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Even trips to many cities of the Soviet Union is forbidden even to those who would like to travel there to see relatives all cities above Leningrad towards the Finnish border falls in to this category, Brest on the Polish border Obessa main seaport some cities in its Ukrainian and Siberia connected with war industry, all cities along the southern border of the USSR from Moldavia to India are forbidden, without a pass, all cars, trucks and other private vehicles are stopped at special checkpoints to these areas. Train and plane and bus terminals are not allowed to sell tickets to these places without being shown a passport or being shown a valid passport, whose owners address is in the forbidden city, persons already living in these cities may travel freely to and from them however, they may not bring others in with out passes, passes are given out by the local K.G.B. offices directly and one must apply directly to it.

It may be explained that in the Eastern European custom all citizens upon reaching the age of 16 years are given a "green passport" or identification papers. on the first page is a photo and personal information, on the following 4 pages are places for the registering of addresses, this including rented rooms, on the next four pages are places for making a particular remarks as to the conduct of the carrier, or place better kept blank. the next three pages are for registering the places of work then the next page is for marriage licenses and divorce decrees, stamps. these "passports" are changed for a small charge every five years. a lost passport can be replaced after a short investigation for 10 rubles. all persons regardless of nationality are required to carry these papers at all time, also as a matter of fact nationality they are 65 in the Soviet Union are also marked on the passport for instance a Ukrainian, is Ukrainian a Jew is marked Jew, an immigrant is marked as to place of birth, as in the cases of the many Argentinians that in the U.S.S.R. also on the page

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