## WORMAN MAILER'S WHUTEWASH OF THE JFK ASSASSIMATION

"History is exactly like novel writing. They're both fiction."

Thus spake not Zoroaster from Persia but fourteen centuries later the aging former high priest of American kithrary novel-writing turned historian, Norman Mailer.

"Authorization in history is thexistate true," Mailer added.

In reporting these profundities by the winner of two Pulitzer prizes for literature of Friday, March 24, 1995 the Phildedelphia Inquirer's headling was "A NEW GENERATION AT PENN MEETS NORMAN MAILER: STIDENTS WHO HADN'T HEARD OF THE PROVOCATIVE WRITER AREN'T LIKELY TO FORGET THEIR ENGO ENCOUNTER."

Howard Goodman's account of the mementous literary occastion at the University of Pennsylvania begins:

"To the world War II get generation, he was one of the young lions who set out to conquor the Great American Novel. To the sixties left he was the sixties an antiwar hero and feminists foil. To college kids today, he's Norman Who?"

Goodman did not explian how an why Mailer was that "feminists foil." Aside from Mailer's 28 books and innumerable magazine articles he could have had in mind Mailer's accumulation of six wives or his having been charged with knifing one of them.

Not does Goodman report the occasion of Mailer's appearance proclamation of his new religion of the writer's responsibilities in our society. Of it, Goodman does write

had been assigned: Pugnacious. Part drunk. A tough guy, treating literary repu-

"The world-reknowned writer spent four days at Penn this week, reading from his work, participating in discussions on advertising, architecture, politicals and spiritual ecology," and meeting a generation that's estranged from the world he inhabits and signifies - a world of letters and of intense engagement with the issues of the day. The students in History 398 half-expected to meet the Mailer who appears as a character in the 28-year-old autobiographical literature they

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But his manner was mellow, his attitude toward the twenty somethings to not a bit condescending. His 28th book, an 800-page nonfiction study of Lee Harvey Oswald appears in bookstores next met o month, adding to a body of work that includes The Whaked and the Dead, Advertisements for Myself and The Executioners's Sons."

In short, Mailer was promoting his book and his condensation of it that was to

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appear first in The New Yorker dated April 12. The book, as Goodman reports incompletely, "Oswald's Tale is the result of six months' research in Minsk, where Mailer interviewed KGB agents who tailed Oswald during the accused assassin's puzzling 2 1/2 years sojourn in the Soviet Union."

Having described this book as ponifction, Goodman wrote

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"Mailer said he decided 'it was likely' that Oswald acted alone in killing

President Krunedy John F. Kennedy - not from the evidence," which is impenetrable, but because I got to know his character.'"

As "oodman does not note, this was Mailer justifying Mailer is in his contribution to the education of a new generation of Americans specializing in the testudy of their his tory. It was Mailer justification for his great profundity that "pistory is exactly like a novel. They're both fiction." Of his saying, really undertaking to prove, that "Ultimately, nothing in history is true."

This is why Mailer spent those four days at the niversity of Pennsylvania with its students in History 398. This and to get the his propaganda to seel his book satrted before the major propaganda in The New Yorker.

AND MAILER MAILER WITTING and Low Pullishing.

How does history become a novel, other than by the industroy of treating the as a Movel? assassination as withat followed the great and lingering tragedy of that assassination?

"Mailer said he decided 'it was likely' that Oswald acted alone in killing

President Kennedy John F. Kennedy - not from the evidence,' which is impenetrable,'

but because I got to know his character.'"

Adding his own amateur shrinkery to his new concept of history, in Goodman's words,

"Moreover, this was is a man who has this idea of himself that he is estined

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flor greatness, Mailer said. 'That's the mind of man who does commit assassination.'"
Is it not a wonder that any of the world's political legders survive at all?

Mailer, from the Goodman account, did not undertake to explain to those students he was used on the occasion he misused why he said of the "evidence" of the assassinaton that it was "impenetrable."

Not did he undertake the any explanation of his new book's subtitle, "AnAmerican Mystery."

The evidence as it relates to Oswald's guilt or innocence was never "imprenetrable" except for the fact that Mailer began not wanting any such evidence. He began with his seer's vision of Oswald as the assassin, as we shall see, with his ownly question whether there had been a conspiracy, gothers involved in the assassination with Oseald.

As we shall also see, when Mailer was offered this evidence free - hy me - and more than two decades before he got aro und to his personal commercialization and exploitation of the assassination, he was too "busy".

In his promotions for his literary gimerackery he pales off as an antime authentic account of our tragic history in further efforts to jutisfy his total ignoring of the anything but "impenetrable" evidence, and it trying to prove that history is never true other than as he says he records it), and is that recording it "is exactly like novel writing, in puffing up his New Yorker condensation Mailer told the Associated Press,

h beginning with reference to the great novelist, Hnery james,

never put information into a novel unless it is a digested through the lens of a profession p rotagonist's perception. In 'Harlot's Ghost,' my protagonist is connected umbilically to the reader. In everything flowd from one character to the that reader, then there isn't the need for an intermediary, a narrator, because Now in 'The Executioner's needs Song', I was the narrator because the information about Gary Gilmore and other characters is received information: I wasn't making lit up."

Mailer "was "t making it up" when he just assumed that Oswald was the assassin?

