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Nazi Press Hails U. S. Protest to 'War Hysteria'

Says Roosevelt Was 'Scared' Into Denial; Plane Sales to Democracies Attacked

BERLIN, Feb. 4 (UP).—Germany's controlled press scoffed tonight at President Roosevelt's restatement of foreign policy, redoubled its attack on sale of American airplanes to European democracies and forecast that a "storm" of popular protest would reject the United States Administration's program of "war incitement hysteria."

Refusing to accept Mr. Roosevelt's denial that he had put America's wartime frontier on the Rhine, the Nazi newspapers claimed that the President was "scared" into his "poor denial disproving nothing" by reaction of the public and by "bombardment" from Germany.

Mr. Roosevelt's "arrow against world peace boomeranged," the press charged, and said that regardless of White House denials Germany knew that his policy "rests on incitement to war."

A "Witches' Kitchen"

A significant comment as the Sunday morning newspapers continued to criticize American policy was contained in the usually restrained "Frankfurter Zeitung," which said:

"Mr. Roosevelt has done us and his internal political foes a favor by giving the world a glimpse of the witches' kitchen of warmongers. It is immaterial whether he actually said the United States frontier is on the Rhine. The President, who is now the real leader of United States policy, compels us to pay closest attention to things apart from his own dictatorial leanings. If Americans arm, that leaves us cold. If they wish to give directions to South Americans, then we gladly leave it to the South Americans to give their own reply."

Afternoon newspapers chorused criticism of Mr. Roosevelt's denial. All of them said that the denial had "lost weight" because it was delayed forty-eight hours; that it was chiefly American and German press reaction which forced the denial; that a storm of indignation had arisen in Congress in opposition to the Administration; that the entire American people were joining in the protest; that the popular American in-

dignation was in Nazi eyes a healthy sign of a rejection of Mr. Roosevelt's "war incitement hysteria."

"A New Scandal in Roosevelt Affair," the afternoon "Lokalanzeiger" headline said in reference to a report—denied officially in Washington—that some of the records of testimony before the Senate Military Affairs Committee had mysteriously disappeared.

"Der Angriff" said: "Mr. Roosevelt's arrow against world peace boomeranged. Forty-eight hours of German and American bombardment were necessary to bring Mr. Roosevelt to revision of his original statement."

Called "Liars and Louts"

The "Nachtausgabe's" correspondent in New York reported that in effect the President had "characterized members of the Senate committee as liars and louts, which has aroused a storm of indignation in opposition quarters."

"In these quarters it is unequivocally reiterated that Mr. Roosevelt said entirely different things at his press conference than he said before the Senate committee. A demand will be made in Congress that the entire affair be aired."

The "Lokalanzeiger" said that "Roosevelt's methodical sabotage of

peace violates the Monroe Doctrine. How much longer will the people of the United States look on?"

"Even if he did not use the expression that the American frontier is on the Rhine, we know well his policy rests on incitement to war."

The "National Zeitung" said: "Mr. Roosevelt regards French and English territory as his war base, to which he delivers airplanes and other war materials. This is his program, and it is to be reckoned with. We are thankful that the American people, despite all this incitement, still think so peacefully and soberly that a warlike President had to disclaim his own words at the last moment. When he gave his poor denial he disproved nothing. Apparently he was scared."