

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

HAROLD WEISBERG, )  
 )  
 Plaintiff, )  
 )  
 v. ) Civil Action No. 75-1996  
 )  
 U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, )  
 )  
 Defendant. )  
 \_\_\_\_\_ )

DEFENDANT'S RESPONSE TO COURT'S ORAL ORDER  
REQUIRING PRODUCTION OF CERTAIN DOCUMENTS

Pursuant to an oral order of this Court on September 8, 1976, and discussed in more detail by the Court on October 8, 1976 (Tr. 2, pp. 30-34), defendant, by and through counsel, advises the Court that plaintiff's counsel was furnished, on December 2, 1976, a copy of indices requested by plaintiff in his motion to compel production of documents. Plaintiff had requested under discovery procedures to obtain "three boxes of indices" referred to in an October 22, 1968 letter from the District Attorney General, Shelby County, Tennessee to the Deputy Assistant Attorney General of the U.S. Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division.

Plaintiff's FOIA request of April 15, 1975, concerning which the Court has ruled the abstracts are relevant and thus subject to discovery directed toward the adequacy of the FBI's response to the request, asked only for certain limited aspects of the Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. investigation, primarily results of laboratory examinations and photographs. The indices, however, cover all facets of the investigation; in the interest of full

all abstracts are being furnished regardless of whether or not they relate to plaintiff's April 15th request. For the same reasons, the FBI has waived all applicable search and reproduction fees for those abstracts which do not relate to the subject matter of plaintiff's FOIA requests.

Two boxes of abstracts marked, respectively, "Index to James Earl Ray File, Patsy Gesell, 1 of 2" and "2 of 2," were recently located by a representative of the FBI in possession of the United States Department of Justice, Civil Rights Division. These abstracts contain brief descriptions of items of evidence and/or the contents of original documents dealing with the FBI investigation into the assassination of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. (abbreviated "MURKIN" in FBI documents). Each abstract is headed by the name of an individual or the description of an item of evidence and, since there is an alphabetical and geographical breakdown -- as well as a numerical breakdown regarding the "evidence" abstracts -- there is considerable duplication. However, every one of the approximately 4,500 abstracts, no matter how many times it appears in the boxes, is being furnished herewith, with the exception of two or three which, after deletions (further explained below) were made, would be absolutely meaningless.

Although these abstracts were apparently prepared eight years ago by FBI clerical personnel for the assistance of the Department of Justice, Tennessee State Prosecutors and the FBI in having immediate access to a summarization of the basic investigation conducted, the FBI cannot attest to their accuracy or completeness since the abstracts have not been in the sole possession of the FBI throughout their existence.

Necessary excisions from these abstracts were made pursuant to exemptions (b)(7)(C) and (b)(7)(D) of the Freedom of Informa-

the release of a name would be an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy or would identify a confidential source. In these instances a conservative approach had to be utilized in excising the names and identifiable information.

A fuller release can be expected when the documents from which the abstracts were drawn are processed. Only from the original documents which contain, for example, the complete interview of the potential witness can it be determined whether the information falls within the (b) (7) (C) or (b) (7) (D) exemptions. In many cases it can then be ascertained that the material is already public knowledge or is not of such a personal nature that it cannot be released. All individuals' names and information furnished by these individuals were left in the abstracts where it is known to be public knowledge.

In further explanation as to how these abstracts were processed and to explain what is meant by a conservative approach which can lead to a more complete release upon examination of the original documents, the following example is furnished:

In the typical abstract which hypothetically states, "John Smith furnished information concerning Jane Doe," the abstract received by plaintiff after we processed it would read, "\_\_\_\_\_ furnished information concerning \_\_\_\_\_."

If at this time, plaintiff received the names John Smith and Jane Doe, upon subsequent examination of the original document from which the abstract was drawn, any personal information concerning either Smith or Doe would have to be withheld pursuant to exemption (b) (7) (C). By withholding Smith and Doe's identity initially, upon review of the original document a more complete release can be made, as the personal information, no matter how sensitive, about these individuals could be released as long as

the identities of the individuals and the information about them can be released.

The same example applies for confidential sources. If John Smith's name is initially released in the abstracts and upon review of the original document it is determined he is a confidential source, then any information he furnished would have to be withheld pursuant to exemption (b) (7) (D). However, by withholding Smith's name initially, when the original document is processed all information which would not tend to identify Smith can be released.

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EARL J. SILBERT  
United States Attorney

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ROBERT N. FORD  
Assistant United States Attorney

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JOHN R. DUGAN  
Assistant United States Attorney

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that service of the foregoing Defendant's Response to Court's Oral Order Requiring Production of Certain Documents has been made upon plaintiff by mailing a copy thereof to the following on this 28th day of December, 1976:

James Hiram Lesar, Esq.  
1231 Fourth Street, S.W.  
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Attorney for Plaintiff

Harold Weisberg  
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Frederick, Maryland 21701  
Plaintiff

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

HAROLD WEISBERG,

Plaintiff,

v.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,

Defendant.

Civil Action No. 75-1966

AMENDED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that service of the foregoing Supplemental Points And Authorities In Support Of Defendant's Motion To Stay And In Response To Plaintiff's Memorandum To Court Filed On November 19, 1976 has been made upon plaintiff by mailing a copy thereof to the following on this 30th day of December, 1976, instead of December 28, 1976, as previously indicated:

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