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He wasn't making it up in ignoring the readily-available "evidence" he lies, and there is no point in the mincing words, lies knowing it was not true; lies knowing he had made no effort to learn it; lies knowing full well that he had turned the actual evidence down toward the end of 1973 when I offered it to him free, when he said he was too "busy" for it having already stated repeatedly that Oswald was the assassin too

In fact in "The Executioner's Song" Mailer did have an "intermediary" who was his continuing assasiate despite Mailer's characterizing him as a man who could not tell the truth, the intermediary who became his "associate" in his fictionalizing of history in Oswald's Tale, albeit unmentioned in the prepublication puffery.

Goodman does not mention him, nor does this AP story as quoted from the Chicago Tribune of April 3.

Nor did either comment on ar solicit any contrary opinion when Migler says that any lie any writer choses to regard as truthful for his own purposes is properly included in responsible writing is he does not, personally, "make it up," if it is, in aller's words, "received information."

Like the world being flat, the "received information" of 'olumbus' day?

Like Polad invading Germany, the "received information" from Hitler?

Tike Oswald being the assassint on and the lone assassin, the "received ifnromation" from the Warren Report, Mailer's only basis for his assumption that Oswald was the assassin?

This is Mailer trying to justify his own literary harlotry.

As we shall also see, it is Mailer justifying in avdance his personal suppression of "received information" that was not congenial to his version of "colwed in Minske," We the earlier reported title of his personally manufactured "American Mystery."

All of this makes appropriate a little of the readily available "received information" about Mailer other than his accumulating and rejection of all those wives and his alleged abuses of worm women, the dependability of his "information" when he is the "narrator" of it; and aid aside from whether one can "digest" through a "lens," was he told the AP, how the murk of his mind, "connected umbilically to the reserve reader," becomes the

gruth, the fact, the reality of our history."

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The hestory so precious to others that is "fiction" to him — and as he writes it for money that from the kind of life he led Mailer always needed more than most —really extravagantly on—

people can live well on for his attempt alimony and for paying the large debts he accumulated by the kind of life he led.

On this we have some "received information" that can be considered "predigested" from opposide sides of the world, from Moscow from the London International Express of January 21-27 1993 1995 to Califronia, to the premier issue of Prevailing Windos quantuly?

"Our / Man in Moscow" for the British publication, Will Stewart whose article will interest up later as we examine whether Mailer is hobgobblined by the consistence of small minds, wrote under the subheading of "Alimony" referring to what upstet mailer very much, Oliver Stone's powerful movie JFK, wrote:

## Alimony

But the film JFK suggested that members of the U.S. government and anti-Castro Cubans, not Oswald, conspired to kill Kennedy.

At the end of his last book, Harlot's Ghost, Mailer — six-times married and twice winner of the Pulitzer Prize — left

his fans in suspense.

His tour de force of the Cold War took them up to the Kennedy assassination, then said brusquely:

"To be continued".

During his cold, winter sojourn in what is now the capital of newly-independent Belarus, Mailer — who at almost 70 has to earn £150,000 a year simply to pay alimony — has interviewed everyone still

with

altive who had any links to Oswald ."

In writing about Mailer's "associate" in Oswald's Tales Larry Schiller, in whom appends he have a special interest, this is what bell Correction wete in Prevailing Winds (page 80):

Few writing nonfiction would expect to get away with boating that we lie, would expect publishers to ccept that; or reviewers to tolerate it in silence; or audiences not to throw it in our faces; or those who book \*\*\* paid lectures to want us after such an expression of arrogance and contempt for all of the above.

To say nothing of those who buy books expecting them to be truthful, not lies. But Mailer is Mailer and what is posion to mere mortals in is manna to him.

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So why has Mailer made this man his partner?

I don't know. But I feel that financial worries may be one key to the mysteries of Mailer, whose legendary tax problems bring Willie Nelson to mind. For many years, Mailer dodged (and for all I know may still be dodging) the IRS. In Manso's biography, we find the following quotes from Mailer's sixth wife: "All the while Norman was writing The Executioner & Song he was in serious financial trouble, and we were borrowing money every month." "After going through all the records and the bills, I realized what idiocies had been committed by his financial people." "The nut was \$1000 a day, a staggering figure." "So it's a given — owing number of dollars a year—and he's got to work like crazy to pay for it." In the late '70g the debt to his publisher alone was \$300,000. Mailer even resorted to borrowing a further \$90,000 from his own mother.

Has this scramble after bucks ever affected the accuracy of Mailer's reportage? To answer that question, one need only tur

Mailer's declared interst in the JFK assassination that he declared publicly predated his what Will Stewart wrote about it by at least two decades.

There is nothing wrong with making money, especially not if it is to comply with the judgement of the courts of to back what waas birrowed because of porfligacy. There may be wonder, however, about how one can so impoverish himself after a string of best-selling books two of which won fullitzers. But not about the need to pay with ones owes.

Most of us have the need to earn money. At least some of us care about how we earn it.

Most of those of us who write what we regard as nonfiction would not think of boasting that we lie to seel books or for any other reason, real or imagined. Few of us would dare make this boast inclaiming to write about our his ory to the faces of legitimate, professional history experts and that where they teach it.

That is to tell them to their faces that they are professional frauds teaching lies Yet this is what Mailer spent four days doing without any protest recorded in Goodman's account of it in the Inquirer.

Or in the AP's account. CA Me

Bitzarre as Mailer's method in declaring that all history is lies and in this it is like novels, Mailer says that as a novelist he is also a historian he is licensed to lie and he has the brazeness to disclose in advance that his Oswald's Tales is a lie.

Which by design an intent it xxxx without question is,

In this he also reflects that he is a man of principle. Not the usual principle of your normal, everyday writer without those Pulitzers and other honors and successes.

