

These are poor copies (when the old machine had not yet been replaced) that were not the copies filed in O322. I include them in the event you do not yet have the better copies filed in court. Or, you can throw them away. Voble had the reputation within the FBI of being a "liberal" Harvard lawyer. I absolutely refused to accept another record he processed in the King case and he was removed from that FOIA work and sent back to New Haven.

To you when from the old Membergs, the communication records appendix 6/14/79

Re: the above record - New Orleans and Dallas Field Office

I was fine and my interpretation of my requests in order not to comply

by PA request; fingerprint not provided on his literature request

All records relating to my PA requests should have been provided in compliance
with PA by Dallas and all the field offices because the request was reported to all.

All records relating to Ronnie Catre should have been provided by both New Orleans
and Dallas field offices.

I know I have filed a Ronnie Catre appeal earlier. I have also appended non-
compliance with my request relating to the fingerprint that was not provided that was
on the literature he (supposedly) alone distributed when he visited the car lot Wasp
right after his last return to New Orleans.

This is early morning and I'm not checking my files, which are being reorganized,
so there may be some repetition. This relates to 10461-69, copies of which I will
attach. The New Orleans file is 100-16601, Dallas 100-10461.

As the first record (one of many drafted by T.N.Coble, who I think was a Russian
referring to Coble
export) makes clear, there are "two basic requests" in his interpretation. He is
explicit enough on the first, "All information about" Ronnie Catre.

Given this clear understanding the FBI did not comply, responding instead to the
substitution I will quote, but not responding to my request.

3) Coble states there is a reference to Catre in Dallas. Therefore it is not provided
and remains withheld. (*There is more than one, as you will see.*)

He is not explicit in stating that this reference is the 7/20/67 N.O. airtel. He
implies it, says it was in N.O. 89-69, with a copy to Dallas for 89-43. So finding this
record presented no problem to the FBI.

The record is described as a transcript of a Jim Garrison interview with one Carlito
stating Quiroga, who was also an FBI source. The reference is to one of the matters of
interest to me, one of which I wrote long ago, and the subject specifically provided I pub-
lished in 1967, so there is no secrecy. I had other interests in Catre related to my
efforts to follow Oswald's New Orleans career. Oswald reportedly applied to him for a
job. The FBI supposedly checked all those applications out for the Commission if not
also on its own.

(E) New Orleans was "directed to review its file for all information about Raul Castro." It therefore provided me with none.

At the top of page 2 it turns out that Buffalo held more than a single reference, that it held a Dallas report of information provided to Dallas by New Orleans. That Dallas report was compiled by a H.O. agent detailed to Dallas for the JFK investigation. His specialties should have made him aware of Castro's record in Cuban activities.

(F) My fingerprint request is next referred to. I asked for the identification of the fingerprint, which is not exactly as Goble puts it.
Gopher

The note added indicates that Goble is among those who had at his fingertips all the FBI's records on me, those being essential in complying with FOIA, or had searches of the files made when my requests were received by the FBI. His version of these records, based on his selections of them, which are not relevant to the request but are relevant to poisoning the minds of all who read his note, includes what has never been provided and I've appealed frequently, FBI analyses of my books.

Assuming that Goble did not carry all this information in his head there are searches slips relating to me, not only searches for me. I believe that all are within my EA request and all are relevant to the FBI's JFK investigation, so I ask for these to be provided under my appeal. Why anyone in the FBI had to know anything about me, if they'd learn accurately from FBI files, is not related to the FBI's JFK investigation or to its responsibilities under FOIA.

(G) Please note that while the concluding sentence says the allegedly single reference to Gaire at FBIHQ has "no direct connection with the assassination," this is irrelevant because my request was for all information and I was not asking for the identification of assassins.

The notations added to 5646 are illegible. I would like a copy of this record on ^{the 3rd page to be} which they can be read. One is of a number 146. In the FBI's filing system this number is for the transportation of prison-made goods. There is also a file box number of which appears to begin with a 6 and to include several 0's, which eliminate the Bureau Annexation and Construction files. Other notation appear to refer to the date of release.

For DAG Kleinleinut Richards Robapp requested that I provided a DJ-11B form and check, which I did, although the letter to which I made the request for more was detailed than the space on the form permits. As you will see my letter given considerable detail. When I filed the form I reminded the Department, under date of 9/28/70, of a number of prior information requests that were without any response. So the Department was always aware of this. (Appeals in those days also went to the Department, as some of my requests did. It was all under the DAG.)

