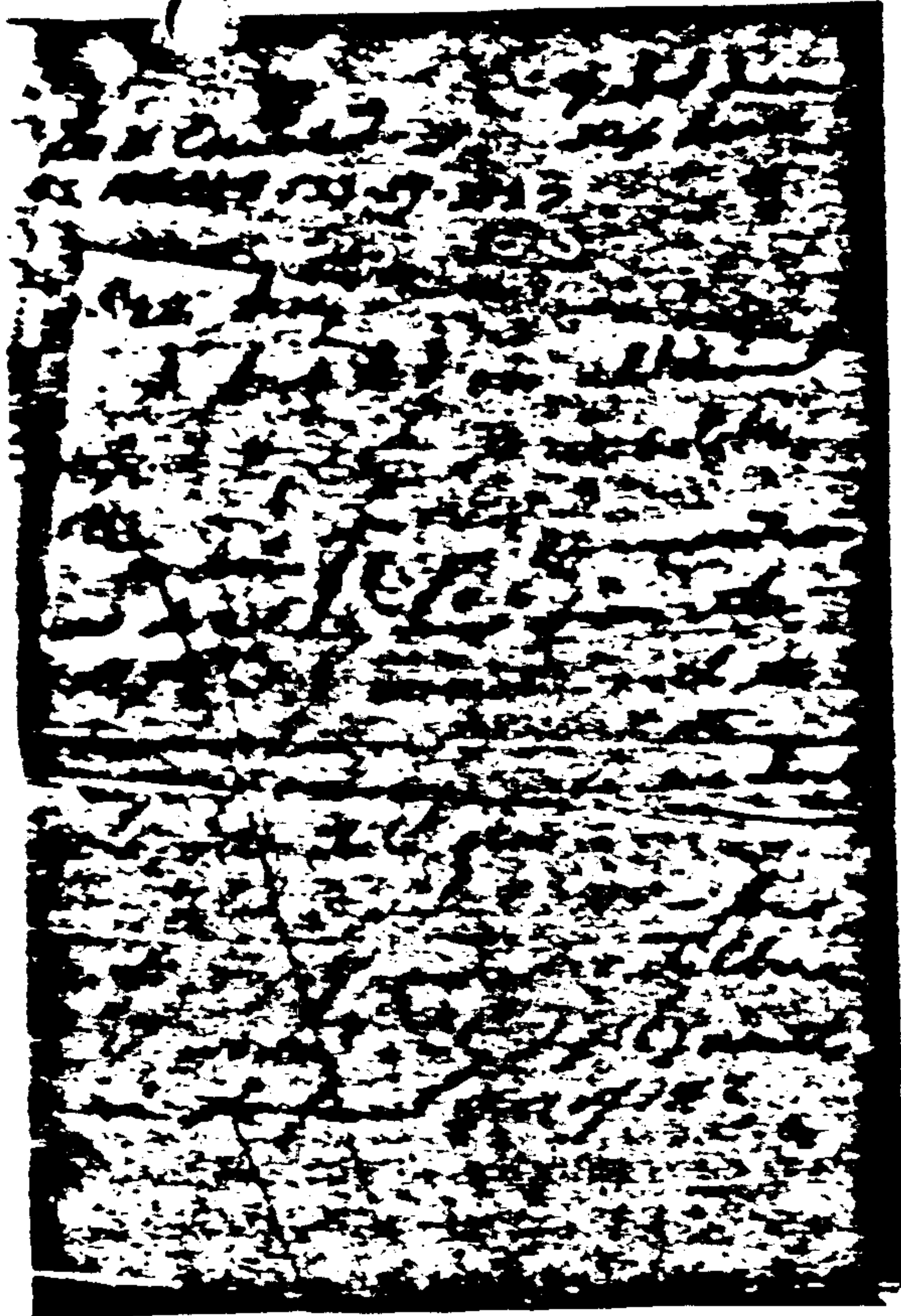
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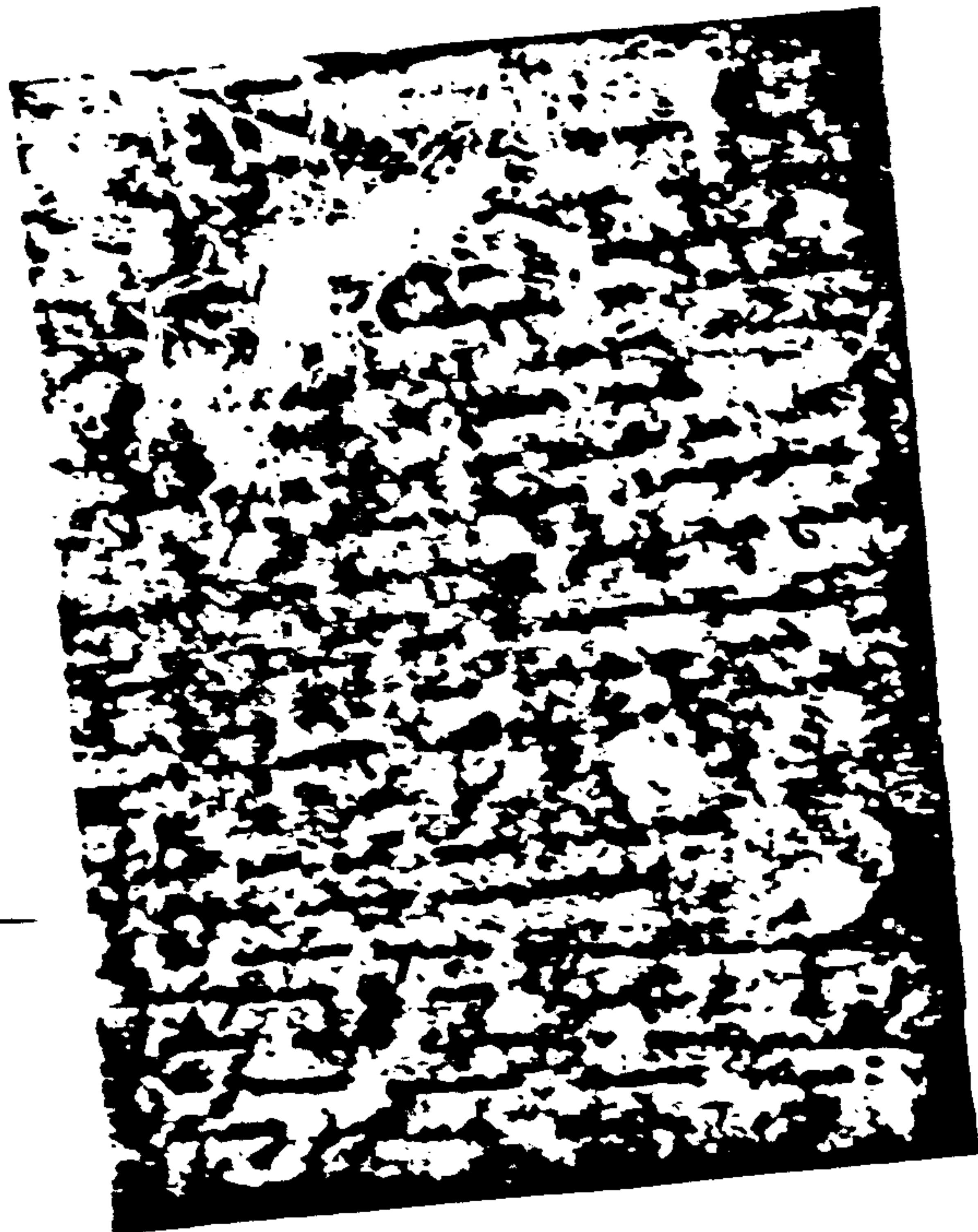
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272



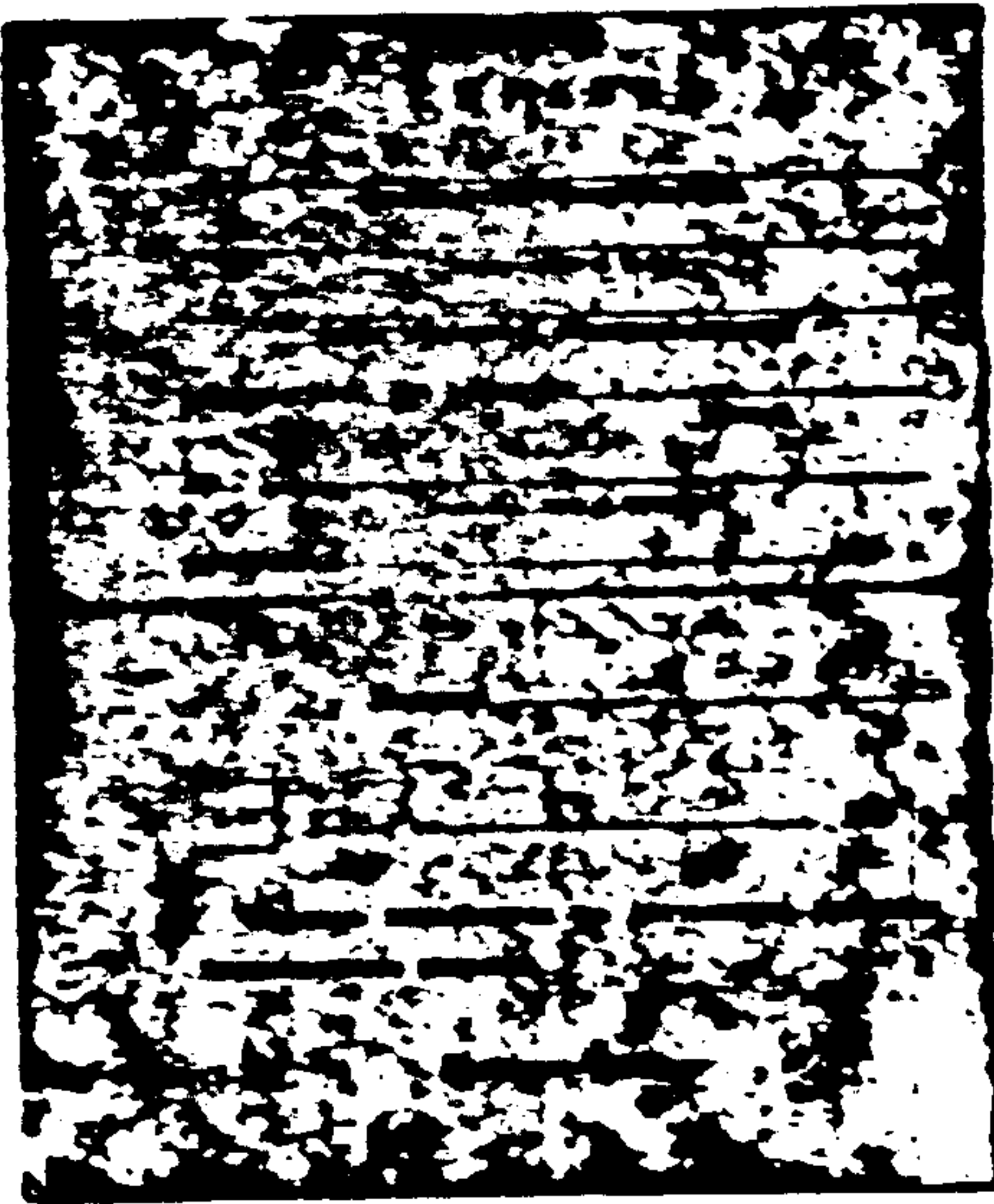
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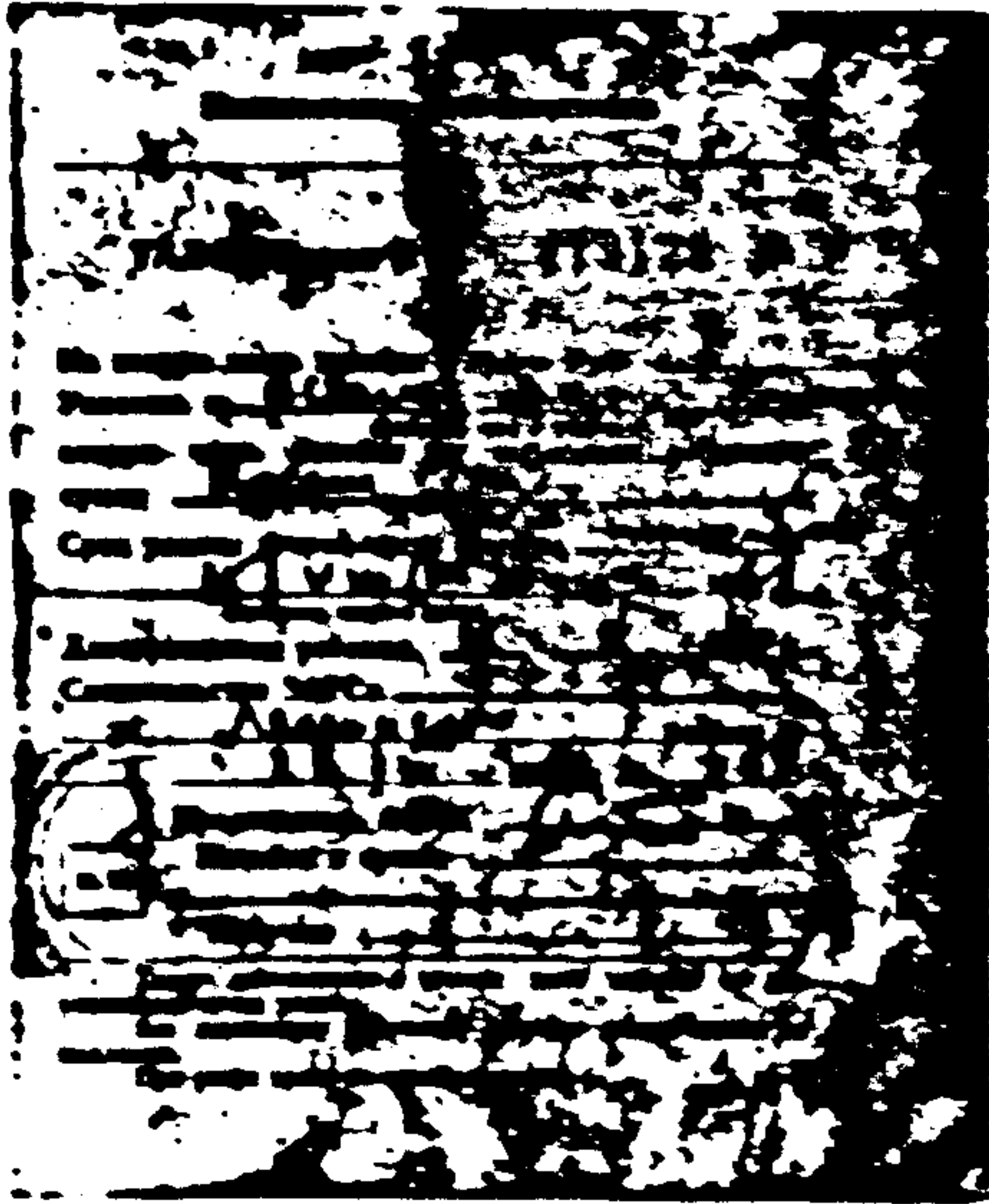
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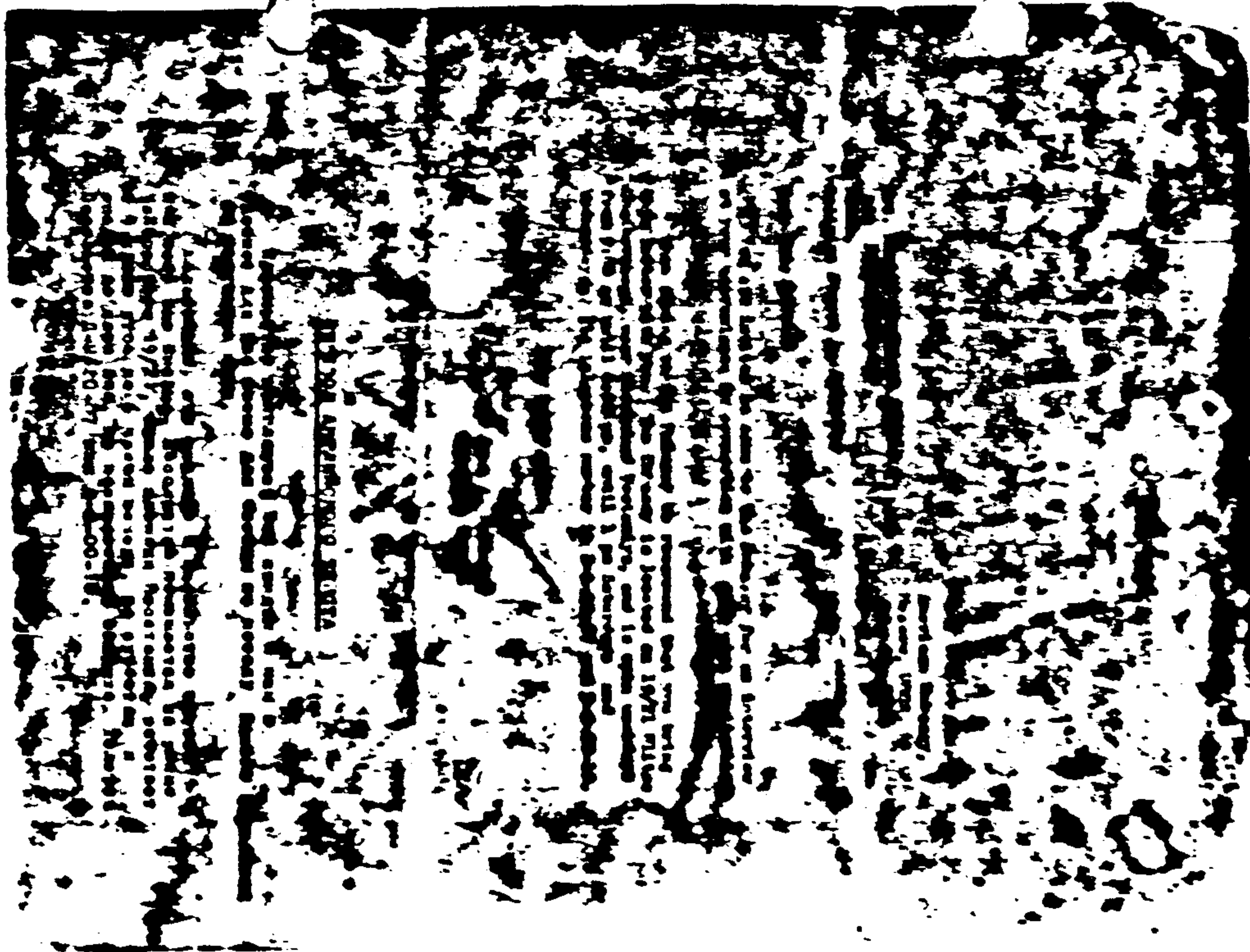
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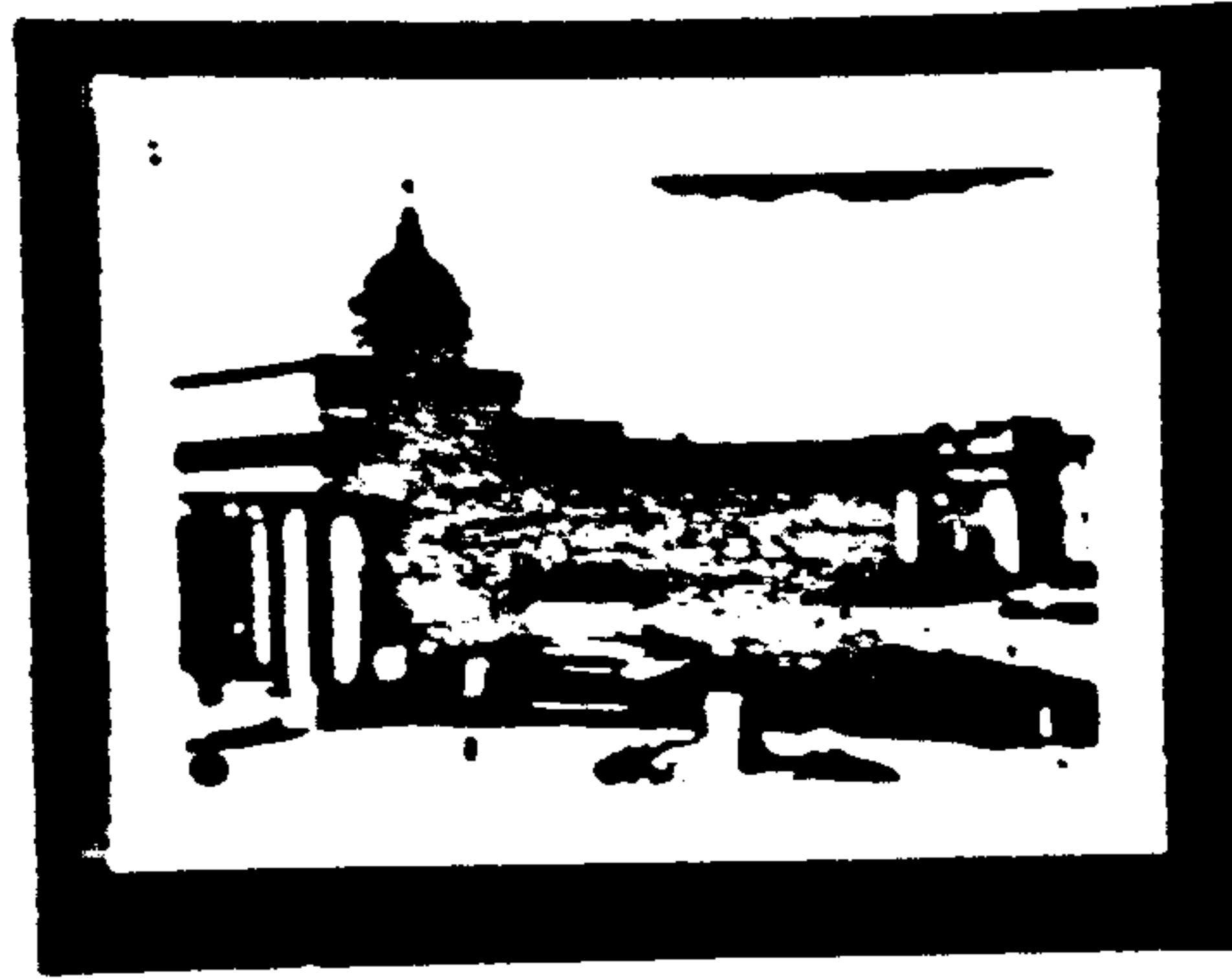
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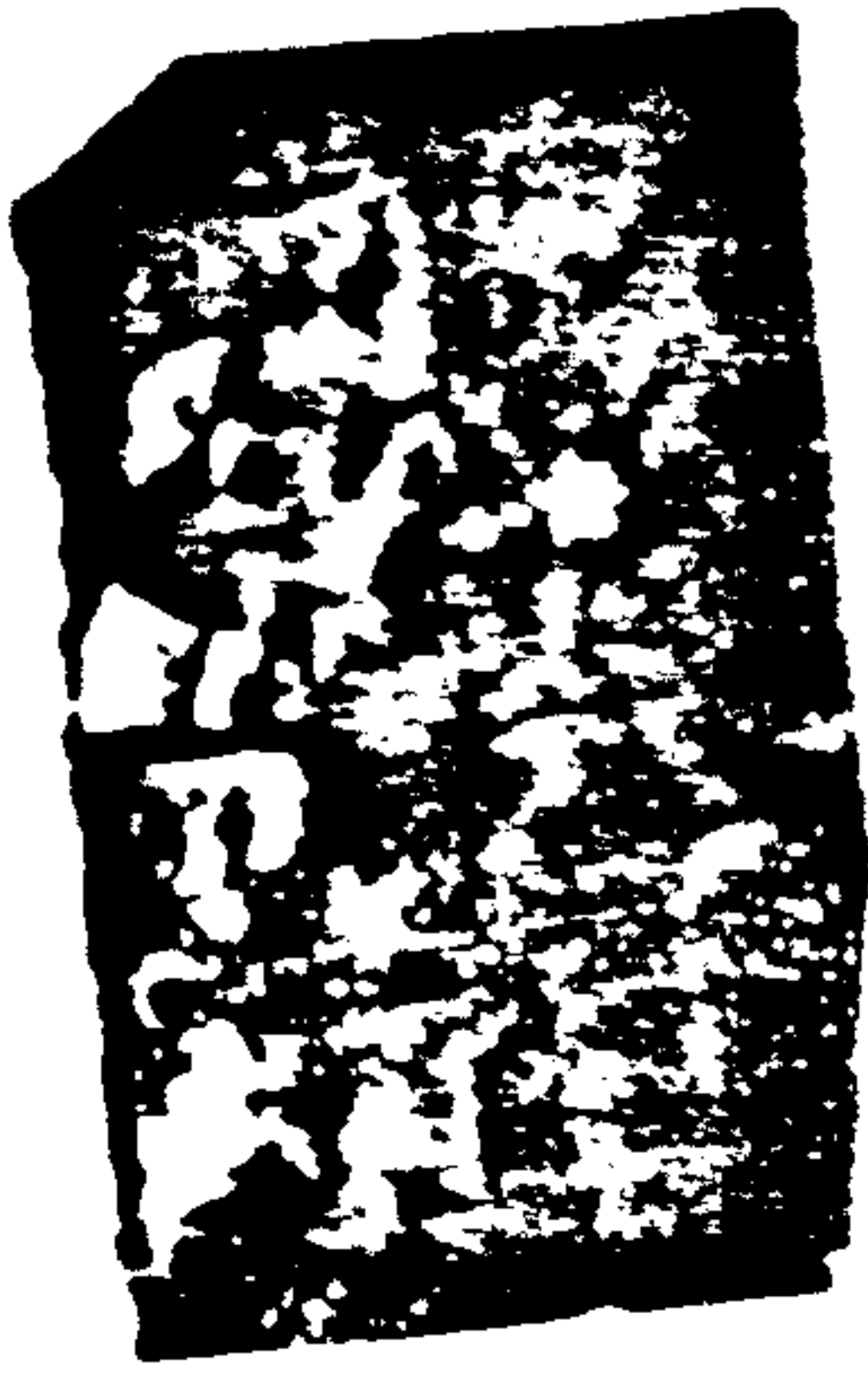
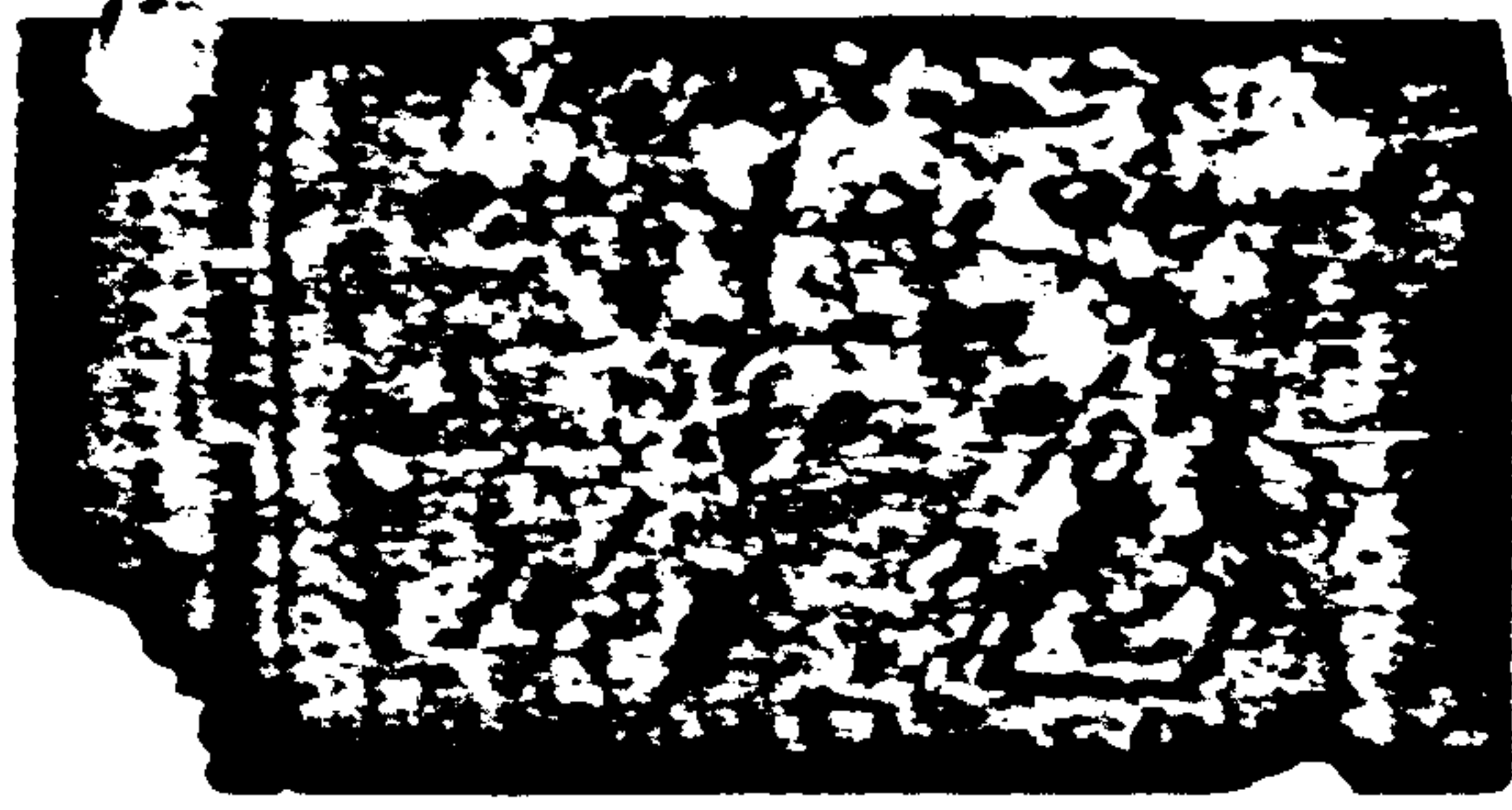
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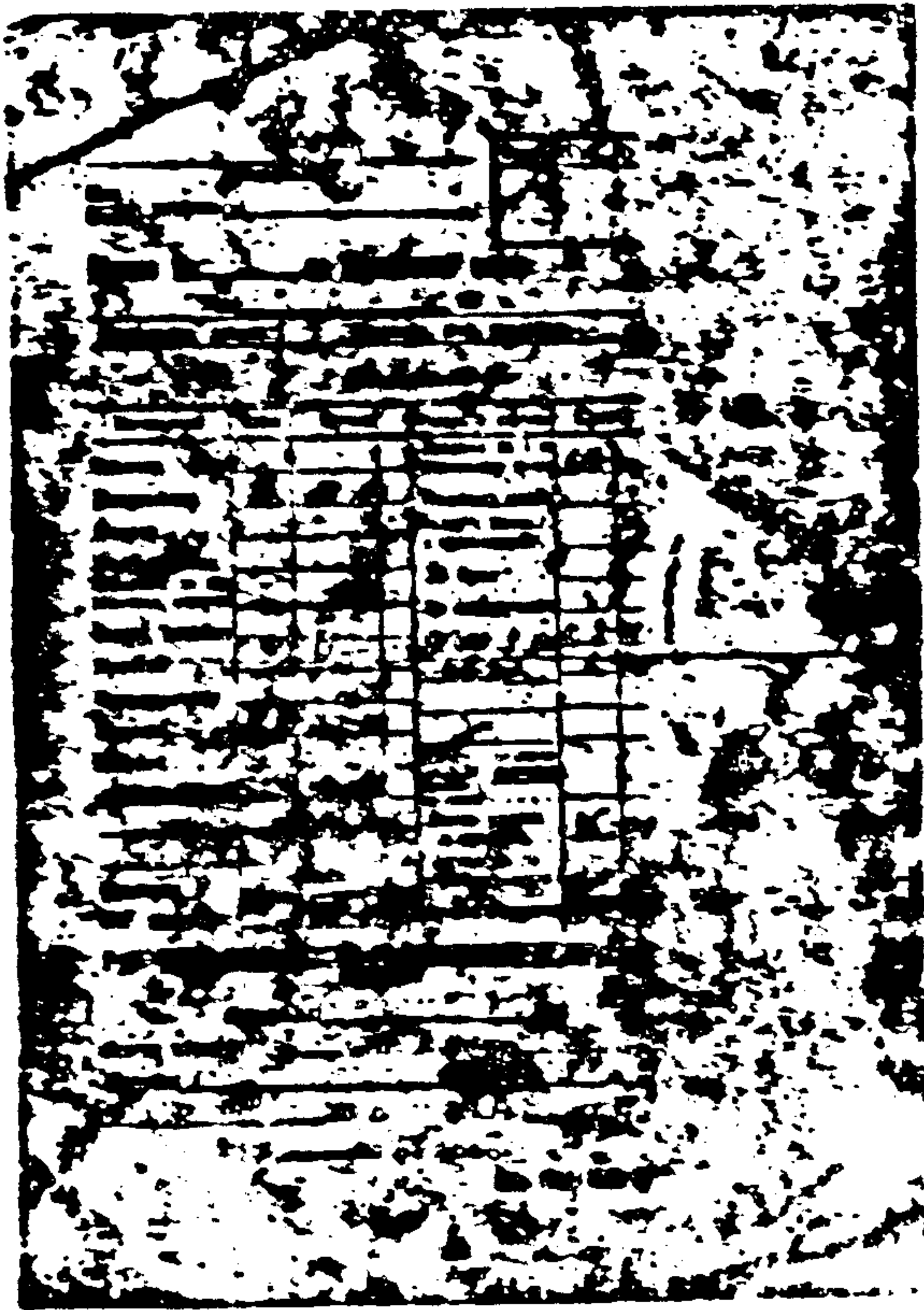
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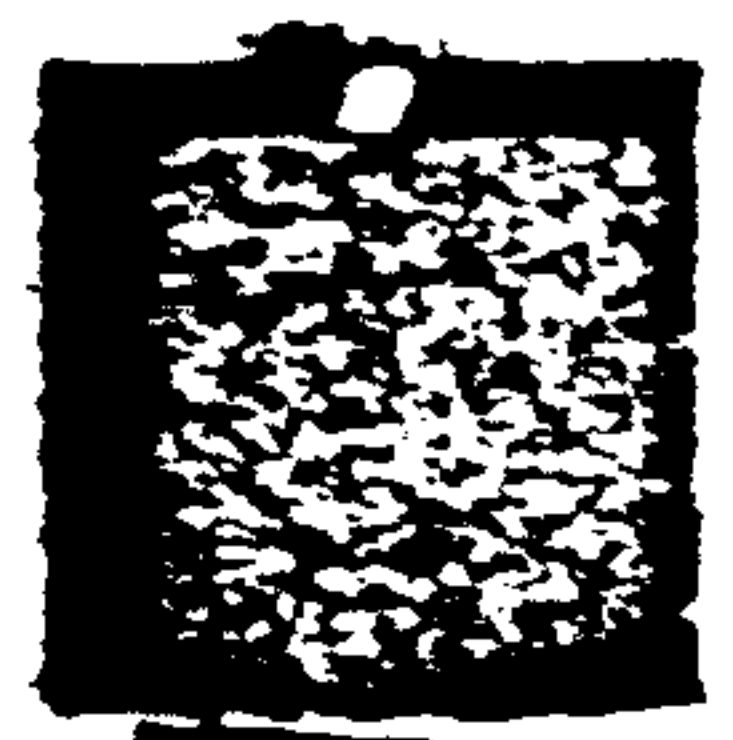
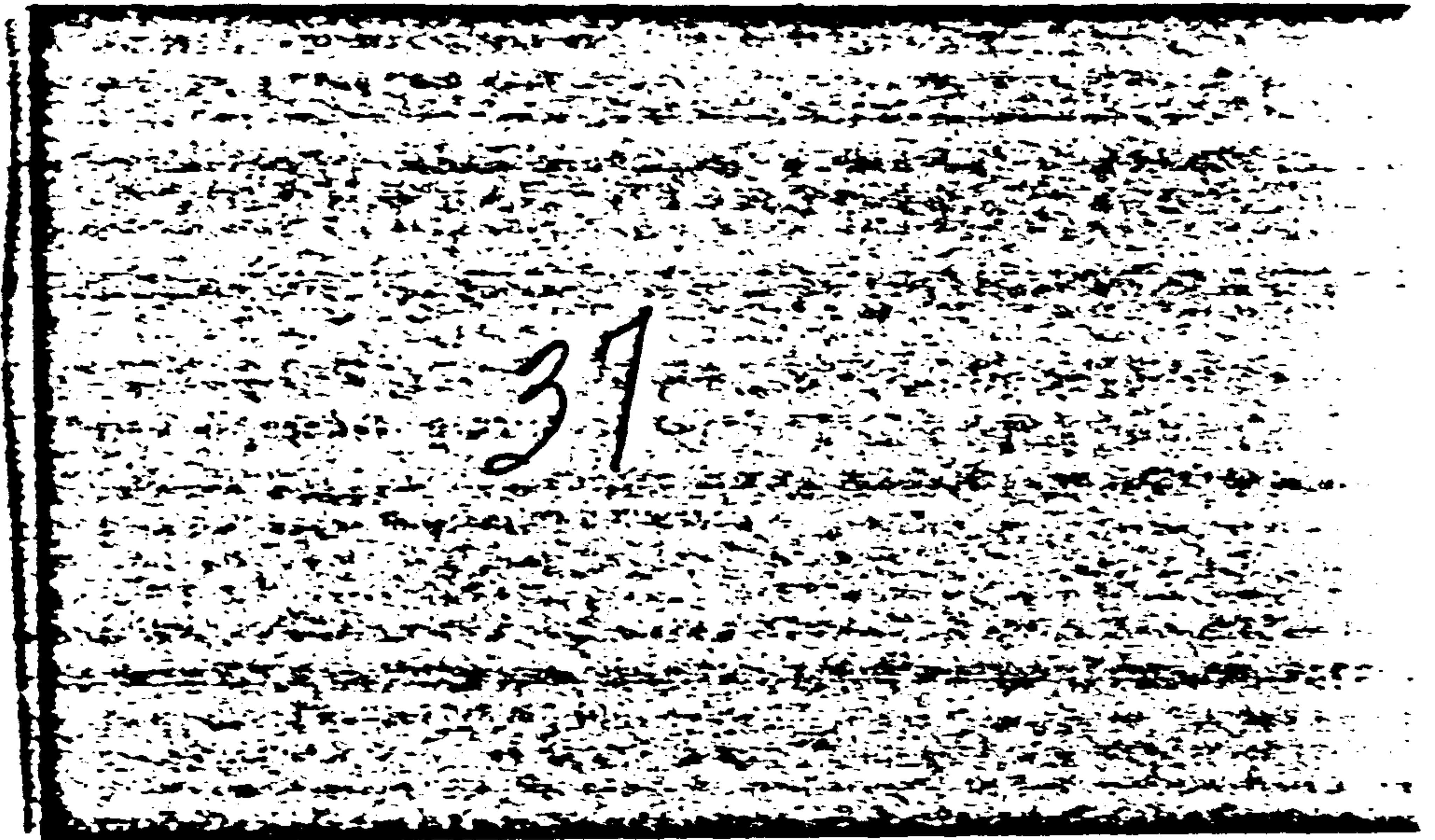
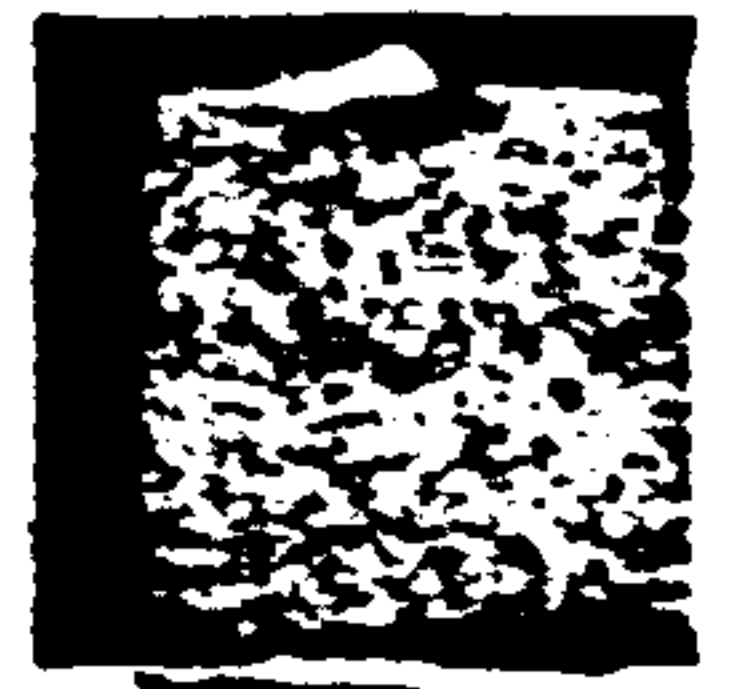
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PIONEER PUBLISHERS