But principle it is to boast of being a liar who writes lies, abnormal if not unprecedented as it is. A Mailer, the principal lim. It much, the lies of proceeding the street of the s

There are other means of of understanding what kind of man Mailer is, what kind of writer - historian or iif you will, provelist working in all that "re ceived information," for all the world as though he is a historian and writes as one, with the obligations that imposes on an honest, pirncipled writer. In assessing this we have an abundof of wit what he refers to as "received information that Mailer himself provides.

I have not been a Mailer-wat cher or reader. His fame came when I was too busy with other matters to take the time for reading much of anything not related to my work. His adventures that got him into the papers were not of any interest to me. But when he decaired an interest in the assassination of President Kennedy friends sent me accounts "February 7,1993, of them. Two of these items had the same date/although one probably appear appeared a few days leter. This one is from the "CURRENTS" page of Publishers Weekly dated February 12:

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MAILER LAUNCHES HIS "FIFTH ESTATE" Norman Mailer, fresh from his \$50-a-head 50th birthday party Monday night ("only about a quarter the size of Truman Capote's, but at least everyone paid to come to mine") took time out the following day to try to enlighten a puzzled press about his proposal for a citizen body to check on America's "secret police"--the FBI and the CIA. What he has in mind, he said, is a body something like Nader's Raiders or the American Civil Liberties Union, which could keep an eye on Governmental surveillance activities. He has some people in mind for a steering committee to study the idea, and the "take" from his party will get the funding started. Subjects he feels worthy of study by such a group would include the Kennedy assassination, "still a major unsolved mystery in American life," and such recent political events as the Watergate affair and perhaps even the Eagleton case. Stressing that he wanted only to see if anyone was seriously interested in the proposal, and would then back out, Mailer said "I want only to be a literary man the rest of my life. I don't trust myself to be anything else." Good news for Robert Markel, editor at Grosset & Dunlap for Mailer's forthcoming book on Marilyn Monroe; he says Mailer's copy is still coming in on time, and the book is to be a full-length one, not just a brief essay to accompany pictures of the actress.

Whether a book on Marilyn Monroe that was "not just a brief essaty to accompany pictures of the actress was Mailer being "not a "only a literary man the rest of his life" is that or scandal-mongering may be a question but for his Fifth Estate to study the Kennedy assassination seems to state a serious question interest. And he did refer to it as "still a major unisolved mystery in American life."

Apparently I received the New York times story on Mailer's party as it are ared in the San Francisco Chronicle before getting this Publishers Weekly item because to it I attached a memo to my friend and FOIA lawyer im Lesar asking if he could get Mailer's address for me so I could make him aware of the work on the JFK assassination I'd done for the previous decade. In that memo I noted that

"When something like this gets known is that all the nuts with nutty notions they believe are reality latch onto the money, which is worse than just the waste of money. I seriously doubt that if any of the people railer can get to serve on his board will be in a position to evaluate. There has been so much irresponsible propaganda spread around as though it were the vibrant truth! ...

The unfortunate consequence is that instead of the people being informed they gre misinformed, and ...credibility is undermined."

Here I cited a few illustrations of what they had been getting attention. I noted that "All the coazy stuff about the CI A makes it look pure and wholesome," it was that ridiculous. When you are dreaming up all kinds of theories and are persuaded of their truthby their affection" for them. "Ultimately this redounds to the benefit of the spooks." Has history more than confirmed that! I then told Jim, "I think this is the kind of thing Mailer is least likely to believe because are has been subjected to an endless din from people he knows and ing many cases may trust." I wanted to keep Mailer "from another futility" and I offered him access to the several thousand pages of FBI reports I had been then obtained." (More on this later.)

The news stroy adds to what Mailer had in mind:

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NORMAN Mailer, the selfstyled "embattled aging enfant terrible of the literary world," has just turned 50. and to celebrate the occasion Monday night he threw himself an elegant \$50a couple birthday party at the Four Seasons Restaur-

The party was intended not only to celebrate Mailer. but to let him announce the formation of what the author called "the fifth estate"-a "democratic secret police."

Facing 500 invited guests. the author said: "I want a people's FBI and a people's CIA - to investigate those two" - referring to the real Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Central Intelligence Agency.

"If we have a democratic secret police to keep tabs on Washington's secret police, which is not democratic, but bureaucratic, we will see how far paranoia is justified," he continued.

Mailer's notion was to "let the idea sink in tonight," and to form a steering committee to investigate the possibility of forming such a civilian secret police.

The meaning of the Fifth Estate, a nonprofit foundation that would receive its initial financing from the receipts of the party, was Mailer's secret until last night.

The birthday party was originally the idea of Lady Jean Simpson, Mailer's third wife, and Frank Crowther, an old friend. According to Crowther, when he suggested the party, Mailer at first declined, saying, "another ego trip? Who needs it?" Later he decided to use his birthday as "a launching pad" for the foundation.

About 5000 invitations mailed for what



Five hundred guests attended a 50th birthday party for writer Norman Mailer (center) Monday at New York's Four Seasons Restaurant

Crowther characterized as "a family and literary event - a night for the written word."

Jacob Javits, Paul O' Dwyer, Melvin Van Peebles, Bernardo Bertolucci, Mrs. Henry Heinz, Bobby Short, Shirley MacLaine, Andy Warhol, Jules Feiffer, Jose Torres, Murray Kempton and many other of Mailer's writing cohorts were there. In addition there were at least two Mailer ex-wives, plus his mother and his tenyear-old daughter.

