

EXPOSED: Hitler's Plot for War on U. S. Includes Bombings

Revolution in Mexico . . . Border Incident . . . Bombing of Arsenals . . . Blowing Up Canal

By HENRY PAYNTER



The first violence and bloodshed in Hitler's undeclared war against America is tentatively scheduled for next week end.

Hitler's fantastic plan, developed here and in Mexico by his

official diplomatic and consular representatives, calls for simultaneous action along the following lines:

1. A revolution in Mexico.
2. A Mexican border incident in which a number of U. S. soldiers might be murdered.
3. Destruction of U. S. naval vessels at west coast bases by chemical bombs shipped from Germany by way of Japan.
4. Bombing of west coast arsenals, munitions plants, utilities and aircraft factories by German chemical bombs disguised as lead pencils.
5. Bombing of Panama Canal locks. This particular plot has already been quietly liquidated by U. S. agents, although Panama may still be bombed from secret German-Japanese air bases.

Agents at Work

It sounds incredible, but more than 100 German agents and almost as many Japanese have been working on the plot for more than a year. Several times that number of each have been at work in Mexico.

The immediate purpose of the demonstration is to divert U. S. attention from war news abroad when Hitler invades England. The German theory is that if huge headlines concentrate our attention on developments at home we will be less likely to become military allies of England. Nobody can make much sense out of the Japanese motives.

For some time the tentative date of both the *blitzkrieg* in England and the border uprising has been Sept. 5. However, a signal is to go out several days in advance. If the *blitzkrieg* is postponed, Department of Justice sources believe the West Coast-Border-Mexico uprising will be postponed, too.

The signal will also be a signal for several hundred agents of John Edgar Hoover's Federal Bureau of Investigation, and of the naval and military intelligence services to make wholesale arrests.

Mr. Hoover's highly trained counter-espionage agents believe they know the identity of every German and Japanese agent in the conspiracy—in the U. S. and in Mexico—and are only awaiting the proper moment to close in.

And in Mexico

In addition counter-espionage agents of the U. S. naval and military intelligence services have under surveillance every important leader of the plot in Mexico itself.

The work of Mr. Hoover's men and the intelligence agents in uncovering the plot is probably the most brilliant of the sort in U. S. history, despite the agents' pitiful limitations in number.

They got on the track and began to piece together previously uncorrelated information after intercepting a shipment of \$20,000 in currency at the border believed destined for Capt. Friedrich Hinsch, and accompanied by a code message. Hinsch is the man who plotted and supervised most of the major acts of sabotage and violence in the U. S. A. during World War I—Black Tom, Kingsland, etc.

The German government has been at pains to circulate the report that Hinsch fell overboard and was drowned shortly after the success of the Franco rebellion in Spain.

After the currency shipment FBI agents

noticed that \$20 bank notes issued by the Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland began turning up in large volume in cheap saloons in Mexican border towns. The Secret Service was then called in to connect the Cleveland notes with German credits established in Cleveland shortly before the outbreak of the present war.

Naval intelligence and FBI agents then intercepted shipments of a new secret German chemical explosive that came in on Japanese boats.

This explosive, Department of Justice sources believe, was developed by the great chemical geniuses of the I. G. Farbenindustrie, the great pool of German scientific brains that during the World War devised the means of carrying death-spreading disease cultures.

In World War I Dr. Anton Dilger, alias Delmar, a citizen, spread through the U. S. A., among animals, cultures of anthrax and glanders germs and, among men, Spanish influenza, which caused the death of more U. S. soldiers than were killed in France.

End of a Man

Dilger later established secret disease-germ-breeding laboratories in Central America, but he became so haunted by the effects of his work that he went to Madrid and told the German military attache he could not go on any longer. He was ceremoniously buried the following day at the expense of the German government.

As an indication of the difference between Mr. Hoover's present investigation of Nazi espionage and that in World War I it is interesting to note that Dr. Dilger was interviewed by a Secret Service agent in New York City before he had spread his deadly germs. The agent asked Dilger if he was a German spy. He said no. The agent apologized and asked Dilger if he would keep in touch with him. Dilger gladly agreed.

Ever since Hitler came to power, according to Department of Justice sources, the I. G. Farben experts have been at work on perfection of new chemicals that would kill human beings. A by-product of this laboratory work has been the development of chemicals now widely used for the cure of syphilis, gonorrhea and some types of pneumonia.

The I. G. Farbenindustrie, because of its command of technical brains and economic power, and because of its connections reaching into nearly every U. S. factory engaged in defense production, has been an espionage agency for the German government for more than 25 years.

Official Report

The official government report of the U. S. Alien Property Custodian, dated February 22, 1919, said:

"Information derived from these sources (Bureau of Investigation, Military Intelligence and Naval Intelligence) demonstrated that the German Chemical Industry (I. G. Farbenindustrie) was a natural center for espionage and that this had been true long before we entered the war—indeed before the war began. The relation between the German government and the great German chemical houses was so close that representatives of the industry were



Dr. Georg Gyssling, German consul

naturally almost direct representatives of the government and their work in this country gave them unequalled opportunities for examining our industries."