100 University Place • New York 2, New York • Telephone AL 4-6600

April 16, 1963

J. R. Daniels
P.O. Box 2015
Dallas, Texas

Dear Friends:

As per your request for the words of the Internationalists, they are as follows:

INTERNATIONALISTS

Arise ye prisoners of starvation,
Arise ye wretches of the earth,
For justice thunders condemnation,
A better world is in birth.
No more traditions chains shall bind us,
Arise ye slaves, no more enthral!
The earth shall rise on new foundations,
No more shall we be slaves to all.

Chorus:
The time has come!
Let each stand in his place,
The International party shall be the human race.
(Repeat)

No act no consequence of violence,
No rule no from a judgment hall,
No workers act not for their fathers,
Let us decide for all.
To make the thief slay his booty,
To free the spirit from its cell,
No man must ourselves decide our duty,
No man decide and so is well.
Chorus.....

Very truly yours,

(Mrs.) V. Holstead

VH:bs

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363

Rt. 6, P.O.
2515 W. 5th Street
Loring, Texas, 75060



4917 Mayaguez St.
Dallas, Texas

Abua International

Mrs Ruth Prince
1601 W. 5th Street
2515 W 5th Street
Loring, Texas, USA

MINSK
R. 192



1655 R
Poly Minsk-89
Kulakovskaya Street
House 11 apt 72
Golovoslov P.O.

362

362

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364

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364

no species for use. Certain ones n. species
are needed. The 6 diagrams of systems &
insects & are they?

○ 2 species: Red Kestrel (American)
○ 3 species: Am. os. carolinensis, Red Osprey

Quaker (Kestrel) under (American species)

species of Red Osprey. How many

Mr. Red Osprey (American) species
of (American) (American) species

Red Osprey. How species is seen one

species of species seen. How does it
in an species of species seen species

○ Red Osprey: species. species

species. species. species

species,

species.

the two species to use. of species

species (American) species. species

species in species seen in species

species seen in species seen in species

species (American) species seen in species

species, species. How species species & species

species in species seen in species

species in species seen in species

species seen, species seen, species seen

species seen, species seen, species seen

species of species seen in species

species seen in species seen in species

species seen in species seen in species

species, species seen in species

species, species seen in species

species. species seen in species

(as species seen in species?)

31 to 32

Other things,

if I find out you might like
to see the map. Pige. some, etc. in this
of you a notebook etc. information.

As the map comes, we hope someone will
bring you, as, maybe not? I believe the
spoke, the gun movement from some 10
miles.

I hope someone wants to copy &
getting, etc. more like maps & survey.

Very 5 good maps, etc. on open &
"Algebra" no regard "Number" (Hester).

As you do our guess in Boston. After
open map on 3/10 was go 100
(to survey). who goes there:

222 Rice
North House
Albion Island
Wood's Hill, Mass.

364

There are maps of 1800 - 1850
and 1850 - 1880. They are in 100
copies.

222 Rice
North House
Albion Island

As you & Colville, etc. go back
and then a map etc. (Hester's plan,
etc. & the various etc. etc. etc. etc. etc.
& etc. Hester's map. They show
some, show, etc. on the 100
map, show you ^(Hester's) plan, etc. etc. etc.
etc. etc.)

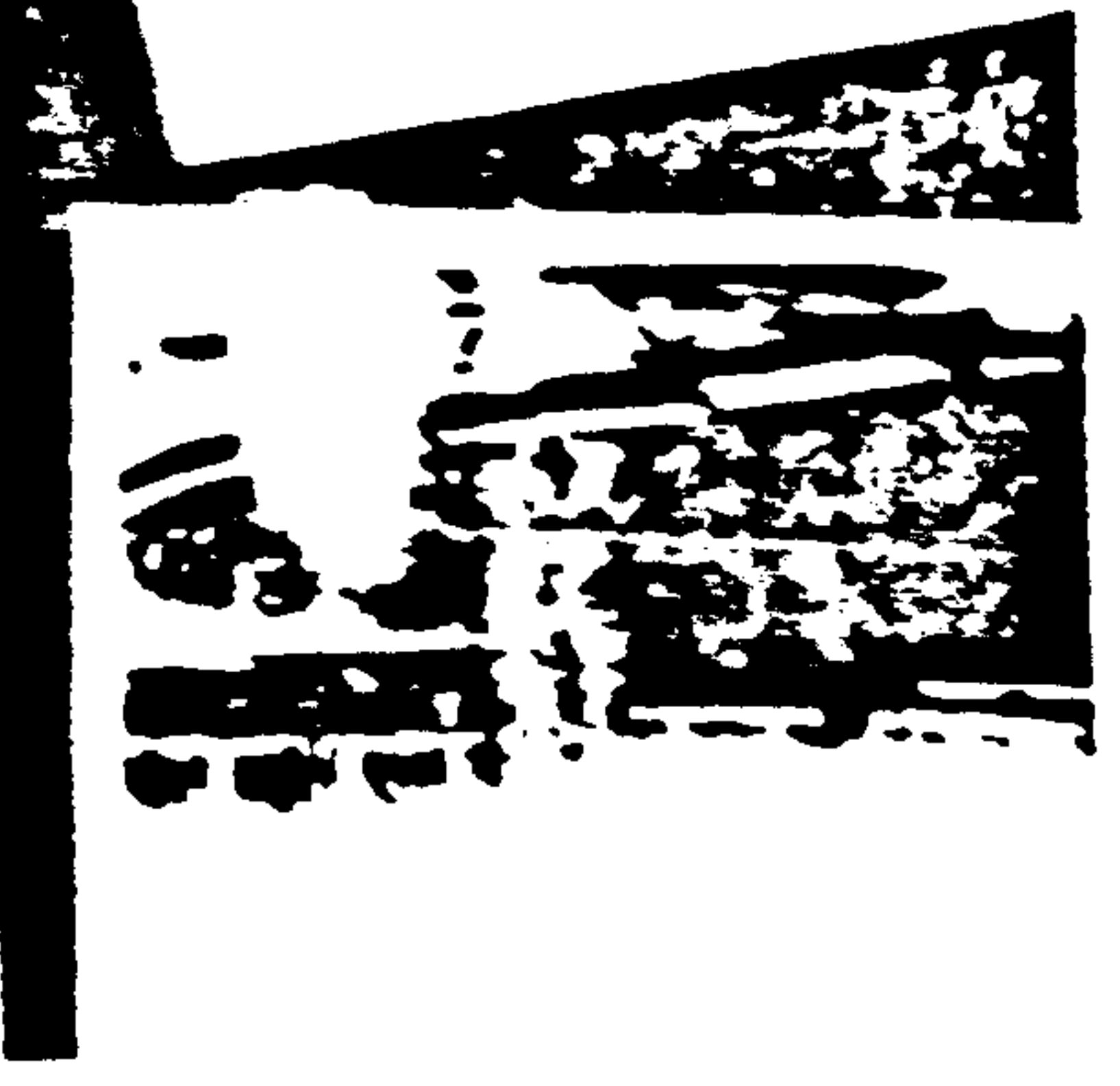
As you & Colville, etc. go back
and then a map etc. (Hester's plan,
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& etc. Hester's map. They show
some, show, etc. on the 100
map, show you ^(Hester's) plan, etc. etc. etc.
etc. etc.)

As you & Colville, etc. go back
and then a map etc. (Hester's plan,
etc. & the various etc. etc. etc. etc. etc.
& etc. Hester's map. They show
some, show, etc. on the 100
map, show you ^(Hester's) plan, etc. etc. etc.
etc. etc.)

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Visit the USSR!

МИНСК



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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

January 22, 1949

Dear Mr. Gwath:

Under date of January 20, 1949 my check No. 27942 was mailed to you. In forwarding my account it was discovered that the postal fee was not in the amount of \$10.00 rather than \$10.00; your balance is now \$10.00.

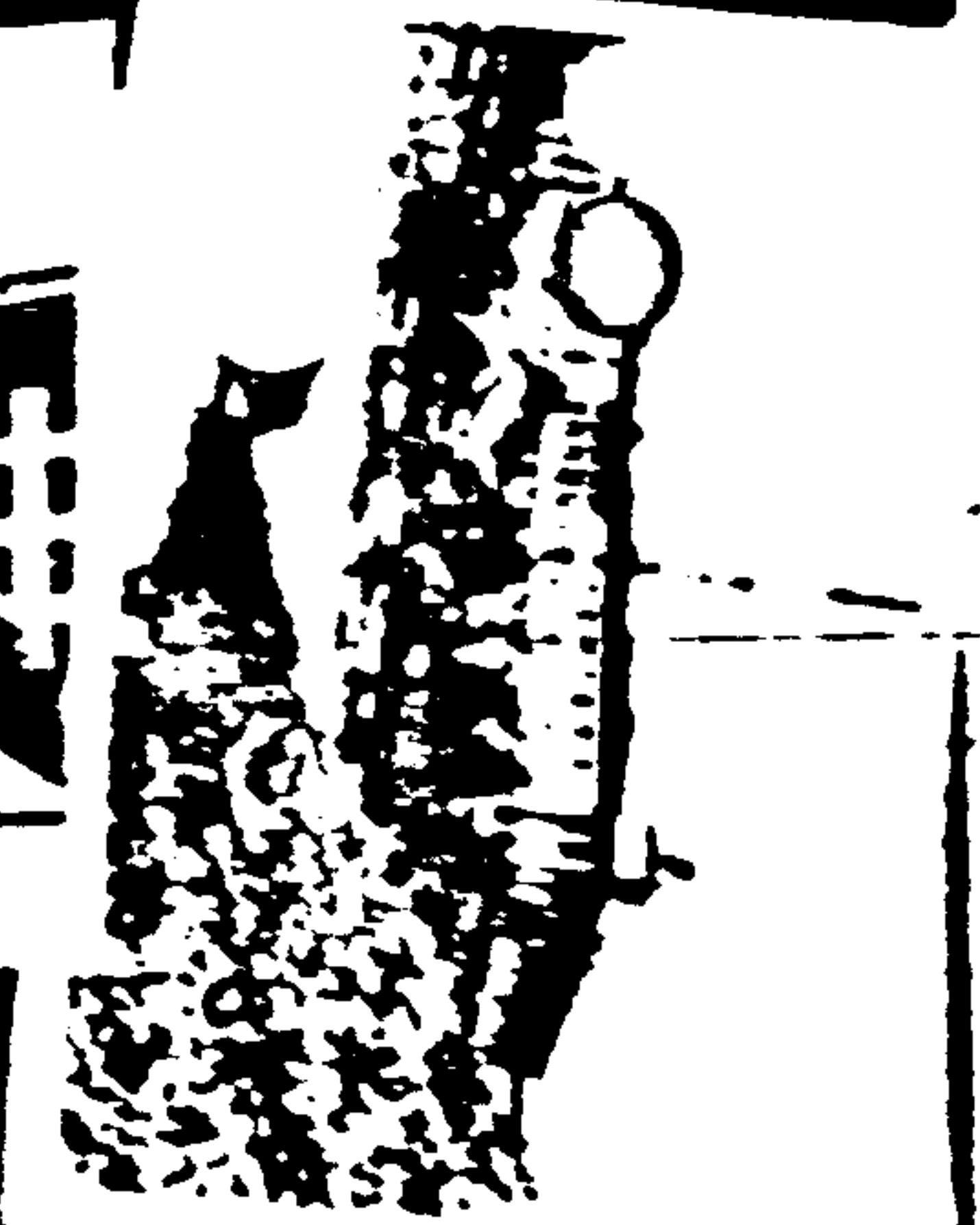
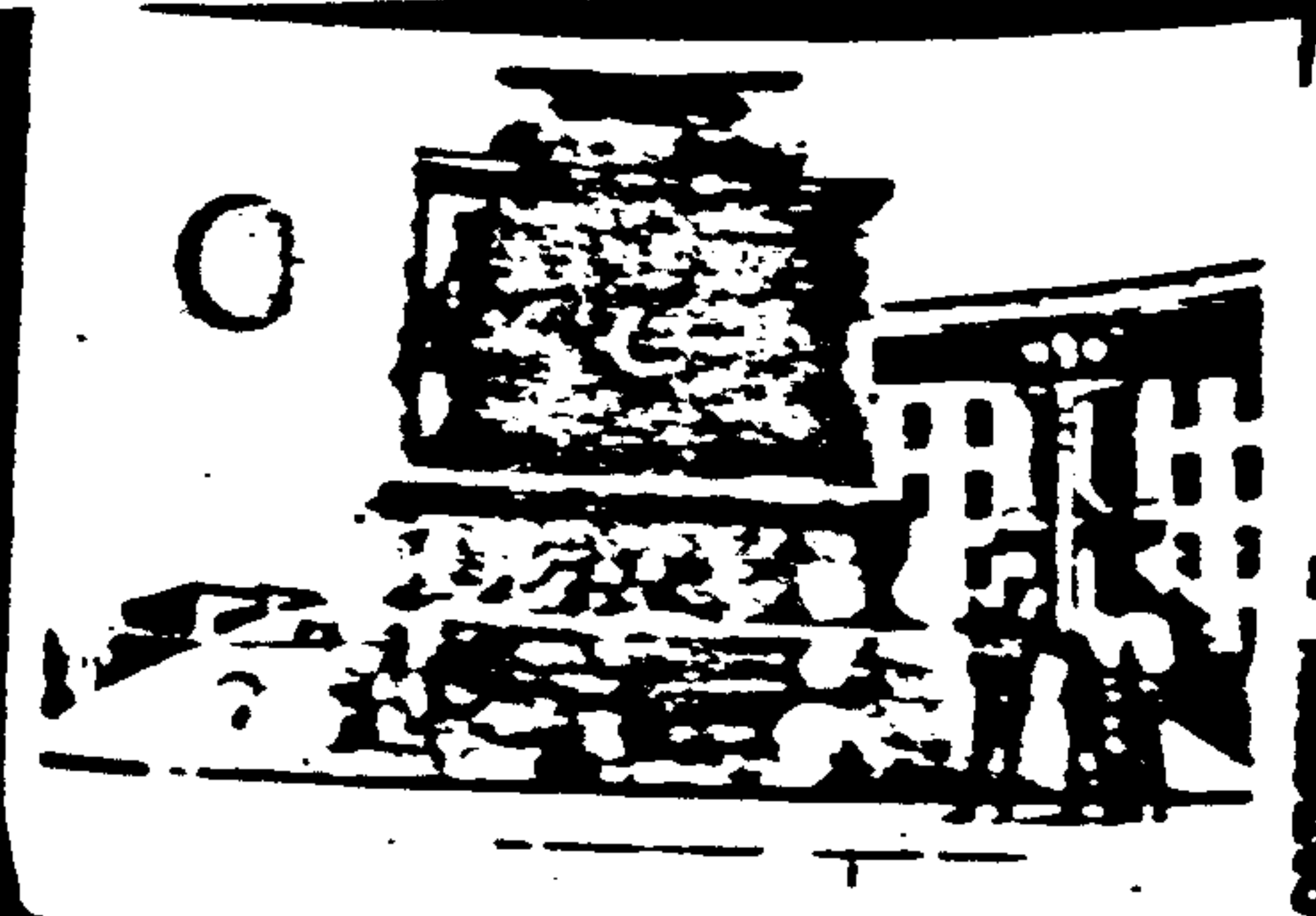
I sincerely regret this error and my incapacity to take the steps my bank would take.