At a news conference yesterday, Mailer clarified "the Fifth Estate."

He said that he is regretting calling the body, as he did in his original announcement, "a people's police," and explained that it was "open-ended," with a structure and specific goals to be determined after the formation of a steering committee.

Mailer compared the Fifth Estate to Nader's Raiders, the American Civil Liberties Union and Common Cause,

As several possible areas for investigation, he named the assassination of John F. Kennedy, the Warren Commission report, possible Republican involvement in the exposure of Senator Thomas

Eagleton's mental history, and the Watergate affair.

He was creating the Fifth Estate, he explained, because "we have to face up to the possibility that the country may be sliding toward totalitarianism . . . I have an absolute huge distrust of the American government."

N.Y. Times Service

So, Mailer had \$25,000 less the cost of the food for the beinning of his Fifth Estate. It appears to have done nothing, to have accomplished nothing and a little more than a year later it merged with another nothing. This is Louise Lague's account of it in the Washington Star of March 25,1974:

Norman Mailer didn't look much like a media heavy, slipping in the front door that way, in a baggy pin-striped suit. With his pale gray quasi-afro and watery eyes, he could have been just anyone from around the neighborhood in Cleveland Park, a place where free schools flourish in rumpus rooms and cars still bear raggy remnants of McGovern stickers.

But it was Mailer and he had come to make his announcement again. A year ago, Mailer threw himself a 50th birthday party



NORMAN MAILER

at the Four Seasons and charged his friends \$50 to get in. At the end of the glittery, liquid and boisterous evening, a swaying, bloodshot-eyed Mailer announced he was starting the Fifthstate — a people's counterespionage organization designed to spy right back at the CIA and the FBI to keep the nation from "sliding towards totalitarianism."

THE EARTH didn't shakevery much and people went home. The next day, a soberer Mailer said he was quite serious. But with the fuss over "Marilyn," nothing much

came of Mailer's Fifth Estate in 1973. Here and there, he slipped it cautiously into his speeches at colleges, and came up with a more or less solid 150 volunteers.

Meanwhile, some former-agents, formerjournalists and Vietnam Veterans had formed in Washington something called CARIC the Committee for Action/Research on the Intelligence Community — with an eye to ending clandestine foreign intervention and domestic repression and staving off Orwell's Big Brother from 1984

well's Big Brother from 1984.

CARIC already has two programs under way. The Intelligence Documentation Center is a library of information on "U.S. intelligence and secret government operations available to journalists, researchers, scholars and concerned citizens."

THE COUNTER-SPY campaign is an attempt to organize groups on the local level to gather the information.

Mailer read about CARIC in the Village Voice, got together with CARIC coordinators Tim Butz and Winslow Peck, and a natural merger was born. CARIC was working hard but wasn't famous, Mailer was famous but not working hard.

The merger, now called The Organizing Committee for a Fifth Estate, was announced Saturday night at a \$10-a-head wine and cheese party in the Newark Street home of Sam Smith, editor of the D.C. Gazette.

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Speaking of Mailer again, Lague wrote:



Finally he mounted a stair landing to speak. With one hand on the balustrade and the other gesticulating from the elbow, he spoke at great length about himself and his cause.

"This idea came to me through the aegis of an angel," he said. "This angel said: 'You are the dauphin. You must ride forth and bring this idea. You must save France.' The angel was a drunk and he meant America.

So I said 'Okay, anything to relieve my illimitable boredom.'"

'Ithink this pooling of resources is a fine idea," he said. "The people from CARIC have brains, pluck, energy and dedication. I... I am just Phineas T. Dauphin. If this remains my plaything, nothing will happen to it. I just want to be remembered as old Uncle Norman who had something to do with it."

Neither the <u>Star</u> nor the <u>Post</u>, which carried Bethlyn Bates' story the same day, took Mailer or his spy-catching seriously. Both stories were with entertainment news, The <u>Post</u>'s story begins:

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For months Norman Miler's Fifth Estate was nothing more than a Norman Mailer lecture tour.

But then Mailer heard about (CARIC, the Committee for Action/Research on the Intelligence Community: and joined with them to form the Organizing Committee for a Fifth Estate. Now he's in business—of a modest sort—to create a nationwide, nonprofit, nonpartisan citizens' intelligence organization designed to check "technofascism," the Big Brother state of George Orwell's "1984."

H Bates' story ends with what the Star did not repart:

Asked about his \$1 million deal with Little Brown for an as-yet-urwritten book, he said the contract was for 700,000 words and wouldn't describe the book's contents.

"It may take several years," he noted, "and during that time most of my speaking engagements will be for the Fifth Estate."

So we now have Mailer with, whatever may have remained from his previous literary successes, the million dollars he was to get from still another publisher plus whatever he got from from lecture fees on which he would be spendin whost of time speaking for his Fifth Estate, with whatever assistance he got from the 150 volunteers the Star reported he had mobilized.

Has anybody heard anything at all about Mailer's Fifth Estate or about the CARIC with which he merged it or about anything Mailer or either group or the cone when they combined? Muyak?

With all Mailer had to work with? And without a lack of funding?

In between Mailer's two pay-to-be-admitted parties the late Bernard "Bud" Fensterwald organized a conference of speeches to mark the tenth anniversart of the

JFK assassination to be held at Georgetown University in Washington. I declined an
invitation to speak as soon as my suspicions, that it was to be a gathering of the to
nuts who would spout their nuttiness, was confirmed. Aft dr several more refusals to be
there, when I was promised that at the beginning I would be able to try to inject a
dose of rationality into the certain irrationality I agreed, and when I did an just

that the denunciations of me as a CIA agents ere immediate.