In initial response to the DAG the same note is repeated. But this record, 5646, ~~subsequent~~ bears a fairly large number of initials, including those of the ~~Administrator~~ Director in charge of domestic intelligence. And FOIA request had to be directed to him? Personally? (Naturally I ask again that those files be searched in compliance.)

Here the duplicate filing includes 140-7536 as best I can make it out and a different 62 file, 62-82555. Because this Serial is from 105-82555 this can't be an error in noting files. I take it that both files relate to me and I thus ask for a good-faith search of both files. (I'm in security of government employee. In 1970 I was not a government employee and was not considering seeking government employment. State Department records I have quote the FBI as saying it never conducted any such investigation of me. And again, I see no relevance under FOIA. But I do appeal these and similar withholdings. In this case the FBI knew where to search because the record provided the file identification.)

In Serial 5647, the response to the DAG, the same Coble reflects my fingerprint requests accurately, not inaccurately as quoted above: "He asks for information as to whose fingerprint this was..."

However, this honesty appears to have exhausted Coble's supply of it because instead of responding to my request for all information about Cedric he tells the DAG in the Director's name only that there is "no information that [Cedric] was interviewed by the FBI concerning the assassination..."

The next identifies an FBI record located in New Orleans but it is not attached nor was it provided to me, an omission that appears to have satisfied the DAG's understanding.

of his and the Department's and the FBI's responsibilities under the Act. (This is evidently my error because I published the Cadet-Armstrong annotation in the Guide to Pres. Cuba and included the information in my initial request.)

In addressing my having said that Oswald had Cadet's office address ~~in his addressbook~~ in his addressbook the FBI states they have no information on this.

From the nature of the FBI's investigation of what it considered relevant to the assassination of a President and from its investigation of the addressbook (in which it initially "marked" if I may use this substitution for suppressed from the ~~Confidential~~ ^{Oswald's notes relating to this} ~~confidentiality waiver~~) I can understand this, as I can understand the FBI's failure to ask me for either clarification or information, may that a safely doctored ~~long association and their own investigatory overrulings to keep safely doctored~~ ^{the marking} was a simple device the addy entrance number by which the FBI had the same blind spot relating to Oswald's use of the 54 Camp Street address, which has an aside entrance 531 (approx) Lafayette, which was the address of the former SAC Guy Pendleton, with whom David Ferrie and others were associated.

Other records I have read reflect an apparent FBI bewilderment over my statement but no inquiry. There are a number of other entries like this in Oswald's addressbook, never investigated by the FBI from my record. Every time I took photographs of the non-addressed the first time I was in New Orleans. It appears not to have informed the FBI that Oswald found a need to print non-addressees in his addressbooks.

The FBI told the DAG that it investigated the matter of the fingerprint not Oswald's on a leaflet Oswald is supposed to have given out. The diligence of the FBI's investigation of any association Oswald had is reflected by the fact that with two clear latents, neither of which was Oswald's, "the two fingerprints were not compared with the fingerprints of any other individual."

While one could conjecture and wonder and conjecture and wonder why Oswald ^{had} ~~had~~ identification of someone associated with the FBI or even CIA, one does not have to conjecture whether the FBI knew and did not identify another or other Oswald associations. For this I refer you to my ^{opposite} writing to the People's Tribunal and NY Times of Oswald in New Orleans. The FBI know he had another associate or associates on not

fewer than the seven pages, two of which were recorded on film. The fingerprint is of the third, which is "mine in the credit."

However, the FBI did not let it drop here. It admits it could make the ~~information~~^{file}

(Q) but recommends the my request "be denied unless information concerning those fingerprints is contained in investigatory files compiled for law enforcement purposes."

By now you have ample P.D. proof from me that its JPK investigation was entirely

(R) without law enforcement purpose. Were this not the case there is no doubt that the ~~under the exemption of~~ withheld information is within my now request (and this is my appeal) from its denial.

There is the additional and false basis that "This request might be denied on the

(S) grounds that it was not contained in the formal request." I have previously quoted

(T) Mr. Coble's contrary understanding. The intent to ~~contain~~ not to comply is obvious.
("Regarding the second request made by Mr. Welborg, which concerned the fingerprint
on the leaflet" and "Re rules for information as to whose fingerprints...")

(U) To the note there is an additional defamatory added, with a unique interpretation
of the Act: "In view of Welborg's character, he ~~should~~ ^{should} not be given -
information he requests, and there is legal ground for our position." The underlining
was by hand.

There should be some record of this interpretation of the Act. I believe it is
relevant and remains withheld, which I appeal.

I am well acquainted with an FBI that fabricates defamations about those it does
not like or whose work it does not like but an FBI that invents law to something I'd
like to learn more about and include in the historical record.

