reprocessing regrest

To Quin Shes from Harold Weisberg, King and JFK assassination 2/27/80 records appeals

The FBI has not followed the Department's and its own standards and directives in processing the records release to me in all my cases

When we spoke yesterday I learned that once again Department counsel had kept you winformed about what you should know, what had been withheld from you by the Department and the FEI, if you are to perform your appeals function and if you were to fill the role for which the Court involved you in C.A. 75-1996.

I mentioned two records, once pertinent an each subject, and last night I located two but not the one I intended in the JFK case. I will locate and attach it today. The JFK record that is not the one to which I referred is, nonetheless, of significance insofar as it states clearly and unequivocally what kind of personal and national security type information the FEE did not withhold in historical cases and, as I described it in an appeal that I have already sent you or will be with this, is still another proof that the FEE did not withhold prior to FOEA what it misuses FOEA to withhold. As the appeals court has stated, FOEA is a disclosure, not a withholding statute.

You will not find any file designations on the King record I attach. This is contrary to the FEI's representations in C.A. 75-1996. It then informed the Court - I should day minimformed the Court - that all records got to and are retrievable only from its central records. This is not such a record. It is a record of the FOIAPA Section. It was retrieved on discovery.

Discovery was delayed by two Department counsel, so long delayed that as a practical matter I did not obtain the records of which the attached is part in time to use them in taking depositions.

Please note that the Legal Counsel mapo is addressed to Civil Pivision, which withheld this infor, ation from the Court to be able to represent contrary to what it stated to the Court.

The subject matter is a case James Earl Ray filed in Tennessee, in 1978. Do not confuse it with one he filed in Washington, later.

Reginning on page 2 Legal Bounsel refers to my C.A. 75-1996. In the second paragraph on page 3 it refers to the historical case determination in the first sentence and states in the second sentence/that "The DOJ waived privacy rights against public interest." (Marked in margin)

Counsel on the subject, Legal Coubsel and Civil Division combined not only to withhold this information from you and me - it defended the FBC's violation of this directive in all the record processed in C.A. 75-1996. As you recall, to do this it even violated the Order of the Court, that the names of public employees performing public functions, not be withheld. (The Order predates the processing of any MURICIA records but was violated in the processing of them.)

Not knowing this, your review of the records, as processed, led you to what in one of your 1978 reports you referred to as a tentative conclusions that those records require reprocessing. (In a other one of themes those reports you stated, after reviewing the Stipulation and the records processed under it, that if I were not satisfied, then they also require reprocessing. I could not have made it more certain that I was not and an not satisfied. Now, however, you have this additional requirement for reprocessing, that the standards and DOV determination of privacy waiver, were violated.)

The cost to the tax payers and to my counsel and so of this violation of the DOJ determination have been enormous. So also the cost to the public, which has been denied this information for going on five years.

Withholding the information from the Court may also have had consequences.

However, the Court has not ruled on a cope. You now have no need for delay until
that question was resolved. I therefore ask that you proceed with this reprocessing
immediately and as rapidly as is possible, including both FMHQ and field office
records and specifically including those that were not even included in FCIA review.

I believe I neet the prerequisites for expedited processing. I also believe that the
any
age of this case requires it. If you have may questions or require any proofs, please ask.

The JFK record, 105-32555-3665, is the subject of my 2/26/80 appeal captioned
"More restrictive disclosure attitude after enactment of FOIA; Frivacy; National
Security." I now provide that record, in fall, as provided to ms. (I also ask a
review of the remaining classification claims, particularly with regard to whether or
not the withheld information was within the public domain at the time it was withheld.)

as a result of Director Boover's disagreement with what the underlyings said an enomaous amount of truly and deeply personal information was disclosed in the interest of the public record. Defore beginning an uninterrupted direct quotation of the description of this information, as of three years prior to FULA, I explain the significance of this information, "Examples of this are statements regarding firs. Marguerite Oswald..."

Those with whom Mrs. Oswald manth allegedly slept prior to and after marriage, men to whom she was not married, are identified by name, as she also is. She is described as a bad mother, as # irretional and in other uncomplimentary ways. She is representing as having lived with her last husband for a year before she married living him. His/children of previous marriage are identified by name.

