

7-1a (Rev. 9-7-69)



REPORT
of the

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

November 23, 1963

Re: Mr. Jesse E. Curry
Chief of Police
Dallas, Texas

This examination has been made with the understanding that the evidence is connected with an official investigation and that the Laboratory report will be used for official purposes only, related to the investigation or a subsequent criminal prosecution. Authorizations cannot be granted for the use of the Laboratory report in connection with a civil proceeding.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN F. KENNEDY

YOUR NO. *J. Edgar Hoover*
FBI FILE NO. PC-78243 BX
LAB. NO. D-436461 AX

Examination requested by Addressee

Reference: See below

Examination requested: Firearms - Spectrographic - Microscopic Analyses -
Fingerprint - Document

Specimens:

Evidence received from Special Agent Elmer L. Todd, Washington Field
Office of the FBI on 11/22/63:

Q1 Bullet from stretcher

Evidence received from Special Agent Orla Bartlett of the FBI on 11/22/63:

Q2 Bullet fragment from front seat cushion

Q3 Bullet fragment from beside front seat

2-Chief, U. S. Secret Service

2-FBI, Dallas

Page 1

(continued on next page)

Exhibit No. 39

Evidence received from Special Agent James W. Sibert and Special Agent
Francis O'Neill, Jr., of the Baltimore Office of the FBI on 11/23/63:

Q4 Metal fragment from the President's head
Q5 Metal fragment from the President's head

Evidence received from Special Agent Vincent E. Drain of the Dallas Office
of the FBI on 11/23/63:

Q6 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge case from building
Q7 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge case from building
Q8 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge case from building
Q9 Metal fragment from arm of Governor John Connolly
Q10 Wrapping paper in shape of a large bag
Q11 Suspect's shirt
Q12 Blanket
Q13 Bullet from Officer Tippitt

K1 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano rifle, with telescope sight, Serial
No. C3766
K2 Paper and tape sample from shipping department, Texas Public School
Book Depository
K3 .38 Special Smith and Wesson revolver, Serial No. V510210, Assembly
No. 65248

Evidence obtained by FBI Laboratory personnel during examination of the
President's limousine:

Q14 Three metal fragments recovered from rear floor board carpet
Q15 Scraping from inside surface of windshield

Also Submitted: Photograph of rifle, K1
Finger and palm prints of Lee Harvey Oswald

Results of examinations:

The bullet, Q1, is a 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano rifle
bullet. Specimen Q1 weighs 158.6 grains. It consists of a copper alloy
jacket with a lead core.

PC-78243 BX

Page 2

(continued on next page)

982

Specimen Q2 is a portion of the core of a rifle bullet. Specimen Q2 weighs 44.6 grains and is composed of a portion of the copper alloy jacket and a portion of the lead core. Specimen Q3 is a portion of the base section of a copper alloy rifle bullet. Q3 weighs 21.0 grains and is composed of a section of the jacket from which the lead core is missing. It could not be determined whether specimens Q2 and Q3 are portions of the same bullet or are portions of two separate bullets.

The rifle, K1, is a 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano Italian military rifle Model 91/38. Test bullets were fired from this rifle for comparison with specimens Q1, Q2 and Q3. As a result, Q1, Q2 and Q3 were identified as having been fired from the submitted rifle.

Specimens Q6 and Q7 are 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge cases. They were manufactured by the Western Cartridge Company, East Alton, Illinois, as was the 6.5 millimeter Mannlicher-Carcano cartridge, Q8.

Test cartridge cases obtained from the submitted rifle were compared with specimens Q6 and Q7. As a result, specimens Q6 and Q7 were identified as having been fired in this rifle. The bullet, Q13, from Officer Tippett, is a .38 Special copper-coated lead bullet. Q13 weighs 156.6 grains and possesses the physical characteristics of 158 grain Western-Winchester revolver bullets. The surface of Q13 is so badly mutilated that there are not sufficient individual microscopic characteristics present for identification purposes. It was determined, however, that the .38 Special Smith and Wesson revolver, K3, is among those weapons which produce general rifling impressions of the type found on Q13.