(Initial Setup)
The New Orleans Bureau is listed in two other files, 62-31830 and ~~62-140-7536~~
or 736. I appeal their withholding. I also note that as of October 14/70, when I was of
an age that would have permitted my retirement from the government, there was no basis
for including me in a government employee security investigation file. ^{With an} I suggest
that the file is a memory hole from which the FBI only can retrieve ^{old} my records. ^{and} It
includes the effort to make a different index of this and related files with the laws
applying to the "administrative matter" file.

Other fileable notations appear, none partly exhibited in sequence. I request

2-2
6-2
a. available complete copy.

NO. told FBIQ that Castro took an office in the Cigala Building. When I had told the FBI that Oswald had the address marked this added out to the address. The front entrance was on Grano, the side entrance on Camp, a block from the International Trade Mart run by Clay Shaw, about a block from the store of Carlos Belanger and the bar of Great Peru, both of whom figured in the FILA investigation and both of whom were FBI sources. For these and other reasons the FBI know the location and the area well, and in connection with the JFK investigation.

(begin by reporting)

The ~~airtel~~ ^{copy} what JFIC told NO and Dollars. The airtel does not state that the CIOU held no other information about Castro, but the airtel does refer to other information, including what it sent to FBIQ and FBIQ did not report having Castro's registration act registration. (An illegible note about Castro was added at JFICM, along with indexing notations.)

(3) (D) The registration notes that Castro's agency, to which Oswald reportedly applied for a job, what the FBI appears not to have investigated, also represents the Cuban Revolutionary Council, which was formed and funded by the CIA, and that as of that date, 11/2/63, it was at the same address (and read on the furniture the FBI claimed not to provide to the Warren Commission and failed to provide when the Commission asked for it), 544 Camp Street.

With regard to the fingerprint there are several records cited. I recall no records from the N.O. CIOU provided that could represent a real investigation of this. Especially with the fingerprints coming from two of Oswald's leaflets.

In the Dollar reply, which parrots that letter only what Birkett says, it is suggested that if I were to "clarify" the statement about the mailed address "it is possible that more pertinent information could then be made" (General 600), prepared by the new supervisor, R.P. Conley (LAW). (This did not dislodge my reference and asked for none.)

I do not wonder why.

reto 6-2
These records are placed in the index identified above also and in the illegible entries.
DAW/LLC

20/9/70

2 - Mr. T. N. Goble

Airtel

To: SACs, Dallas (100-10461) (Enclosures - 3)
New Orleans (100-10601) (Enclosures - 3)

From: Director, FBI (105-82555)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - M.

Enclosed for each recipient is one copy of a telegram from the Deputy Attorney General dated 9/17/70, captioned "Freedom of Information Act," with its four enclosures.

Welberg makes two basic requests in his 9/23/70 letter and form and his 9/15/70 letter. (1) "All information about and FBI Reports of interviews with Raulio Castro, questioned for Warren Commission."

Daffios contain only one reference to Raulio Castro. His name appeared in the enclosure to New Orleans' airtel, dated 7/20/70, submitted to the Bureau under the "Assassination" caption, New Orleans file 89-69. Two copies of this airtel and the enclosures were furnished to Dallas, Dallas file 89-43. Recipients will note that the ISU submitted with this airtel contains a transcript of an interview between New Orleans' District Attorney Jim Garrison and Carlos Gutierrez, conducted on 1/21/67. The reference to Raulio Castro appears on page 10 of this transcript and is a comment by Gutierrez that DeLo's Arcacha Smith worked for Raulio Castro at one time.

New Orleans is directed to review its files for all information about Raulio Castro.

Recipients note that Welberg states in his 9/15/70 letter, paragraph two, that Oswald had Castro's office address listed in his address book. A review of the information which was in Oswald's address book fails to indicate what Welberg was referring to. Dallas is instructed to furnish its observations on this point.

TNG:aob (M)

OCT 19 1970

RLG-BH

1 OCT 17 1970

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

(6) 339

COMM-FBI

59 OCT 16 1970

MAIL ROOM Y TELETYPE UNIT 2

(S)

Attn: Mr. Gandy, Dallas
FBI - New Orleans
10-17-65

For information of suspicious, a review of FBI reports in the Office and Bureau files that a young J. W. Clegg, son of George Clegg, a former citizen was killed at 11/27/63. After investigation it was found that J. W. Clegg was of Italian descent and was born about 10/2/63. He died at the same time as his father, but the exact date of his death was unknown. Further, a sufficient number of relatives were available to determine that he died in New Orleans, Louisiana, on 11/27/63. On 11/27/63, the Bureau received a letter from the City of New Orleans, a statement that there was no information available concerning the death of J. W. Clegg.

