M1448

Dear Paul, The ExSess/Olney

2/23/78

It has become apparent to me that the dumping (FBI's word) of Warren Olhey was not part of the "deliberative process" of the Commission but was rather a "process" of the executive agencies in the successful effort to control the Warren Commission.

Last night when Jim and I spoke I mentioned to him that the bracketing for suggested excisions, visible in the replacement pages of the first three sessions that I have mailed you, show that what was removed originally does not fall within any exemption. We got to talking and I then said that there was not a single adverse comment on Olney. He reminded me of what I had not forgotten, your Olney memo, but I had forgotten the specifics of the content. In the light of the newly available information from what im says it was remarkably accurate and foresighted.

In looking for it to read it this morning I can't find it. I thought you sent me a copy in 1975. In your 12/19/77 I find reference to your "separate notes" of 4/26/75, so I suppose that is the date of it.

I'd appreciate a copy for myself and one for the doctoral candidate, Kancy, together with any annotations you can add over what is in the 12/19/77 memo, a copy of which I'll send her.

Your REW may be Wannall. Remember I suggested a long time ago that someone make book on all the names and titles and functions. Too much for me. And I can't remember all, either.

Ratzenbach's role in this and so much more of which this is typical is despicable. He goes to the 12/5/63 executive session and tells the Commission stories about the FEI (which happened to be true) and then tells the FEI stories about the Commission to be able to control the Commission with the help of the FEI. I suspect that he had something to do with "arshall's decision to let lattimer in for the propaganda ploy of the autopsy materials because when "ed "rosby and I had a falling out over all of that nasty husiness you may recall Ned went to see K and "arshall, K. being on the same Afro-American Institute as Ned. Yes, it had been CIA.

Ned took very strong exception to the chapter M/ Hodes Not Camelot in Post Nortem. I look back on it now and although I was alone in that position then wonder now how I could have understated it so much!

It will not be possible for me to make any kind of study or analysis of this behindthe-scenes dirtyworks. It would be very helpful for & Jim to have before oral arguments before the appeals court. He tainks there will be an opportunity for further briefing, which would not be far off if true. It would be even more useful there. If there is anything you can add I can't think of a more important use in the present. If you have time, which I doubt.

But if and when you come accross anything or think of anything relevant of get in touch with Olney and he adds anything, please let me know. I will pass it on to Nancy, who may find some use for it in her thesis. I am hopeful that her thesis can also be a book. This kind of manipulation of a Presidential Commission and of the Chief Justice is a pretty byzantine thing.

I don't have to be told - I can guess that as Chief of the Criminal Division Olney was not a Moover stooge and did not approve what the FBI did that should not be approved. Naturally such a person could not be trusted to be cheif counsel of the Commission.

In retrospect, with him having these excellent credentials, too bad he did not become executive director.

(PLH #80; #62-109060-1716, Belmont to Tolson, 12/3/63 (sic)) Reporting on a conversation with DAG Katzenbach on the morning of 12/4. "Katzenbach said that he had been talking to Chief Justice Warren, and Warren had indicated to him that the chief counsel for the President's commission will be Warren Olney. Katzenbach thought that this would be most undesirable. Katzenbach said that, as we probably know, Chief Justice Warren thinks that Olney can do no wrong, and he (the Chief Justice) had made the point that Olney is conversant with the FBI's procedures and thus would be operating in a familiar field. Katzenbach said if we have any ideas as to how Olney can be blocked as chief counsel, he would like to have them. I told him that, as far as I was concerned, Olney was an undesirable choice, and if we had any thoughts we would get them to him."

Hoover's handwritten comment on the first part of this paragraph: "Horrible."

5 Dec 63: Warren Commission meets in executive session, 10:00 a.m. to 12:45 p.m., with Katzenbach present to 11:22 a.m. (This is the first WC meeting.) After Katzenbach left, Warren suggested Olney as chief counsel. There was considerable discussion. (The transcript, with Olney's name deleted, was released in 1975; I was able to identify Olney. (See separate notes of 4/26/75.)) Ford suggested Olney was too close to Warren; McCloy expressed reluctance to simply accepting the first name suggested, and mentioned others. Warren spoke very favorably of Olney. Warren, McCloy, Dulles, and Ford were named as a committee to consider the matter.

On the night of 12/5, Katzenbach called Belmont to comment on the FBI Report, CD 1. He also "said that if Warren Olney is appointed as counsel for the Presidential commission, Katzenbach is going to try to get an attorney from the Criminal Division in with the commission, so that he will know what is going on." (Belmont addendum of 12/6 to memo of 12/5 from Evans to Belmont; FBI #62-109060-1673; PLH #10.) [Most of this memo deals with information given by Katzenbach to Evans concerning the WC meeting of 12/5, including the fact that the meeting had not gotten around to a discussion of the appointment of the chief counsel or the staff.]

At 1:30 p.m. on December 6, Katzenbach called Belmont. "He said in some manner the appointment of Olney had been blocked" and that Rankin was being considered. He asked for an opinion on Rankin; Belmont said that a name check was already being done at AAG Miller's request. (PLH #12; FBI #62-109060-1623; Belmont to Tolson, 12/6/63.)

The Warren Commission met from 3:00 p.m. to 4:15 on December 6. (PLH #K.21) Warren said that the committee had met at 8:30 a.m., and that McCloy, Dulles, and Ford all "had some reservations" about Olney; Warren withdrew the suggestion. There was discussion of Rankin and others. (Pp. 3-4.) Later, Warren suggested bringing Olney in under Rankin (with whom he had worked.) McCloy suggested that Rankin have his own choice. The bulk of McCloy's response to Warren, apparently dealing with Olney, is withheld from the transcript. (P. 20-21)

At noon on 12/7, Katzenbach called "REW," apparently an assistant to DeLoach, and met with him. "He advised that he believed that Warren Olney had definitely been 'dumped.' He stated that he gave the 'go ahead' on Lee Rankin late last night. He added that an approach would be made to Rankin immediately." (PLH #13; FBI #62-109060-162; DeLoach memo to Mohr, 12/7/63.)