It set in silme in the back, alway anied by two grounger and attractive worth,

Mailer was one of those Bud got to be a sponsor. He was there, although I have no

notes on it we did speak then and he did, apparently make an offer to help me that I zccepted by getting his literary agent to take me on. This is stated in My December 19,197 note to Jim Lesar attched to Mailer's letter to him of December 11 a copy of which I had just getten from 'im. I described Mailer's letter as copping out. Of one of his copouts I said that "if he has a novel in mind for 15 years and will take two years are to write it must be War and Peace."

Mailer represented being quite impressed by a copy of ghat in the lawsuits are called a "Memorad Memorandum of Facts Jim had sent him. He said it " "is fascinating and incidentally quite well ritten. I wouldn't be at all surprised if you could find a magazine to publish it. Ramparts perhaps, or even one theof the Playboy-type magazines. And if you'd like help on this I'll be happy to send it to my agent who kight have some thoughts on the subject."

Whether or not Mailer's agent, had any thoughts, nothing came of them.

In all the many lawsuits Jim filed for me he and I used them to make a record of facts about the assassination and its investigations that would be part of our history.

"y friend Dave Wrone, professor of history at the "niversity of Wisconsin at Stevens Point, sqid of my affidavits, which were long and documented, that I was riting history while it was happening. And Mailer did have his decalred interest in the assassination and in taking the truth to the people.

Mailer also wrote,

"ON the other hand, as far as getting together with Harold goes, I have to confess to you that it is impossible to think of another book other than the one I'm on. I have this novel k've been promising to write for fifteen years, a hugh work, and haven't gotten near to doing anything more than the foundations of it to now, and have made a vow to myself that I will do nothing else for the next few years."

This from the man of those professed intersts in having the people know the truth about the assassination after I had offered him the several thousands of pages of FBI reports on it I had gotten when they were rather scarece and few had any copies of them.

It is also from the man who shortly thereafter, as quot ed above, had said that during the "several years" on which he would be working on that novel his many speaking engagements would be devoted to the Fifth Estate. For that, and for the money he got from those speaking engagements, he did have time.

When I was invited to his party reported above from the <u>Star</u> and the <u>Post I</u> wrote him. I got no response.

That was a year after he had announced his determination to still the JFK assassination like Nader's faiders or the American 'ivil Liberties Union would do it, his organization of his "democracti police" that was "to investi ate" the FBI and and the CIA, to "keep tabs" on them. It was also a year in which he had nothing to show for his work or that of his "democratic op police." a year in which he ad had mone nothing at all in the President's assassination or its investigations. Other than

Other than to pormote himself. Waich meant to get more speaking enegaments for which he was paid large fees and sell more books on which he got royalties.

My letter beg an:

It is worse than "too bad" when people engage in futilities. It can be fatal. When we kid ourselves we get Hitlers and Nixons.

I felt great when I read of your idea for the Committee for a Fifth Estate. We sure need something like it. Particularly pariahs like me. We become pariahs by doming what those who enjoy a less unwelcome status cannot or do not do.

But Norman, that was more than a year ago. And now for next worth you are holding a benefit for the organizing committee?

Will you have it organized and functioning in time for the coronation?

And will it spend scarce resources on such projects as Bud's lamentable counterproductivity at Georgetown? Or fail to learn that failures are failures, as his CTIA was before you pitched in?

At Georgetown I told you that if you want to let the greasy kid stuff go, come and see me.

The CTIA was the defunct Committee to Investigate Assassination. "Greasy kid stuff" was the tag line of a then popular TV advertisement.

I reminded Mailer that at eorgetwon he said he would speak to me later and after four month he had not.

After recounting some well-known political futilities he should remember I needled him a little:

Since your 50th birthday present to yourself of this still-coming Fifth Estate I have wondered if you would also talk big and do nothing. What you have done that I know of was not helpful, was hurtful, and should have cost you some money. That was the Georgetwon fiasco. It required little sophistication to know it held no other possibilities. I wont after the money of the money of the possibilities and part that yould have done now good to you had bessed it in a toilet.

If you dream of inventing the wheel, dream, Norman. But in silence.

We have a wonderful generation of young people. Life and the world you and I have given them will disillusion them enough and fast enough. Please don't add to it. And don't make frustrations for yourself.

how and then dare. The Holly and mid-to the name of ith all the morblic support they had not now and the name of the point of the point

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Not whating taken the time to learn if I indeed have that which is now so topical, and having avoided any appraisal by others, you don't know if I bragged at Georgetown, either. Is it unfair to take this complete lack of interest as a measure of your intentions for the Fifth Estate and as a forecast of what it may and may not do -if you get past parties with it?

I concluded by repeating that there was a need for what he had announced and celebrated wity his nice celebrity-starred party and done nothing else about and then said "there is no need for more futilities," which I saw him reorganizating again, "no more fitilities" withich his Fifth Estate was, no "more self-deceptions by or "propagandizing of the paranoid" and then - told him in MailerOlike language that all he had amnounced, and and had supported / well been involved in what like equating masturbation with Tive,

Was futiles and empty, tike and was by those who equated masturbation with love. "History is like a novel riting. They're both fiction." This is what Mailer told the history students at the 'niversity of Pennsylvania. As self-descriptive,

which is not what he intended, it was he had proved it long before then and he was proving

"Ultimately, nothing in hestry is true, " he also told those students.

He has spent more than two decades proving that x how know know the contraction x how he has done his best to see to this being the the added tragedy of the JFK assassination.