(2) In paragraph five of the 9/15/70 letter, Wolberg writes that the FBI discovered a document on a ledger with Gandy had distributed, indicating that the plaintext was that of anyone connected with the 26th Battalion (see attachment). New Orleans is directed to review its files for information regarding this Wolberg response.

Recipients are directed to respond by the fifth day following to the Deputy Attorney General.

NOTE:

The request received by the Department for information from FBI Director from Howard Wotsberger, whether he is the man who has written several books dealing with the Warren Commission, the FBI, Secret Service, police agencies and other branches of the Government relating to the Assassination investigation. His writings have contained inaccuracies, falsehoods, and deliberate slanting of facts to fit his purpose. He was one of ten employees fired by the State Department during 1947 because of suspicion of being a communist or having communist sympathies. Later, he was allowed to resign without prejudice but he was not restored to his former position. Check of Dallas and New Orleans files is necessary to be certain we can give the Department complete information on Wotsberger's questions. Wolberg's inquiry concerned Donato Caleo and Ballou contains only one reference to this individual, a reference which had no direct connection with the assassination.

U. S. GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

TO : Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director, F.B.I.

DATE: Oct. 2, 1970

FROM : Richard C. Kleindienst
Deputy Attorney General *R.C.K.*

SUBJECT: Freedom of Information Act

Lee Harvey Oswald

Attached hereto are copies of a request from
Mr. Harold Weisberg for information concerning the
assassination of President Kennedy.

Would you please have this request reviewed and
send me your comments so that I can make an appropriate
disposition.

1/ ENCLOSURE

G. T. DeLoach

OK'd

Rec'd

105-82555-36463

105-82555

12 OCT 20 1970

Mr. DeLoach
OCT 20 1970
RC

Sept. 2nd 1970

(P)

Mr. Frank Weisberg
1325 K Street
Washington D.C.
20004

Dear Mr. Weisberg:

I have your letter of September 15 in which you request certain information regarding the qualifications of the association of Presidents University.

As you know, it is necessary that I file a copy of your letter with the relevant congressional committees in connection with my bill to prohibit a corporation from maintaining a copy of the letter for joint use.

Cordially,

R. Edward Fitch
Legislative Fellow
People's Commission

103-12565



L. E. Harold Weisberg

Code 6070
Coastal Pictures, Inc.
Route 8, Frederick, Md. 21701
Code 301/413-8186

(1)

6/26/76

Mr. Richard M. Lederer
Deputy Attorney General
The Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Lederer,

Because of your recent request to Mr. Feltorwald, I assume you know the subject of this letter is not in litigation and I would prefer that it be received out of sequence. I wrote you because, under the law, you are the people I am required to address.

Ronnie Oaire, then of New Orleans, was an associate of James Earl Ray and others who figured in the investigation of the assassination of President Kennedy. Lee Harvey Oswald also applied to him for a job. On his present office address listed in his checkbook, Oaire said he could run an anti-war cause-relating organization that used an address Oswald also used, Frenchmen New Orleans, and of an organization established, directed and maintained by him.

Oaire's office address was then the Sigma Building, Suite 200 on St. Charles Street, New Orleans. His home address was 801 Dauphin Street. The address of his organization ("The Oracle is Free Library"), Oswald's alias, was 1111 Canal Street, which is 10 feet from a well-known bar, the Blue Room Inn, to meet the address, 501 Lafayette Street.

Catre claimed to have been interrogated for two hours. He denied he received any information concerning the FBI report or even reference to it. I request copies of all relevant data. I presume it such has been done. The FBI's classification and would prefer to believe it is classified confidential.

Catre's wife claimed to have seen a short blurb from B. C. and S. S. about Oswald's possible connection to the Kennedy assassination. In view of the connection in the course of the investigation, stated was no, for her husband, in particular, the FBI should copy of his letter to the FBI, dated 10/21/68, in which he denied ever having seen Oswald's, and, if it ever did see Oswald's, having any knowledge of him, & never been able to find an example of their correspondence. She also stated that to the best of anyone in any way connected with our investigation, she had heard nothing to say about Oswald's, nor does she know of anyone who might have been connected with the investigation and appears to have been.

Should you desire that a written form of letter, I will do so, but I do hope that unnecessary formality can be dispensed with. Please let me know if there is disagreement between us.