The rest of this passage, from the bottom of page six, is, "...the marital difficulties of Buth Paine, Brs. Faine's mother admitting (sic) she was a communist, Brs. Carol Byde suffering from a mental ailment, etc. The Aublication of the NPO airtel of 11-19-63, in light of the current Congressional interest in mail covers, could well result in criticism of the Post Office Department and the loss of Post Office Department cooperation in highly delicate investigative techniques."

Mr. Jenihan, who wrote this mean to the Assistant Director, Denoutic Intelligence, for Mr. Branigan, understated too much. That etc. covers virtually the entire Paine and Hyde families. (Buth Paine was a Hyde.) All their friends and business and professional associates have no privacy, particularly not in allegations of political beliefs the FMI did not like.

The so-called mail cover and 11-19-65 matter really are what is public knowledge, the FMI's interception and copying of Lee Harvey Oswald's letter to the USAR embassy. Director Hoover's handwritten comment is, "I don't share share your concern about these matters." This/includes the personal dischosures and the "national security" representation. (Other of his comments are obliterated in the censoring. I believe they should be restored in this historical case, particularly where what remains indicates he disagreed with what he was told.)

The other record is attached to my appeal of 2/24/80 captioned, "Historital case standards stated by FHI but not adhered to." This 10/22/75 McDermott to Jenkins memo beers games the initial of Thomas H. Bresson. It is from Section 183 of 62-109060 and should have a serial number higher than what is visible, 740.

On page 2 it states that "The FOLAPA Section is of the opinion that we should withhold naterial in this review only where there is an absolute, compelling reason to do so." and, "Further, it is considered that third party privacy should be applied only where the matter is of a deeply personal or intimate nature and disclosure would be clearly unwarranted."

"This review," while of Warren Cosmission records, also was of records that are within my current cases. These standards were not observed in them. Nor was another disclosure policy stated at the same point, which amounts to a (7)(D) waiver for only-source information from confidential sources, "telephone tolk records, proviously withheld on the basis that they were obtained from a confidential source..." (This policy also was violated throughout the Ling records, but in particular where the

When you add the Attorney General's 5/5/T7 policy statement to this I believe it is inevitable that all those JFK assassination records, which were processed after that statement and thosein the attachments to this appeal/seco, require complete reprocessing and that this is only because of the deliberably wrongful withholdings by the FBL. In fact by the FOLSPA Section itself.

Proviously I cautioned you about this in the processing of the Dallas index. It should have been processed long before now, from the schedule I was given. As I then warmed you, it was apparent that the only requirement for the long time specified by

attendaments 286

the Pales the time it takes to dupiteate the same improper and point fried mithholdings it made in the underlying records - exactly the opposite of its fine statements quoted above.

I ask for this reprocessing and for that of the index I have not yet received because I have received the infor, ation that the same wrongful withholdings are being duplicated.

The FM and its commed were on notice prior to the processing of any field office record or the index.

The amount of money the FEI has maint wasted in the deliberately arongful processing of these historical case records is fantastic. (Of course, having done wrong, knowingly, it then complains that the cost of undoing its deliberate wrong is too great.)

As I informed you yesterday, Department counsel, who is of the same Civil
Division that knows of the privacy waster in C.A. 75-1996, has already told the
Court that # all the withholdings in the underlying moords will be duplicated in and
slows down the processing of the abstracts. (The time schedule he has laid out would
be greatly expessive from the UBI's own statements.) Because of this I herewith also
appeal the withholdings from the abstracts, even though not one has been provided. The
statement of Civil Division counsel is emough for the appeal. Nobody can hope to live
because of
long enough to obtain and use the seconds of these historical cassefrant the stonewallings and withholdings. I ment to do as much as I can.

It is too bed that nobody in the Department with the power to do anything gives a deam about these deliberate abuses of the act that is intended to let the people know what their government does, abuses that are more serious then some of those the Department prosecutes others for committing. But if the "epartment did give/serious a domain it then could not make the representations to the Congress it has to get the Act amended.