His Oswald's Tales that without intended it he descrived so perfectly at Penn is his latest effort to prove it all over again.

The maturity, the understanding, the wisdom and what he had derived from his experiences that qualified him not only to make these startling statements to those history majors but as he reflects it in his book, given the attention to that book and his or getting attention will the well-established means of his publisher of it should be evaluated further for our non-novelist's history.

(His book is not Oswald's tales. At is Maile r's tales. His original title was close to what his book is. That was Oswald in Minsk. But when we examine his book we will find that Mailer was #selective it what he used and careful in what he supprressed from it.)

It will be interesting if on his tour to promote the book announced by Random House prior to publication he is asked by a holocaust survivor if it is a lie that there was Hitler; if it is a lie that there was a holocaust; it if is a lie that Stalin had his own murders of his own people in the millions and of so many of his uspporters; even if the Japanese attack at Peral Harbor, was able to catch us by surprise, is one of histories and his own people in the said all of it is.

It is not history that lies.

It is some of those wrote write history who lie.

Like Mailer.

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Holds no brief for Larry Schiller. Knows little about him or his background. Has good reputation as sports photographer. Describes himself as journalist also. If KIAC has any axe to grind - it is personal concern re. "journalism-by-check-book".

Notes made during telephone call from a source in California 1/4/67

He is strictly concerned with broadcast journalism. Has great respect for journalism on TV - radio. Knows its great power. Believes it is a mature and responsible news medium. Is concerned about many things going on, i.e. backroom attempts to curtail freedom of information; Supreme Court attempts to restrict information. He is interested in freedom of speech and press and "Journalism-by-Checkbook" is real and growing threat to freedom of press.

People are buying and selling news; they are dedicated to what is "saleable", not to what is true.

A man cannot serve two masters. Has found there were so many inconsistencies they are hard to list, with regard to what occurred on the purchase of Ruby's secret tape by Schiller, for himself or for Capitol Records.

Not too sure what the Capitol Records - Schiller relationship is.

To emmerate:

Capitol gave all newsmen copy of the record, played it like the latest Bobby Darin, and a press release.

Joe Pyne had a conversation with Joe Tomahill, who was gracious but angry with the Ruby family. He got no money for devoting a lot of time and dedication. Joe Tomahill told Crene that Capitol Records paid between \$10,000 and \$25,000 to Ruby family - hight after Ruby died.

.../ ...

Many papers of 3 January 1967 and wire services were reporting with transcripts that Schiller had obtained the interview with Ruby; they reported this before Ruby died or was even equatose.

Parets that Schiller had approached Parets on Tuesday, December 27th and offered to appear on taped Joe Pyme program for national syndication. He was taped on 28 December, to be played first in Los Angeles at KITV (Metro-Media sister to Channel 5 NY), on Pyme, as local program on following Tuesday, 1.e. 3 January 1967; then to be syndicated around the country at later these and times.

The release date for record was the week of January 1 - 7.

To get on the Pyne program for that week, he had to "get in" early.

He promised Parets solemnly - and estat bolean promise in return - not to divulge the existence of the Ruby (or Walthers or Penn Jones) segments of the record. He played 50-60 seconds of the Ruby tape. It was taped, with Schiller and Pyne, and recordings of the three participants, including a portion of the Ruby secret tape. Schiller was treated with the utmost respect. Nothing was said at that time about any payment to the Ruby family: Schiller gave impression of scoring a journalistic fleedop?

The Schiler tape was "in the can", signed, sealed and delivered.

A pact was made that Pyne could promote the fact that he had something "sendational", nothing more. (Pyne has daily live radio show; he is a personal friend of [Grame.) Crame and the whole news department were also sworn to absolute silence.

On Saturday 31 December 1966 the assistant program director (Jim Ramsberg) was called by a Capitol Records record-promoter who offered him a "real hot exclusive" - not as a journalistic venture but a record promotion. Also offered on a personal basis to disc jockies and other Capitol Records confidents on New Year's weekend.

Crane talked to Schiller on 3 January 1967 and he said that on 31 December he had contacted Tom Pettit of NBC and, according to Schiller, he played the full track of the album on 31 December for Tom Pettit without any restrictions imposed. He had already offered it for public consumption to NBC news, three days before it was to be given to Pyne exclusively.

On the day of Ruby's death (3 January 1967) - Pyne's date to break the exclusive story - death occurred 8,30 a.m. Dallas time or 6.30 Los Angeles time. At 10,32 a.m. EMPC redio (Golden West Broadcasters) played the whole Ruby record segment.

They (KIAC) had been betrayed. With co-operation, they got an audio track of Schiller's canned appearance on the Joe Pyne show. They got a "photo tip" 11.15 a.m. of a press conference at Capitol Records (Los Angeles) to play Ruby secret tape.

Scrambling at KLAC, somehow got audio track from KTTV and about 11.30 a.m. - i.e. 15 minutes after the news conference - KIAC played the entire audio (10 minutes) of Schiller's appearance on Pyne's show, including 50 seconds of Ruby's voice (and Jones and Walthers) originally intended for that night. Wyman went to the news conference (He was in Dallas two days before Christmas appealing for a "ppol" to tape Ruby's last words - as CBS News Departments in Dallas and Los Angeles; Radio Television News Directors Associations; Sigma Delta Chi representatives all agreed there was an urgent need that Ruby get his last wish - i.e. a lie detector test. A Polygraph expert volunteered to do it, to pay his own way to Dallas etc. They were told it was impossible because because of the tube in Ruby's chest, mental condition, etc. Urgent efforts were made by Metro-Media news branches all over the USA as a news organization to get agreement to such a last Ruby statement. All news media in general were behind a pool arrangement - KLAC volunteered to supply the tape etc. They contacted Elmer Gertz in Chicago, about

ten days before Christmas; Gertz said he thought it couldn't be done for health and other reasons but "will consider your suggestions"; however, there was not much hope it could be done (at this time he had already sold the Ruby statement to Capitol Records and the tape was recorded on Friday or Saturday 16 or 17 December 1966).

