

**Rule 32. Form of briefs, the appendix and other papers.**

(a) *Form of briefs and the appendix.* Briefs and appendices may be produced by standard typographic printing or by any duplicating or copying process which produces a clear black image on white paper. Carbon copies of briefs and appendices may not be submitted without permission of the Court, except in behalf of parties allowed to proceed in forma pauperis. All printed matter must appear in at least 11 point type on opaque, unglazed paper. Briefs and appendices produced by the standard typographic process shall be bound in volumes having pages  $6\frac{1}{8}$  by  $9\frac{1}{4}$  inches and type matter  $4\frac{1}{6}$  by  $7\frac{1}{6}$  inches. Those produced by any other process shall be bound in volumes having pages not exceeding  $8\frac{1}{2}$  by 11 inches and type matter not exceeding  $6\frac{1}{2}$  by  $9\frac{1}{2}$  inches, with double spacing between each line of text. In patent cases the pages of brief and appendices may be of such size as is necessary to utilize copies of patent documents. Copies of the reporter's transcript and other papers reproduced in a manner authorized by this Rule may be inserted in the appendix; such pages may be informally renumbered if necessary.

If briefs are produced by commercial printing or duplicating firms, or, if produced otherwise and the covers to be described are available, the cover of the brief of the appellant should be blue; that of the appellee, red; that of an intervenor or amicus curiae, green; that of any reply brief, gray. The cover of the appendix, if separately printed, should be white. The front covers of the briefs and of appendices, if separately printed, shall contain: (1) The name of the Court and the number of the case; (2) the title of the case (see Rule 12 (a)); (3) the nature of the proceeding in the Court (e. g., Appeal; Petition for Review) and the name of the court, agency, or board below; (4) the title of the document (e. g., Brief for Appellant, Appendix); and (5) the names and addresses of counsel representing the party on whose behalf the document is filed.

(b) *Form of other papers.* Petitions for rehearing shall be produced in a manner prescribed by subdivision (a). Motions and other papers may be produced in like manner, or they may be typewritten upon opaque, unglazed paper  $8\frac{1}{2}$  by 11 inches in size. Lines of typewritten text shall be double spaced. Consecutive sheets shall be attached at the left margin. Carbon copies may be used for filing and service if they are legible.

A motion or other paper addressed to the Court shall contain a caption setting forth the name of the Court, the title of the case, the file number, and a brief descriptive title indicating the purpose of the paper.

**Notes of Advisory Committee on Appellate Rules.** — Only 2 methods of printing are now generally recognized by the circuits — standard typographic printing and the offset duplicating process (multilith). A 3rd, mimeographing, is permitted in the Fifth Circuit. The District of Columbia, Ninth, and Tenth Circuits permit records to be reproduced by copying processes. The Committee feels that recent and impending advances in the arts of duplicating and copying warrant experimentation with less costly forms of

reproduction than those now generally authorized. The proposed Rule permits, in effect, the use of any process other than the carbon copy process which produces a clean, readable page. What constitutes such is left in 1st instance to the parties and ultimately to the Court to determine. The final sentence of the 1st paragraph of subdivision (a) is added to allow the use of multilith, mimeograph, or other forms of copies of the reporter's original transcript whenever such are available.