The late Ivy Lee, U. S. public relations adviser, reported to investigating government agencies that when, in 1933, Dr. Max Ilgner, head of I. G. Farbenindustrie, retained Lee upon Hitler's accession to power, Lee realized it was tantamount to being retained by the German government.

One Maj. Dineley

The agents have kept close track of Maj. Richard L. Dineley, of San Francisco, confessed supplier of rifles, ammunition, bombs and hand grenades to Central American "revolutionaries." Maj. Dineley, who raised and drilled a secret army, consulted in his plans with William Dudley Pelley, head of the Hitlerite Silver Shirts, and with James True, another native Hitlerite.

Dineley, in registration number 368, filed with the U. S. State Department, described himself as the unpaid agent of the Partido Revolucionario Anti-Comunista of Mexico City, an admitted revolutionary organization.

The Nazis in Mexico are estimated to have spent thus far more than \$100,000,000, entirely raised in the U. S. A., to entrench themselves in the organizations of both Gen. Manuel Avila Camacho, protégé of President Cardenas, and his opponent, Gen. Juan Andreu Almazan. Both Camacho and Almazan say they have been elected president and rival congresses are now meeting. The Nazis, after their imbecilic handling of the abortive Cedillo revolution, are now using the discord and unrest in Mexico and the latent anti-Yankee feeling there in the hope of bringing about general revolution and disorder.

Local Propaganda

Hitler's Transoceanic News Service, which has offices in New York and Washington, is flooding Mexican newspapers with stories that depict the United States as a nation of gangsters and loose women headed by a President whose real name is Rosenfeld and dominated by Jews who are alleged to be the cause of all Mexico's troubles.

Widely distributed today in Mexico are the fake "Protocols of the Learned Elders of Zion" in Spanish, using Henry Ford's name on the cover in such way as to make Mexicans believe that Ford wrote and sponsored the publication.

Department of Justice sources believe that several thousand Nazi spies and saboteurs entered Mexico before immigration restrictions were recently tightened up, as traveling salesmen, trade promoters assisted by German-American Chambers of Commerce, tourists, refugees, and even without any papers whatever.

They have engaged in espionage, sabotage, propaganda and creation of actual armed military forces.

They have distributed airplanes, arms, radio sets.

Simultaneously Japanese naval intelligence spies disguised as fishermen have mapped the Pacific coast and established landing bases.

The first German government activities were directed by Dr. Heinrich Northe, who established an effectively functioning Nazi organization in Mexico when he was first secretary of the German legation. He was transferred to Shanghai after criticism.

Arthur Dietrich, press attache of the legation, then took charge of the Nazi plotting in Mexico until he was chased out of the country.

Everything Ready

During this period newspapers and radio stations were subsidized by Nazis, and hundreds of people were blackmailed or terrorized into performing Nazi tasks.

Nazis quietly converted managers of Mexico's vital oil fields and key officers of the Mexican Army. After Dietrich was driven out of Mexico Nazi subversion there has been directed by Hans Burandt, commercial attache of the German legation, assisted by a German said to be one of Mexico's leading bankers.

Mexico's precarious economic situation has facilitated Nazi propagandizing.

The West Coast and Mexico plans, according to Department of Justice sources, are under the general supervision in their political aspects of Capt. Fritz Wiedemann, Nazi consul-general at San Francisco, one of Hitler's most able and most trusted personal associates. The working out of Wiedemann's plans has recently been inspected by Herr Meyerhoffer. Rudolf Hesse, another of Hitler's chief lieutenants, sent Meyerhoffer to make the inspection and Meyerhoffer reported back to Berlin that *everything is in readiness*.

Wiedemann's chief lieutenant in West Coast political activities, is Otto Denzer, vice-consul at San Francisco. Wiedemann will not be called on to participate openly in violence but Department of Justice sources believe he has maintained close relations with so-called patriotic American organizations, Hitlerite in character. The German's wild hope seems to be that these organizations will engage in active revolt during Nazi-fomented disorders in an "American National Socialist" movement. However, Georg Gyssling, German consul at Los Angeles, has been an active participant in plotting sabotage designed to shed American blood.

Gyssling was present at a meeting in which plans to dynamite the Hercules Powder Company were discussed. U. S. counter-espionage agents were also present. Among other German agents who have received definite instructions about sabotage are Paul Kenzia, Hans Diehl and Tony Kerner.

Home Work

These three and many others were taken to Germany by the German government, trained in the art of sabotage, and sent back here to await *Der Tag*.

Naval intelligence, army intelligence and FBI agents have found at least one German spy in practically every West Coast plant engaged in defense production. Each of these spies is of course under close surveillance.

Another German character being watched is Count Von Buelow, married to a wealthy American. Von Buelow was a frequent associate of official and unofficial German agents. His mansion at Point Loma, conveniently near the San Diego naval base is under constant surveillance by U. S. federal agents.

(This is the 14th of a series)