KIAC thought it was dealing in good faith. Wyman went to Dallas. Decker told him (22 or 23 December) that four conditions must be met:

- (1) permission of the authorities, i.e. the D.A. and those under him;
- (2) doctors;
- (3) family and their lawyers;
- (4) the Court-appointed lawyer (i.e. Phil Burleson).

  If all agreed, it would be CK, but under no other circumstances.

  All this was after the secret tape, but he feels Decker did not know.

  Burleson said he is a silent protester, does not like whole Capitol Records deal, but Gertz and Earl Ruby set it up But he stayed silent, again, because he was sworn to secrecy. Burleson said "I don't think you will be able to do it". Opposed, but did not wish to buck the client or other attorneys. So Wyman got nowhere on this with Burleson, Talked of Burleson's personal and professional sacrifices for the Ruby case.

Talked with Peter Geilich of Parkland Hospital, who stated exactly as Decker the four conditions. He did not seem aware of the secret tape.

Crane on phone with Gerts, Rabbi Silverman, etc., all in good faith.

(Silverman had been asked by Burleson to give Ruby spiritual comfort). No go.

Wyman went to Alan Livingston's news conference arand with Townhill's statement that \$10,000 - \$25,000 was paid for secret tape. Livingston "copped out" and said, "No, not that much." In press release, nothing

is said about any money paid for the secret tape. Nothing on album jacket about money being paid.

How much was paid?? Schiller at simultaneous conference in NYC had distributed the album for general use. No one called Pyne to "regret" or applogise. Livingston said "not as much as \$10,000" then said he peid an advance, "a normal advance", later a "nominal advance" (just as to any artist). Wyman asked if normal royalties would be paid to Ruby's wise and legal costs. He said "Yes, royalties will be paid".

Crane called Schiller in NTC on "Beeper" and Interviewed him (at Drake Hotel) by phone. Asked him, "What did you pay?" He answered "Not a payment. It was a donation. An infinitesimal amount of the usual amount." "No royalthes, no nothing" would be paid.

Right after Livingston said, "Yes, royalties will be paid".

Crame them called Burleson, who said his understanding was that the proceeds would go to the Kennedy Library fund. (Burleson had been given the sugar pill of the Kennedy Library).

The Kennedy Library has denied it would accept funds from any commercial venture such as this.

Livingston and Schiller contradict each other, despite the fact that Schiller works for Livingston. Burleson says his impression was that money was not the major consideration to Ruby, who really wanted to say standbing. But the motive was different for the family - the Ruby's really need the money. They one Balli, Ropabill and lots of people. Gertz found a way to get the money for them.

Livingston said Gerts and Burleson wate in the room when the secret tape was made. Burleson denied that and said he was never in the room, he had nothing to do with it.

Who made the arrangements? Schiller replied, "I did, on 9
December 1966 when Ruby was taken to Parkland Hospital. I happened
tobbe there in Dallas." "Burleson was not contacted; he was
entirely ignorant." But Burleson says Schiller called him and he
turned him over to Gertz. Livingston, on the contrary, said "Capital
Records" made the contact.

Schiller said "I don't work for Capitel Records".

Schiller contradicts Livingston on who made the contact and on whether Schiller works for Capitol Records.

Alan Livingston said, 17 minutes were taped, of which Capitol Records Co. excerpted a 3-4 minutes segment. He said the Company was in possession of 17 minutes of tape and had selected for the album 3 1/2 minutes.

Schiller said, not 17 minutes - 12. What happened to the rest? I don't know! Who edited it? II did, in a hotel room in Dallas. 20 minutes after it was recorded I left Dallas with 4 minutes of tape. I don't know where the rest is - it would be available to the press, but I don't know where it is".

He said he would have to call Gertz in Chicago to find out if the rest was "still in existence" (8 minutes) (vs. Livingston, 13 minutes).

Unclear how he could leave Dallas with 4 minutes and still be under the impression there were 8 minutes "somewhere". Livingston reiterated "17, not 12 minutes". 13-minute segment is being unde available to members of the Warren Commission or "interested or concerned officials" (i.e. Government people on local, State or Federal level).

Asked "why not available to the press?" Livingston said - Just not, but it exists. Schiller said - Just ask for it, but I don't know where it is or if it exists.

Livingston was asked why the Ruby family did not designate a TV network or press organization. He said, because Capitol Records are a recording company. They wanted to get it electronically, whereas the press might make the Ruby statement subject to misinterpretation.

So Capitol Records took the 17 minutes and took out the 3 1/2 minutes "welfelt was pertinent" (i.e. Capitol Records' interpretation of pertinency). (No journalistic track record for either Schiller or Livingston).

Schiller says, part of the deal was that the album would not show Ruby's name "big" or out of proportion with names of other participants.

Livingston says (re belance of tape, a nebulous 8 or 13 minutes - who owns it? Where is it? Does it exist?): The family attorneys have restricted its use to Warren Commission or ex-Warren Commission personnel.