Sincerely yours,

Richard L. Gooding
Richard L. Gooding
Chief, Business and Consular Branch
Office of Finance

Mr. Lee Harry Gwath,
P. O. Box 2415,
Dallas, Texas.

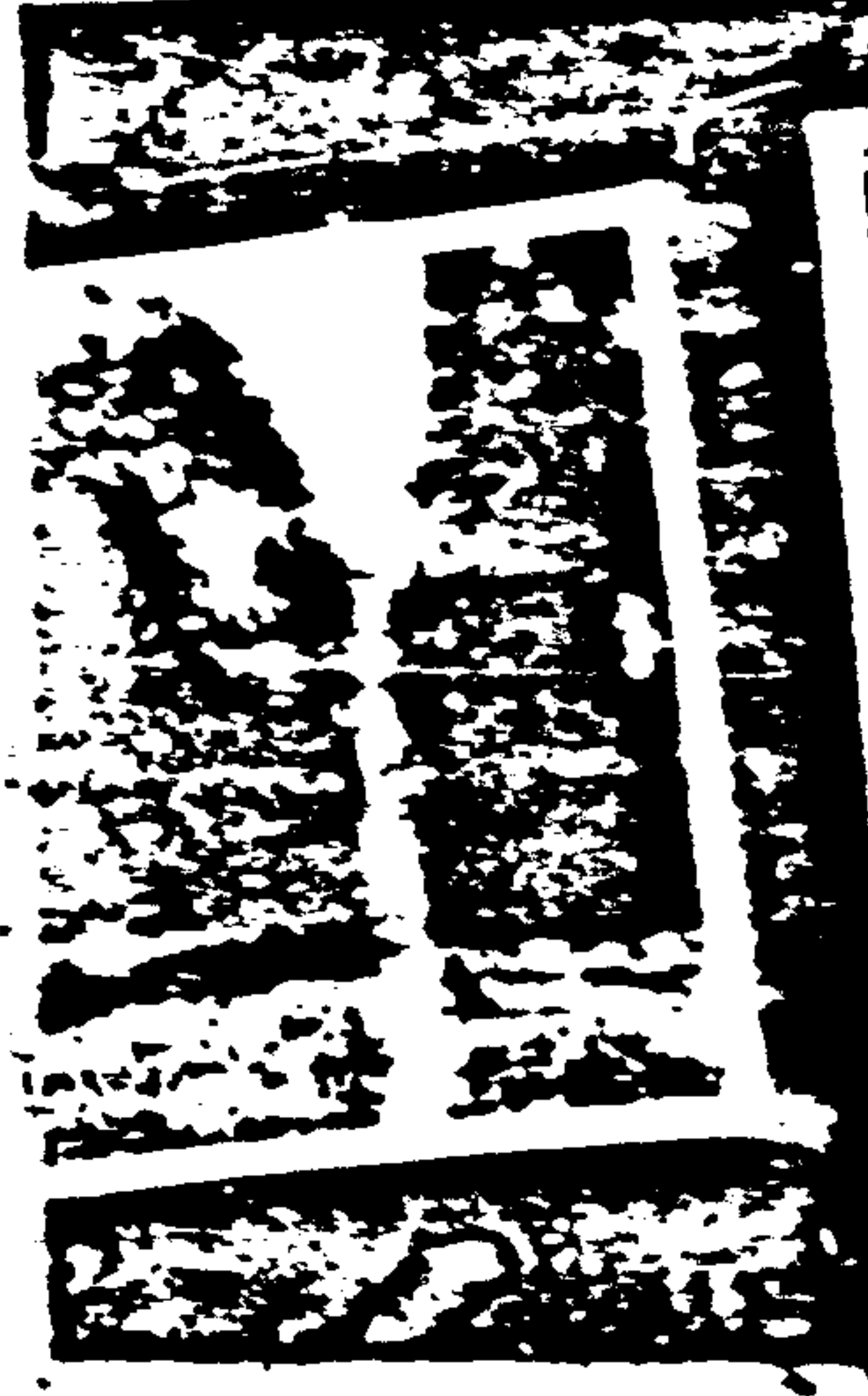
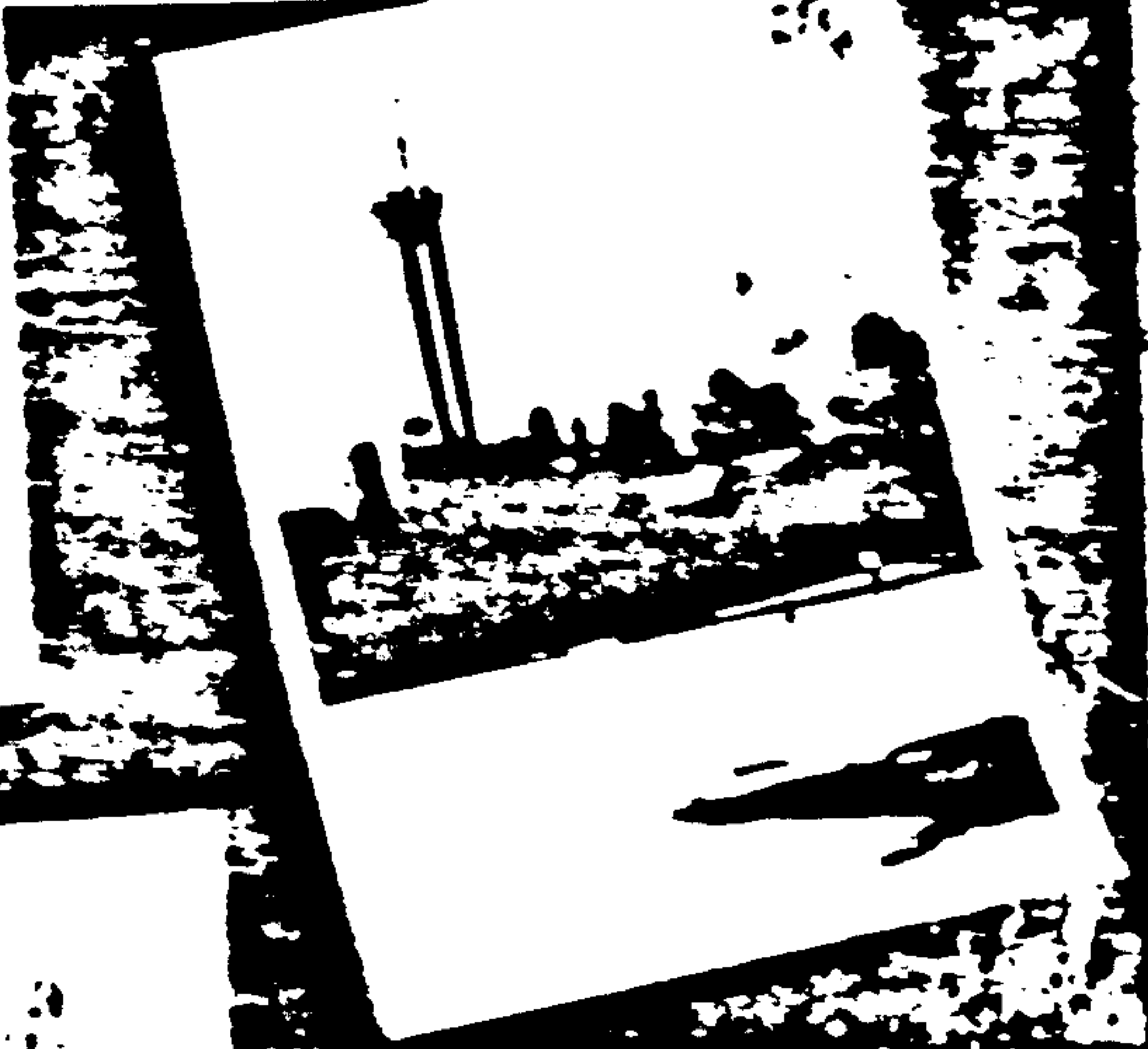
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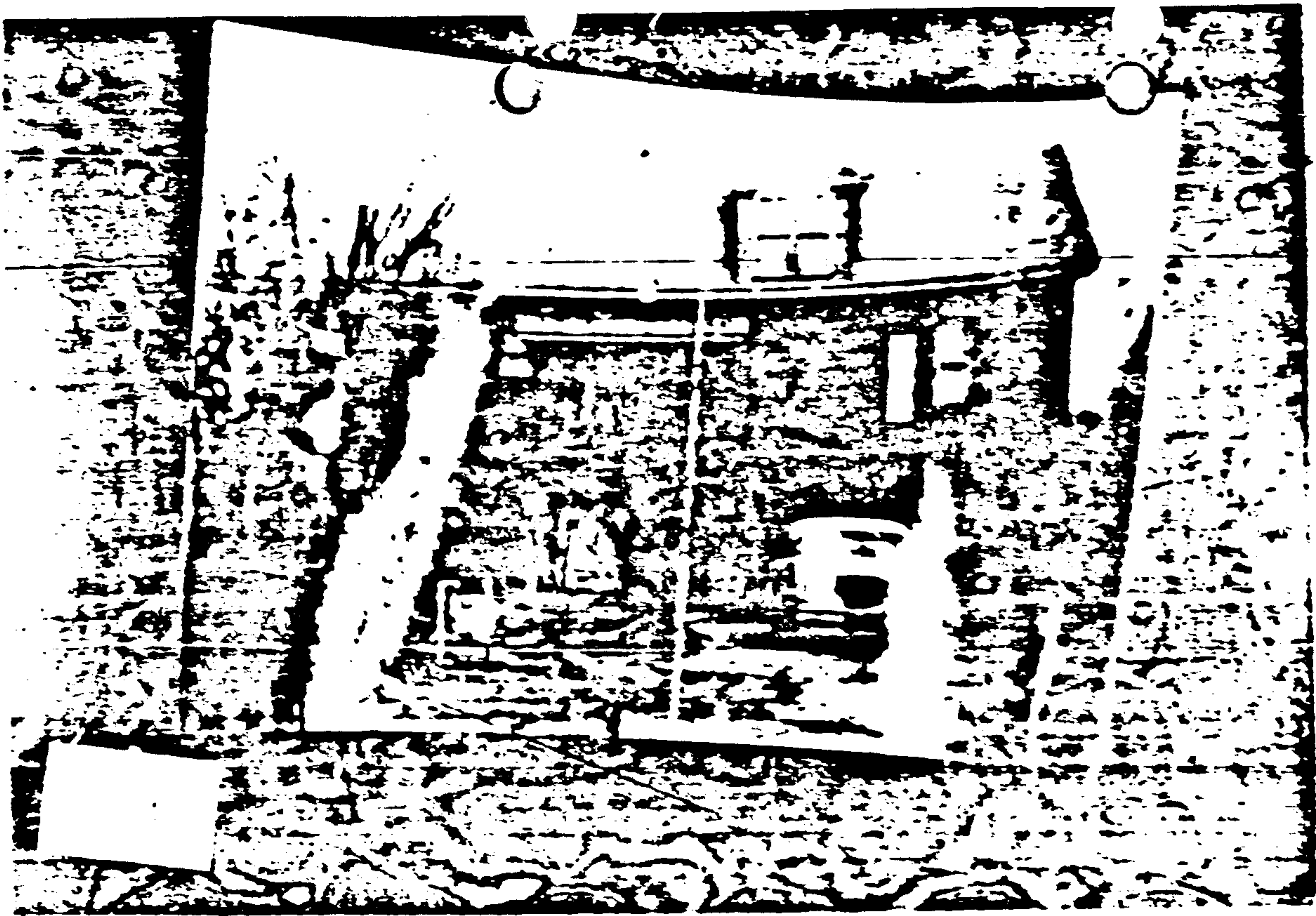
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visit the
USSR!

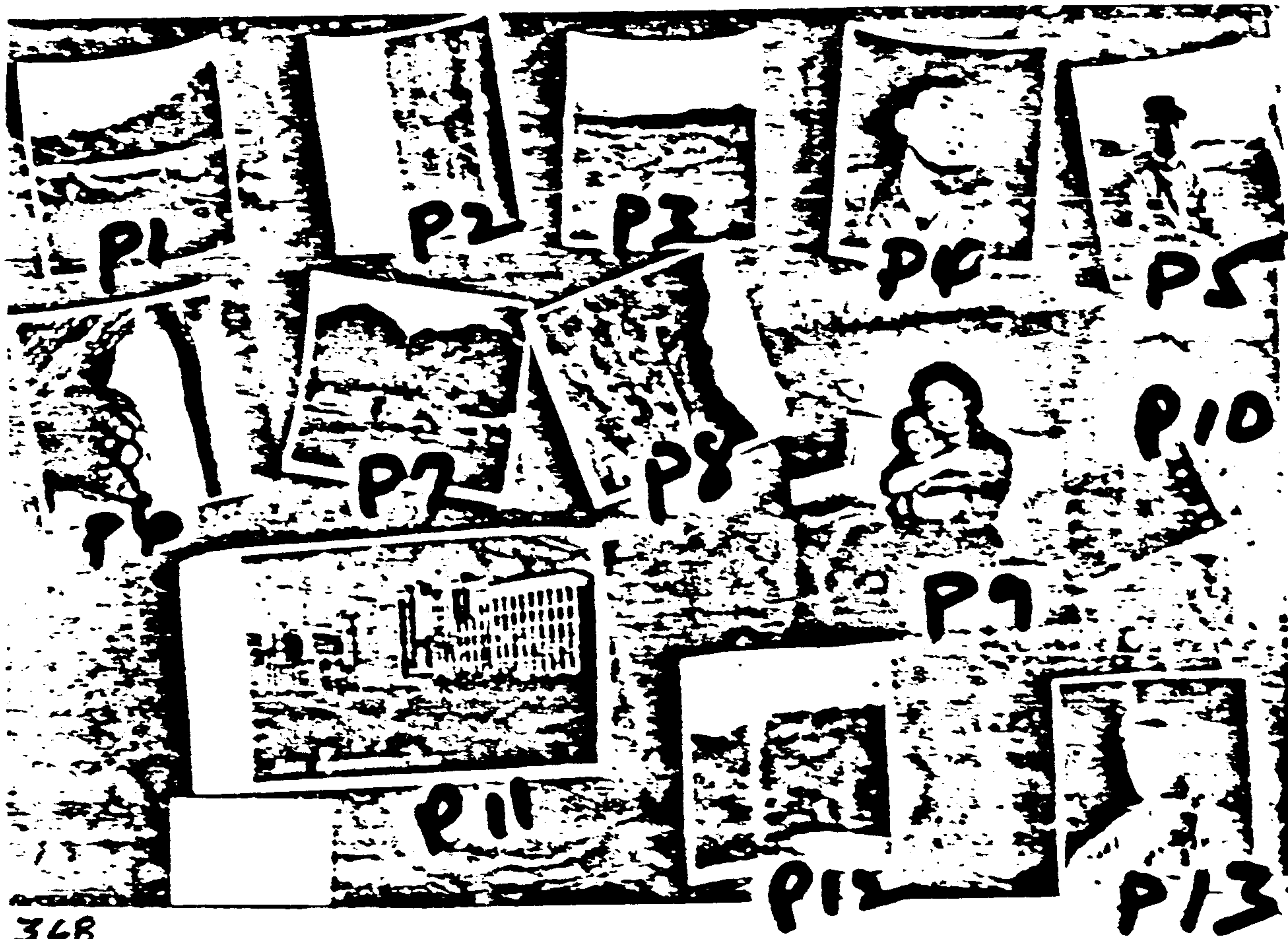
МИНСК



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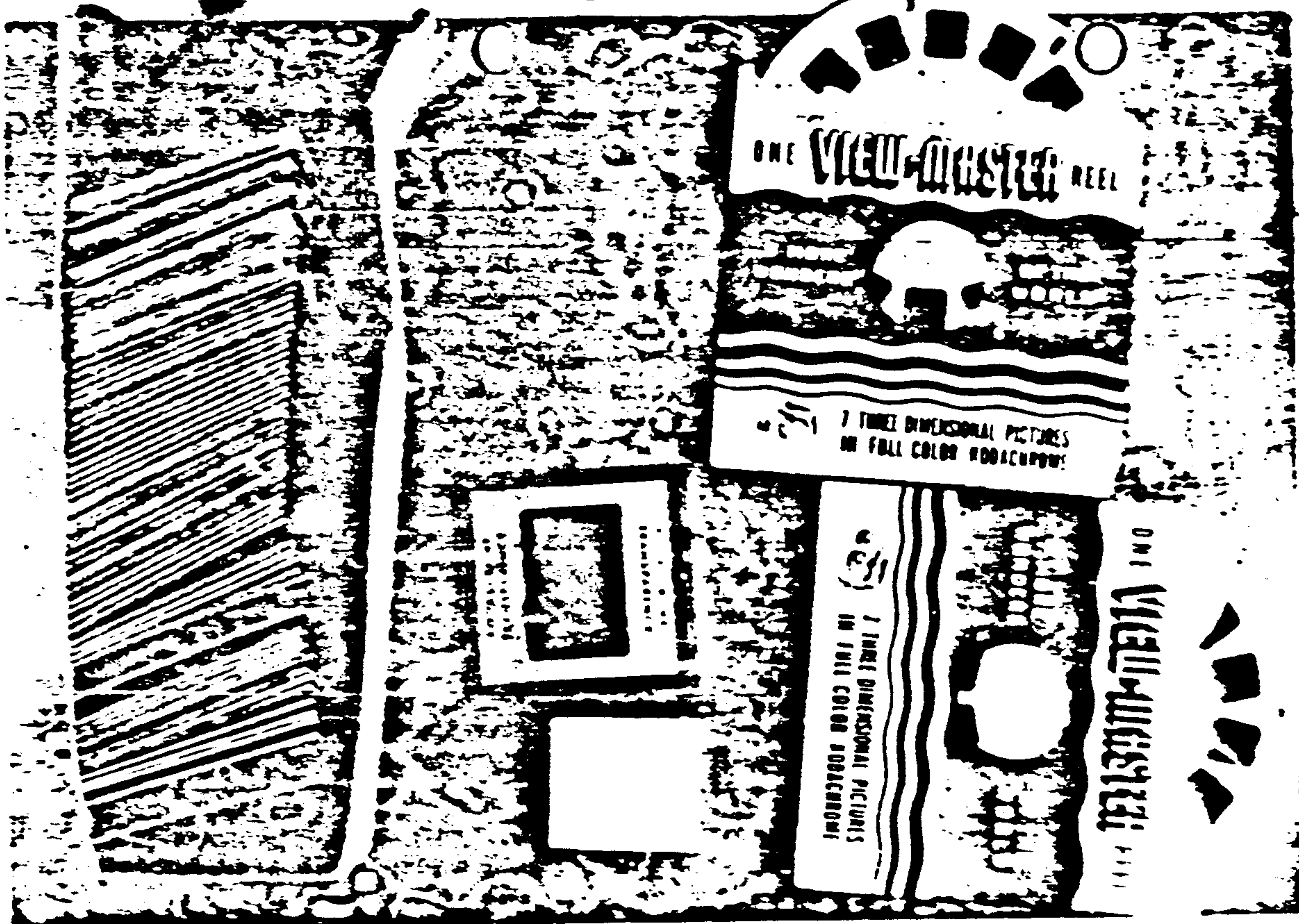
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<p>Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>	<p>11-20-63 RLC <i>Xmas</i> Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>	<p>Post - some Pacific RLC 11-20-63 Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>
<p>Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>	<p>RLC 11-20-63 Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>	<p><i>Korea</i> Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>
<p>Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>	<p>RLC-11-20-63 <i>Miss Ruth Hyde - 4925 Summit Street Columbus, Ohio U.S.A.</i> RLC-11-20-63 <i>Mr. Richard Leshinger Knoxville Tennessee</i></p>	<p><i>Korea</i> Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>

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<p>Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p> <p>RLC 11-20-63 Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>	<p>Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p> <p>RLC 11-20-63 Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>	<p>Post - some Pacific RLC 11-20-63 Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>
<p>RLC-11-20-63 Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>	<p>RLC-11-20-63 <i>Miss Ruth Hyde - 4925 Summit Street Columbus, Ohio U.S.A.</i> <i>Mr. Richard Leshinger Knoxville Tennessee</i></p>	<p><i>Korea</i> Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>
<p>Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p> <p>RLC 11-20-63 Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>	<p>RLC-11-20-63 Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>	<p><i>Korea</i> Kodaslide Stereo Color Transparencies EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY ROCHESTER, N.Y. U.S.A. MADE IN U.S.A.</p>

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Seven Color Transparencies

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY
ROCHESTER, U.S.A. • MADE IN U.S.A.

7-28-63

Kodaslide

Seven Color Transparencies

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY
ROCHESTER, U.S.A. • MADE IN U.S.A.

12-63

Kodaslide

Seven Color Transparencies

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY
ROCHESTER, U.S.A. • MADE IN U.S.A.

THE EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY
KODAK SAFETY FILM

Seven Color Transparencies

Kodaslide

PK-11-28-63

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KODASLIDE

Seven Color Transparencies

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY
ROCHESTER, U.S.A. • MADE IN U.S.A.

PK-11-28-63

Kodaslide

Seven Color Transparencies

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY
ROCHESTER, U.S.A. • MADE IN U.S.A.