661-22
Be

J. E. Harold Weisberg
Coastal Pictures, Inc.



10
John Harold Wisberg

Code of Ethics Bureau, SAMARICK, MD. 21701
Code 101/473-8186

9/26/70

Mr. R. Menard Bolapp
Special Assistant to the Deputy Attorney General
U.S. Department of Justice
Washington, D.C. 20530

Dear Mr. Bolapp,

In accordance with your letter of 9/25, I enclose herewith the completed DJ-110 for Rep. Ronnie Gaire and my check.

Your letter says "it is necessary for you to submit the DJ-110 form. Is this really too cumbersome? Or is it that you can receive it via teletype? I do not for a moment doubt you can do this. What I am asking is merely does the Department make this requirement universal? Is this check writing as the case of a published book, with the Overstreet and with others who write want to be addressed to officials?

Using this form makes me feel it will be necessary to go to double. Fact, I assure you, I would like to avoid. Hence my initial question. This is dispense with unnecessary formalities.

May I use this occasion to remind you of a number of recent cases letters, not included in that are so fruitfully descriptive responses by Mr. Ted Kaczynski and Mr. Rockelanus in their letters to Mr. Von der Heide? I would appreciate getting responsive answers.

For your information, I have a copy of the final order of the handwritten Judge Carron about what I believe to be partially by you - Mr. Rockelanus. I did not tell him the Department's official position. I verified his order as "bulletinize", although, if I had, I would have done no more than accommodate Mr. Rockelanus.

I thank you for the promptness of your reply and for your thoughtfulness in enclosing the form.

Sincerely,

John Harold Wisberg

MS. A. 1. C. 5.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20530

REQUEST FOR ACCESS TO OFFICIAL RECORD
UNDER 5 U.S.C. 552(d) AND 41 CFR PART 101

NAME OF REQUESTER

DATE 9/15/93

ADDRESS (name, city, state and zip code)

Mr. R. W. Gandy, 216, 01201

DO YOU WISH TO RECEIVE COPIES? YES NO
IF YES, INDICATE HOW MANY COPIES AT ANY ONE TIME WILL BE REQUIRED

NUMBER OF COPIES
REQUIRED

OFFICE AND CITY WHERE RECORDS
ARE LOCATED (if known)

DESCRIPTION OF RECORD REQUESTED (Include any information which may be helpful in locating records)		SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____ SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____	
<p>All information about one of the reports of the system with Islamic Cairo, questioned in 1970 by office, 216-11, FBI (CIA & County) in New Orleans, LA was released and copied to CIA. This office is linked to Lee Harvey Oswald's contacts with agents of Cuba. He claims to have been a supervisor for about 100 agents.</p> <p>LITIGATION - DOES THIS REQUEST RELATE TO A MATTER IN PENDING OR PROSPECTIVE LITIGATION? <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO</p>			
FILE IN IF IN PENDING LITIGATION	COURT (check one) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FEDERAL <input type="checkbox"/> STATE	DISTRICT NAME OF CASE	DOCKET NUMBER

FOR OFFICE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE ONLY

SIGNATURE

GRANTED

A CHECK FOR \$2.00 MUST ACCOMPANY THIS REQUEST.
OTHER CHARGES ARE AS FOLLOWS. (Please write in ink.)

FOR SECOND AND EACH ADDITIONAL ONE QUARTER
HOUR SPENT IN SEARCHING FOR OR IDENTIFYING
REQUESTED RECORD \$ 1.00

FOR EACH ONE QUARTER HOUR SPENT IN MONITORING
REQUESTED EXAMINATION OF MATERIAL \$ 1.00

COPIES OF DOCUMENTS:

FOR ONE COPY \$.25, EACH ADDITIONAL COPY \$.10

FOR CERTIFICATION OF TRUE COPY \$ 1.00 EACH

FOR A CERTIFICATION ON THE SEAL OF
THE DEPARTMENT \$ 3.00 EACH

GSA CHARGE

TOTAL CHARGE

Payment under this section shall be made in cash or by cashier's check or money order, or by check payable to the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C. 20530.

This form may be delivered to any of the offices listed in 41 CFR 101-11.1, or mailed to
Office of the Deputy Attorney General, Department of Justice, Washington, D. C. 20530.

RECEIVED
FBI - NEW YORK - 10/15/93

(4)

The Deputy Attorney General

October 9, 1970

Director, FBI

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT

L - Mr. K. M. Paupach
L - Mr. T. N. Goble

Reference is made to your letter dated October 2, 1970, and to its attachments which pertain to a request from Mr. Harold Weisberg for information concerning the assassination of President Kennedy.

EX-111

We have instructed our Dallas and New Orleans offices to review their files for all information concerning Bonnie Cole and when the results are received and fully analyzed, you will be furnished our comments.