As a newsman, Crane is not inclined to take a stand - except on the availability of the segment of Ruby tape restricted by the attorneys. On <u>legality</u>: They questioned Livingston, who said their attorneys had said, "nothing illegal". Considers the project parallel to a magazine.

Wade, as D.A. of Dallas, Decker, etc., and Burleson, say: there is no law covering the situation, for or against.

Schiller said to Crane, he would not say if he was in the room, it would "compromise his journalistic independence".

The tape was given to Pettit Saturday - 3 days earlier - in any case.

If Schiller was in the room, even disguised as a doctor, no law was broken. Could not have madqueraded as police, though.

KIAC has IGertz on tape saying Schiller was not in room. Gertz says so.

What guarantees, what independent evidence, it is Ruby? Except from those directly concerned with the prosperous sale of the record?

Motivation: Livingston said it was a profit item - designed as a profit item.

Livingston said, we had hoped to create an album of living history; and because of the fortunate - or unfortunate - death of Ruby, it may become a best-seller.

When pressed further, Livingston said, this was not designed as a profitless item, no. Livingston implied that no action had been taken to promote the album before Ruby's death.

But Hal Parets said, Schiller came on our show to plug his record. We doubt about that. Parets said that Schiller had exploited him.

Schiller is proud that he got into this field of audio-journalism, has produced LSD, Homosexuality and Lenny Bruce albums.

Re pictures. Schiller said he had abjured the opportunity to take photos of Ruby's family in grief. He could have, but did not do it "to keep things in perspective."

Livingston said, I believe pictures were taken in the hospital room, yes. I have not seen them and if they exist, we do not have them. But Livingston believed pictures were taken.

Wade, today, asked if pictures were taken, said that Eva Grant took photos of Ruby in hespital room for Life Magazine.

Wade definitely says photos were taken by Eva Grant.

Gertz today said, absolutely no photos were taken by anyone.

Livingston said, he did not consult doctors because he did not think he would get permission, Police? "No, no", it would never have been given - i.e. He decided to by-pass both doctors and police.

Schiller implied, then denied, then implied, then denied again that he had sought advice from two Warren Commission counsel, and they told him it was "the right thing to do" - implying Warren Commission sanction of his secret tape.

Gertz said he was in and out of the room all day. Denied knowing exactly when tape was taken. Does not know when, how much, just either Friday or Saturday. Careful to give no other details. Will not say who made it, probably Earl Ruby. Further said, no pictures taken - Schiller was definitely not in the room.

No other tape left - Gertz denies any unused tape (though he does not know how such was taken).

Then retreated behind "protection of interests of the client" and refused to discuss any further. Gertz said, no royalties.

Ruby family debt: \$35,000.

Suggested Farl made tape.

The poor quality and background noises on the secret tape have been attributed to the air-conditioner in the hospital rosm. A check was made with the engineer at Parkland Hospital, who claimed that there is an all-year unit in Ruby's room.

The authenticity of Ruby's voice: People are asking how a man with a tracheotomy could speak so clearly. Livingston said there were tubes up both nostrils, tubes draining both sides of the chest, and a "precautionary" tracheotomy - and that a person with a tracheotomy was able to speak.

Schiller said that Capital Records did not have a "dip filter" to screen out the noise, but has done so since and made better-quality tapes. But it is known that Capital Records has the best audio-equipment in the world. Schiller says, take a voice print, it will prove it is Ruby's voice. Are there other tapes of Ruby's voice?

. . . / . . .

An important marginal tape was put on record by Capital without using a dip filter - Are they covering up the voice or not? or did they botch the job? No one outside the power structure has seen Ruby in over a year. Schiller was not in the room when the tape was made; therefore he does not know whose voice it is and he cannot vouch for the authenticity of Ruby's voice but must accept the word of Elmer Gertz, Earl Ruby and other family members. They are selling it. So is Schiller.

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For Mailer making outrageous statements is normal. He does it all the time. From his reporting days and from his experience he knows that is one way of getting attention. He knows, too, that what is controversial is attractive to those with TV shows as it is to the papers. The more attention he gets the more attention there is to have and the more copies of them are sold. Not being a Mailer watcher and (and not redlishing that now) I do not know how much of this is put on. He may actually believe the nonsense he spouts when it can get him attention. In any event, what he said at Penn and got him that attention in Philadelphia seems to be a natural, for Mailer at least, progression from some of what he said earlier.

The Nation Ins itute held a debate in New York (ity after Cliver Stone's very successful and highly-controversial movie JFK was out. It was held farch 4, 1992. The New Y York Times had William Grimes cover it. His story appeared the next morning, He quoted Mailer as saying, among other things that range from preposterous to false, that

"... the surplus of theories about the JFK assassination makes a factual movie on it the subject impossible;"

J.F.K. should be seen not as hostory but as a myth, the story being a hugh and hideous event, in which the gods warred and a god fell; and

"'J.F.K. was perhaps the worst of the great films but one with the power to make new history '."

These statements can be seen as the original of the nonsense he uttered at Penn and did get him significant attention in he/Philadelphia if not also elsewhere.

But ha also said what is as diametrically opposite the basic assumtpion of his book as can be because his book is based entirely on his assumption that Oswald was the lower assassin. He thenreferred to what is the only possible reason for his book as "the mind-stultifying myth of the lone assassin."

How it can be at one and the same time "the mid-stultifying myth" and the basis for a book that could not be written other than on the ssumption of this "mind-stultifying myth," naturally, Mailer never addresses. But as he writes history, he proges that it lies.

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