PK-11-28-63
Miss Ruth Hyde -
4125 Summit Street
Columbus, Ohio
U.S.A.
Mr. Richard
Lathrop
Kodak Co
Rm 10

PK-11-28-63

Kodaslide

Seven Color Transparencies

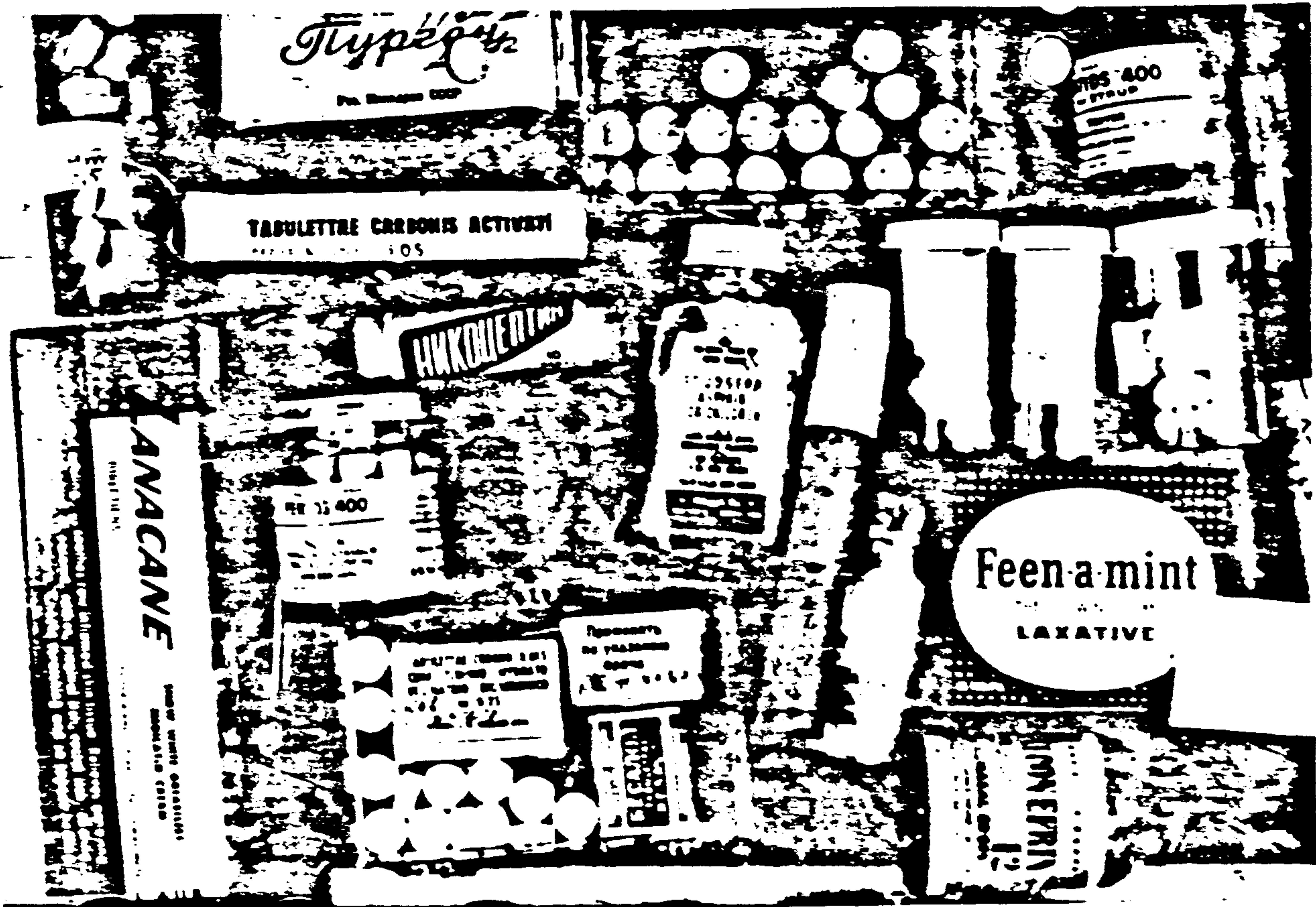
Kodaslide

PK-11-28-63

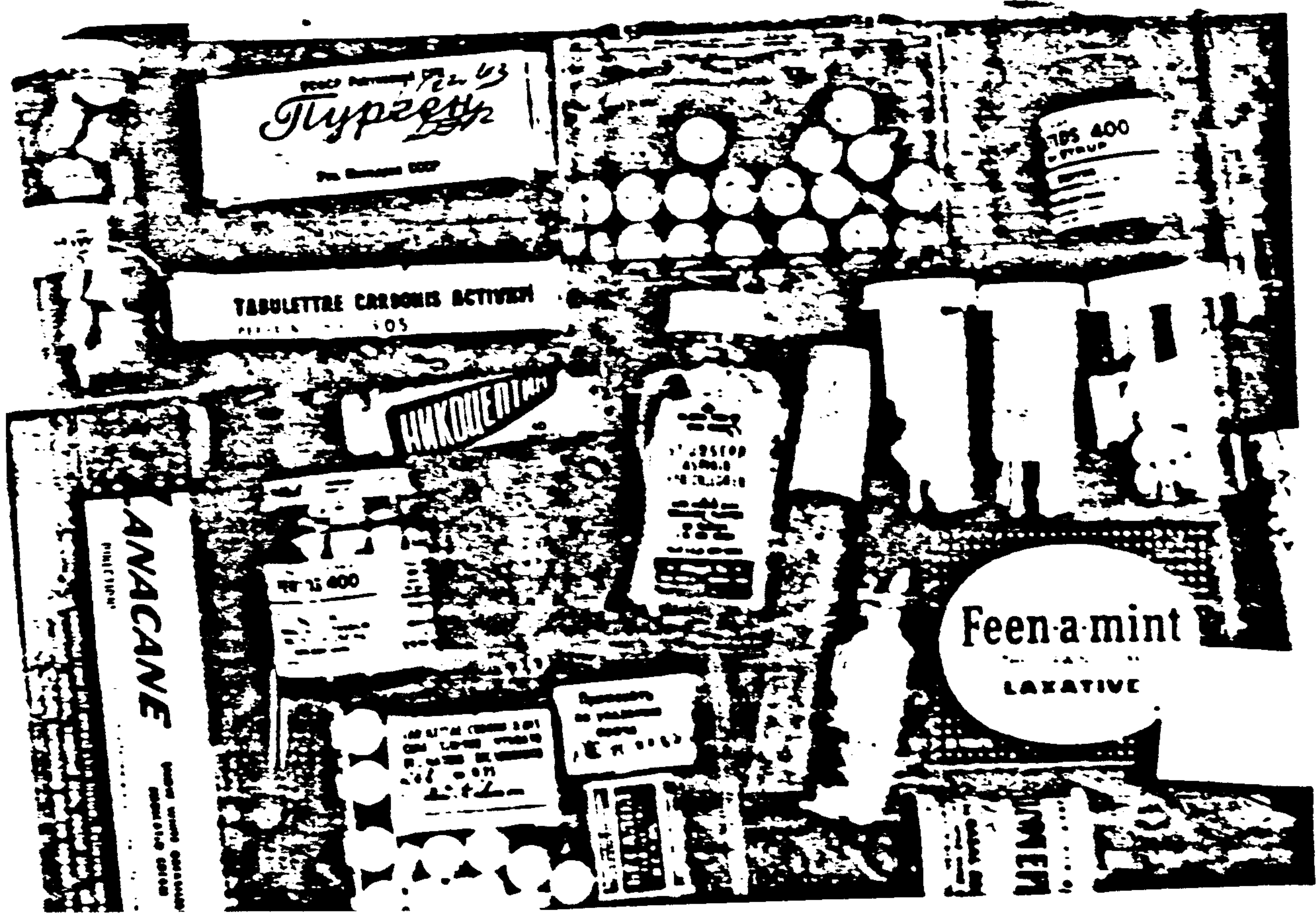
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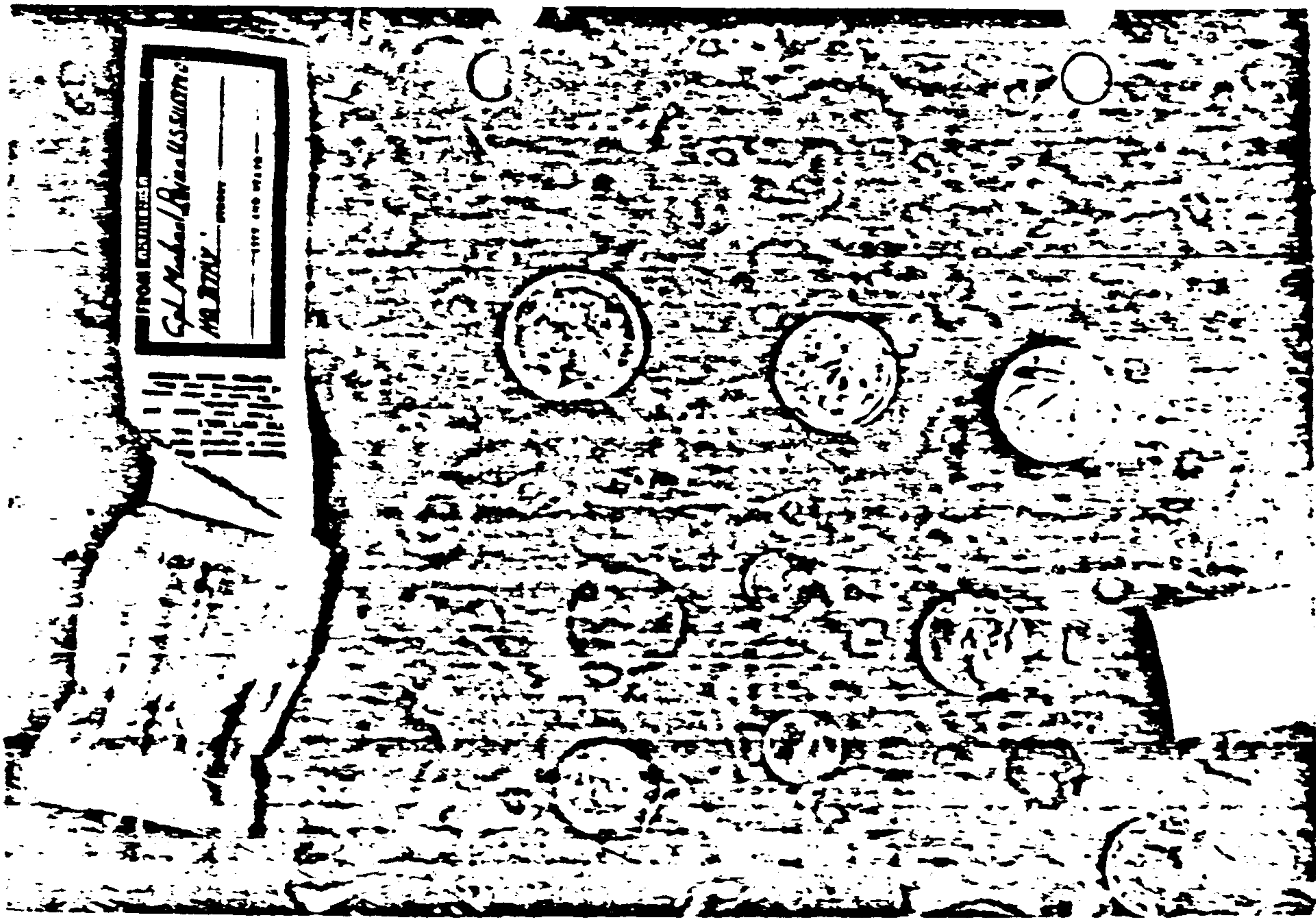
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Korea 11-28-63

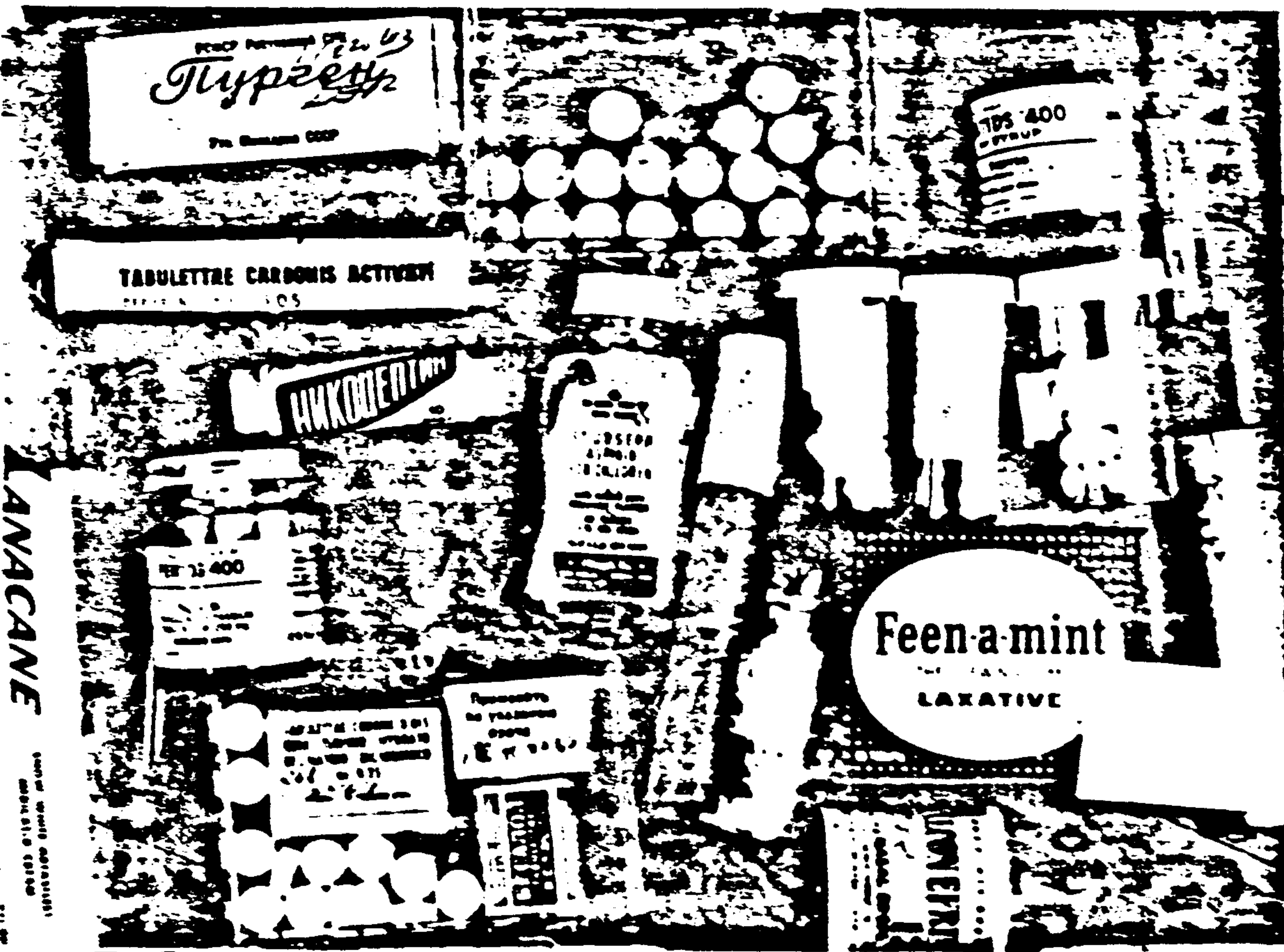


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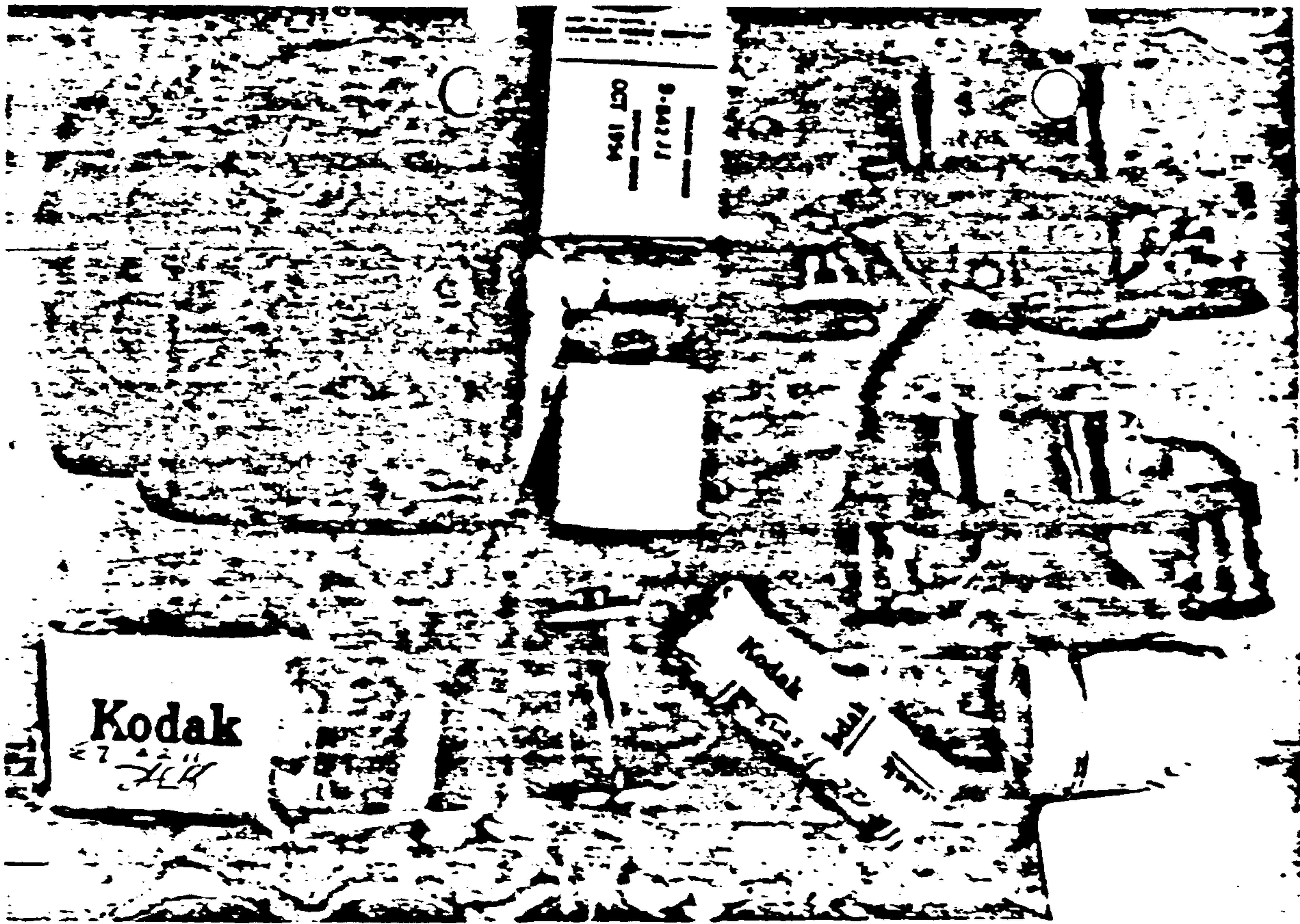