77349

105-32555 - 5616

TNG:nob/pb
(S)

NOTE:

The request received by the Department for information from FBI files is from Harold Weisberg. Weisberg is the man who has written several books critical of the Warren Commission, the FBI, Secret Service, police agencies and other institutions of the Government relating to the Assassination investigation. His writings have contained inaccuracies, falsehoods, and deliberate slanting of facts to fit his purpose. He was one of ten employees fired by the State Department during 1953 because of suspicion of being a communist or having communist sympathies. Later, he was allowed to resign without prejudice but he was not restored to his former position. Check of Dallas and New Orleans files is necessary to be certain we can give the Department complete information on his publications. Weisberg's inquiry concerned Bonnie Cole and Bureau files contain only one reference to this individual, a reference which had no direct connection with the assassination.

WAIVED

OCT 9 1970

COMM-FBI

30 NOV 4 1970

AM 29 OCT 1970

MAIL ROOM [] TELETYPE UNIT []

cc: Deputy Attorney General

October 9, 1970

Director, FBI

cc: v. M. Neupack
cc: h. Goldfarb

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT

Reference is made to our letter dated October 9, 1970, and to your letter dated October 2, 1970, which relate to a request from Mr. Harold Wolberg for information concerning the investigation of the assassination of President Kennedy.

Mr. Wolberg's "formal request (DJ-113) asks for "all information about and FBI reports of interview with Ronnie Cairo, questioned for Warren Commission. Further details in letter of 6/15/70." In the September 16, 1970, letter, after furnishing some information about Ronnie Cairo, he makes a second request. He writes that the FBI discovered a fingerprint on a lenslet which, he asserts, J. D. Tippit, Oswald distributed. He asks for information as to whose fingerprint this was and indicated he is aware that the FBI determined that it was not the fingerprint of Oswald.

Concerning the first request, the files of this Bureau and the files of our Dallas and New Orleans offices contain no information that Ronnie Cairo was interviewed by the FBI concerning the assassination of President Kennedy or concerning Oswald. (Files were also reviewed for the variations of the name, that is, Romy Cairo and Robert Janos Cairo.)

EX-103 RECALL 8/25/55-5647

The files of our New Orleans office reveal that on November 17, 1962, an individual, who identified himself as Ronnie Cairo, Ronnie Cairo Advertising Agency, 704 Cigall Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, telephonically contacted that office and advised that he had been approached by Sergio Aranha, a representative of the Cuban Revolutionary Front, Room 8, 614 Camp Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, to conduct an advertising campaign for this organization for the purpose of building public support and raising money.

TING: joh/ (5) 10/28/1970
COMMITTEE

10/28/1970
60 NOV 6 1970

60 NOV 6 1970
TELETYPE UNIT

SEE NOTE PAGE FOUR NO 20 20

20/6

(C)

the Deputy Attorney General.

According to the caller, his purpose in contacting the FBI was to determine if this organization was legitimate and recognized by the United States Government. The caller was advised that the FBI could not comment regarding this organization or the individual mentioned.

Shortly after receipt of this inquiry, on December 3, 1961, a New Orleans newspaper, the "Times-Picayune," reported that a two-month "crusade to free Cuba" had begun in the New Orleans area. The objective of the "crusade" was to raise money to educate the people of New Orleans to the cause represented by a communist-oriented Cuba. Sergio Arcacha was listed as one of the organizers and a Robert J. Castro was listed as the Public Relations Chairman.

The files of this Bureau reveal further that the Ronny Castro Advertising Agency, Inc., was registered with the Registration Section of the Department of Justice in 1962. This agency was located at 703 Canal Building, New Orleans 12, Louisiana. Officers were listed as Robert James Castro, President and Treasurer, and Mrs. Robert James Castro, Vice President and Secretary, according to the registration information. This agency represented the New Orleans Chapter of the Cuban Democratic Revolutionary Front, 514 Camp Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, for publicity and fund raising.

(C)

The only other reference to a Ronny Castro located in the files of this Bureau appears on page 10 of the addendum to a memorandum prepared at New Orleans, Louisiana, on July 20, 1967, entitled "Assassination of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy, November 22, 1963, Dallas, Texas." This memorandum was disseminated to the Criminal Division, Civil Division and Internal Security Division of the Department of Justice on July 27, 1967. The enclosure in which the reference appears is a transcript received from one Carlos Velazquez of an interview between New Orleans District Attorney James Garrison and Carlos Gutroga. The references to Ronny Castro were made by Garrison who asked Gutroga when Fulvio Arcacha worked for Ronny Castro, to which, Gutroga replied that it was in 1962, after Arcacha went to Miami. No other mention is made of Ronny Castro.

