American Holds Secret of Fascist Plot

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., June 10 Dumini's Letter of Complaint -Martin Arnold, a lawyer who as documents purportedly conuning details of the murder of 1e anti-Fascist statesman, Giaomo Matteoti, in Rome 17 years go, will not open them until he as proof that Amerigo Dumini, heir author, is dead.

Mr. Arnold said he received the docu-nents in the mail in 1929, soon after he eturned from a tour of Italy. (The Cairo anti-fascist" newspaper, forriere D'Italia, today publishes a let-er purportedly written by Dumini in which he complained of his treatment ollowing the Mateotti murder, and dding that it believed Dumini had been illed before British forces captured the cilled before British forces captured the Libyan town of Derna.)

DOCUMENTS' SOURCE UNKNOWN

"I don't know who sent the documents o me, what they contain, or what to lo with them," he said. "I believe they are connected with Italian politics during the rise of fascism and that they contain inside information on the death of Matteoti.

"I am supposed to turn the informa-tion they contain over to the public if anything happens to Dumini. Until I have proof of his death or until the person who sent me the document gives me permission, I have no right to open them. I am acting merely as the agent of the person who mailed them to me."

STATE DEPARTMENT KNOWS

Mr. Arnold said he last heard of Du-mini, a confessed accomplice in the Matteoti slaying, "five or six" months ago. He received a letter saying Dumini was an Italian government prison-er "somewhere in Libya."

The State Department "knows all

about the incident, perhaps even what the documents contain," said Mr. Arthe documents contain," said Mr. Ar-nold. He said he had asked Hugh Rob-ertson, another lawyer, to help him in the case because "it's such a peculiar thing I wanted to make certain I handled it ethically and honestly."

of Complaint

CAIRO, June 10-A letter in which CAIRO, June 10—A letter in which Amerigo Dumini, one of the kidnap-murderers of the anti-Fascist Italian Deputy Giacomo Matteotti, purported to complain of his subsequent treatment by the Fascist regime in whose name he acted, was published today by the Free Italian newspaper Corriere attention on the 17th anniversary of d'Italia on the 17th anniversary of Matteotti's disappearance.

The letter said Lawyers Martin Ar-nold and Hugh Robertson of San An-tonio, Tex., had copies of Dumini's will and of complete documents pertaining to his role in the Matteotti case, which nearly caused the overthrow of the Fascist government and led to the repressive edicts that marked the con-version of Italy to a totalitarian state.

DUMINI BELIEVED KILLED

It was asserted that the letter was found in Dumini's house at Derna, Libya, when the British captured that town, and that Dumini was believed to have been killed.

(London reported that Dumini, after living in Derna for nine years, had been arrested there by the British in

been arrested there by the British in February.)

Italy still had a parliament, and Socialist Deputy Matteotti, a wealthy intellectual, was a bitter opponent of Fascism, when Matteotti disappeared June 10, 1924. His body was found three days later at a loney roadside spot 12½ miles from Rome. On June 15, opposition deputies withdrew from Parliament until the scandal should be Parliament until the scandal should be cleared and the government's part in

cleared and the government's part in it known. It never was.

But so dangerous was the protest of the opposition that Mussolini was forced to take severe repressive measures and at the same time to sacrifice some well known Fascists involved. Dumini and others took responsibility and were sentenced to prison but the

Dumini and others took responsibility and were sentenced to prison but the terms were soon remitted. In the letter, dated Oct. 28, 1933, Dumini addressed Field Marshal de Bono. He named Arturo Bocchini, Bono.

head of the secret police, who died last was assuming responsibility. Nov. 20, as his chief persecutor.

"It is a queer way of rewarding one who had served II Duce," he wrote.

"When I was assuming responsibility for the Matteotti crime (which I was a suming responsibility. I far from suspected I show that the secret police, who died last was a suming responsibility. I was assuming responsibility for the Matteotti crime (which I was a suming responsibility.)