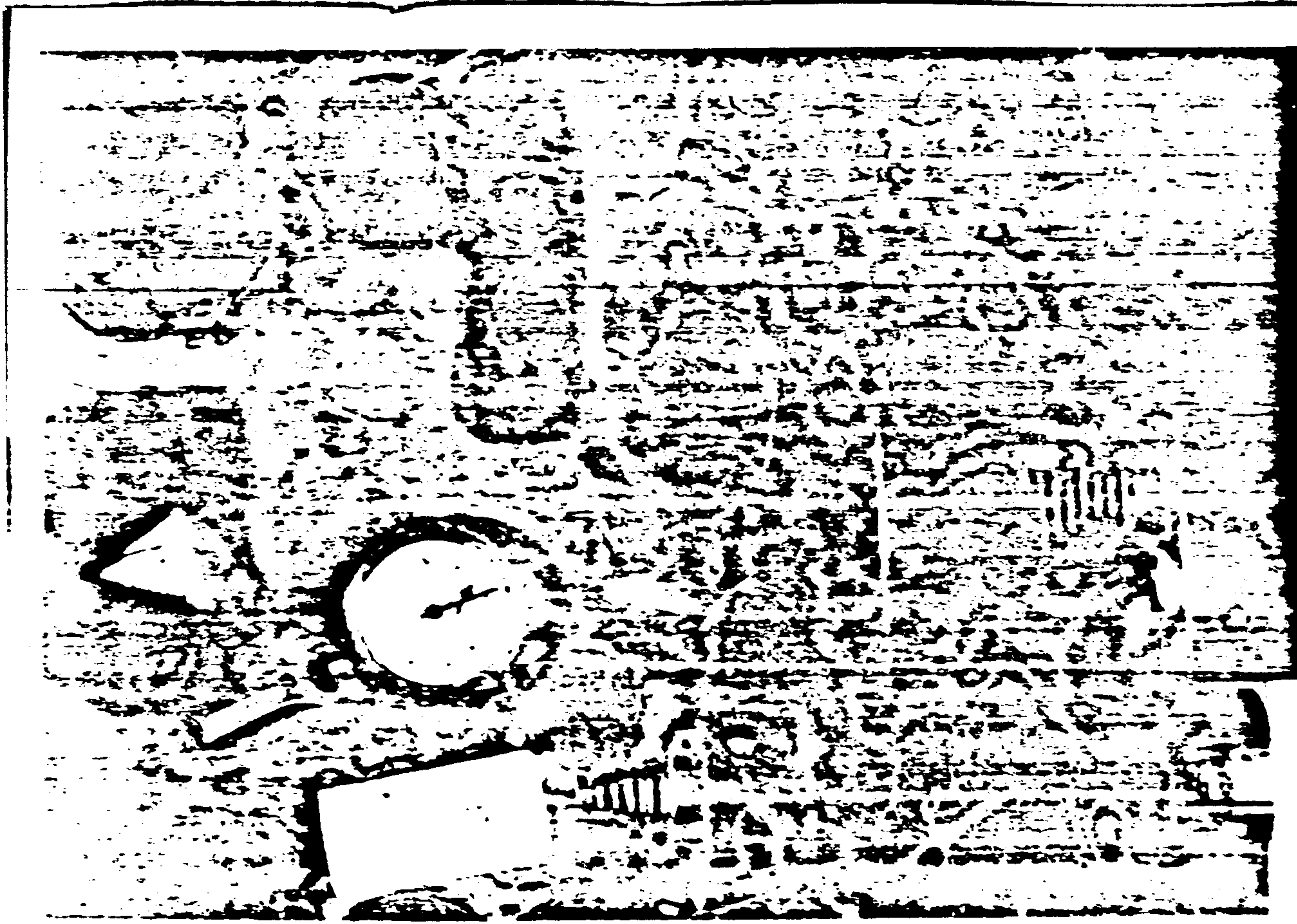
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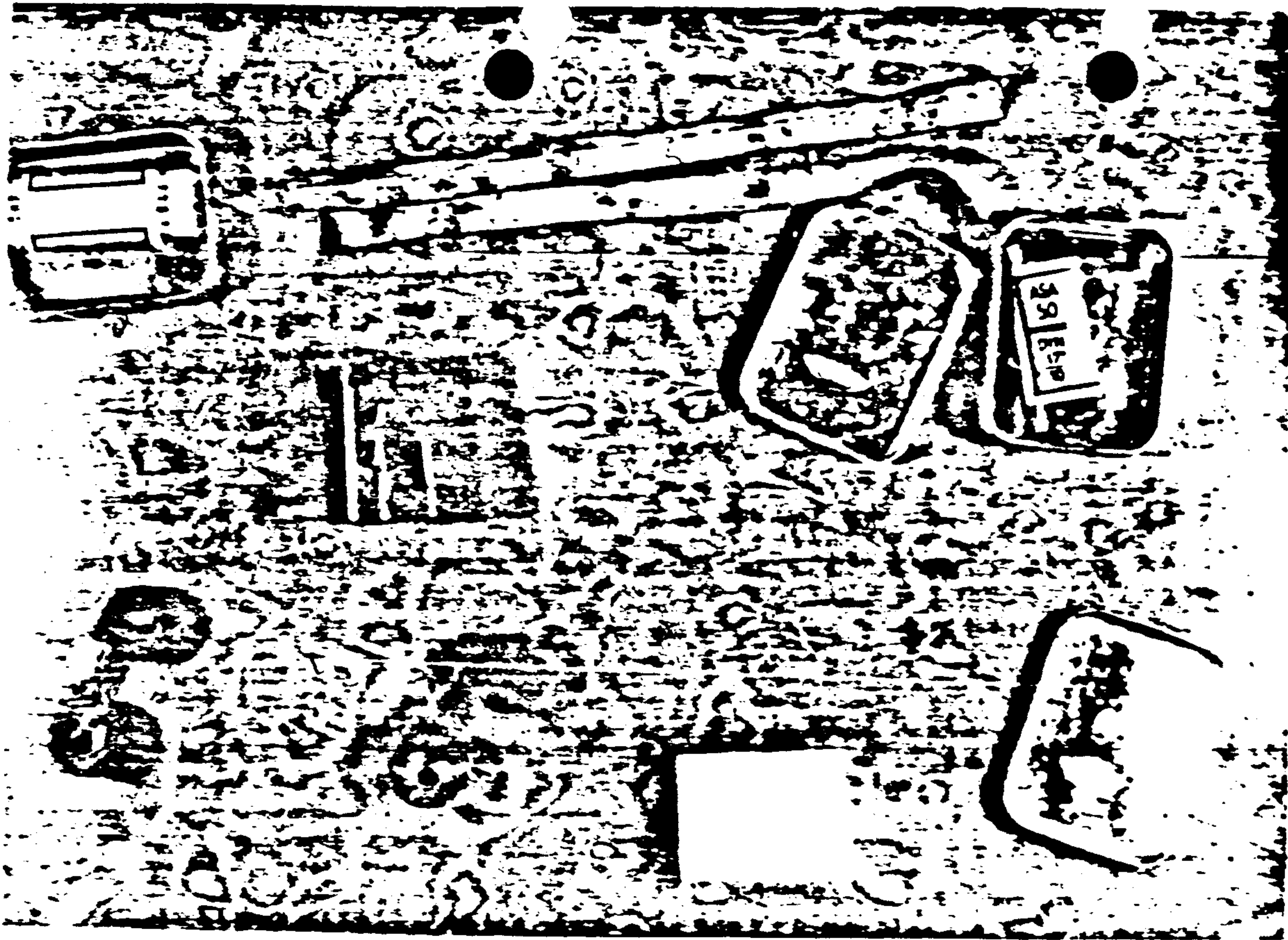
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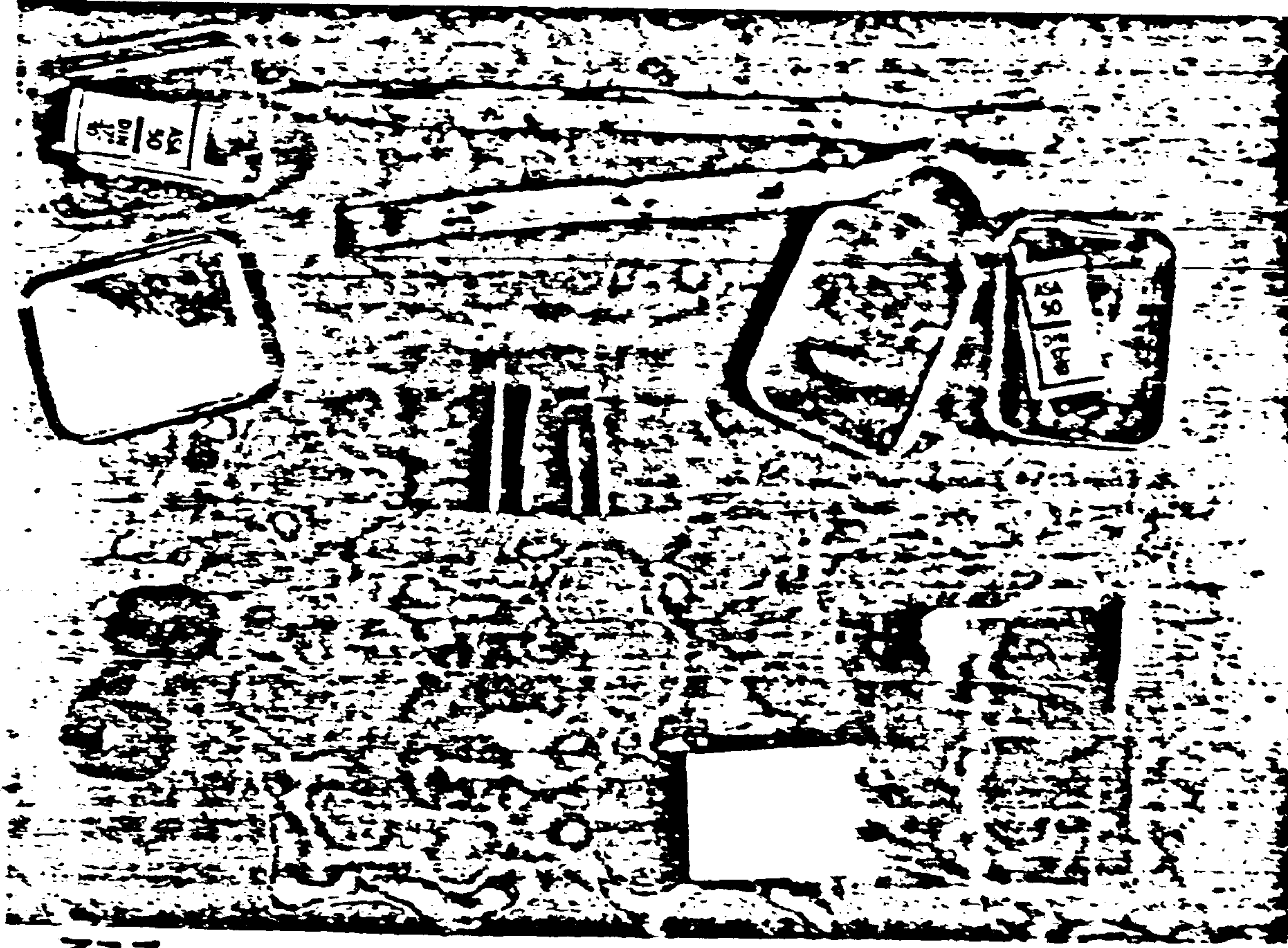
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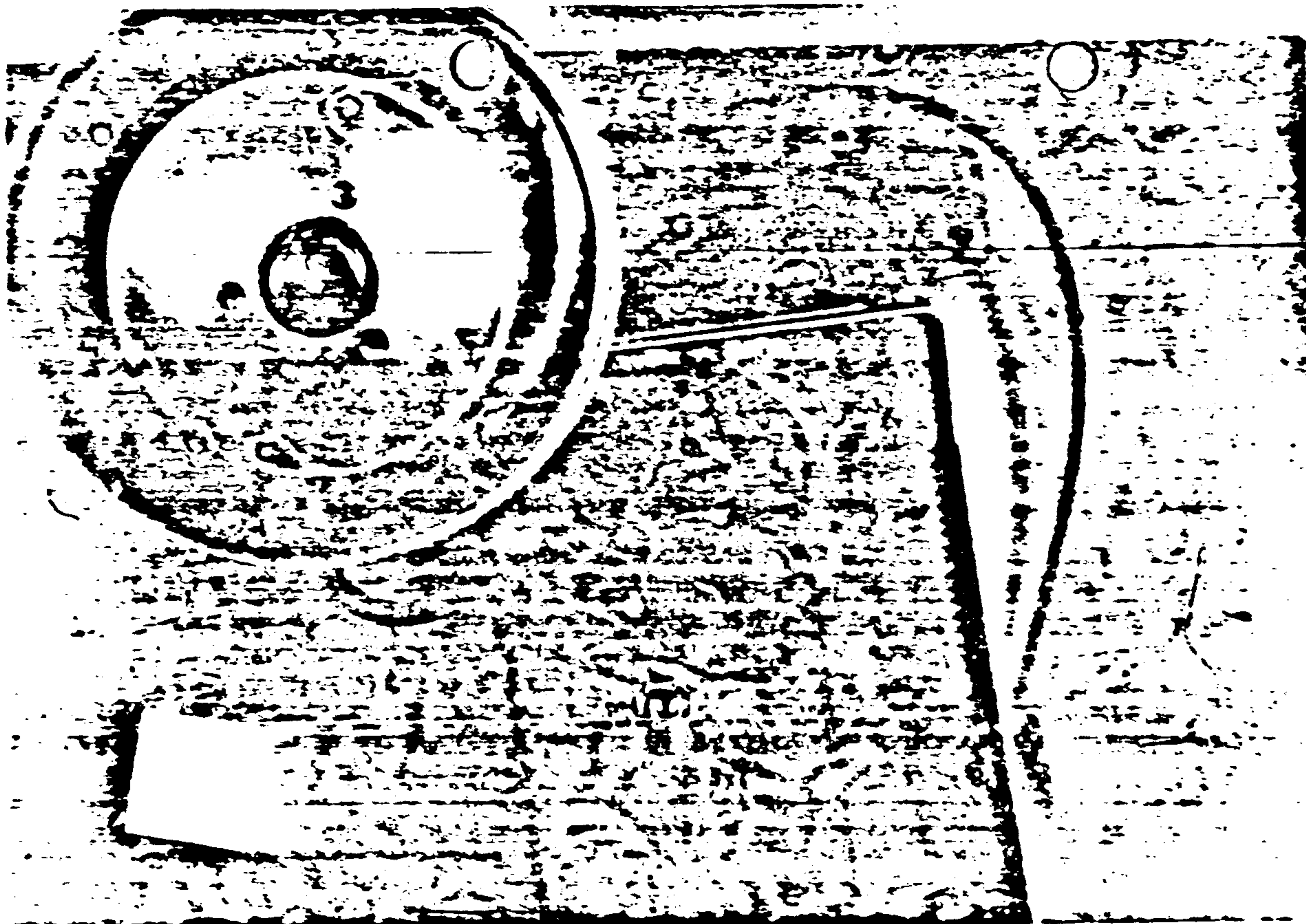
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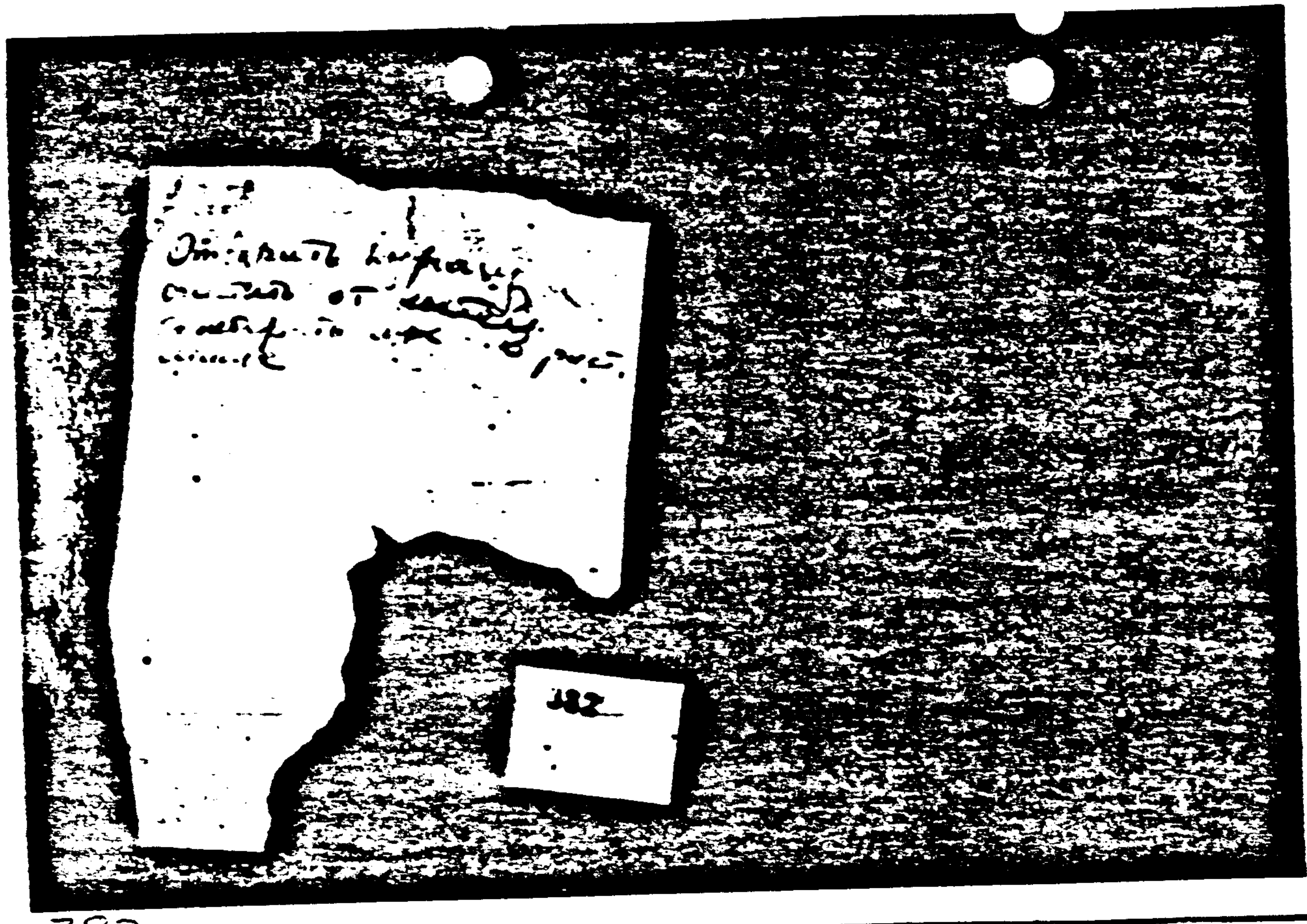
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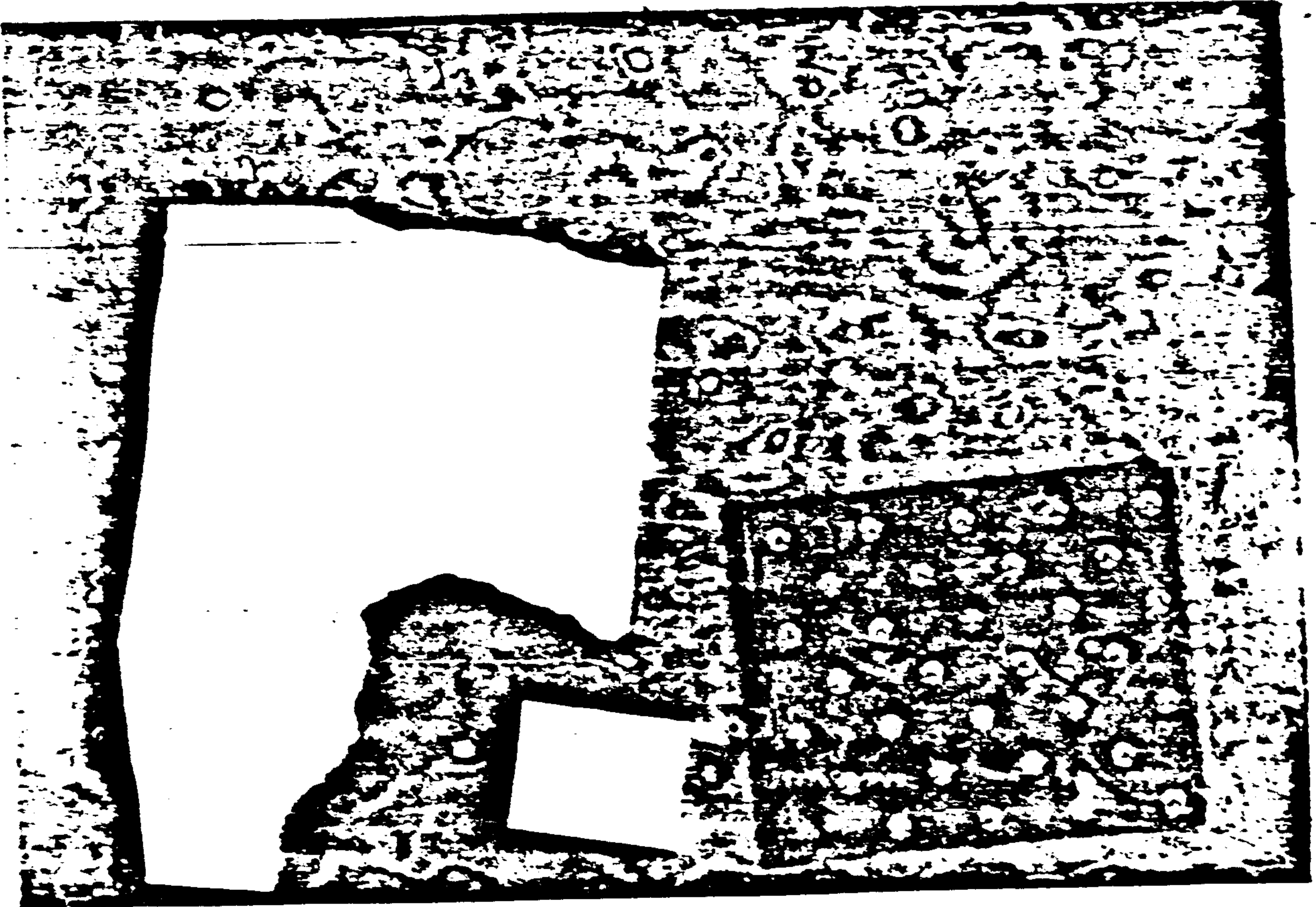
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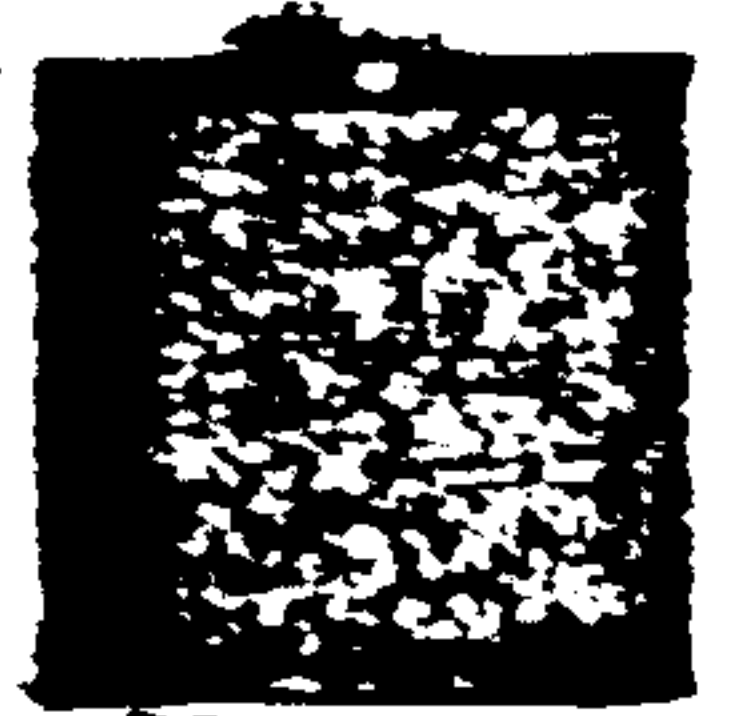
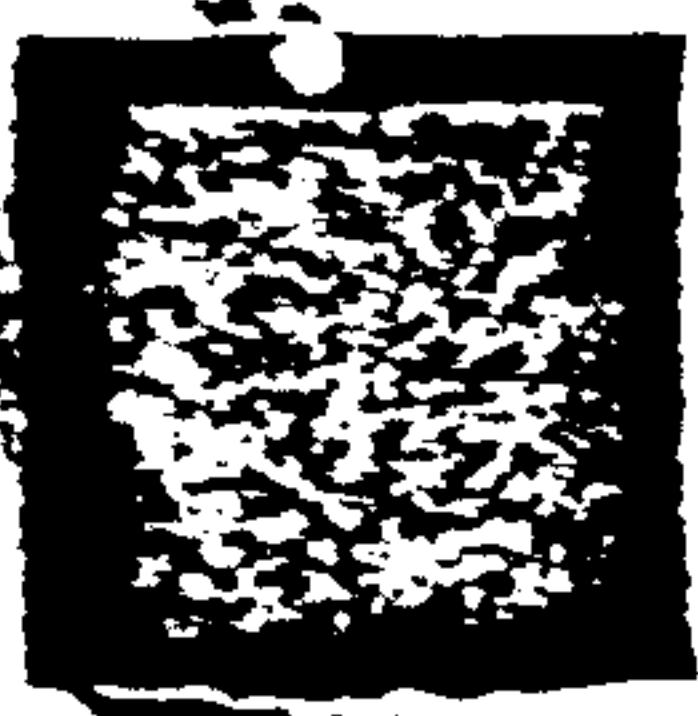
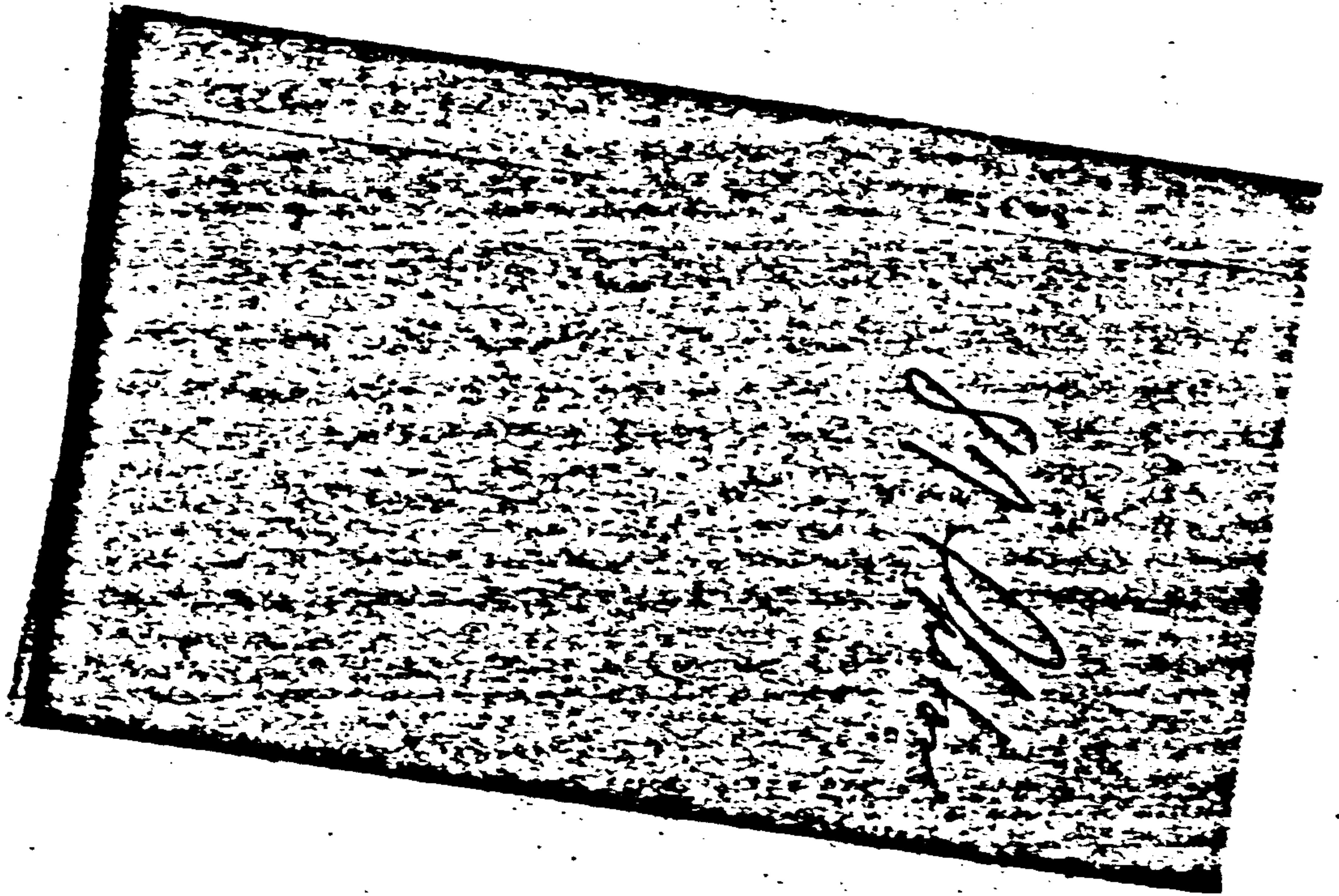
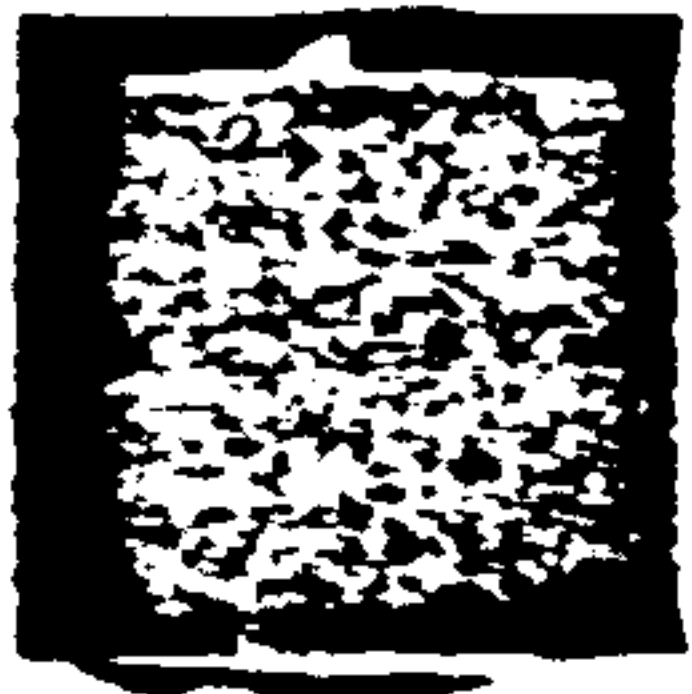
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Lee H. Oswald
P O Box 3061
New Orleans, La.

September 19, 1963

Dear Mr. Oswald:

Your letter of August 28th to Elizabeth G. Flynn was turned over to me for reply. Since I received your letter of September 1st indicating that you are moving to Baltimore, I suggest that when you do move that you get in touch with us here and we will find some way of getting in touch with you in that city.

While the point you make about your residence in the Soviet Union may be utilized by some people, I think you have to recognize that as an American citizen who is now in this country, you have a right to participate in such organizations as you want, but at the same time there are a number of organizations, including possibly Mr. Pity, which are of a very broad character, and often it is advisable for some people to remain in the background, not unduly prominent. I assume this is pretty much of an academic question now, and we can discuss it later.

Sincerely yours,

Arnold Joffe
Arnold Joffe

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402

Mr. Lee R. Oswald
Box 2915
Dallas, Texas.

Dear Mr. Oswald:

Your letter and reproductions were turned over to me by the SWP office.

I am familiar with reproductions and offset printing processes. It is clear from your work that you are skilled at blow-ups, reversals and reproduction work generally. Do you do any other phases of the process as well as photography? What about layout and art work?

We have access to a small offset shop here in New York. Generally, when we need any copy work done we have taken it there directly. However there might very well be occasions when we could utilize your skill for some printing project. It would, of course, necessarily have to be a project in which we would have flexibility as to time. It is not easy to do anything in which there is pressure to get a job out immediately through correspondence between New York and Texas. Such work must be done locally, out of necessity. However, for a longer term project it might be possible to ask your aid.

Could you write to me directly at the above address? I would like to have what you tellers you have; how large a paper print you can make; how large a negative; and any other technical information that you can give us that would help us judge how your aid could be most effective. If you have any questions please feel free to ask me and I will try to respond promptly.

With best wishes for a year of progress

Bob Chasser

116 University Place
New York 3, New York
Dec. 9, 1962

Socialist Workers Party

116 University Place

New York 3, N. Y.

Algonquin 5-7409

JAMES P. CANNON
National Chairman

FARRELL DOBBS
National Secretary

November 5, 1962

Mr. Lee R. Oswald
Box 2915
Dallas, Texas

Dear Mr. Oswald:

We have your clipping requesting application for membership in the Socialist Workers Party.

We are sorry for the delay in answering your letter.

Our constitution requires that there must be a minimum of five members before a branch of the Socialist Workers Party can be formed and it is not our practice to take in individual members where no branch yet exists. Unfortunately we don't have any branches at all in Texas.

We very much appreciate, however, your request for membership in the party and wish to continue on a basis of close sympathetic relation with you until such time as a branch of the SWP can exist in Dallas. Pending the necessary basis for such a local structure, we suggest that you concentrate on seeking subscribers to the Militant and promote the sale of socialist literature obtainable through Pioneer Publishers. Through contacts you may be able to develop on this basis let us hope it will be possible before too long to welcome a Dallas, Texas branch into the party.

In line with the above I am taking the liberty of sending a number of subscription blanks to the Militant so that you can have full advantage of our introductory offer of a month for only \$1. We have had great success nationally with our subscription campaign. Also, you yourself should be sure to subscribe to both the Militant and International Socialist Review as you will find them excellent sources of socialist literature and information.

Please keep in touch with us.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,
Farrell Dobbs, National Secretary

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The Worker

CANAL ADDRESS BAYVIEW NEW YORK • Oregon 6-9488
11 WEST 26 ST. • NEW YORK 11, N. Y.

440 E. Grand
P. O. Box 1710
New Orleans, La.

Dec 18, 1948

Dear Mr. Grady:

We received your notice of change of address and on looking over your old

mailing plates and not finding one we only conclude that either it was pulled

some time ago when mail was returned to us or that your subscription has long

since expired.