The lead metal of Q4 and Q5, Q9, Q14 and Q15 is similar to the lead of the core of the bullet fragment, Q2.

A small tuft of textile fibers was found adhering to a jagged area on the left side of the metal butt plate on the K1 gun. Included in this tuft of fibers were gray-black, dark blue and orange-yellow cotton fibers which match in microscopic characteristics the gray-black, dark blue and orange-yellow cotton fibers composing the Q11 shirt of the suspect. These fibers could have originated from this shirt.

PC-78243 BX

Page 3

(continued on next page)

A single brown viscose fiber and several light green cotton fibers were found adhering to the Q10 paper bag. These fibers match in microscopic characteristics the brown viscose fibers and light green cotton fibers present in the composition of the Q12 blanket and could have originated from this blanket.

It is pointed out, however, that fibers do not exhibit sufficient individual microscopic characteristics to be positively identified as originating from a particular source to the exclusion of all others.

No fibers were found on the K1 gun that could be associated with the Q12 blanket and no fibers were found on the Q10 paper bag that could be associated with the Q11 shirt.

The debris, including foreign textile fibers and hairs, removed from the Q12 blanket and Q11 shirt has been placed in pillboxes for possible future comparisons. These pillboxes and the glass microscope slides containing fibers removed from K1 and Q10 are being temporarily retained in the Laboratory for possible future comparisons with additional items of the suspect's clothing should they be recovered.

The Q12 blanket has been folded double and one corner has been folded in and pinned with a safety pin. A length of white cotton cord has been tied around this corner giving it a triangular-shaped appearance as if it had once contained a long object.

The paper of the wrapping and the tape, Q10, were found to have the same observable physical characteristics as the known wrapping paper and tape, K2, from the Texas Public School Book Depository.

The inside surface of specimen Q10 did not disclose markings identifiable with the rifle, K1. A number of indentations, folds and extraneous markings appear on the inner surface of the Q10 wrapping.

The latent prints appearing in the photograph taken of the rifle, K1, by the Dallas Police Department, are too fragmentary and indistinct to be of any value for identification purposes. Photographs of this weapon taken by this Bureau also failed to produce prints of sufficient legibility for comparison purposes.

Page 4

PC-78243 BX

(continued on next page)

783

A latent fingerprint was developed on the wrapping paper, Q10, which was identified with the left index finger impression of Lee Harvey Oswald. In addition, one latent palm print developed on specimen Q10 was identified with the right palm print of Oswald.

No latent prints of value were developed on Oswald's revolver, the cartridge cases, the unfired cartridge, the clip in the rifle or the inner parts of the rifle.

Specimens Q1 through Q5, Q14 and Q15 are being retained in the Laboratory until called for by a representative of the U. S. Secret Service.

Specimens Q6 through Q13, K1, K2 and K3 are being returned to the Dallas Police Department by Special Agent Vincent E. Drain of the Dallas Field Office of this Bureau. The photograph of the latent print on the rifle is being returned separately. The fingerprints and palm prints of Oswald are being retained.

REPORT
of the

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WASHINGTON, D. C.

To: Mr. Jesse E. Curry
Chief of Police
Dallas, Texas

March 31, 1964
Airtmail

This examination has been made with the understanding that the evidence is connected with an official investigation of a criminal matter and that the laboratory report will be used for official purposes only, and to the investigation of a subsequent criminal prosecution. Authorization cannot be granted for the use of Laboratory report in connection with a civil proceeding.

Re: ASSASSINATION OF PRESIDENT
JOHN FITZGERALD KENNEDY,
NOVEMBER 22, 1963, DALLAS,
TEXAS; MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION
CONCERNING

YOUR NO. _____
FBI FILE NO. 62-109060
LAB. NO. PC-79846 BX H

Examination requested by: FBI, Dallas

Reference: Letter from FBI, Dallas dated 3/14/64

Examination requested: Firearms - Spectrographic

Specimens:
Evidence listed on attached page received from FBI, Dallas
on 3/16/64

- C251 Bullet from Officer Tippitt (No. 1)
- C252 Bullet from Officer Tippitt (No. 2)
- C253 Bullet from Officer Tippitt (No. 3)

(Note: pages 1 and 2 combined)

882