(1)

The Deputy Attorney General

In his letter of September 15, 1970, Mr. Wolfsberg stated that Oswald had Ronnie Calvo's office address "marked" in his address book. The files of this Bureau contain no information relating to this statement.

With regard to Mr. Wolfsberg's request for information concerning Ronnie Calvo, it is the recommendation of this Bureau that the request be denied because the information concerning Ronnie Calvo is contained in investigatory files compiled for law enforcement purposes.

Regarding the second request made by Mr. Wolfsberg which concerned the fingerprint on the leaflet, Wolfsberg appears to be referring to the incident reported by a member of the New Orleans Harbor Police, Mr. Girod Ray. This incident was investigated by this Bureau and the results were furnished to the Warren Commission. Your attention is directed to page 803 of Volume XII of the "Hearings Before the President's Commission on the Assassination of President Kennedy." In June, 1963, Patrolman Ray was on duty on the New Orleans riverfront near where the aircraft carrier U.S.S. "Wasp" was berthed. A Naval officer aboard the ship requested Patrolman Ray to approach a man, who was in the vicinity of the aircraft carrier, distributing leaflets concerning Cuba. Patrolman Ray talked with the man and asked him to stop distribution of the leaflets. The patrolman obtained several of the leaflets from the man. Subsequently, Patrolman Ray believed the unknown man was Lee Harvey Oswald. He based his identification on observations of Oswald on television and of photographs of Oswald which appeared in the press.

The two leaflets which Patrolman Ray obtained from the man were examined by the FBI for latent fingerprints. One such fingerprint was developed on each leaflet. In view of the belief of Patrolman Ray that the man who distributed the leaflets was Lee Harvey Oswald, those two latent fingerprints were compared with the fingerprints of Oswald. It was determined that those two latent fingerprints were not identical with the fingerprints of Oswald. The two fingerprints were not compared with the fingerprints of any other individual.

(18)

The Deputy Attorney General

It is the recommendation of this Bureau that
Mr. Wolfsberg's request for information concerning the FBI files in his case be denied. This request
was compiled for law enforcement
purposes and might also be denied if the records
in the formal report.

Information
and its investigation
was not contained
in the records
submitted by Mr. Wolfsberg.

NOTE:

The request received by the Department for Information from FBI files is from Harold Wolfsberg. Wolfsberg is the man who has written several books critical of the Warren Commission, the FBI, Secret Service, police agencies and other branches of the Government relating to the Assassination investigation. His writings have contained inaccuracies, falsehoods, and deliberate slanting of facts to fit his purpose. He was one of ten employees fired by the State Department during 1947 because of suspicion of being a communist or having communist sympathies. Later, he was allowed to return without prejudice but he was not restored to his former position. Dallas and New Orleans files have been reviewed on the questions raised by Wolfsberg and above in result. No files were also reviewed. In view of Wolfsberg's character, he should not be given the information he requests, and more is best found for our

FBI

Date: 10/19/70

(D)

transmit the following in

Type in plaintext or code

AIRTEL

AIRMAIL - REGISTERED

(Priority)

TO: Director, FBI (82565)

FROM: SAC, New Orleans (100-16601) (RUC)

LEE HARVEY OSWALD

IS - R

ReBuairtel to Dallas and New Orleans 10/9/70.

New Orleans files reveal the following information relating to ROBERT JAMES CAIRE who is probably identical to the RONNIE CAIRE mentioned in rebuairtel:

On 11/17/61, an individual who identified himself as RONNIE CAIRE, Bonnie Caire Advertising Agency, 704 Cigall Building, New Orleans, Louisiana, telephonically advised that he had been approached by SERGIO ANGACHA, a representative of the Cuban Revolutionary Front, Room 8, 544 Camp Street, New Orleans, La., to conduct an advertising campaign for the Cuban Revolutionary Front for the purpose of building public support and raising money. He informed that the purpose of contacting the FBI was to determine whether this group was legitimate and recognized by the U. S. Government.

He was informed that this office could not make any statement regarding the organization or the individual mentioned.

O - Bureau (RM)

1 - Dallas (Info) (100-10461) (RM)

1 - New Orleans

SMC:bm

(4)

OCT 30 1970

REC-23

100-10461-82565

EX-112

OCT 21 1970

30

SOVIA SECTION

10/26/70

5 NOV 1970

Special Agent in Charge

SAC

M. PAR

NO 100-16601

however, it was suggested that he might want to contact the local office of the State Department, as well as the office of the U. S. Attorney in New Orleans, to determine whether he would be required to register.