In any event, we are enclosing a renewal form and a copy of our current

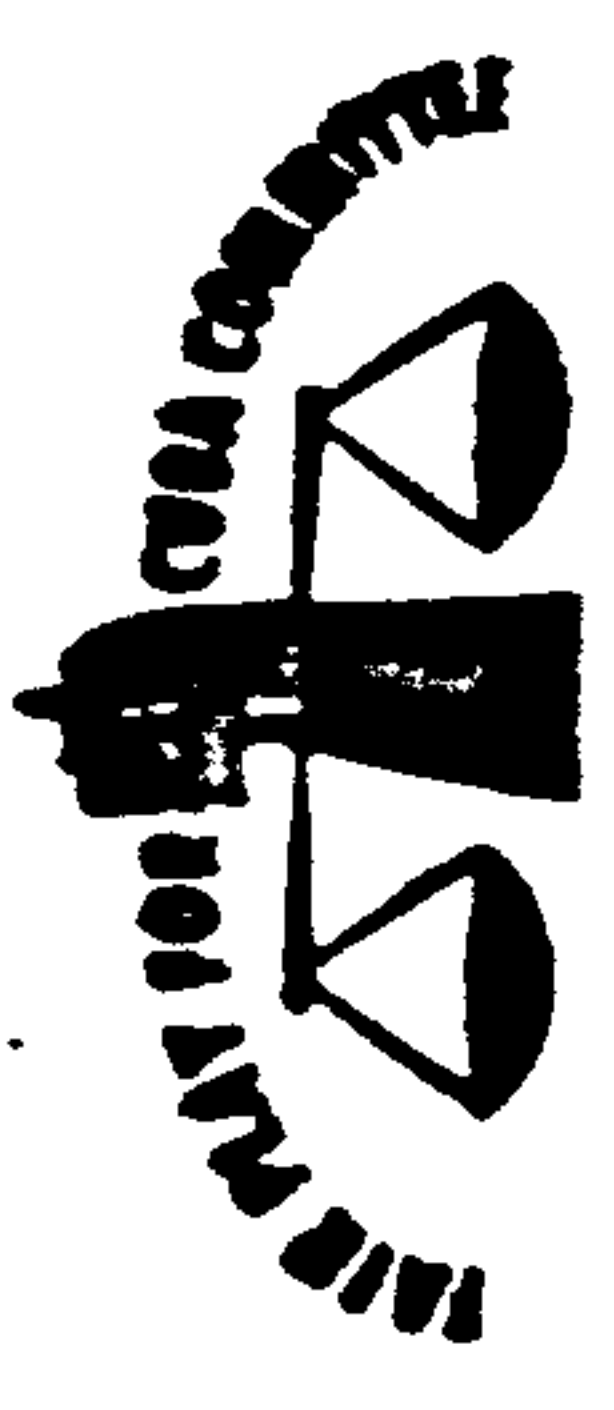
literature hoping for you to catch up with. It happens here from year to year

as that it may again have your name amongst those who continue to support the

efforts of our Committee.

Sincerely yours,

Walter Reuther
National Director



170 BROADWAY NEW YORK 1, N. Y. SHOW ROOM

Dec 22, 1948

Mr. E. Grady
1907 1/2 Magnolia St.
New Orleans, La.

Dear Friends:

We received your notice of change of address and on looking over your old

mailing plates and not finding one we only conclude that either it was pulled

some time ago when mail was returned to us or that your subscription has long

since expired.

In any event, we are enclosing a renewal form and a copy of our current

literature hoping for you to catch up with. It happens here from year to year

as that it may again have your name amongst those who continue to support the

efforts of our Committee.

Sincerely,

W. J. Lee
National Director

402

COMMUNIST PARTY, U. S. A.

22 WEST 28th STREET • NEW YORK 14, N. Y. • MU 5-5778

July 31, 1963

L. R. Oswald
P O Box 30061
New Orleans, La.

Dear Mr. Oswald:

Your letter to the WORKER has been referred to me for reply.

It is good to know that movements in support of fair play for Cuba has developed in New Orleans as well as in other cities. We do not have any organizational ties with the Committee, and yet there is much material that we learn from time to time that is important for anybody who is concerned about developments in Cuba.

Under separate cover we are sending you some literature.

Sincerely yours,

Arnold Johnson
Arnold Johnson, Director
Information and Lecture Bureau

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605 Hall - Benjamin J. Davis Defense Committee

Room 622
22 EAST 17th STREET, NEW YORK 3, NEW YORK
Phone: WA 4-1881

December 19, 1962

Mr. Lee M. Oswald
Box 2915
Dallas, Texas

Dear Friends:

We are in receipt of the samples of photographic work you sent us.

We deeply appreciate your offer to do this type of work for us as your contribution to our activity. We are putting this material on file so that we can make reference to it in the event that any such need arises.

Thanks again.

Sincerely,

ALLIANCE FOR THE WORKER
James J. Forman
James J. Forman
Executive Secretary

3771860

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710 BROADWAY NEW YORK, N.Y. CHAPS 6-6671 MAY 17, 1968

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Mr. E. Oswald
1907 L/O Magazine Street
New Orleans, Louisiana

Dear Friends:

Thank you for your prompt reply. Enclosed are your card and receipt, along with our stamps and orders.

Your interest in helping to form an FPOC Chapter in New Orleans is greatly appreciated. I shall try to give you some basic information now so that you may have a better picture of what this entails.

For one thing, I am enclosing a copy of our Constitution and By-Laws for all Chapters and Student Chapters. You will note that there is considerable authority for an organization our size. We try and let all Chapters operate according to the local requirements. Naturally, there are minimal regulations which must be met.

(All Chapters can receive literature in bulk at a discounted rate and receive at the retail price and use the proceeds for further Chapter activities.) Credit is extended and payment is not required until the order. We do expect prompt attention to be given so that we may continue our end of the operation.

It would be hard to envision of a chapter with as few members as ours to exist in the New Orleans area. I have just gone through our files and find that Louisiana seems somewhat restricted for Fair Play activities. However, with what is there perhaps you could build a larger group if a few members could embrace the discipline and responsibility of a more conventional group.

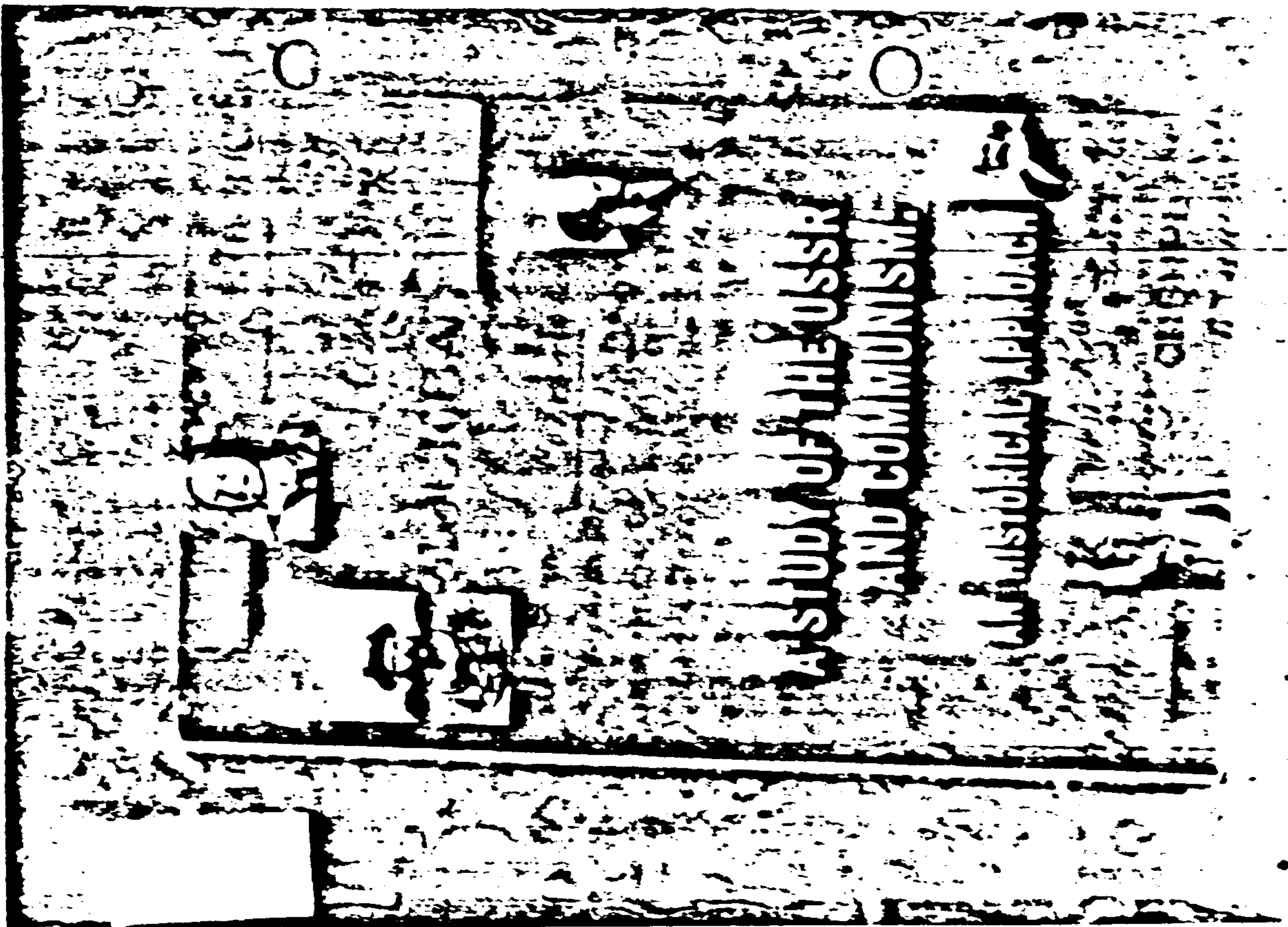
We certainly are not at all adverse to a very small Chapter but certainly would expect that there would be at least twice the normal amount to conduct a legal executive board for the chapter. Should this be possible we could possibly issue a charter for

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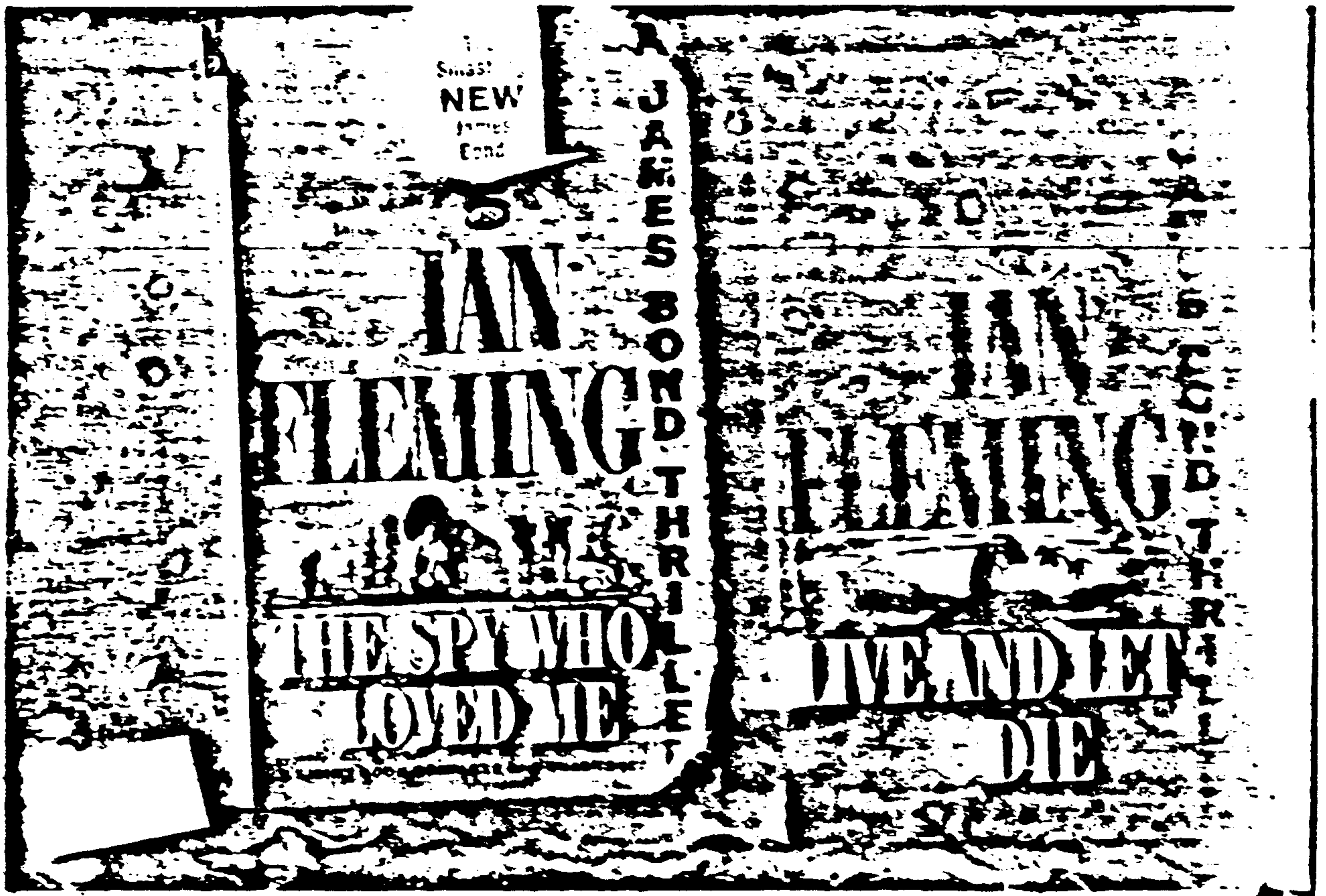
DICTIONARY
DEFINITIONS

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WORDS

ROBERTS
RULES
OF
ORDER
REVISED



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SCOPE CLASSES

STARTING FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11
FRIDAYS 9:00 P.M.—10:00 P.M.

10 KEY THEMES IN MARXIST PHILOSOPHY
Dr. HOWARD GRANT

The course will develop the main dialectical categories of Marxist philosophy, covering especially the struggle between "materialism" and "idealism" from the young Marx to the late Lenin. The relation of the social sciences, the role of labor in making man, the concept of "historicism," the individual, nature and social change, the theory of knowledge and the role of the intellect.

11 POLITICAL ECONOMY I RUTH GANNETT

The course is a historical study of Marxist political economy, with the role of the state and the role of capital, the meaning of "surplus value," the labor theory of value, the theory of "commodity fetishism," and the role of the "bourgeoisie" and the "proletariat."

12 MARXISM AND THE WORKING CLASS
WILLIAM ALBROW

The class attempts to do more than to read Marx's "Manifesto" and "Communist Manifesto" in the U.S.A. It is a study of the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party. It is a study of the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party. It is a study of the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party.

13 AMERICAN SOCIAL CRITICS
Dr. HENRY AUSTIN

The course will include the reading of Charles A. Beard, Walter Lippman, William F. Ogburn, C. Wright Mills and others. The development of the class will be to show the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party. It is a study of the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party.

14 AFRICAN HISTORY JOHN HUGHES CLARK

The course will be a general survey of African history, with special emphasis on the role and function of the working class. It is a study of the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party. It is a study of the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL FOR MARXIST STUDIES

Fall Term
OCTOBER 11 - NOVEMBER 25

1963 Bulletin

Registration
The School Office will be open for registration Monday, Oct. 7 through Thursday, Oct. 10, 5:30 P.M. to 8:00 P.M. Registration will also be taken during the first week of classes, Oct. 11 through Oct. 15 from 8:30 A.M.

325 Broadway, New York 8, N. Y.
at 14 Street, Room 1022
GLamory 8-1880

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GENERAL STUDIES CLASSES

STARTING MONDAY, OCTOBER 14
MONDAYS 6:00 P.M.—8:00 P.M.

1. CURRENTS IN CONTEMPORARY AMERICAN LITERATURE
RUTH GANNETT

A survey of 7 major American novelists from the 1920s to the 1950s. The course will include the reading of Charles A. Beard, Walter Lippman, William F. Ogburn, C. Wright Mills and others. The development of the class will be to show the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party.

2. PROBLEMS IN HISTORY
RUTH GANNETT

This course will be a general survey of African history, with special emphasis on the role and function of the working class. It is a study of the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party.

3. THE PUERTO RICANS IN THE UNITED STATES
JOHN HUGHES CLARK

The Puerto Rican people have been the subject of much historical and social study. This course will be a general survey of Puerto Rican history and the role of the working class. It is a study of the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party.

4. INTRODUCTION TO MARXISM-LÉNINE
JOHN HUGHES CLARK

An introduction to the philosophy, politics and the program of Marxism-Lénine. The course will be to show the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party.

5. HIGHLIGHTS OF THE AMERICAN LABOR MOVEMENT
JOHN HUGHES CLARK

Beginning with the Industrial Revolution, the course will trace the development of the American labor movement. It is a study of the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party.

GENERAL STUDIES CLASSES

STARTING MONDAY, OCTOBER 14
MONDAYS 6:00 P.M.—8:00 P.M.

6. CURRENT PROBLEMS IN MARXIST THEORY
Dr. HENRY AUSTIN

The course will be a general survey of African history, with special emphasis on the role and function of the working class. It is a study of the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party.

7. ANALYSIS OF NEWS HIGHLIGHTS
By RUTH GANNETT and JOHN HUGHES CLARK

This course will be a general survey of African history, with special emphasis on the role and function of the working class. It is a study of the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party.

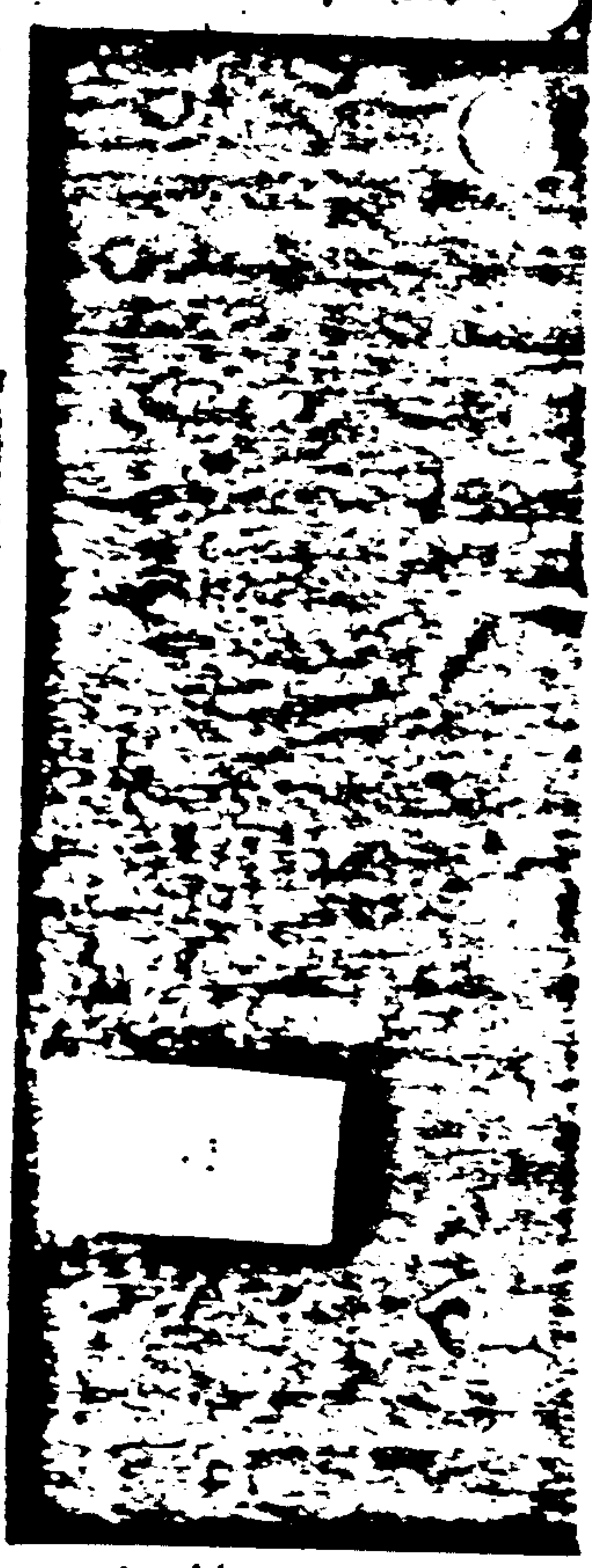
STARTING MONDAY, OCTOBER 14
MONDAYS 6:00 P.M.—8:00 P.M.

8. THE ESSENTIALIST INFLUENCE ON LITERATURE—A MARXIST VIEW
RUTH GANNETT

The Marxist philosophy offers the most complete and consistent explanation of the development of literature from the Renaissance to the 1950s. The course will be to show the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party.

9. READINGS IN MARXISM
RUTH GANNETT

This course will be a general survey of African history, with special emphasis on the role and function of the working class. It is a study of the working class struggle in the U.S.A. and the role of the Communist Party.



WHAT IS THE N.Y. SCHOOL FOR MARXIST STUDIES?

The New York School for Marxist Studies was organized for the purpose of offering a scientific approach to the study of the social sciences. The school is based on the theory of historical materialism as developed by Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels. It is a school of the working class and is open to all workers and students who are interested in the study of the social sciences.

WHAT IS SCOPE?

A number of years ago a Student Committee on Progressive Education (SCOPE) was organized to give an answer to the question: "WHAT DO WE WANT TO DO?"

SCOPE believes that the knowledge we gain from the study of the social sciences is not just a means to an end, but a means to an end in itself. It is a means to an end in itself because it is a means to an end in itself. It is a means to an end in itself because it is a means to an end in itself.

SCOPE believes that the knowledge we gain from the study of the social sciences is not just a means to an end, but a means to an end in itself. It is a means to an end in itself because it is a means to an end in itself. It is a means to an end in itself because it is a means to an end in itself.

With the founding of the N.Y. School for Marxist Studies, SCOPE has become an important part of the school. It is a part of the school because it is a part of the school. It is a part of the school because it is a part of the school.

WHO MAY ATTEND: WHO ARE THE TEACHERS?

Any one who is interested in the study of the social sciences may attend. The school is open to all workers and students who are interested in the study of the social sciences. The teachers are all workers and students who are interested in the study of the social sciences.

WHAT SUBJECTS ARE TAUGHT?

The school teaches the following subjects: History, Economics, Philosophy, and the Social Sciences.

WHO FINANCES THE SCHOOL?

The school is financed by the workers and students who attend. It is a school of the working class and is open to all workers and students who are interested in the study of the social sciences.

FEES

There are no fees for the school. The school is open to all workers and students who are interested in the study of the social sciences. There are no fees for the school.

BOOKS

The school has a library of books. The books are all workers and students who are interested in the study of the social sciences.

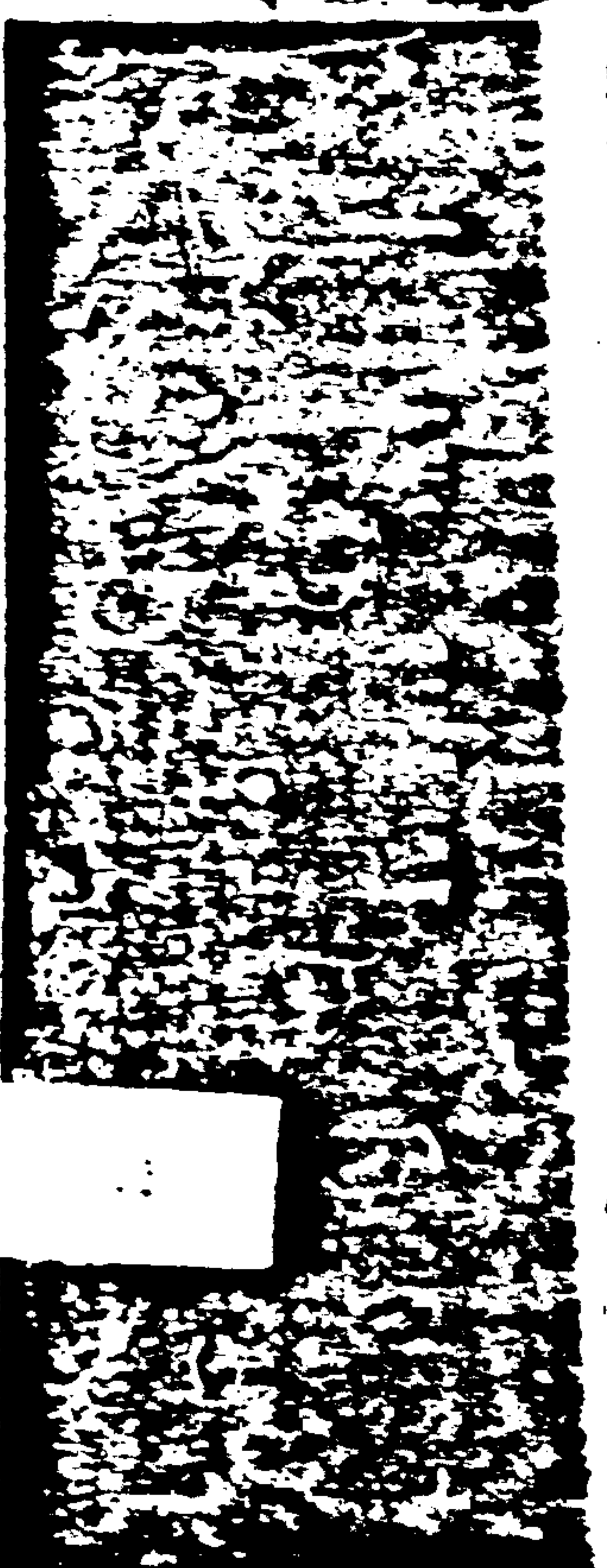
EXTENSION CLASSES

There are extension classes for the school. The extension classes are for workers and students who are interested in the study of the social sciences.

LECTURES, FORUMS AND CONFERENCES

The school has lectures, forums, and conferences. The lectures, forums, and conferences are for workers and students who are interested in the study of the social sciences.

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GENERAL STUDIES CLASSES

STARTING MONDAY, OCTOBER 14
TUESDAYS 8:30 P.M.—10:00 P.M.

10. LOS PUERTORRIQUENOS EN LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS

Dr. JUAN GARCIA
This class will study the history and development of the Puerto Rican people in the United States. It will cover the period from the early years of settlement to the present day.

11. AMERICAN CAPITALISM TODAY

Dr. SYLVAN RUBIN
This class will study the development of American capitalism since World War II. It will cover the period from the early years of the post-war boom to the present day.

12. THE CIVIL WAR PERIOD IN U.S. HISTORY 1861-1870

Dr. HERBERT APPELBAUM
This class will study the Civil War period in U.S. history. It will cover the period from the outbreak of the war to the end of the war.

SPECIAL MARX CAPITAL VOL. I
An intensive study of Marx's political economy. This is the first volume of the Capital series. It covers the period from the early years of the industrial revolution to the present day.

SCOPE CLASSES

STARTING WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11
TUESDAYS 7:00 P.M.—8:00 P.M.

10. AN INTRODUCTION TO MARXISM

Dr. JUAN GARCIA
This class will study the basic principles of Marxism. It will cover the period from the early years of the industrial revolution to the present day.

11. DIALECTICAL AND HISTORICAL MATERIALISM

Dr. SYLVAN RUBIN
This class will study the dialectical and historical materialist method. It will cover the period from the early years of the industrial revolution to the present day.

12. ECONOMICS OF DISARMAMENT

Dr. SYLVAN RUBIN
This class will study the economics of disarmament. It will cover the period from the early years of the industrial revolution to the present day.

13. PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE

Dr. HERBERT APPELBAUM
This class will study the concept of peaceful coexistence. It will cover the period from the early years of the industrial revolution to the present day.

