

Jewry and Penal Punishment.

A statement by Lt. General Daluege to the press.

At a recent gathering of German and Foreign Press representatives in Berlin, Lt. General Daluege, Chief of the German Police, stated as follows:

"Jewish persecution in Germany" is the subject which is purposely and periodically served up in the Jewish controlled and so-called "World Press" with the object of increasing their readers agitation against the Germany of today. No writer however dreams of attempting to explore the reasons for Germany's efforts to throw off the shackles of Jewish criminality and exploitation. I am in a position, so declared the speaker, — to be able to give all details to those overseas who still feel concern for German Jewry. Such data will give many food for serious thought.

Our National Socialist regime has definitely smashed the professional type of criminal, and our attention is now being turned to that type that can be classified under the heading of

professional swindler,

— the type that preys upon the industrial life of the country. I refer to that type of swindling blackguard who in innumerable instances takes advantage of a trust placed in him by the small man in order to subsequently embezzle his entire savings of a life time. I am also reminded of

the unclean methods adopted by the same type in commercial spheres

whereby thousands are ruined simultaneously. The law is such that a blackguard of this description can unfortunately still escape through one of its loop holes. Under this heading we can include

unclean dealings in stocks and shares, loan negotiations, insurance frauds etc.

In spite of it having been possible to reduce the number of swindles in Berlin during 1934 from 31 000 to 18 000, — nevertheless the total amount of damage done in this city still stands at 112.5 million Reichsmarks.

In this connexion, we were able to definitely establish that the majority of these fraud cases were perpetrated by Jews.

Out of 22 fraudulent cases which came before the Berlin Prefecture it was proved beyond all doubt that no less than 20 Jews were connected therewith. In Cologne, the Police were successful in 2 cases in smashing up a gang of insurance swindlers of whom all were Jews. Investigation showed that the

one gang was entirely a family concern with 70 members composed of sons, daughters, sons-in-law, cousins etc.

This particular gang had its headquarters in Aix la Chapelle, a German border town, and worked in conjunction with a Jew in Brussels. As soon as a "case" was re-

ported as settled, the Brussels Jew appeared on the scene, collected the insurance money and disappeared over the border. In several instances, these Eastern Jews were successful in obtaining as much as 10,000 Reichsmark from each of the various insurance companies concerned, by false declarations and affidavits, forged signatures and the like.

The more one concerns oneself with the subject of the professional swindler, the more one realizes that Jews are predominantly active under this heading. The Jew prefers that class of swindle and fraud that will enable him to keep well in the background, without much risk to himself, and yet assured of his profits.

The Jews principal activity lies in the illicit drug traffic,

and here I am able to support this with a few figures taken from statistics issued by the Central Board under the control of the League of Nations. It has been ascertained that

out of 272 drug dealers throughout the world in 1931, 69 thereof or 25 % were Jews.

The 1932 proportion was 294 to 73 or 25 %. In 1933 the number of Jews involved increased to 30 %.

In Germany, the proportion of Jews involved in this traffic is alarmingly high.

In 1930 we had 210 cases of drug smuggling in which 42 Jews were involved or 24 %.

In 1931 the percentage of Jews was 9, in 1932 it was 12, in 1933 and 1934 increases to 14 and 17 % respectively. When one bears in mind that the proportion of Jews to Germans in Germany according to the latest official statistics is 0.76 %, — one realizes that the above figures show an alarming state of affairs. The number of Jewish doctors in Germany involved in this traffic is also worth mentioning. In 1931 their percentage was 16, — in 1932 there were 27 %, this dropped to 14 % in 1933. In 1934 there were 17 %, which increased to 29 % for the first half of 1935. These figures, therefore, support the measures which Germany has been compelled to take against the Jews. They represent a concrete form of self defence. When one sees how Jewish doctors enrich themselves through this illicit drug traffic at the expense of national health, no further proof for the counter measures which Germany has taken should be necessary.

In the Gambling Den line, Jews play a most prominent part.

I need only mention the name of Isidor Weiss in this connexion, a Jew who once was in charge of the entire Berlin Police. His name is sufficient to show how popular illicit gaming dens had become in Berlin amongst Jewry during his period of office. (Isidor Weiss himself

was a member of a secret gaming club. When the police raided and subsequently prosecuted this club, Weiss in his capacity as Chief of Police deliberately ignored the charge. When National Socialism came into power, he fled to China.... The Publishers.)

It will be obvious to all, that only during and after 1933 are we able to show any statistics in reference to these gambling dens. But these figures already speak for themselves. Out of

94 cases under this heading in 1933, 57 that is, 66.6 % were Jews.

The intense campaign waged by the National Socialist Government against these dens has resulted in a diminished percentage of convictions but nevertheless, their danger is still in evidence. In 1934 the percentage of Jews concerned was 42.6 % and this has increased to 59 % in 1935.

The figures relative to pickpocketing

are still more suggestive. Prior to National Socialism coming into power, this class of theft was overwhelmingly carried out by Jews. In 1932, out of a total of 411 arrests, 193 or 47 % proved to be Jews. These figures do not give the true results, as at that time the authorities were deliberately lenient towards Jews in response to official instructions. Subsequently, these figures diminished somewhat, although up to 1st July 1935 24 Jews

were still concerned in 67 pickpocketing cases, a percentage of 36 %.

Another remarkable feature is the number of Jews that is connected with gangs of international thieves. One can state definitely that here the Jews hold sway. In 1932, 163 cases of international thievery were closely watched, and in no less than 134 instances, that is 82 % were Jews involved. The figures for 1933 and 1934 were 65 and 42 % respectively. Up till July 1935 as much as 65 % had already been registered. The coming of National Socialism to Germany made the ground too hot for these international thieves, and according to Police statistics, the greater part have migrated to neighbouring countries such as Poland, Czecho-Slovakia, France, Belgium and Holland, which countries are now pestered with these crooks.

I should like it to be distinctly understood that the figures which so conclusively expose the dangerous Jewish participation in criminality are all drawn from official statistics. They are figures that no one will dare to dispute and they are being compiled and will be subsequently issued for guidance in official circles.

When one bears in mind the proportion of 7.6 Jews to every 1000 Germans, and the fact that Jews participate in crime to the extent of 25 % and 80 % in isolated cases, — then our efforts in the direction of a general purge cannot help being beneficial to all concerned.



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