There appears in the New Orleans Times Picayune newspaper dated 12/2/61 an article which announced that a two-month "crusade to free Cuba" was begun in the New Orleans area. The aim was to raise money to educate New Orleanians of the danger that Communist-orientated Cuba presents to the United States. This article lists SERGIO ARCAJUA as one of the organizers of this crusade and the article further lists ROBERT J. CAIRE as public relations chairman for the crusade.

Bullet to New Orleans dated 11/2/62, captioned, "RONNY CAIRE ADVERTISING AGENCY, INC.; REGISTRATION ACT - CUBA," enclosed a photostat of an abstract prepared from a registration statement filed by the Ronny Caire Advertising Agency, Inc., with the Registration Section of the Department.

The enclosed photostat of the abstract reveals that the Ronny Caire Advertising Agency, Inc., is located at 704 Cigall Building, New Orleans 12, Louisiana. The officers are listed as ROBERT JAMES CAIRE, president and treasurer, and Mrs. ROBERT JAMES CAIRE, vice president and secretary. The abstract indicates that this firm is representing the New Orleans chapter of the Cuban Democratic Revolutionary Front, 344 Camp Street, New Orleans, Louisiana, to publicize and raise funds.

New Orleans files do not reveal that ROBERT JAMES CAIRE was ever contacted or interviewed in captioned matter.

New Orleans files reveal no additional information regarding RAYMOND J. CAIRE not already known to the Bureau.

In regard to the fingerprint on a leaflet OSWALD had distributed, which is mentioned in referenced communication, the following observations are being set forth:

NO 100-16692

In paragraph five of WEISBERG's letter to Deputy Attorney General KLEINDIENST dated 9/15/70, WEISBERG indicated that OSWALD picketed the carrier "USS Wasp" and indicated that during this picketing, OSWALD distributed leaflets. The FBI obtained a copy of the leaflet and identified a fingerprint on it as not being OSWALD's.

Investigation relating to this incident was conducted and the results set forth in New Orleans LHM 7/22/64.

This investigation revealed that a member of the New Orleans Harbor Police had observed an unknown individual distributing leaflets about Cuba on the New Orleans river front near where the carrier "USS Wasp" was berthed during June 1963. This patrolman was requested by a naval officer aboard the ship to contact the unknown individual and request him to stop distributing the leaflets. The harbor patrolman obtained a couple of the leaflets from this individual and felt sure that this person was LEE HARVEY OSWALD and he based this identification on the fact that he had observed OSWALD on television and his photographs in the newspapers.

These two leaflets were submitted to the Latent Fingerprint Section of the Identification Division by New Orleans airtel 7/28/64. By airtel to New Orleans dated 7/21/64 the Bureau advised that one latent fingerprint had been developed on each of the leaflets submitted; however, the two latent fingerprints were not identical with the fingerprints of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

Date: 10/13/70

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)
AIRTEL (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-82555)
FROM: SAC, DALLAS (100-10461)(C)
SUBJECT: LEE HARVEY OSWALD
IS - M
OO: DALLAS

Re Bureau airtel to Dallas and New Orleans
dated 10/9/70.

A complete review of Dallas files in connection
with captioned matter and the related assassination investi-
gation reveals no information concerning RONNIE CAIRE or
RAYMOND J. WEISBERG not already known to the Bureau as indicated
in the referenced airtel.

For the information of the Bureau, Cover Pages
I - JJ of the report of SA ROBERT P. GEMBERLING dated 4/15/64,
bearing above caption, contain the results of investigation in
Russia by CIA concerning notations which appear in OSWALD's
address book.

Pages 672 - 701 of the report of SA ROBERT P.
GEMBERLING dated 12/23/63 bearing above caption, contain
the names, addresses, and/or telephone numbers from the address
book of LEE HARVEY OSWALD.

A complete review of a photograph of OSWALD's
address book available at Dallas fails to reflect any information
indicating RONNIE CAIRE's office address is in this address
book. It would appear that WEISBERG's claim that CAIRE's
office address is "masked" in this address book is a statement
that only WEISBERG can clarify. In the event WEISBERG can

① - Bureau (RM) 100-10461-0212
② - New Orleans (100-16601)(Info)(RM) 100-10461-0212
③ - Dallas (RM) 100-10461-0212
(B) - Approved 10/13/70 202-90-101

Approved, 10/13/70 202-90-101
Special Agent in Charge

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1960 O-149-040

(B)

DL 100-10461

relate how such address is "masked". It is possible that some
int observation could then be made.

Two copies of this airtel are furnished the
New Orleans office in view of Bureau request of that office
and no further action is being taken by Dallas, WACB.