14. THE ROAD TO NEGRO EMANCIPATION

Dr. SYLVAN RUBIN
This class will study the road to negro emancipation. It will cover the period from the early years of the industrial revolution to the present day.

15. WHITE WORKERS

Dr. SYLVAN RUBIN
This class will study the role of white workers. It will cover the period from the early years of the industrial revolution to the present day.

JESUIT HOUSE OF STUDIES
3059 LINDA LANE
MOBILE ALABAMA

August 10, 1964

Dear Lee:

This morning I was speaking with one of our professors who heard the talk you gave at the University of Alabama. He thought that you made a number of good points. One of these was your criticism of speculation in the capitalistic system. He stated that speculation with gambling. It seems to be another form of it. Another point was your criticism of exploitation which occurs in capitalism. On both these points, speculation and exploitation, the Pope has spoken strongly against them in the past 70 years. On the other hand, the professor to whom I am referring thought that you hadn't made sufficient application. Applying the criticism of speculation and exploitation in our country, it seems that these things are regulated. In the instances where certain individuals do overstep their bounds, it seems that such occurrences are practically inevitable in a free society. If we are going to have freedom which then strict regulation, then the government will eventually find it very difficult to curb all abuses. The difficulty with communism is that it suppresses freedom, as you indicated, in order to obtain efficiency.

You mentioned that there are good and bad points in each system and that possibly the best system would be a fusion of the good points of both capitalism and communism, something approaching socialism. It seems that socialism might work in a small society but again, when we apply this to our own country, it appears that we are very similar and that it would be very difficult for the government sufficiently to control such a complex society as ours along the lines of socialism. Also here again, socialism takes the sacrifice of freedom in practice if it is going to work. Freedom seems to be a fundamental human value precious to every man. I think that freedom can be retained and yet we can still have a just economic, political and social system. Of course this requires that each man live up to the obligations and responsibilities of respecting the freedom of other men and exercising his own freedom in a just way. Perhaps it is more difficult to achieve a just social order by relying on individuals to show initiative and responsibility in respecting rights and living up to duties, but it seems that a society based on respect for justice and individual worth is much more lasting and solidly founded and more in accord with man's nature.

The Pope beginning with Leo XIII in 1878 and continuing through the present day has given considerable thought and energy to trying to think through to a solution of economic, political and social abuses. You might get some ideas from the Catholic encyclicals which the Pope has been issuing from time to time. I think that the Pope has been trying to work out the problem as well as the stimulation to your own thinking on the matter. That's about all for now. Give my regards to Marie.

412

Dear Lee:

This morning I was speaking with one of our professors who heard the talk you gave at the University of Alabama. He thought that you made a number of good points. One of these was your criticism of speculation in the capitalistic system. He stated that speculation with gambling. It seems to be another form of it. Another point was your criticism of exploitation which occurs in capitalism. On both these points, speculation and exploitation, the Pope has spoken strongly against them in the past 70 years. On the other hand, the professor to whom I am referring thought that you hadn't made sufficient application. Applying the criticism of speculation and exploitation in our country, it seems that these things are regulated. In the instances where certain individuals do overstep their bounds, it seems that such occurrences are practically inevitable in a free society. If we are going to have freedom which then strict regulation, then the government will eventually find it very difficult to curb all abuses. The difficulty with communism is that it suppresses freedom, as you indicated, in order to obtain efficiency.

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Sincerely,

412

FOR MAIL

MOBILE ALA

JESUIT HOUSE OF STUDIES

3059 LINDA LANE

MOBILE, ALABAMA

Do not write and send by registered mail

Dear Lee:

This morning I was speaking with one of our professors who heard the talk you gave to us. He thought that you made a number of good points. One of these was your criticism of speculation in the capitalistic system. He quoted stock speculation with gambling. It seems to be another form of it. Another point was your criticism of exploitation which occurs in capitalism. On both these points, speculation and exploitation, the Pope has spoken strongly against them in the past 70 years.

On the other hand, the professor to whom I am referring thought that you hadn't made sufficient application. Applying the criticism of speculation and exploitation in our country, it seems that these things are regulated. In the instances where certain individuals do overstep their bounds, it seems that such occurrences are practically inevitable in a free society. If we are going to have freedom rather than strict regimentation, then the government will naturally find it very difficult to curb all abuses. The difficulty with communism is that it suppresses freedom, as you indicated, in order to obtain efficiency.

You mentioned that there are good and bad points in each system and that possibly the best system would be a fusion of the good points of both capitalism and communism, something approaching socialism. It seems that socialism might work in a small society but again, when we apply this to our own country, it appears that we are very complex and that it would be very difficult for the government sufficiently to control such a complex society as ours along the lines of socialism. Also here again, socialism means the sacrifice of freedom in practice if it is going to work. Freedom seems to be a fundamental human value precious to every man. I think that freedom can be retained and yet we can still have a just economic, political and social system. Of course this requires that each man live up to the obligations and responsibilities of respecting the freedom of other men and ensuring his own freedom in a just way. Perhaps it is more difficult to achieve a just social order by relying on individuals to show initiative and responsibility in respecting rights and living up to duties, but it seems that a society based on respect for justice and individual worth is much more lasting and solidly founded and more in accord with man's nature.

The Popes beginning with Leo XIII in 1878 and continuing up to the present day have given considerable thought and energy in trying to think through to a solution of economic and social and political abuses. You might get some ideas from the enclosed articles as to how the Popes have been trying to work out the problem as well as some stimulation to your own thinking on the matter.

That's about it for now. Give my regards to Maria.

Sincerely,

John

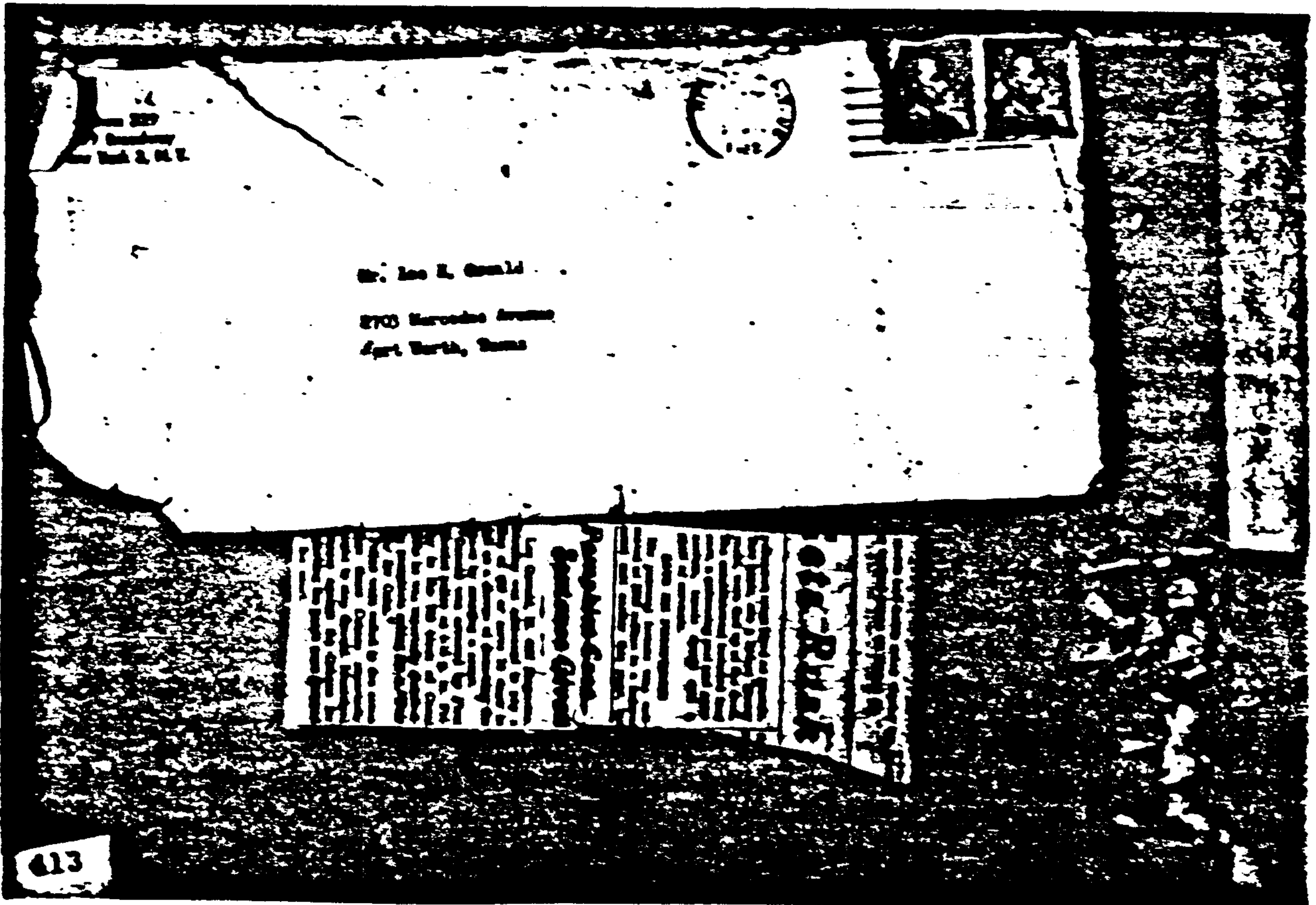
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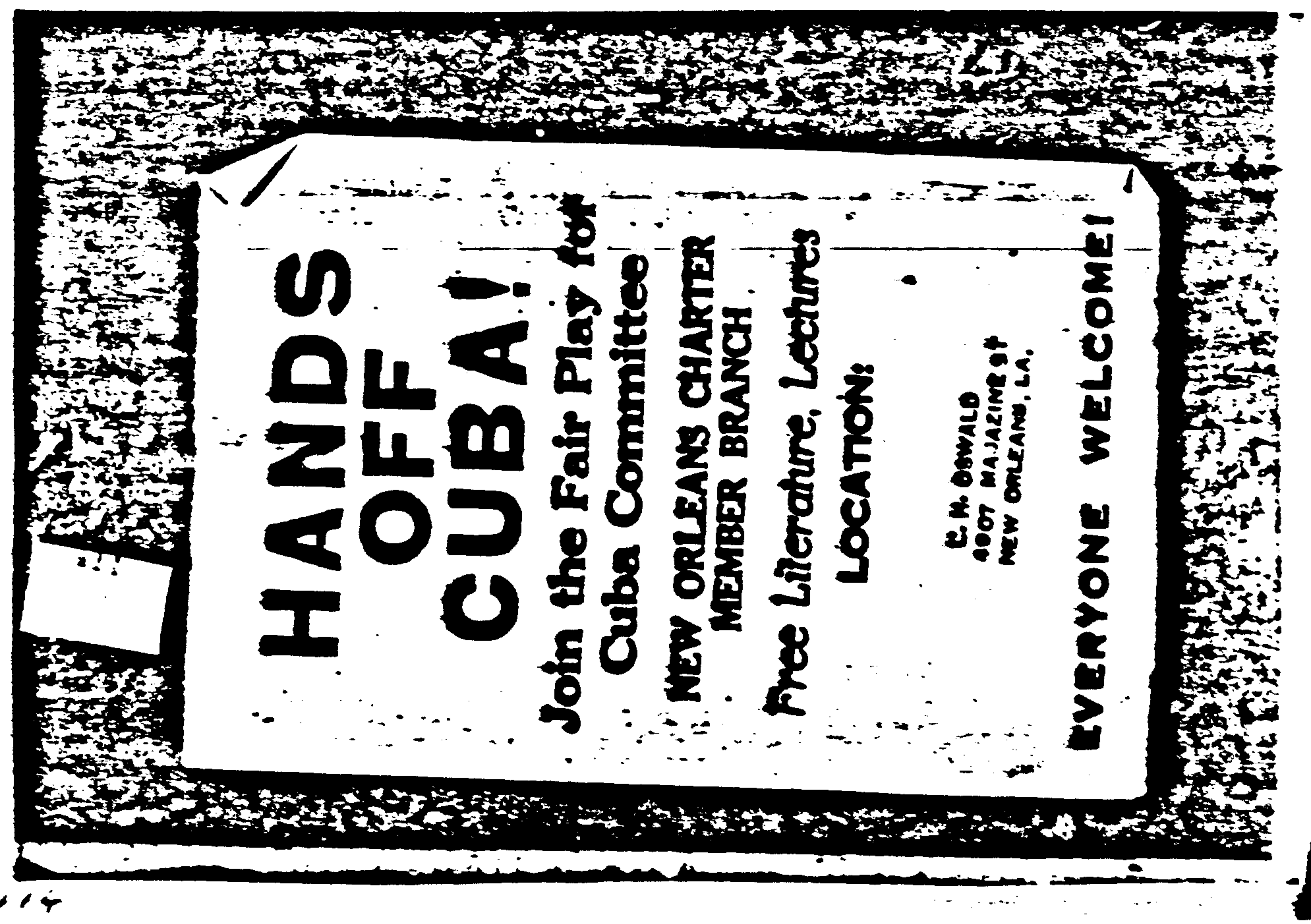
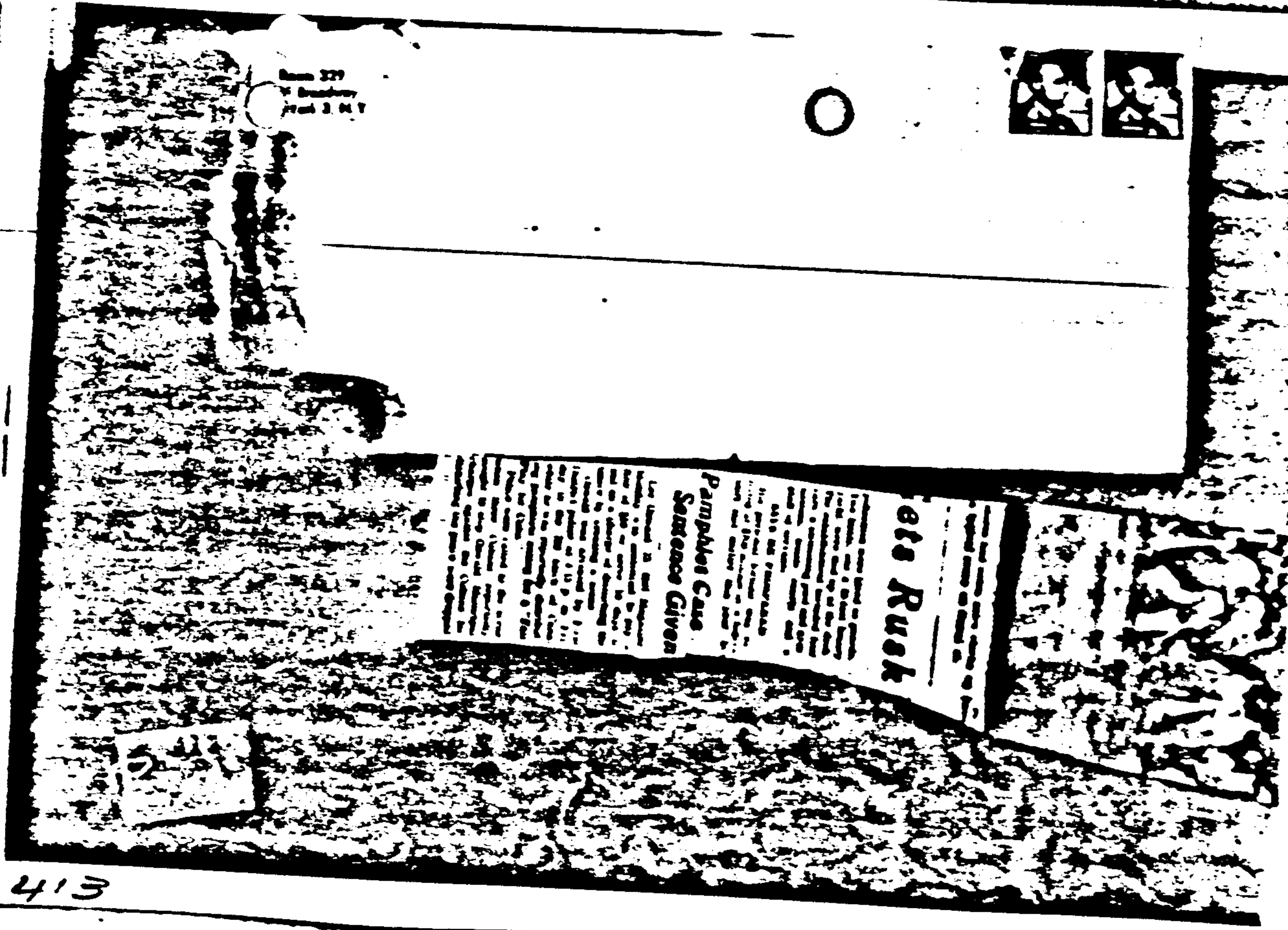
1700 West 13th Ave. Omaha
1107 West 13th St. Omaha
1107 West 13th St. Omaha

V. J. Derrub, S.J.
FRONT HOUSE OF STUDIES
OMAHA, NEBRASKA



Mr. Lee E. Oswald
2703 Maroon Avenue
Apt North, Omaha

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The Fair Play for Cuba Committee
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I wish to pay the amount of \$11.27
and due me \$6.00

I cannot participate in the Cuban Fair Play
because I am a subscriber to the Fair Play for Cuba Committee

I would like to take a subscription to the Fair Play for Cuba Committee

Name

Address

City

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FORT WORTH STAR-T
A Fort Worth based Newspaper
FORT WORTH, TEXAS • Where the West begins • SATURDAY
Oct 31

Ft. Worth Man Asks Red Citizenship

Passport Turned in At Moscow

OSWALD OF City Mother Gets Note From Russia

Pamphlet Case Sentence Given

MORE ABOUT CITY YOUTH DEFECT



**LI HANING REQUESTS
LOVE CITIZENSHIP**

**LI HANING REQUESTS
LOVE CITIZENSHIP**

STAR-TELEGRAM

MONDAY

HEY, WAN' FOR ME?

COMMUNISM

ATTACHES FROM THE COUNTRIES

COMMUNISM

By Fred Wapner, Star-Telegram Staff Cartoonist



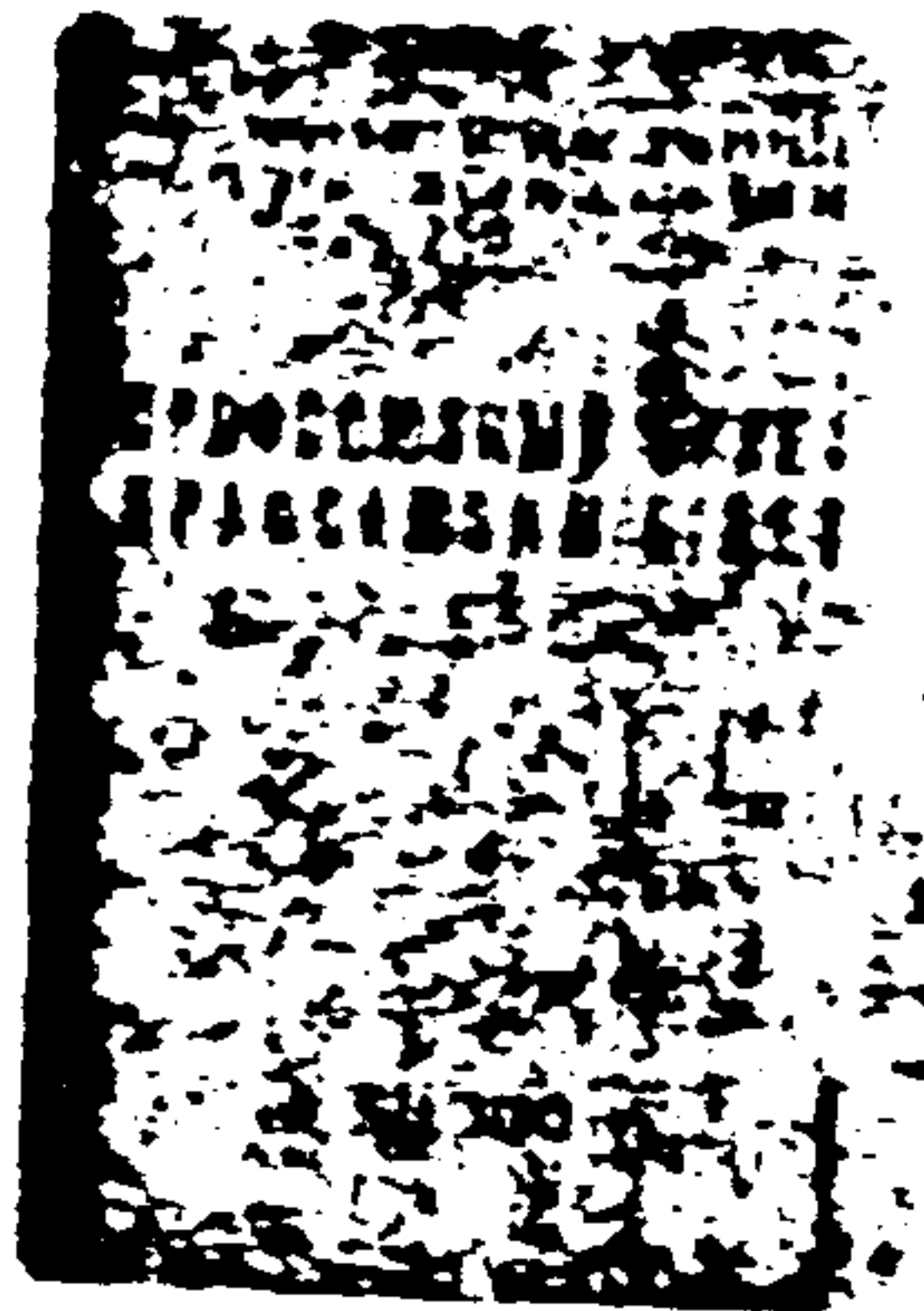
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DRIVERS HANDBOOK

THE COVER
DRIVER LICENSE
GRADUATION BOOKS

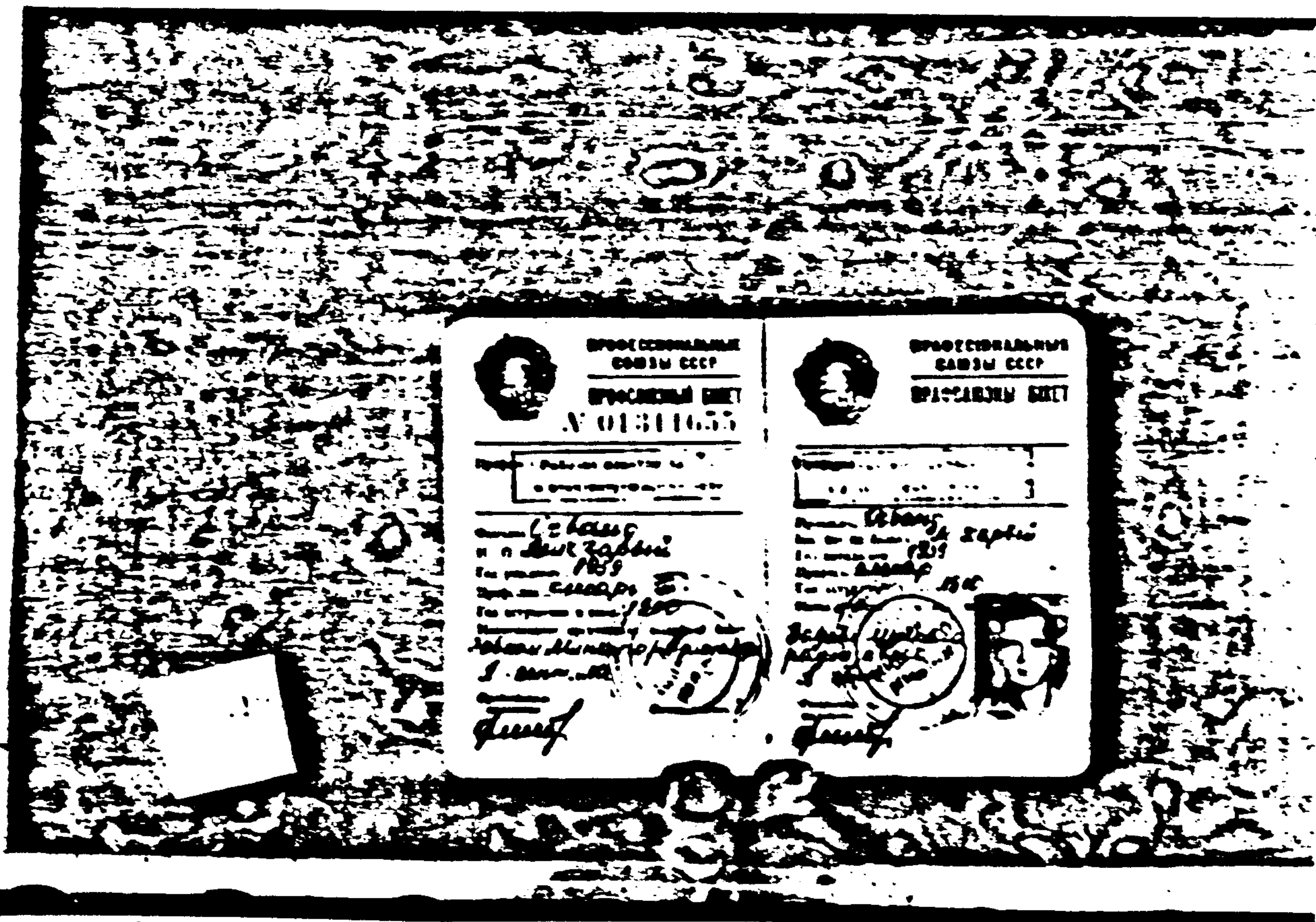
FOR
SAFE
DRIVING





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СФЕДЕРАЛЬНОЕ
СОБЩЕНИЕ

СФЕДЕРАЛЬНОЕ СООБЩЕНИЕ

№ 013116.59

Имя: [blank]
Фамилия: [blank]

Дата рождения: 1959
Место рождения: [blank]
Подпись: [signature]



