

# Baltic Fascists Here Seek War on USSR

Baltic reactionaries, still recognized by the United States, are openly calling for warfare with the Soviet Union, the Daily Worker learned yesterday, and one of them is Julius Smetona, son of the late Antanas Smetona, president of pre-Soviet Lithuania.

Writing for a weekly called Vienybe, published at 193 Grand St., Brooklyn, New York, on Sept. 27, Smetona reveals that he expected the United States and England to fight the Soviet Union after Germany was defeated. He expresses great fears that such will not be the case. His article is called to our attention by the progressive Lithuanian weekly, Laisve.

Vienybe is the same paper that greeted Hitler's attack on the Soviet Union with the June 23, 1941, headline: "Lithuania Is Now Free."

Patriotic Lithuanian Amc. under why a sheet like this still is allowed mailing rights and circulation privileges in our coun-

try.

Admitting that he had counted on a German victory, Smetona writes: "We speculated that the Germans would defeat the Bolsheviks and that later the Allies would defeat the Germans."

Scorning any concept of the United Nations, Smetona declared that cooperation with the Soviet Union is "pure yielding to the Bolsheviks on all points. In truth it should be called not 'cooperation' but 'dogged servility'."

And then Smetona gets to the main point: "England's and America's army will have to remain in Europe to save Europe from its 'Ally.' Sooner or later it will be necessary to do away with Moscow's threat to Europe and to the whole world."

"War to the end" against the Soviet Union is the direct demand concluding Smetona's article.

Alfred Bilmanis, who is still here as "Latvian Minister," did not exactly come out

for anti-Soviet war in a letter to yesterday's New York Times.

But he hinted strongly that his views approximate those of Smetona:

"The Latvian nation expects the restoration of its government and sovereign rights," he averred, "of which it has been forcibly deprived by both the Nazis and the Bolsheviks."

Bilmanis is still ensconced in an "Embassy" in Washington. So is Smetona's close friend, the Lithuanian envoy, Povilas Zadelkis.

Johannes Kaiv is "Acting Consul General" for Esthonia.

They all want to re-establish the fascist-like dictatorship which gave them their cushy positions—and which were ousted by 99 percent of the Baltic populations in 1940.

These "official representatives" show remarkably little embarrassment at their anomalous position here, apparently relying on continued recognition of their phantom regimes. How long will they enjoy Washington's hospitality, we wonder?