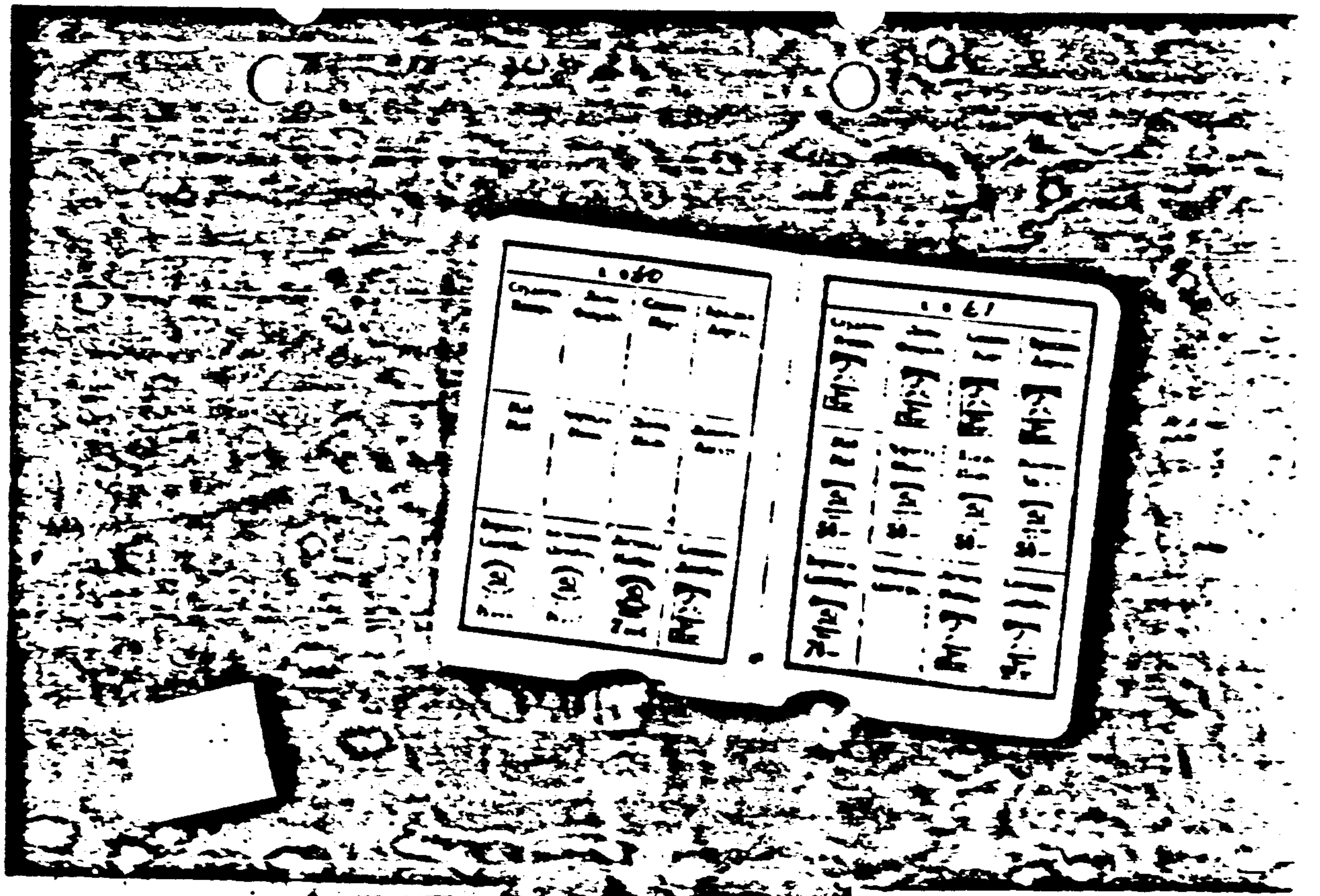
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СОБЩЕНИЕ

СФЕДЕРАЛЬНОЕ СООБЩЕНИЕ

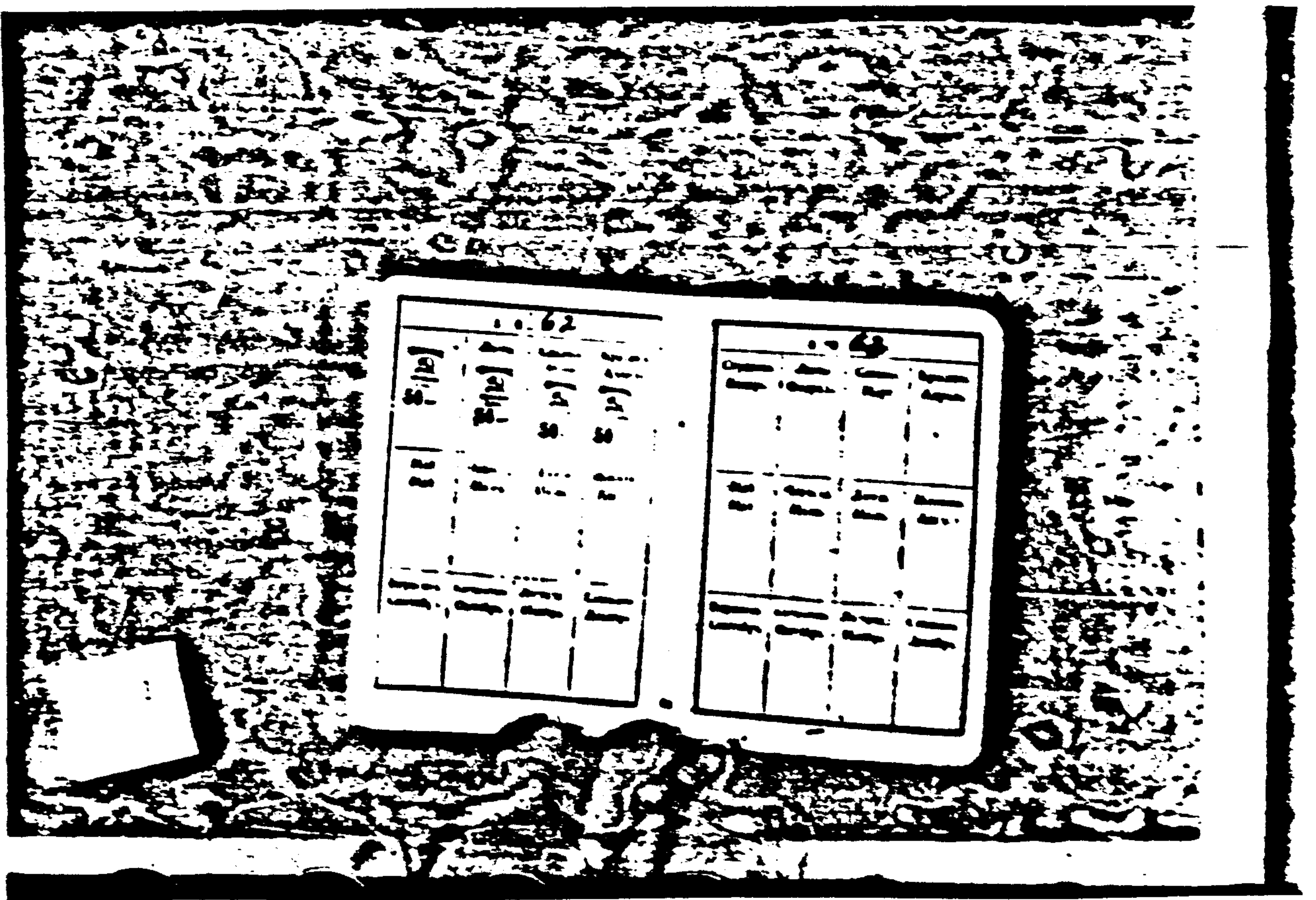
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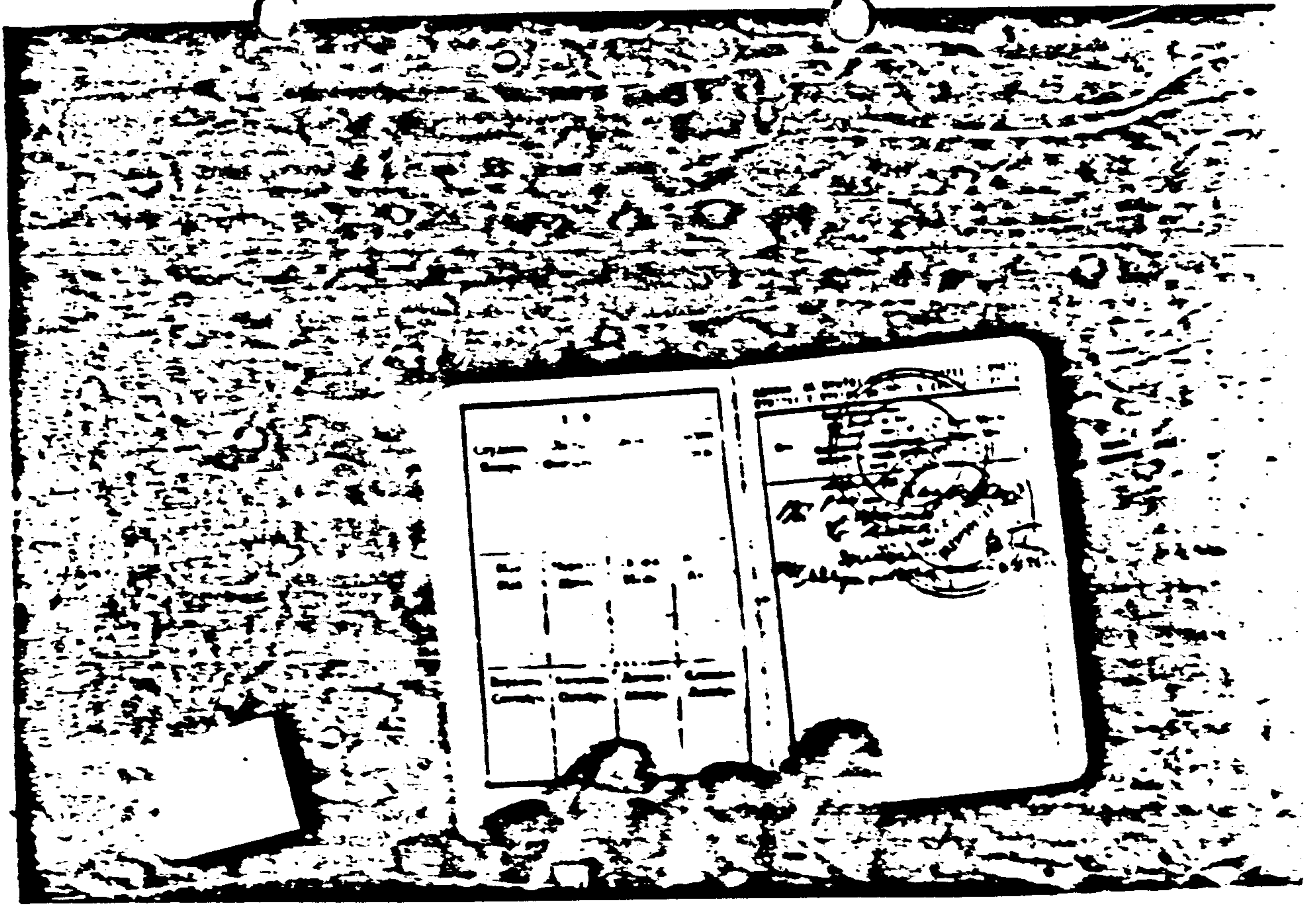
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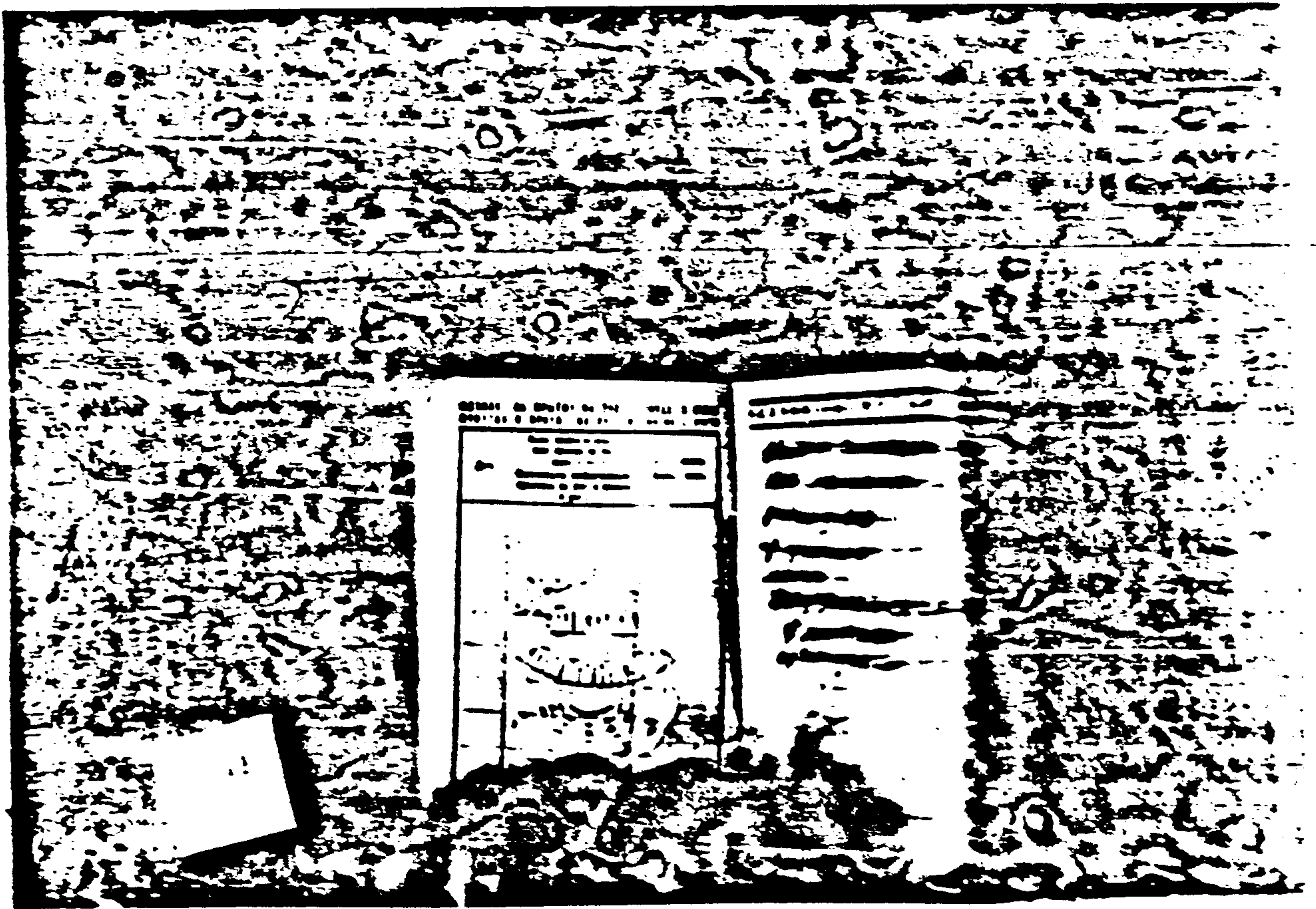


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It will also include an acknowledgment of the

How the following program and activities in the field and other
UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS
MARINE FIRST CLASS

United States Marine Corps

to read or send from the First day of March

The applicant will describe completely and adequately during the date of the
grants to which applicant by doing and performing all necessary things to
achieve the above stated purpose and require all personnel of their grade to
make additional to applicant's action. What the applicant is to do and what
and when and duration or way to give from time to time by Signature
entry working in the field and under government the discipline of the
United States of the United States of America

When under my hand and seal of the United States of America, this 1st day of
March 1952

John P. ...
Lieutenant Colonel, United States Marine Corps

420

420

United States Air Force



Air Training Command

PRO LIEUTENANT COLONEL

is to be used for the purpose of ...

to complete ... and by ...

CERTIFICATE OF PERFORMANCE

Given at ...

in the year of our Lord and ...

B. L. ...
Lieutenant Colonel, USAF

John P. ...
Major General, USAF

EMBASSY OF THE
UNION OF SOVIET SOCIALIST REPUBLICS
CONSULAR DIVISION
NEW ORLEANS STREET, N. O.
NEW ORLEANS, L. A.

Mrs. A. Oswald
4907 Magazine St.
New Orleans La.

August 5, 1953

YOUR LETTER OF THE 2ND INSTANT RECEIVED.

YOUR REQUEST FOR THE REISSUE OF YOUR PASSPORT IS UNDER CONSIDERATION. THE CONSUL GENERAL IN NEW ORLEANS HAS BEEN ADVISED OF YOUR REQUEST AND WILL BE CONTACTED FOR FURTHER INFORMATION. YOUR REQUEST WILL BE HANDLED AS A MATTER OF COURTESY.

Very truly yours,
[Signature]

424

UNDESIRABLE DISCHARGE

FROM THE ARMED FORCES OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT

FRANKLIN EARL LEWIS SERIAL 34000

WAS DISCHARGED FROM THE

UNITED STATES MARINE CORPS

ON THE 12th DAY OF SEPTEMBER 1950


AS UNDESIRABLE

W. J. [Signature]

W. J. [Signature], [Title]

425

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 DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
 HEADQUARTERS, WASHINGTON, D. C. 20315
 FORM NO. 10
 1-55


I certify that the above is correct according to the records on file.

Date: _____
 Place: _____
 Signature: *John E. ...*

Authority for discharge _____
 Name of _____
 Previous service _____
 Rank held on discharge _____
 Military occupational specialty _____
 Service (era, foreign, battles, campaigns, repetitions) _____
 Service number _____
 Organization _____
 Place of discharge _____

Read _____ on the _____
 of _____

426


 DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
 HEADQUARTERS, WASHINGTON, D. C. 20315
 FORM NO. 10
 1-55

Your discharge certificate is being prepared. It will be ready for you in about 30 days.

In the interim, you should apply for a discharge certificate from the nearest Army garrison office. This certificate will be valid for 30 days from the date of issue.

If you are a member of the National Guard or Reserve, you should apply for a discharge certificate from the nearest National Guard or Reserve office. This certificate will be valid for 30 days from the date of issue.

Your discharge certificate will be sent to you by mail. It will be accompanied by a check for any unpaid pay or allowances.

If you have any questions, please contact the nearest Army garrison office.

Sincerely,
Paul Taylor
 Major General, U. S. Army
 Assistant Director of Personnel

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DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
NAVY OPERATIONAL MEDICAL CENTER
OPERATION 10 10 6

FORM 1041
REV. 10-61
1041-10

JUL 23 1963

Mr. Leo E. Gault
P. O. Box 2004
New Orleans, La.

Dear Mr. Gault:

The review of your discharge has been completed in accordance with the regulations governing the procedure of this board. Careful consideration was given to the evidence presented in your behalf as well as that contained in your official records. The brevity of the Navy has produced the proceedings of the board.

It is the decision that no change, correction or modification is warranted in your discharge.

Sincerely yours,

D. W. BOWEN
Captain, USN
President
Navy Discharge Review Board

Enclose Original Discharge Certificate.
The (2) Letters dated 21 Jan 1963, 23 Nov 1963.
Information on Reenlistment.

Standard Form 1041 (Rev. 11-61)

5010-108

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Form 1041
REV. 10-61
1041-10

INVESTIGATE REQUEST FOR RECORDS
OF SERVICE OF THE NAVY

Request Form No. 1041

1. NAME LEO E. GAULT 2. SERVICE NUMBER 133 34 3337
3. GRADE H-15WARD 4. DATE OF SERVICE 1942-1945
5. TITLE 1337 6. DATE OF REQUEST 2-1-63
7. ADDRESS PO Box 2004 New Orleans LA 8. PHONE NUMBER 4-16-63

9. I request investigation for the following service:

(1) I desire to know if I was ever in the service of the Navy.

(2) I desire to know if I was ever in the service of the Navy.

(3) I desire to know if I was ever in the service of the Navy.

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DEBART HOUSE OF STUDIES
2000 LORRAINE LANE
MOBILE ALABAMA

August 1, 1963

Dear Mr. Powell:

This is just a very brief note to express my thanks for the talk you gave us on Russia Saturday, July 27th. I feel that I came away from your talk with an understanding of the Russian people as a people, with ideals, goals, problems--normal, everyday human beings, something that is quite easy to forget with all the threats of war hanging in the air. I find your talk has helped to make me a broader and deeper person, more universal and sympathetic in my thinking. I hope in the future both America and Russia can draw closer to one another and thereby increase in friendship and understanding.

I also wish to tell you that I greatly admire you search for truth and your living in Russia, and I hope you have or will find it.

You can be assured of a warmest remembrance in my prayers and desires, you, your wife, and your family.

With sincere regards,

Paul Pierce
Paul Pierce, S. D.

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DEBART HOUSE OF STUDIES
2000 LORRAINE LANE
MOBILE ALABAMA

July 6, 1963

Dear Lee and "sons":

Here at the House of Studies during the summer months we have a series of lectures on various subjects given by different persons from the neighboring areas. These subjects usually deal with art, literature, economy, religion, politics, etc. We usually have a speaker every two or three weeks on a Saturday or Sunday night. Since we are studying philosophy, most of us are interested in the various phases of Communism, as this is a very timely and pertinent subject.

We were hoping that you might come over to talk to us about contemporary Russia and the practices of "Marxism" there. A number of speakers have already been contacted and have definite dates on which they will speak. The best time for us to have you speak, if you are willing, is on Saturday night, July 27. The talk usually begins at 7:00 and lasts for about an hour. Then there is a five minute intermission and the speaker returns for a question period which may last a half-hour or so. Then I say that we would like to have you speak on contemporary Russia and the practice of Communism there, this is only a general idea of what we want you to do. However, I think you will understand the situation in Russia and be prepared to talk and be interested in whatever way you like. It can be as informal as you like and a narration of your own observations. In other words, don't feel that it ought to be very formal and theoretical. Also, when I say that the talks usually last for an hour, I don't mean that it has to be that long. This is rather by way of a time limit. You may use whatever notes you may wish to prepare. In short, do it the way you feel you want to do it and be assured that we want you to feel at home in talking to us.

We have about 90 men who are studying philosophy in the houses usually about 25 or so will attend these talks. We hope that you will accept our invitation and I think you will find it a good experience, as I'm sure we will love to hear of us and your own experiences. I wrote my family today telling them that I planned to invite you for this occasion. They had already told me on the 1st last week that they hoped to invite you to come over with them when they come here sometime. I asked them if they wouldn't mind arranging to make a visit here for the same occasion so that you could come together. I told them that I would ask you to call them to make plans ahead. You can let me know what you think about the matter and ask any further questions you may want to know about the situation. Drop me a line when you get a chance.

Sincerely,
Paul Pierce

PRISON DIRECTORY
Prisoners of the
Federal Bureau of Investigation

March 19, 1947

TO: [REDACTED]

It is noted that Mr. Lee Harvey Oswald has a good knowledge of the Russian language. He acquired this knowledge during his three year stay in the Soviet Union. It is estimated he is capable of being an interpreter and perhaps a strong agent.

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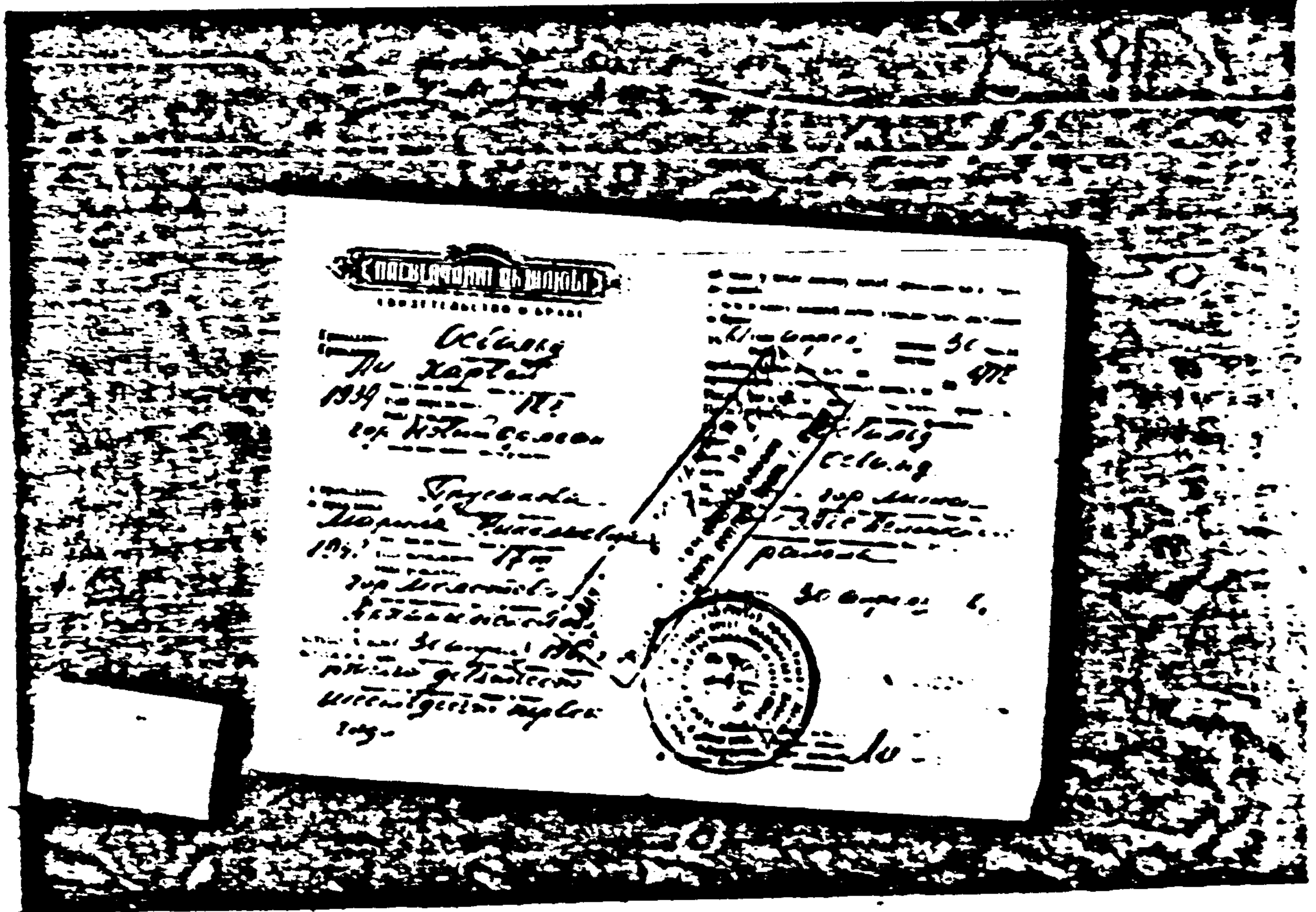
Lee Harvey Oswald
1824 N. Beck St
New Orleans - La
Mr. Mueller

1948 POST RECEIPT

NO. 111	1.30
Lee H. Oswald 6225	
270	



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